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HISTORY

OF

YOUNGSTOWN

AND

THE MAHONING VALLEY

OHIO

BY

JOS. G. BUTLER, JR.

VOLUME III

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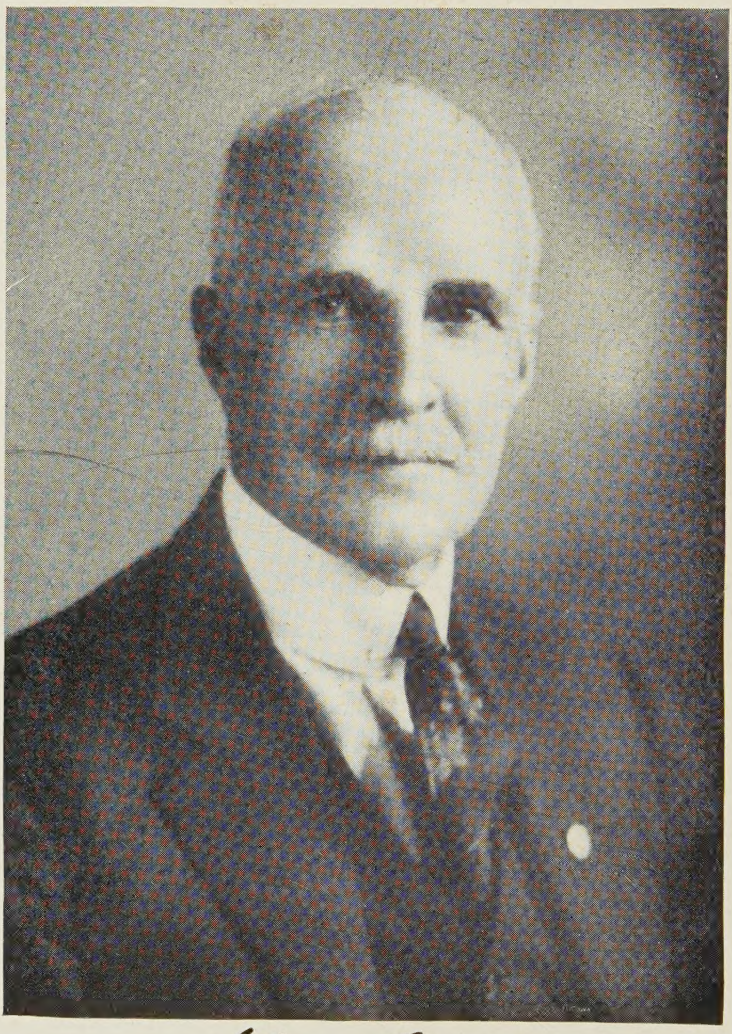


Wm Garlick

Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley

HENRY MANNING GARLICK is chairman of the Board of Directors of the First National Bank and the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, and president of the Standard Textile Products Company. He has been a prominent figure in Youngstown industrial and commercial life for upwards of half a century.

He was born at Youngstown, December 28, 1848, a son of Richard G. Garlick and a grandson of Alonzo Garlick. Alonzo was born in Vermont, came to Ohio in early days and was a farmer and merchant. Richard G. Garlick married Caroline L. Manning, a daughter of Henry Manning, well remembered as former president of the Mahoning County Bank, of which the present First National Bank is the successor.

Henry Manning Garlick was reared and educated in Youngstown. His business career began at the age of seventeen, when he was bookkeeper for the Eagle Furnace Company. Before reaching his majority he was operating a coal mine at Brazil, Indiana, now the center of a great coal and manufacturing industrial district. On returning to Youngstown he helped organize the Second National Bank and subsequently became its cashier. In May, 1904, when the Second National was merged with the First National, Mr. Garlick became president of the new consolidation.

His wide and diversified connection with Youngstown records and developments may best be indicated by noting some of his more prominent connections. He was president of the Youngstown Malleable Iron Company; was a partner in the hardware firm of J. H. Morris Company, which later became the Morris Hardware Company, of which he served as president until 1905; a stockholder in the Lloyd-Booth Company, which later was merged in the United Engineering & Foundry Company; and helped organize the Dollar Savings & Trust Company and the Standard Oilcloth Company.

April 5, 1870, he married Sarah Stambaugh Ford. Their two children are Richard and Julia G. Bonnell.

HARVEY R. EWING, a respected farmer of Austintown Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, was born in the house in which he still lives, and in which he has lived for practically the whole of his life of sixty-six years. His property is situated about nine miles to the south-westward of Youngstown, and his life has been quite worthy of the enviable Ewing family record in Mahoning County. The family is one of the oldest in the county, having first come into the territory in 1802. The family is of Irish origin, and Alexander Ewing, great-grandfather of Harvey R., lived and died in Ireland. His widow, Ann, with commendable courage, immigrated with her four children to America in 1792, landing at Wilmington, Delaware, in September of that year. Later they are of record in Pennsylvania, but in 1802 came into the Mahoning Valley, and settled near where Harvey R. now lives. His great-grandmother lived in Mahoning County until 1824, her long life then ending in her eighty-sixth year. Alexander and Ann Ewing had seven children: Alexander, Thomas, John, Archibald, William, John II, and Anna. Descendants of John Ewing, brother of Archibald, are Judge Calvin Ewing and ex-Sheriff Sam O. Ewing.

Archibald, elder son of Alexander and Ann Ewing, was born in Ireland in 1767, and died in Ohio on January 2, 1842. He was the first of the family to come into Ohio, coming, as the record states, "to make an investigation." He selected and received title to 160 acres of wild land in Austintown Township, Mahoning County, in 1802. His first night was spent in the open, under a walnut tree, but he soon erected a dwelling in which the family might have shelter, and eventually built a residence near a spring in the center of his farm. He was a Protestant by religious faith, and was one of the founders of the Covenanters' Church in Jackson Township, about a mile distant from his home. He was buried in the cemetery of that church. The church does not now stand, but the cemetery is still in use, and is well cared for by the trustees of the township. Archibald Ewing married, in 1797, Sarah Pauley, who was born in 1775 and died in 1858. Their children were: Alexander, who was born in 1798, lived in Canfield Township, where he died in 1871; John, who was born in 1800, died in childhood; Archibald, father of Harvey R.; Anna, born in 1808, died a spinster in 1861; Sarah, born in 1811, died in infancy; William, born in 1813, died in 1894 in Pennsylvania, where he had lived the greater part of his life; and John, born January 30, 1816, in Austintown Township, in which he died eighty-five years later. He married Elizabeth Russell, and lived his whole life in his native township.

Archibald, son of Archibald and Sarah (Pauley) Ewing, was born on an adjoining farm to that which is now in the possession of his son Harvey R. about four years after his parents came into the territory. The exact month was November of 1806. His early life was similar to that of the children of most pioneer settlers. He probably had little schooling, and probably early in life assisted his father in the

development work on the parental farm. When he married he took an adjoining tract of wild land for himself, and resolutely applied himself to the work of clearing it. The result is evident in the property now in the possession of his sons Harvey R. and Albert, for that was the tract to which Archibald Ewing took his wife after marriage, and upon which they lived for the remainder of their lives. In course of time his log cabin gave place to a fine residence, which his son still occupies, and gradually he cleared until he owned sixty acres of good farming property in Austintown Township and a further seventy-five acres in Jackson Township, about four miles distant. He, however, always lived on his Austintown property, and died there on May 6, 1875. His widow, Jane Russell, survived him for seventeen years, her demise occurring in September, 1892, at the age of eighty-one years. She was born in Austintown Township in 1811, elder sister of Elizabeth Russell, who married John Ewing, younger brother of Archibald. Both were born in the old Russell homestead in Austintown Township, and were buried in the Covenanters' Church Cemetery. Archibald and Jane (Russell) Ewing were members of the Christian Church, and Mrs. Ewing was a charter member of the Four Mile Run Church. Archibald Ewing was a republican in politics, but never actively participated in political affairs, and he never sought public office. They were the parents of eight children: Sarah, who lived in the old home all her life, and died unmarried when more than sixty years old; Austin, who remained in the parental home until his death, at seventy-three years of age, and he also never married; Robert, who died in childhood; Rachel, who married Elias Harding, a neighboring farmer and died at the age of sixty-nine years; William, a bachelor, died in 1916, aged seventy-six years, having spent all his years in his home township; Albert, who lives with Harvey in the old home; Emma, who lived with her brothers on the home farm, and died unmarried in about her fiftieth year; and Harvey.

Harvey, youngest child of Archibald and Jane (Russell) Ewing, was born in the parental home in Austintown Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on February 16, 1854, and has lived in the old home throughout his life, which has been an even, happy one of industrious labor and brotherly companionship. The record of his generation of the Ewing family has been notable in its evidence of filial devotion and brotherly and sisterly harmony. All the children of Archibald and Jane (Russell) Ewing had an interest in the farm, and all apparently have wished to continue the interest, loving the old homestead in which all were born. They, brothers and sisters, conducted the farm in joint partnership, and through life they have loyally held to each other, all of the sons remaining bachelors and only one of the daughters marrying. As a family they are well respected in the township, and have been hospitable and helpful neighbors.

George Yager, one of the leading farmers of Austintown Township, Mahoning County, and generally respected in that portion of the county, has lived his whole life in the neighborhood and comes of a family which for three generations has been of honorable record in Ohio. His present home is distant about 2½ miles southward from Austintown, on the Canfield-Austintown Road, and many of his relatives own and operate land in Canfield and Austintown townships.

George Yager was born on the old Yager homestead in Canfield Township, about one mile distant from his present home, on February 17, 1846. His parents were Christian and Martha (Miller) Yager, the former born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. His grandfather, whom he can just recall having seen when a boy, was Jonathan Yager, who died in old age about 1850. Jonathan Yager owned a large acreage of timber land in Canfield Township, and apparently was not able to clear many acres, for at his death his children, daughters as well as sons, each received 65 acres of timber land of the parental holding. The sons were: Christian, of whom further note follows; John, who lived on the part of the Yager property which bordered the state road in Canfield Township; Henry, who lived his whole life in Canfield Township, and whose farm is still in the possession of his sons; Daniel, also of Canfield Township; and Samuel, who removed to Berlin Township, where he farmed until old age, then returning to Canfield Township, where he died. Each son brought into good cultivation a substantial acreage of wild land. They all lived and died in Canfield Township, and all were earnest members and good supporters of the old Reformed Church in Canfield Township. They had two sisters, Elizabeth, who married Philip Stitle, and with her husband lived on her portion of the Yager farm, her land adjoining that of her brother Christian, and Martha, who married Jacob Stitle.

Christian Yager, father of George, was born in about 1819, in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. He was early in Ohio, however, with his father, and when he married Martha Miller, about 1835, he made his home upon the tract of undeveloped timber land in Canfield Township, to which he was then given title by his father, or which later came into his possession. At all events, he was wholly responsible for its development, and he lived on the land for the greater part of his life, eventually also acquiring the farm owned by his sister, Mrs. Philip Stitle, that farm being part of the inheritance of George Yager, son of Christian. Philip Stitle built the house now occupied by George Yager, and the residence occupied by Nathan, brother of George, until the former's death in 1916, was that built by their father, Christian, in 1850. At the time of its erection it was one of the best residences in the township, and many years later was remodeled by Nathan, but to all intents and purposes it was as it now is; and as it is today it is a comfortable, commodious dwelling house. Christian Yager also built the barn still in use, and generally he was responsible for bringing the tract of wild land into a satisfactory state of fertility. He lived to nonogenarian age, being eighty-two years old when he died, in about 1901. He had, however, been a widower for forty-five years, his wife, Martha Miller, dying in about 1856. They were the parents of William, Nathan and George Yager, who became responsible citizens and success-

George E. Dudley

ful farmers in the district. William lived in Canfield Township about twenty years, after which he went into Ellsworth Township and acquired a good agricultural property there; and in that township he has since lived, a period of about sixty-four years, he being now eighty-four years old. Nathan took over the original portion of his father's farm in Canfield Township after the latter's death, and there he lived until his death in March, 1916, when he was seventy-four years old.

George, youngest son of Christian and Martha (Miller) Yager, received from his father the sixty-five-acre farm originally owned by his grandfather, Jonathan Yager, and inherited by his aunt Elizabeth, wife of Philip Stitle. Altogether he received ninety acres from his father, and acquired the adjoining Yager homestead from the widow of his Uncle Nathan, after the latter's death. He also purchased the Everett farm of eighty acres on the State Road in Austintown. That property, where he makes his home, was the birthplace of his wife. He was thirty-five years old when he married Lucy Everett, daughter of Stephen and Mary (Nyar) Everett, and for the greater part of their married life Mr. and Mrs. George Yager lived on the Stitle farm, but after the death of Mrs. Yager's parents, George Yager bought from the co-heirs with his wife the Everett farm, which is one of the best on the State Road, and he and his wife removed to it. He built a fine house on the estate, and there his wife died on March 8, 1918, aged seventy-five years.

Mr. George Yager has been one of the respected and reliable agriculturists of the district for more than half a century. He has been enterprising and consistently industrious in his farming, and has been consistently successful. For many years he operated a sugar bush, getting a substantial yield of sugar and syrup each year. And throughout his life he has been a supporter of church work, having held membership in the Reformed Church for forty-six years. To him and his wife, Lucy Everett, were born two children, Thomas Everett, of whom more is written below, and Martha E., who married Elmer Karnes, a farmer at Ohl's Corners, Austintown Township.

Thomas Everett Yager, only son of George and Lucy (Everett) Yager, has taken over the operation of the Everett farm in Austintown Township, and lives with his father. He married Bertha Schissler, of Austintown, and they have six living children, by name and in order of birth: Frances, Velbar, Lucy, Lee, Robert and Wade.

The Yager family in its three generations of Ohio residence has been of worthy repute because of its steady and successful industry and good Christian life.

George Edward Dudley. Youngstown is the type of American city that draws into its industrial and commercial affairs not only the best native products, but many ambitious and able young men from other communities. An example of the latter is George Edward Dudley, who came to Youngstown a few years ago, has had an active part in its industrial and financial life and until January 1, 1920, was president of the Dudley-Forcier-Taylor Company, a prominent organization dealing in stocks and bonds. Since January 1st he has been devoting his time to looking after his private interests.

Mr. Dudley was born August 28, 1877, in West Boylston, Massachusetts, son of George, Jr. and Dorcas (Smith) Dudley. His parents spent most of their lives in Connecticut. George E. Dudley was educated in public and private schools in the East, and graduated from Harvard University with the class of 1899. He then spent several years in business in the East, and in 1905 came from Winsted, Connecticut, to Youngstown. His first noteworthy participation in local affairs was in helping to organize the Reliance Edge Tool Company. In 1910 this business was sold and Mr. Dudley then became connected with the investment department of the Realty Trust Company. In January, 1914, he organized the firm of Dudley & Company, and since July, 1917, the title has been the Dudley-Forcier-Taylor Company. This is a high-class house handling investments and securities, stocks and bonds.

Mr. Dudley throughout his residence at Youngstown has maintained the attitude of a thoroughly public-spirited citizen, though he has never been in politics. He was a member of the executive committee of the Mahoning County War Chest and vice president of the Community Corporation. He is a director in the Mahoning National Bank and the Standard Slag Company. He is also a trustee of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church and of the Young Men's Christian Association, and trustee of the City Hospital. During the World war Mr. Dudley was active in Red Cross work and was and now is chairman of the civilian relief committee of the Mahoning Chapter of the American Red Cross, and is also on the executive board of that chapter.

In January, 1901, Mr. Dudley married Miss Lyda M. Brown, a daughter of Edmond L. and Laura (McLain) Brown, of the prominent Brown family of Youngstown. They have one son George Edward, Jr.

Roy J. Neff of Canfield is in the fifth generation of the Neff family of Mahoning County. He was sixteen years of age when the Neffs celebrated the centennial anniversary of their settlement in Canfield. He is a son of John E. Neff, whose story with that of other members of the family is told on other pages of this publication.

No generation of the family has presented a man of greater enterprise and broader public spirit than Roy J. Neff. He was born a mile and a quarter east of Canfield, April 8, 1886, and though all his life has been spent in the one township, he is by no means a man of provincial tastes or experiences. He was educated in the Union School and on leaving school became manager of a general store, for six years. Impaired hearing caused him to sell out his interests and abandon the profession of merchandising. Since then he has maintained an office at Canfield handling insurance and surety bonds, though that is only one of numerous interests. Doubtless his chief construc-

tive labor was through the ownership and operation of what is known as the Village Farm, a tract of seventy-three acres entirely within the village limits. Mr. Neff either remodeled or built entirely anew all the notable group of buildings on the farm, including a good home, a large bank barn, silo and garage. A lighting system is carried to all the buildings. Mr. Neff sold his farm holdings in July, 1920, and is devoting his time principally to the handling of insurance and surety bonds.

Mr. Neff is also a notary public, and for the past six years has served as township treasurer, having the responsibility of handling about $10,000 of public funds annually. He is a democrat and he and his wife are members of the Methodist Church. In Odd Fellowship he has passed all the chairs in the local lodge and served as noble grand twice. During the war he was leader in all Canfield activities for the raising of funds and the prosecution of other war movements.

July 29, 1907, Mr. Neff married Laura M. Noll, of Pittsburgh. Their three children are Charles John, Edward Leroy and Robert Hudson.

John H. Maguire. Agriculture today continues as essential to peace as it was to war and consequently now more than ever must the farmer receive due credit. One of the dependable and successful agriculturalists of Mahoning County is John H. Maguire, of Thorn Hill Township. He was born at Cambridge, Scotland, on February 5, 1870, and that same year his parents, Charles and Ellen (Henderson) Maguire, came to Canada. Charles Maguire was of Irish-Scotch descent, and located at North Hastings, Canada, where he engaged in farming and where he and his excellent wife still reside.

It was at North Hastings that the boyhood and youth of John H. Maguire were spent, but when he was twenty-one years old he left home and came to the United States, in company with a cousin, William Henderson, of about the same age, whose family had already come to Canada, and his father, also William Henderson, was puddler boss in the Brown-Bonnell mill. After a short stay at Youngstown Mr. Maguire went back home, but a year later returned to Youngstown with his brother, Andrew G., and began working in the Brown-Bonnell mill, where he was employed in different capacities for twenty years, when he left and went into the employ of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and while there spent the greater part of his time in the same mill. He then went to the mill at East Youngstown and was engaged as a puddler, leaving the mill in 1910. When he began working he received from $1.60 to $2 a day, and as he was promoted he received more wages, but when he left his wage was only $5.06 a day.

In 1910 Mr. Maguire came to his present farm in Thorn Hill Township, and was almost at once elected constable and later truant officer and held the latter office for five years, when he was placed on the special police force of his neighborhood. In January, 1919, he was made deputy sheriff under Sheriff Morriss, and is giving excellent satisfaction.

On March 11, 1892, he was married to Nora Rush, a member of an old and prominent family of Mahoning County, a sketch of her family being given elsewhere in this work. The farm of Mr. and Mrs. Maguire comprised 115 acres, 100 acres of which originally belonged to the Rush homestead. Mr. Maguire has fifteen acres of this old homestead and the dwelling, which is 115 years old. Mr. and Mrs. Maguire have two daughters, Barbara H. and Amy Rush, school girls.

Since taking up farming Mr. Maguire has developed a taste for agricultural life and is making good at his work, just as he is in his official capacity. He belongs to the McDonald Clan No. 39; is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and is active in its good work. A sound and reliable man, Mr. Maguire has always stood for law and order, and, while rendering strict justice, will not tolerate an infringement of what he knows to be right. Few men stand any higher in public esteem than he, and certainly none is deserving of more credit.

Grant S. Jones, who is a descendant of one of the earliest pioneers in the Western Reserve, has borne a conspicuous part in the industrial affairs of Youngstown in recent years. He is one of the organizers of the Mahoning Foundry Company, which was first established by Mr. Jones in 1903 under the name Youngstown Bronze & Iron Foundry Company. Since about 1912 the corporation has been under its present title. The first secretary and treasurer of the company was William McMillan, who was succeeded by F. C. Noll about 1907.

This industry is one of the largest in the Youngstown district outside of those operated by the Steel Trust. The company makes all kinds of heavy mill castings and a superior line of hot air furnaces. from 200 to 250 men are regularly employed, and recently the business was enlarged by the building of another plant in Youngstown.

Grant S. Jones was born at Austintown, Ohio, September 4, 1869. His grandfather was the Edward Jones who figures conspicuously in the pioneer history of Trumbull County. Edward Jones was a member of the second party to settle at Warren, about 1799. He and his wife had fourteen children. One of them was Seymour A. Jones, who spent his life as a farmer and stock raiser. He married Mary Powers, whose father was the first postmaster at Ohlton, Ohio. She died in February, 1917, at the age of eighty-six.

Grant S. Jones was one of six children. He grew up on his father's farm and acquired his primary education in the public schools of Mineral Ridge and the schools of Youngstown. When about eighteen he became clerk in a music store owned by his half-brother, W. R. Scott. In time he acquired a partnership in the business conducted under the firm name the Scott & Jones Company. On account of failing health he sold his interests and for some time lived in New York. On returning to Youngstown he organized the industry now known as the Mahoning Foundry Company.

Mr. Jones is a republican and is affiliated with the Elks at Youngstown. He married Miss Mary Kennedy, daughter of A. W. Kennedy, president of the First National Bank of Girard, Ohio. They have one daughter, Eunice Kennedy, who is the wife of H. S. Van Nest.

FREDERICK L. GORMAN, auditor of the Ohio Corrugating Company, Warren, was born in Jardeau, Western Pennsylvania, on the 11th of August, 1894, and is a son of James J. and Sarah E. (Crowell) Gorman, the former of whom was born at Vandalia, New York, and the latter at Cuba, that state, within the borders of which their parents settled upon immigrating to this country from Ireland in the '50s and '60s, a period marked by an exceptionally heavy tide of immigration from the Emerald Isle to America. James J. Gorman has given virtually his entire active career to the sawmilling and lumbering business, in which his operations have been principally in the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Virginia. In 1910 he established his residence at Niles, Trumbull County, Ohio, where he has since maintained his home, his wife having died in Pennsylvania in 1906.

Frederick L. Gorman acquired his preliminary education principally in the public schools of Warren, Pennsylvania, and after coming with his father to Trumbull County, Ohio, when he was sixteen years of age, he continued his studies in the high school at Niles. Later he entered the high school at Warren, but he withdrew from school in his junior year, in 1912, to assume the position of bookkeeper in the office of the Niles Trust Company. About eighteen months later he accepted a position in the auditing department of the Trumbull Steel Company and in 1915 he became auditor of the Ohio Corrugating Company, marking a splendid record of advancement won through sheer ability and effective service. He was the incumbent of this responsible position when the nation became involved in the great World war, and he promptly subordinated his personal interests to respond to the call of patriotism.

On the 17th of May, 1917, Mr. Gorman volunteered for and entered the service of the Medical Corps of the Youngstown Red Cross Society, with which he was assigned to duty with the base hospital organization at Youngstown. The unit was offered to the United States Government when the nation became actively associated with the Allies in the prosecution of war, and upon being accepted the organization established its base hospital at Allentown, Pennsylvania, whence it was later transferred to Camp Miller on Long Island, New York. On the 14th of December, 1917, the members of the organization left the port of the national metropolis and departed for France. The base hospital was there established at Contrexeville, in the Vosges Mountains of Lorraine, and Mr. Gorman continued in active and faithful service in furthering the noble work of the organization until the historic armistice brought a cessation of hostilities and it was ordered home. Its members sailed from the port of St. Nazaire, France, April 19, 1919, and after returning to Ohio and receiving his discharge from the service Mr. Gorman resumed the duties of his office as auditor of the Ohio Corrugating Company, to the affairs of which he has since given his close attention.

Mr. Gorman is a member of the Catholic Church, is secretary of the Niles Lodge of the Knights of Columbus, and is a Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks' member of Warren Lodge No. 295.

JOHN URE ANDERSON, treasurer of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was born at Youngstown on December 12, 1891, of Scotch parents. His father, Hugh Anderson, was born at Edinburg, Scotland, on January 24, 1861, the son of Thomas and grandson of John Anderson. John, the first, was an engineer by profession, while Thomas was for many years the manager of a colliery in the City of Edinburg. Hugh, father of John U., married in Scotland Jane Ure, who was born at Glasgow on May 24, 1861, the daughter of George Ure, a mechanic of that city. Hugh Anderson came to America and to Youngstown direct in 1881 to take a position under the Youngstown firm of Andrews Brothers Steel Company as master mechanic. He continued with that company for twenty years and then became identified with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company.

John U. Anderson graduated from the Rayen High School of Youngstown with the class of 1910 and from Williams College with the class of 1914, degree of Bachelor of Arts.

On July 1, 1914, he entered the employ of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, for the first two weeks finding employment in the mill. The next twelve months he spent in the sales department, and was then appointed assistant treasurer of the company. Two years later he was appointed assistant to the president, which position he held until June, 1919, when he was elected treasurer.

Mr. Anderson is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, of Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, of Warren Council No. 58, Royal and Select Masters, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and of Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Cleveland.

On January 4, 1919, Mr. Anderson was married to Gertrude, daughter of Charles and Mary (Stinchcomb) Woodcock, of Niles, Ohio.

GIBSON J. GAULT. In Jackson Township, twelve miles southwest of the Youngstown Court House, is the old Gault farm, the home of a notable family in Mahoning County for more than a century. The homestead for many years past has been owned by Gibson J. Gault, who was born there December 6, 1852. His influence, like that of other members of the family, has steadily radiated beyond the confines of his own land and has affected the neighborhood for better field production, better roads, better schools and the general welfare of the community.

The chief facts in the history of this family are related elsewhere. Mr. Gault's great-grandfather was a Revolutionary soldier, his grandfather, who came to Mahoning County in 1800, was a soldier in the War of 1812, and his father, Robert Gault, who spent a long and useful life devoted to agriculture, married Marjorie Ewing, of the well-known and prominent Ewing family of Jackson Township. Robert and Marjorie Gault were the parents of a large family, eight sons and four daughters. The oldest was John, one of the oldest surviving natives of Jackson Township, whose life career has been noted elsewhere. The next two sons were Alexander and Andrew, both of whom were soldiers in the

Civil war. They were members of the same company, Company F of the Forty-First Ohio Infantry. Alexander served all through the war, spent his active life as a farmer in Boardman Township, and died at Struthers a few years ago. Andrew had taught school for a year and enlisted from his studies in the Academy at Jackson at the age of nineteen. He was with the Forty-First Regiment at Shiloh, Stone River, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, and at Dallas, Georgia, while a sergeant, was shot through the arm, blood poisoning resulting, and from the hospital at Nashville was brought home by his father and died a few days later at the age of twenty-two. Incidentally it should be noted that the Forty-First Ohio stood fifth among the 300 Ohio regiments in losses in battle. Gideon, the next of the sons, has spent his active life as a farmer and is living retired at Warren. Samuel is a farmer in Ellsworth Township, William is living on his farm in Jackson Township, the next in age is Gibson J., and Robert E., the youngest, has a portion of the old homestead, where his entire life has been spent. Of the daughters, Caroline died in infancy. Margaret, who in early life was a teacher in Jackson Township, is the widow of Thomas Ballard and lives at Wayne, Ohio. Mary A. is the widow of J. Arrel Smith and lives at Struthers. Martha J., who died in 1893, was the wife of D. A. Wilson.

Gibson J. Gault, like other members of the family, was liberally educated, attending the Rayen High School in Youngstown, for a short time the Niles High School, and completed his education in the Canfield Academy. Beginning at nineteen, he taught for four years. After his marriage in 1879 Mr. Gault moved out to Kansas, located in the agricultural section at Waverly, Coffey County, and for seven years went through the trials and vicissitudes of a Kansas farmer during a period of drought and low markets. He sent some of his sheep to the Kansas City market and sold them at $2.25 per 100, and at the same time good yellow corn was selling for 16 cents a bushel and hogs at 2¼ cents per pound. From that seven years in Kansas Mr. Gault reaped nothing but experience. He then returned to Ohio to take charge of the home place of 140 acres. In 1892, a year later, his father died. He was standing watching his son Gibson and another man cut a tree, and as it fell a limb struck him. He was seventy-seven when he passed away. Besides the homestead of 140 acres he had two other farms, one adjoining and one a mile distant, 300 acres altogether. The father had assisted each child with $2,000 in getting started, giving it at a time when they needed it most. For nearly thirty years Gibson Gault has remained on the homestead and has carried forward the work of improvement, including the rebuilding of the barn and the remodeling of the old house. He is a progressive general farmer and is allied with the activities of the farm bureau and grange, and on his own land has done much tiling and other work to increase the productiveness of the soil.

Like most of the family, he is a republican, served as township trustee six years, and for eleven years was a member of the Board of Education. He was on the board when the centralized plan was adopted and the present schoolhouse erected, being president of the board, and signing all the orders for nine years. He had most of the responsibility of looking after the building program, and also used his influence in behalf of a high school course. The township high school is now a second class school and has a three-year course. Mr. Gault has been affiliated with the Knights of Pythias for thirty years, has passed all the chairs of the local lodge, and for an equal time has been identified with the local Presbyterian Church.

In 1879 Mr. Gault married Harriet Duncan, of Berlin Township, but a native of Beaver County, Pennsylvania. Her parents, Joseph and Mary (Osborne) Duncan, brought her to Mahoning County as a young girl. The good wife of his youth and his mature years Mr. Gault lost by death on April 1, 1911. She was the mother of two children, Paul and Mary Marjorie. The daughter was a graduate of the Rayen High School, and was a student in the scientific course of Ohio University at Athens when she died at the age of eighteen in 1908. The son, Paul, attended high school at Canfield, took the electrical engineering course at the Ohio State University, and graduating in June, he entered upon his professional work with the Pennsylvania Railway Company on the first of the following July, and has never lost a day and his record has been one of constant advancement. For eight years he was with the Pennsylvania Company at Pittsburgh and since then has been with the Illinois Central at Chicago and is an electrical engineer in the signal department. Paul Gault married Orpha White, of Delaware, Ohio, and they have one daughter, Mary Marjorie, born in 1915.

David Anderson, of West Austintown, Mahoning County, Ohio, a Civil war veteran of worthy record, and for more than forty years a justice of the peace at West Austintown, is one of the most respected residents of that section of the county.

He was born on the parental farm in West Austintown, the exact location being about eight miles to the westward of Youngstown Court House, and at the spot formerly known as Weaver's Corners, so designated in honor of John Weaver, the original settler, who was the grandfather in the maternal line of David Anderson. David Anderson was born on May 6, 1846, the son of David and Rebecca (Weaver) Anderson, his father a native of Ireland and his mother of West Austintown. She was the daughter of the above mentioned John Weaver, who was in Ohio more than 100 years ago, and settled in Austintown Township at the spot known by his name in about 1832. His farm was 153 acres in extent, and there he lived for the greater part of his life, which terminated soon after the close of the Civil war. He was eighty-six years old in the year of his death, but his wife, Gertrude Ziegler, survived him for several years, living until she was about ninety years old. She was born in Pennsylvania, but the family was originally from Germany. Some of her relatives had conspicuous part in several phases of early life in the republic. Her uncle, Colonel Ziegler, was a soldier of the Revolution, and is stated to have been the first mayor of

Cincinnati. John Weaver had four sons: Charles, who lived his long life of eighty-two years mostly in Austintown Township, where he died; Jonathan, who remained in the parental home, and died a bachelor, aged eighty-two years; John, who left home and lived the latter part of his life in Peoria, Illinois; and Samuel, who died in Middlefield, Geauga County, Ohio.

David Anderson was the only child of David and Rebecca (Weaver) Anderson. He lost his father early in life, and was reared by his mother and grandparents, living on the Weaver farm. His mother eventually remarried, and died when she was fifty-two years old. David attended the local district school in his boyhood, and was only fifteen years old when the Civil war began. On May 26, 1862, he being then sixteen years old, he enlisted in Company D of the Eightieth Infantry, the enlistment being for four months' service. At the expiration of that term, however, he re-enlisted for three years in the Twelfth Cavalry, under Colonel Robert Ratliffe, of Warren, and with that unit took part in some of the most famous and most sanguinary fighting of the war. General Stoneman was in command of the Ohio Cavalry, which was on the left wing of Sherman's army in the famous march through Georgia to the sea, and later was part of Sherman's forces in the Richmond campaign, and in the movements in North Carolina which culminated in the surrender of Generals Lee and Johnston. Many exciting incidents were, of course, part of the war experience of David Anderson. He was captured by Morgan's men, a squad of thirty-two men detailed to bring in fresh horses. At the end of forty-eight hours he was paroled, and at once returned to his company. During the whole of the strenuous three years Mr. Anderson was constantly in active service, in almost continual contact with the enemy, most of his work being of scouting character. He was once slightly wounded. Eventually, in June of 1865, he received honorable discharge from the army and returned soon afterward to his native place, which for the remainder of his life was to be the center of his activities. Early in his civilian life he worked as a plasterer in Youngstown, being at such work in that city in 1866, and for twenty-five years thereafter he followed the trade of plasterer in Girard, Youngstown, Niles and other places not far distant from his home. In about 1887, however, having bought the Weaver farm in West Austintown from his uncle, Jonathan Weaver, he gave his whole time to farming the property, and for twenty-six years has not worked at his trade. After he had bought the farm from his uncle, the latter continued to live with him on the farm; in fact David Anderson cared for his uncle for eighteen years, for the greater part of which time he, Jonathan Weaver, was almost helpless. He had lived an active life on the home farm, had learned the trade of a cooper, and at one time gave almost all his time to the making of barrels on the farm, the Baldwin flour mills at Youngstown taking the whole of his product.

Mr. Anderson has an enviable record as a justice of peace. The respect in which he is held in his home township may be appreciated by the fact that for forty years he has been elected and re-elected a justice without even one break. As a justice he has shown both a judicial and a broad mind; he has a wide understanding of human nature, and an appreciative understanding of the perplexities of life which are the basis of most of the disturbances brought to the bench for adjudication; and he has ever sought in his decisions to bring about a better feeling between the contending parties. He has sought, primarily, to avoid trials, and in bringing parties to amicable settlement of differences without the authoritative assistance of law and the constitution he has been markedly successful. In such efforts he has shown a fundamental interest in his neighbors and in their troubles, and it is hardly too much to say that his efforts as justice have worked much good to the community in general. Politically Mr. Anderson is an independent republican, but he has never sought political office of legislative class. He has been content with his public service as justice, and perhaps the happiest phase of that work has been in the marrying of young people of the township, children of his friends. In earlier years as a justice he married many.

He, himself, was married in 1880 to Fannie Jones, of Taylor's Corners, about a mile to the northward of West Austintown. She comes of a well-regarded family, and is a member of the Evangelical Church, which is opposite their home. Mr. and Mrs. David Anderson have one child, their daughter Gertrude, who married Walter S. May of Youngstown. They have two children, Ethel Gertrude and Catherine, and Mr. May has a good milk business in that city.

Alexander Neil Flora, vice president of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was born at New Philadelphia, Ohio, on January 28, 1878, the son of Samuel B. and Marie B. (Kail) Flora. Many generations of the Flora family have lived in America. Originally the family settled in Pennsylvania, where Joseph Flora, grandfather of Alexander N., was born. Joseph became a pioneer of Carroll County, Ohio, where he took up undeveloped land and reared his family. Three of his sons served in the Civil war. Samuel B. Flora, son of Joseph, was born on the Flora homestead in Carroll County, Ohio, in 1843. He was a soldier of the Union during the Civil war, and married Marie B. Kail, who was born in the same county in 1844, daughter of Gabriel Kail, a pioneer. Samuel Flora and his wife removed to New Philadelphia, Ohio, where he was extensively engaged in timber enterprises as a contractor. He died in 1899, his wife dying in 1917.

Alexander N. Flora began his business life in 1895 as an employe of the New Philadelphia Iron and Steel Company with which company he continued for five years. During that time he passed through most of the departments of the plant and gained a comprehensive understanding of the business. In 1900 he went to New York City and became an employe of the American Sheet Steel Company, then just formed, and for about twelve months was attached to the cost department of that corporation. He then returned to Ohio, and for the next four

years was connected with the mills in the Canal Dover district. In 1905 he became secretary of the Columbus Iron and Steel Company, later returning to the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, with which corporation he remained identified for several years. Later he was identified with the construction of the American Sheet and Tin Plate Plant at Gary, Indiana. He came to Warren in 1913 to take the position of general superintendent of the plant of the Trumbull Steel Company. After a period as general superintendent he was appointed general manager of sales, and in May, 1917, was elected vice president. He is on the directorate of the Union Savings and Trust Company of Warren, Ohio, the Messabi Cliffs Mining Company, and the Pitt Gas Coal Company of Cleveland, being vice president of the last-named corporation and of the Trumbull Cliffs Furnace Company. He is a member of the Trumbull Country and Youngstown clubs.

He married Eliza Underhill, who was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, daughter of Joshua W. and Eliza (McPherson) Underhill, the former a well-known physician of that city. They have two children: Samuel Bennett and Jane McPherson.

Frank A. Williams. Worthy of especial mention in a work of this character is Frank A. Williams, vice president and sales manager of the Youngstown Foundry and Machine Company, who has been the artificer of his own fortunes. He is a successful business man, but his prosperity, instead of being accidental, is owing to years of persevering industry, native good sense and sound judgment. A son of Thomas Williams, he was born, September 14, 1869, in Youngstown, on the maternal side being of Welsh descent.

Born and reared in Palmyra, the late Thomas Williams came to Youngstown in search of employment; agriculture, in which he had been previously engaged, having no charms for him. Securing employment with the old Eagle Furnace Company, he served as foreman of the carpenter department until his death, in 1883, when in manhood's prime. He married, in Youngstown, Sarah Thomas, who was born in Wales, and as a child came with her parents to Ohio, settling in Youngstown, where her death occurred in 1912.

Being forced at his father's death to give up his studies, Frank A. Williams sold papers through sheer necessity, later working for Strouss & Hirshberg as errand boy, and continuing his education at the night schools. In 1885 he entered the employ of George Wick, being first a stenographer, and later assistant bookkeeper. Subsequently becoming a member of the Wallis Foundry Company, Mr. Williams assumed the entire management of the office, and was afterward secretary and treasurer of the Girard Stove & Foundry Company. Upon the re-organization of the Youngstown Foundry & Machine Company, he was made vice president and sales manager, positions for which he is amply qualified. This firm, which gives employment to 225 people, has two plants, the Reserve Street works, and the roll department on Boardman Street, both of which are kept busy filling orders from various parts of the country. In 1915 Mr. Williams organized the Youngstown Garment Manufacturing Company, of Columbiana, and has since served as president of the concern.

Mr. Williams married, in 1890, Emily Nicholas, daughter of Rev. D. J. Nicholas, of Youngstown, and their only child, Mrs. Katherine Swanson, of Youngstown, has two children, Myra Emily and Florence Elizabeth. Fraternally Mr. Williams is a thirty-second degree Mason, belonging to Youngstown Lodge, Chapter and Commandery, and to Cleveland Consistory, also Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and a member and past supreme chief of the Knights of the Golden Eagle.

Marion D. Lea. One of the younger members of the Trumbull County bar, who by his legal ability and personal character has won gratifying success in the law, is Marion D. Lea of Warren.

His father was Rev. Isaac Proctor Lea, who was born in Crawford County, Ohio, November 8, 1849, son of Thomas P. Lea, a native of Lycoming County, Pennsylvania, and a grandson of Zaccheus P. Lea, who when a young man came from England and settled near the town of Jersey Shore, Pennsylvania, and subsequently removed to Lycoming County. Rev. Isaac P. Lea completed his education at Heidelberg University in Tiffin, Ohio, was a teacher for about ten years, and for thirty-nine years was an earnest and diligent worker in the ministry of the United Brethren Church in Ohio. After retiring he located at Warren, where he is an honored resident today. Reverend Mr. Lea married Mary R. Mathers. She was born in Morrow County, Ohio, November 10, 1852, and died at Warren, Ohio, March 30, 1920. Her father, William Kilgore Mathers, was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, in 1824, and moved to Ohio in young manhood and for many years was an itinerant minister of the United Brethren Church, traveling all over the northwestern counties and preaching in schoolhouses and private homes in the absence of churches. He married Rebecca R. Randolph, whose lineage is identified with pioneer American stock. She was a direct descendant of Fritz Randolph, who was associated with the Pilgrim Fathers before they left England, and was on board one of the three ships which comprised a fleet, the only one of which to reach this country was the Mayflower. His own vessel became unseaworthy, and it was ten years later before he succeeded in reaching America. Another ancestor of Rebecca Randolph, her grandfather on the maternal side, was Major-General Congalton, an officer in the Continental Army during the Revolution.

Marion D. Lea was born at Columbus Grove, Ohio, August 28, 1884, was graduated from the Bowling Green High School in 1903, and first came to Warren in 1906. During the following twelve years he was in the employ of the Trumbull Mazda Division of the General Electric Company. In the meantime he diligently pursued the study of law in the Young Men's Christian Association Law School at Youngstown, was admitted to the bar in June, 1918, and at that time resigned his business connection and took over the office and practice of his

O. A. Williams

brother, Attorney Arden O. Lea, when the latter was called to the service of his country. Upon the return of Arden O. the partnership of Lea & Lea was formed and continued until April 1, 1920, at which time it was dissolved, Arden O. associating himself with the legal firm of Fillius & Fillius, and Marion D. continuing in practice alone. Mr. Lea is a member of the Odd Fellows and Elks. He married Lucy E. Hoyt, daughter of James Hoyt, of Warren. They have one son, James D., born November 29, 1911.

Arden O. Lea, an attorney of Warren, was born at Attica, Ohio, March 17, 1887, son of Rev. Isaac Proctor Lea, who is now a resident of Warren. Arden O. Lea graduated from the high school at Carey, Ohio, in 1906, taught school one year in a country district near Carey, and following that for five years was principal of the city schools at Tiffin, Ohio. While there he took the summer courses in Heidelberg and Miami universities, and completed his classical education in the Ohio State University, receiving his A. B. degree in 1915. He was awarded membership in the Phi Beta Kappa honorary scholastic fraternity. He remained another year in the law department of the Ohio State University, taking his bar examinations at the close of his junior year. October 1, 1916, Mr. Lea began the practice of law at Warren and in a short time had made his abilities appreciated.

Mr. Lea served for a period of twelve months overseas during the World war, and a brief account of his interesting military record is as follows:

May 26, 1918, was sent to Camp Gordon, Georgia, training in the infantry; six weeks later, July 15th, sent to Camp Merritt, New Jersey, sailed overseas July 22d, landing at Liverpool, August 3d, and in France, August 10th, and by September 6th was with his command at the St. Mihiel salient. He had previously been with a replacement division, but he went to St. Mihiel with Headquarters Company of the Fifty-Ninth Infantry, Fourth Division; was at the opening of the drive in the Argonne, remaining there until October 17th. November 20th he started for Germany with the Army of Occupation, and was with the army in and around Coblenz for the next seven months, during which time he was out on different occasions with groups of the Fourth Division Entertainers as a singer. He was in Germany when that country signed the peace compact. He left Germany July 11, 1919, for Brest, France, and landed in New York, August 1, 1919, being mustered out at Camp Sherman, August 8th.

On returning to Warren Mr. Lea resumed his professional work in partnership with his brother, Marion D., under the firm name of Lea & Lea. On April 1, 1920, this partnership was dissolved and Arden O. Lea became a member of the notable law firm of Fillius & Fillius of Warren. Mr. Lea is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Board of Trade, and is president of the Giddings Republican Club.

February 23, 1918, he married Ruth Griffith, of Columbus, Ohio, daughter of Barton Griffith, a well known Columbus attorney.

Joseph Wallace. While his present responsibilities as chief of the Youngstown Fire Department are an appropriate reward for his efficiency and resourcefulness in handling the personnel and equipment of the department, Joseph Wallace is also qualified for the office by a veteran's service. He has been with the local fire force of Youngstown for twenty-two years.

Mr. Wallace was born in Youngstown, March 18, 1868, son of William and Susan (Knox) Wallace. His parents were born and married in County Monaghan, Ireland, and came to the United States in 1865, soon afterward locating in Youngstown. William Wallace was a worker in the iron industry, but after coming to Youngstown was employed in the Tom Johnson Nursery and later became a contractor for the removal of cinders and other material. For nine years the family lived in Detroit. William Wallace was a republican and a member of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church. He died in 1911, at the age of seventy-two, while his wife passed away in 1894. They were the parents of ten children, eight of whom are still living.

Joseph Wallace, the oldest child, acquired his early education in the Front Street School and the South Side School on what is now Wayne Avenue, but in the meantime, at the age of twelve, had begun earning his own living as a boy worker in the Brown-Bonnell mill. He completed his education by night study in Hall's Business College. At the age of eighteen he was a full fledged iron worker in the Brown-Bonnell iron mills. He first joined the fire department at Engine House No. 4, on Falls Avenue. That was his post of duty for twelve years. He was then assigned to Engine House No. 1 as captain, and was captain at No. 8 when he was called to the management of the entire fire fighting force. Mr. Wallace knows the City of Youngstown like a book, has the absolute confidence of his fellow fire fighters, and his discipline has been perfect.

May 26, 1891, he married Sarah Pritchard, daughter of Benjamin Pritchard. She was ten years of age when her parents came from England. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace have four children, Ralph, Dorothy, Sarah and Jean. The son Ralph was in the postal service at a base hospital in France during the war. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace are members of the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church, and he is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner, also an Odd Fellow and a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

Michael F. Hyland. Not only in politics and public affairs but in business and local industries Michael F. Hyland has a wide acquaintance, experience and a most successful record. His public services have been chiefly appreciated in the office of city clerk, of which he has been the incumbent for six successive terms, beginning in 1908.

Mr. Hyland was born in the Jehue Row in Youngstown, April 14, 1867, son of Patrick and Catherine (Hyland) Hyland. His parents though of the same family name were not related. Both were born in County Galway, Ireland. Patrick Hyland came to the United States about 1862; and was first employed near Pottsville, Pennsylvania. His wife followed

him a few months later and in 1865 the family moved to Youngstown. Patrick Hyland worked in the Peter Cline mine for twenty-two years, until that mine was worked out. Later he was in the blast furnaces and mills, and he and his good wife still reside at 348 Worthington Street, at the respective ages of eighty-two and eighty. Patrick Hyland has been a republican ever since acquiring American citizenship. He and his wife are faithful members of St. Anne's Catholic Church, and became members of that parish at the time of its organization. They were the parents of three children: Mary, who died in childhood; Patrick, a plumber and gas fitter at Decatur, Indiana; and Michael.

Michael F. Hyland acquired his early education in St. Anne's Parochial School. When only twelve years of age he was working in the Cartwright & McCurdy mills under Charles Cartwright and Pat Hogan. He has always keenly appreciated the attitude and the viewpoint of the laboring man. At the age of eighteen he was running a store at Brier Hill in front of Jefferson Street. The Mahoning Gas Fuel Company next had his services in the capacity of plumber, and in 1888 he went to Cleveland and worked two years with the Brown Hoisting and Conveying Machine Company. He next learned the cutter's trade, and began in a small way a tailoring business at 10 East Federal Street, the present site of the Stambaugh Building. From 1898 to 1904 Mr. Hyland was specializing in the real estate business, and from 1904 until elected city clerk in 1908 conducted a merchant tailor's establishment on Holmes Street.

Mr. Hyland is a member of the Knights of Columbus and Hibernian Society, and he and his wife are members of St. Anne's parish. In 1892 he married Alta A. Hatch. Her people have lived at Hatch Hill, six miles from Meadville, Pennsylvania, since the days of the American Revolution. Mr. and Mrs. Hyland had two children, William B. and Mary Teresa. William B. was one of the young American soldiers who gave up their lives as sacrifices in the World war. He was with Company M in the Three Hundred and Thirty-Second Infantry in the Eighty-Third Division as a gas expert and non-commissioned officer. He was with the Expeditionary Forces in France and one of the few Americans assigned to duty in Italy. He contracted influenza in Italy and died November 27, 1918. The daughter, Mary Teresa, is the wife of Dr. Thomas A. Minnahan, now engaged in the practice of medicine at Hubbard. Doctor Minnahan was a first lieutenant in the Medical Reserve Corps and was on duty at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

ANDREW M. HENDERSON. As a busy lawyer, county prosecutor, also court stenographer, Andrew M. Henderson has a widespread recognition and reputation that makes unnecessary any introduction to the present generation of people in Mahoning County.

He was born at Youngstown July 21, 1881. His parents, William and Justina (McKenzie) Henderson, were born and married in Scotland and on coming to the United States in 1867 lived for a time in St. Louis, Missouri, and then came to Youngstown. William Henderson was an iron worker, and at Youngstown was a puddler and later foreman for the old Brown-Bonnell iron plant, continuing with the original organization and its successor the Republic Iron and Steel Company practically throughout his working days. He died March 6, 1914, survived by his widow and seven children.

After getting a grammar and high school education at Youngstown, Andrew M. Henderson applied himself to the study of stenography. He showed more than the average talent and proficiency in the art, and for about six years employed most of his time in the exacting work of the court stenographer. His law studies were pursued in the offices of Gen. T. W. Sanderson and Emil J. Anderson, and upon his admission to the bar in December, 1904, began practice with his preceptor Mr. Anderson under the name Anderson and Henderson. About a year later, in February, 1906, he again assumed the role of stenographer, this time as official court stenographer, an office he held four years. For about two years Mr. Henderson practiced as a member of the firm Lyon, Henderson & Lyon, and in 1912 was elected county prosecutor, at the end of two years being re-elected his own successor. After two terms of vigilant and effective work in that office he formed his present law association on January 1, 1917. He is now senior in the law firm of Henderson, Wickham & Maiden, with offices in the Dollar Bank Building.

Mr. Henderson is also president of the Henderson Construction Company, which was organized in the summer of 1916. This company comprises an organization of expert men and facilities for concrete construction work. Among various contracts handled by them was the construction of the present city filtering works.

Mr. Henderson is a member of the Rotary Club, is on the legislative committee of the Chamber of Commerce, is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner, and is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias. He and his family are members of the First Presbyterian Church. July 26, 1905, he married Miss Mary Packard of Youngstown. Their only son is Charles Packard Henderson.

AUSTIN P. AND WILLIAM W. GILLEN. The life histories of the gentlemen whose names head this sketch are closely identified with the business history of Youngstown. Their lives have been characterized by untiring activity and have been crowned with a degree of success attained by those only who devote themselves indefatigably to the work before them. They are of a high type of business men and none more than they deserve fitting recognition among the men whose efforts and abilities have achieved results that are most enviable and commendable.

Austin P. and William W. Gillen are sons of Peter and Theresa (Woods) Gillen. Peter Gillen was a native of Ireland and died in Youngstown in 1907, when four score years of age. When he was six years of age the family came to the United States, locating first in New Castle, Pennsylvania, which was their home until 1851, when they came to Youngstown

A. M. Henderson

where Peter spent the remainder of his days. He was prominently identified with the iron industry for many years, during a part of which time he was a stockholder in and manager of the Valley Mills. He was prosperous in his business affairs, but the historic panic of 1873 used him roughly. However, his spirit was not daunted by temporary reverses and his sagacity and keen business sense enabled him to retrieve his fortune. In 1884 he bought an undertaking business that had been established a few years prior to that time on East Federal Street, near Walnut. From there the business was moved to No. 17 West Commerce Street, where it was carried on for thirty-two years, when they occupied the magnificent building which had been erected for the accommodation of the Gillen-McVean Furniture Company and the Gillen-McVean Undertaking Company. The arrangements under which the business is now carried on are well nigh perfect, the equipment including a morgue and chapel.

Peter Gillen married Theresa Woods, who was born in Mahoning Valley, Ohio, and who died in 1885, at the age of forty-one years. She was the daughter of William Woods and their home was on the spot now occupied by St. Columba's Church, of which society they were among the early members. Peter and Theresa Gillen became the parents of six children, of whom three are now living, John F., Austin P. and William W. Those deceased are, Ignatius, who died in 1905, at thirty-six years of age, and who was connected with his father in the undertaking business, as was also Clement, who died in 1904, at the age of thirty-two years; Grace, the only daughter, died at the age of thirteen years.

Austin P. Gillen, who was born on February 18, 1871, received his elementary education at St. Columba's School, later attending the Rayen High School, where he graduated in 1891. He then entered the State University, where he graduated in 1895. Until 1906 he was associated with his father in business, but in that year he and his brother William W. took over the business under the firm name of Peter Gillen's Sons. The business grew rapidly, as did other interests with which they were identified, and in 1907 a reorganization took place, under which the following companies were created: The Gillen-McVean Undertaking Company, the Gillen-McVean Furniture Company and the Gillen-McVean Realty Company. Of these companies Austin P. Gillen is president and manager; William W. Gillen, vice president; and D. A. McVean, secretary and treasurer.

In 1889 Austin P. Gillen was married to Theresa Langdon, the daughter of John and Katharine Langdon, and to them have been born two sons, Austin P., Jr., and John Langdon, who are now attending the Loyola High School in Cleveland.

The family are members of the St. Columba Catholic Church, while socially Mr. Gillen belongs to the Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Country Club and the Chamber of Commerce.

William Woods Gillen was born on June 10, 1876, in the old family home which stood where St. Columba's Church now stands, and received his elementary education in the St. Columba School. He then went to school in Worcester, Massachusetts, and Washington, D. C., and subsequently entered the dental department of Western Reserve College. After his graduation there he practiced his profession two years in Cleveland, and then became associated with his father and brother in the undertaking business, with which he has remained identified to the present time. As before stated, he is vice president of each of the corporations representing the Gillen interests and is taking an active part in the work of the different companies. In August, 1918, prior to the signing of the armistice that marked the end of the great World war, Mr. Gillen entered the Red Cross field service and sailed at once for Europe, being stationed at Edinborough, Scotland, where he rendered effective service.

In 1900 Mr. Gillen married Anna F. Sullivan, the daughter of Michael Sullivan. They also are members of St. Columba's Catholic Church, while socially Mr. Gillen is an active member of the Rotary Club.

The foregoing brief outline, while formal in its recital of the salient facts in the lives of the Gillen brothers, is, nevertheless, sufficient to indicate the active character of the lives led by them and of the success which has crowned their efforts. They have ever given ardent support to every local measure for public improvement and are rightfully numbered among the progressive business men of Youngstown.

E. Theodore Sproull, general manager of sales of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was born at Parker's Landing, Pennsylvania, on November 16, 1885, the son of William A. and Marie Antoinette (Noble) Sproull, in both paternal and maternal lineage descending from Pennsylvania families of colonial record. The Sproull family is of Scottish origin, and was early in the Pennsylvania colony. William A. Sproull, father of E. Theodore, was born near Shearsburg, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, in 1829, the son of Alexander Sproull, who was also born near Shearsburg, Pennsylvania. Marie Antoinette (Noble) Sproull, mother of E. Theodore, was born at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, just beyond the boundaries of the City of Pittsburgh, in 1843, the daughter of William Noble, who was born near Brownville, Pennsylvania, in 1806, and died in 1896. The Noble family came from the north of Ireland. William A. Sproull, father of E. Theodore, was for many years a well-known oil refiner and prospector in the Pennsylvania oil fields and operated a refinery at Parker's Landing. He died in 1887.

E. Theodore Sproull passed his early years at Parker's Landing, and attended the schools of that place, graduating from grammar school in 1900.

When he was fifteen years old he went to Pittsburgh, working in various capacities until 1903, when he found work with the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company of that city. He continued in their employ, in various capacities for seven years, until 1910, in which year he became connected with the Jones and McLaughlin Steel Company of Pittsburgh, as assistant to the sales manager of the tin plate department. That connection he held until October 1, 1914, when he came to Warren to take position with the Trumbull Steel Company as assistant general

manager of sales. On May 1, 1917, he became general manager of sales, in which capacity he has continued.

Mr. Sproull is a member of the Trumbull Country Club, Warren, Ohio, of the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, and the Duquesne Club of Pittsburgh. He is a member of St. Mary's Catholic Church. He married Florence M., daughter of Frank C. Leslie, a well-known Warren business man.

CHARLES L. WOOD, president and guiding genius of the Western Reserve Lumber Company of Warren, has been a conspicuous figure in the business and public life of this city for over twenty years, and during that time he has won a place among the prominent and progressive men of the community, and his career both as a successful business man and worthy citizen reflects credit alike upon himself and Warren.

Mr. Wood is a native of Pennsylvania, born at Youngsville, that state, on December 20, 1867, the son of George and Rebecca (Culbertson) Wood. Soon after his school days were ended he began his business career as a clerk in a general store in Pennsylvania. He was at that time in his seventeenth year. In 1886 he came to Warren to enter the employ of the Warren Packard Lumber Company. From 1895 to 1897 he was a traveling salesman for the Saginaw Bay Company of Cleveland, and in the latter year he and Charles B. Loveless, organized the firm of Wood & Loveless, lumber merchants. Two years later (1899) the Western Reserve Lumber Company was organized to take over the business of the firm of Wood & Loveless and the Packard Lumber Company. Until the year 1901 the Western Reserve Company was under the joint management of Mr. Wood and Mr. Loveless. In that year Mr. Loveless retired from the concern and from that time the company has been under the direct management of Mr. Wood, and it is due to his ability and efforts that the Western Reserve Lumber Company has grown into the largest concern in its line in Warren and into one of the leading ones in the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Wood's well-known business ability and his marked personality have led others to seek his cooperation in the management of important concerns and he has become financially interested in a number of local enterprises, all of which have been benefited by his association. He has been a member of the board of directors of the Western Reserve National Bank since 1904; he is vice president of the Western Reserve National Bank, also vice president of the Sunlight Electrical Manufacturing Company of Warren, Ohio, and is associated with G. H. Prior in the allotment and sale of Warren city real estate.

Mr. Wood, though deeply engrossed in business matters, has never let business cause him to neglect his duties as a citizen, and he has faithfully served the city whenever called upon to show the full responsibilities of good citizenship. He was a member of the city council for ten years (1902-12) and during two of those years was president of the council and he rendered invaluable service to the city at a critical period—a period when the city was emerging from a small and inconspicuous municipality and was preparing and providing for the remarkable growth it enjoyed in the following years—a growth in population of three-fold.

And during the World war Mr. Wood, in a great measure, subordinated his private interests that he might be free to render all possible aid to the Government in the country's crisis. As a member of the manufacturers' committee of Trumbull County he took active part in all the campaigns for the sale of Liberty bonds and the raising of Red Cross funds.

Mr. Wood is a member of the board of directors of the Warren Board of Trade and active in its work; he is a member of the Masonic, Automobile and Rotary clubs, is a member of the board of trustees of the First Presbyterian Church and belongs to Old Erie Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and to Mahoning Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Wood was united in marriage in 1905 with Bertha A. Madole of Kent, Ohio.

FRANK RUSSELL EWING, who has lived his whole life on the Ewing farm in Austintown Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, has a worthy record of industrious, constructive citizenship, and is placed among the representative and responsible agriculturists of that section of the county.

He was born on July 23, 1864, the son of Clark and Mary (McNeilly) Ewing, and a descendant of the pioneer in Ohio of that patronymic. The family is of Irish origin. His great-great-grandfather, Alexander Ewing, died in Ireland, and his widow with their four children immigrated to America in 1792. They landed in Wilmington, Delaware, in September, 1792, and the record shows that they spent the next ten years in Pennsylvania. Archibald Ewing, son of Alexander, was in the Mahoning Valley in 1802 or 1803, since which time the family in its many branches has had appreciable part in the development of the valley in its various activities, but especially in agriculture. The descent from Alexander to Frank Russell Ewing is through Alexander's son Archibald, pioneer in Ohio, his son John, and his son Clark, father of Frank R. Archibald was probably the first of the family to come into the valley, for the record states that he came in the first years of the nineteenth century "to make an investigation, and selected the location," so that perhaps his mother and brother and sister did not accompany him on his first surveying trip. However, they were soon afterward in the territory, and the mother lived in the valley until her death in 1824, she being then eighty-five years old. The children of Alexander and Ann Ewing were Archibald, John, Catherine and Eleanor. All with the exception of Eleanor came into Ohio. She had married in Pennsylvania, and lived in that state until her death. Catherine married Robert Kirkpatrick, another Mahoning Valley pioneer and ancestor of the many Kirk-Kirkpatrick families of Mahoning County of today. Descendants of John Ewing, brother of Archibald, are Judge Calvin Ewing and ex-Sheriff Sam O. Ewing.

Charles L. Wood

Archibald, elder son of Alexander and Ann Ewing, was born in Ireland in 1767, and died in Ohio on January 2, 1842. Archibald received title to 160 acres of wild land in Austintown Township, Mahoning County, and eventually built a residence near a spring, in the center of his farm, but it is stated that he slept in the open, under a walnut tree, the first night. He was a man of strong religious fervor, was a Protestant, and helped to found the Covenanters' Church in Jackson Township, about a mile distant from his home. He was buried in the cemetery of that church. The church has been razed, but the cemetery is still in use, and maintained properly by the township trustees. Archibald Ewing married, in 1797, Sarah Pauley, who was born in 1775, and died in 1858. Their children were: Alexander, who was born in 1798, lived for many years in Canfield Township, where he died in 1871; John, who was born in 1800, died in childhood; Archibald, born in 1806, passed his life on an adjoining farm, dying in 1875; Anna, born in 1808, died unmarried in 1861; Sarah, born in 1811, died in infancy; William, born in 1813, died in 1894, after a life passed mostly in Pennsylvania; and John, grandfather of Frank R.

John Ewing, youngest child of Archibald and Sarah (Pauley) Ewing, was born in Austintown Township, Mahoning County, on January 30, 1816, and died in the same township on March 15, 1901, aged eighty-five years. He lived his whole life on the one farm, and in his active farming days was and extensive sheep grower. He built the house still in occupation, erecting it in about 1863. He was a man of steady characteristics, an excellent neighbor and a responsible citizen. He, however, took no part in public life, preferring to give his time wholly to matters of production and to his own family. When he was twenty-two years old, in 1838, he married Elizabeth Russell, who was born in the neighborhood in 1813, and died in Austintown Township in 1878. They had only two children: Clark, of whom more follows, and Mary Ella, who was born on November 24, 1844, and died on January 26, 1885. She spent her last years in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, and was survived by her husband, James G. Gault, who died in November, 1919.

Clark Ewing, father of Frank R., and son of John and Elizabeth (Russell) Ewing, was born on the Ewing farm in Austintown Township, on August 29, 1840, and died on February 28, 1905. He was well educated, attending Canfield Academy. After leaving school he was a school teacher for several terms, but eventually devoted himself wholly to farming, and became an extensive land owner. In 1863 he married Mary McNielly, who was born in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, on June 3, 1841, daughter of Jonas and Elizabeth (Trimble) McNielly, of that township. Her parents were both of Irish birth, and Jonas McNielly had settled in Ellsworth Township in the late '30s. Their daughter Mary prior to her marriage to Clark Ewing was a school teacher. After marriage Clark Ewing settled resolutely to farming on the property now owned by his son Frank R. He also bought 151 acres that adjoined the old Ewing farm, and subsequently also 100 acres in Ellsworth Township, five or six miles distant. He was an extensive cattle and sheep raiser, and could make use of extensive pasturage. He was one of the leading citizens of that section of the county, and was considered a representative farmer of the district. He was closely identified with many important public movements connected with agriculture, was a member of the board of the Mahoning County Agricultural Society, and was one of the organizers of the local grange. He was an intelligent capable man, a good speaker, and prominent on local platforms. Politically he was a republican, although he never sought political or legislative office. In educational matters, however, he took active part, serving on the school board for many years. Religiously he was a Presbyterian, a member of the Canfield Church of that denomination. His widow only survived him for eleven months, the death of Mrs. Mary (McNielly) Ewing occurring on January 24, 1906. They were the parents of three children: Minnie Ellen, who was born on October 29, 1867, now lives in Canfield Township. She was twice married, her first husband being Mason Chidester, who died in 1891. Their child, Ruby, is now Mrs. Harry May. Her second marriage was to Munson Chidester, twin brother of Mason, her former husband. They have one child, a daughter, Myrtle. Maggie, who was born on June 25, 1875, married Edward H. Beardsley, now of Mesa, Arizona. They have seven children, Harry Curtis, Oda Mae, J. Ewing, Cora A., Ruth E., Clark Ewing and Glenn F.

Frank Russell Ewing, eldest child of Clark and Mary (McNielly) Ewing, has lived practically his whole life of fifty-six years in the house he still occupies on the Ewing farm. He now has 100 acres, and his wife has seventy-five acres, and at one time he used, in all, 333 acres, being a large stock raiser. As a dairy and sheep farmer Mr. Ewing has been very successful, and throughout his life has been a responsible, public-spirited citizen. Politically he gives allegiance to the republican party, and he has been a member of the Farm Bureau since its inception. During the great World war he demonstrated his practical and helpful patriotism in more than one way, and his wife was a prominent worker for the Red Cross in the home sector.

Frank Russell Ewing married on May 29, 1890, Ettie Misner, daughter of John and Lystra (Beeman) Misner. The old Misner home is about two miles distant, in Canfield Township, and the family is well-regarded there. John Misner was born in Berlin Township and spent the greater part of his life in Mahoning County, Ohio. He was born in 1836, and died in 1906. His wife, Lystra (Beeman) Misner, was born in 1836, and died in 1897. Their daughter Ettie, who married Frank R. Ewing, was born on January 21, 1864, in Canfield Township and attended the local schools and the Northeastern Ohio Normal School at Canfield. She began to teach when only sixteen years old, and for eleven years thereafter taught in the schools of Mahoning County. She is an ardent church woman and Sunday School worker and is much respected by those who know her well, and both Mr. and Mrs. Ewing are generally well-regarded in the township. The following named children were born to them: Waldo Clark was born on July 27, 1895, and has remained at home, assist-

ing his father in the operation of the home farm. He is a well-qualified farmer, having taken a three-year course in agriculture at the Ohio State College after graduating from high school. He duly registered for national service during the war, and was classified, but never called into active service. Mabel Lystra, who was born on February 22, 1900, died on October 29, 1912. Claude Russell, who was born on June 10, 1907, is still in school. In addition to their own children Mr. and Mrs. Ewing have also reared two other girls, Eva Fletcher, who lived with them from the age of twelve years until she was eighteen years old, and she is now Mrs. Charles Griffin, of Cleveland, and Jeannette Blucher, from her thirteenth year. She is now a high school student, and is showing musical inclination. The Ewing family of preceding generations seems to have been of generous heart, for foster children were also received in the home of Frank R. Ewing's father, and also into his grandfather's family. Robert McGill was reared in the home of Grandfather Ewing, and Clark Ewing, father of Frank R., reared the orphaned children of John and Ann Collins. Generally, the Ewing family have been noted for their hospitality and good-neighborliness.

Meryle Clark Mayhew, vice president of the Wadsworth Feed Company of Warren, has been actively associated with the business enterprise of Trumbull County for several years. He is one of the youngest progressive business men of this section, and is a member of one of the oldest families of this part of the Western Reserve.

His particular branch of the Mayhew family was established in Bristol Township of Trumbull County in pioneer days by Holmes Mayhew. Hubbard Mayhew, son of Holmes, was the great-grandfather of Meryle Clark Mayhew. The paternal grandfather was Benjamin Mayhew, likewise a native of Bristol Township. Meryle Clark Mayhew was born on a farm in Bristol Township August 19, 1892, son of Elmer and Lou (Strickland) Mayhew, the former of Bristol and the latter of Farmington Township of the same county. The parents are still living at Bristol. Mrs. Lou Mayhew is a daughter of Clark Strickland, a native of Farmington Township, and her grandfather was one of the pioneers of that locality.

Meryle Clark Mayhew grew up on a farm, had a district school education, and attended the Warren Business College. His business career was begun in the employ of Charles Hulbert, a feed miller at Bristol. Three years later, when the mill was burned, he and Mr. Hulbert became partners in a feed business under the name Hulbert & Mayhew. After another period of three years their place was again destroyed by fire, and in December, 1916, Mr. Mayhew came to Warren and at the reorganization of the Wadsworth Feed Company he became a stockholder, director and vice president, and is also foreman of the company's mills.

December 20, 1912, Mr. Mayhew married Miss Allie Grace Lotridge, who was born at St. Johns in Auglaize County, Ohio, June 13, 1892, daughter of Isaac and Nannie (McComas) Lotridge. Her father was born in Auglaize County and her mother at Allegheny, Pennsylvania, daughter of John McComas, a native of Jamestown, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Mayhew have a family of five children: Ray Winfield, born in Bristol, Ohio, February 15, 1914; Wanda Dorothy, born in Bristol April 14, 1915; Boyd Nelson, born in Bristol April 30, 1916; Lyle Wadsworth, born in Warren July 2, 1917; and Duane Meryle, born in Warren October 9, 1919. Mr. and Mrs. Mayhew are members of the Christian Church.

James Watkins. His many personal friends appreciate his genial disposition and happy smile even more than the authority and responsibility concentrated in his office as chief of police. With them he is always "Jim" Watkins, though as chief of police he enjoys the complete respect of his subordinates, and is a man of absolute fearlessness and more than once has risked his life for the preservation of law and order.

Chief Watkins is practically a life-long resident of Youngstown. He was born at Middleboro, England, in May, 1876, son of David and Jane (Matthew) Watkins. David Watkins, an ironworker, left England and came to Youngstown, where he found employment in the Brown-Bonnell plant as a rougher at the Big Bar mill. His wife and infant child James followed him some months later. David Watkins died in 1889, at the age of thirty-five. His widow is still living, making her home with her son James at the age of sixty-six. James is the oldest of five children. Thomas was a graduate of the dental department of the Western Reserve College at Cleveland and died soon after leaving school in March, 1903. Lena is assistant manager in the suit department at the McKelvey store; Elizabeth is the wife of William Glassford, of New York City; and Anna is the wife of Frank Parnell, of New York.

James Watkins acquired his education in the Front Street school and at the age of thirteen was working in the Brown-Bonnell iron mill. When he left that mill in 1901 he was holding the same position held by his father, that of rougher. Mr. Watkins went on the police force in 1901 as a patrolman and in 1906 was transferred to the detective bureau, and remained in that work for eleven years, eight years of the time as chief of detectives. In October, 1917, on merit, efficiency and long service, he received his deserved promotion to chief of police. Chief Watkins has been through various strikes in the Youngstown district. In 1902 he was twice shot, and was in the hospital six months. No one expected him to live, but he is here yet, and had recovered sufficiently to do duty during the Carnegie strike of 1903, and again in the big strike of 1919.

Chief Watkins was reared on Front Street, within two blocks of the Square. As a boy he waded in the mud on Federal Street, and at that time did not regard a muddy street as a civic deficiency. At his father's death, being the oldest of the family, it fell to his lot to provide to a large extent for the household. He helped educate the younger children. Chief Watkins has never married. He is a member of the Masonic order, being a Knight

James Watkins

Templar, a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite, and a member of the Mystic Shrine. He is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, Elks, Eagles, St. Davids Society and the First Baptist Church.

William E. Roller. The nineteenth century had just begun when the first members of the Roller family came into Mahoning County. It is one of the names most frequently found in the annals of citizenship of Green Township. Of the pioneer generations it has been well said that "they cleared the land, made roads, built schoolhouses and established places for religious worship, giving encouragement to every civilizing influence." The same has been true of later generations. As a rule their efforts have been directed to such vocations as farming and merchandising, though various members have been prominent as ministers, teachers and in other professions.

The old family seat in Ohio is close to the Village of Washingtonville, which is on the county line between Mahoning and Columbiana counties, twenty miles southwest of Youngstown. While there are several branches of the Ohio family, this article will be concerned chiefly with the pioneer Balser Roller and his descendants. During the eighteenth and earlier centuries the family lived in the valley of the Danube River in Eastern Germany. There are copies still extant, one of them in the home of Mr. William E. Roller of Washingtonville, of the family coat of arms, indicating that the Rollers in Europe were people of more than ordinary distinction.

Balser Roller, it is recorded, in 1803 bought a tract of land in Green Township of Mahoning County. That land borders what is now the line between Mahoning and Columbiana counties. He placed his home on the hill overlooking the valley and Washingtonville. His son Joseph settled on adjoining land, while another son, John B., located on land adjoining on the east. Still another son was Gen. Jacob B. Roller, who became prominent in the lumber industry and sawmilling in that community. One daughter, Nancy, became the wife of Philip Calvin. Balser Roller lived to a great old age and died prior to 1851.

His son Joseph remained on the farm, operated a grist and sawmill, and as a miller performed an extensive service for all the people of that country. He died during the winter of 1859. His wife was Sarah Bates, who survived him some years. During the lifetime of Joseph the mill was abandoned. He also operated a coal bank on his land and built two coke ovens, the product of which was hauled to the Poland furnace.

A brief account is entered here of the children of Joseph, constituting the third generation of the family in Eastern Ohio. Hiram acquired the old homestead, and finally retired to the village where he died when about seventy years of age. The second son was Rev. William B. Roller, long an itinerant minister of the Lutheran Church, who carried the gospel about over the country, traveling in a sulky. He lived at Greenford and died at the age of sixty-eight. The third son, Balser, removed to Silver Lake, Indiana. Sarah Ann became the wife of Jacob Grim and lived in the home community. Jacob and David were business partners for a number of years, acquired the old farm, and developed a coal business and were manufacturers of coke until they sold their interests to the Cherry Valley Company. David then secured a part of the Gen. Jacob B. Roller farm half a mile distant and lived there until his death at fifty-six. Jacob kept the old farm of Joseph and died there at the age of about seventy-two. His son Edward has since sold that land and is now living in Columbiana County.

Joseph Roller, son of Joseph Roller above mentioned, acquired seventy-five acres of his father's old farm, and improved it with a new set of buildings, located about a quarter of a mile distant from Washingtonville. He was active in the cultivation of his land until his death in September, 1892, at the age of sixty-two. His entire life was spent in the quiet vocation of farming and in one locality. He was a very influential member of the Lutheran Church, frequently was a delegate to church synods, served as township trustee, and was a director of the Union School District. He married Mary Ann Grenawalt, who survived him four years. She was the mother of three children: William E., Joshua Leonard, who for a number of years was in business at Washingtonville as a furniture and shoe merchant and undertaker, later kept a grocery store at Youngstown, and is now living in that city retired, while the third child, Emma, died at the age of fifteen.

William E. Roller, who carries the family connections through the fourth generation, was born August 19, 1851, and on March 18, 1875, married Elizabeth Cole, who was born in Beaver Township, July 1, 1854, daughter of John and Anna (Crumbacker) Cole. Her parents later settled at Washingtonville, and her father for a number of years was in the sawmill industry. W. E. Roller at the time of his marriage bought a part of the Gen. Jacob B. Roller farm, and still owns 136 acres of it. This farm is a mile distant from Washingtonville. In 1902 he bought his brother's business of furniture, shoes and undertaking at Washingtonville, and after having given twenty-two years to the personal supervision of his farm, he was then in business as a merchant for fourteen years. In 1916 he sold out, and in the meantime had operated his farm through hired help. He is now somewhat retired from strenuous action, though he gives much supervision to his farm.

Mr. Roller served three years as assessor, was on the Democratic Central Committee for a number of years, and also a member of the election board. From 1896 to 1900, for four years, he was on the board of directors of Wittenberg College at Springfield, the well known institution of the Lutheran Church. He has long been prominent in the Grange, and for eight years served as a director of the Sandy and Beaver Valley Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and was its president one year. This company is a Grange organization. He is a past master of the local Grange, and in Odd Fellowship has filled all the chairs of his local lodge.

Mr. and Mrs. Roller are the parents of three children. The oldest daughter, Ada, graduated from Wittenberg College at Springfield and taught in the city schools of that place and Salem, Ohio, for several

years. In 1905 she was married to Emmet S. Freed, of Washingtonville, Ohio. They now live in Youngstown, where Mr. Freed is principal of the Parmalee and Elm schools of that city. They have two sons, Virgil Roller, in first year of high school, and William Vance, four years of age.

The second child, a son, Joseph Edward, was married to Lucy Bair, of Canfield, Ohio, in 1902, and now resides at Canton, Ohio. He is employed as production manager for the Standard Parts Company of that city. They have one daughter, Wiletta, who is now in the eighth grade in school.

The youngest child, Etta Mae, assisted her father in his store until her marriage in 1912 to William D. King, of Washingtonville. They now live at Salem, Ohio, where Mr. King is employed as sales manager for the Mullins Body Corporation of that city. They have one son, Clair Roller King, four years of age.

William Ford Bowen in 1919 was elected city treasurer of Warren, taking up the duties of that office January 1, 1920. Mr. Bowen is especially well qualified for this public office by reason of his favorable experience as a Warren banker. He is assistant secretary and treasurer of the Union Savings & Trust Company at Warren.

The Bowen family and their connections have long been identified with Northeastern Ohio, particularly Trumbull County. His great-grandfather Harris Bowen came from New England and was identified with pioneer people and things in Greene Township of Trumbull County. His son Rhuel Bowen was born in New England but grew up in Ohio, and married Malinda Cone. She was a native of Connecticut. Her father, Sylvester Cone, was an early settler in Greene Township of Trumbull County, but in 1861 went to the far Northwest, Minnesota, and died in that state. Sylvester H. Bowen, father of City Treasurer Bowen, was born on a farm in Greene Township February 16, 1857, and is now living retired at Warren. For over forty years he was a blacksmith in Trumbull and Ashtabula counties, and from 1906 operated a shop of his own at Warren until 1915. He has been identified with the Odd Fellows fraternity for thirty-six years. Sylvester H. Bowen married Estella Bingham, who was born at Orwell, Ashtabula County, daughter of Benjamin Bingham, a native of Vermont and an early settler of Ashtabula County. Mrs. Estella Bowen died at Warren August 5, 1918.

William Ford Bowen was born July 9, 1886, while his parents were residents of Colebrook in Ashtabula County. He acquired his early education in the schools of North Bloomfield Township, graduated from the Warren Business College in 1906, and the following year became bookkeeper for the People's Ice Company in Warren. He has been in the Union Savings & Trust Company since January 27, 1910, beginning as bookkeeper, soon afterward was promoted to the duties of teller, and since July, 1918, has been assistant secretary and treasurer of the institution.

Mr. Bowen is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, of Mahoning Lodge No. 29 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons. He mafried Edna E. Smith, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Smith of Sharpsville, Pennsylvania. They have one son, George William.

George Tod, Jr., was a nephew of Governor David Tod and a grandson of the George Tod who established his home at Youngstown in 1801. A general outline of the Tod family relationship is given on other pages.

The late George Tod, Jr., who made his home at Youngstown many years, was particularly conspicuous as a railroad builder. He was one of the leading railroad construction engineers in the country.

He was born at Ottawa in Waukesha County, Wisconsin, in 1855, and spent his boyhood days in Wisconsin. He came to Youngstown as a young man, and lived there until his death on December 1, 1914, with the exception of eleven years spent in California.

His notable career as a railroad builder can be inferred from the following facts: He built the P. C. & T. Railroad between Youngstown and Akron; had charge of the location and construction of the Western Division of the Union Pacific Railroad through the states of Oregon and Washington; built and located the Los Angeles and Redondo Beach Railroad in California; designed and laid out the towns of Inglewood and Redondo Beach, California; and laid out part of the town of Santa Monica, California. He also built several street railway lines, including the Youngstown and Sharon, Sharon and Newcastle, Sharon and Middlesex and Sharon and Sharpsville. He was also builder of the Youngstown & Southern Railway.

His business genius was best exemplified in these varied undertakings. Outside of business his chief interest was in his home and church, and he never filled a public office, though a staunch republican in political belief. He was the first president of the board of trustees of the Richard Brown Memorial Chapel at Youngstown, and held that post until he resigned in 1912. He was a member of the Trinity Church and one of its trustees.

October 14, 1880, he married Merilla Stambaugh, of the well-known Ohio family of that name. She was a daughter of Martin and Delilah (Bussey) Stambaugh. To their marriage were born two sons, Martin S., who was born April 25, 1883, a civil engineer, following the line pursued by his honored father. He married Effie Beard, daughter of Cyrus F. and Mary (Kline) Beard, and they have two children, George B. and M. Donald. E. Wayne, born July 9, 1884, entered Annapolis Naval Academy in 1903 and was graduated in 1907, and is now a commander in the United States Navy. He married Alma Wick, daughter of Frederick and Nellie (Botsford) Wick. They have three children, Alma W., Frederick W., and Robert W.

Sylvester H. Armstrong. For more than a century a tract of land in Goshen Township of Mahoning County has been the home and the scene of activities of members of the Armstrong family. One portion of the old tract is highly improved and developed and is widely known as the Walnut Grove Farm, the proprietor of which is Sylvester H. Arm-

Geo. Ford. Jr.

strong, who has spent all his life on this land and is a grandson of the man who acquired it from the Government.

Walnut Grove Farm is twenty-six miles southwest of Youngstown, six miles northwest of Salem and six miles east of Sebring. Robert Armstrong was a native of Ireland, of Scotch stock, and about 1803 he came to America with three brothers and one sister. His brother William went to Louisiana, another brother to Virginia, and his sister Mary became the grandmother of General Burnside, one of the noted Union leaders in the Civil war. Robert Armstrong remained in Berks County, Pennsylvania, until 1805, when he came to Eastern Ohio and selected a home in the wilderness. The Walnut Grove Farm is part of the land he acquired, the deed to which was signed by Thomas Jefferson. The original farm was the northeast quarter of section 19 of Goshen Township and extended close to the banks of Mill Creek. Robert Armstrong erected a pioneer cabin, and in 1823 built a substantial stone house, which is still standing in a good state of preservation. The stone is largely field sandstone, and the walls were laid with clay mortar, being painted over with lime. While it is a two-story house, the cost of the mason work was only $63. This old stone landmark stands alongside the old Pike Road which was laid out by John Strawn from Wellsville on the Ohio River direct to Cleveland. The portion of the pike through the Armstrong farm was improved by Robert Armstrong. The road passes diagonally through the farm, dividing it almost equally. The pike was constructed prior to 1823, since the house was located purposely at one side of the road. In this old home Robert Armstrong died January 14, 1843. He was born March 3, 1763. He married Ann Potter, who was born June 16, 1779, and died August 27, 1826. Robert Armstrong's children were: William, born July 23, 1800, who went to Illinois and died at Virginia in that state at the age of eighty; James, who acquired part of the old homestead and was born November 11, 1802; John, born September 27, 1805, in the original cabin home of his father in Ohio, and died in 1859, his son Clark now being a resident of Atwater in Portage County; Joel, whose record is taken up in the following paragraph; Mary Ann, born November 12, 1811, became the wife of Dr. William Clark of North Benton, where she died in old age; Lydia, born March 17, 1813, died at the age of twelve years; Rebecca, born July 31, 1815, became the wife of Stacey Haynes and died in Portage County when past ninety; Robert, born December 8, 1817, became a physician, practiced at North Benton, and his son Theodore is now living at Mount Union; Sarah, born July 21, 1820, first married Samuel Duball and after his death became the wife of John Duball, and lived in Wisconsin, where she died in 1858.

Joel Armstrong, father of the proprietor of the Walnut Grove Farm, was born in Mahoning County, August 9, 1808. September 14, 1837, he married Mary Ann Thompson, who was born in Pennsylvania and came as a child to Smith Township with her parents, William and Elizabeth Thompson, who in 1852 went further west to Cedar County, Iowa. Joel Armstrong had the active management of the old farm until 1843. At the death of his father he secured the south half of the farm, that portion south of the old Pike Road above mentioned and in the same year built a home in which his son Sylvester H. Armstrong was born in 1846. In 1862 Joel Armstrong built the house in which Sylvester is now living. The half of the farm containing the old stone house was acquired by James Armstrong. Joel spent his active lifetime in the operation of the farm and also working the stone quarries on his land. He supplied much of the material for the construction of railroad bridges and continued quarrying operations until concrete largely took the place of stone. Joel Armstrong was a whig and afterwards a republican. The Armstrongs were Quakers in religion. About 1823 the Friends Church at Goshen, two miles from the Armstrong home, was established. The first church was built of brick and later was replaced by another brick edifice. Both Robert and his son Joel were active in the affairs of the church, and the latter was a teacher in the Sunday school. He was also for many years a director in the local schools. Joel Armstrong died in February, 1865. His wife was only fifteen at the time of her marriage, and for sixty-five years she lived on the old Armstrong farm. Besides the land he acquired in 1843 Joel also bought twenty-five acres of the other half of the place.

Eight of the children of Joel Armstrong reached mature years. Ann, the oldest, was first married to Evi Stratton, who was killed in the battle of Perryville, Kentucky, in 1862, and she afterwards became the wife of Joseph Haycock and spent her last years in Iowa. Elizabeth T. is the widow of James Templin, living at Patmos in Goshen Township. William T. was a member of the same battery as his brother-in-law Stratton, and died of wounds received at the battle of Perryville. Martha D. lives in Nebraska, widow of Jacob Templin, a Civil war veteran. The next in age is Sylvester H. Sarah S. became the wife of William Arnold, lived in Michigan and Indiana, but died at Canfield, and her sons Edwin and Sylvester are residents of Canfield. Robert L., who became owner of the old farm with the stone house which has since been sold out of the family, was killed at the railroad crossing near Sebring at the age of fifty, and his wife, Judith Ann Stanley, is now the widow of Peter Buford and lives in California.

The seventy-four years since his birth Sylvester H. Armstrong has spent with few intervals on the farm that was his birthplace. He acquired a good education in the local schools and one term at Mt. Union College, and at the age of nineteen began teaching in the home district. He taught there for eight terms, and also helped his mother carry on the farm at the same time. His school work altogether included twenty-three terms, all but one in Mahoning County. During those years he was a leader in educational affairs, taking part in teachers' meetings, literary societies and other organizations. Besides the operation of the Walnut Grove Farm he has had other business interests. For six years he operated portable sawmills, both on his own farm and at Patmos and in other tracts of timber which he bought. He also operated the sandstone quarry and

got out the material which he used in the construction of several bridges.

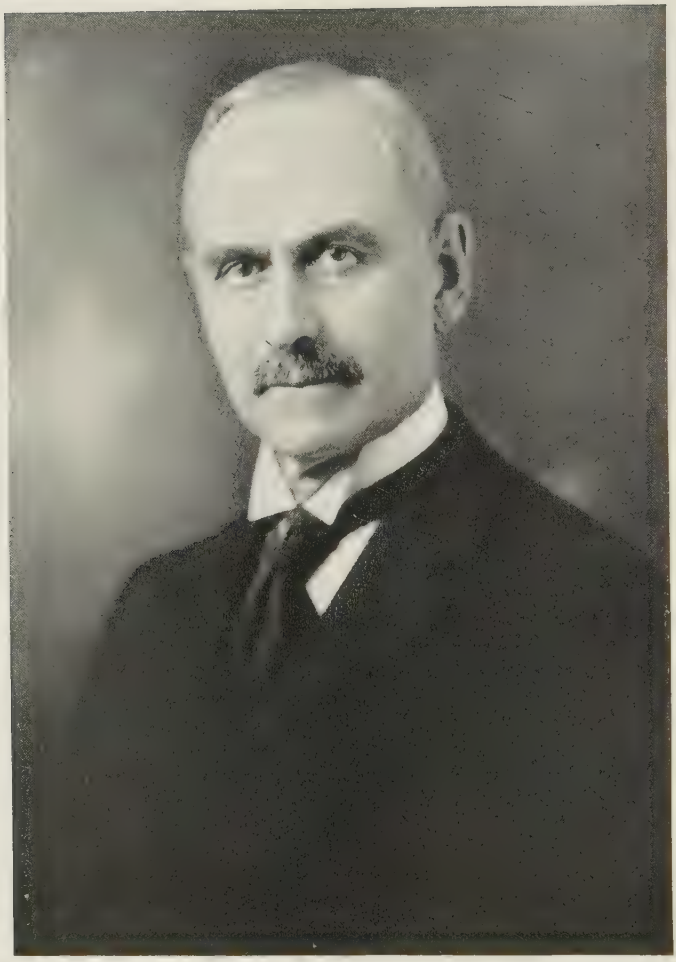
At the age of twenty-one Mr. Armstrong was elected township clerk, serving two terms. For thirty-six years, continuous except for one interval of two years, he was justice of the peace of the locality, and performed his duties, including marriages, with a singular fidelity and efficiency. He finally refused to qualify again for this office. He has done much party work in conventions. Mr. Armstrong is not a birthright Quaker, since his mother became a member of the church after her marriage. For many years Mr. Armstrong has been affiliated with the Methodist Church, is still teaching the young men's class in Sunday school, and has participated in Sunday school conventions. He was formerly a Granger, is a member of the Farm Bureau, and for two years was president of the Goshen Fair, which continued as a display and exhibit organization for over ten years.

One of the pupils in the first school that Mr. Armstrong taught was Adriana Johnson. In 1873 she became his wife. Her parents, Mathew and Susan Johnson, had come from Columbiana County to Goshen in 1863, and Mrs. Armstrong grew up here. To their marriage were born four children. William, who operates a general store and is postmaster at Garfield on the Pennsylvania Railway three miles from the old homestead, is married and his daughter Carrie is the wife of Park Sampson, of Churchill, Ohio. Mary Armstrong became the wife of Ira Stanley, a contractor and builder at Beloit, Ohio, and her children are named Walter, Robert, Charlotte, Gertrude and Leroy. Stella is the wife of Ernest Riley, a Goshen Township farmer, and their family consists of Edna, Mildred, Elnora and Martha. Robert J. Armstrong married Hattie Snyder and has a daughter Margaret, now three years of age. Robert J. Armstrong is now the active manager of the Walnut Grove Farm and is doing a successful work as a livestock man, keeping dairy cattle and breeding Belgian horses and Berkshire swine.

Samuel D. Culp, a well-to-do farmer now retired from active farming, has a comfortable home situated about one mile northwest of Columbiana. He is widely known throughout the county, and comes of the well-known pioneer family of that patronymic. He has lived a useful, active and worthwhile life of successful enterprises and helpful public interest. He has been township trustee and a member of the school board, and has always been considered a good public-spirited citizen and a reliable, unselfish neighbor.

He was born in Beaver Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on October 8, 1860, the son of Joseph and Mary (Bixler) Culp. The Culp family was originally from Holland, but for more than two centuries has been resident in America. The Culp family is among the old colonial families of Virginia, and is of record in Rockingham County of that state from 1675 until 1804, when Michael Culp, son of Philip, who reached the age of 105 years, removed to Fayette County, Pennsylvania, and eleven years later, in 1815, moved to Beaver, Pennsylvania, in the following year coming into Ohio and settling in Beaver Township, to the westward of East Lewistown, Mahoning County. Michael Culp died there in old age, seventy-eight years. His son Henry, who was born in Rockingham County, Virginia and subsequently went with his parents to Fayette County, Pennsylvania, and eventually came into Ohio with them, married Elizabeth Clupper, also of Rockingham County, Virginia. He died in Beaver Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, in 1868, aged eighty-two years, his wife living until she had reached her eighty-eighth year. They were people of strict Christian practice, and belonged to the Mennonite Church at Midway, where Michael Culp had been buried, and where they also were eventually buried. Henry and Elizabeth (Clupper) Culp were the parents of twelve children, by name: Magdeline, who married Henry Bucher and died in Mahoning County; George, who went to Elkhart, Indiana, where he was a successful farmer, lived a long life and died there, reaching nonagenarian age; Elizabeth, who married Melchoir Mellinger and died in Mahoning County, Ohio; Michael, who reached the extreme age of ninety-six years; Anthony, who also went into Indiana, settling in Elkhart County, where he died in old age; John, whose life was similar to that of his brothers George and Anthony; Fanny, who married Nicholas Bixler, and for the remainder of her life lived in Beaver Township, Mahoning County; Joseph, father of Samuel D., of whom more follows; Henry, who also moved to Elkhart, Indiana; Barbara, who went to Indiana and married Henry Heatwale; Jacob, who died in Beaver Township; and Samuel. The Culp family is remarkable in one respect; the longevity of its scions has been notable; and of the twelve children of Henry and Elizabeth (Clupper) Culp all excepting Samuel, who died in infancy, lived beyond their seventieth year, some reaching into the nineties.

Joseph, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Clupper) Culp, was born in Beaver Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, in 1818, and spent his whole life of seventy years there. During his active years of farming he was one of the leading agriculturists of the township, and one of its largest land-owners. He also owned land in Indiana, that connection probably coming through his brothers who had moved into that state and acquired land there. He died in 1888, aged seventy years. Forty-four years previously in Fayette County, Pennsylvania, he had married Mary Bixler. Her home was in Fayette County and there she had lived since her birth. Her brother, Joseph Bixler, was a Mennonite minister, and had charge of the Midway Church, which the Culp family attended. That probably explains how Mary Bixler and Joseph Culp became known to each other. The Rev. Joseph Bixler eventually became a bishop of the Mennonite Church. He died at the age of eighty-two years, and was buried at Midway. Mary (Bixler) Culp reached the venerable age of ninety-four years, her death not coming until August 22, 1918. She was born in 1824, and lived a widowhood of twenty-nine years. Joseph Culp was a capable, industrious farmer, and was a good, responsible citizen and consistent churchman for the greater part of his life, but he did not enter actively into public affairs. The ten children of Joseph and Mary (Bixler) Culp were: Henry is



A. B. Bratsley

now living in retirement in Columbiana. Jacob, who also was successful in life, is now retired in Columbiana. Nancy married Samuel Harrold, of Columbiana. Elizabeth married Elias Cole, but did not live beyond middle age. William is a resident of Columbiana. Joseph, who was born in Beaver Township April 13, 1856, became an independent farmer at the age of twenty-one years, specializing in small fruits and vegetables for the Pittsburgh market. He retired to Columbiana in 1913, and latterly has been connected with the Harrold Tool Company. He was twenty-six years old when he married Etta Salathee, of Elkhart County, Indiana, but there has been no issue. Susanne died at the age of fourteen years. Of Samuel D., more is written hereinafter. Isaac is a rural free delivery carrier at Columbiana. John is still actively farming in Columbiana County.

Samuel D. Culp, eighth child of Joseph and Mary (Bixler) Culp, was born in Beaver Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, in October, 1860. His boyhood was passed on the home farm and in attendance at district schools, and in course of time he became the owner of part of the paternal farm. In fact, he did much pioneer work on it. For twenty-five years he owned and operated a sawmill, cleared much standing timber from the home farm, and also his own farm of seventy-five acres; and although farming was his main occupation, he was a man of much energy and enterprise, and during his active life carried through several timber enterprises successfully, buying tracts of land that had not been developed, clearing the standing timber, which he would saw into lumber, and afterward sell the cut-over farm for agricultural purposes. As a farmer he succeeded well, and he did not retire until the fall of 1919, when a neat bungalow he had erected in a very desirable situation, about a mile distant from Columbiana, on the Cox market route, No. 14, was ready for occupancy, since which time he and his wife have resided there in quiet comfort. The saw mill was continued in operation until about two years ago.

Mr. Culp has during his life followed local affairs somewhat closely. For many years he was a township trustee, and for two terms was a member of the school board. Politically he is a republican, but has never been an office-seeker. In religious matters he has held closely to the faith of his ancestors and has been a member of the Midway Mennonite Church since early manhood. He was twenty-four years old when he married Mary Matilda Feicht, daughter of Gideon Feicht and granddaughter of David and Rachel (Steffey) Feicht, who prior to their marriage were both members of the Economy Community, a strict religious sect which enforced celibacy among its adherents. Therefore, when David Feicht and Rachel Steffey resolved to marry they were excommunicated, and in later life became members of the Lutheran Church. David Feicht was a pioneer settler in Beaver Township, he and his wife settling at Pine Lake in that township, and there they lived until old age, the death of David Feicht being directly the result of physical injuries he sustained on the home farm. Gideon, his son, also remained in the county.

To Samuel D. and Mary Matilda (Feicht) Culp have been born four children: Florence, who married Dr. John Haberding, of Youngstown; Harrison, who married Josephine Brook, and now operates the home farm; Walter, who has finished his schooling, including a course in a business college, and will apparently enter commercial life, in executive capacity; Norman, who died at the age of fourteen months. The son Walter was not one of those fortunate young patriots who were called into national service under the Selective Draft during the World war. He registered for war service, but was never called.

Albert Buell Cratsley. Prominent in the citizenship of Warren, member of an old established family of the third generation in the Mahoning Valley, Albert Buell Cratsley has divided his years and energies advantageously between farming, industrial affairs and public business.

He was born on the old Cratsley homestead in Vienna Township, Trumbull County, on February 26, 1858. His ancestry is Holland-Dutch and the American line runs back to Jacob Cratsley, who came over from Holland in 1748 and settled in New Jersey. His brother Matthias served as a volunteer in the American army with a New Jersey regiment during the Revolutionary war and was killed in battle.

Frederick Cratsley, son of the founder of the American branch of the family, Jacob, was born in Hunterdon County, New Jersey, in 1786 and was the pioneer of the family in the Mahoning Valley. From New Jersey he removed to Canandaigua County, New York. His wife was Emma Chamberlin, who was born in New Jersey of English Puritan stock. Accompanied by his wife and five children, Frederick Cratsley came to the Mahoning Valley in 1836, and at that time settled on the old farm in Vienna Township. His oldest son, William, located in Fowler Township, Trumbull County, while his second son, Jacob, subsequently returned to New York. Frederick Cratsley died in Vienna, while his wife, Emma, passed away in Howland Township.

John Cratsley, son of Frederick and Emma (Chamberlin) Cratsley, was born in Canandaigua County, New York, May 23, 1829, and was a boy of seven years when the family came to Ohio. He grew up on the old farm in Vienna Township, was married there, and thereafter devoted his vigorous years to farming his own land in Howland Township. In 1881 he removed to Warren, and lived retired until his death on June 30, 1915. John Cratsley married Mary J. Love, who was born in Hubbard Township, Trumbull County, January 25, 1836, and died in Warren on November 26, 1900. Her parents were Hugh and Jane (Campbell) Love. The Loves were Scotch-Irish people who came over from Ireland about 1700 and settled in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, where Robert Love, father of Hugh, was born. Robert Love came to the Mahoning Valley at the beginning of the nineteenth century and settled in Hubbard Township. Hugh Love was born February 25, 1805. John and Mary Cratsley had a son and daughter, Albert B. and Emma. The latter is Mrs. Robert J. Smith, of Warren.

Albert B. Cratsley grew to manhood on his father's farm in Howland Township, attended district schools there and in 1883 embarked on an independent career

as a farmer in the same township. He was identified with the agricultural affairs of that locality until 1900, in which year he removed to Warren. For several years thereafter he was a traveling salesman for a directory company, and subsequently traveled as field superintendent for the Warren City Tank and Boiler Company until 1917. Mr. Cratsley in 1917 was appointed deputy county treasurer, and in the August primaries of 1920 he was nominated for county treasurer. The name Cratsley is familiarly associated with the office of county treasurer of Trumbull County, since his son John C., now of the Union Savings and Trust Company of Warren, twice held that office.

Mr. Cratsley is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member and secretary of the board of directors of the Masonic Temple and is a member of the Masonic Club. He is an elder in the First Presbyterian Church.

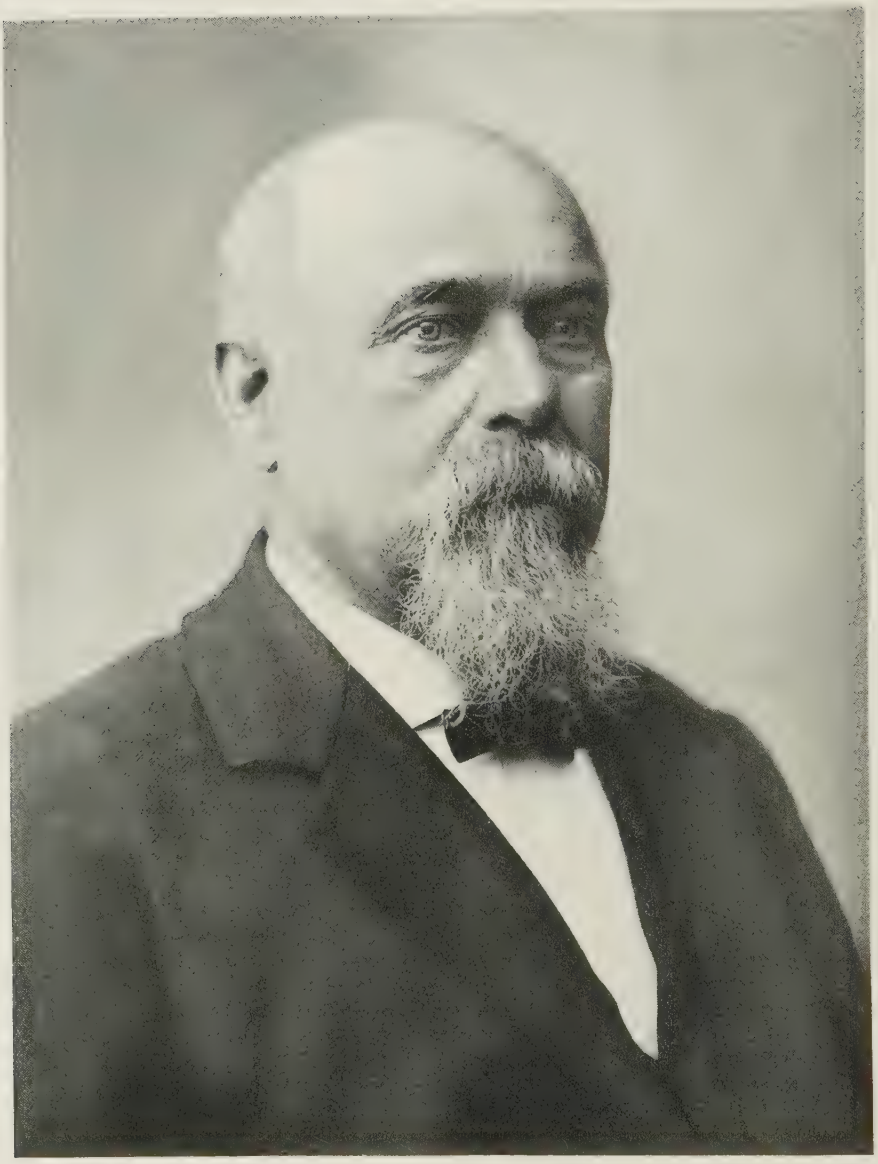
Mr. Cratsley married Lottie Elizabeth Herst, who was born in Braceville Township, Trumbull County, April 19, 1858, daughter of John and Sarah (Craig) Herst, natives of Ireland. Her parents came to America on their wedding trip in 1840, and settled in Braceville Township, and both are now deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Cratsley have one son and one daughter, John C. and Mary Alice. The son, a well known banker and popular citizen of Warren, was born December 2, 1883. The daughter, who was born June 6, 1885, is the wife of Earl G. Jenkins, formerly of New York state, now a resident of Elyria, Ohio, where he is engaged in the undertaking business.

Frank Fitch passed his entire life in Mahoning County and was long numbered among the prosperous and enterprising farmers of Ellsworth Township. He was a man of ability and sterling integrity, and was a representative of one of the prominent and honored pioneer families of the Mahoning Valley.

On the old home farm of his parents, one mile north of the Village of Ellsworth, Mr. Fitch was born on the 20th of September, 1842, and his death occurred January 4, 1903. He was reared under the conditions that marked the middle-pioneer period in the history of Mahoning County, where his educational advantages were those of the common schools of the day. His entire active career was marked by close and successful association with farm enterprise, and while he was liberal and loyal as a citizen he never had any desire for public office. He enlisted for service as a soldier in an Ohio regiment which went forth in defense of the Union in the Civil war, but while with his command in the South he was attacked with typhoid fever and taken to a hospital at Norfolk, Virginia, his illness having incapacitated him for further active service, so that he was given an honorable discharge. Prior to his illness he had taken part in a number of engagements and had proved his true soldierly qualities. In later years he was actively affiliated with the Grand Army of the Republic, he was a republican in politics and was a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church, in the faith of which he was reared.

March 2, 1867, recorded the marriage of Mr. Fitch to Miss Martha B. McNeilly, who was born in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, May 1, 1846, record concerning the McNeilly family being entered on other pages of this work. After his marriage Mr. Fitch established his home on a farm a short distance north of the old homestead on which he was born, and he made this one of the model rural estates of the county, as he erected good buildings and made excellent improvements in other ways. On this place he continued to reside until his death. A few years later his widow sold this property and purchased the old Harvey Clingerman home in Ellsworth, and she now resides in this latter place. Mrs. Fitch is a zealous member of the Presbyterian Church, and during the World war she was active in Red Cross work in Mahoning County. Of the children the eldest is Elizabeth, who remains with her widowed mother; Jesse, a farmer in Canfield Township, married Amanda Knauf, and they have two children, Odessa and Frederick; Charles, who was bookkeeper and treasurer in the large feed store of Albert Bierly at Youngstown, died October 4, 1918, at the age of forty-four years, his widow, whose maiden name was Jessie Kirk, with their two children, Josephine and Richard, now residing in the home of her father, R. M. Kirk, of whom specific mention is made on other pages of this work; Bertha died when about twenty years of age; John died in childhood.

Richard Fitch, Sr., grandfather of the subject of this memoir, came, in company with his brothers, William and Charles, from Salisbury, Connecticut, in 1806, to become a pioneer settler in the historic old Connecticut Western Reserve in Ohio. The three brothers, with their families, settled in what is now Mahoning County, but several years later William and Charles removed to Seneca County. William later returned to Mahoning County and engaged in farming two miles north of Ellsworth, but he passed the closing years of his life in Wayne Township, Ashtabula County, where he died at the age of ninety-four years. Charles Fitch became a farmer in St. Joseph County, Michigan, but was a resident of the City of Chicago at the time of his death, when eighty years of age. Richard Fitch, Sr., married Lucinda Buell, of Cornwall, Connecticut, and she accompanied him to the wilds of the Western Reserve. For many years they conducted an old-time inn, or tavern, at Ellsworth Center, and this historic landmark is still standing, its utilization as a hotel having continued until within the last decade. Richard Fitch was one of the contractors who constructed the old turnpike road near Lisbon, and later he was a contractor in connection with the construction of the canal from Cleveland to Akron. Mr. Fitch died in 1864, at the age of eighty-four years, and his wife passed away in 1856, aged seventy-five years, the old homestead being now occupied by one of their granddaughters, this house having been erected in 1837. Richard and Lucinda Fitch were parents of ten children, of whom eight attained to adult years: Henrietta became the wife of Paschal Lloyd and died in 1827, at the age of twenty-five years; Sally Antoinette, born in 1804, became the wife of John Binham and was about ninety-five years of age at the time of her death; Mary Lucinda, the third child, born in Ellsworth Township June 30,



F. Krehl

1806, became the wife of Robert Huntington, her death having occurred in 1840; Jesse Buell died at the age of thirty-three years; Lucy Maria became the wife of Martin Allen and she passed away in 1904; Richard, Jr., father of the subject of this memoir, was born August 4, 1815, and died September 18, 1888; Ann Eliza, the wife of William Ripley, died in 1847; and Adeline died at the age of nineteen years.

Richard Fitch, Jr., was born and reared in Mahoning County, where, on the 8th of March, 1838, he wedded Nancy Webb, daughter of John Webb, a farmer and cooper in Ellsworth Township, whither he came from Connecticut, his death having occurred in Ellsworth Township, after he was somewhat more than ninety years of age. Richard Fitch passed the closing period of his life in the home now occupied by his daughter Addie, his widow having survived him by six years and having passed to eternal rest in January, 1894, both having been earnest members of the Presbyterian Church, in which he served as an elder for a number of years prior to his death. He was a republican and held for several years the office of justice of the peace. Of the children four attained to years of maturity and Frank, subject of this memoir, was the eldest of the number. Jerusha, who died in 1915, aged seventy-one years, was the wife of Porter McNeilly, of whom mention is made on other pages. Addie has been a resident of Ellsworth Township from the time of her birth and is now living in the house erected by her paternal grandfather in 1837, the old homestead having, however, recently been sold, so that by the time this publication is issued from the press she will be residing elsewhere than on the place that had so long been in the possession of the family. She has been active in church and Red Cross work and is a woman of gracious presence, loved by those who have come within the sphere of her influence. She has never married. Colbert, who died in 1892 at the age of thirty-eight years, had maintained charge of the old home farm, his wife, whose maiden name was Ora Beardsley, being likewise deceased, and their two daughters, Ethel and Frances, being now in the care of members of the family.

John E. Neff. While for nearly thirty years his home has been in the Village of Canfield, John E. Neff still has most of his active interests out in the country on his farm. For upwards of half a century he has been one of the prominent farmers, stock raisers and stock feeders in Mahoning County.

He was born a mile and three-quarters east of Canfield February 24, 1849, son of Martin and Catherine (Wilson) Neff. His father was born March 24, 1826, and when this was written was still alive, one of the oldest men in the county. John E. Neff was the only son of his parents. There were four daughters: Mrs. Caroline Baird, of Beaver Township; Elizabeth, who died at the age of fifteen; Mrs. Mary Blackburn, who died young; and Mrs. Lois Edsell.

John E. Neff grew up on the home farm. In 1870 he married Harriet Seanzebecher. Her father, John Seanzebecher, came to the United States when a lad with his parents. He was a tanner by trade, and after locating at Canfield married Sarah Oswald. He developed a very successful tanning industry at Canfield, and subsequently built a large tannery along the railroad tracks. He not only made leather but converted his product into belting. The business was profitably continued until larger plants under corporation management absorbed it. John Seanzebecher subsequently moved to a farm near the Neff homestead, and it was this propinquity of residence that made John Neff acquainted with his future wife. John Seanzebecher died in the village of Canfield at the age of ninety-one.

For twenty years after his marriage John E. Neff remained at the old homestead, farming, buying and feeding and shipping cattle. He also opened a meat market in the village, and was associated with his son in that enterprise for a number of years, finally turning its management over to the son. With his son Calvin he was also in the general merchandise business for about ten years, and for three years operated a livery stable. Mr. Neff still retains the old farm, comprising 340 acres, and so divided into range that it constitutes three distinct farms with two sets of building improvements. He has been very fortunate in his tenants, and from father to son has had one family for forty years. Mr. Neff still owns the cattle, sheep and other livestock on the farm and uses his land as a profitable feeding ground, frequently buying carloads of stock in Chicago and after keeping it through the winter, sending direct to market.

Mr. Neff moved to the village of Canfield in 1891, primarily for the purpose of educating his children, and subsequently found it to his interest to remain, his farm being in good hands. Mr. Neff has never cared for politics, has voted for the man best qualified, though nominally he is a democrat. His children are five sons and one daughter. The daughter, Sarah, lives at home. Ensign is a dealer in hides, living at Canfield and married May Porter, who died in 1918. The other sons are Martin, Cyrus H., Calvin and Roy J.

Frederick Krehl. At the venerable age of eighty Frederick Krehl is living in Girard, the city that has been his home sixty-five years, and to its industries and general welfare he has contributed a generous measure equal to that of any other pioneer.

Through the activities of Frederick Krehl Girard at one time ranked as one of the leading centers of leather manufacture in the country. Frederick Krehl was born at Ludwigsburg, Wurtemberg, Germany, February 6, 1840. He acquired an elementary education in his native land, but at the age of thirteen started out in company with several companions bound for America. They did not come direct, their journeyings extending from December 27, 1853, to December 10, 1854. At the latter date Mr. Krehl landed in New York after a voyage of fifty-four days from Antwerp, Belgium. By railroad he came west through Dunkirk, New York, to Cleveland, thence to Enon Valley, rode a stage to Petersburg, and from there went to Canfield and served four years as a tanner's apprentice. He worked as a journeyman tanner at Lowellville two years, then with his modest savings bought from Elmadorus

Crandon the tannery at Girard. This business he prosecuted with that tremendous energy characteristic of him, made it one of Girard's principal industries, and for many years one of the largest sources of leather in the country. The business enjoyed special prosperity during the Civil war and the few subsequent years.

In 1868 Louis Hauser of Girard became a partner in the business, and remained for seventeen years before retiring. After that the business was continued as F. Krehl & Sons Leather Company, with Fred Krehl, Jr., and J. Charles Krehl as active associates with their father. The history of the noted Girard tannery comes to a close with a fire in the fall of 1904 that completely destroyed the factory building, entailing a loss of over $250,000. The Krehls made no attempt to reconstruct the plant, and in later years Frederick Krehl has employed his time largely in scientific farming and in matters of public welfare.

A few years ago a correspondent of the Youngstown Telegram writing of him as a Girard old timer obtained some interesting personal reminiscences that recall early history in Girard. "He vividly recalls his coming to Girard at the age of twenty years and taking up his residence with Mr. Crandon, of whom he had purchased the tannery. The Crandon home was the large square house which stands in High Street near the site of the old tannery. At the time that Mr. Krehl went to live there he had for associates, Professor Caldwell, Girard's first superintendent of schools, who later became a distinguished member of the bar in Cuyahoga County; Dr. Barclay, a pioneer physician; Thomas Brierly, now of Warren; and the late Angus McDonald. The late Judge Mason, Mr. Crandon's father-in-law, was also a member of the household.

"At that time Girard had but one church and only two schoolhouses. The old church and one of the schoolhouses still stand side by side in High Street and are at present used for the primary grades of the local schools. The other schoolhouse stood facing Liberty Street, where Market Street now intersects Liberty between Watson's drug store and the Girard Savings and Banking Company."

Mr. Krehl was also associated with other public-spirited citizens during the early sixties in erecting a building on Jefferson Square for school purposes and town hall. This structure of two stories stood many years as a schoolhouse and public meeting place, and through the efforts of Mr. Krehl a few years ago the building was remodeled and rededicated as a village municipal quarters.

Mr. Frederick Krehl has taken an active interest in all public affairs. He served as a member of the village's first councilmanic body. He subsequently served two terms on the Council and also as a member of the Board of Education. Some of his public services were also expressed through his active membership on the Board of Trade.

J. Charles Krehl, his son, was born at Girard February 12, 1863. He was born in the old homestead where his father now lives, just across the street from the modern home of Charles Krehl. At the age of eighteen he completed his work in the Girard High School, later took a bookkeeping course in Duff's Business College in Pittsburg, and, as noted above, was actively associated with his father in the tannery plant until that business was closed by the fire of 1904. After that he was a leading dealer in hides, associated with his brother-in-law, Charles G. Force, until March, 1918. Their place of business was at the old tannery site. Mr. Krehl is a vice president of the First National Bank and a director of the Home Savings and Loan Company. He is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Lutheran Church and affiliated with the order of Elks.

In July, 1881, he married Fannie Irene Wilson, who was born July 21, 1861, daughter of Samuel Hayden Wilson, for many years connected with the Girard Stove Works. The Wilson family has long been identified with Girard, coming here from West Middlesex, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Krehl's ancestry was colonial American and some of her forefathers were in the Revolutionary war. Mrs. Krehl, who died June 30, 1919, was the mother of five children. The oldest is John H. Krehl, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere. Ben F. is a partner in the firm of Vaughan & Krehl at Girard. Sarah C. is the wife of O. H. Stringer, a druggist on Mahoning Avenue in Youngstown. Grace E. is at home, and Edith J. is the wife of William Haig Ramage, a department superintendent of the Brier Hill Steel Plant. There were two other children, Ira and Philip, who died in childhood.

Charles H. Kline, whose model homestead farm is eligibly situated in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, has gained prestige as one of the representative exponents of agricultural and livestock industry in his native county and is well upholding the prestige of a family name that has been one of no little prominence in connection with the civic and industrial annals of the county.

Charles Howard Kline was born on the farm now owned by Isaac Bedell, in the southwestern part of Berlin Township, and the date of his nativity was October 28, 1864. He is a son of Heman and Martha E. (Folk) Kline, whose marriage was solemnized December 31, 1863. Heman Kline was born in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, October 6, 1844, and his death occurred March 11, 1903. His wife was born at Southington, Trumbull County, November 7, 1841, and she passed to the life eternal on the 29th of January, 1899. Mrs. Kline was a daughter of John and Mary (Calhoun) Folk, the former of whom was a native of Pennsylvania. John Folk came with his family to Mahoning County and in addition to developing a fine landed estate in Berlin Township he also operated a saw mill for a number of years, his death having occurred in 1881 and his widow having passed away in 1888. Of their children Martha E., mother of the subject of this sketch, was the eldest, and she was a girl at the time of the family removal to Mahoning County, where she passed the remainder of her life. Heman Kline was a son of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Arner) Kline, who were residents of Canfield Township at the time of their death, the father having there been a prosperous farmer and substantial citizen, his death having occurred about 1870. At the time of the

Civil war Jonathan Kline hired substitutes for his four sons, none of whom was thus called into military service. Gabriel, the eldest son, was a resident of Youngstown at the time of his death; Solomon died at Berlin Center; Peter continued to reside in Canfield Township until his death; and Heman was the youngest of the four.

Shortly after his marriage Heman Kline established his home in Berlin Township, and there he engaged in the operation of a lime kiln, this line of enterprise having been one of no little economic importance and his activities as a manufacturer of lime having continued nearly forty years, besides which he operated a cider mill during essentially a like period. He became the owner of three farms, with an aggregate area of 350 acres, and all in the vicinity of Christietown. During the last few years of his life Mr. Kline lived retired in the village of Berlin Center, his farm properties having been sold after his death, and his landed estate having been one of the largest and most valuable in Berlin Township. He was reared in the faith of the democratic party, but transferred his allegiance to the republican party, both he and his wife having been earnest members of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Berlin Center, of which he served as an official, besides having aided liberally in the erection of the church building. Of the three children Charles Howard, of this review, is the eldest; Warren Clarence resides at Youngstown; and Ida May, who died March 5, 1905, at the age of thirty-three years and four months, was the wife of Joseph Cobbs, now a resident of Salem, Columbiana County.

Charles H. Kline gained in his youth a full quota of experience in connection with the activities of his father's farm operations, and in the meanwhile he profited fully by the advantages afforded in the public schools. After his marriage, which occurred in 1892, he and his wife settled on the old homestead farm of the latter's maternal grandfather, the late William Best, this place having been that on which the mother of Mrs. Kline was born and reared. On this farm Mr. Kline continued operations until 1905, when he removed to his present farm of 123 acres, one mile north of Berlin Center, besides which he and his wife continue to own the old farm of William Best, which comprises 173 acres. On the Best farm Mr. Kline erected new buildings, including a modern barn. The old house on the place was erected by William Best when his daughter, mother of Mrs. Kline, was ten years of age. William Best was born December 7, 1806, and his marriage to Anna Morrison was solemnized October 28, 1834. They were honored pioneer citizens of Mahoning County at the time of their death. The old Best homestead is now operated by a tenant, and Mr. and Mrs. Kline also own 174 acres in Milton Township, near the old-time Village of Frederick, this having been a part of the estate of Mrs. Kline's father, Robert Weasner, of whom individual mention is made on other pages of this work. This farm likewise is rented to a desirable tenant. Mr. Kline has been a progressive and successful exponent of agricultural and livestock industry, is loyal and liberal as a citizen and was serving as township trustee at the time when the good-roads movement had its tangible inception in Mahoning County. He is a republican, and both he and his wife hold membership in the Lutheran Church.

March 3, 1892, recorded the marriage of Mr. Kline to Miss Lee Etta Alverda Weasner, daughter of Robert Weasner, who is now living retired at Berlin Center. Mr. and Mrs. Kline have one daughter, Dorothy R., who was a member of the class of 1920 in the high school at Berlin Center.

Chester Bedell was a man whose strong intellectual grasp and independence of thought and action marked him as one whose individuality could never be obscure, and he was always ready to affirm and uphold his honest convictions, without fear or favor. While his attitude in this respect could not but cause antagonism at times, yet the sterling qualities of the man were such that none could fail to accord to him confidence and esteem and to admire his intellectual courage. Mr. Bedell impressed his individuality in no uncertain way, was loyal to his friends, even as he was true to his convictions, and as a citizen his influence was ever cast for what was right and good. He was one of the distinct characters of Mahoning County, where he lived and wrought worthily for many years and where he died September 1, 1908, at the venerable age of eighty-one years, eight months and twenty-five days.

From a remarkable autobiographical brochure published by Mr. Bedell in 1897 are mainly assembled the data for the following brief and merited memoir.

Chester Bedell was born in Sandystone Township, Sussex County, New Jersey, December 6, 1826, and thus he was a lad of about eight years when in 1835 his parents came to what is now Mahoning County and established their home on a pioneer farm in Berlin Township. Here he continued to reside continuously, save for an interval of about two years, until the close of his long and earnest life. He was a son of Isaac and Cornelia (Decker) Bedell, the lineage of the Bedell family tracing back to the early Holland settlement in what is now our national metropolis. Stephen Bedell, grandfather of the subject of this memoir, was born in Southern New Jersey and as a young man removed to Sussex County, that state, and bought a farm in Sandystone Township, where he died about 1838 and where he reared his family of five sons and four daughters. Cornelia (Decker) Bedell was of low-Dutch ancestry, her father having settled on the shore of the Delaware River. Isaac Bedell and his wife were born in Sandystone Township, Sussex County, New Jersey, in the closing period of the eighteenth century, and in his native county Mr. Bedell provided for his family by applying himself to farm enterprise and various incidental vocations. At the time of the War of 1812 he was called to assist in keeping the British out of New York, and he finally received a commission as colonel from the governor of New Jersey. Ambitious to provide a better home for his family, Isaac Bedell came to Ohio in the year 1835, the overland trip having been made with team and wagon, and upon his arrival his available financial resources did not exceed $500. The first winter was passed in Portage County, and finally he purchased a small tract of land in that county, near Standing Rock. He endured countless hardships and afflictions,

not the least of which was the development of a cancer on his face, while a bone cancer finally necessitated the amputation of one of the legs of his devoted wife. He died in the summer of 1850 and his widow passed away in the following year. Both were earnest members of the Methodist Church.

Chester Bedell was reared to manhood under the pioneer conditions in the Mahoning Valley, and while his early educational advantages were limited, his alert mentality demanded and found ways and means to insure development, and he became a man of broad intellectuality. He read extensively and with discrimination during his whole mature life, wrote with classical precision of diction and gave no evidence of the lack of higher academic training. As a young man he was able to indulge himself in a trip through New England, and in 1844 he and his parents passed the winter in New Jersey. He had deep appreciation of the broadening effects of travel, and in this line his experience was limited only by his means. He and his wife attended the Centennial Exposition at Philadelphia, besides visiting other eastern cities. For many years he made annual trips to Chicago to buy cattle. He had previously visited the exposition at Atlanta, Georgia, while Union soldiers were still in camp there, and in 1889 he made a trip through England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales. Mr. Bedell was emphatically of an open and inquiring mind, and thus he grew in intellectual stature in each successive stage of his career, which was not without a full quota of tumultuous incidents. He became the owner of about 1,600 acres of land in Mahoning County, and was a leader in agricultural and livestock industry in the county for many years, his old homestead place in Berlin Township having been admirably improved and the home having always been open to extend cordial welcome to the many friends of the family. In politics Mr. Bedell was a democrat, but as in all other relations in life he refused to permit any restriction of his independence of thought. His attitude brought to him many antagonisms, but he never bent to opposition, and held consistently to the truth as he saw it. As a freethinker he was in advance of his times, and today a person of similar tenets would scarcely attract adverse criticism of the rampant order which he faced so inflexibly. He was a man of utmost sincerity, of abiding human sympathy, and had a high sense of personal stewardship. He was conscientious, loyal and upright—and all these things should be recalled in paying just tribute to the man as he stood among men, "four square to every wind that blows."

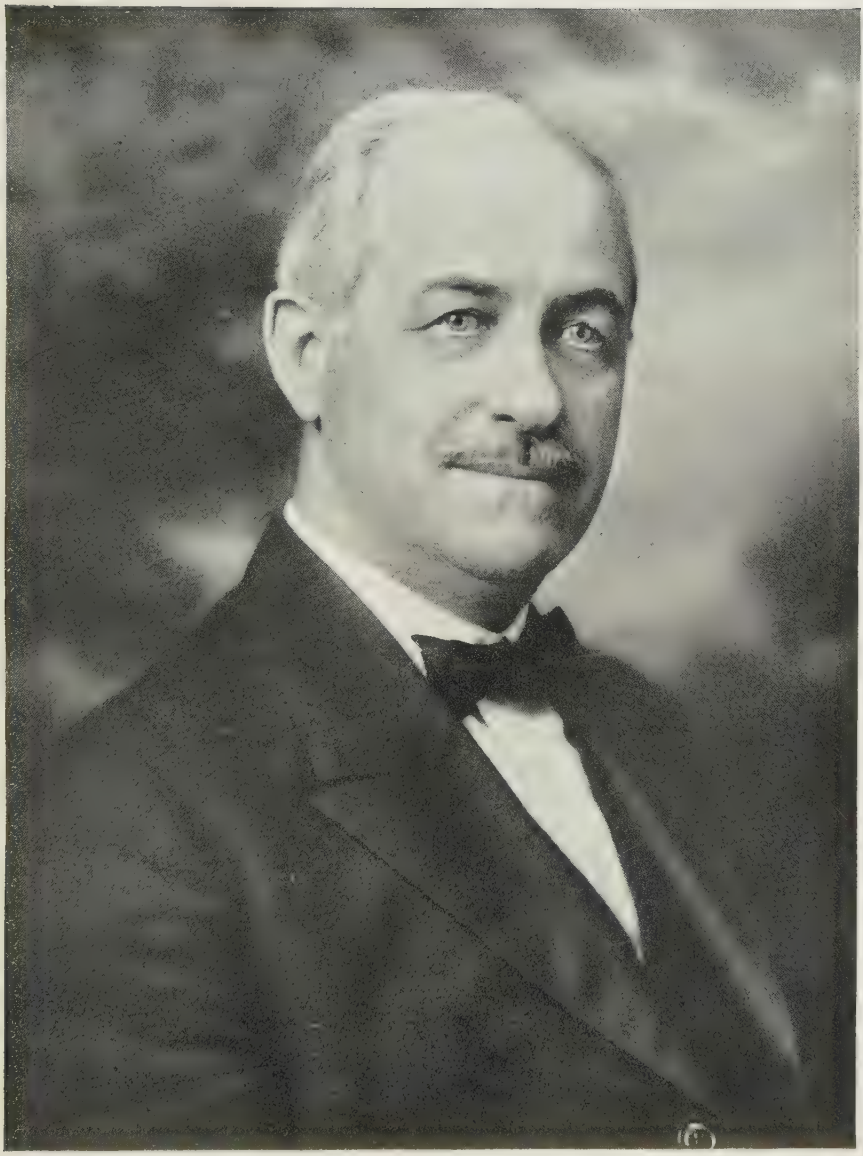
January 1, 1851, recorded the marriage of Mr. Bedell to Miss Mary Hartzell, daughter of Henry Hartzell, a representative citizen of Mahoning County at that time, and their companionship continued for more than half a century—until the death of Mr. Bedell, in 1908, Mrs. Bedell a woman of gentle and gracious personality, having passed away April 10, 1915, at the age of eighty-six years and seven months. They became the parents of eight children, concerning whom brief record is entered in conclusion of this memoir: Lemuel, who owned and operated a part of the large landed estate left by his father, died December 11, 1913; Elsie is the wife of Lewis Mock, of Berlin Center; Jennie is the wife of Wilson Middleton, of Deerfield Township, Portage County; Henry was a representative farmer in Goshen Township, Mahoning County, at the time of his death, August 22, 1915; James resides upon the old homestead farm of his father; Ann is the wife of Elmer Wharton, of Berlin Center; Isaac is individually mentioned in appending paragraphs; and Morris died in early youth.

Isaac Bedell, son of the late Chester Bedell, was born on the old home farm in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, June 22, 1868, and here he was reared to manhood, his educational advantages having been those afforded in the public schools. After his marriage, in 1896, he was for fourteen years engaged in farming on a place not far distant from his present home, and at the expiration of this period he became the owner of his present domain of 144 acres in Berlin Township, the same being considered one of the finest stock farms in the county. Mill Creek crosses the farm and adds definitely to its value and water facilities. As an agriculturist and stock grower Mr. Bedell is alert and progressive, and thus his success in this industrial field has been exceptional. He is a democrat in his political allegiance and is loyal and liberal as a citizen.

On the 24th of January, 1894, Mr. Bedell was united in marriage to Miss Rosella Walker, daughter of William H. and Lydia (Kronck) Walker, of Berlin Township, and the one child of this union, Earl Chester, born in April, 1895, is associated with his father in the work and management of the home farm.

John Ewing. Although he is now deceased, the influence of the upright life and honorable dealings of the late John Ewing remains and animates his descendants. He was a nobly gifted man, sincere and unselfish, patriotic and courageous, and attached to him by the firmest and most lasting bonds of friendship those with whom he was associated. John Ewing was born in the southeastern corner of Jackson Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on January 12, 1825, a son of John and Margaret (Orr) Ewing.

The Ewing family was founded in the United States in 1792 by Mrs. Ann Ewing, widow of Alexander Ewing, who brought her four children, Archibald, John, Catherine and Eleanor, from their old home in the north of Ireland to a new one across the ocean. The little party landed at Wilmington, Delaware, on September 5, 1792, from whence they went to Center County, Pennsylvania, and that continued to be their home for ten years. During that period Eleanor, the youngest, was married to William McElwee, and they established themselves on the old McElwee homestead, near Broughton, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. Archibald, the eldest, had married Sarah Pauley, but in 1802 joined his mother and the other two children, John and Catherine, in the westward migration to Austintown Township, then a part of Trumbull County, Ohio, and now a part of Mahoning County, the latter becoming the wife of Robert Kirkpatrick. Upon their arrival at their destination in Austintown Township, Trumbull County, they camped on



J. Calvin Ewing

the farm now owned by Frank R. Ewing in this township, near Ohl's Crossing. Here the venerable mother, Mrs. Ann Ewing, died on March 12, 1824, aged eighty-five years. This original farm has always remained in the possession of the Ewing family.

John Ewing, the elder, father of the John Ewing whose name heads this review, took up land adjoining the old farm, but in Jackson Township, in 1803. That same year he was married to Margaret Orr, and this was the first marriage of white persons in Jackson Township. He and his wife became the parents of the following children: Mary, who was the first white child born in Jackson Township, married Andrew Gault; Eleanor, who married William Ewing; Margaret, who married Doctor Withers; Alexander, who married Mary Ann Cook; Marjorie, who married Robert Gault; Anna, who married John Guthrie; Sarah, who married Francis R. Johnson; Gibson, who married Margaret Riddle; Martha, who married William Riddle; Catherine, who died unmarried; John, whose wife was Margaret Sterritt; and Rebecca, who died unmarried.

John Ewing, the younger, was reared in his native township and attended the district schools, assisting his father in operating the farm. The lessons he then learned were of practical use to him, for he was a farmer and stockraiser practically all of his life. In 1849 he married Margaret Sterritt of Muskingum County, Ohio, and their children were as follows: Samuel Oliver; Francis G.; Joseph R.; Mary Elizabeth, who married J. B. Kirkpatrick; Sarah Eleanor, who died unmarried in 1913; John Calvin and Margaret A., who were twins, the latter dying unmarried in 1883; and James Gibson, whose biography appears elsewhere in this work. John Ewing, like the rest of his family of his generation, was a Covenanter in religious belief, and died firm in its faith on June 12, 1907, his wife having passed away on June 1, 1890. He was a large man physically, standing 6 feet 3 inches in his stocking feet, proportioned according and weighing 240 pounds. Absolutely honest and generous to a fault, these excellent qualities resulted in his being defrauded out of practically all that he had earned during many years of endeavor. In addition to operating his farm, he carried on an extensive live stock business, supplying Niles, Ohio, then the most important city of that region, with its live stock for meat purposes, and in 1872 and 1873 accepted scrip in payment, which was the medium of circulation in that place and which proved to be worthless. In 1875 he moved to a small farm near Canfield, Ohio, in order to give his children better educational opportunities. He moved to Youngstown in 1892 and here spent the remainder of ihs life.

John Calvin Ewing, son of John Ewing, was born on February 26, 1863, on the old farm which his grandfather had bought in 1805, and there he lived until he was twelve years of age. At that time his parents took him to Canfield, and he attended the Canfield High School and the Northeastern Ohio Normal College, then conducted in the old courthouse. He was graduated from it in 1885 as a member of its first graduating class. While going to college he helped to defray his expenses by teaching in the district school of Green Township, Mahoning County, for which he was paid 90 cents per day. After completing his collegiate course he was made principal of the Canfield public schools, and after two years in that position was made principal of the schools of Lowellville. In the meanwhile he had become president of the Mahoning County Teachers' Association, and continued as such until he discontinued teaching. While at Lowellville he read law, and in 1891 left the educational field and entered the office of Gen. Ashael W. Jones at Youngstown. He was admitted to the bar by the Supreme Court of Ohio in October, 1892, and on January 1, 1893, entered upon an active practice, which he continued until 1900, when he was elected to the office of probate judge of Mahoning County, and discharged its onerous duties for six years. As opportunity offered, Judge Ewing invested in farm land to a considerable extent and made a hobby of raising pedigreed stock. In 1915 the county established an experimental farm, and bought one of Judge Ewing's properties for this purpose. At present Judge Ewing is devoting his energies and talents to his profession. He is a strong republican in his political convictions. The Presbyterian Church holds his membership.

On October 3, 1893, Judge Ewing was married to Eva Calvin, of Canfield, Ohio, and they have two children, James A. and Margaret. The daughter is an exceptionally bright young lady, who received her training in the Yale Private School and is now a junior in the Rayen High School. The son is a graduate of Cornell University and enlisted for service in the great war, but the armistice was signed before he was sent overseas. He is now associated with his father in partnership relations in the practice of law under the firm name of Ewing and Ewing, this being recognized as one of the strong combinations of the county, both partners being truly and highly fit representatives of their learned calling, one possessing as he does the varied experience and broad understanding which has come of his years at the bar and on the bench, and the other the enthusiasm of youth and its boundless ambitions.

Howard J. Woolf, who is serving as township trustee of Berlin Township, Mahoning County, and whose finely improved farm lies adjacent to the village of Berlin Center, was born on a farm near North Georgetown, Columbiana County, Ohio, December 20, 1860, and is a son of Frederick and Anna (Mounts) Woolf. Frederick Woolf was born in Pennsylvania, and was a youth when his parents came to Columbiana County, Ohio, where his father, George Woolf, purchased a section of land for two dollars an acre. Frederick Woolf became one of the substantial farmers and influential citizens of Columbiana County, where he continued to reside until his death in 1870, when in the prime of life. His widow later became the wife of John Whiteleather, and she still resides in Columbiana County, at the venerable age of eighty-one years.

Howard J. Woolf passed the period of his boyhood with his widowed mother on the home farm, and attended the public schools whenever opportunity offered. As the eldest in a family of five children he early assumed responsibilities in connection with providing for his own support. When but fourteen

years of age he found employment at farm work, and though he received his share of his father's estate, he continued his activities as a farm employe until the time of his marriage in 1885, when he went to Allen County, Indiana, and purchased a farm of 190 acres, five miles west of the City of Fort Wayne. He remained on this place twenty-three years, erected excellent buildings and developed the property into one of the best farms in the county. He finally sold the property at a very substantial profit, and he then, in 1907, returned to Ohio and purchased his present homestead of 117½ acres, adjacent to the village of Berlin Center. His financial resources and progressive policies have enabled him to make this one of the model farms of Mahoning County. He has enlarged and remodeled the house, which is now modern in design and equipment, has erected a large bank barn and has perfected a thorough system of tile draining on the place, so that it is well ordered in every way and renders substantial returns for the labor and capital invested. He has sold for residence purposes lots along that part of the farm which fronts on the main street of the village of Berlin Center, and thus has contributed much to the growth and material attractiveness of the village. He also purchased one of the old farms of his wife's father in Ellsworth Township, but this property he later sold. The beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. Woolf is a center of social activity in the community and is known for its generous hospitality and good cheer.

In politics Mr. Woolf is a democrat, and while he has never been ambitious for public office, his civic loyalty led him to serve as road superintendent while he was residing in Allen County, Indiana, even as it caused him to become a candidate for the office of township trustee of Berlin Township, Mahoning County, to which position he was elected in 1910, for a term of four years, and to which he was again elected in 1919, for a term of two years. Definitely progressive and liberal, he has stood firmly in favor of the good-roads movement and a general policy of wisely directed public improvements, with the result that his official and personal influence has been benignant during his service as township trustee. He is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias and is essentially one of the representative men of Berlin Township.

On the 8th of February, 1885, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Woolf to Miss Martha Diehl, who was born in the homestead adjacent to the old Diehl mill in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, February 25, 1861, and who is a daughter of Eli and Susan (Miner) Diehl, the latter of whom died August 4, 1888, at the age of fifty-eight years. Eli Diehl, who was long one of the leading citizens of Ellsworth Township, subsequently married Caroline Weaver, who survived him, but who likewise is now deceased, his death having occurred January 1, 1901, at Ellsworth Center. In conclusion is given brief record concerning the children of Mr. and Mrs. Woolf: Byron is a prosperous farmer of Berlin Township and is a carpenter by trade. Emerson, who is now a salesman for the Goodrich Tire & Rubber Company of Akron, Ohio, represented Mahoning County as a valiant young soldier in the late World war. He received thorough preliminary discipline in officers' training camps and was commissioned first lieutenant in a battalion of heavy artillery, with which he saw six months of active service in France. Mary is the wife of Stanley Rakestraw, of Berlin Center. Frederick, who is, in 1920, a student in Mount Union College, likewise entered the nation's service when America became involved in the great war. He was made first lieutenant and was with his command in active service overseas for fourteen months. Both Emerson and Frederick Woolf made admirable records for able and loyal service as soldiers and officers, and this service shall ever reflect honor upon them and upon the family name.

Benjamin F. Kirkbride was born at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, February 5, 1831, and before that year had far advanced the family home had been established on a pioneer farm in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, Ohio. Here Benjamin Franklin Kirkbride was reared under the conditions and influences that marked the early period in the history of the county, and it is certain that he profited fully by the advantages afforded in the common schools of the locality and period. Here he passed the remainder of his long and useful life, here he won prosperity through his close association with farm enterprise, and here he exemplified those sterling characteristics that invariably beget objective confidence and esteem, the while his strong mentality and practical ability well equipped him for much of leadership in community affairs. He was one of the honored pioneer citizens of Mahoning County at the time of his death, which occurred June 16, 1899, and to him a memorial tribute is due in this volume.

Mr. Kirkbride was a son of Robert and Sarah (Shaw) Kirkbride, both natives of the old Keystone state and both representatives of families who were members of the Society of Friends, the American founders of which came to Pennsylvania with the colony of William Penn. Robert Kirkbride was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in the year 1800, and in that state he continued his residence until 1831, when he came with his family to Mahoning County, Ohio, and settled in Berlin Township. The old home which he here provided for his family is still standing as one of the landmarks of the township, and is now owned by John Hoyles, who there has a blacksmith shop, one mile south of Berlin Station. Robert Kirkbride made the journey from Pennsylvania with team and wagon, some members of the family making the trip principally on horseback, and in the midst of the forest wilds of Berlin Township he began the reclamation of a farm. He and his wife were earnest members of the Society of Friends and in the early days probably held membership in the church of this denomination at Damascus, this county. Robert Kirkbride and his wife passed the remainder of their lives in Berlin Township, and their names merit enduring place on the roll of the honored pioneers of Mahoning County. Concerning their children the following data are available: Nancy, who died at North Benton, this county, was the wife of James Morris, who was killed in the battle of Lookout Mountain while serving as a member of an Ohio regiment in the Civil war; Ferdinand, who likewise was a soldier in the

Civil war, became a prosperous farmer in Deerfield Township, Portage County, where he died in 1897, at the age of seventy years; Mary married John Morris and they removed to Indiana, where she died at the age of twenty-nine years; Benjamin F., of this memoir, was the next in order of birth; Watson, who for many years was a blacksmith at North Benton, died in 1910, at the age of seventy-six years; James was residing on and operating the old family homestead in Berlin Township at the time of his death, in 1888, at the age of fifty-one years; Joseph, who was a soldier of the Union in the Civil war, conducted a blacksmith shop at Salem, Columbiana County, for many years, and there he died, a bachelor, in 1899, at the age of sixty-one years; Asher likewise went forth as a gallant young soldier of the Union, and sacrificed his life in the battle of Missionary Ridge; Mahlon, the only surviving member of this family of children, was another of the brothers who went forth as a soldier in the Civil war, and he is now a retired farmer residing at Damascus, Mahoning County.

Benjamin F. Kirkbride learned the trade of blacksmith at Canfield, and during the Civil war he was employed at his trade for several months in repairing government army wagons at Nashville, Tennessee. In 1876 he purchased the farm now under the management of his son Robert F. in Berlin Township, and on the place he equipped a blacksmith shop, which building still stands. He applied himself to the work of his trade at intervals for eight or nine years, and in the meanwhile carried forward the clearing of his land, all of which was covered with timber. In 1889 he erected the substantial house that is now on the place, and he built other good buildings and brought the farm to a high state of productiveness, the place comprising 168 acres, and sixty acres having been by him made available for cultivation. Mr. Kirkbride continued to maintain the active management of his farm unil his death, and was one of the highly honored citizens of Berlin Township. Though he was a birthright member of the Society of Friends, both he and his wife finally united with the Presbyterian Church at North Benton, and in this faith he continued until the close of his life. His first wife, whose maiden name was Lucy Hoadley, died several years after their marriage, no children having been born of this union. On the 6th of June, 1878, was solemnized his marriage to Miss Ellen Dickson, who was born in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, February 13, 1844, a daughter of William and Margaret (Redmond) Dickson, who were born and reared in County Down, Ireland, where their marriage was solemnized and whence they came to America with their two children in 1840. After remaining about one year in New Jersey they came to Mahoning County, Ohio, and settled on the farm now owned and occupied by their son Robert in Ellsworth Township. That Ellen Dickson made good use of the advantages afforded in the schools of the early days is evidenced by the fact that at the age of nineteen years she became a successful and popular teacher in the schools of Milton Township, where she thus served four years. For the ensuing three years she taught in the schools of New Jersey, and she then returned to the old home, where she remained until the time of her marriage. Now venerable in years, she resides with her son Robert on the fine old home farm left by her honored husband. They became the parents of four children: Mabel is the widow of Dello L. Green, who died February 12, 1910, and she now resides with her mother and brother Robert at the old home place, her only child being a son, Robert Franklin Green. Robert F. Kirkbride, who has the management of the home farm, is individually mentioned in appending paragraphs. Madge is the wife of W. B. Shively, a farmer in Berlin Township, and they have two children, Robert and Helen. Adda remains with her mother at the old home.

In a retrospective way it may be stated that records show that in 1655 the Kirkbride family was established in Kirkbride parish, near Carlisle, Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, and all members of the family continued in active affiliation with the Society of Friends until the generation of Benjamin F. Kirkbride of this memoir, he having transferred his membership to the Presbyterian Church, as previously noted.

Robert F. Kirkbride is known as one of the most progressive and successful agriculturists and stockgrowers in his native county and his homestead place, Mapleside Farm, in Berlin Township, is one of the model farms of Mahoning County. He is a representative of a family whose name has been prominently linked with the civic and industrial history of this county for nearly ninety years, and in the memoir dedicated to his father, the late Benjamin F. Kirkbride, on other pages of this work, will be found adequate data concerning the family history. Mr. Kirkbride was born on the farm which he now owns and operates, and the date of his nativity was October 20, 1881. His gamut of practical experience has been run in connection with the basic industries of agriculture and stockgrowing, and he has made the old homestead the stage of his independent operation, as he took charge of the farm when but seventeen years of age, after the death of his honored father. He received his early education in the public schools and in the meanwhile contributed his share to the work of the home farm, so that he was not without fortifying experience when his father's death involved his assuming active management of the fine old farmstead, which is still a part of the undivided family estate. Mr. Kirkbride has recently purchased eighty-eight adjoining acres, and the farm now consists of 256 acres. He is a young man of ambition and resolute purpose, and these admirable qualities have been significantly manifest in his farm operations, for he has never faltered in appreciative allegiance to the great industries under whose influence he was reared. He gives special attention to the breeding and raising of the finest types of American Delaine sheep, his flocks being headed by eighty head of thoroughbreds. His father had always maintained sheep on the farm, and Robert F. has shown his progressiveness in this field of enterprise by raising the standard of sheep not only on his farm but also throughout his native county. He is considered one of the most advanced and successful agriculturists and stockraisers in Ber-

lin Township and has been active and influential in the Grange and the Farm Bureau organizations in the county. His progressiveness extends also into communal affairs, and he is always found ready to lend his co-operation in the furtherance of movements and enterprises advanced for the general good of his home township and county. His political allegiance is given to the republican party, he is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and his name is still found on the roster of eligible young bachelors in Mahoning County.

Joseph N. Higley, publicity manager of the First National Bank and of the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, during many years of residence at Youngstown has exemplified abilities that with all the wonderful increase in the power and population of the city have kept him in the ranks of its prominent men.

He was born at Marietta, Ohio, September 1, 1868, one of the three sons to attain to maturity of Brainard S. and Isabella Stevens (Ruth) Higley. His mother was a daughter of Dr. John G. Stevens, a pioneer physician of the Western Reserve, who traveled on horseback all over the surrounding country. Doctor Stevens had the honor of being the attending physician at the birth of James A. Garfield, who later became President of the United States. He was also one of the founders of the Western Reserve College.

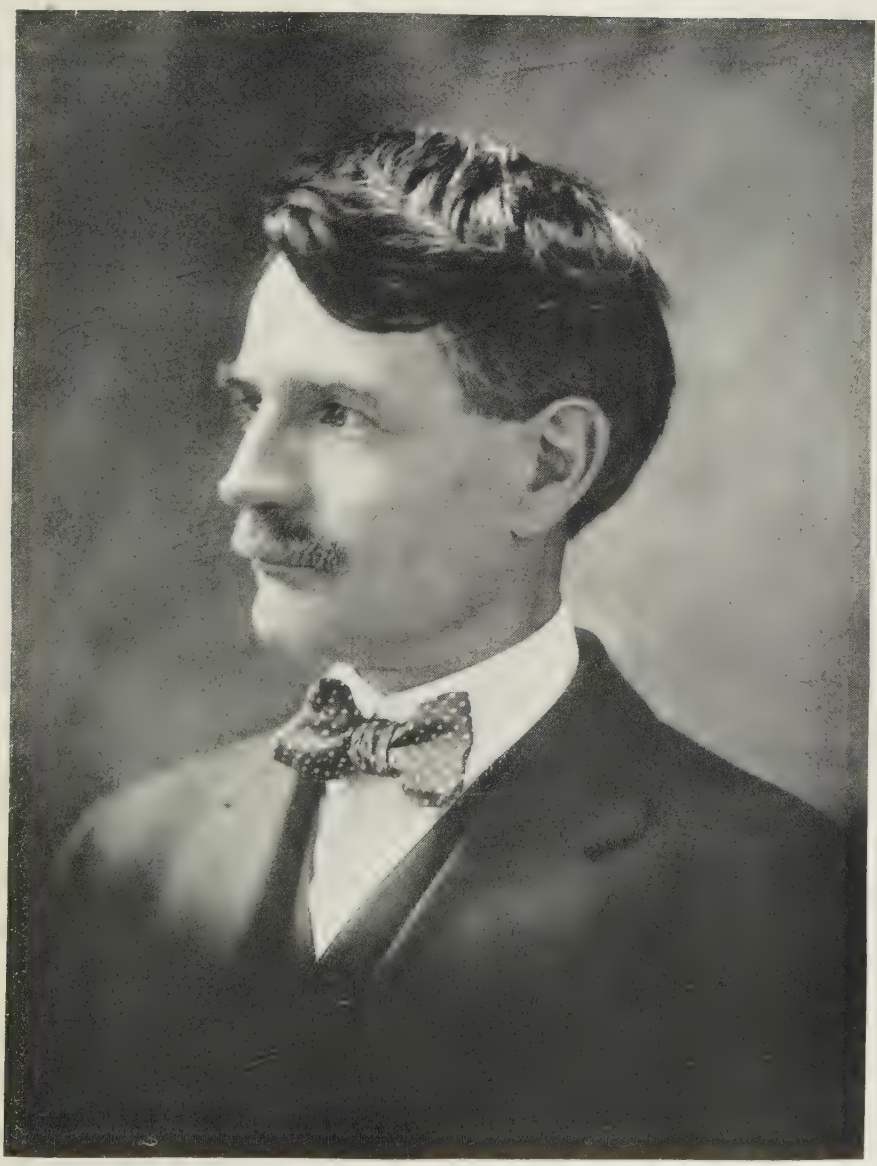
Brainard S. Higley was born at Windham in Portage County, Ohio, where the family had settled upon coming west from Connecticut, in the very early days of the history of the state. By profession he was a lawyer and was engaged in active practice at Youngstown, specializing in real estate law. During the Civil war he was in the Union army as a private, and his war service was responsible for the ill health he suffered many years and which brought about his death in 1914. A few years after the war he went to Marietta, Ohio, where he built a rolling mill. This industry was closed out in the panic of 1873. He then returned to Youngstown and resumed the practice of law, continuing it until ill health compelled his retirement. He was elected and served a term as mayor of Youngstown, and was active in other directions. Prominent in the republican party, he was chairman of the convention which nominated William McKinley for his first term in Congress. He had survived his wife some five or six years, and their three sons were: Joseph N.; Brainard S., who attained to the rank of major in the Spanish-American and Philippine wars, and died in the hospital at Correggidor, Philippine Islands, from disease contracted in the service; and George, a resident of Youngstown and superintendent of the Carnegie Company.

Joseph N. Higley has spent practically all his life in Youngstown, and all of his interests have been centered here. He attended the public schools and graduated from the Rayen High School with the highest honors of his class. About that time occurred a serious breakdown of his father's health, and he took charge of the vacated office, read law and was admitted to the bar in 1889. However, he has never practiced the profession to any extent, his inclinations and talents leading him in another direction. Entering newspaper work as a reporter for the Youngstown Telegram, he found in it a congenial means for the expression of his personality and after remaining with that journal until he was associate editor, in 1906 he resigned to become publicity manager for the two large financial institutions referred to above.

A stanch republican like his father, he served as a member of the Youngstown School Board one term, being made its president during his second year. While on the board a number of schoolhouses were completed and the cause of education was well supported by him and his associates. In 1913 Mr. Higley was elected president of the City Council of Youngstown, was re-elected in 1915 and again in 1917. Fraternally he maintains membership with the Odd Fellows, and his religious connections are with the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church of Youngstown. Always a booster for his home city, his talents have been frequently exercised for the general good as a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

In 1899 Mr. Higley married Miss Grace Creed, of Youngstown. They have three children, Helen, Joseph N., Jr., and Alberta. The intellectual powers that have been so dominant a factor in his ability and his service to his home city have been supplemented by great physical vigor, and Mr. Higley is also distinguished among his fellow citizens by his great stature. Six feet four and a half inches he is one of the tallest men in Youngstown, though his height is only incidental to the other qualities that have earned him position and prestige. His sincerity impresses everyone with whom he comes in contact, and all who know him realize that he has responded in wonderful measure to every opportunity presented for participation in the business of his generation and community, and in all of his work he has fully justified the faith placed in him.

John Ormsby, now living retired in the Village of Berlin Center, is a venerable and honored representative of one of the early pioneer families of Mahoning County, within whose borders he has lived from the time of his birth, the family name having been worthily linked with the history of the county for more than a century. Mr. Ormsby's grandfather, George Ormsby, was born in Ireland, of Scotch lineage, and was a youth of eighteen years when in 1793 he came to America, the old-time sailing vessel on which he crossed the Atlantic Ocean having required three months to complete the voyage. He went back to Ireland on a visit and returned, taking three months for the return voyage. He first established his residence in Maryland, where later was solemnized his marriage to Miss McClellan, a cousin of Gen. George B. McClellan, who was a distinguished officer in the Civil war. Not later than 1805 George Ormsby made the trip on horseback from Maryland to Ohio, and it may readily be understood that in this journey he traversed regions that were virtually forest wilds, while the arduous trip also involved crossing the mountains and passing through sections in which the Indians were still a menace.



J. N. Higley

Mr. Ormsby secured a tract of heavily wooded land near Austintown, Mahoning County, and there instituted the development of one of the first farms in the county. Eventually he removed to Jackson Township, where he passed the closing period of his long and useful life in the home of his son Joseph and where he died in 1871, at the patriarchal age of ninety-six years. He was a man of strong mentality and inviolable integrity, and was one of the most venerable and honored pioneer citizens of the Mahoning Valley at the time of his demise, his wife having preceded him to eternal rest. He served in the naval operations on Lake Erie in the War of 1812, and incidentally passed one winter at Cleveland, which was then a mere village. His son Joseph was the father of the subject of this review, and the other son, Alexander, became a pioneer citizen of Wells County, Indiana, in which state he passed the remainder of his life, as did also his wife, whose maiden name was Martha Wolfkale, her father having come from Virginia to Ohio and having become a pioneer settler at Austintown, Mahoning County.

Joseph Ormsby, who died in 1870, at the age of sixty-seven years, about one year prior to the death of his venerable father, was born on the old homestead near Austintown and passed his entire life in Mahoning County. As a young man he initiated his independent career by beginning to clear a tract of land in Jackson Township, and with the passing years the forest trees gave place to well cultivated fields. He long continued as one of the successful agriculturists and stockgrowers of his native county and was a man who ever commanded unqualified popular confidence and good will. In addition to his homestead of 160 acres in Jackson Township he became the owner of 400 acres in Wells County, Indiana. This latter property was developed by him and passed into the possession of his son Albert, who there continued to reside until his death in 1919, at the age of eighty-six years. Of the children this son was the eldest; Laura is the widow of James Jordan and resides at Mansfield, Ohio; Celia became the wife of James Orr and both were residents of Milton Township, Mahoning County, at the time of their death; Sarah became the wife of James Donaldson, and her death occurred at Newton, Iowa; George, who was for a number of years engaged in the coal business at Youngstown, was a resident of Portland, Oregon, at the time of his death; Alexander, who was for years employed by Chauncey Andrews, of Mahoning County, in the capacity of bookkeeper, passed the closing years of his life at Buffalo, New York; Nancy became the wife of Daniel Newberger, who died at Redlands, California, and she now resides in Trumbull County, Ohio; Mary, widow of William Kinkaid, resides at Alliance, Stark County; John, of this sketch, was the next in order of birth; and Lois, who became the wife of Levi Harshman, died in Michigan.

John Ormsby was reared on the old homestead farm, one-half mile east of the Village of Jackson in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, his birth having there occurred June 6, 1848, and his early education was acquired mainly in a select school at Jackson Center. After his marriage he was interested in a coal mine and sold coal to the Girard furnace in Girard, Trumbull County, Joseph G. Butler having been superintendent of this furnace, which was conducted in connection with coal and iron mines in that county. In 1871 Mr. Ormsby married, and in 1873 they established their residence on the farm which she received from her father in Berlin Township, Mahoning County. This farm, of sixty-six acres, Mr. Ormsby developed into one of the valuable places of the county, the same having been devoted to diversified agriculture and to the raising of good grades of live stock. Mr. Ormsby erected all of the buildings that now mark the farm as a model domain, and he and his wife still reside on the old homestead, which is adjacent to Berlin Center, the place being under the active management of a progressive tenant, William Schilling, who here makes a specialty of breeding and raising Cheviot sheep and who received seven first and second awards on his exhibition of sheep at the Canfield Fair in 1919. Mr. and Mrs. Ormsby have no children. He is a democrat in politics, and both he and his wife are active members of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Berlin Center.

In 1871 was recorded the marriage of Mr. Ormsby to Miss Anna Folk, who was born in Trumbull County, Ohio, August 30, 1851, and who was an infant at the time when her parents established their home on a farm south of Berlin Center, Mahoning County. She is a daughter of John and Mary (Calhoun) Folk, her father having been a native of Pennsylvania and having been engaged in the operation of a saw mill at Southington, Trumbull County, Ohio, at the time of her birth. Upon coming to Mahoning County Mr. Folk purchased 300 acres of land, the most of which was timbered, and in connection with the reclaiming of the land he operated a saw mill, his old home having been one mile south of Berlin Center, and there he died in 1881, at the age of sixty years. His widow, who was born in 1822, passed away August 7, 1888. In conclusion of this review is given brief record concerning their children: Martha became the wife of Heman Kline and both died on their farm in the south part of Berlin Township, their son Charles being still a resident of that township, and their other son, Warren C., being a resident of Youngstown. May married Kline Cobbs, and she died in 1905. She was a noble Christian woman and made many and lasting friendships. Lemuel, who became the owner of one of the fine farms of Mahoning County, was well known as a breeder and driver of fine horses, and he placed on the turf many high-grade horses of standard breeding. He constructed a well equipped track on his farm in Berlin Township, and here had the best of facilities for the training of his horses, as he was himself an expert driver. With his racing horses he participated as a driver in turf events for forty years, and his reputation as a driver made him one of the foremost in racing circles in America, he having remained a bachelor until the time of his death, in June, 1917. Fidelia became the wife of Andrew Shively and died in Gratiot County, Michigan. Anna is the wife of Mr. Ormsby. Viola is the wife of Emanuel Cronnick, and they reside on a part of the old Folk estate in Berlin Township.

Isaac J. Smith has clearly demonstrated his initiative and executive ability through the upbuilding of the substantial lumber manufacturing business of which he is the owner and over which he maintains close personal supervision. He now has six mills in operation and maintains his home and general business headquarters at Berlin Center, Mahoning County. He has made his influence felt not only in the domain of productive industry but also in the local councils of the republican party, as a representative of which he is serving as a member of the Republican County Committee of Mahoning County.

Mr. Smith claims the historic old state of New Jersey as the place of his nativity and was there born on the 19th of February, 1877, a son of William H. Smith, who was a carpenter and contractor by vocation, and who is now deceased. Isaac J. Smith acquired his youthful education in the public schools of his native state, and there also he gained his initial experience in connection with the lumber industry—as an employe in a bandsaw mill. His musical talent and ambition finally led him to come to Warren, Ohio, where he pursued his studies for three years in Dana's Institute and made himself proficient as a band and orchestra instructor and leader. Thereafter he taught several bands which he brought to a high standard, including one at Warren. In 1908 he established his residence at Berlin Center, where previously he had been united in marriage with Miss Amy P. Brown, daughter of James S. Brown, long engaged in business as a harnessmaker at this place and honored also as a veteran of the Civil war. With very limited capitalistic resources, Mr. Smith here brought his earlier experience into effective play, as he became a buyer of lumber and a dealer in logs. He established a saw mill at Berlin Center and vigorously pushed forward his business in the manufacturing of lumber, with the result that success attended his efforts in no uncertain way. This is evidenced by the fact that at the present time he is operating two sawmills in Portage County, one in Trumbull County and three in Mahoning County. He is discriminating in the purchase of raw material, is an authoritative judge of timber values, and all products of his mills are cut to order, the output being mainly utilized by the steel mills of this section of Ohio. In the Smith mills are manufactured about 3,000,000 feet of lumber annually, and of the corps of employes an idea is conveyed by the statement that Mr. Smith's monthly payroll totals about $4,000. He had the courage and judgment to avail himself of an opportunity that he clearly discerned, and the excellent success that has attended the venture has proved the surety of his judgment. He has a practical knowledge of all details of the business, of which he has personal supervision, and can step in and get results at any point in the productive process of his enterprise. He has cleared off an appreciable amount of timbered land in this section, and thus has developed two good farms, which he still owns. One of 155 acres in Berlin Township is now given over principally to the breeding and raising of Duroc-Jersey swine, with an average of 150 head of registered hogs on the place, and from this farm he has exhibited his Duroc-Jerseys at county fairs, the place being in charge of a competent manager. The second farm, of eighty acres, is situated in South Township, Mahoning County, and is rented to a satisfactory tenant.

It has already been noted that Mr. Smith is a stalwart in the local camp of the republican party. He is a member of all the Masonic bodies at Warren, Ohio, including Warren Commandery No. 39 and Al Koran Shrine at Cleveland. He and his wife are popular factors in the social activities of their home community, where he not infrequently brings his musical talent into evidence, though he now subordinates musical art to practical business, in which latter field he has likewise demonstrated his exceptional ability. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have as a buoyant member of their home circle Mrs. Smith's daughter by a previous marriage, Miss Adalegne, who is now a graduate nurse from the Peoples Hospital at Akron, Ohio.

Henry F. Kaercher. An eminently useful and highly esteemed citizen of Youngstown, Henry F. Kaercher has ever taken a practical interest in local progress and improvements, and as a promoter of beneficial projects is a worthy representative of the enterprise and intelligence associated with the upbuilding of city and county. A son of the late Frederick A. Kaercher, he was born in New Buffalo, Mahoning County, of German lineage, his paternal grandparents, Philip F. and Rebecca (Hahn) Kaercher, having come from Germany to this country, settling in Mahoning County, Ohio, where they cleared a farm from its primitive wildness.

A life-long resident of Mahoning County, Frederick A. Kaercher was born on the home farm in Boardman Township August 7, 1846, and died at his home in Youngstown September 22, 1919. As a young man he learned the butcher's trade, and in 1872 located in Youngstown, where he established himself in business, buying stock which he butchered and sold over the counter, his market being at the corner of Mahoning Avenue and Mill Street. He also bought stock for marketing purposes, shipping it from Chicago. He subsequently engaged for many years in the real estate and life insurance business, his office having been in the Dollar Bank Building. Active and influential in the democratic ranks, he served under Mayor Moore for two years as a member of the Board of City Commissioners, while previous to that time, from 1889 until 1890, he was a member of the City Council.

Frederick A. Kaercher married, September 3, 1868, Miss Almira Beard, who was born in New Buffalo, a daughter of Henry Beard. Two children blessed their union, as follows: Paul C., engaged in the insurance and real estate business in Youngstown; and Henry F. Mr. Kaercher was a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He was a charter member of the Grace English Lutheran Church, to which Mrs. Kaercher belongs.

Henry F. Kaercher acquired his preliminary education in Youngstown, attending the Front Street School and Rayen High School. Going to Phila-

W. F. Kuechler

delphia after his graduation from the latter institution, he attended a school of pharmacy, and in 1892 opened a drug store at No. 271 West Federal Street, where he continued in business until 1900, meeting with good success. Turning his attention to other interests, Mr. Kaercher built an electric light and power plant, which he later sold to the Mahoning and Shenango Electric Light and Power Company, the sale being made in the fall of 1900. In the spring of 1900 Mr. Kaercher organized the Youngstown Heating Company, of which he was vice president and treasurer, and largely directed it until 1917, when that plant, also, was purchased by the Mahoning & Shenango Electric Light and Power Company. In May, 1918, Mr. Kaercher accepted his present position as superintendent of the Youngstown Water Works, which under his wise supervision is one of the most useful of the municipal plants.

Politically Mr. Kaercher has always supported the principles of the democratic party. Fraternally he belongs to Hillman Lodge No. 481, Free and Accepted Masons, Youngstown Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and Buechner Council. He is also a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Rotary Club. He is a member of the Auto Club and the Engineers Club. During the World war he was a member of Draft Board No. 3, Youngstown, Ohio. Religiously he is a member of the English Lutheran Church.

John Hotchkiss is a young man whose initiative and executive ability has brought to him a position of prominence in connection with the industrial and commercial activities of Mahoning County, and at Sebring he is general manager of the Sebring Tire & Rubber Company, with which he has been identified in this capacity from the time of the organization of the company in 1916. In that year this important industrial concern was incorporated with a capital stock of $200,000, and the personnel of the executive corps has remained unchanged. H. D. Weaver has continuously been president of the company; W. B. Stevenson, secretary and treasurer; and John Hotchkiss, general manager; S. B. Smith likewise being one of the stockholders and directors of the corporation.

In initiating manufacturing operations the company purchased an old foundry plant, the building of which was 50 by 150 feet in dimensions. With the substantial expansion of business it was found necessary to enlarge the building, the plant being now 130 by 150 feet in dimensions and its equipment throughout being of the best modern standard. As a matter of commercial expediency the capital stock has been increased to $500,000. This important industrial concern, ably and effectively managed, gives employment to a corps of ninety hands, and the average output of the plant is 500 tires daily, the casings for the tires being known as the Sebring Efficiency Casings and the superiority of the product being widely recognized, as shown by the constant expansion of the business of this enterprising company.

Mr. Hotchkiss was born at East Palestine, Columbiana County, Ohio, August 29, 1880, and was there reared and educated. As a skilled potter he came to Sebring soon after the Sebring manufactory was here put in operation, but after having been in the employ of the Sebring Company for a time he here engaged in the men's furnishings goods business, besides which he operated for three years an aluminum foundry, the plant of which was that in which the Sebring Tire & Rubber Company subsequently initiated operations.

As an uncompromising and ardent advocate of the principles of the republican party, Mr. Hotchkiss is an influential figure in its councils and campaign activities in Mahoning County, and his activities in this field have brought to him a wide acquaintanceship and a host of loyal friends in the county. His popularity has been further augmented by his having been manager of every baseball team that has upheld the honors of Sebring in connection with the great national game. He is affiliated with the Masonic fraternity, including Alliance Commandery No. 67, and both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church.

In 1904 was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Hotchkiss to Miss Stella Boohecker, of Alliance, Stark County, and they have an adopted daughter, still an infant at the time of this writing, in 1920.

Henry J. Windle, a venerable and honored citizen who is now living practically retired in the village of Beloit, is a scion of a sterling pioneer family of Ohio. He is a birthright member of the Society of Friends, and notwithstanding he has ever adhered earnestly to the teachings of this noble faith, which involves a general opposition to warfare, his youthful patriotism led him to give loyal service as a soldier of the Union in the Civil war. He has been long and prominently concerned with the agricultural and live-stock industry in Mahoning County, and is a citizen whose character and achievement mark him as most eligible for representation in this history.

Mr. Windle was born on a pioneer farm near Winona, Columbiana County, Ohio, March 12, 1841, and is a son of Joseph J. and Phoebe (Dutton) Windle. Joseph J. Windle was born in Chester County, Pennsylvania, where he was reared and educated and where he learned the trade of plasterer. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Windle, zealous members of the Society of Friends, came to Ohio and became pioneers of Columbiana County, where the father reclaimed and improved the old homestead farm on which his grandson, Henry J., of this review, was born. From this farm Benjamin Windle finally removed to another place, nine miles distant from the original homestead and near Leetonia, and on this latter farm he passed the residue of his life, he having been past eighty years of age at the time of his death. Joseph J. Windle came to Ohio about a year later than did his parents, and eventually he came into possession of his father's original farm near Winona. He there continued as one of the successful farmers and influential and honored citizens of his community until his death, in the early '90s, his wife having preceded him to eternal rest by a period of about twenty years and having been about fifty years of age at the time of her demise. Of their children brief record may consistently be

entered: Mary J. became the wife of Peter Ward, who was an oil refiner at Oil City, Pennsylvania, and Cleveland, Ohio, and she was still a young woman at the time of her death; Henry J., of this review, was the next in order of birth; Anna Maria married and is now residing in the West; Benjamin Franklin, more familiarly known as Frank, resides near Damascus, Mahoning County; Milton was railroad station agent and also a merchant at Garfield, Mahoning County, at the time of his death, about 1909; Alfaretta is the wife of James Hoops, and they reside near Winona, Columbiana County; Edwin, a retired farmer, resides at Salem, Columbiana County; and Ida is the wife of George Wolf, residing near Winona, that county.

Henry J. was reared on the old home farm and gained his youthful education in the common schools of the period. August 11, 1862, about six months after his twenty-first birthday, he enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and Fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, several of his boyhood chums having been members of the same company. Mr. Windle ran the full gamut of the hardships and dangers incidental to the great conflict between the North and the South, his service being principally in Kentucky, Tennessee and Georgia, where his command reached Atlanta as a part of the Twenty-Third Corps, under General Cox. Under this commander the company was sent back in pursuit of the forces under General Hood and took part in the battles of Franklin and Nashville, Tennessee. Thereafter the regiment was sent to join Sherman's forces in North Carolina, and was detailed by General Sherman to service in connection with the surrender of General Johnston. Never wounded, captured or confined in hospital, Mr. Windle continued with his regiment until the close of the war, and with it he was mustered out of service at Cleveland, Ohio.

After the close of the war Mr. Windle returned to his home, and in 1866 he married. Thereafter he continued operations on one of his father's farms near Winona until 1890, when he removed to the fine farm of which he is still the owner, the same being situated three-fourths of a mile south of Beloit, and the place having been brought to high standard under his vigorous and effective management. Giving his attention to diversified agriculture and the raising of good live stock, Mr. Windle also did for some time an appreciable business as a dealer in live stock. In this connection he recalls that in his youth he saw the departure of the last flock of sheep driven across the mountains to market in Pennsylvania. While he has had no desire for personal preferment of official order, Mr. Windle has been a loyal and active supporter of the cause of the democratic party, and he served twenty-five years as a member of the election board of his township. Both he and his wife still maintain active affiliation with the Society of Friends.

In 1866, near Salem, Columbiana County, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Windle to Miss Adeline Burns, daughter of George and Lydia (Stratton) Burns, her paternal grandfather, of Scotch lineage, having been a pioneer of that county. Mr. and Mrs. Windle have three children: George is postmaster at Sebring, Mahoning County; Elmer, a molder by trade, resides at Alliance, Stark County; and Minnie is the wife of Harvey Bartges, of Georgetown, Brown County.

Fred B. Handel. The office of biography is not to give voice to a man's modest estimate of himself and his accomplishments, but rather to leave upon the record the verdict establishing his character by the consensus of opinion on the part of his fellow citizens. In touching upon the life history of the subject of this sketch, the writer aims to avoid fulsome encomium and extravagant praise; yet he desires to hold up for consideration those facts which have shown the distinction of a true, useful and honorable life—a life characterized by energy, perseverance and well-defined purpose. To do this will be but to reiterate the dictum pronounced upon the man by the people who have known him long and well.

Fred B. Handel is a native of the city in which he now resides and was born in 1887. He is the son of Henry and Elizabeth (Davis) Handel, who still reside in Youngstown, the former sixty-one years of age and the latter, fifty-three. Mrs. Elizabeth Davis Handel is descended from one of the old and well known Welsh families of this community. Her father, Robert Davis, was a coal miner at Church Hill, but later became a resident of Youngstown. Henry Handel, who was born at Mineral Ridge, Ohio, was employed at the Brown-Bonnell Mill, and was a worker in iron for thirty-five years. A keen lover of music, he was a member of the old First Mechanics Band, now the Tod Post Band, and in many ways took an intelligent interest in matters contributing to the welfare and best interests of the community. He has been broad and liberal in his political views and, especially in local elections, he has cast his ballot in favor of the men whom he deemed best fitted for office, regardless of party lines.

Fred B. Handel received his education in St. Joseph's School. At the age of sixteen years he obtained employment in the Fred B. King undertaking establishment. Having decided to make this profession his permanent vocation, he then entered the Barnes School of Anatomy at Chicago, where he took a full course of study in embalming. He then was employed as an embalmer in various places, among them the largest undertaking establishment in the United States, that of the Oliver H. Bair Company in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He then went into business for himself at New Castle, Pennsylvania, but in 1908 he returned to Youngstown and started the business which now bears his name and of which he has charge. The new home of the company is one of the most up-to-date and best equipped establishments of the kind in the country, containing a morgue and chapel, as well as other features which contribute to the success of the business.

On September 16, 1908, Mr. Handel was married to Minnette Voegtly, a native of Youngstown and daughter of Charles Voegtly and granddaughter of Peter Deibel. To this union have been born three children, Charles, Robert and Mildred. The family are members of St. Joseph's Catholic Church. Mr.

Fred B. Handel

Handel is a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association and the Knights of St. George. In politics he, like his father, has always favored the best men for public office. A man of broad views and generous impulses, he gives his unreserved support to every local movement for the upbuilding of the city and community, and is numbered among the leading men of his city.

Isaac Barber Heacock, a well-known and respected resident of Smith Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, a Civil war veteran, assessor for twenty years in that township and for about as many years a teacher in the township schools, and latterly for fifteen years a rural free delivery carrier, comes of a family resident in that neighborhood for more than a century. The Heacock family has just claim to inclusion among the pioneer families of the Mahoning Valley, for it was in 1816 that Nathan and Dinah (Dennis) Heacock, grandparents of Isaac B., came into the Salem district. And the family can lay claim to inclusion among the early pioneer families of Pennsylvania, for it was in the generation of William Penn, in the seventeenth century, that the American progenitor of the Heacock family came from England and settled in that state. The family has held to the Society of Friends, commonly termed Quakers, since the first settlement of their American grand ancestor in the Quaker settlement in Bucks County of Pennsylvania; and there for many generations the family lived. In fact, the family was of residence in Bucks County until after the birth of Edwin, father of Isaac B. He was born in 1811, and when five years old came, in 1816, with his parents into Ohio, settling in Salem Township, Columbiana County, where they lived until 1825, when Nathan Heacock secured from the United States Government the tract of wild land which they later developed and which is still in the possession of their descendants. The land is situated in the northwestern part of section 28 of Smith Township, Mahoning County, but at that time in Columbiana County, and the present Isaac Heacock home is on good elevation, about one mile to the westward of Sebring Village, and is perhaps the finest residential property between Sebring and Alliance. Nathan Heacock spent the remainder of his life on that property, gradually clearing it and converting it from the wild state to one of good agricultural worth. The house he built and lived in for the greater part of his life on that property still stands. Nathan Heacock died in 1866, an octogenarian. Nathan and Dinah (Dennis) Heacock were the parents of seven sons and three daughters. The ten children in the order of their birth were: Amos, who died in early manhood; Edwin, father of Isaac B.; Jane, who married Ezra Borton and died in Portage County, Ohio; Milton, who went to Southern Indiana; Barton, who lived most of his life in farming occupations in Smith Township, in which he died in old age; Cenith, who married Nathan Thomas; Tacy, who married Milton Coffee; Elias, who met his death in a runaway accident at the age of thirty-eight years; Antrim, who died in the prime of life; and Enos, who died at the age of eighty years, his whole life having been spent on the parental farm in Smith Township, which his son Nathan now occupies.

Edwin, second child of Nathan and Dinah (Dennis) Heacock, was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in 1811, and died in Smith Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, in 1895, aged eighty-four years. He grew in the sturdiness that seemed to come to the children of pioneer settlers, notwithstanding the hardships and rigors that must have been part of their early years. When he had reached manhood and responsibility he was given eighty acres of his father's landed estate, and that acreage he was probably mainly responsible for bringing into cultivation. He was a man of enterprising spirit, and in one period of his life was widely-known in the neighborhood and in neighboring counties as a thresherman. His early equipment for such work was of the primitive kind. The chaff piler he used did not separate grain from straw, it being necessary to shake the latter with a hand fork and throw aside, the grain and chaff being afterward separated by hand fanning mill. It is stated that he later brought the first separator into the district. Edwin Heacock, and for that matter most of the other members of the Heacock family of his generation, was averse to participation in public affairs, but they were sincere members of the Society of Friends. The settlers in that section were mostly of that faith, and they all attended the Quaker Hill Friends Church, in which Edwin's brothers, Barton and Enos, were speakers. Edwin Heacock was one of the largest farm operators in the township. He owned 160 acres of the original Heacock farm and other contiguous land, and also more land nearby, and throughout his life he was industrious and thorough. He married Hannah Barber, who was born in 1816 and died in 1880, aged sixty-four years. They had eight children, namely: Lewis, who has had a long and successful life, notwithstanding serious physical handicap. As a boy he was eager to help his father in the work of the thresher, and when fourteen years had the misfortune to lose his arm, which got caught in the threshing machinery. He has, nevertheless, spent a long life in active farming, and at one time had a farm in Kansas. He is now eighty-two years old, and lives near Los Angeles, California. Dennis lives at Springfield, Missouri. He is a veteran of the Civil war, a soldier of three years of war service, and in later life he followed farming. Isaac, regarding whose life and its association with Mahoning County, more follows. Nathan, for forty years has lived in Warsaw, Indiana. Chalkley also lives in California. Curtis was for forty years a railroad official, and still lives on his father's farm in Smith Township. Edgar lives at Akron, Ohio. Emerson was accidentally killed when four years old.

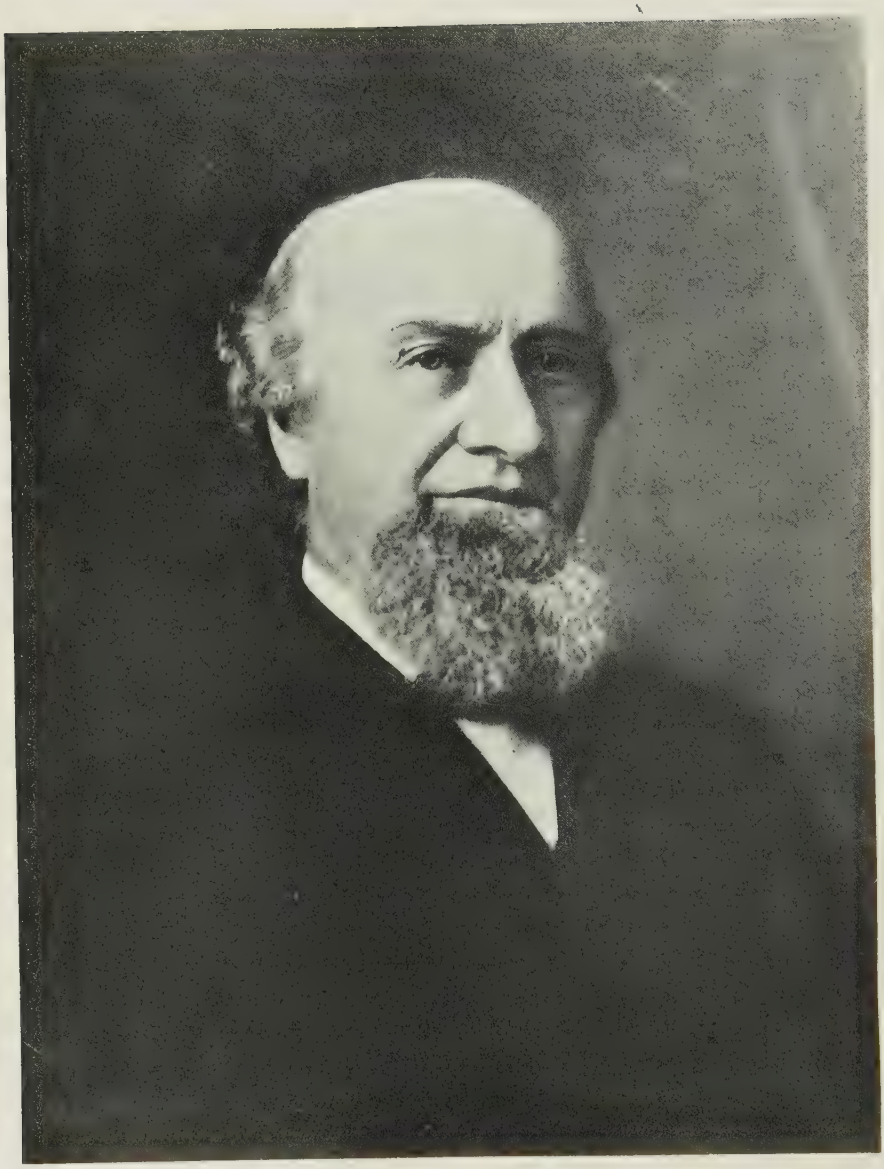
Isaac, third child of Edwin and Hannah (Barber) Heacock, was born in Smith Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on April 13, 1840. He attended the local schools in his boyhood, and lived on the parental farm until he was twenty-four years old, when he married Laura Normanda McMahan. His own parents had married outside of the Quaker Church, and after the birth of their first child, Lewis, his father was disowned by the Society of Friends. For many

years the family was excommunicated; in fact it was not until shortly before the birth of their youngest child, Emerson, that Edwin and Hannah (Barber) Heacock were admitted into church membership again. Therefore only the two sons named, their first and last born, had birthright in the Society of Friends. Isaac, in this respect, was one of the unfortunate sons; and throughout his life until his sixtieth year he was to some extent considered unfortunate in that he was never able to accumulate monetary wealth. A wealth of love and parental responsibility came to him with the years, for he became the father of eight children, and a wealth of energy was always his. Throughout his life he has been industrious, but not until his children had grown to manhood and womanhood and were well established in life was he ever able to add much to his material store. And it seemed somewhat late in life for a man of sixty years to plan anew a business career that would promise lucrative return. Yet, the comfort in material wealth that is now the possession of Isaac B. Heacock has been the outcome of his own enterprise and industrious application during the last fifteen or twenty years, and he is now eighty years of age. Truly, it has been a noteworthy period of his life. During the Civil war he was a member of Company G of the Eighty-Sixth Regiment, doing guard duty with that unit. During his life he has done much farming, although for twenty years he was a teacher in township schools. From March 1, 1904, until May 15, 1919, he daily covered the Beloit route as a rural free delivery mail carrier, and at the end of that period, being then in his seventy-ninth year, he felt that his days of constant labor should about end. Therefore he has since lived in comparative retirement and in comfortable circumstances in his nice home near Sebring.

During his active life he has taken good part in township affairs. For twenty years he was township assessor, and has also been land appraiser. In the prime of life he spent some years in Indiana, where he was in business partnership with his brother Nathan, the two operating a sawmill near Warsaw of that state. After he returned to Ohio and to Mahoning County Isaac Heacock passed the years in various employment, and latterly became the owner of part of the old farm. Isaac B. Heacock has been twice married, his second wife, whom he married on December 28, 1912, being Mrs. Rachel (Case) Carver, widow of Harrison W. Carver of Salem Township. She was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, in 1850, coming in 1856 to Union Grove, Columbiana County, and later to near Westville, where her parents both died. In her married life she lived in Salem for about twenty years, and has very many almost life-long friends in that neighborhood and in Mahoning County. No children have been born to her marriage to Isaac B. Heacock, but the eight children of Isaac B. and Laura Normanda (McMahan) Heacock were: Thomas Emerson, who died when seven years old; Lida, who married Elmer Stiver, of Cleveland, Ohio; Alice, who married Volney Faith, of Alliance, Ohio; Emerson, who lives at Leetsdale, Pennsylvania; Willis, who is a successful farmer of Knox Township, his farm being south of Sebring; Gilbert, who lives at Alliance, Ohio; Luella, who married William Sheets, of Alliance; and Enos, who was killed when twenty-two years old. He was a railroad official, and was killed in the local freight yard, cars passing over his body. He was a young man of good purpose, self-reliant and reliable; and he had many friends to whom his sudden death came as a distinct shock. Still, Mr. Heacock is perhaps fortunate to have lived to see so many of his children reach majority and become well established in life.

Jesse M. Hartzell, a venerable citizen who is now living retired in the Village of Beloit, Mahoning County, is a representative of one of the honored pioneer families of the Mahoning Valley, is a veteran of the Civil war and has been worthily identified with civic and material progress in this favored section of the Buckeye State, so that he well merits recognition in this history.

Jesse Miller Hartzell was born in Deerfield Township, Portage County, Ohio, in January, 1845, and is a son of Frederick and Mary (Eckis) Hartzell. In a pioneer home on the same site as the building in which the subject of this review was born, Frederick Hartzell was born in the year 1810, the youngest of the children of George and Dorothy Hartzell. George Hartzell, father of George, was born in 1739 and became one of the very early settlers of Portage County, where his death occurred in 1813, his remains being laid to rest in the old Hartzell Cemetery in Deerfield Township. He came to Ohio from Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, and he and his sons became the owners of a large tract of land in Portage County, where they reclaimed farms from the forest wilds. George Hartzell, the son, was born in 1764 and died in 1844, in Deerfield Township. His brothers likewise were pioneers in the development of Portage County, in whose history the family name is one of prominence. "Bachelor John" Hartzell, a son of George mentioned above, was a soldier in the War of 1812 and was a resident of Deerfield Township at the time of his death, as was also the son Henry. Frederick Hartzell was born in 1810, in a substantial brick house which his father had erected in that year, and he was reared under the conditions that marked the pioneer period in the history of Portage County. In 1859 he removed to the village of Beloit, Mahoning County, where he conducted a general store for the ensuing five years. The building which he used for this purpose was erected by him in 1854, and is still standing, as one of the landmarks of the county. He finally traded his store and business for a farm one mile west of Beloit, and with the aid of his sons he reclaimed to cultivation the major part of this tract of 200 acres. On this homestead he passed the remainder of his life, his death having occurred in 1868. His brother Jonas became one of the first ministers of the Christian or Disciples' Church, whose founder, Alexander Campbell, had preached in Portage County, where he made many converts. Rev. Jonas Hartzell removed to Davenport, Iowa, about the year 1855, and his death occurred in 1865. Mary (Eckis) Hartzell, wife of Frederick, was born in Springfield Township but reared in Milton Township, Portage County, her father, John Eckis, having been an honored pioneer of the county. Mrs. Frederick Hartzell died in the year 1867, and was one of



J. W. Smith

the revered pioneer women of Mahoning County. Frederick Hartzell was loyal to all civic responsibilities but had no desire for public office, virtually his only service of this order being in the capacity of school director. In the climacteric period leading up to the Civil war he was a strong abolitionist of the constitutionalist rather than the Garrisonian type, and he was zealous in support of the Union during the war, it having been mainly due to his patriotic efforts that no drafting of men was required in Smith Township. He was a man of broad mental ken, though his youthful educational advantages were necessarily limited. It is a matter of record that when forty years of age he attended school for the purpose of learning grammar and otherwise supplementing his scholastic knowledge. He read much and with discrimination, was well informed and became known for his mature judgment as well as for his sterling integrity in all of the relations of life. He was influential in the establishing of school debating societies, spelling schools and Sunday schools, and was specially zealous as a teacher in the Sunday school. He was an earnest member of the Presbyterian Church, with which his parents united, though they had been reared in the faith of the Lutheran Church. Frederick Hartzell served many years as elder of the Presbyterian Church of his home community, and his wife likewise was zealous in church work. They became the parents of eight children. Josiah, who received the academic degree of Doctor of Philosophy, devoted most of his active life to newspaper publishing. He became editor and publisher of the Stark County Republican at Canton, Ohio, a paper that was founded by Joseph Medill, who later gained fame as publisher of the Chicago Tribune. Josiah Hartzell was one of the influential citizens of Canton at the time of his death. Of Capt. John C. Hartzell, the second son, individual mention is made on other pages of this publication. Lucy, who resides in the City of Canton, is the widow of Capt. Homer J. Ball, who was an officer in the Nineteenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry in the Civil war. Jesse Miller, of this review, was the next in order of birth. Robert is a wholesale coal dealer in the City of Minneapolis, Minnesota. Rose Ella, who resides in the City of Cleveland, is the widow of J. Howard Johnson, who was a prominent insurance man.

Jesse Miller Hartzell, who was named in honor of a pioneer Presbyterian clergyman who was pastor of the old church at Deerfield, Portage County, acquired his early education in the common schools of Mahoning County, and as a youth he found employment in the printing establishment of his brother Josiah, who was then publisher of the Stark County Republican, as previously noted. The subject of this sketch continued to be thus associated with newspaper work until 1863, when, at the age of eighteen years, he subordinated all other interests to tender his aid in defense of the Union. He enlisted in the Twelfth Ohio Cavalry, commanded by Col. R. W. Ratliff of Warren, the colonel having been a son-in-law of Hon. David Tod, the war governor of Ohio. Mr. Hartzell continued in service until after the close of the war, his honorable discharge having been received in November, 1865. In 1864 he was captured by the forces of Gen. John Morgan at Mt. Sterling, Kentucky, but he was rescued by Union forces five days later. Morgan had at the time about 200 Union captives, and Mr. Hartzell, with others of the prisoners, was deprived of his boots, so that he had to walk barefooted for many miles, blood tracks marking his progress. The last campaign of Jesse Hartzell was in pursuit of the fleeing president of the southern confederacy across the states of North and South Carolina into Georgia, where Mr. Davis surrendered. After the close of his service as a soldier Mr. Hartzell continued as a compositor and pressman in the office of the Stark County Republican until 1868, and in this connection it may be noted that at Canton, in 1864, he operated the first power press brought into Northeastern Ohio, the same having been transported overland from Cleveland.

In 1868 Mr. Hartzell returned to the old homestead farm, and three years later, in 1871, he wedded Miss Mary E. Stanley, daughter of Littlebury Stanley, a representative of a family that settled in Knox Township, Columbiana County, in the pioneer days, Littlebury Stanley having come to Mahoning County about 1848 and two years later having purchased of an old Quaker family a farm a short distance south of Beloit. After his marriage Mr. Hartzell settled on a farm east of Beloit, and later he owned and operated a well improved truck farm south of this village. There he continued his activities until 1910, since which time he has lived virtually retired in the Village of Beloit. He served five years as constable, and for years he was treasurer of the school board, as was he also of the Village of Beloit. His services were in demand as a member of the election board until he refused longer to serve in this capacity. For the past fifteen years Mr. Hartzell has taken much pride in preparing and submitting a perfect record of the successive reunions of the Civil war veterans of Mahoning County, and thus he has kept in close touch with his old comrades, aided in obtaining pensions for them and vitalizing the more pleasing memories of the Civil war period. He was a charter member of Canton Post No. 25, Grand Army of the Republic, which was organized at the judicial center of Stark County in 1867, but after returning to Mahoning County he became affiliated with John C. Fremont Post at Alliance. He closely resembles his brother, Capt. John C. Hartzell, and the two have frequently been mistaken for each other. In politics Mr. Hartzell is a staunch republican, and he and his wife are zealous members of the Presbyterian Church, in which he has served as an elder for a quarter of a century. Mr. and Mrs. Hartzell have two daughters: Nellie is the wife of Jacob Courtney, of Smith Township, Mahoning County; and Flora H. is the wife of L. J. Early, a wholesale and retail meat dealer at Alliance.

William A. Smith. One of the oldest mercantile concerns of Youngstown is The J. W. Smith & Sons Company, shoe merchants, a business established more than half a century ago, and involving the working abilities and services of three generations of the Smith family. The president of the company is William A. Smith.

It was his father, the late John W. Smith, who

started the business in 1864 where the Siegel store is now located. John W. Smith was a native of Germany, and during his youth in that country served an apprenticeship at the tanner's trade and became an expert in the art of tanning and finishing leather of the higher grades. At the age of sixteen he left Germany and came to America to join his brother George, who had preceded him to the United States. At New York City he found employment as a tanner, and from that state came to Warren, Ohio, while still a young man, and subsequently moved to Tecumseh, Michigan, where for several years he was a farmer. From his Michigan farm he came to Youngstown, and after a few months in the grocery business became a shoe dealer, and was active in the management of the establishment over forty years, until his death on May 25, 1908, at the age of eighty. The Smith shoe house was in the Excelsior Block until 1875, when it was removed to its present location. The building and other facilities have been from time to time enlarged and remodeled, and today the store is one of the largest and most completely equipped with fine shoe merchandise in Eastern Ohio.

On the death of the founder of the business it was continued by his sons Henry W. and William A. Smith. Henry W. Smith died in 1916, and since then William A. Smith has been active manager and president of the company.

William A. Smith was born on his father's farm near Tecumseh, Michigan, January 15, 1856. His mother was Katharine Fisher, who was only an infant when her people came to Warren, Ohio, from Germany. She died November 4, 1910, at the age of eighty-one. Of her seven children four are still living: William A., Mrs. J. L. Trauger, of Columbus, Caroline and Katharine H. The three deceased sons were Henry W., John W. and Frederick.

William A. Smith was a small boy when brought to Youngstown, was educated in the local schools, in the Rayen High School, and was still very young when he began selling shoes over the counter in the store in which he is now president. He has prospered in business, and has liberally aided every movement for the growth and development of Youngstown, which he has seen increase to a great city from only a village. For two years he was a member of the Court House Commission when the present magnificent county building was in course of construction. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Country and Youngstown clubs, and is affiliated with the Masonic order.

In 1893 Mr. Smith married Clara Harmon, of Warren. She was a small girl when her father died. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have one son, John W., who is a graduate of Yale University and is secretary-treasurer of J. W. Smith & Sons Company. He has recently resumed his connection with the business at Youngstown after a long absence as a soldier in the World-war. He was in the 324th Heavy Field Artillery, and for twelve months was in France. He participated in the great battle of the Argonne, and was one of the first of the Americans to reach the River Rhine.

George Y. Davis, M. D., controls a practice whose extent and character mark him as one of the representative physicians and surgeons of Mahoning County, where he maintains his home and professional headquarters at Sebring. On a farm ten miles east of Lisbon, Columbiana County, Ohio, Doctor Davis was born on the 9th of January, 1867, a son of Job R. and Lucretia (Young) Davis, who likewise were born in that county. Rev. Rees Davis, grandfather of the doctor, was a native of Wales, was graduated in historic old Oxford University, England, and became a minister of the Baptist Church. He came to America as a young man of thirty-five years, and for the long period of thirty-three years he was pastor of the Achor Baptist Church in Columbiana County, Ohio, where also he developed and improved the old homestead farm on which he continued to reside until his death. On this farm Job R. Davis continued his active operations as an agriculturist until he too passed away, at the age of fifty-three years, his wife surviving him by a number of years. Balzer Young, maternal grandfather of Doctor Davis, was born in Eastern Pennsylvania, and was one of the honored pioneers of Columbiana County, Ohio, where he became a citizen of influence in his community and was one of the organizers of the Baptist Church mentioned above. Mrs. Lucretia Davis passed to the life eternal in 1918, at the venerable age of seventy-eight years.

The boyhood of Doctor Davis was passed on the home farm and in addition to receiving the advantages of the public schools of the locality, he attended and was graduated from Mount Hope Academy at Rogers, a village in his native county. Thereafter he taught in the district schools of Columbiana County during a number of winter terms, and in the intervening summers he followed the carpenter's trade. He attended the medical department of the Ohio Wesleyan University, in the City of Cleveland, in which institution he was graduated as a member of the class of 1899, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For six years thereafter he was engaged in practice at Minerva, Stark County, and in 1911 he came to Sebring, Mahoning County, where he has built up a large and representative general practice which indicates alike his professional ability and his personal popularity. He is a member of the Stark County Medical Society and the Ohio State Medical Society, and he keeps in close touch with the advances made in medical and surgical science, with a high sense of professional stewardship. He is a republican in politics, is affiliated with the Masonic fraternity and both he and his wife are zealous members of the Presbyterian Church at Sebring, he being a member of its session.

September 9, 1896, recorded the marriage, at Darlington, Pennsylvania, of Doctor Davis to Miss Grace McClymonds, who was born and reared in that state, of Scotch-Irish lineage. Mrs. Davis was afforded the advantages of the Pennsylvania Normal School at Slippery Rock and as a talented musician she was a teacher of private classes in music for several years. She is a popular figure in the representative social activities of the community and is zealous also in church work. Doctor and Mrs. Davis have two children: Miriam, who was graduated from the Se-

bring High School, is, in 1920, a student in Mount Union College; Louis M., who was graduated in the high school as a member of the class of 1918, is taking a scientific course at Wooster College.

Lewis Abram Bandy (or Binditt, which was the original patronymic of his family), well-known druggist of Sebring, Mahoning County, Ohio, has an interesting family history. The Bandy (or Binditt) family has been resident in Ohio for four generations, and the American progenitor, Abram Louis, his son of Louis L., and his grandson, Henry L., father of Lewis A., were all well-known in Alliance, and the later generations in Sebring.

The Bandy (Binditt) family may be considered of French origin, for it was in France that it became most distinctive; but early generations of the family lived in the Canton of Berne, Switzerland, and are in both Swiss and French under the cognomen Binditt. Abram Louis, the great-grandfather and the first of the family to have American residence, appears to have held to the original surname, but his son Louis L., who was for many decades a veterinary surgeon in Ohio, and is still remembered by some of the oldest residents of Alliance and that vicinity, apparently adopted the Americanized version, for it is stated he had very many friends in the district who familiarly designated him "Old Bandy." The great-grandfather was known to Emperor Napoleon; he was one of his famous grenadiers, and at one time was his aide-de-camp. His brother-in-law was the great Marshal Ney, who, next to Napoleon, was perhaps the greatest soldier of France of that martial time. Abram Louis Binditt, it is stated, was the last of four brothers to serve under Napoleon, which perhaps means that his three brothers died in the service of Napoleon. Data are not now available as to the exact month in which Abram Louis Binditt left France for America, but it was in the year 1833. The record shows that the family lived in the south of France, in the town of Melisley, and that in 1833 Abram L. and Louis L. came into Ohio from Hagerstown, Maryland, and also that Abram L. lived in Columbiana County, Ohio, for the remainder of his life. Abram L. Binditt was a man of wonderful physique. In the stirring days in which he grew to manhood in France he undoubtedly lived an active open-air life, passed mainly, probably, in military activities. In his native country he was a lumberman, but after he came into Ohio he located on a large farm and also had a large store. He was reputed to have been the strongest man in the district, and was stated to have been able to shoulder 750 pounds and carry it half a mile on a wager. Also, it appears that in his early manhood he came into prominence for his fistic prowess. Altogether, he was undoubtedly a manly man, and well fitted for the rugged conditions of American pioneer life. He brought many Napoleonic relics over to America with him, and they would now be treasured by his descendants, had not a disastrous fire which ultimately gutted the house of his grandson, Henry L., destroyed almost all of the interesting relics. About the only relic left is a pair of shirt studs sent from France as a birthday present to Louis L., grandfather of Lewis A. And among the priceless relics destroyed was a hand-painted portrait of Napoleon, presented by him to his faithful old grenadier and aide-de-camp, Abram L. Binditt. The latter lived to octogenarian age, and his strong character brought him very many friends in America.

His son Louis L. lived in Ohio for the greater part of his life. He followed the profession of his choice and was a veterinary surgeon of Columbiana County, Ohio, widely known throughout the county and into Mahoning County. He was eighty-four years old in the year of his death, and had an enviable reputation as a veterinary surgeon.

Henry Lewis Bandy, son of Louis L. and grandson of Abram L., was born in Knox Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, June 8, 1848, and died May 30, 1919. His widow survives him and still lives in the old Bandy homestead, which is situated about 2,500 yards to the westward of the Village of Sebring, Mahoning County. Upon that farm Henry L. Bandy lived from 1884 until his death in 1919, and had earlier lived on the property of the family in Knox Township, Columbiana County. He was a mason by trade, specializing in brick work, and his craft took him to many places. For a while he worked in Memphis, Tennessee, and after the great Chicago fire spent a year or two in that city. He was an expert craftsman, was skilled in pressed-brick work, in arch and keystone work and the like, and at one time was able to command a wage of $8 per diem. Earlier in life he was a stone cutter, and was reputed to excel in such masonry. He showed good business enterprise, and did much independent contracting. Many of the public buildings of Columbiana and Mahoning counties that still stand and of which he was the contractor are testimonials to both his enterprise and his thoroughness. He built many school and church structures, and as a brick mason he was noted for the rapidity of building. He had responsible part in the building of the first edifice in Alliance for the McCormick Binder people and this is still on the grounds of the Morgan Engineering Company of that place. In 1884, when he acquired the farm in Smith Township, near the Village of Sebring, he had practically retired from work at his trade, and for the next fourteen or fifteen years he devoted his time almost exclusively to agricultural work, in 1894 erecting a spacious barn on his property, which building, however, was destroyed five years later by fire caused by lightning, and fire also destroyed the Napoleonic heirlooms before referred to. His house was burned in December, 1918. In 1900 he again resumed his trade work, more or less undertaking masonry contracts in the vicinity of his home from that year until his death.

Henry L. Bandy was a democrat in politics, and at one time was active in its local affairs. For nine years he was a township trustee, and was widely known throughout Mahoning County. Fraternally he belonged to the Masonic Order. He was twice married, and to his first wife were born two children, daughters, Lizzie and Sylvia, and to the second marriage was born one child, a son, Lewis Abram. The widow, Jemima (Miller) Bandy, still lives on the family farming property, which is now being cut into small tracts, under development plans. She was

born in Columbiana County, daughter of John Miller, of Knox Township.

Lewis Abram Bandy, son of Henry L. and Jemima (Miller) Bandy, was born on the paternal farm to the westward of Sebring on December 27, 1885. He attended local schools in his boyhood, and eventually graduated from the Alliance High School. Having decided to enter professional life, he soon after graduating from the high school took up pharmaceutical study and work, and in order to qualify took the course in pharmacy at the Western University of Pennsylvania, now known as the University of Pittsburgh. He graduated as a pharmacist, and gained much experience in the business phase of the profession by service of five years in the Frank Brothers drug store at Homestead, Pennsylvania. On July 18, 1912, he returned to his native state and county and opened the store he has since so successfully conducted in Sebring, Mahoning County. His store is housed in a substantial three-storied building built by his father in 1911, and apparently built with the intention that the son should occupy it for professional purposes. Mr. Bandy has shown good business acumen since he has been in possession of the Sebring store, for to supplement the drug store line, which is comprehensive, he has also entered into the general merchandising trading to an appreciable extent. He occupies two floors of the building, and the third is rented by the local branch of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr. Bandy has had good business and professional success since he has become established in Sebring, and has a nice home in the village, owning the old Steven Gray residence, which is somewhat historic, as it was upon that farm that the Village of Sebring was centered. The residence was built in 1884, and since it has passed into the possession of Mr. Bandy he has modernized it. Mr. Bandy has not followed political activities with personal co-operation, but he has been prominently identified with the functioning of some of the local branches of fraternal orders. He is a Mason to the Knights Templar degree, and is a charter member of Sebring Lodge No. 926. He also is a charter member of the McKinley Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In that order he has passed through all the chairs and is affiliated with the local encampment, Patriarchs Militant, Rebekah and of other fraternal organizations to which Mr. Bandy belongs might be mentioned the Knights of the Maccabees, Beloit, Ohio, and the Modern Woodmen, of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Bandy, on December 27, 1906, married at Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, Edna May Bennett, who has proved a worthy assistant to him in his store. They have three children: Lillian Clare, Edwin Henry Lewis and Walter Alton. Mr. and Mrs. Bandy have many sincere friends in the district, and are generally well regarded.

Robert Emerson Gorton. Among the representative and successful men of the Mahoning Valley who have for a number of years been closely identified with the industrial history of the valley and prominent in the civic and social life of Warren is Robert E. Gorton.

Mr. Gorton represents a very old New York family. He was born at Corning, New York, December 20, 1872, the son of George Pratt and Mary (McConnell) Gorton. Both his father and his grandfather, Rufus Gorton, were natives of Corning. Rufus was a surveyor as well as a pioneer farmer. The maternal grandfather of Robert Gorton was Henry McConnell, who was born in Ireland, while his daughter Mary was a native of Kingston, Ontario, Canada. After a period of residence in Canada he moved to Corning, New York, where he operated an extensive tannery for many years.

George Pratt Gorton was a boy when the Civil war came on. Twice he tried to enlist in his home community, but as his age was well known he was prevented. He then ran away from home and succeeded in getting accepted in a New York regiment, and served until mustered out as a non-commissioned officer. Some time after the war he became associated with his father-in-law, Henry McConnell, in the tannery business. From Corning he removed to Andover, New York, later went to West Spring Creek, Pennsylvania, and thence to Torpedo, Pennsylvania, at each of which locations he was engaged in the tanning business. At Torpedo an extensive business was carried on both in tanning and in general merchandising. Here Mr. Gorton dissolved partnership with Mr. McConnell and for several years continued the operation of the general store. When he sold that business he removed to Warren, where he is still living, retired.

Robert E. Gorton acquired his primary education in the public schools. He prepared for college at Chamberlain Institute, Randolph, New York, and was graduated from Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania. While still a schoolboy he acquired considerable experience in clerking and bookkeeping in his father's store, and after leaving college he became associated in business with his father at Torpedo. At that place he made the acquaintance of the late Warren Packard, of Warren, who induced him to come to Warren and join the Packard interests. Coming to Warren, young Gorton became bookkeeper for J. W. and W. D. Packard, who were at that time engaged in the manufacture of electric lamps and other electrical products. After a period of six months he was made general office manager, and still later put in part of his time as traveling salesman for the company.

From the time the Packard Motor Car Company was organized and until the plant was removed to Detroit, Mr. Gorton was in charge of the purchasing, the general offices, and was also assistant to Mr. J. W. Packard, the president. He then was made assistant manager of the Packard Lamp Division, National Lamp Works of the General Electric Company, and since 1910 has been general manager of that industry, one of the largest in Warren.

January 1, 1910, he became a stockholder, director and secretary of the Packard Electric Company of Warren, and in September, 1916, he and Newton A. Wolcott acquired this branch of the Packard interests. Mr. Gorton is also a director in the Guide Motor Lamp Manufacturing Company of Cleveland.

Mr. Gorton's only brother, George B. Gorton, is an automobile dealer at Warren, while his only sister, Edith, is deceased.

R. E. Gordon

Mr. Gorton is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland. He served as exalted ruler of Warren Lodge No. 295, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, in 1919-20. Through his relations with the electrical industry he is a member of the Jovian Order. He is a member of the Old Colony Club, the United Commercial Travelers, the Ohio State and American Automobile Association and the Warren Automobile Club, and is affiliated with Delta Tau Delta fraternity of Allegheny College.

Mr. Gorton married Bertha Ruby Schoppelrey, daughter of William and Amelia Schoppelrey, of Warren. Mrs. Gorton has a more than local reputation as a finished musician, especially as a violinst. For two years she was a member of the faculty of the Dana Musical Institute at Warren. Mr. and Mrs. Gorton have had three children, Robert Emerson, Jr., Aubrey Miles, who died at the age of two years, and Gretchen Jane. Mr. Gorton resides at 322 Mahoning Avenue where he has nine acres of property on the banks of the Mahoning River, his home being among the conspicuous places on the avenue.

William C. Ward, vice president and general manager of the Peerless Electric Company of Warren, is one of the practical business men of this region, is a native of the Mahoning Valley, and has spent all of his life in it. He has been closely identified with the industrial and civic history of Warren for over thirty years, and is one of the most constructive workers the city has ever produced.

The birth of William C. Ward took place at Warren, November 13, 1867, and he is a son of the late Columbus and Hannah (Jaquays) Ward. Columbus Ward was born in Ashtabula County, Ohio, May 29, 1834, the son of William and Mary (Williams) Ward, both natives of New York State who settled in Ashtabula County, Ohio, in the early '20s. Columbus Ward spent his early life with his parents on the home farm and attended the public schools. He was for many years a traveling salesman for a Cleveland, Ohio, company, and in 1865 he located at Warren, of which he was later elected mayor, and he held that office for eight years. In 1888 he went to California and died in that state. His wife was a daughter of William and Lucy (Shepherd) Jaquays.

William C. Ward was graduated from the Warren High School in 1885, and in that year entered newspaper work as "cub" reporter on the Warren Daily Chronicle. In 1887 he was made city editor of that journal, and so continued in the newspaper business for fifteen years. In 1889, while still city editor, he was elected mayor of Warren, and was re-elected in 1901, but after serving only one year of his second term he resigned to go with the Peerless Electric Company, of which he was one of the incorporators in 1902, and of which he was made vice president. In 1910 he was elected treasurer, and in 1918 was made general manager, so that he is now vice president, treasurer and general manager of this important corporation. Mr. Ward is a member of the Warren Board of Trade and of the Trumbull Club. He is a past master of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, belongs to the Warren Council, Mahoning Chapter and Warren Commandery.

He married Miss Edna A. Leet, a daughter of Sherman E. and Ida M. Leet. Mr. Leet has been connected with the Erie Railroad for many years as agent at Girard, Ohio, and is now at Warren. Mr. and Mrs. Ward have the following children: Alan C., Virginia May and Eugene C.

Mr. Ward is a man who has always contributed freely to the civic undertakings of the community, and has been able to properly estimate the economic value of proposed improvements, so that both as a private citizen and public official, he was able to prevent extravagance with the people's money. In many ways he has laid his community under obligations to him, and he is very properly recognized as one of the most representative men and public-spirited citizens of the valley, in which his life has been spent.

Ernest Clark Boorn, president of the E. C. Boorn Company, has been a Warren business man for eighteen years, and has made this city the headquarters of the largest sheet metal, roofing and heating concern in Warren.

Mr. Boorn represents some old and substantial Ohio families, whose fortunes have been identified with the state for fully a century. He was born at the old Boorn homestead about two miles south of Middlefield Center in Geauga County, September 18, 1866. His paternal grandfather, Alfred Boorn, was a native of Vermont, and early in the nineteenth century came to Ohio and settled in Burton Township of Geauga County. The maternal grandfather was Clark Town, a native of New York State and an early settler in Parkman Township of Geauga County, where at one time he was owner of extensive farm lands. The father of E. C. Boorn was born in Geauga Township in 1827, and later removed to Middlefield Township of that county, where he owned a farm and a mill. The wheels of that old mill were operated by him for about thirty years. He was a millwright by trade and built several mills in Geauga County. Late in life he retired and lived at Middlefield Center, where he died in 1910. His wife was Marcie Town, who was born on the old Town homestead in Parkman Township, Geauga County, in 1833. At the age of eighty-seven she is still living. She was the mother of four sons and five daughters, all of whom are still living today. The oldest, Ira, has spent his active life as a farmer, and in the hardware and tinsmith business and is now living retired at Middlefield; Alice is the wife of Charles Auxer, a resident of Garrettsville, Ohio; Walter, is a retired farmer at Middlefield Center; Frank D. is a retired farmer living at Mesopotamia in Trumbull County; Ida is the wife of N. M. Bartholmew, a retired farmer at Burton in Geauga County; Ada, living with her daughter in Warren, is the widow of Edward Clark; Ernest C. is the seventh in age; Myrta, unmarried, lives at Middlefield Center; and Flora, the youngest, is the wife of Oliver McCully, living at Delta, Colorado.

Ernest C. Boorn spent an industrious boyhood on a farm, and his early education was supplied by the

local public schools. He left the farm at eighteen to learn the hardware and tinsmith trade with his brother at Middlefield Center. At the conclusion of his apprenticeship he became a journeyman, and to perfect his knowledge of the business he traveled a great deal and gained a wide experience. For one year he worked at Ravenna, Ohio, and in 1889, on leaving that city, went to California, where he remained three years, and in various towns and cities. On returning to Ohio in 1892 he located at Garrettsville, was there about a year and a half, and then came to Warren and was employed at his trade in this city for about two years. He set up an independent business as a hardware merchant at Ashtabula Harbor under the name of Dudley & Boorn. After six years he sold his interest to his partner and for a year was on the road as a traveling salesman. For a time he was also employed in the hardware and sheet metal business at Sharon, Pennsylvania, and in 1902 located permanently at Warren, where he established a shop on West Market Street, with all the equipment for sheet metal, heating and roofing work. After selling that shop he bought his present place of business on Franklin Street. An expert in all the technical processes of his business, a capable business executive, Mr. Boorn pushed his enterprise, taking contracts over a constantly enlarging territory, and in 1915 incorporated the business as the E. C. Boorn Company, of which he is president, with F. M. Woodward secretary and general manager. Mr. Boorn's substantial business record is therefore that of a man who has remained consistently in one line of work for thirty-five years. Incidental to his main business in recent years he has been interested in real estate, buying, selling and building, and has contributed to the building program of Warren. The past six winters Mr. Boorn has spent at St. Petersburg, Florida, where he built and at one time owned a half interest in a large apartment house and several other improved properties in that noted winter resort, which he later disposed of.

August 20, 1902, the same year he came to Warren, Mr. Boorn married Miss Clara Pettis, who was born at Rock Creek, Ashtabula County, Ohio, a daughter of Wellington and Emeline (Lattimer) Pettis, the former a native of Connecticut, and the latter of New York State. Her father was born in 1823 and died in 1906, at the age of eighty-three years. Mr. Boorn is affiliated with Portage Lodge No. 29 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is a trustee of the Tod Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, and has been able to express his high degree of public spirit largely through membership in the Warren Board of Trade. Mrs. Boorn is a member of the Daughters of Rebekah, and is on the board of directors of the Warren Young Women's Christian Association.

Benjamin F. Morris is sheriff of Mahoning County. In a great industrial district like Youngstown and vicinity that office is easily one of the most important in local civil government, and the qualifications for its incumbent are exceedingly exacting. Mr. Morris has done his duty without fear or favor, and has won an enviable esteem by the prompt, vigilant and at the same time impartial manner in which he has handled his responsibilities and treated every prisoner in his charge.

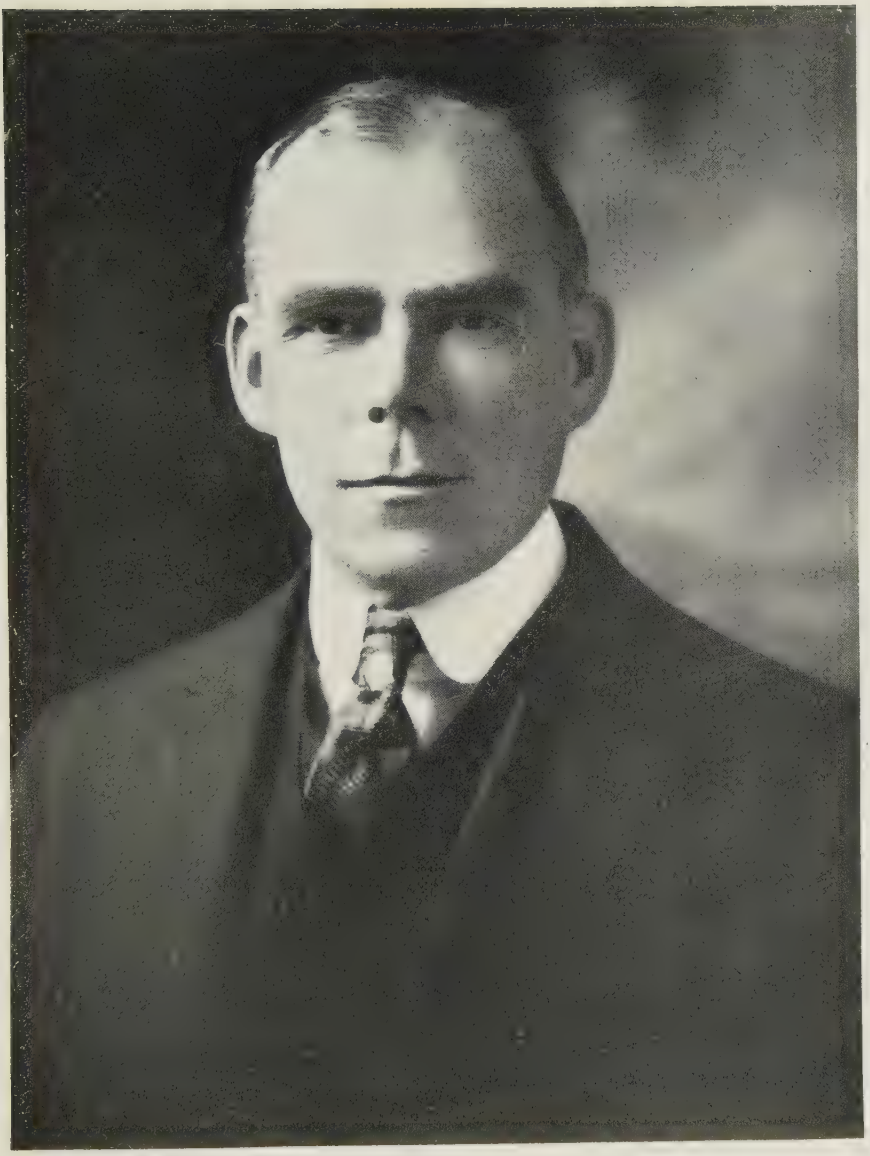
Mr. Morris was born at Hubbard, Ohio, August 21, 1872, and has spent all his life in the great industrial district of the Mahoning Valley. His parents, Benjamin and Margaret (Morris) Morris, were natives of Wales, but came to the United States when young people and were married in Ohio. They lived in the great coal mining district at Weathersfield, and the father spent his active life as a miner. In his later years he was superintendent of mines for Evan Morris, H. K. Wick and for his cousin, David Morris. Benjamin Morris died about 1879, and was born in 1823. His widow is still living, in her ninety-third year. She is a Methodist, while he was a Baptist. They had a large family of fifteen children, and eight are still living: David, a mute, who serves as a special police officer in the Yellow Creek Park at Struthers; Emma, wife of J. C. Morris, former railroad commissioner of Ohio; John D., of Hubbard; Evan B., a city paving and sewer inspector at Youngstown; William T., connected with the Erie Railway; Mrs. Terrance Feine, of 660 Joseph Street, Youngstown, she and her husband both being mutes, and for many years her mother has made her home with them; Mrs. W. F. Rowe, wife of a farmer living at South Corners in Center Township.

Benjamin F. Morris was educated in the public and Union schools of Poland, Canfield and Greenford. At the age of sixteen he became a blacksmith's helper in the carriage works at Youngstown, and was connected steadily with that industry for a period of sixteen years. He left his trade to become truant officer, and two years later was appointed probation officer by Judge Griffith. His record of eleven years as probation officer was one of the chief qualifications for his present duties as sheriff of Mahoning County.

In 1898 he married Miss Emma A. Rudolph, daughter of Charles Rudolph, of 118 Edwards Street, Youngstown. They have five children, Vera E., Vernon B., Donald C., Earle B. and Florence E. Mrs. Morris is a member of the English Lutheran Church, while Mr. Morris is a Methodist in sympathy, and both in his private and official life has rigidly adhered to the practice of the Golden Rule. He is affiliated with the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the Knights of Pythias, is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and belongs to the Eastern Ohio Fish and Game Protection League.

Frank Elliott, who first came into the Mahoning Valley as local representative of the Wells-Fargo Express Company, subsequently branched out into real estate operations and within the last twelve years has played a prominent and useful part in the remarkable development and expansion of Warren.

Mr. Elliott was born at London, England, January 10, 1873. In 1875, when he was eighteen months old, he was brought to this country by his parents, William H. and Sophia (Coales) Elliott, who established their home at Newport, Kentucky. Frank Elliott was reared and educated at Newport, and the early



B. F. Morris

chapters of his life history were written there. In the fall of 1897 he crossed the continent to San Francisco, where he entered the cashier's department of the general offices of the Wells-Fargo Express Company at San Francisco. Four years later, in 1901, he was promoted to cashier of the company's office at Youngstown, Ohio, and has therefore been a resident of the Mahoning Valley for twenty years. The company sent him to Warren as local agent in 1904. He resigned that office in 1907, and did his first work in real estate as a commission broker in that year. With growing experience, capital and other facilities he has broadened his operations until for several years past he has confined his business to buying and building on a large scale, using entirely capital under his direct control. One of his business undertakings that did much toward solving the pressing housing problem in Warren was the developing of an allotment of seven acres as a home building site.

Mr. Elliott is a member of the Warren Real Estate Board, is treasurer of the Warren Public Library, and a member of the Warren Automobile Club, the Masonic Club, the Westminster Club, Christ Episcopal Church, and is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Scottish Rite Consistory at Dayton.

Mr. Elliott married Ethel Perry Horne, daughter of Capt. Joseph N. and Julia (Hayman) Horne, of Columbus, Ohio. Her maternal grandfather, Robert D. Hayman, was one of the prominent citizens of Newport, Kentucky. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott have two daughters, Julia Hope and Virginia Lee Elliott.

MAURICE CHANCEY CLAY, nurseryman, floriculturist and farmer of Green Township, Mahoning County, is a descendant of Valentine Clay, who, with Henry Baird, settled in Green Township in 1802, formerly having lived in Pennsylvania. Since that time the Clay family has been one of the representative families of that section of Mahoning County.

Maurice Chancey Clay was born in Green Township on May 5, 1863, the son of Solomon and Catherine (Gilbert) Clay, and he has lived his whole life in the township, his farm and greenhouses being situated about two miles to the westward of Greenford. Henry Baird, before-mentioned, settled in the northern section of Green Township in 1802. He had four daughters, and he came from Pennsylvania with four young men, among them Valentine Clay. These four assisted Henry Baird in the clearing of the tract of land he had acquired, and each eventually married one of his daughters. The four young men were Valentine Clay, Nicholas Knauff, John Goodman and John Kenreich. Valentine Clay, with his wife, settled on the Dutch Ridge Brook, having bought a good tract of land in that part of the township, and there they lived during the remainder of their lives. He and his wife both died before the outbreak of the Civil war. The following is on record regarding their children: Their son John died a bachelor; Henry also died unmarried; Daniel lived throughout his life on the parental farm, and married, the farm eventually being inherited by his son John, who is still alive and still living on the Clay homestead won by his grandfather from the wilderness; Solomon, father of Maurice C., regarding whom more is written later herein. Then there was a sister, Katie, and another sister who married a man named Toot, her married life being spent in Missouri.

Solomon Clay was twice married. His first wife bore him five children: Henry, who eventually was a successful farmer in Canfield Township; Peter, who died at North Jackson; John, who passed the greater part of his life in Green Township, operating a farm near that of his father; Josiah, who died in middle life; and Matilda, now deceased, who married Jacob Toot. In 1846 or 1847 Solomon Clay married Catherine Gilbert, who bore him six children, who in order of birth and by name were: Allen, who died at the age of twenty-two years; Rosa, who died in childhood; Frank, who lives in Greenford, Green Township; Moses, who lives in Green Township; Charles, who lives in Greenford; and Maurice Chancey, of whom more follows. Solomon died on the old homestead when sixty-six years old, and his second wife, Catherine Gilbert, who survived him for many years, died in the village of Greenford, Green Township, in the early nineties. Solomon Clay was much respected in the neighborhood; was a man of upright life and generous spirit; and for very many years was a member of the Lutheran Dutch Ridge Church. Politically he was a democrat, although he had no inclination for political life, and never sought political or public office.

Maurice Chancey, son of Solomon and Catherine (Gilbert) Clay, was born on May 5, 1863. In his youth he attended the township schools, and when he grew to manhood, or rather prior to attaining majority, he entered into responsible and independent business. He was only nineteen years old when he ventured into the business of florist and nurseryman in Green Township, building a greenhouse on his property and enterprisingly planning to cater to a wide trade. Throughout the years he has specialized in potted plants, and has a good business connection over a radius of fifty miles from his greenhouses. As an exhibitor he is widely known in the state, and has had notable success at local and state fairs. He has been awarded seven first prizes at the Ohio State Fair for exhibits of plants, including fine collections of ferns and palms. He is known as an expert in the cultivation of ornamental plants, and has developed quite a substantial business. Mr. Clay also operates a good-sized farm, having a dairy and a valuable herd of thorough-bred Jersey cattle.

He has lived a busy life, but he has nevertheless been able to enter into the public affairs of his home township, where he is highly regarded. He has been a member of the school board, and was a justice of the peace for some years. Politically he has given steady and helpful allegiance to the republican party. Fraternally he has been prominent in the functioning of units of many orders. He is a member of the Foresters and Odd Fellows orders, as well as the Rebekahs and the Knights of Pythias. Of the local lodge of that fraternal organization he has been treasurer for twenty-six years. He is also a member of Perry Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Salem, Ohio, and he belongs to the local Grange. He has an interesting hobby, the collection

of coins and Indian relics, and his collection is quite valuable.

Mr. Clay took on manly responsibilities quite young in life, and he was only twenty years old when he married Millie Holloway, daughter of Isaac G. and Mary (Lodge) Holloway, who had lived in Green Township since 1840, and who in 1850 moved to the farm upon which the Clay family now lives. Isaac G. Holloway died in 1905, at the venerable age of ninety years and as Mrs. Clay was their only surviving child she inherited the family property. She has lived the whole of her life on the farm and has many life-long friends in the township. Mr. and Mrs. Clay have one son, Carl.

Carl Clay, son of Maurice Chancey and Millie (Holloway) Clay, was born on the farm in Green Township on February 1, 1889, and when he grew to manhood associated with his father in the nursery business and in general farming. In 1911 he married Nora Rupright, of New Buffalo, whose father, Freeman Rupright, is an enthusiastic collector of Indian relics. To them have been born two children, Ethel Mary and Cecil Chancey. Carl Clay is an enterprising, progressive man of business, self-reliant and capable. He is a member of the school board, and belongs to the Masonic and Knights of Pythias fraternal orders. He is the keeper of records and seals of the local body of the last-named order. He has been particularly active in the functioning of the local Grange.

William L. Sause. While well known officially as commissioner of street railways at Youngstown, Mr. Sause has also been actively connected with the community as a leading real estate operator, and formerly was an expert engineer and designer with several large industrial plants.

Mr. Sause was born in Trumbull County, Ohio, June 1, 1883, son of John and Bridget (Dunn) Sause. His father, who in early life was a coal miner and spent many years with the Andrews Brothers plant, died in Youngstown in 1915, at the age of fifty-eight. He was a member of the Sacred Heart Church at Haselton. In the family were eight children, three sons and five daughters: Nellie, wife of Charles Jenkins, of Youngstown; Anna, wife of Michael McMahan; Katherine, wife of Wallace O'Rourke, of Youngstown; Elizabeth and Irene, both living with their mother; Wililam L.; Michael, a structural engineer with the Republic Iron and Steel Company; and James, in the real estate business in the Dollar Bank Building.

William L. Sause with his brothers and sisters attended school at Flint Hill, and later he was a student in the Rayen High School at Youngstown and the Nighswander Business School. He studied bookkeeping and shorthand, and subsequently pursued a course in bridge and structural designing with Mr. Brunnier at Pittsburgh. For several years he was an employe of the American Bridge Company, and subsequently went to Toronto, Canada, as chief draftsman in charge of work for the Toronto Foundry Company. He also spent four years in the drafting rooms of the Brown Hoisting Machine Company.

Mr. Sause finally returned to Youngstown to spend his vacation, and the vacation was lengthened into a permanent residence and a complete change of business. He was a well qualified draftsman and an expert in bridge and other industrial lines, and though a hard worker he had up to this time accumulated very little money. While in Youngstown he saw an opportunity to secure a piece of real estate. He handled it at a good profit, and for the past five years has been extensively engaged in real estate brokerage and buying and selling. He handled property near the Republic mill on the east side, also the Market Street section and the west end of the city, and has evinced a special talent for this line of work. His latest purchase was the Baldwin mill and ground, long a landmark in the Youngstown industrial section.

In 1906 Mr. Sause married Miss Jane G. Flannery, daughter of Michael and Mary Flannery. Their children are Wallace, Julian, Mary Rita, Martha and Winifred. Mr. Sause and wife are members of St. Edward's Catholic Church. He is affiliated with the Knights of Columbus and Elks and the Youngstown Club, and is a democrat in politics.

Willis Lloyd Beardsley, a successful and representative farmer of Mahoning County, Ohio, owner of the Chestnut Ridge Farm which is situated in Ellsworth Township, somewhat more than two miles to the westward of Ellsworth Village, comes of a family widely known in that section, and which has had connection with the Mahoning Valley since the early days of its settlement.

Willis Lloyd Beardsley was born within sight of his present home, in fact on the opposite side of the road, on January 16, 1855, the son of Henry Curtis and Elizabeth (Smith) Beardsley. The early American ancestry of the Beardsley family traces back to colonial days in Connecticut. Philo and Esther (Curtis) Beardsley lived in that state, and they were the great-grandparents of Willis Lloyd Beardsley of Ellsworth through their son Almus. The eight children of Philo and Esther (Curtis) Beardsley were: Birdsey, who was born in 1785; Anna, born in 1787; Josiah, born in 1789, and later of Ohio residence, at first in Poland Township, Mahoning County, and later of Atwater, Ohio; Sarah, who was born in 1791; Philo, who was born in 1794, who married Lois S. Gun in Connecticut and came into Ohio, and his son is Almus Beardsley, retired farmer of Canfield Township, Mahoning County; Curtis, who was born in 1797, and died in Canfield Township, Mahoning County; Almus, who was born on April 11, 1799, and became the grandfather of Willis Lloyd Beardsley, of Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, through his son Henry C.; and Agur, who was born in 1801.

Almus Beardsley, born in 1799, in Connecticut, died on July 23, 1873, in Ohio. He married on November 20, 1820, Amanda (Cogswill), who was born on August 15, 1796, and died on August 23, 1869. About ten years after they had married Almus Beardsley and his wife with their children came to Ohio and settled on the property upon which Willis, their grandson, was eventually born, in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County. The farm was one of

Wm. L. Sause.

200 acres, and there he and his wife lived until their death. Their children were: Homer, who was born in Connecticut, married Janette Chapin, and removed to Wisconsin. He served as a soldier during the Civil war, and left no descendants. Henry Curtis became the father of Willis L., regarding whose life more follows. Esther married Waldo Brown, who was in federal civil service and stationed at Washington, D. C., where she died. Birdsey married Susan Coult, and also later settled in Wisconsin. Josiah married Emily Bingham in 1864. He was an educator in his early manhood, and at one time taught in the Ellsworth Academy, later undertaking educational work in the southern states under Freedman's Bureau. Many of the older residents of Ellsworth Township recall the association of Josiah Beardsley with the Academy. Eventually he entered the ministry of the Congregational Church, and for many years was in ministerial charges in Wisconsin, ultimately in Ripon, Wisconsin, where he died. Fanny Maria married Lloyd Allen, of Ellsworth Township, to whom further reference is contained elsewhere in this work. Amanda Ann died in Washington, D. C., a spinster. She was more than sixty years old in the year of her death, and had for many years lived with her sister in Washington, D. C., maintaining herself by a government clerkship.

Henry Curtis Beardsley, son of Almus and Amanda (Cogswill) Beardsley, was born in Connecticut on December 2, 1823. He was only eight years old, however, when his parents came into Ohio, and from that year forward he lived his whole life in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, living in the dwelling built by his father, which house still stands in good condition. Henry Curtis farmed industriously and skillfully for the greater part of his life, taking the parental farm in Ellsworth Township and adding somewhat to it. Latterly he had altogether about 270 acres. He had good success in sheep raising. He bred Merino sheep, and for many years was a well-known and successful exhibitor of that breed of sheep at the county fair, of which he was a director. He closely interested himself in all that pertained to agriculture in his section, and was generally respected. Politically he was a republican, but he does not appear to have very actively participated in political affairs. He attended the Presbyterian Church at Ellsworth for many years. His marriage occurred on November 25, 1851, and he died January 17, 1905. His wife was Elizabeth Smith, of Ellsworth Township, who was born on April 18, 1829, and died in March, 1905. Their children were: Laura Evelyn, who was born in 1853, and died in 1913, married Samuel Shaffer in 1894, and he is still a resident of Goshen Township, Mahoning County; Willis Lloyd, of whom more follows; Ora Annette, who was born in 1857, married Colbert Fitch in 1881, and died in 1885, and her husband was killed by lightning; Lucy Maria, who was born in 1860, married Walter L. Vincent in 1886, and now lives at Salem, Ohio; Edith Adelia, who was born in 1865, married Lawrence Wagner in 1889, and now lives in Youngstown; Arthur Cogswill, born in 1871 and died in 1919, married in 1894 Almira Heintzelman, who died at Canton, Ohio.

Willis Lloyd Beardsley, second child of Henry Curtis and Elizabeth (Smith) Beardsley, was born in Ellsworth Township sixty-five years ago, and has lived in it practically ever since. His life-work has been agriculture. In his boyhood he was given adequate schooling, and thereafter assisted his father in the operation of the ancestral estate during the life of his father, at whose death he inherited a portion of the farm of his grandfather. He owns about 100 acres of his father's farm, and in early manhood farmed a much larger acreage. He associated with his father interestedly in the raising and exhibiting of Merino sheep, but latterly his farming has been mainly of dairying character. He maintains a large herd of good Jersey cows, about twenty-five head, and latterly has been ably assisted by his son Earl. He has not followed politics with particular keenness, otherwise in all probability he might have had office in the local administration, for he is generally well regarded in the township. He is identified with the Grange and the Farm Bureau, in both of which agricultural organizations he takes an active interest. Religiously he is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

On March 19, 1889, he married Malinda Hoyle, daughter of George and Susan (Felnogle) Hoyle, of Berlin Township, Mahoning County. Mrs. Beardsley was born on June 22, 1861, and died April 19, 1909. To them were born two children: Earl, who was born on January 31, 1892, married Sarah Prather. They have two children, Cecil and Julia. Earl now manages his father's farm, and is also in local civic office, being township clerk. Ruth Hazel has remained with her father and since the death of her mother has taken over the direction of household duties in the parental home. She was married to Warren Manchester May 4, 1920. Mrs. Manchester has taken good part in social and church activities in the community.

Charles J. Roller. As noted here and elsewhere, the Roller family has been established in Green Township of Mahoning County since the first years of the nineteenth century. There have been able men and home making and home loving women in every one of the four or five generations who have lived here. A distinction of particular interest attaching to Charles J. Roller of Greenford and his father, the late Samuel W. Roller, is due to their pioneer and successful efforts in horticulture. Samuel W. Roller probably planted, against the advice and in spite of the ridicule of his neighbors, the first commercial apple orchard in this part of the Mahoning Valley, and persisting against trials and discouragements he lived to see his plans and his faith justified, and the work he instituted has been carried on by his son Charles J. Roller, who has made a name for himself in horticultural circles.

It is said that the Roller family originated in the kingdom of Wuertemberg, Germany, where, as showing they were people of the higher class, they enjoyed the possession of a coat of arms. From that region John Roller immigrated to the American colonies in 1740 and established a home in the Sinking Valley of Pennsylvania, near Alexandria. Some of his descendants are still in that section of Penn-

sylvania. He had seven sons who fought as soldiers in some phases of the Revolutionary war. One of them, Jacob, was killed by the Indians on his farm after peace had been declared between the Colonies and Great Britain, though the Indians were still at large. One of these sons of the original settler was John, who with three brothers after the Revolution moved to the Tennessee country. They did not like the institution of slavery, and John and one of his brothers leaving Tennessee came to Eastern Ohio in 1802 and thus began the family history in Green Township. John Roller settled a mile and a half northeast of the old Washingtonville community. Washingtonville at one time was an important trade center, situated on the line between Columbiana and Mahoning counties. John Roller lived there until his death in 1819, and was buried at Washingtonville. His son Isaac Roller was the first white child born in Green Township. This Isaac became a tanner and lived to old age and died at Limaville.

Another son of John was Michael Roller, who on May 1, 1827, established his home on land now included in the fruit farm of his grandson, Charles J. Roller. He lived out his life there, dying about 1860, at the age of sixty, and was buried at Greenford. His wife was Isabelle Calvin, who lived to the age of eighty.

An attractive landmark in that section, and the home of Charles J. Roller, is a brick house that was built by Michael in 1836. Michael had a great deal of skill as a mason, and the brick for this house he burned on his own land and laid up the walls so true that they have stood eighty-four years. He also built the present barn on the farm about 1852. The old house is still in an excellent state of preservation. Michael worked at his trade in Salem, seven miles away, and some of the houses he built are still standing there. The children of Michael Roller were two, Samuel W. and Rebecca. The latter became the wife of Richard Templin, and lived three-quarters of a mile west of Greenford, where Rebecca died when past eighty years of age and where her daughter Belle, Mrs. Edward Calvin, now lives.

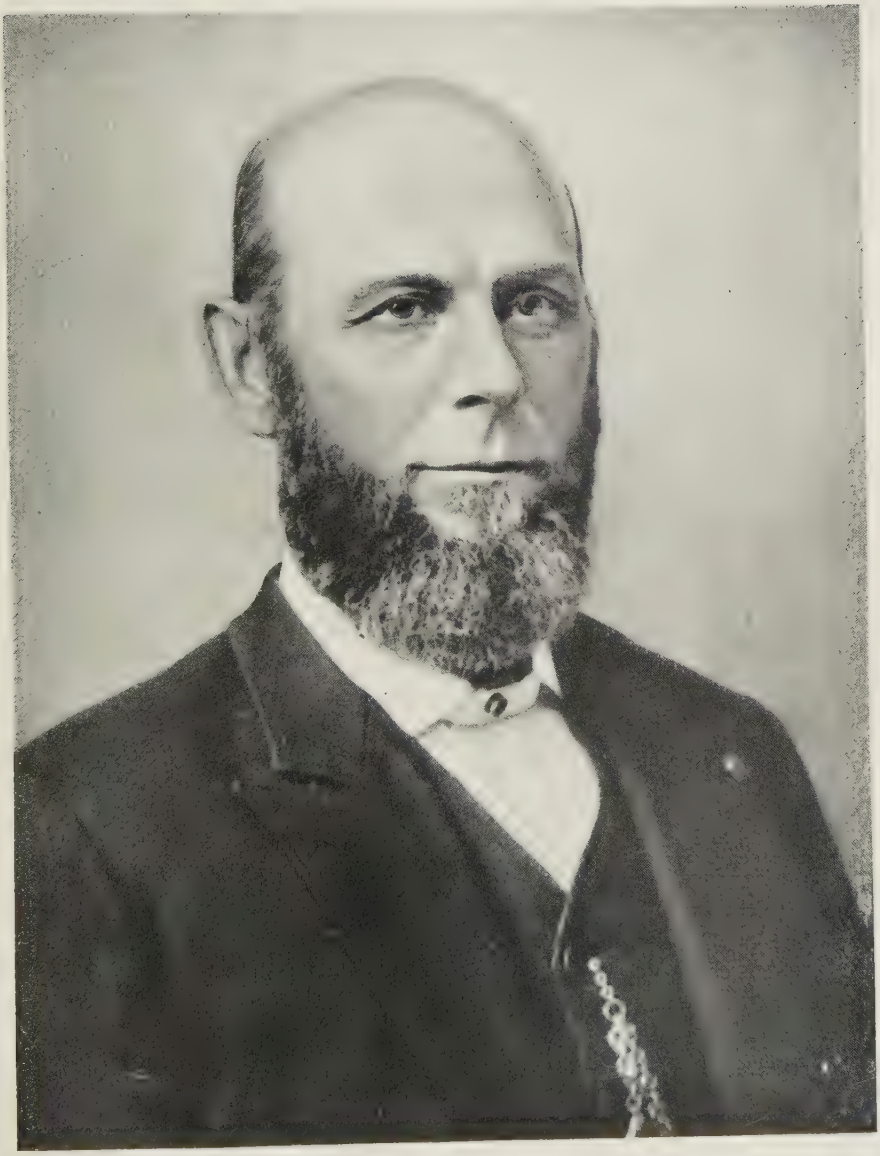
Samuel W. Roller was born April 30, 1826, and was about a year old when his parents moved to the farm just described. He also owned another tract of 176 acres, part of which is now the home of his son Ernest. Samuel W. Roller for many years pursued general farming and stock raising. He made his first venture as a commercial horticulturist when he blocked out about twenty acres in 1888 and set it to apple trees, selecting three or four staple varieties. He kept adding to his orchard until he had thirty acres bearing fruit, comprising the largest individual orchard in the county. This immediate section of Green Township is the most important fruit growing part of the Mahoning Valley. Conditions seem admirable for that purpose, soil, elevation, drainage and other factors measuring well up to the standards set by horticulturists. The land lies about 1,200 feet above sea level, and a crop of apples is almost certain. Samuel W. Roller died March 30, 1902. He was a republican in politics, and served a number of terms as trustee of Green Township. He married Sarah E. Hole, who died at Greenford April 28, 1909. She was the mother of nine children, and those to reach mature years were: Elvira J., deceased wife of Oliver S. Walter; Melissa, living at Salem, Ohio, widow of Dr. J. H. Calvin; Arthur C., a fruit grower near Columbiana; Anna L., Mrs. J. D. Cook, of Salem; Ida I., who died unmarried; Charles J.; and Ernest I., who is also in the fruit growing business.

Charles J. Roller was born at the old homestead August 3, 1867, and acquired an education in his local district school. He learned farming and fruit growing under his father, and has found horticulture worthy of his best enthusiasm and efforts. His orchard is still the principal asset of his farm, and while he grows some other fruit crops his reliable profits are made from apples. The normal production of his orchard is about 6,000 bushels, and one season he sold fifteen carloads. He has a well equipped storage house for holding and seasoning the crop. He is a member of the County and State Horticultural Societies, also a member of the Grange and Farm Bureau, and is well qualified for leadership in agricultural affairs. He is affiliated with the Masonic Lodge at Leetonia, and belongs to the Chapter, Council and Knight Templar Commandery at Salem. He is also a member of the Knights of Pythias at Greenford. He is a republican in politics, and has served as township trustee and in 1900 took the census in his township.

August 26, 1903, Mr. Roller married Irene Porter, a native of Canfield Township. Her father, Almedus Porter, is still living at Canfield, is a contractor, and as a carpenter and builder has put in over sixty years at his trade. Almedus Porter married Caroline Buffinger, who died in February, 1904. Mrs. Roller spent four years in the old Northeastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield under Professor Helman. She is a member of the Grange, belongs to the Eastern Star at Salem, and was active in Red Cross and other local patriotic movements during the war. The only child born to Mr. and Mrs. Roller died in infancy.

Hugh Alexander Love. For more than a century and a decade the good character and industrious citizenship of the Love family have been identified with Trumbull County, chiefly with Hubbard Township. One of the oldest surviving members of this pioneer family is Hugh Alexander Love, who for five years past has lived in Liberty Township, four miles north of the courthouse at Youngstown, on the Logan Avenue Road.

Mr. Love was born at Coalburg, then called Clarksburg, in Hubbard Township June 3, 1841, a son of Hugh and Jane (Campbell) Love. His great-grandfather came from Ireland and settled in Maryland. The grandfather, Robert Love, was born in Maryland and in 1807 brought his family to Hubbard Township. A few years later he served as a soldier in the War of 1812, but otherwise spent the rest of his career in Hubbard. He owned over 200 acres east of Coalburg and lived to the age of seventy-six, dying when his grandson, Hugh A., was twelve years of age. Hugh Love, son of Robert, was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and was four years of age when brought to Trumbull County. He acquired the old homestead, also



HUGH A. LOVE

MRS. E. J. McCLEERY LOVE AND BROTHERS, SAMUEL McCLEERY, ABNER H. McCLEERY

operated a waterpower sawmill on the farm, did coal mining, opening a coal bank before Coalburg became prominent as the center of that industry. One of the earliest memories of Hugh Alexander Love is operating a steam pump at his father's coal plant when only nine years of age. The coal produced from the Love properties paid handsome royalties for many years. Hugh Love was also a stock buyer and a leading farmer. About 1867 he removed to Warren, where he lived retired until his death thirteen years later, at the age of seventy-six. His wife, Jane Campbell Love, died on her seventieth birthday. They were very devout Presbyterians and he was an original member of the church at Hubbard. Of their children Hugh Alexander is the fourth in order of birth. Rebecca married William Bell and lived in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, where she died at the age of seventy-six. Mary Jane became the wife of John Kreitzley, lived at Warren and died in middle life. Beulah married Calvin Dawson and died at her home near Cleveland. Margaret, widow of George Stone and living at Monrovia, California, is noted as an author, being a contributor to magazines and other publications. Buell was a well known Presbyterian minister, preached at Bedford, Pennsylvania, also in his old home community at Hubbard, and his last charge was at Nashville, Illinois, but he died at Antwerp in Paulding County, Ohio, in September, 1919, and was buried at Wooster.

Hugh Alexander Love, after reaching his majority, acquired part of the old homestead at Coalburg, but in 1871 removed to Howland Township, near Warren, and continued to be actively identified with agriculture for about forty years. He made a practice of buying and developing lands and improved several handsome properties in the county. He had the progressive spirit of the modern farmer forty and fifty years ago. He practiced tile drainage and again and again proved the value of the investment. Even when in debt he would put in as high as two thousand tile a year. Fertilizing the soil was also his constant care, and he used his wagons to haul surplus manures from town to his land. For many years the crops grown on the Love farm were the best in the vicinity. After retiring from the farm he moved to Warren, where he lived five years. His first wife died there, and since his second marriage five years ago he has been at his present home north of Youngstown.

Mr. Love is a veteran of the Civil war, a member of the One Hundred and Seventy-First Ohio Infantry. He took part in Morgan's second raid in Kentucky and was captured by Morgan, but was released on parole after twenty-three hours. His last service was guard duty on Johnson's Island. He has never been fond of official care, though he served as trustee of Howland Township, and has been a straight republican voter.

At the age of twenty-three Mr. Love married Martha E. Booth, of Vienna Township. She was the wife of his youth and matured life and died at Warren forty-six years after their marriage. One of their children died in infancy, Mary Jane died at the age of twenty-three, William is a resident of Warren, Calvin died at the age of fifteen, Charles A. died at the age of thirty-seven, Blanche is the wife of D. G. Eddy, of Albion, Erie County, Pennsylvania.

February 17, 1915, Mr. Love married Elizabeth Jane McCleery. Her cousin, Jane Elizabeth Fox, makes her home with Mr. and Mrs. Love. Miss Fox is a granddaughter of Hugh Campbell, whose farm adjoined the old McCleery place. For forty years Mr. Love was a member of the Presbyterian Church at Warren but is now identified with the Cedar Corners United Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Love's parents and grandparents helped organize this church and her grandfather donated the land for the church and cemetery. The present edifice was erected in 1830. Mr. Love is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic at Warren.

McCleery Family. Elizabeth Jane McCleery, who became the wife of Hugh Alexander Love on February 17, 1915, is the only survivor of a family of twelve children. She was born and reared on the farm where she and Mr. Love now reside.

This land was settled in 1802 by her great-grandfather Alexander McCleery. He had a son, Alexander, and his adopted son, Alexander (Campbell) McCleery, lived on the same farm. Alexander McCleery died in 1846 and Alexander (Campbell) McCleery died in 1851. Mrs. Love's brothers were: Alexander and Allen, both of whom died in 1856; Samuel, Abner and James, who shared in the partition of the old homestead; and Beverence who died in 1860. Abner removed to Lordstown and died at Niles in 1916, while Samuel and James were old bachelors and lived at the homestead, James dying in 1899 and Samuel in 1916. Elizabeth Jane had remained with her brothers. Her mother, Margaret Leslie, died in 1875. Mrs. Love built the present house on the old McCleery farm in 1910 and about the same time sold a part of the property. Abner McCleery left two sons, John and Clarence, the former of Youngstown and the latter of Howland Township, and these are the only ones to carry on the McCleery name in this section of Ohio. Mrs. Love's sister Eleanor married Alexander L. Stewart of Vienna Township, but she died about the same time as her father. Five members of the McCleery family were taken away in one month.

Lyman Schnurrenberger, a retired and well-to-do farmer of Mahoning County now living in Washingtonville, which town is on the county line between Mahoning and Columbiana counties and about eighteen miles to the southward of Youngstown, has lived all his life in the neighborhood, and is much respected by many people in that section of the county.

He was born in Greenford, Green Township, now of Mahoning County but then of Columbiana County, Ohio, on January 7, 1838, the son of Conrad and Elizabeth (Baker) Schnurrenberger. The family is of German origin, and Conrad Schnurrenberger was born in Stuttgart, Wurtemberg, Germany. He was eighteen years old when he came in 1803 with his parents to the United States. Soon afterward he

settled in Greenford, Columbiana County, and there married Elizabeth Baker, who was born in Jessamine County, Kentucky. In her girlhood her parents, Lewis and Elizabeth (Zimmerman) Baker, came to Greenford, Green Township, Columbiana County, which from that time became her home. Her brother was Capt. Joseph Zimmerman, grandfather of Hon. John L. Zimmerman, of Springfield, Ohio. Conrad Schnurrenberger's parents, John and Barbara (Haller) Schnurrenberger, settled to the eastward of the Eureka schoolhouse in Columbiana County in Green Township, now Beaver Township, Mahoning County. There he cleared a farm and lived on it for the remainder of his life, which was a long one, his death not coming until he was eighty-four years old. He was buried on his farm, which has descended to his great-grandson, Carl Schnurrenberger, son of Frank. John Schnurrenberger died on the farm at the age of eighty years, and his son Frank died when sixty, the farm then passing to Carl. The sisters of Conrad were: Barbara, who married Christian Rinkenberger, a neighboring farmer; Hannah, who married George Trucksess, and died near Columbiana; and Catherine, who became Mrs. Behringer, and died in Marion County, Ohio.

Conrad Schnurrenberger settled at Greenford Station, and there he and his wife spent their lives. The land he took was of course in the wild state, and their married life began in the customary log cabin of the pioneer settler. In that log cabin Lyman was born. Conrad Schnurrenberger was a good, conscientious Christian, and for many years was a member of the nearest church of the Disciples of Christ. He died on April 12, 1885, having outlived his wife by ten years, her death having occurred in August, 1875. Conrad and Elizabeth (Baker) Schnurrenberger had seven children: Mary Barbara died in the old home in 1917, at the venerable age of eighty-four years. She never married. John married Eliza Jane Zimmerman, and died on the ancestral farm when fifty-six years old. He was a carpenter and cabinet maker in the early part of his life. One of his sons is Dr. Joseph Henry Schnurrenberger, a well-known and respected physician of Austintown Township, Mahoning County, and another son, Louis, lives in Ravanna, Ohio; John for twenty-five years was a partner with his brothers Joseph C. and Lyman, and he died on the old homestead. Lyman is mentioned in succeeding paragraphs. Solomon Baker in early manhood was a farmer in Green Township, but died when only thirty-two years old. He is survived by one son, Elmer. Joseph C. became the owner of the parental farm, although for twenty-five years he was in partnership with his brothers Lyman C. and John in its operation. He was always interested in political matters, being elected to the office of county treasurer, and was re-elected and filled the office with honor and credit to himself. He died in 1914, having spent practically all his life on the farm, a period of seventy-one years, he having been born in 1843. His wife was Sarah Stauffer, a sister of Lyman's wife. Five children survive, Grover P., Royal, Mrs. Paul Messerly, Mrs. Homer Miller and Mrs. Joe Cessna. Elizabeth Ann lives in Springfield, Missouri, and is the widow of Charles Price. Ellen died in childhood.

Lyman, third child of Conrad and Elizabeth (Baker) Schnurrenberger, was born in 1838, and so is now in his eighty-third year. When he came to manhood he settled on another farm, about 1½ miles north of Washingtonville, which farm he still owns, but all the farming operations of the three brothers were in partnership for twenty-five years. They were breeders of Shorthorn cattle, and until the partnership ended in 1895 the operations of the brothers were extensive. Afterward Lyman continued to breed Shorthorn cattle. He definitely retired from the farm in 1916, his long and active life having been invariably successful. His son Ira is now mainly responsible for the continuance of the farm, and he is a successful breeder of Holstein cattle.

Lyman Schnurrenberger has always been much interested in all public movements pertaining to agriculture. He has served on the board of the County Fair, and is widely known among agriculturists in Mahoning County. Politically he has been a republican of unfailing allegiance since the time of Lincoln, notwithstanding that the Schnurrenberger family in general has been strongly democratic in politics. Lyman voted for Lincoln, and has voted in every presidential election since that time. His farm, which is well improved, has new buildings, and is considered to be one of the good farms of the county. He is a man of strong character and consistent life. For many years he has been a member of the Christian Church, of which he is an elder, and in his life has given evidence that he has followed the recommendations of his church.

On December 31, 1868, he married Mary Stauffer, daughter of Christian and Mary (Dellenbaugh) Stauffer, and to them were born three children, all of whom have had the benefit of attending college. Martha married Charles A. Pow, and further reference to her will be found elsewhere in this work. Ira A., who in early manhood attended Hiram College and graduated from Angola College with the degree of B. S., was a school teacher, but eventually took over the operation of his father's farm. He is one of the leading and progressive farmers of that part of the county, and is also an influential republican in his community. He married Mayme Moore, who was prior to her marriage a school teacher in the Lisbon, Ohio schools. She is a sister of Judge J. G. Moore, of Lisbon. They have two children, Marion and Jean; Effie, who attended the Northeastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield and has a pleasing personality, married John Gilbert, who died July 31, 1920. He had always been active in politics and at the time of his death was filling the third term on the Mahoning County Election Board. He was also very successful in his hardware business at Washingtonville.

Charles Pow, a respected and prosperous farmer of Green Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, comes of one of the old families of the Mahoning Valley and now lives on the farm originally developed by his grandfather, George Pow, who in his day was perhaps the leading man of the township.

Charles Pow was born near Salem, Columbiana County, Ohio, on May 12, 1869, the son of John and Lydia (Barnes) Pow, and grandson of George and Mary (Teeters) Pow. The family is of English origin, but five generations have now had residence in America, and the family has been in the Mahoning Valley since 1821. Robert Pow, great-grandfather of Charles, brought most of his children to the United States from England in 1820, landing in Baltimore. One of his sons, Robert, remained in England, and of him further information is given later herein. In 1821 Robert Pow, with his sons George and Alexander, and his daughter Barbara, came into Ohio and settled in Canfield Township, about two miles southwest of the Village of Canfield. His farm is still in the possession of one of his descendants, the widow of George Frederick, whose mother was of the Pow family. Robert Pow lived in Canfield until old age, and was buried there.

George Pow, his son, was born in North Shields, England, and received part, if not the whole, of his education in schools of that country prior to the immigration of the family. The Ohio record shows that he was a man of superior education and strong purpose, a devout Christian, and a man of much influence in his community. He was an enthusiastic student of the Scriptures, and as a lad did much of his studies in the field. As he grew into manhood he manifested an unusual moral strength and knowledge of human nature and perplexities, and exercised much influence for good over his fellows and the people of the community in general. His breadth of understanding, his persuasiveness, and the sincerity of his interest in his neighbors enabled him to act as peacemaker upon many occasions and to settle many feuds. In 1831 his strong religious conviction brought him into the Church of the Disciples of Christ, and for that denomination he preached in local pulpits for forty years, never once accepting pay for his services. He made his living by farming, industriously and successfully tilling the soil in his vigorous manhood, and undertaking ministerial responsibilities in addition. He owned a large acreage, his original farm being of 197 acres, but in course of time he owned several hundred acres. In later life he became a wealthy man, inheriting a portion of the fortune left by his brother Robert, who had remained in England. It was then that he showed the trueness of his character. His acquisition of much monetary wealth made no difference in his life, save that it enhanced his power to do good and to spread the gospel of Christ. He was a successful evangelist, and it is stated of him that he made it a practice to give to the church from his private means as much as would be donated by the whole of his congregation, and in very many other ways his wealth was put to useful Christian purposes. He was so highly regarded in his part of the county that he was elected to the Ohio State Legislature. He was a delegate to the first republican convention held at Pittsburgh and which nominated Capt. John C. Fremont for President of the United States. He died on March 16, 1871. He was twice married. His first wife was Mary Teeters, who was reared on an adjoining farm. His second wife was Margaret Templin, and she survived him for about twenty years. The children born to the first marriage were: John, father of Charles; George Campbell, who died when eighteen years old; Robert, who died in childhood; and Rebecca, who married William Miller, and lived at North Benton, but died in early womanhood. There was only one child born to the second marriage, a son, Lewis T., who died in Salem.

John Pow, son of George and Mary (Teeters) Pow, was born on the farm his son Charles now owns in Green Township, Mahoning County, on September 15, 1835. He was educated in local schools, having taught school for several years and later followed farming for the whole of his life. And in connection with agriculture he became prominent throughout the state. He had a farm of 252 acres, situated about a mile northeast of Salem, and he was one of the leading growers of Merino sheep, having the distinction of having grown the fleece that took the AA grade at the Ohio State Exposition in 1887. He died on September 15, 1910, on the seventy-fifth anniversary of his birthday. He was widely known among agriculturists throughout the state, was president of the Ohio State Wool Growers Association, served two terms as president of the Ohio State Board of Agriculture and was a member of that organization for years. For many years he was a successful exhibitor of Merino sheep, Shorthorn cattle and Chester White hogs. He was an earnest church worker, and was a leading member of the Church of the Disciples of Christ at Salem. He was twice married. His first wife was Elizabeth Barnes. His second wife was Lydia Barnes, who died on October 22, 1916, six years after his demise.

Charles, son of John Pow by his second wife, Lydia Barnes, was born on his father's farm near Salem, Columbiana County, on May 12, 1869. He received a good schooling, attending the Salem High School, Northeastern Ohio Normal College and the Ohio Northern University. He took an interest in agriculture, and in 1907 bought the old Pow farm in Green Township, Mahoning County. He maintains a fine herd of Jersey cattle, and has become one of the responsible men of the township. For three terms he served as justice of the peace, and to some extent has been prominent in his district in matters of political significance, giving useful allegiance to the republican party in national politics.

Charles Pow in 1896 married Martha Schnurrenberger, daughter of Lyman Schnurrenberger, extensive reference to whom and to other members of that pioneer family will be found elsewhere in this current edition of Mahoning Valley history. Mrs. Charles Pow is a graduate of the Northeastern Normal College in the class of 1894, and for four years afterward was a successful teacher. She is a woman of fine Christian character, interested in her home and the education of her children and all things pertaining to the betterment of her community. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pow have four children. Mary is a graduate of Salem High School, also having been a student in Kent Normal College, the University of Wooster and George Washington University, Washington, District of Columbia. Charles Herschel is a high school graduate who will enter some school to continue his higher education. George

Lyman is a senior in high school and Warren D. is in the grade school.

JARED P. HUXLEY has for sixteen years been one of the successful members of the Youngstown bar. On January 1, 1920, after three years as prosecuting attorney of Mahoning County, he became a member of the law firm of Harrington, DeFord, Heim & Huxley. Mr. Huxley represents one of the old and very substantial families of Ellsworth Township, this county, where the Huxleys have lived for several generations.

He was born on a farm in that township July 13, 1874, son of Philo and Evaline (Cessna) Huxley. His father, also a native of Ellsworth Township, was one of the first volunteers to respond to the call of Governor David Tod at the beginning of the Civil war. He entered the service as a private and subsequently was a seregant in the Sixth Ohio Cavalry. Wounds received during the war were the ultimate cause of his death, at the age of fifty-six, in 1898. His wife survived until 1905, when she was sixty-three. Philo Huxley was at one time county clerk of Mahoning County.

Jared P. Huxley acquired his early education in Salem and graduated in 1895 from the University of Cincinnati. While he began practice at Youngstown after his admission to the bar, he soon returned to Salem and for two terms was mayor of that city. He again located at Youngstown in 1903 and has found his time and energies fully employed in the pursuit of a large and important law practice. Mr. Huxley was first elected prosecuting attorney in 1917 and was re-elected in 1918, but resigned in the middle of his second term to resume private practice. During the three years he held office he handled more cases than any previous prosecutor in the same length of time. His tenure of office covered the period of the war, which presented many problems that required skill and courage to solve. He waged vigorous war on vice in the city, especially where gambling was concerned.

Mr. Huxley is a member of the Youngstown Country Club, is a Royal Arch Mason and an Elk and Knight of Pythias. He and his family are Presbyterians. In 1898 he married Margaret Dow, daughter of Alexander Dow of Salem. Their three children are Esther, born in 1900; Robert, born in 1902; and Ruth, born in 1906.

ROBERT ASA MANCHESTER, a merchant now living in comfortable retirement at Canfield, Mahoning County, Ohio, where for twenty-four years he was actively connected with a substantial hardware business, has lived a long and useful life, in profitable business enterprises and helpful public service. His business career has been somewhat varied. At the outset he was a school teacher; later he was identified with a shingle mill and threshing machine business in Mahoning County, and in that connection has the interesting distinction of having been the first man to operate a steam thresher in the district; later for many years he farmed a large acreage in Goshen Township, Mahoning County; and then, in 1894, he took up residence in Canfield and entered the business of Manchester Brothers, hardware merchants, his two sons being partners with him in that business until 1904, when his son Seymour went to Niles, Trumbull County, and there established himself independently in a similar business. From that time until August, 1918, the Canfield business was a partnership of father and son, Robert A. and Josiah, as the Manchester Company, but since the retirement of the father from active business in 1918, it has been under the management of the son. During his long business life, a period of more than sixty years, Robert Asa Manchester has taken close interest in national politics, and a closer interest in local affairs, in public work and church support. He has served on the council, has been township clerk and assessor, and has taken part in several democratic conventions. He was one of the founders of the Beachwood Sporting Club thirty-nine years ago, that club having almost without a break each year, in September-October, organized a hunt followed by a dinner at the home of one of the members, an annual event that did much to cement friendship.

Robert Asa Manchester was born on the Manchester homestead in the "Dublin" neighborhood on August 13, 1838, about sixteen months after the birth of his brother, H. A., whose life is elsewhere referred to in this edition of Mahoning Valley history. Robert A. passed his boyhood on the parental farm and attended the township school, for two terms also attending the Canfield Academy, studying under Professor Hines in that school. After his schooling he for a short time was a school teacher, but soon resolved to go to an uncle who lived near Richmond, Indiana. There he remained for about one year, after which he returned to his native state and county and worked for his uncle, Robert Manchester, who owned a shingle mill and steam thresher in the neighborhood of the Manchester homestead. It was in 1860 that Robert Asa Manchester operated a steam thresher, the first to be used in that neighborhood. He continued in association with his uncle for about two years, and during that time, on November 14, 1861, married. His wife, Anna E. Bowman, was a daughter of Josiah and Sarah (Strawn) Bowman, of Goshen Township, Mahoning County, where she was born on March 10, 1844, and where her father also had been born, the year of his birth being 1809, the same as that which gave to America the immortal Abraham Lincoln. Her grandparents were Christian and Elizabeth (Kreger) Bowman, the former born in Fayette County, Pennsylvania, in 1781. The Bowman family is of French-German ancestry, the great-great-grandparents in the paternal line being natives of Alsace. Her great-grandmother was from Wurtemberg. Apparently the great-great-grandparents came to America, for the father of Christian Bowman, grandfather of Anna E., was born at sea. Christian Bowman married Elizabeth Kreger in 1802, and in 1806 they came into the Western Reserve and settled on wild land in Green Township, Mahoning County, but at that time in Columbiana County. His father, Philip Casper, came with him, and therefore will appear in records as the pioneer of the Bowman family in Ohio. He was in the army during the Revolutionary war under General Washington. Christian Bowman served as

Jared P. Hunley

an officer in the state militia during the War of 1812, and eventually his son, Josiah, father of Anna E., also became an officer of militia. Josiah Bowman died on June 10, 1886, aged seventy-seven years; his widow, however, lived until September 6, 1899, being then eighty-five years old. Their children were: Allen A., who was a farmer in Mahoning County for the greater part of his life, which ended when he was sixty years old, and he had one son, Dallas, now in Goshen Township; Elizabeth K., widow of J. P. Cessna, Salem Village, Columbiana County; Anna E., who became the wife of Robert Asa Manchester; Amelia, widow of Edward Burgett, of Goshen Township; Jefferson, who was a farmer in Goshen Township until his death, when sixty-four years old, and his son is still in the township.

After his marriage Robert A. Manchester went to live in Goshen Township, and until the death of his wife's father, gave practically all his time to the management of her father's farm in that township, and he continued to farm it for some years after the death of the latter. In 1894 he removed to Canfield Village for the purpose of joining his two sons, Seymour and Josiah, in the management of a hardware store business they had established in Canfield about two years previously. Until 1904 the three were in partnership in that business, which was conducted under the trading name of Manchester Brothers. In that year a change became necessary, as one of the sons, Seymour, had left the firm and had gone to Niles, Trumbull County, with the intention of establishing himself in similar business, independently, in that city. From 1904 until the present the Canfield business has had the trading name of the Manchester Company, father and son being partners until the fall of 1918, since which time the son Josiah has had the entire management. For the greater part of his life Robert A. Manchester has been a democrat, and in earlier days took an active part in movements of the party. He has been a member of many political committees, and in other ways has taken a leading part in democratic affairs in his community. In the local administration he has also had good part, and has been a councilman, township clerk, and assessor. Mr. Manchester has for many years been an elder of the Presbyterian Church, and he and his wife have been good members of that denomination practically all their lives. Mr. and Mrs. Robert Asa Manchester were the parents of five children: Seymour, who is now in good business as a hardware merchant in Niles, Trumbull County, Ohio, married Mary Bloxom, and their son Carl is a veteran of the World war, having served with an engineer regiment in France. Clement L. Vallandingham is a prosperous farmer in Ellsworth Township. He married Mary Lower, and they have five children, Warren, John, Fern, Mabel and Mildred. Their son Warren is also a veteran of the war, having served in France and Italy. Sarah Ella is the widow of Clement Dale, of Canfield. Their children were Robert, Bryan, Thalia, Clara, Elizabeth and Orin. Robert enlisted in the United States Navy, and died at Honolulu about one year afterward, while Bryan early enlisted in the United States Army and was for two years in France. Allen is a plumbing contractor, and lives in Canfield. He married Lulu Spaulding, and they have two children, daughters, Charlotte and Pearl. Josiah is now conducting the hardware business of the Manchester Company of Canfield. He married Gertrude Stitle, who bore him three children, Harry, Robert and Anna. Harry had a distinguished military record, serving more than two years in France and Italy, in the most dangerous branch of the service, aviation. He was a graduate of Wooster College, 1917, with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and enlisted about a month after the outbreak of hostilities, gaining commission as first lieutenant. His war record is elsewhere reviewed in this edition. Altogether, five of the direct grandchildren of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Asa Manchester served in the World war, a record of which they might be justly proud. Two of their grandchildren-in-law also were veterans, Carl Ridenour, son-in-law of Mrs. Tate, serving in the United States Navy, and Lee Cunningham, husband of Clara Tate, was with the Fourth Division of the American Expeditionary Forces, and was wounded in action.

One of the associations in which Robert Asa Manchester has found much pleasure is connected with the Beachwood Sporting Club, which he and seven others organized thirty-nine years ago. Its members, all enthusiastic sportsmen and hunters, have met annually in September-October for a hunt and dinner, the festive occasion following the sport without a break until 1918, when the prevalence of influenza forbade the reunion. Of the eight founders of the club, all with one exception, Edmund Burgett, are still living. The founders were: Robert Asa Manchester; Comfort Bowman, of Ellsworth Township; Morris Bowman, of the same township; John Miller, of Salem; Thomas Weaver, of Green Township; Edmund Burgett, of Goshen Township; S. O. Manchester, of Niles, eldest son of Robert A.; and Will Cessna, of Goshen Township. The wives of the members have also been wont to attend the annual dinners, and the functions have thus been pleasurable reunions of old friends.

HARRY GUGGENHEIM. A broadminded, well balanced man, always master of himself and knowing how to be firm and resolute, having the absolute confidence of his associates, Harry Guggenheim is a forceful figure in the business life of Youngstown, where he has played an important part in some of the largest real estate transfers of the city, and his desirability as a citizen has been proven upon all occasions. His loyalty, diligence and intelligence are constantly being brought into play in every transaction of his useful life, and as he early learned the fundamentals of business, he has had little difficulty in rising to a high position in the circles into which his activities have taken him. As a citizen he represents the highest type, for he is keen and diligent in forwarding public matters, just as he is in bringing about the best results in his private affairs.

Harry Guggenheim was born in Eastern Tennessee, a son of Samuel and Johanna (Ullman) Guggenheim, both of whom are now deceased. Samuel Guggenheim came to the United States from Germany and located in Eastern Tennessee, where he later became acquainted with Andrew Johnson, who succeeded Abraham Lincoln as President of the United States,

and Governor Robert Taylor. What education he had Samuel Guggenheim secured from those about him, but he possessed so many admirable characteristics that people learned to respect him.

Harry Guggenheim, like his father, is self-educated, the primitive schools of his native mountains not rendering him much assistance, but from childhood he has been surpassingly ambitious and willing to learn from anyone. Before leaving his birthplace he managed to secure an agency for the distribution of newspapers, and was the only newsboy in all of that region. Coming to Youngstown in 1901, he joined his brother Michael Guggenheim, who had established himself in an insurance business in this city, and a month later Harry Guggenheim joined the real estate enterprise conducted by Wick Taylor, becoming his partner. Having gained a knowledge of the practical workings of the business, Mr. Guggenheim decided to venture alone, so began handling properties and was so successful that it was not long before he was one of the leaders in his line.

Mr. Guggenheim is a very broad-visioned man and can look into the future and weigh the possibilities of a venture, and when he enters upon it his associates know that he will win, for he always does. He and W. J. Williams bought all of the land lying between Bissell Avenue, north, to Savana, and from Ohio, east, to Wick Avenue for $800 per acre. The streets now known as Tod Lane, New York Avenue and Wellington Avenue were offered for over a year at $600 per acre by the Wellingdorf heirs, and this land was taken over at that price by the Hamilton Realty Company. John Stambaugh bought the site of the present Stambaugh for $90,000 and six months later Mr. Cough, desiring to build a hotel, gave Mr. Guggenheim an option for $13,000 on property that he never took up, and this property is now worth over $500,000. Mr. Guggenheim sold the Grand Army of the Republic Building, with a frontage of sixty-six feet, to Frank Medberry for $99,000, and it is worth today $250,000. The property was sold by Mr. Guggenheim to David Tod for $60,000, and today he is offered $200,000 for the forty-two foot frontage. Mr. Guggenheim also had an option on 150 feet for $115,000, which was the site of the present Home Savings & Loan Company's new building, that is now valued at $600,000. These are instances of the remarkable rise in realty values at Youngstown. In 1919 Mr. Guggenheim sold the property at the corner of Walnut and Federal streets for $158,000, which shows a very material advance over prices of 1904. During the time he has been at Youngstown, less than twenty years, Mr. Guggenheim has been the heaviest single operator in real estate. At the time he was trying to secure the last named option Mr. Becker wanted to sell the property on which the Tod home now stands for $90,000, and it today is worth $500,000. At that time there was not a single building in Youngstown over four stories in height. Mr. Guggenheim is a charter member of the Real Estate Board, and has served on a number of its committees.

On October 12, 1904, he was married to Rosetta A. Lazarus, of Louisville, Kentucky. He is a member of all of the Jewish charitable organizations, and is interested in all movements which have for their object the betterment of Youngstown.

It is impossible to be more optimistic than Mr. Guggenheim over the future of Youngstown and the entire Mahoning Valley, and no wonder he has such faith in this locality when he has witnessed such marvelous development. In 1901, at the time he came here, Wick Taylor had the agency for the land surrounding Wick Park, which he was offering at $30 an acre, and today all of that district is covered by the finest residences in Youngstown. Mr. Guggenheim sold the property now occupied by the Masonic Temple for $16,000 some years ago, and quite recently the Masons bought the adjoining property for approximately $75,000. Knowing of all this expansion in the past and realizing how rapidly the various industrial plants are growing, necessitating the increase in housing facilities and the consequent demand for additional business houses to provide for the new employes, there is little wonder that men of the stamp of Mr. Guggenheim know what they are talking about when they go about boosting Youngstown and advising a speedy investment in such property as is still on the market.

Faithful in small things, it stands to reason that Mr. Guggenheim is foremost in large ones, and whenever any movement is projected that promises to be of lasting benefit to the community he is certain to be either one of the original promoters or a very enthusiastic and practical supporter of it, thus insuring its ultimate success. His long and intimate association with the real estate market has made him one of the authorities in his line, and yet, busy as he is, he always finds time for those less fortunate than he, and many of his benevolent actions are never made public. He has not cared to assume the responsibilities of public office, although fully fitted in a practical way for many of them, preferring to exert his influence as a private citizen. As a citizen and family man, in his business and home, he lives up to the highest principles, and no man in the Mahoning Valley is more deserving of the confidence he inspires.

Ira B. Mackey, manufacturer of native timber, and one of the substantial citizens of Youngstown, comes of an old American family, his great-grandfather, Andrew Mackey, having brought his wife to Trumbull County, Ohio, from Connecticut many years ago, making the trip in ox carts, and thus establishing the family of wife and six children in Ohio. The maternal grandfather, Nelson Baldwin, was also an early resident of the state. The Mackeys have been financiers while the Baldwins have been associated with the trades. The Baldwins also made the trip to Ohio from Connecticut in ox carts at a very early date. One of the members of the Baldwin family built a house forty-three years ago that is modern today, so well was it constructed and arranged. While the members of the Mackey family have always been moneymakers, they have not degenerated into moneylovers, but merely exerted their natural abilities in legitimate business transactions. For many years they have given their support to the doctrines of the Metho-

John B. Mackey

dist faith. The Baldwins have not taken their religious views without due consideration and have had to be convinced with reference to them as well as to all other matters of importance.

Ira B. Mackey was first named Nelson, but his father, feeling that death was near, felt that he would like to leave a namesake, so when the child was three years of age, the name was changed to Ira B. The good father passed away at the age of forty-nine years. He was essentially a business man and was largely interested in timber, owning and operating a saw and planing mill, and contracted and built many of the substantial buildings in Haselton and Girard, and he owned and conducted a general store at Vienna, and in partnership with J. J. Holliday, was also interested in a banking business at that place. He was a very well educated man and in his young manhood he was engaged in teaching school. His death was the result of paralysis. In politics he was a republican. His wife bore the maiden name of Elmira Baldwin and she lived to be seventy-four years of age, passing away in January, 1915.

Ira B. Mackey, who was born on January 10, 1876, was one of three children. His sister Lula was a school teacher, court stenographer and then studied law, being the second woman to be admitted to the bar in Ohio. She is a splendid woman of great business ability. She acquired a large acreage at Tibbots Corners, which she improved and made it into McKinley Heights, so naming it in honor of the original home of William McKinley which she rescued from the ignoble use to which it was being put as a blacksmith shop, buying it and moving it to her property. It is the intention to donate this to the state so that it may be preserved as a memorial to President McKinley. The other sister of Mr. Mackey, Mellie, deceased, was the wife of W. H. McNaughton of Warren, Ohio.

From the time he was fourteen years of age, Ira B. Mackey has earned his own living, prior to that attending the country schools gave him a working knowledge of the fundamentals of an education. He began work tamping ties on the New York Central Railroad. At sixteen he was cutting logs and selling timber to J. A. and D. B. Cooper, manufacturers of carriages and wagons. For the past twenty years Mr. Mackey has been buying tracts of timber land on which he has operated portable mills and the product, heavy timber, has been used by the steel and iron plants of the Mahoning Valley.

By his first marriage Mr. Mackey had one daughter, Jean, who is the wife of George Creed of the First National Bank of Youngstown. On August 10, 1915, Mr. Mackey was married, second, to Florence Collins, a daughter of Joseph Collins of New Philadelphia, Ohio. Mr. Mackey has risen high in Masonry and when he was only twenty-one was made a member of the Blue Lodge and of the Warren Commandery when he was twenty-six. He belongs to the Chamber of Commerce and is active in it, working with his fellow members to increase the prosperity of Youngstown for which he has always been a great booster. Since casting his first vote Mr. Mackey has been a republican, but he has never cared to do more in politics than exert his right of suffrage. Upright, energetic and alert, Mr. Mackey has lived up to the traditions of his family and been very successful in his undertakings. At the same time he has not lost sight of his civic responsibilities, but lived up to the highest ideals of citizenship and is recognized as one of the best representatives of the successful business man of the Mahoning Valley.

Edwin G. Moff, owner of the Crystal Brook Dairy Farm, situated about ten miles southwest of Youngstown, is a leading resident of that township, and a director of the Mahoning County Fair. He was born on April 16, 1864, on the farm upon which he still lives in Beaver Township, and has lived practically his whole life in the township.

His parents were Philip and Catherine (Perren) Moff, both of whom were born in Europe, his mother in Switzerland and his father in Germany. His mother came to America with her parents when she was eighteen years old; his father was twenty years of age when he came to America with his parents, in 1847, locating at Georgetown in Columbiana County, Ohio. Philip Moff soon after he had married Catherine Perren established a brewery on the site of the present house occupied by Edwin G in Beaver Township; and part of the building used for brewery purposes is still in use as a wagon shed. Philip Moff also had a small store, which he conducted for a short time, giving up that business when he set up a saw mill in partnership with Peter Rupright, a mechanic. Much of his land was in the virgin state, and there was an immense quantity of timber in the district, and Philip Moff and his partner were extensive manufacturers of lumber up to the time of the former's death, which occurred when he was still in the prime of life. Philip Moff was only forty-six years old when death came to him and during his short married life he, through his lumbering operations, had cleared a farm of appreciable extent. His widow remained on that farm for very many years; in fact she lived to reach the age of seventy-seven years. Mrs. Catherine (Perren) Moff was a woman of strong character. Left with five children and very little means outside the farm, which was for the greatest part cut-over land, she nevertheless set bravely to the task of operating it so as to rear her children; and she proved herself to be an excellent business woman, for not only did she succeed in keeping the land in profitable cultivation, but she actually was able to increase her holding until she possessed altogether about 140 or 150 acres. There was much maple timber on part of the farm, and Mrs. Moff every spring obtained a large quantity of maple syrup. Indeed, much syrup is still taken annually from the maple grove, the yield of syrup in most years being 150 gallons. Mrs. Moff was a good church woman, regular in her attendance at the Reformed Church which was about two miles distant from her home. And she had the satisfaction of seeing her five children all grow to maturity and pass out into well-established independence and responsibility. The five children of Philip and Catherine (Perren) Moff were: William A., who has had a successful career as a farmer and merchant,

and now lives in comfortable retirement at Atwater, Ohio; Wilhelmina, who married F. H. Beard, of Struthers; Louisa R., who married Frank Renkenberger, and died when she was forty years old: Edwin G., of whose life more is written below; and Charles P., a well-known farmer of Beaver Township.

Edwin G. Moff, son of Philip and Catherine (Perren) Moff, was educated in the schools of Beaver Township, and after leaving school began to teach. For a professional career he was prepared in the Northeastern Ohio Normal School at Canfield, and he began to teach when he was twenty-one years old, up to which time he had lived at home, and had throughout the period of his teens helped considerably in the work of the home farm. He taught in the local school for eight years, and also for one summer taught in a school in the State of Montana. Next, in partnership with his brother William, he entered the general store business in Salem, Columbiana County. For two years he and his brother conducted the store, when Edwin bought his brother's interest and himself conducted the business for about two years, after which he again took up his professional work in the local school for a while. Eventually, however, he took to farming, renting a farm in the county for six years, after which he took over the operation of his mother's farm, as she wished to retire. He operated the farm, and he and his sister Wilhelmina cared daily for his mother for the remainder of her life; and at her death the property might have been divided had he not bought out the other heirs. The property became his absolutely and wholly in 1910, and since that year he has continued to use the whole acreage, and has effected many improvements to the property, thus giving indication that his farming has been successful and lucrative. He has remodeled the old house, adding somewhat to it, and installing many modern conveniences, including hot and cold water and acetylene lighting. He has remodeled the barn, enlarging it and building a silo. The farm takes its name "Crystal Brook Dairy Farm" from its abundant water supply from springs and brooks; and as a dairy farm it is a valuable property. Mr. Moff has a herd of Holstein cattle, and believes in holding the herd to a high standard. The milk is sold to wholesale companies, and while dairying is the main part of the farm work Mr. Moff has for many seasons grown potatoes extensively, selling at wholesale. He has given most of his time to the work of the farm, but has nevertheless found time to take part in township administration. He has served as township assessor and land appraiser for several years, and he is now understood to be an independent republican in political allegiance, although he was a democrat in early manhood. In all matters pertaining to agriculture Mr. Moff has always been much interested and he has in some activities taken prominent part. He has been a member of the County Farm Bureau since its organization, and for many years has been connected in membership with the local Grange. With matters pertaining to the County Fair he has been identified for some years. For three years he has been a director of the fair board, and in 1919 was in charge of the hog and sheep department, the fair of that year being probably one of the most successful ever held in the state. Mr. Moff in his conduct of the Crystal Brook Dairy Farm has shown that he has closely followed modern developments of scientific farming. He has been ready to introduce many of the approved modern ideas, and has not flinched at expense when he has been satisfied that such would effect improvement in his property. He has laid much tile on his land, and with lime and fertilizer of artificial class has maintained his land in a high state of fertility. As a patriotic citizen Mr. Moff has an enviable record. During the stress of the great World war he took part actively and usefully in almost all local phases of war activities, and especially in the War Chest campaigns, which yielded such immense sums of money to the Government and to governmental agencies. Personally he contributed as much as he was able, and he used his best efforts and energies to make the fund campaigns notably successful in his home district. Generally Mr. Moff is well-regarded in the township, and considered to be one of its leading residents and most representative and progressive farmers.

He was married in 1890 to Ada G. West, of Beaver Township, daughter of Charles K. and Elizabeth (Whitaker) West, both of whom are now deceased. She was born near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, but passed her girlhood in Beaver Township, was a graduate of Columbiana High School and was a teacher in the Mahoning County schools until she married. The five children born to Edwin G. and Ada G. (West) Moff are: Nora is the wife of Joseph Oliver of Beaver Township. Sergeant Albert G. is a veteran of the World war, with an honorable overseas record. He was a member of the Three Hundred and Thirty-Second Machine Gun Company, which after training in France was sent to the Italian front. Before going overseas he was instructor in machine gun tactics at Camp Sherman. Altogether Albert G. was one year in Europe. He is now in business in Youngstown. Charles W. is at home with his parents and takes part in the operation of the home farm. Oliver E. is still in school, and Wilbur is an invalid.

George Chelekis. Measured in terms of enterprise, commercial ratings, George Chelekis is easily one of the most successful merchants of Youngstown. Hard work and persistent energy have put him where he is today.

He was born at Zoopena, Greece, in 1873, son of Nicholas and Demetroula Chelekis. His mother died in Greece and his father came to this county in 1913, and is now seventy-nine years of age. George Chelekis acquired the equivalent of a common school education in Greece and then for three years worked for an uncle in a restaurant at Athens. He had just enough money to bring him as far as Chicago in 1888. Ten months later he arrived at Youngstown and went to work for John Checery on the Diamond Square in the same locality where the Chelekis business is located today. After ten years he was in business for himself as a dealer in California fruits. For the past fifteen years Mr. Chelekis has given special attention to candy as a dealer and manufacturer. Ten years ago he started his dairy lunch in

E. F. Kidd

the basement under the Central Bank. Eleven years ago he established Candyland at 11 West Federal Street. His business associates are his brother James and another Greek, Aleck Cummings. Candyland at 11 West Federal Street is one of the handsomest stores of its kind in Eastern Ohio. They also operate another store at 5 Central Square.

In 1904 Mr. Chelekis returned to Greece and married Afrodite Anastasopoulon. They are members of the Greek Orthodox Church.

Edgar F. Kidd, traffic manager of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, is one of the strong men in the iron and steel industry at Youngstown. He was born at Front Royal, Virginia, November 17, 1876, a son of Landon R. and Anna Mary (Bryant) Kidd, both of whom were natives of the Old Dominion, the former now being deceased.

Until he was eighteen years old Edgar F. Kidd lived in his native town, during which time he received a thorough training in the ordinary branches of education. At eighteen he began learning telegraphy, and served as an operator on the Norfolk & Western Railroad until 1899, when he went to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad in the same capacity, and gradually worked into the relief agency of the road. During this time he had been moved to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and in 1906 he left the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad to become assistant bookkeeper for the Sharpsburg Sand Company. When the Republic Iron & Steel Company removed their general offices from Chicago to Pittsburgh Mr. Kidd secured employment with this concern, first as assistant in the traffic department, and came to Youngstown when the company removed the general offices to this city, and has been with them ever since. He worked in various capacities until he was appointed assistant traffic manager, and when Henry R. Moore, traffic manager for the corporation, died, Mr. Kidd was made his successor, taking charge on August 26, 1919.

On October 22, 1902, Mr. Kidd was united in marriage with Miss Edith M. Soles, of Braddock, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Kidd have two children, namely: George L. and Forrest A. Mr. Kidd is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and is affiliated with the Methodist Protestant Church. In politics he is an independent voter, supporting more often the man and measure rather than party. Mr. Kidd's rise has not been spectacular, but rather the result of thorough understanding of the details of each position he held and a reaching out for additional practical knowledge of the one just ahead. When the opportunity came he was always found capable of taking upon himself new and more important responsibilities, and he has thoroughly justified the trust placed in him and his abilities.

Warren Lucius Ripley was a representative of the prominent pioneer family of Ripleys in Mahoning County. His life, which was largely spent in his native township of Ellsworth, came to a close on February 15, 1920. He served four years as a Union soldier during the Civil war, and participated in the thick of the fighting from the beginning to the end of that struggle. His life for half a century was devoted to the farm, and he finally enjoyed a comfortable retirement in the Village of Ellsworth.

He was a grandson of Gen. William Ripley, who acquired his military title from service in the Ohio Militia. He was born in Connecticut, May 27, 1782, and died December 7, 1866. He was one of a group of pioneers, including his brother Hervey, and Captain Coit and Andrew Fitch, who came west from Connecticut in 1805. General Ripley acquired land from the Connecticut Land Company located in Ellsworth Township, and he erected a substantial building on his land, which was the home of many members of the Ripley family. On returning to Connecticut in 1807 General Ripley married Susan Bingham, who through her mother was a descendant of the noted Bradford family of Massachusetts. General Ripley served as township treasurer and in other local offices. He was in every sense a leading citizen. The pocket-knife which he carried and which he used to shave himself is now more than 100 years old and was carefully preserved by his grandson Warren. Mrs. William Ripley died when nearly ninety years of age. Their children were: Adeline, who became the wife of Joseph Colt and died at the age of twenty-nine; Edwin, born in 1809, died at Princeton, Illinois; Emily became the wife of Josiah Fitch and died in Wisconsin; Susan was married to Joseph Edwards and died at Marquette, Michigan; Hervey was the father of Warren L. Ripley; William, born in 1818, married Anna M. Fitch and became a Chicago lumberman, dying in 1906; and John Bingham, born in 1824, was chaplain of the Marine Corps, founded a sailors' home and died at Philadelphia while on duty in 1862.

Hervey Ripley, father of Warren L., was born in Ellsworth Township February 23, 1816, and spent his active life on the old home farm. He and other children lived in the home erected by General Ripley, and Hervey looked after his parents during their declining years. The Ripleys have been Presbyterians in nearly all the generations, though Edwin was a Methodist. Hervey Ripley served as an elder and prominent church worker for many years. He died April 25, 1894, at the age of seventy-eight. January 7, 1838, he married Hulda Henrietta Sackett, who died in 1874. Her parents were Moses and Cornelia (Fox) Sackett, early settlers of Mahoning County from Connecticut. Hervey and Hulda Ripley reared a large family of children. Judith Perkins, born in 1838, spent her last years at Ellsworth, and her husband, Walter Smith, died in the service of the Union army in Kentucky in 1862. Thomas Corwin born in 1840, enlisted in the Third Iowa Infantry, was discharged on account of sickness, and after the war became a contractor in the rebuilding of the City of Atlanta, Georgia, and died while there. His first wife was Sarah Hughes and his second Annie Ogden. Warren Lucius Ripley was the third of the family. Ward, who was born in 1844 and is now living in the West, enlisted in Company F of the Forty-First Ohio Infantry, was assigned work at headquarters and remained in the army four years and three months. He married Ella Woodward. Edgar, born in 1846, was in a hundred days regiment during the war and is now a resident of Olathe, Kansas. Florence never married, lived with her father, and died in middle

life. Emma Cordelia died in childhood. William was born in 1859 and died at the age of twenty-one. Margaret Virginia is unmarried and living at Ellsworth Center.

Warren Lucius Ripley was born on the old Ripley homestead a mile west of the Village of Ellsworth, April 26, 1842, and as a boy attended district schools and the College Hill Academy. In September, 1861, at the age of nineteen, he was one of twenty young men of the locality who volunteered, expecting to join the Twentieth Ohio Regiment. Subsequently they went to Cleveland and joined the Forty-First Ohio. Mr. Ripley became a member of Company F. He was the last survivor of these volunteers at Ellsworth. Among others in this section of Ohio are Philo Beardsley of Canfield and R. A. Gault of North Jackson. Mr. Ripley enlisted for three years, but in 1863 veteranized and was not mustered out until November 27, 1865. At the close of the war his regiment was sent to Texas for duty against the threatened invasion from Mexico. He was in the army of the Cumberland, was in all the battles of his regiment and never had any serious injury, though for a number of years during the latter part of his life he suffered from rheumatism brought on by his service. He participated in nearly sixty battles and skirmishes, the first being Shiloh in April, 1862, and the last important battle was at Nashville, December 16, 1864. He was exposed to constant fire all but three of the 100 days of the advance upon Atlanta. He became a second sergeant of his company.

On January 17, 1866, soon after his return from the army, Mr. Ripley married Susann Miller, daughter of Eli and Catherine (Gee) Miller, whose old home has been the residence of Mrs. Ripley most of her life, though the house was remodeled by Mr. Ripley. Her great-grandfather, Philip Miller, came from Germany and was an early pioneer in Mahoning County, was a soldier in the War of 1812, and had a local reputation as a musician. Mrs. Ripley's grandfather, John Miller, was born in 1789 and lived to the age of ninety-four. He married Susann Stambaugh and for many years was prominent among the farmers of Ellsworth Township. His son Emanuel was the father of John Miller, the noted Jersey cattle breeder. Eli Miller, father of Mrs. Ripley, was born in Ellsworth Township in 1821 and died in 1891. His wife, Catherine Gee, was born in New York in 1822 and died in 1903. She was brought to Mahoning County in 1825 by her parents, Rev. Nicholas and Nancy (Furman) Gee. Rev. Nicholas Gee was one of the pioneer ministers of the Methodist Church in Eastern Ohio.

Eli Miller was one of six sons, the others being Jeremiah, John Peter, Emanuel, David and Abraham. Mrs. Ripley was the only child of her parents and was born October 1, 1846, two and a half miles from Ellsworth Center, but since childhood has lived in the old home of her parents at the village. Mr. and Mrs. Ripley owned jointly 140 acres, and he also owned forty acres of the old Ripley farm. Mr. Ripley was a member of Truscott Post of the Grand Army at Salem, was a republican, was honored with local offices, and with his wife was an active member of the Methodist Church. Two children were born to their marriage: Catherine, born July 14, 1883, and died April 20, 1891; and Sehon Miller, born September 11, 1890. The son was well educated, and is now one of the progressive young farmers of his locality, having assumed the burdens of farm management from his father. Sehon Ripley married Hazel Hoyle, and their two children are Delbert and Donald S.

Robert Eastman Woodruff. Examples that impress force of character on all who study them are worthy of record. By a few general observations may be conveyed some idea of the characteristics and worthy career of Robert E. Woodruff, who is now occupying the responsible position of general superintendent of the Erie Lines, West, having his headquarters and residence in Youngstown. Beginning his career with the Erie Lines in a humble capacity, he has pursued the even tenor of his way in a quiet and unostentatious manner, attending strictly to his duties and winning advancement from time to time. The elements of a solid and practical nature, which unite in his composition, have won him a conspicuous place among his compeers, and today he enjoys the confidence and regard of his associates to a notable degree.

Robert Eastman Woodruff was born at Green Bay, Wisconsin, on September 11, 1884, and is one of three children born to the marriage of Walter H. and Bell (Eastman) Woodruff. The father was a fruit grower and lumberman, in which he met with splendid success. He has acquired a comfortable competency and now divides his time between his homes at Benton Harbor, Michigan, and Florida.

Robert E. Woodruff lived at Green Bay, Wisconsin, until twelve years of age, when the family moved to Benton Harbor. He secured his elementary training in the public schools and then entered Purdue University at Lafayette, Indiana, where in 1905 he was graduated from the scientific and civil engineering courses, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. While there, also, he joined the Theta Xi fraternity. Five days after his graduation Mr. Woodruff began his career in railroad work at Warren, Ohio, his record from that time to the present being as follows: Track laborer, track foreman, transitman, inspector of construction work, Warren, Ohio, June 10, 1905, to June 1, 1906; assistant division engineer, Mahoning Division, Youngstown, June 1, 1906, to December 1, 1906; division engineer, Meadville Division, Pennsylvania, December 1, 1906, to November, 1908; train master, Cincinnati Division, Galion, Ohio, November, 1908, to March, 1909; general agent, Chicago terminal, Chicago, March, 1909, to December, 1910; superintendent, Rochester Division, New York, December, 1910, to May 14, 1912; superintendent, Kent Division, Marion, Ohio, May 15, 1912, to October 30, 1916; superintendent, Mahoning Division, Youngstown, November 1, 1916, to November 1, 1917; superintendent of transportation, Lines West, Youngstown, November 1, 1917, to June 15, 1918; general superintendent, Lines West, June 15, 1918, to the present time. The lines under his immediate supervision extend from Salamanca, New York, to Hammond, Indiana, and comprise a vast mileage, with a tremendous volume of business. By natural adaptation and training Mr. Woodruff is peculiarly well qualified for the responsible work in which he is

Thomas D. VanAlstine

engaged, and his record in the various capacities in which he has served the Erie Lines is one in which he is justifiably proud.

Fraternally Mr. Woodruff is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has attained the degree of Knight Templar. He is also a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club, the Railway Signal Association, the American Railway Engineers' Association, and the International Fuel Association. His marriage with Beatrice Bruck, of Columbus, Ohio, was celebrated on June 8, 1907. Although modest and unassuming, Mr. Woodruff possesses a strong and vigorous personality, and in the best sense of the term is a born leader of men and well fitted to manage important work and large enterprises.

THOMAS B. VAN ALSTINE, president of the Central Savings and Loan Company and chairman of the board of directors of the Central Bank and Trust Company, is one of Youngstown's oldest business men, with a continuous record of residence and activity in the city for more than half a century.

He was born at Kingston, Ontario, Canada, February 13, 1843. He grew up there, had the advantages of the common schools and at the age of twenty went to the State of Connecticut. While there he learned and worked at the trade of carpenter. Three years later he was in the oil district of Western Pennsylvania, and was a witness of and participant in many phases of the excitement and business development.

Mr. Van Alstine has been a resident of Youngstown since 1867. For a time he worked at his trade as a carpenter, did some general contracting, and in the fall of 1875, with three associates, bought a planing mill and lumber yard and organized the Youngstown Lumber Company. This business was conducted on a prosperous and enlarging scale, and in 1898 Mr. Van Alstine became sole proprietor of the yards and mill. In the spring of 1916 the Youngstown Lumber Company and six other similar organizations consolidated as the Union Wholesale Lumber Company, a corporation in which he is still financially interested as a stockholder.

Mr. Van Alstine has been interested in the real estate business, and in several local industries. He was one of the organizers of the Central Savings and Loan Company, and has been its first and only president. This company organized the Central Bank and Trust Company, and after the resignation of Mr. Jacobs Mr. Van Alstine became chairman of its board of directors.

For many years he has been a stanch and active member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, is chairman of the board of trustees of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, and in a half century his name has been associated with many of the organized movements for Youngstown's growth and upbuilding. In 1868 he married Miss Susanna Wehr. They were the parents of three daughters, Blanche W., Jessie and Ruth. The only one now living is Blanche.

CLINTON GERALDYS THOMAS. Members of the Thomas family have been identified with the iron and steel industry of the Mahoning Valley for more than half a century. A grandson of the pioneer of the family in the valley, Clinton G. Thomas, has long been known as an executive in several of the larger industries of the valley, and is a resident of Warren.

His grandfather, Thomas Thomas, came from Wales and settled in the Mahoning Valley about the close of the American Civil war. He had several sons, one of whom is William A. Thomas, president of the Brier Hill Steel Company. Clinton G. Thomas' father was a native of Wales, and for many years a leading dry goods merchant at Niles, where he died in 1901. The mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Evans, was born in Paris Township of Portage County, Ohio, and died in 1912.

Clinton G. Thomas was born at Niles, March 12, 1882, grew up in his native city, and made the best of his opportunities in the public schools. In 1900, at the age of eighteen, he entered the offices of the Thomas Steel Company at Niles, and continued with that establishment until it was sold to the Brier Hill Steel Company. In the meantime his industry, alert mind and natural fitness for industrial work have promoted him to the position of vice president and general sales manager. With the change in ownership he became assistant to the president of the Brier Hill Steel Company, his uncle, and remained in that capacity until 1914, when he gave his time to the promotion and organization of the Western Reserve Steel Company at Warren. Mr. Thomas served as president of the Western Reserve Company until its plant and business were sold to the Brier Hill Steel Company in 1917. Since then he has had much to do with the building up of another important industry in the valley, the Sykes Metal Lathe & Roofing Company of Niles, of which he is vice president. He still retains his home at Warren.

Mr. Thomas is a member of the Niles Masonic Lodge, Warren Commandery of Knights Templar, Warren Board of Trade, Country Club, Youngstown Club, Duquesne Club of Pittsburgh and the Cleveland Athletic Club. He married Layte Hice, who was born and reared at New Castle, Pennsylvania. She is a daughter of Samuel Hice.

LOUIS H. YOUNG has done a large amount of important contract work in connection with railroad construction, bridge building, road improvements, etc., in the Mahoning Valley, and is now president of the L. H. Young Contracting Company, which controls a large and prosperous business. He owns and resides on one of the fine farms of Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, this place being attractively situated seven miles south of Warren, judicial center of the county, and nine miles west of Youngstown, county seat of Mahoning County.

Mr. Young was born in Austintown, Mahoning County, October 18, 1861, and is a son of Henry and Julia (Wappler) Young, who were born and reared in Nassau, Germany, whence they came to America in 1851, within a short time after their marriage. The sailing vessel on which they took passage required forty-nine days to make the voyage across the Atlantic, and soon after landing in the port of the national metropolis the young couple came to Cleve-

land, where a cousin of Mr. Young was then conducting a hotel. In his native land Mr. Young had learned the trade of brick and stone mason, and at Cleveland he engaged in contracting at his trade. Three years later he came to Trumbull County, as contractor in the erection of the iron furnaces established at Mineral Ridge by Jonathan Warner. He had charge of the building of the foundations and other work in this connection, and after completing the service he established his home at Austintown, Mahoning County, and became a general contractor in stone and brick work. He developed a substantial business in this line, as a skilled and careful artisan and competent executive, and his loyalty to the land of his adoption was significantly shown at the outbreak of the Civil war, for he promptly enlisted in the One Hundred and Twenty-Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which he went to the front and took part in the many engagements in which the command was involved, his service having covered virtually the entire period of the war. He held the office of corporal at the time he was mustered out with his regiment and duly received his honorable discharge. He became afflicted with cancer, and as a result his death occurred in 1874, when he was comparatively a young man. His widow survived him many years and was summoned to the life eternal in 1892, the last eighteen years of her life having been passed in the home of her son Louis H., of this review. She was a woman of marked ability, and after the death of her husband she maintained a good home for her children, some of whom were of adult age at the time of the father's death. Susan, eldest of the children, is the wife of August Kroeck, of Austintown; William was engaged in the contracting business at that place at the time of his death, when twenty-eight years of age; Elizabeth is the wife of Henry Ruhlf, of Austintown; August is a successful farmer in North Jackson Township, Mahoning County, and has been associated with his brother Louis in contracting operations; Louis H., immediate subject of this review, was next in order of birth; Rose died at the age of eighteen years; Julia became the wife of Thomas Creed and died in middle life; and Miss Louisa resides in the home of her brother Louis H.

Louis H. Young gained his early education in the public schools of Mahoning County and was about 13 years of age at the time of his father's death. He had gained practical experience in connection with the contracting business conducted by his brother William, who had taken a contract for grading and masonry work on the line of railroad between Warren and Lowellsville and who was engaged in this work at the time of his death, and Louis H. then assumed the contract, though he was not yet twenty-one years of age at the time. He had been foreman on the work for his brother, and though he sublet a part of the contract, he completed the greater part himself, with a corps of eighty men. This contract was for $70,000, and his energy and ability enabled him to complete the work successfully in eighteen months. In order to obtain necessary working capital he borrowed $500 from a friend, who also endorsed his note for the requisite working equipment, and C. H. Andrews, then president of the road under construction (now a part of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad), was so impressed with the ambition and determined purpose of Mr. Young that he assured him of assistance in carrying out the contract, which was completed to the satisfaction of all concerned. On this contract Mr. Young realized sufficient profit to enable him to continue independent operations as a contractor, and his record in this line has been one of continuous success, his reputation in itself constituting a valuable asset at all stages. He has handled large and important contracts for mason work and heavy railroad construction work, including the erection of railroad bridges in several counties in this section of Ohio. He built nearly all bridges on the line of the Mahoning Valley Railroad, has employed as many as 125 men in connection with specific contracts and has always been "right on the job" himself, to insure utmost fidelity to the terms of contract. About ten years ago he became one of the first contractors in road improvements carried forward with the aid of the state, and this has constituted the leading feature of his contracting business since that time. He has been prominently identified with the construction of good roads in Northern Ohio, and in 1915, to facilitate the handling of his business he effected the incorporation of the L. H. Young Contracting Company, which is capitalized for $10,000, and of which he is president and general manager. His associates in the company are Ross O'Rourke, of West Austintown, and William P. Kseeker, of East Youngstown. This vital and progressive company does general contracting, including street paving, construction of sewer systems, etc., as well as road work, and its contracts for the year 1919 aggregated $200,000. In the business is invested about $50,000, and the working equipment is of the best modern standard, including five five-ton motor trucks. Mr. Young gives practically his entire time and attention to the management of the contract business of his company. He was for fifteen years a stockholder of the Mineral Ridge Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of mine and mill equipment, cars, tipples, hoists, etc., but in 1917 the plant was converted into a tube mill and the name changed to the Ohio Steel Products Company, Mr. Young having been president of the company, the annual business of which averaged about $200,000. He is a director of both of the banks at Niles, and to the old home place, of about thirty acres, he has added until he now owns a valuable landed estate of about 400 acres. He has made the best of modern improvements on his farm property, which is devoted to diversified agriculture, to the dairy business (with an average of about twenty milch cows), and to the raising of horses and sheep of the best types. Mr. Young takes pride in his fine herd of thoroughbred Holstein cattle. His varied and important interests mark him as one of the representative business men of the Mahoning Valley, and he is liberal and progressive as a citizen, with naught of political ambition.

In 1890 Mr. Young wedded Miss Ida Ohl, daughter of William and Eliza Jane (Maurer) Ohl, of Austintown, and they have five children: William C. is manager of the aeronautic department of the Goodyear Rubber Company at Akron, Ohio, and in this connection he had charge of the demonstration of the company's airship which met with accident and crashed down upon one of the leading banking institu-

Harry H. Leitzey

tions of Chicago, causing loss of life, many injuries and much material damage, as was exploited fully in newspaper accounts of this deplorable accident; Laverne remains at the parental home and is a popular teacher in the Central High School at Lordstown; Lamar is a student in the University of Ohio; and Arthur and Imogene are attending the local schools.

HARRY H. GEITGEY. Continuously since he left college and came to Youngstown in 1901 Harry H. Geitgey has been in the service of and one of the chief factors in the success of the Federal Savings & Loan Company, of which he is vice president and manager.

Mr. Geitgey was born at Wooster, Ohio, February 4, 1875, a son of David and Eliza (Kaercher) Geitgey, his father a native of Ohio and his mother of Pennsylvania. His parents were of remote German ancestry, their respective families having been established in the American colonies at an early date. His grandfather was George and his great-grandfather Adam Geitgey. Adam Geitgey came from the vicinity of Philadelphia, with wife and seven sons, and early in the last century entered land in Wayne County, Ohio. He died only a few years later, when his children were still small. Many of the Geitgey family are still represented in Wayne County. George Geitgey was the second among the children, and spent his active career as a farmer. He was killed by the falling of a tree. He married Margaret Geiselman. David Geitgey also followed farming, and was a carpenter and was a man of good education and enjoyed the high esteem of a large community. He died in 1910 and his widow in 1911.

Harry H. Geitgey, who was one of four children, grew up on the home farm, and this homestead where he was reared has never been out of the family possession since entered by Adam Geitgey in 1802. It is now occupied by Harry Geitgey's sister, Mrs. Gertrude F. Miller. Harry Geitgey received a district school education, also attended high school at Apple Creek, Ohio, and later entered Wooster College, where he continued his studies until the conclusion of his sophomore year. He then left college and for three years taught school, one year in his home district and two years as superintendent of schools at Burbank, Ohio. After that interval he resumed his studies at Wooster, and continued until graduating with the Bachelor of Science degree in 1901. On coming to Youngstown Mr. Geitgey became secretary of the Equity Savings & Loan Company, the name of which company was later changed to The Federal Savings & Loan Company, and Mr. Geitgey has since acquired the responsibilities of vice president and manager. When he became identified with this corporation its total deposits aggregated only $8,000. In 1920 the books of the company showed deposits of over four and one-half million dollars, and its prosperity and the service it has rendered reflect a high degree of credit upon the financial ability of Mr. Geitgey.

The latter is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, treasurer of the Rotary Club, is honorary president of the Real Estate Board, a member of the Credit Men's Association and the Knights of Pythias. July 3, 1901, he married Miss Hallie E. Neumeyer, of Burbank, Ohio. Their two children are Evelyn Gladys and Harry H., Jr.

EDWARD PARKS, ex-mayor of Warren, Ohio, was born in County Leitrim, Ireland, May 29, 1855, the son of John and Mary Ann (Gott) Parks. His parents were both born in Ireland of Scotch-Irish ancestry. John Parks was born in County Leitrim, and his wife, Mary Ann Gott, in County Cavan. John Parks was a cattle buyer in Ireland for the English market. He died in Ireland in 1912, at the age of eighty-four years. His widow is still living in her Leitrim home, now being seventy-eight years of age.

Edward, son of John and Mary Ann (Gott) Parks, was reared in Ireland, and he attended the public schools of that country. He was seventeen years old when he came with his mother and sister to this country on a visit to relatives in the neighborhood of Warren. However, before the visit was terminated, young Parks had resolved to remain in America, his mother and sister returning to Ireland without him.

Mr. Parks' first work in America was as a hired hand on the farm of Samuel Johnson, west of the City of Warren, and for the next eight years he worked on neighboring farms. He was next in the employ of John Stull, attorney of Warren, and later worked for Doctor Harmon of that city. In 1893 he entered the employ of the Buckeye Pipe Company of Warren and continued for five years with that company. In 1898 he became a member of the Warren City police force, and continued on the force for the following fifteen years. His strong personality, his faithfulness, and efficiency brought him into favor and popularity, and in 1913 he was nominated by the republican party and elected mayor of the city. He served as mayor in 1914 and 1915, and in 1918 he was re-elected, his re-election indicating the quality of his service as the chief administrator of the city, a city which is noted for its many capable men of affairs.

During the period in which Mr. Parks was mayor Warren had a notably rapid expansion in many directions, and many important improvements were instituted in the public administration and much public work initiated and carried to satisfactory completion. The police and fire departments were reorganized upon a more efficient and comprehensive standard, and fourteen miles of pavement were laid, as were also several miles of sewerage. The bridge built at the Summit Street crossing of the Mahoning River was constructed during his administration, and bears a plate upon which has been inscribed a public recognition of the efficient civic labors of Mayor Parks. The place Mr. Parks has earned for himself in the records of the City of Warren is clearly a consequential one, and it has been said of him by another chronicler, "The success and popularity of Mayor Parks has come by his course in public affairs, his one creed being summed up in the few words: 'A moral city, and a square deal to every man—be he rich or poor.'" That he has held ever before him such a worthy motive in his public works gives indication of his personal character, and explains why his administrations were effective and to the general satisfaction of the people of the city. His public life

has been estimable, and his private life has been also quite as commendable.

Mr. Parks is a member of the Episcopal Church of Warren and of the Warren Board of Trade, the Knights of Pythias and the Order of Moose.

He was married on April 26, 1893, to Emma J. Foster, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Creigmiles) Foster, of Warren. Mrs. Parks has entered much into social movements in the community, having very many friends.

Henry Quimby Stiles, whose name for over twenty years has been prominently associated with merchandising, banking and manufacturing at Warren, has added his own achievements to those of two preceding generations of the Stiles family in the Mahoning Valley.

The family are of Scotch lineage, and were among the early representatives of Scotland in New England. Henry Stiles, founder of the family in the Mahoning Valley, was born at Danbury, Connecticut, in 1798. Three years later, in 1801, he was brought to Canfield, Mahoning County, with the family of his stepfather, Comfort S. Mygat, a name that has some interesting associations with pioneer life here. At the age of fourteen Henry Stiles became an apprentice at the trade of saddler and harness maker at Warren. The trade was his regular occupation until 1833, when he became a general merchant, and for many years conducted business as Henry Stiles' Sons & Company. He was still active in affairs up to the time of his death in 1869. His wife was Mary Reeves, a native of Pennsylvania, who died in 1859.

Their son William Reeves Stiles was born in Warren April 29, 1827. It has been characteristic of the family to take up the serious business of life at an early age. In 1842, in his fifteenth year, W. R. Stiles became a clerk in his father's store. In 1858 he was admitted to membership in the firm of Henry Stiles Sons & Company, but in 1882 withdrew from that business and in 1887 was elected cashier of the First National Bank of Warren. As a banker his work was continuous until ill health compelled him to resign. He married, January 15, 1853, Eliza Potter, who was born at Wooster, Ohio, a daughter of Samuel and Lucy (Quimby) Potter. Their two children are Lucy Potter, wife of R. A. Cobb, of Warren, and Henry Quimby.

Henry Quimby Stiles was born at Warren May 19, 1870. He was liberally educated, first in the Warren schools, then in Peekskill Military Academy in New York, and finally in the Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie. He was only eighteen when in 1888 he began his business career as clerk in his father's store. The extensive business interests that distinguish his name have been chiefly formed in the last twenty years. In 1900 he was one of the organizers of the Western Reserve Furniture Company, and has served as secretary and treasurer since its incorporation. He is president of the Warren Hardware Company, a director of the Union Savings & Trust Company, a director in the Winfield Manufacturing Company, a director in the Warren Opera House Company, and a trustee of the Warren City Library. Fraternally Mr. Stiles is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery, Knights Templar, Cleveland Consistory Scottish Rite thirty-second degree, and Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine.

June 2, 1892, Mr. Stiles married Lena Belle Thayer. She was born at Southington, Ohio, her father, Rev. I. A. Thayer, being a minister of the Disciples Church. Mr. and Mrs. Stiles have two children, representatives of the fourth generation at Warren, named Henry Thayer and Rolland Cobb Stiles.

B. Franklin Lear, the leading doctor of chiropractic in Trumbull County, enjoys a large practice in his home city of Warren and surrounding territory, and has through his personal character and skill done much to advance the prestige of chiropractic over this section of Ohio.

Doctor Lear was born at Pekin, Indiana, August 22, 1885, son of James and Alice (Bowman) Lear. His father was born in Lexington, Kentucky, in 1852, of Dutch descent, and has given all his life to the business of farming. He is still living at Pekin, Indiana. Alice Bowman, his wife, was born at Salem, Indiana, in 1857, and is descended from an old Virginia family.

Doctor Lear was educated in the common and high schools of Pekin, attended the Central Normal College at Danville, Indiana, and after leaving college was a commercial traveler for eight years. He left the road to enter the Palmer School of Chiropractic at Davenport, Iowa, and was graduated with the D. C. degree in 1917. In June of the same year Doctor Lear began practice at Warren, with office in the Western Reserve Building. He has gained a large following and has been directly responsible for the widening appreciation of the science of chiropractic. It is said that the practice in chiropractic has increased at least 75 per cent since he came to Warren. He is the only graduate of that school in the city.

Doctor Lear is a member of the Mahoning Valley Chiropractic Association, the Ohio State Chiropractic Association and the Universal (National) Chiropractic Association. He is affiliated with Little Rock, Arkansas, Lodge of Elks No. 29.

Caleb B. Arner, esteemed resident of Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, is a grandson of Philip Arner, who was the first settler in Ellsworth Township, coming to it in 1803, when the section was part of Trumbull County. Caleb B. Arner now operates the farm, and his father lived for ninety years on the same farm, being born on it in 1820 and upon it he died in 1910. The farm is on the Canfield-Ellsworth Road, and it was the birthplace also of Caleb, who was born January 28, 1853.

Philip Arner, pioneer settler in Ellsworth Township in 1803, owned over 400 acres in the township, and outlined the road through his farm and across Meander Creek, which bordered the length of the farm. His wife was Susan Broadsword, and apparently they lived in Bedford County, Pennsylvania, and two children were born to them before they came into Ohio. Philip Arner presumably came into the wilderness alone in 1803, and afterward his wife's brother came and settled where the village

B. Franklin Lear, D. C.

of Ellsworth eventually was established. Philip's wife and children then, possibly, came from Bedford County, Pennsylvania. All their other children were born in Ohio, and Ellsworth Township was thereafter their home. Philip Arner lived almost fifty years in the township, his death occurring in about 1851, at the age of seventy-five years. His widow survived for a further fourteen years, dying in 1865, at about the time of the erection of the house now standing and in occupation. She was probably much past eighty years old when death came. Her son Daniel bought out all the interests of the other heirs after his father's death, and cared for his mother during her widowhood. All the other members of the family left, and he took over the operation of the entire tract of 400 acres. He lost some of the land through an absconding friend for whom he stood as bail, but his wife appears to have retained the home farm. Daniel was an extensive stock dealer, and in the early days drove herds of cattle and sheep across the mountains to Philadelphia. He made many such trips, and thus became known to many people in Pennsylvania. He was one of the founders of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Ellsworth, its first church building standing on his property. He was buried at Ellsworth. His wife, who predeceased him by twenty-five years, was a daughter of Adam and Nancy Harklerode, whose farm was somewhat more than a mile from the Arner homestead, and on Meander Creek. She was born there, and her parents were original settlers. Daniel D. Arner and his wife, Elizabeth Arner, were the parents of four children, who, in order of birth, were: Lee L., who developed a good farm in Ashtabula County; Adeline, who married Mark Gensler, and died when she was twenty-nine years old; Caleb B., of whose life more is written later herein; and Wesley P., who became a physician at Fowler, Trumbull County.

Caleb B. Arner, son of Daniel D. and Elizabeth (Harklerode) Arner, was born January 28, 1853, and he has lived all his life on the farm upon which he was born. His wife has also lived the greater part of her life on the homestead, and as one of the Arner family, for she lost her mother when she was only two years old, and she definitely came into the Arner family when she was ten years old. She was cared for as one of their own children by Daniel D. Arner and his wife, and grew up with their children. She, Winona Vesey, was a daughter of Alexander and Margaret (Cammert) Vesey. Her father, who was a veteran of the Civil war, lived in Canfield Township, and later in Warren, Ohio, where he died in 1906, aged seventy-five years. Her mother, Margaret Cammert Vesey, died at the early age of thirty years, when Winona was in infancy. The latter married Caleb B. Arner when she was eighteen years old, and was glad in later life to be able to return the affection and kindness of Daniel Arner and his wife by caring for them in their old age. From early manhood Caleb operated the home farm, and he has lived a commendable life of useful industry. Politically he is a democrat, as was his father, but he has not entered very actively into political affairs, and has never sought political office. Mrs. Arner is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and both Mr. and Mrs. Arner are generally well regarded by the people of the district, and especially by their near neighbors, who know them to be sincere, helpful and hospitable. They are the parents of nine children, the children in order of birth being: Elizabeth, who married Clyde Johnson, of Boardman Township; Josephine, who married John W. Bunts, of Ellsworth Village; Ray C., of Canfield Township, whose life is the subject of further reference elsewhere in this work; Margaret, who married Frank Stewart, both of whom are now deceased, Mrs. Stewart dying at the age of twenty-six years; Lulu, who married Hugh Goodrich, a hardware dealer in Cleveland, Ohio; Mary, who married Harry Roberts, of Youngstown; Bertha, who married Vernon Brooks, a lumber dealer and manufacturer of Berlin City, Ohio; Myron L., who until recently was a successful farmer of Boardman Township; and Helen L., who is still in school.

Ralph Homer Allison, of Warren, was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, September 16, 1879, son of John and Mary (Vail) Allison. His great-grandfather, William Allison, a native of New York State and of Scotch-Irish ancestry, came with a brother and settled at East Palestine, Ohio, at a very early date. Mr. Allison's grandfathers were Obediah Allison, a native of Lisbon, Ohio, and William Vail, a native of Morrow County, Ohio, and a son of Thomas Vail. John Allison, father of Ralph H., was born at East Palestine, was for many years engaged as a wood buyer and commission merchant at Mount Vernon, and is now living retired at Delaware, this state. His wife, a native of Morrow County, died in 1897.

Ralph Homer Allison was graduated from Ohio Wesleyan University in 1903 with the Bachelor of Science degree. He immediately took up teaching, a profession he followed for sixteen years in Ohio. Mr. Allison first became identified with Warren in 1913 as principal of the Warren High School, and he remained the active head of that institution until 1919. He made a host of warm friends in the city as a school man, and had an important following when he entered the real estate business. Mr. Allison organized the North Park Development Company for the purpose of developing land in and around Warren. The company is incorporated and Mr. Allison is its president. He is an active member of the Warren Real Estate Board, the Warren Board of Trade, the Warren Rotary Club, and is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, the Masonic Club, Independence Lodge No. 80, Knights of Pythias, and is a member of the college fraternity Phi Delta Theta. His church is the First Methodist.

Mr. Allison married Mary Osborn, a native of Mount Vernon, Ohio, the daughter of Byron and Emma (Brokaw) Osborn. They have two children, Helen and Richard Hamill.

Judge Judson Canfield. The Canfield family, which was one of prominence in Connecticut in colonial days and in the early years of the republic, was importantly connected with the early history of the Mahoning Valley of Ohio, and the village and

township of Canfield in Mahoning County were so named directly because of the connection of the Canfield family with their settlement.

Judge Judson Canfield, who was born January 23, 1759, and died February 5, 1840, comes into Ohio records as the owner of extensive landed property in the vicinity of Rocky River, to the westward of Cleveland. He did not, however, himself come into Ohio, although he constantly had connection with business affairs in Ohio during the last forty years or so of his life. He was one of the group of leading and wealthy Connecticut men who owned the vast Western Reserve in Ohio, and for the purpose of handling that territory formed the old Connecticut Land Company of Sharon, Connecticut. Judson Canfield was the agent in Connecticut for that company, which sent agents into Ohio in the first years of the nineteenth century to survey the land and handle its local interests. One such agent was Henry Canfield, son of Judge Judson Canfield, and he became chief of the early settlers in Canfield, Mahoning County. He was not the first settler, but he and his father had such close part in the planning of the village that he should rightly be considered as one of its founders. Judge Judson Canfield was an eminent Connecticut jurist, and at one time took a leading part in legislative activities in that state, being elected to the State Senate. He married Mabel Ruggles, of New Milford, Connecticut, on March 5, 1786. She was born on November 8, 1760, and of much historical interest are the old ambrotypes of Judge Judson Canfield and his wife, and also those of his and of her parents, all of which were taken from paintings in the possession of descendants of these old colonial families. The ambrotypes are owned by Julia Canfield, great-granddaughter of Judge Judson Canfield.

Henry Canfield, son of Judson and Mabel (Ruggles) Canfield, was the pioneer settler of the Canfield family in Ohio. He first settled at Rocky River, near Cleveland, his purpose probably being to look after the extensive landed estate of his father in that section. It was there that he met Sally Ferris, whom he soon afterward married, and their son, Judson, who was born in 1828, was probably born in that place. About five or six years later Henry Canfield permanently settled in Canfield, Mahoning County, in which vicinity Judge Judson Canfield personally owned 6,000 acres. The village of Canfield had been laid out some years anterior to the coming to it of Henry Canfield, and the first surveyors had named the place Campfield, but the name was soon changed to the patronymic of its principal owner. The town had been planned similarly to Sharon, the Connecticut home of the Canfield family, and when Henry Canfield came into the village to take up permanent residence he chose as the site for his home a spot similar in location to that of his father's home in Sharon, Connecticut.

Henry Canfield was a man of superior education, and in Ohio lived more the life of a squire than a farmer. Certainly he was a better scholar than farmer, and he had been reared under conditions such as were customary in the homes of New England gentry. He graduated in letters at Yale College, as did his father before him, and when it became necessary for him to give thought to agricultural matters he approached it more in the manner of the student and philomath. He entered into a special study of sheep, and as one would expect in a man of his general education and aptitude for assimilating knowledge, he eventually became an authority on the subject, and put his knowledge into public record, being the author of the book "Canfield on Sheep." He was much given to bibliolatry, and during his residence in Canfield collected a fine library. He lived, in general, the life of a gentleman-farmer, of studious inclinations. He died in about 1856, his wife, however, living for almost a generation longer, her death not occurring until 1881, she being then eighty-five years old. They were the parents of two children, Julia and Judson. Julia eventually married Colden Ruggles, a cousin, but died in early womanhood, in about the same year as that in which her father died. Her husband met his death in military service during the Civil war. He was a paymaster in the Union Army, was taken prisoner and unfortunately incarcerated in that dreaded military prison, Andersonville, Georgia, where almost 13,000 Union soldiers died in captivity within fifteen months, Paymaster Ruggles among them, such an appalling death roll being directly due to the inhuman practices, barbarities, and neglect of the Confederate jailors, chief among the instruments of misused authority being Henry Wurz, a Swiss, who after the war was found guilty and hanged.

Judson, the other child of Henry and Sally (Ferris) Canfield, was about six years old when his parents settled in Canfield, and in due course he also was a soldier of the Union during the Civil war, being a provost marshal. In later life he was a surveyor, and spent almost all his years in Mahoning County. For some years he was county surveyor, and was so familiar with the territory that, it is said, he could locate any corner stone in the county. He inherited the parental estate in Canfield, and made Canfield his home throughout his life. He died in 1900, at the age of seventy-two years. In 1854 he married Betsy M. Turner, daughter of James and Rachel (Reed) Turner, of Canfield. Her death preceded his by about nine years. They had five children, namely: Julia A., who spent her life in Canfield; Maud M., who married J. Allen Klein, of Canfield, regarding which early family of Mahoning County note will be found elsewhere in this edition; Walter Henry, who became an official of the Erie Railroad and lives in Youngstown; Judson Turner, who is in professional life, a civil engineer in Lisbon, Ohio; and Colden Ruggles, who lives in Oregon.

Walter Henry Canfield was born in Canfield, May 13, 1869. His education was received in public school, in Northeastern and in the Ohio Normal College. In 1887 he was engaged with the Erie Railroad and was with that company until 1913. He then gave his attention for seven years to his property affairs, which include the Canfield Apartment Block erected by him in 1912. It is a fine, modern, three-story brick building accommodating twelve families and is located on the northwest corner of Market and Delason streets. Recently he resumed his connections with the railroads. He is a republican, but

Frank F. Baldwin.

not active in politics. Mr. Canfield married, July 18, 1892, Mary R. Newton, a daughter of Henry Newton, of Boardman. They have one son, Judson Newton Canfield, and one daughter, Lillian Adelaide Canfield, at home.

Frank L. Baldwin was admitted to the Ohio bar thirty years ago. He has held many responsibilities in his profession, and also in the civic affairs of his home city of Youngstown. He is a former mayor and now and for several years past has been secretary and counsel for the Youngstown Humane Society.

He was born at Youngstown, June 29, 1863, son of Timothy D. and Lucretia Kirtland (Manning) Baldwin. The Baldwins are an old and prominent Connecticut colonial family, transplanted to that Colony from England. The grandfather of Frank L. Baldwin was Samuel Baldwin, who was born in the State of New York in 1793 and settled in Portage County, Ohio, more than a century ago. He was a substantial farmer and held several places of responsibility and trust in his community. He died in 1874, at the age of eighty-one. Timothy D. Baldwin, father of the Youngstown lawyer, was born in Portage County in 1827 and came to Youngstown in 1848. He had taught school, and at Youngstown became a bookkeeper. In 1859 he was elected auditor of Mahoning County, and was honored with a second term. He also engaged in business at Cleveland, and for six years was manager of a New York business house. He died October 21, 1903. His wife, Lucretia Manning, was daughter of Dr. Henry Manning of Youngstown. She died November 5, 1897, the mother of ten children.

Frank L. Baldwin was the eighth among these children, and spent most of his early life in Youngstown. He attended the Rayen High School and prepared for college at the Western Reserve Academy at Hudson, and was graduated in 1887, with the A. B. degree, from Adelbert College of Western Reserve University at Cleveland. Three years later he received the Master of Arts degree from the same institution. Mr. Baldwin read law with C. D. Hine and John H. Clarke at Youngstown, Ohio. The latter is now a justice of the United States Supreme Court. He was admitted to the bar December 5, 1889, and for several years he practiced his profession in Leadville and Denver, Colorado. In June, 1898, he returned to Youngstown, and has been a leader in his profession and civic affairs ever since. While in Leadville, Colorado, he served as city solicitor one term during 1893-94. Mr. Baldwin has been the man whose kindly spirit and judgment have made the Youngstown Humane Society the instrument of local welfare for the past twenty years. He was elected counsel for the organization in January, 1899, and for the past ten years has also been secretary. He was chosen mayor of Youngstown in 1905, and the two years of his administration struck a high point in municipal improvement and efficiency. During that administration the work of widening West Federal Street from the original survey was undertaken, an improvement that stands out as one of the cheapest and best among municipal undertakings.

Mr. Baldwin is a Knight Templar Mason and Shriner, is also affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and Elks, is a member of the Youngstown Club and the Alpha Delta Phi college fraternity. September 12, 1890, he married Miss Bessie G. Graham, of Indianapolis, who died March 28, 1894, the mother of one daughter, Imogen Baldwin. His daughter is now completing her junior year in the Medical Department of Johns Hopkins University. She is a graduate of the Rayen High School at Youngstown and of Mount Holyoke College. On June 19, 1912, Mr. Baldwin married Miss Elizabeth E. Bycroft, of East Palestine, Ohio. They have one son, Frank Frederick.

Mivert J. Barnes proved in an emphatic way the success-possibilities in connection with agricultural and livestock industry carried forward according to the best modern standards and scientific methods, and the fine landed estate which he accumulated and developed in Mahoning County fully attests the consistency of the foregoing statement. He died March 24, 1920.

Mr. Barnes was born in Lexington Township, Stark County, Ohio, December 21, 1854, and was a son of James and Elizabeth (Haines) Barnes. James Barnes was born and reared in England, whence in 1827 he came to America in company with his brothers John, Harry and Joseph, an elder brother, in consonance with the English rule of primogeniture, having inherited the greater part of the family property. Thus the four brothers who came to the United States had but little financial fortification, but they were endowed with youthful energy, self-reliance and ambition—thoroughly fortified for the achieving of independence through personal effort. All of these brothers came to Portage County, Ohio, within a short time after their arrival in America, and James Barnes obtained a tract of heavily timbered land in Portage County, where he made a clearing and erected a log cabin. When this cabin was later destroyed by fire his only commercial asset was represented in an ax, and with this he made his way to Girard, where he found employment in connection with the construction of a dam across the Mahoning River. Thus he earned enough money to buy necessary provisions, which he purchased at Youngstown. There he bought bed-ticking, from which to make shirts that would prove more durable than the type then commonly used, and he and his brothers established their home on their embryonic forest farms in Deerfield Township. There James Barnes continued his arduous work of reclamation and improvement until about 1850, when he left his original homestead and removed to a farm about nine miles distant therefrom and within 2½ miles of Alliance, Stark County. This he developed into one of the valuable properties of the latter county, and there he continued to reside until his death, March 4, 1873, at the age of sixty-seven years. His brother Joseph eventually went to Essex County, Ontario, Canada, where representatives of his family still remain. The other two brothers remained in Ohio until their death. Mrs. Elizabeth (Haines) Barnes was born in South Township, Mahoning County, a member of a pioneer family of prominence,

and she died in 1875, at the age of fifty-eight years. Of the children of James and Elizabeth (Haines) Barnes six attained to maturity: John, who went to visit his uncle Joseph in Essex County, Ontario, remained there, developed a farm, married and reared his children, he having there passed the remainder of his life. Joseph was a resident of Iowa at the time of his death. James is a farmer in Edinburg Township, Portage County. Mary E., the widow of Walter Notman, resides in Deerfield Township, Portage County. Sarah married while visiting at the home of her brother John in Ontario, Canada, where she passed the remainder of her life. Mivert J. is the immediate subject of this review.

Mivert J. Barnes acquired his early education in the public schools of Stark County, and there he, as well as his brother Joseph and his sister Mary, remained at the parental home until the death of their father. Later the old home farm was sold, and about this time, in 1877, Mivert J. Barnes came to Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, where his marriage had previously occurred. He had attended district school in Lexington Township, this county, and for two years had been a student in Union College, besides which he had taught two winter terms of school in the old home district. Miss Mary Alice Diehl was born and reared in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, a daughter of Eli Diehl and a sister of Jesse Diehl, in whose sketch, on other pages of this work, are given further data concerning the family history. After the marriage of Mary A. Diehl to Mivert J. Barnes, the latter, whose financial resources were most meager, worked for three years on the farm of his wife's father. He then purchased a farm in the same neighborhood, and there he continued his well ordered activities as an agriculturist and stock grower for the ensuing thirty-seven years, at the expiration of which, in December, 1912, he removed to Berlin Center, where he died. Success attended his vigorous efforts, and he eventually added to his original holdings until he became the owner of about 700 acres of valuable land, divided into eight farms and equipped with five sets of buildings. In initiating his independent work as a farmer Mr. Barnes assumed an appreciable indebtedness in the purchasing of a partially improved farm, for the cultivation of which he provided a few essential implements. He developed this place into one of the best and most attractive farm properties in Ellsworth Township, and the tract is today considered one of the choicest in Mahoning County. On the farm is a field of sixty-five acres which he cleared and made available for cultivation in the early years of his residence on the place, and this field is half a mile in length. He forthwith began to provide requisite tile drainage for his land, and when his incidental expenses brought his financial resources down to a point where it was necessary for him to get funds to continue his progressive activities, his name and reputation proved valuable assets, as he was always able to get credit at the First National Bank of Salem. The effective tilling of the land enabled him to produce large crops and by degrees to add to the area of his landed estate. He lived up to every obligation, and the old saying, "His word is as good as his bond," was specially applicable. He expended thousands of dollars in installing tile drainage on his various farms, and in making other improvements which likewise denoted his enterprise and good judgment. Mr. Barnes became the owner of the old Diehl mill property, which was purchased by Eli Diehl in 1858, Mr. Diehl having retained the property and operated saw and grist mills for many years, his ownership continuing until his death, in 1901, at Ellsworth Center. Lake Ellsworth, the source of power for the operation of these mills, now covers thirty-five acres and is one of the beautiful spots in this section of the Buckeye state, celebrated alike for its scenic attractions and as a center for sport with rod and gun. In connection with his farm enterprise Mr. Barnes showed equal discrimination in the selection and raising of fine grades of horses, cattle and sheep. For years he was active and liberal in the promotion and support of the annual agricultural fairs held at Canfield, seven miles distant from his farm, and he was always at the forefront in furthering movements and enterprises tending to advance the general welfare of his home community and county. He served thirty years as a member of the school board, was township trustee two terms and was twice defeated for the office of county commissioner, owing to normal political exigencies. On the last occasion he had a majority of 1,700 votes outside of the City of Youngstown. He insistently denoted himself as opposed to the liquor traffic, but in his candidacy for the position of county commissioner he received majorities in some of the most definitely "wet" townships of the county. During the last three years of his life he served as road inspector, during the period of constructing modern improved roads in Berlin Township. In a generic way his political allegiance was given to the democratic party, but his inherent independence was not restricted by partisan dictates or lines.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes had three children, to each of whom he gave a good farm: Stella is the wife of George A. Read, of Ellsworth Center; Emlen D. has the active management of one of his father's farms; and Harry J. resides on and operates the fine old homestead farm.

Lynn B. Griffith, a lawyer of Warren, represents two of the early families of Trumbull County.

He was born at West Farmington in that county on October 30, 1887, son of Herbert F. and Lovira (Snyder) Griffith. His father spent all his active life as a farmer and stockman and died November 5, 1909, while the mother passed away March 2, 1918. Herbert Griffith was born at West Farmington October 24, 1855. His father was Chauncey Griffith, and his grandfather, William Griffith, a native of Connecticut, was one of the very early settlers of the Western Reserve. Lovira Snyder was born at North Bloomfield, Trumbull County, on April 27, 1854. Her father was Cyrus B. Snyder, a native of Brookfield Township of the same county, and her grandfather, David Snyder, came from Pennsylvania, and was likewise a pioneer.

Lynn B. Griffith spent his early life on his father's farm and had a thorough training in its duties. He attended the West Farmington High School, the old

F. P. Ramsey

Western Reserve Seminary, spent one year in Dwight L. Moody's School for Boys at Mount Hermon, Massachusetts, and in 1910 was graduated with the A. B. degree from Oberlin College. He took up the study of law through the year 1912-13 at the University of Pennsylvania and then entered the senior class of the Law Department of Western Reserve University, graduating LL. B. in 1914 and was admitted to the bar in June of the same year.

Mr. Griffith at once began practice at Warren in association with W. B. Kilpatrick, and has been one of the earnest and hard working members of the local profession ever since. He has served continuously since 1915 as clerk of the County Board of Elections, and in 1916 he held the post of director of public service of Warren under the administration of Mayor Kilpatrick. Mr. Griffith is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland, and Farmington Lodge No. 33, Knights of Pythias. He is a member of the Warren Automobile Club.

September 9, 1916, he married Miss Stata Miller, who was also born at Farmington. Her parents were Dennis E. and Lillian J. (Norton) Miller, members of old Trumbull County families. Mr. and Mrs. Griffith have one son, David Miller Griffith, born September 14, 1917, and one daughter, Patricia Ann Griffith, born April 15, 1920.

Fred R. Kanengeiser was born at Sharon, Pennsylvania, November 23, 1878, a son of Adolph and Emma L. (Bowden) Kanengeiser, natives of the Keystone State, where the father followed the profession of architect. In 1881 he came to Youngstown and pursued his vocation until his death, in 1889, at which time he was at the head of his profession here, having designed many of the important churches, residences and public buildings which still stand. Fred R. Kanengeiser was but three years of age when brought to Youngstown, and here he grew to manhood, attending the public schools and graduating from the Rayen High School when George F. Jewett was principal. Following this, he spent a year in post-graduate work with Professor Jewett, and then, in the fall of 1899, entered the Case School of Applied Science, at Cleveland, from which he was graduated in 1903 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Three years later he received the degree of Mechanical Engineer by special thesis work. Mr. Kanengeiser entered the employ of the Cleveland Furnace Company, and worked through the different grades until he had become chief engineer of the company.

In February, 1905, Mr. Kanengeiser went to Bessemer, Pennsylvania, as general superintendent of the Bessemer Limestone Company. This position he retained until 1916, when he became general manager. In March, 1917, he removed to Youngstown and was made vice president of the company, at the same time retaining his position as general manager. Under his management this corporation has developed from a comparatively small operating concern to one of the largest and best producing plants in the country. He has also developed the paving brick business, material for which burdened the company's holdings until that feature has enabled the concern to become the third largest of its kind in the United States, and has the distinction of having the largest single paving brick plant in the world. This company were pioneers in the development of the tunnel continuous kiln. This type of kiln was installed, developed and brought to its present state of perfection by Mr. Kanengeiser. In 1917 the brick department of the business was sold and attention was confined to limestone production. In 1919 Mr. Kanengeiser was instrumental in the organization of the Bessemer Limestone and Cement Company, which took over the Bessemer Limestone Company and further entered the cement field, and Mr. Kanengeiser continues in the same capacity with the new concern, as vice president and general manager. Incidentally he is president of the Liberty Clay Products Company. He is a member of the American Ceramic Society, the Engineers Club of the Mahoning and Shenango Valleys, the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and is a thirty-second degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Mason.

Mr. Kanengeiser was married October 4, 1905, to Miss Florence L. Foster, of Cleveland, Ohio, and they are the parents of six children: Ellen, Fred R., Jr., James Robert, Jeanette, Herbert Cornelius and Katherine. Mr. and Mrs. Kanengeiser are members of the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown.

Prior Tanner Jones, for the greater part of a long and active lifetime a successful farmer in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, and at one time a successful breeder and exhibitor of Devon cattle, has lived in comfortable retirement in Canfield Village, Canfield Township, since 1901. He is now in his eighty-fifth year, and has lived all his life in the county, his recollection linking the present with the pioneer days of his youth. The Jones family should have good place in Mahoning Valley history for it is one of the pioneer families, having been in Mahoning County since 1804.

Prior Tanner Jones was born in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on June 11, 1836, the son of James and Huldah (Tanner) Jones, both of whom were also born in Mahoning County, he in Ellsworth Township, the son of Thomas and Sarah (Wilson) Jones, and she in Canfield, the daughter of Edmund Pryor and Fanny (Chapman) Tanner. Thomas Jones, grandfather of Prior Tanner Jones, and the pioneer settler in Ohio of that family, came with his wife from Maryland into Ohio in 1804, and then settled on wild land in Ellsworth Township. Edmund Pryor Tanner, whose daughter married James, father of Prior Tanner Jones, came with his wife from Connecticut in 1802, and settled in Canfield Township, the original Tanner homestead being still in the possession of the family, latterly being held by his grandson, Pryor Tanner. It is situated about one mile from Canfield, in a southwesterly direction. Edmund Pryor and Fanny (Chapman) Tanner lived in Canfield for the remainder of their lives, both attaining old age. Edmund Pryor Tanner served in the War of 1812, near Sandusky, and was in the army for about a year. His father also was

of military record, having served as a lieutenant during the Revolutionary war. He was one of thirteen soldiers of the Revolution to take up residence in Canfield, Ohio. He died in 1836.

Thomas Jones, grandfather of Prior Tanner Jones, died in about 1852. He had remained on his Ellsworth Township farm since he first came into the territory in 1804, and had done considerable development work. The farm, however, is now in the hands of strangers.

James, son of Thomas and father of Prior Tanner Jones, was born in Ellsworth Township, and was reared under the arduous conditions that necessarily came with pioneer life. In later life he to some extent followed the trade of tanning in association with his brother Joseph, but lived mainly upon his farm, which was part of the original homestead in Ellsworth Township. He sold that property in 1852 and settled about one mile distant from Canfield, to the westward, and that remained the family home for the remainder of his life. He died in 1870, aged sixty-three years. His widow, however, lived until 1899, reaching her eighty-sixth year, she having been born the day next following that upon which her father returned to his home after war service. She was one of three sisters to be married on the same day and in the same church, the slippers she wore at her wedding being still in the possession of her son Prior T. The sisters referred to were Mary, who married Lyman Warner, and Jane, who became Mrs. Hollister. The children of James and Huldah (Tanner) Jones were: William, who removed to Kansas and died there when about twenty-five years old; Prior T., regarding whom more follows; Fannie C., who married James Turner, of Canfield Township, and both are deceased, and their two children, daughters, are Elsie, who married Vance Blim, of Canfield, and Lettie, who married John Crowell, of Lisbon, Ohio; Laura, who married Frederick Beardsley and went to Gibson City, Illinois: she is now an invalid, and cared for by her brother Prior T.

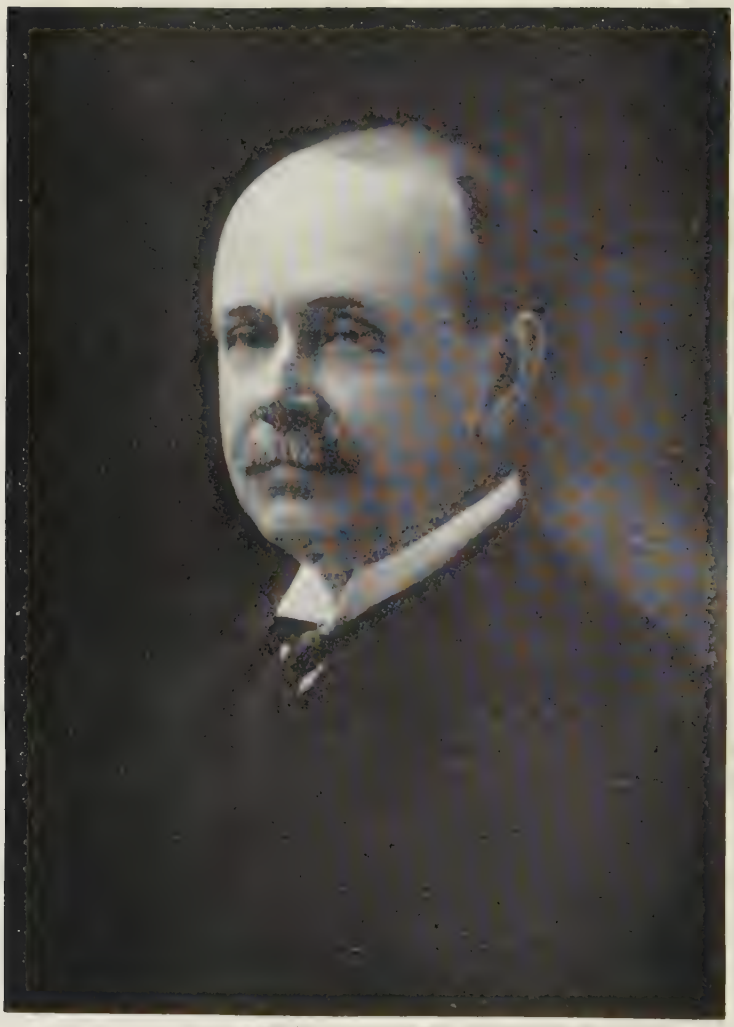
Prior T., second child of James and Huldah (Tanner) Jones, passed his youth in Ellsworth Township, on the original homestead of the Jones family. He attended country school, and when sixteen years old went with his parents when they moved into Canfield Township, after his father had sold the old homestead. And since that time he has lived almost wholly in Canfield Township. He was twenty-four years old when he married, and practically from that time he took over the operation of his father's farm, which eventually became his own. He was thirty-four years old when his father died. He remained on the old farm and cared for his mother until her death, twenty-nine years later, and two years afterward he sold all but sixty acres of the farm and moved into Canfield Village, where he has since lived in retirement and in such public work as he has been interested in. He is esteemed in Canfield and that township, having by his capable farming and useful public work become generally well regarded, and looked upon as one of the representative men of affairs in the township. In his active farming days he was an extensive cattle breeder, and his Devon stock, which he exhibited with much success at agricultural fairs, brought him into wide repute among agriculturists.

One commendable public service was his connection with the Infirmary which his father had part in establishing in 1858. From January, 1892, to December, 1897, Prior T. Jones was a director, his associates in the good work being William Kirk and John Park, both of whom are now deceased. He was twice re-elected to the directorate of that institution, serving for six years, and being connected with the public service at a critical time, when demands for help were extreme.

Politically Mr. Jones has been affiliated with the republican party, and has closely followed national and local political movements. He is a consistent Christian, a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He has many almost life-long friends in Canfield, having lived in the township for sixty-eight years.

On August 22, 1860, he married Ellen Bond, daughter of Jonas and Eliza (Story) Bond, who were both born in Connecticut. Jonas Bond came into the Western Reserve in 1819, returned to Connecticut two years later, in the following year, 1822, again coming into Ohio, this time with his wife, and settling in Canfield Township. He lived for the remainder of his life in the township, dying in 1876, at the age of eighty-two years. His widow died in 1884, aged eighty-four years. Mrs. Ellen (Bond) Jones has a sister living, Mrs. Mary Ruggles, at Ravenna, Portage County, Ohio, in which county Mrs. Jones was educated. Mr. and Mrs. Jones had the gratification of celebrating their golden wedding, at which fiftieth wedding anniversary in 1910 Jennie Ewing, widow of Julius Tanner, who was a bridesmaid at their wedding in 1860, was present, as were also many friends who had known them practically through life. They celebrated their sixtieth wedding anniversary August 21, 1920. Prior Tanner and Ellen (Bond) Jones are the parents of the following named children: Lester L., who has had a somewhat distinctive literary career. He has been connected with leading newspapers of Chicago and New York City for many years, and at one time was the editor of a paper at Missoula, Montana. Latterly he has been secretary of the Publishers' Association of New York City. Harry Truman, who became an attorney, in practice in Chicago, died in 1901, aged twenty-five years. Amy B., who is a graduate of Canfield College, is at home with her parents.

James B., the fourth child, was born on May 8, 1874, and was given an extensive musical education. He studied at the Bush Temple, Chicago, and is a widely known and very successful teacher of the pianoforte. His love of music has brought him much into public prominence, in choral and orchestral functions in his native county, and he is also highly esteemed in his home township as a public worker. His standing in the community may be gauged by the fact that for four years he has served as mayor of Canfield, vacating the mayoral office on January 1, 1918, and being re-elected in the fall of 1919 for two years. During his administration, many important public works have been instituted, and generally he gave ample proof of his ability and faithfulness in civic administration. He is unmarried, is a prominent



Warner Arms

member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and interests himself in almost all phases of public work.

Mr. and Mrs. Prior T. Jones are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and in earlier years took active part in church work.

LEO GUTHMAN. To some men philanthropy appeals both as a pleasure and a duty, and perhaps Youngstown offers no more marked example than can be found in Leo Guthman, organizer and head of the City Playground Association, who donated the South Side Park land to Youngstown for this purpose.

Leo Guthman was born in Germany and came from that country to America in 1870, subsequently joining his brother, E. L. Guthman, who was a well-known business man of Youngstown. Mr. Guthman soon became interested along mercantile lines and in 1875 went South, where he was engaged as a bookkeeper for a wholesale firm. In 1880 he came back to Youngstown and for several years was a student of law in the office of J. P. Wilson, in 1882 entering the University of Virginia, from which institution he was graduated and later was admitted to the bar. While not a continuous practitioner, his thorough knowledge of law has been most helpful in the different activities in which Mr. Guthman has been at times engaged and in the wide field of public usefulness with which his name is indelibly associated at Youngstown.

After five years with the prominent firm of Theobald & Company, as auditor and credit man, in 1892 Mr. Guthman took the agency for the Equitable Life Insurance Company and handled investments and takes pride in being a member of the Equitable Veteran Legion, a body of particular honor in this old line company. He is a member of the Ohio Bar Association, but practices only in an advisory capacity.

In many ways Mr. Guthman has been a useful citizen of Youngstown and is a man of wide but practical benevolence. For a number of years as secretary of the City Hospital he worked for efficiency combined with economy, and it was through his efforts that the city was saved great expenditure when the trustees were convinced that the present hospital site was more desirable than others offered. In donating land for the use of the Playground Association Mr. Guthman was influenced by the apparent need of such accommodation, and other men of capital and like motives showed approval of his plans and investment by likewise contributing, Judge Johnson's bequest being $3,000 and Henry Stambaugh's reaching $5,000. Although very modest as to his part in this great work, Mr. Guthman is pardonably proud of what has been accomplished.

In 1886 Mr. Guthman was united in marriage to Miss Flora Levy, and they have three children, namely: Seymour; Corinne, who is the wife of M. H. Daniels, chief chemist of the Republic Rubber Company; and Isabella, who is the wife of William I. Louis, mechanical engineer with the Ohio Steel Works. During 1906-8 Mr. Guthman and his family enjoyed a visit in his native land and other interesting parts of Europe. He has, however, thoroughly identified himself with American interests and during the World war gave patriotic support to all war measures, was a subscriber to the $1,000 limit that gave him membership in the War Savings Club, and was generous and openhanded concerning war charities. Mr. Guthman belongs to the Rodef Sholem Congregation. He has long been identified with the Masonic fraternity, and with many benevolent organizations, in which, as one of his appreciative fellow citizens remarked, "he can exercise his hobby of doing good to some one." This is the keynote to Mr. Guthman's character. His motto is:

"One's aims and efforts may be ever so praiseworthy, yet

"When all is said and done, and life is ended and closed, service rendered to one's fellow men, is all that remains worth while."

WARNER ARMS. While at least three generations of the Arms family have been actively identified with the increasing industrial prominence of the Mahoning Valley, a great deal of the technical genius of the family and its business ability were centered in the late Warner Arms, of the second generation.

Warner Arms, who at the time of his death was president of the Republic Rubber Company, was born at Youngstown, November 30, 1851, son of Myron I. Arms. He was a descendant of William Arms, an Englishman and a colonial settler in Massachusetts, who died in 1731. The next generation was represented by Daniel Arms, whose son Israel Arms was the father of Myron I. Arms. Myron I. Arms married Emeline E. Warner, and of their six children Warner was the second. Myron I. Arms was born in New York State in 1829, and came to Youngstown in 1846, for a time clerking in the store of Jonathan Warner, whose daughter he married. He was a merchant, a coal operator, and also interested in the Pioneer Eagle Furnace at Brier Hill. He died in 1864.

Warner Arms secured a public school education, also attended Western Reserve College at Hudson, and later attended Cornell University from which he graduated. He made his first mark in a business way with the firm of Arms & Bell operating a nut and bolt works, and with his brother Myron I. second, took charge of the Falcon Iron & Nail Company of Niles and also the Falcon Sheet & Tin Plate Company. In 1899 those industries were sold to the American Sheet & Tin Plate Company, and Warner Arms remained with the larger corporation as vice president and for many years was president of the local companies.

Warner Arms in 1903 became president of the Republic Rubber Company, and successfully directed the affairs of that corporation through a period of unprecedented prosperity until his death on May 16, 1910. Warner Arms was a man of exceptionally fine character and commanded the confidence of not only his business associates but a large circle of friends as well.

In 1875 he married Fannie Williamson Wick, a daughter of Dennick Wick. Their five children to reach maturity were: Helen, wife of Ralph E. Cornelius; Fannie, wife of William H. Heywood;

Louise, who married John L. Dennett; Myron I.; and Emily E.

Of this family Myron I. Arms is the third in as many successive generations to bear that name, but is usually known as Myron I. Arms second to distinguish him from his uncle. He was born at Youngstown, September 22, 1884, and for a man of his years played a prominent part in local business affairs. He had a public school education, attended the Harvard Preparatory School at Chicago one year, spent two years in Cutler's School in New York, and for three years was a student in the famous preparatory school at Lawrenceville, New Jersey. After his education he became an official with the Republic Rubber Company and was actively identified with that Youngstown corporation until 1919. Mr. Arms is a member of the Youngstown and the Youngstown Country clubs, is a republican and affiliates with the First Presbyterian Church.

May 18, 1910, he married Margaret Powell Robinson. Their three children are Warner, Charles S. and Margaret S.

Edward H. Braunberns is a civil engineer by profession, has had a wide and diversified experience in Trumbull County, and is now serving as director of service of the City of Warren.

Mr. Braunberns was born at Warren December 27, 1883. His grandparents, Emil and Mary Braunberns, were natives of Germany and many years ago established their home in Youngstown, Ohio. Both were skilled tailors and engaged in that business at Youngstown for many years. They were owners of considerable property, and sold to the City of Youngstown the right of way for Madison Avenue, which was cut through from Ford to Belmont Avenue.

. George Braunberns, father of Edward H., was born at Buffalo, New York, and has lived at Warren since 1872. For many years he was a cigar manufacturer, operating a cigar factory, and now has a cigar store and billiard hall. He married Anna Klein, who was born at Berlin, Germany, a daughter of Conrad Klein. At the age of six years she came to the United States with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kayser, early citizens of Warren, and grew up in their home. She died at Warren in September, 1918.

Edward H. Braunberns acquired his education in the city schools of Warren, and took up the civil engineering profession in 1904 under E. M. Milligan, then city engineer. He has given all his time to engineering for the past fifteen years. He served as assistant city engineer from 1910 to January 1, 1920, and at the latter date assumed his duties as director of public service under the McBride administration.

Mr. Braunberns is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, also Warren Lodge of Elks, and is a member of the Buckeye Club and with his wife belongs to Christ Episcopal Church. He married Celia McCormack, daughter of James and Parnella McCormack, of Youngstown. They have two children, James, born in 1914, and Robert, born in 1917.

Barney J. Gillen. With the unprecedented increase of population within the last decade has come a corresponding development of the powers and duties of municipal government at Warren, necessarily involving an increased police protection. However, the police department's growth has been notable not so much in numbers as in increased efficiency, and to no one is that efficiency due more than to the present chief, Barney J. Gillen.

Mr. Gillen, who has been connected with the Warren police force for fourteen years, through four city administrations, has spent nearly all his life in this city. He was born in County Antrim, Ireland, August 7, 1869, and was about a year old when his parents, James and Jane (Dale) Gillen, left that country and settled at Warren. James Gillen was an expert tile layer, and in later years also followed with great success the profession of landscape gardening. He died at Warren February 12, 1905, at the age of seventy-two, and his widow survived until January 6, 1913, aged seventy-eight.

Chief Gillen was educated in the public schools, and served an apprenticeship at the puddler's trade. That occupation gave him the means of livelihood for about fifteen years. He entered the police department March 24, 1906, as patrolman, held that rank until 1915, was then promoted to detective, and December 29, 1917, became captain and on May 21, 1919, was given the duties and responsibilities of chief. All these promotions have been made under Civil Service rules and on the basis of his exceptional qualifications. Chief Gillen is a very popular man in the city, but nevertheless has the faculties of the disciplinarian, possesses rare skill and judgment and has extraordinary diligence and resolution in handling every emergency and performing the routine work of his office. For these reasons the people of Warren regard him "as one of the finest." In his time he has discharged the difficult duty of handling notable cases of crime and has a natural fitness for his work. Few cities of the present size of Warren have a police department handled more nearly according to the highest ideals of efficiency.

In 1919 Chief Gillen was presented with a handsome gold watch and a gold and diamond chief's badge by the members of the department and the merchants of the city. The badge contains fourteen pure white diamonds, representing, by an interesting coincidence at that time, not only the number of years he has been on the board, but the number of men then under him in the department. In 1920 the police force consists of twenty-six men, a chief, one captain, three sergeants, and one plain clothes man, two motor cycle men and eighteen patrolmen. Mr. Gillen is a member of the Ohio Police Association. Mr. Gillen is affiliated with Warren Lodge of Elks and St. Mary's Catholic Church. He married Mary Baker, daughter of John and Henrietta Baker, of Braceville, Trumbull County. Their three sons are William, John and Raymond.

Charles Livingston. Many of the most interesting stories of business are derived not from great corporations but from the enterprise of the many thousands of individual retail merchants who in the aggregate represent the largest force of business energy in the country.

A story of struggle, the overcoming of difficulties, battle against adversity and misfortune, and on the

EDWIN A. KERN

whole of successful results is that of Charles Livingston of Youngstown. He was born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, September 13, 1870. He was only an infant when his parents, John L. and Freda Livingston, died. His life since then has been such as he has been able to make it. He was reared in his native county and educated in public schools. As a youth he became a trained newsboy, and sold his goods on railroads, one of his routes leading through Youngstown.

Mr. Livingston has lived at Youngstown since December, 1889. He continued with the News Company until 1892. In the meantime, in 1891, he married Miss Anna Solinsky. His real career had its start when with the aid of his capable and industrious wife he embarked in 1892 in the retail grocery business on Phelps Street. They were confronted with much hard work and privation, but they did their work with a hearty good will and with a thankfulness that there was work to do, and looking back a quarter of a century Mr. Livingston regards that as perhaps the happiest time of his life. The year following began the great panic and business depression of 1893. Many other stores were going bankrupt. However, Mr. Livingston had taken the rather unprecedented course of selling strictly for cash. On that basis he did $30,000 worth of business a year. So small was the establishment that he frequently delivered goods on foot when he could not hire or afford to hire horse delivery. His wife constantly helped him, even doing such work as scrubbing the floors. In 1896 Mr. Livingston sold out to W. D. Jones. At that time his cash capital aggregated $3,000, though he had begun with the modest sum of $380. In the fall of 1896 he started again, this time in the Manning estate property at the corner of Federal and Walnut streets. He stocked his store with light dry goods, and immediately had a good trade, and the business expanded rapidly. At that time he introduced a limited credit system, but soon saw the wisdom of returning to the original cash basis. This chapter of his business career covered seven years. The first year his transactions aggregated $21,000 and the last year $185,000. Poor health led him to sell out in 1906, and for a time he was practically retired. Mr. Livingston in 1910 became general manager and a fifth owner in the Central Stores Company. Here he had an active part in one of the larger commercial organizations of the Mahoning Valley. The first year the business amounted to $121,000, and the last year of his association with the company the total volume amounted to $500,000. During 1910-11 Mr. Livingston was also connected with the J. N. Euwers Sons Company. Following that he was in the real estate business and in 1915 he established at 225 West Federal Street a new store, specializing in high class women's wearing apparel. This business was totally destroyed by fire on December 10, 1917. As soon as possible a new building was erected, and in this building is housed his present satisfactory and profitable business.

Mr. and Mrs. Livingston had three children: Lester C., George F. and Lillian N. The son George was a corporal in the American armies during the recent war period, but was never sent overseas.

Edwin A. Kern. The name of the late Edwin A. Kern, of Niles, is indissolubly linked with the history of the development of the iron and steel industry of the Mahoning Valley. He was for twenty years a constructive force in the mills of the Valley and as such became widely known both in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Mr. Kern was a native of Michigan, born at Roseville, Macomb County, that state, on December 22, 1844, and was of French-German extraction. His father was a soldier under Napoleon (1), and for bravery and gallantry on the field of battle he was cited to appear before his emperor. However, he was at that time preparing to come to America, and the summons to the presence of Napoleon was not heeded. The mother of Edwin A., was a De Long, a member of a well-known family of that section of France. Upon arriving in this country the Kern family settled on a farm in Macomb County, Michigan, and upon that farm Edwin A. was born and reared. He learned carpentry and as a young man went to West Middlesex, Mercer County, Pennsylvania, where he later combined carpentering with mill-wrighting.

From 1866 to 1871 Mr. Kern worked at his trades in Pennsylvania, coming to Niles, Ohio, in the latter year to become millwright and later superintendent of the Cherry Valley Iron Company. In 1881 he was made superintendent of the Haselton, Ohio, mills and the Andrews Brothers and Company. In 1882 he became superintendent of the Girard, Ohio, mills and later was superintendent of the Warren mills, then owned by the Wick interests. From Warren the same company transferred Mr. Kern to their plant known as the upper mill in Youngstown, and later again transferred him to their Warren plant. In 1891 he returned to Niles to take charge as superintendent of both the Falcon Iron and Nail Company and the Russia mill, and continued with that company until it was absorbed by the American Sheet Steel Company (trust) in 1900. In 1901 he was associated with the organization of the Youngstown Iron and Steel Roofing Company, and it was while building this new plant at Haselton that he was fatally injured and died on May 29, 1901.

In 1867 Mr. Kern was married in Pennsylvania to Dianna Musser, who was born in Pennsylvania, of an old Keystone state family of Holland-Dutch extraction. Mrs. Kern died in 1906. To Mr. and Mrs. Kern two children were born, namely: Mrs. Belle Kern Metz of Munhall, Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Maud Kern Gillmer, of Warren.

Mr. Kern was a live-long member of the Methodist Episcopal Church and was a steward of the Niles First Methodist Episcopal Church at the time of his death. He was also a member of the Odd Fellows, Temple of Honor and Royal Templars fraternal organizations.

Harvey Albert Burgess has been one of the popular member of the Trumbull County bar for the past seven years and in a public way he has earned distinction for special efficiency as assistant prosecuting attorney.

Mr. Burgess was born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 28, 1886. He grew up in the Cleveland suburb of

Willoughby, where he attended common and high schools. For one year he was a student in Western Reserve University, and then went to Kansas, where he completed his education in the law at the University of Kansas. He graduated with the LL. B. degree in 1911, was admitted to the Kansas bar that year, and for one year practiced at Greensburg, Kansas. Returning to Ohio, Mr. Burgess located at Niles, was admitted to the Ohio bar in 1913, and employed his talents in a growing general practice at Niles until January 1, 1917. At that date he was appointed assistant prosecuting attorney of Trumbull County. In April, 1918, he enlisted in the Lake Division of the Red Cross, and was assigned to the Thirty-Second Division, and attached to a sanitary train. April 19, 1918, he went overseas, for a time was on duty on the Alsace front, but saw service with the sanitary train during the great drive at Chateau Thierry, also at Vic-Sur-Aisne, and during the Argonne the Thirty-Second Division was on the immediate firing line and kept its station there until the signing of the armistice. Subsequently the division crossed the Rhine into Germany. Mr. Burgess held the rank of captain in the army and as inspector in the Red Cross.

Returning to United States January 28, 1919, he was honorably discharged in February of the same year, but for nine months was incapacitated for professional work. He then resumed his duties in the prosecuting attorney's office, and in the fall of 1919 removed to Warren. While a citizen of Niles, in 1916, Mr. Burgess served a year as director of public service. In the 1920 primaries he was the choice of the republican voters for nomination as prosecuting attorney. This nomination in Trumbull County is equivalent to election. He is a member of the Trumbull County Bar Association, and is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias at Niles and the Elks at Warren. October 11, 1920, Mr. Burgess married Ethel Williams, daughter of the late Sheriff William Williams of Warren.

George Melville Glassco, D. O., is one of the leading representatives of osteopathy in Northeastern Ohio, and has gained a secure place in his profession at Warren.

He was born at Tuscola, Illinois, March 26, 1886, son of George Melville and Sarah Elizabeth (Bond) Glassco, both natives of Illinois. The Glassco family is of Scotch-Irish stock, the name having formerly been spelled Glasscock. John Glassco, grandfather of Doctor Glassco, was born in Kentucky and was the pioneer of his family in Illinois. The Bond family is of Scotch-Irish stock, though it is an English family name. Thomas Bond, maternal grandfather of Doctor Glassco, founded the family in Illinois. Doctor Glassco's parents now live at Urbana, Illinois, where his father is in the real estate and insurance business.

Reared in his native state, Doctor Glassco attended the grammar and high schools and also acquired a normal school education at Charleston, was a teacher for one year in that state, and then went out to North Dakota, where he took up a homestead and while proving up his land was a teacher for two years. In 1911 he entered the American School of Osteopathy at Kirkville, Missouri, remained three years and graduated with the D. O. degree in 1914. Doctor Glassco has never been satisfied with present attainments but is a constant student. Following his graduation he spent a year of post-graduate work in the Chicago School of Osteopathy. He began practice at Rockville, Indiana, remaining there until June, 1918, when he came to Warren. During 1918 he took four weeks of post-graduate study, took a ten weeks' course in 1919, and in 1920 devoted thirteen weeks to professional study. His studies have been directed to specialization in ear, nose and throat and rectal diseases.

As one of the prominent members of his profession Doctor Glassco has contributed articles to the journal of the American Osteopathic Association, of which he is a member, and likewise, he is a member of the American Osteopathic Ear, Nose and Throat Association. In the summer of 1920 he read a paper before the convention of that association in Chicago. While his offices are in Warren his home is in Cortland. Doctor Glassco married Ivah J. McClaren, who was born at Rosedale, Indiana, daughter of John and Jane (Ogden) McClaren.

Charles Cleveland Howard after an active business career of more than half a century is now living retired at Warren, which is his native city. Mr. Howard represents some of the old and prominent family names of Trumbull County and Northeast Ohio.

He was born in Warren August 7, 1846, son of Charles and Olive A. (Cleveland) Howard. His grandfather, George Howard, was a native of Connecticut and of English descent. Charles Howard was born in Chenango County, New York, and came to Trumbull County in 1842. For over thirty years he was in the marble and granite business in Warren. He died in that city in 1901. Charles Howard's wife, Olive A. Cleveland, was born on the site of Mill Creek Park in Youngstown, August 16, 1816. Her father was Judge Camden Cleveland, a brother of Moses Cleaveland, father of the City of Cleveland. Olive Cleveland Howard died in 1908, at the age of ninety-two. Her children were: Horace F. Howard, born November 20, 1840, now a resident of Fairfield, Wayne County, Illinois; Charles C.; George C., born November 25, 1848, now living at Los Angeles, California; Frederick W., born July 7, 1851, lives at Warren; Franklin and Olive, both of whom died in childhood.

Charles Cleveland Howard grew up at Warren, was educated in the public schools, graduated from the old Duff Business College at Pittsburgh, and about the time he reached his majority began his business experience as clerk in a Warren drug store. For ten years he was associated with B. H. Fitch, a wool buyer located at Warren, and for another ten years was associated with Homer Baldwin in the flour mill business at Youngstown.

In 1895 Mr. Howard was appointed agent at Warren for the Freedom Oil Company. Subsequently he became manager of the local business, and was instrumental in introducing the Freedom Oil to this section, and built up and developed a large and prosperous business for the company. Mr. Howard

A. E. Smith

was actively associated with the Freedom Oil Company for nearly a quarter of a century, until he resigned and retired from all business connections.

He is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons. His maternal grandfather, Judge Cleveland, was one of the local Masons who obtained the original charter for this lodge from the Connecticut Grand Lodge in 1803. Mr. Howard is affiliated with Morning Light Chapter No. 80, Order of the Eastern Star, and is a charter member of the local United Commercial Travelers, is a member of the Warren Board of Trade and the Warren Automobile Club. August 19, 1888, he married at Honeoye Falls near Rochester, New York, at the home of the bride, Miss Susie A. Peer, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Lee) Peer. Mrs. Howard is a member of Christ Episcopal Church and the Eastern Star.

Augustus Edwin Smith, M. D. Two of Warren's able physicians, specialists in diseases of children and gynecology, are Drs. Augustus Edwin and Elizabeth C. Smith, both of whom pursued their medical courses at Philadelphia concurrently and received their degrees in medicine in the same year.

Augustus Edwin Smith is a native of Pennsylvania. His grandfather, John T. Smith, was born at Newark, New Jersey, and was descended from old New England stock. He and his brothers and brother-in-law, Otis Boyden, were pioneers in the leather business and manufacturing of shoes at Newark. Subsequently John T. Smith went to Fayette County, Pennsylvania, and spent the rest of his life on a farm near Uniontown. He married Rebecca Hadden, who was descended from the old Fitz-Randolph family which came over from England with the second Pilgrim ship.

Doctor Smith's father, Thomas Hervey Smith, was born in Smithfield, Fayette County, Pennsylvania, December 5, 1844. He has been interested in growing small fruits and flowers all his life, and still owns and operates greenhouses at his home near Uniontown. He married Susan Junk, who was born near Uniontown, Pennsylvania, February 2, 1845, daughter of Thomas Junk, whose father was one of the early settlers in that community. Both the Smith and Junk families have been in the United States for at least five generations.

Doctor Smith was born on the Smith homestead near Uniontown, Pennsylvania, March 25, 1880. He attended the country schools and in 1900 graduated with the M. E. degree from the Southwestern State Normal School of Pennsylvania. His first work was that of an educator, and he was a school principal in Pennsylvania until 1906, having also spent some vacation periods in the University of West Virginia.

In 1906 he entered Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, took the optional five year course, and graduated with the M. D. degree in 1911. In the fall of the same year he began general practice at South Fork in Cambria County, Pennsylvania, and from there came to Warren in 1918. While his abilities have been successfully exerted in a general practice, he is regarded as a man of special skill and success in obstetrics. He is a member of the Trumbull County and Ohio State Medical societies and the American Medical Association, is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias, and is a member of the Warren Rotary Club and the First Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Elizabeth C. Smith was born in Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, daughter of William H. and Margaret (Kelley) Cisney, the Cisneys being of French Huguenot and the Kelleys of Scotch-Irish stock. Doctor Smith attended Dry Run Academy and the Carlisle High School in Pennsylvania, also the Southwestern State Normal School, where her husband was a student, and in 1906, while he was in the Jefferson Medical College, she entered the Woman's Medical College of Philadelphia and graduated with the class of 1911. She has specialized in gynecology and is a member of the Trumbull County, Ohio State and American Medical associations. Doctor Smith is president of the Professional and Business Women's Club of Warren, and with her husband is a member of the First Presbyterian Church. They were married on May 6, 1903, and they have four children. Edwin, Jr., the oldest, was born in Philadelphia, the next two, Isabel and Randall Boyden, were born in South Fork, Pennsylvania, and Margaret, the youngest, was born in Warren.

Henry Herman Hoppe is a prominent young lawyer of Warren, one of the junior members of the old and prominent law firm of Fillius & Fillius. He came to Warren from Cincinnati, where his people have long been prominent in business.

Mr. Hoppe was born in Cincinnati, June 24, 1894, son of Henry and Frances (Wuebben) Hoppe. His parents were born in Cincinnati in 1861 and 1867 respectively. The Hoppe family originally lived at Pottsdam, Germany. That was the home of the Warren attorney's great-grandfather, Dominic P. Hoppe. The grandfather, Dominic Hoppe, Jr., was born at Pottsdam, and because of participation in the Liberal movement in Germany in 1848 was with a host of others practically expatriated. He left a German port in 1848, but it was nearly a year before he landed in the United States at New Orleans. He came up the Mississippi and Ohio rivers and the old Erie Canal to what is now the corner of Clay and Canal streets in Cincinnati. Later he built himself a home within a block of the place of landing, and lived there the rest of his life. He died in 1896. In Cincinnati he established the commission business of D. Hoppe & Sons, an old and prominent firm still carried on under the same name and on the original site on Broadway.

Henry Hoppe, father of the Warren attorney, was reared in Cincinnati, educated in its public schools, and at the beginning of his career went into the service of the Western German Bank of Cincinnati, now the Western Bank & Trust Company. He is now vice president of that institution. Frances Wuebben, his wife, is the daughter of John and Gertrude Wuebben, who were natives of Germany and came to this country in 1849. They met and were married in Cincinnati, where John Wuebben was for a number of years engaged in the lumber business. He died in that city in 1874, and his widow is still living.

Henry Herman Hoppe graduated from the Walnut Hill High School of Cincinnati in 1912. In 1916 he

received his A. B. degree from the University of Cincinnati, following which he took his law course in the Harvard Law School and graduated LL. B. in 1919. Mr. Hoppe is one of the best educated young professional men of Warren. He was admitted to the Ohio bar July 4, 1919, and at once began practice in association with the firm of Fillius & Fillius. He is a member of the Trumbull County and Ohio State Bar associations. He is a member of the college fraternities Phi Delta Theta, Sigma Sigma and Tau Kappa Alpha, and also of the Knights of Columbus and the Trumbull Country Club. April 29, 1920, Mr. Hoppe married Miss Helen Margaret Flanagan, of Cleveland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Flanagan.

James P. Garghill. One of the representative men of the Mahoning Valley who is not only a product of the Valley but has achieved his business success in the community is James P. Garghill of Warren. He is a self-made man, for his success has been achieved through his own efforts.

The Garghill family is of Irish stock and has been in the Mahoning Valley since 1858, in which year Philip Garghill, father of James P., brought his family to Mineral Ridge. Philip Garghill was a native of the south of Ireland, born in County Meath in 1822. In young manhood he went to England to work in the coal mines, and there met and married Isabell Daugherty, who was born in England in 1822, the daughter of William Daugherty, a native of Ireland, who went to England in early life and died there.

In 1852 Philip Garghill brought his wife and two children to the United States, first locating in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, where he spent six years working in the coal mines. In 1858, having learned of the promising opportunities to be found in Ohio, he set out on foot for this state, looking for a location. His first stop was at Youngstown, where he thought he had found that for which he was seeking. He was offered two acres of ground situated near the Diamond in Youngstown for $200 an acre, and was considering buying and locating permanently in that city. Finally, however, he decided that a newer town offered better opportunities, and he declined to purchase the property and pushed on to Mineral Ridge, where he settled. At Mineral Ridge he went to work at coal mining in the then practically undeveloped mines of that section, and later his experience and ability as an expert miner promoted him to a superintendency. In 1880 he removed to Warren, where he died in 1914, his wife having died in 1904. To Philip and wife the following children were born: Margaret and John, both deceased, were born in England. Jennie, Catherine, Mary and Rose (Rose now deceased), were born in Pennsylvania. James P., Isabell and Agnes were born at Mineral Ridge, Ohio.

James P. Garghill was born on November 10, 1859. He received his schooling at Mineral Ridge, and when but a lad went to work in the mines, spending ten years there. He came to Warren in 1886, and for the next four years was in the retail coal business, going into street railroading in 1890, and remaining in that line of work for six years, a portion of which time he was a conductor on the old Trumbull Street Railway, which was the first road running between Warren and Niles. In 1896 Mr. Garghill was appointed patrolman on the Warren police force, and continued a member of that force for ten years, when he resigned.

In 1906 Mr. Garghill embarked in the real estate business at Warren, beginning in a small way by handling property on commission, and it was then that he "found his level," as from the first he was successful, and each year has witnessed his growing success until he now buys and sells outright. He has handled many large transactions in the way of factory sites and allotments, and has been uniformly successful in all of his operations. Fraternally he belongs to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and he is a member of St. Mary's Catholic Church.

In 1886 Mr. Garghill was united in marriage with Margaret Stottler, born at Austintown, Mahoning County, Ohio, daughter of Michael Stottler, an old settler of that section, who was a native of Alsace-Lorraine, France. Mr. and Mrs. Garghill became the parents of the following children: Philip E., who was born in 1888, died in 1914. John W., who was born in 1889, was educated in the Warren schools and is in the employ of the Warren Iron and Steel Company. He belongs to the Knights of Columbus and the Elks and St. Mary's Catholic Church. Nellie, who was born in 1891, married Walter Immerman, now general sales manager of the Metals Welding Company, with offices at Pittsburgh and Cleveland. They have one son, John Walter.

During the great war John W. Garghill served in Company E, Three Hundred and Twenty-Eighth Regiment, going from Camp Sherman to France in June, 1918. Later he was reclassified and transferred to the Department of War Risks, with headquarters at Tours, France. He was discharged on February 14, 1919, and returned home.

The Garghill family residence at Warren is one of the most beautiful of the many modern homes of the Mahoning Valley. Situated on Mahoning Avenue and on a bluff overlooking the Mahoning River at a sweeping bend in that river, the handsome and commodious house surrounded by spacious grounds, its well-kept lawns dotted with flowers, shrubbery and fountains, the Garghill home presents a most picturesque bit of city landscape, a picture pleasing to both the eye and the mind.

John R. Davis. During an active life in business and public affairs the late John R. Davis left a strong impress upon the Mahoning Valley. His business interests are still continued by members of his family at Youngstown, and from the close of the Civil war until his death, at the end of the century, the name of John R. Davis was one of the most conspicuous in the affairs of city and county.

Born in Portage County, Ohio, July 26, 1840, he was a son of Rev. Rees and Esther (Evans) Davis. Both his father and mother were natives of Wales. His father settled in Eastern Ohio in 1830, and for many years was active in the ministry of the Baptist Church. He died in 1858 and his wife in 1861.

John R. Davis grew up on a farm and had a common school education, and from 1864 until the close

J. C. Davis

of the war was a private in Company C of the One Hundred and Fifty-Fifth Ohio Infantry. His business career at Youngstown began in 1867, when with W. T. Hughes he entered merchandising. He was a merchant until 1872, when, having been elected sheriff, he gave all his time to the duties of that position for four years. On retiring from office in 1877 he entered the real estate and insurance business. His wide acquaintance in Mahoning County, his personal probity and high character brought him a clientage of the highest class and a very profitable business. Mr. Davis died February 13, 1900, and the business was continued as the John R. Davis' Sons.

The late Mr. Davis was one of the prominent leaders of the republican party in Mahoning County. He was elected sheriff in the fall of 1872 and re-elected for a second term. While he was sheriff the courthouse was removed from Canfield to Youngstown. He was also president of the Youngstown Board of Education for a number of years, and in 1889 was elected a member of the General Assembly, being re-elected for a second term in 1891. He was long a consistent member of the Baptist Church, serving as deacon and trustee.

January 1, 1867, he married Maria S. Richards, who was born at Llanelly, Wales, being a sister of a former lieutenant governor of Ohio. Her parents, William and Sarah Richards, were both natives of Wales. Mrs. Davis died January 17, 1920. The children born to John R. Davis and wife were: Albert Rees (died June 14, 1919); Charles W.; Sarah E. (Mrs. Chauncey A. Cochran); John R., Jr., and Ralph G.

William M. McFate, vice president of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was born in Youngstown, Ohio, the son of William Fletcher and Mattie (Moore) McFate. His descent in both paternal and maternal lines is Scotch-Irish, although the family has in the paternal line been for three generations resident in America. William McFate, grandfather of William M., sailed from Londonderry, north of Ireland, in 1839, settling in Franklin County, Pennsylvania, but later moved into Lawrence County, of that state, where he acquired a farming property, upon which he spent the remainder of his life. The bed rock on the old McFate homestead in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, was limestone, and since the time of the grandfather McFate these limestone areas have been extensively quarried.

William Fletcher McFate, father of William M., and son of William, was born in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, in 1856, and died at Youngstown in 1900. He spent the greater part of his life in Youngstown, going to that city in early manhood. For many years he was identified with the old American Tube Works of Youngstown. He married Mattie Moore, who was born in Philadelphia.

William M. McFate was reared in Youngstown and was educated in the public schools of that city. His first employment was with the Crystal Ice and Storage Company of Youngstown, for which company he did clerical work for a while. He then became a clerk in the Dollar Savings & Trust Company of Youngstown. In May, 1913, he became connected with the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren and for a short time was employed in the sales department, following which he was made assistant secretary and treasurer. One year later he returned to the sales department, and for the succeeding eighteen months was assistant sales manager, leaving the sales department to take the position of assistant to the president, later becoming secretary of the company, which position he held for four years. In 1919 he was elected a vice president of the company.

Mr. McFate is a director of the Western Reserve National Bank, is a member of the Warren Board of Trade and of the American Iron and Steel Institute. He is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and of Al Koran Temple Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He belongs to the Trumbull and Youngstown clubs.

Mr. McFate married Hattie C., daughter of H. A. Ditmauson, who has been connected with the Republic Iron & Steel Company of Youngstown for twenty-five years, and here his daughter Hattie C. was born. To Mr. and Mrs. McFate a son was born on April 8, 1920, William M. McFate, Jr.

Samuel Riddel Russell, cashier of the Western Reserve National Bank, has been closely identified with the financial interests of Warren for the last fifteen years, during which time he has won recognition as one of the able bankers of the Mahoning Valley. He is a native of Pennsylvania, in which state the Russell family has been prominent in financial and banking affairs for seventy years.

His father, the late William Russell, an able banker and business man, was closely associated with the big men of his state for many years. A native of Gettysburg, he was for a number of years cashier of the old Lancaster County Bank. He became a personal friend of James Buchanan and Thaddeus Stevens, two Pennsylvanians who in somewhat contrasted spheres were national leaders for many years. When the Lancaster County Bank went out of business, during the fifties, the three friends entered the iron business as owners of the Caledonia Iron Works at Lancaster. James Buchanan was the successful candidate for President in 1856, and at about that time Mr. Russell established a private bank under his own name at Lewistown, Pennsylvania. Later his son George L. was admitted to the partnership, the title being changed to William Russell & Son. William Russell died in 1886, but the bank was continued under the same name. Samuel R. Russell entered the business in 1890 and in 1914 the institution was chartered as the Russell National Bank of Lewistown, the family still retaining a controlling interest. This bank occupies the site of the old private bank and is a large and highly prosperous institution. William Russell married Miss Mary Grace Mayer, of Lancaster.

Samuel R. Russell was born in Lewistown, Pennsylvania, on March 26, 1868. He acquired his early education in the schools of Lancaster and was a student at the Lawrenceville Preparatory School in New Jersey, planning to complete his education in Princeton University. The death of his father overthrew these plans and ended his school days. After a course in Eastman's Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York, he entered his father's banking

house, and was associated with the management of the bank until 1903, when he came to Warren.

In 1905 Mr. Russell became teller and a director in the Second National Bank of Warren, and in 1912 entered the Western Reserve National Bank as assistant cashier. Since 1918 he has been cashier of that bank. Mr. Russell is also a member of the Warren Board of Trade, the Country Club and the Masonic Order.

He married Mary J. Martin, daughter of Andrew P. Martin, of Lewistown, Pennsylvania. Two children were born to their marriage, one deceased. The living daughter is Lavinia.

Decker R. Fithian is the general superintendent of the Youngstown plant of the Sharon Steel Hoop Company, one of the largest corporations of its kind in the country. Although he was born at Poland, Ohio, May 30, 1876, Youngstown has been his home all his life with the exception of six years of his early youth, and here all his interests are centered, and here he has gained his success.

Charles L. Fithian, his father, rose to prominence as a contractor, and built the Lake Shore Railroad from Youngstown to Andover. He also served his country during the Civil war as a member of the One Hundred and Fifty-Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, Company M, and the close of his life came in 1904. He had married Mary Jane Powers, a daughter of Fleming Powers and a granddaughter of Abram Powers, one of the early pioneers of this valley.

Decker R. Fithian was reared in Youngstown and knows no other home. His early educational training was obtained in the old Central School on Front Street, and his business career was begun in the capacity of fireman on a freight engine for the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad Company, and for three years he worked on as a railroad fireman. His next employment was in the rail mills of the Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel Company, continuing his connection with that great corporation until 1900, at which time he entered the service of the Youngstown Iron & Steel Company as a labor foreman. He was still identified with this corporation when the name was changed to the Youngstown Iron & Steel Company, and about this time he was made superintendent of labor and construction. When this corporation was finally merged into the Sharon Steel Hoop Company Mr. Fithian was retained in the same capacity, and on the 1st of September, 1918, was made the general superintendent of the plant, a position he has since continued to occupy. He has also served as the president of the Peoples Trust & Savings Bank of East Youngstown since the organization of this institution.

Mr. Fithian is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. He is also a member of the Army Ordnance Association of the United States of America, the purpose of which is to keep available the highly specialized knowledge necessary for arming the manhood of the nation by stimulating interest in the design and production of ordnance material; to promote mutual understanding and to effect cooperation between American manufacturers, civilian engineers, reserve and regular army ordnance officers; and to provide, when required, the services of competent committees to investigate and report upon special ordnance subjects. Mr. Fithian is a member of the Masonic Fraternity, belongs to the Knights Templar, York Rite, and is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and also belongs to Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Cleveland. Mr. Fithian is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

He was married on the 17th of July, 1898, to Miss Gertrude E. Cartwright, of Youngstown, a daughter of Benjamin Cartwright and a granddaughter of the Rev. Elijah Cartwright. On the maternal side Mrs. Fithian is a granddaughter of Alexander Caufield, one of the early pioneers of the Mahoning Valley. A son and daughter, William C. and Margaret Gertrude, have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Fithian. The family are members of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, in which Mr. Fithian's people were among the first members. His political allegiance is given to the republican party.

Charles Welson Hart. While his home and business headquarters have been at Warren for the past eight years, Charles W. Hart's name and his interests have almost a national scope, for he is the brains and mainspring of a wonderfully systematic real estate business that covers the entire Middle West. It is stated on reliable authority that his real estate campaigns are probably doing more to advertise the great industrial advantages and opportunities of the Mahoning Valley than can be credited to any other source.

Mr. Hart was born at Hicksville, Defiance County, Ohio, November 2, 1874. His grandfather, John Hart, was of Scotch-Irish stock and an early settler in Putnam County, Ohio. John S. Hart, his son, was born in Putnam County in 1842, and at the beginning of the Civil war, in 1861, at the age of nineteen, volunteered and enlisted in the Twenty-First Ohio Infantry. He was in service four and a half years, through two enlistments, and made a splendid record as a fighting soldier. He was three times wounded, and was also taken prisoner and confined in Libby prison at Richmond, Virginia. His release from that famous prison two weeks later was due to the evacuation of Richmond, practically at the close of the war. When the war was over he took up farming and stock buying and feeding, and is still living, an honored and respected citizen of Hicksville. His wife, whose maiden name was Anna Countryman, was born in Ashland County, Ohio, in 1851. Her father, Christian Countryman, a native of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, was an early settler in Ashland County. John S. Hart and wife had a large family, noted briefly as follows: Ulysses S. Grant Hart, now deceased; Altha, wife of Arthur Cole, of Ann Arbor, Michigan; Addie, wife of J. J. Lower, of Hicksville; Charles W.; May, wife of M. H. Bevington, of Hicksville; J. Sherman, who served in the Philippine wars and during the World war was purchaser of forage for the Allied armies; Bertha, wife of James Coon, of Auburn, Indiana; Lavern, who married Orlo Lybarger, of Hicksville; Jessie, the wife of Stephen Cromley, of Hicksville; and Lelah, deceased.

D. R. Dithmar

Charles W. Hart grew up at Hicksville, attended public school there, and practically all his life from boyhood he has been engaged in business as a dealer, handling livestock, lands and other forms of property. From Hicksville he removed to Uniontown, Pennsylvania, in 1908, where he was proprietor of a wholesale feed and horse business, and in 1912 located at Warren.

Since coming to Warren Mr. Hart has been developing his real estate business on a large scale. His chief business is handling farm property, not only locally and in Ohio, but over several states. He now has the best systematized and most widely advertised real estate business in the United States. Most of the land he handles is in the states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa. He is known personally or by correspondence in every town of over 2,000 population in all these states. He has his correspondents and co-operates with many real estate brokers. His sales force consists of 200 men, in four different states.

Mr. Hart has recently been engaged in the organization of several notable companies. One is the Farm Brokers' Association of Ohio, of which he is president. This operates under the auspices of the Ohio State Association of Real Estate Boards. Another is the Farm Holding & Investment Company, with capital stock of $200,000, of which he is president. He is also incorporating the Farm Management & Improvement Company, capitalized at $50,000, and another company is the Farm Sales Company, capitalized at $10,000, with Mr. Hart as president. Mr. Hart individually owns property in twelve states of the Union. He is actively engaged at the present time in agricultural development all over Ohio, helping to solve the problems of marketing and distribution and all community interests problems, not only purely agricultural but also industrial. He is the author of a set of resolutions adopted by a prominent organization and offering a practical program for many of the ills to which agriculture is now subject. Mr. Hart is a frequent contributor to real estate periodicals, including the Chicago Real Estate News and the National Real Estate Journal. He is publicity manager for the National Association of Realty Brokers, Incorporated, of which he is an ex-president. He is also a member of the Warren Real Estate Board, the Warren Board of Trade, the Ohio Association of Real Estate Boards. Fraternally he is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, belongs to the Warren Masonic Club, and is president of the H H Class of the Christian Church.

In 1895 Mr. Hart married Tootie Beerbower, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Swan) Beerbower of Hicksville. They have one son, La Due Hart, born January 5, 1902, and now a young man actively associated with his father in the real estate business.

W. W. Pierson is a lawyer of successful practice and high standing in Trumbull County, lives in Girard, and is the present city solicitor.

Mr. Pierson was born on a farm near Vienna in Trumbull County, February 2, 1880, a son of Charles A. and Mary (Woodford) Pierson. His parents are still living, the father sixty-three and the mother sixty-two years of age. Charles A. Pierson during his early life was in the employ of Mike Quilty at Vienna, and later became a farmer. He had much ability in the handling of livestock, and kept some splendid Jersey cattle and trotting horses. During the World war he was president of the local draft board at Niles, is an active democrat in politics, has filled various local offices, including membership on the school board, and is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason. Charles A. Pierson and wife have two children: W. W. and Olive. The latter is the wife of T. C. Cochran, of Mercery, Pennsylvania.

W. W. Pierson graduated from the Hartford High School at the age of eighteen. He put in one year teaching in Trumbull County, attended Westminster College in Pennsylvania one year, and after his marriage moved south to Richmond, Virginia, where he was employed one year as a street car conductor, and then traveled over Virginia and North Carolina representing a wholesale house.

On coming back to Ohio Mr. and Mrs. Pierson located on a farm, the old Clawson place, and he remained there five years. This period re-enforced the steadily growing dislike which he first acquired when a boy, as a result of being pulled out of bed in the middle of the night to milk thirteen cows. As has been the case with thousands and thousands of farm trained boys, that feature of the farm work made the business revolting to him, and in order to learn something better and more to his tastes Mr. Pierson left the farm to enter the Ohio Northern University at Ada, where he expected to take a technical course, but eventually pursued the study of law. He graduated from the law school in 1907, and at once began practice at Youngstown. He had soon acquired a living practice there and continued to make his offices in Youngstown until he began his duties as city solicitor of Girard, where he has always had his home.

Mr. Pierson married Miss Minnie J. Clawson, daughter of William Clawson. They have one son, Virginius. Mr. Pierson is affiliated with Youngstown Lodge of Masons, the Knights of Pythias, the Elks and the Maccabees, is a republican in politics and a member of the Church of the Disciples.

Charles H. Lawrence. With an unprecedented growth of population in a decade Warren has had to expand and improvise its municipal facilities from those appropriate to a countrty town to those of an important industrial city. A large part of these problems are highly technical, and depend for their solution upon the trained skill and experience of a municipal engineer. Warren has been fortunate in the incumbent of the office of city engineer during this period. Charles H. Lawrence, city engineer, has been active in his profession for over twenty years, and had been on the engineering staff of some of the great industrial corporations before he took up municipal engineering.

Mr. Lawrence was born at Elyria in Lorain County, Ohio, July 16, 1877, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Lawrence. His father was born in Wales and his mother in England. Thomas Lawrence died at Elyria in 1912.

During his early life at Elyria Charles H. Lawrence attended the graded and high schools of the

city, and in 1898, at the age of twenty-one, acquired his first experience in engineering as a rod man with the National Tube Company at Lorain. In 1900 he joined the civil engineering force of the American Steel and Wire Company at Cleveland as transit man, remaining there two years. In 1902 he went to Colorado as construction engineer for the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at Pueblo. On his return to Elyria Mr. Lawrence was engineer in charge of construction for a road district engaged in building some of the modern highways in Lorain County. Then in 1909 he was elected county surveyor of Lorain County, serving the term 1910 to 1912. At the conclusion of his term as county surveyor he opened an office and began practice as an engineer at Elyria, remaining in that city until May, 1913.

At this date he came to Warren as assistant to the engineer, and in 1917 under the Civil Service rules was appointed city engineer. For four or five years he has had charge of the larger construction enterprises undertaken by the city or involving the city's franchise, and in addition an enormous amount of routine work has been referred to his department as a result of the unusual demands made upon the municipal facilities. All his work has been handled with great discretion and ability.

Mr. Lawrence is a member of the American Engineers' Association, and is a member of Carroll F. Clapp Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and of Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Masonic and Automobile clubs. He married Miss Verna F. Farmer, daughter of Frank and Laura Farmer, of Elyria, Ohio.

Leo George Gorman, purchasing agent for the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was born at Mount Alton, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1886, son of James and Sarah E. (Crowell) Gorman. All his grandparents were natives of Ireland, and came to the United States during the large immigration from Ireland in the fifties and sixties. His father was born at Vandalia, New York, and his mother at Cuba, New York, James Gorman has spent practically a lifetime in the sawmilling business in the three states of New York, Pennsylvania and West Virginia. His wife died n 1905.

Leo Gorman had a common and high school education in Pennsylvania, but left high school before graduating to begin work as a stenographer in a railroad freight office, in 1904. Later, for two years, he was rate clerk in the traveling department of H. J. Heinz Company at Pittsburgh, and in 1909 became traffic manager under Mr. Jonathan Warner of the Empire Iron & Steel Company at Niles, Ohio. From that corporation he was called to the Trumbull Steel Company at Warren in 1912 as purchasing agent and traffic manager. This industry has had a tremendous growth and enlargement since Mr. Gorman entered the service and by January 1, 1914, the purchasing department had collected responsibilities sufficient to require all the time and energies of Mr. Gorman, and he then relinquished his duties as traffic manager.

Mr. Gorman is a member of the Purchasing Agents' Association of Pittsburgh, of the Niles Chamber of Commerce, and is affiliated with the Elks, Knights of Columbus at Niles, the Trumbull Country Club and with the Warren Automobile Club.

Philip H. Schaff, vice president of the Youngstown Securities Company, has been a resident of this city since 1914, except for the two years he spent in the army.

He was born at Kansas City, Missouri, April 12, 1886, and comes of a family of distinguished theologians and scholars. His grandfather, Rev. Philip Schaff, of Union Theological Seminary, New York, was accounted the greatest church historian of the time, and served as president of the American Commission for the revision of the authorized version of the Bible. The father of the Youngstown banker is Professor David S. Schaff, who was ordained a Presbyterian minister in 1877, was pastor of the church at Kansas City from 1883 to 1888, and since 1903 has been a professor in the Western Theological Seminary at Pittsburgh. He is also widely known as an authority on church history.

Philip H. Schaff spent his boyhood in the various communities where his father was a pastor, and for two years lived in Germany, while his father was attending one of the universities of that country. He graduated from Princeton University in 1906, and for the following three years was connected with the Peoples National Bank of Pittsburgh. During a sojourn of several years in Idaho he engaged in farming and fruit growing there, and also conducted a small bank, doing all the work of the establishment, even to making the fire by which the banking room was warmed. After returning East, Mr. Schaff was representative in New York and Pittsburgh for Lee, Higginson & Company of Boston, and in 1914 came to Youngstown as the vice president of the Realty Trust Company.

He resigned this office in May, 1917, and entered the First Officers Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison. He was commissioned captain of infantry in August, sailed for France in May, 1918, and was abroad until February, 1919. September 3, 1918, he was commissioned as major of infantry, and was discharged with that rank.

Mr. Schaff was elected president of the Morris Plan Bank upon its organization, and has been head of that institution in Youngstown ever since. This is an addition to his duties as vice president of the Youngstown Securities Company. He is a member of the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club and other social and business organizations. January 10, 1920, Mr. Schaff married Jane A. Booth, daughter of Charles H. Booth of Youngstown.

William Whiting Dunnavant, of Warren, was born at Sidney, Shelby County, Ohio, on November 18, 1848, the son of Thomas B. and Mary J. (McKee) Dunnavant. The family is of Virginian origin, the name being encountered in old records of that state. Thomas B. Dunnavant, father of William W. Dunnavant, was born in Richmond, Virginia, and in his early manhood came into Ohio, settling at Lancaster and subsequently at Sidney, Ohio, in which latter city

Philip Schaff

he was for many years engaged in the tailoring business.

William W. Dunnavant attended the public schools of Sidney and at the age of thirteen began to learn the printing business in the office of the Shelby Democrat. He was an active boy, energetic and confident, and of an adventurous disposition, and eight months after entering the printing office he forsook the "art preservative" for the to him more congenial occupation of driver of canal boats on the old Erie Canal, making the trip from Cincinnati to Toledo. Seven years later he went to live in Windham, Trumbull County, having by that time entered the employ of the old Atlantic and Western Railway Company as telegraph operator at Mahoning Station. He later became night operator at Warren, and four months later was promoted to the position of day operator at Greenville, Pennsylvania, so that his stay in Warren at that time was not of long duration. But he returned to Warren in 1873 to take charge of the ticket and telegraph office of the A. & G. W. Railroad.

In 1879 he was appointed traveling passenger agent of the Atlantic and Western and of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railways, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, his territory including all between Marion, Ohio, on the west, and Baltimore and Philadelphia on the east. For eight years he traveled over that territory and became widely known. In 1887 he was appointed division passenger agent of the Erie System, having charge of the line from Greenville, Pennsylvania, to Marion, Ohio, the New Lisbon and Newcastle branches, and the Mahoning Division.

In 1890 he severed his connection with the Erie company and went to Pittsburgh, but in the following year returned to Warren as ticket agent for the P. & W. Railway. In 1894 he was appointed traveling passenger agent of the Queen and Crescent Railway, his territorial bounds being Columbus, Ohio, and Sandusky, Ohio. He continued in railroad work until 1915, in which year he retired from that business after a successful career extending over nearly a half century of time. In 1907, while still a railroad official, he invested money in a moving picture venture in Warren, which he continued to operate until 1918. In that year he retired from all active business.

In 1881 Mr. Dunnavant joined Pittsburgh Lodge No. 45, Free and Accepted Masons, and he passed through all degrees of the order, including that of Knights Templar, Scottish Rite, thirty-second degree, and the Mystic Shrine. He has been a member of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks since 1889.

He married Louise P., daughter of Joseph and Louise (Bach) Senior, of Warren, and to them has been born one son, Frederick Edward, who is engaged in the automobile business in Warren.

Ralph Garry Taylor, civil engineer and well known and popular citizen of Warren, has been active in his profession and in connection with some of the leading industries of the Mahoning Valley for the past fifteen years.

Mr. Taylor is descended from two old Mahoning Valley families. His paternal grandfather was Thomas Taylor, who was a native of Ireland, and on coming to America settled in Canada. He married Margaret Foster, and in 1852 they removed to Ohio and settled at Bloomfield, Trumbull County.

George J. Taylor, son of Thomas and Margaret Taylor, and father of Ralph G., was born at Smith Falls, Canada, February 10, 1849, and was three years old when the family came to Trumbull County. He was educated in the North Bloomfield schools and in 1870 engaged in the hardware business at Niles. In 1896 he disposed of his hardware business and entered the insurance and real estate business, and in November, 1897, became one of the organizers of the Home Building and Loan Company of Niles, of which he was elected secretary. Later the name of that company was changed to the Home Savings and Loan Company, Mr. Taylor continuing as secretary. On February 17, 1876, he married Hannah M. Harris, who was born at Covington, Kentucky, on October 27, 1855, the daughter of James and Hannah M. (Carpenter) Harris who came to Youngstown in 1864 and to Niles in 1865, where he built the Harris-Blackford Sheet Mill and remained in the steel business until he retired from active business.

Ralph G. Taylor was born at Niles, September 27, 1884. He was educated in the public schools, leaving high school in his seventeenth year to go to work in a Niles jewelry store. Subsequently he was in the employ of the Harris Automatic Press Company at Niles, but in 1903 began his studies and practical apprenticeship in civil engineering with William Wilson, then city engineer of Niles. In 1908 became a draftsman in the employ of the Empire Iron & Steel Company at Niles, and when that company was consolidated with the Brier Hill Steel Company at Youngstown he remained with the larger organization for some time. From June 15, 1913, to March 8, 1920, Mr. Taylor served as deputy county surveyor of Trumbull County. Since the latter date he has been in the office of the city engineer of Warren. At the August, 1920, primaries Mr. Taylor was nominated on the republican ticket for county surveyor by a plurality of 432 votes. The republican nomination in Trumbull County is practically equivalent to election.

Mr. Taylor is a member of the American Association of Engineers and the Ohio Engineering Society, and is a member of the Niles Club. On October 2, 1911, he was united in marriage with Miss Rena M. Boyes, the daughter of George E. and Kate (Ingersoll) Boyes. Her paternal grandparents were Joseph and Ann Boyes, who came to Warren in 1854. Her maternal grandparents were William and Elizabeth (Welborn) Ingersoll. To Mr. and Mrs. Taylor three children have been born, as follows: George J., born on September 20, 1913; Robert G., born August 27, 1915; and Jean E., born October 23, 1917.

Warren Thomas, attorney at law of Warren, Ohio, was born at Niles, Ohio, on October 27, 1876, the son of Melancthon and Emma (Calhoun) Thomas. He was admitted to the bar in October, 1899, since which time he has practiced his profession in Warren. He was elected in 1903 a member of the Ohio House of Representatives and re-elected in 1905, and served as chairman of the judiciary committee during the session of 1906-08. He introduced the act now known as the Thomas Banking

Law, providing for the examination and inspection of state banks. Mr. Thomas is a republican and has served his party on both state and county committees.

ROBERT J. BANNER is one of the best known of the skilled men employed in the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. He is a roller in No. 2 skelp mill of that industry, and outside the routine of his work is also a highly regarded citizen of Youngstown, influentially identified with various social and civic organizations.

Mr. Banner was born at Wheeling, West Virginia, March 18, 1869, son of Josephus and Ellen (Ball) Banner. His parents were natives of England, were married in Scotland, and came to the United States shortly after the close of the Civil war. From Wheeling, where they lived for a time, they moved to Cohoes, New York, remaining there about ten years, and in 1879 came to Youngstown. Josephus Banner has spent all his active life as a roll turner in iron and steel mills. His wife is now deceased, and he is a resident of Youngstown, celebrating his eighty-first birthday in February, 1920. Of his eight children seven are living.

Second in the family and the oldest son, Robert J. Banner has lived at Youngstown since he was about ten years of age. About a year after he came to the city he began learning the trade of roll turner under his father in the upper mill of the Carnegie Steel Company. He was with that industry until 1892 and for three years was with the Brown-Bonnell plant. He then returned to the industry where he had begun his apprenticeship, and later went to take charge of the roll turning in the old Buhl steel works at Sharon, Pennsylvania. After about a year he took up similar duties at Warren with the American Steel Hoop Company.

Mr. Banner has been with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company for the past seventeen years. He began his service in charge of roll turning June 16, 1903, and on the 16th of August of the same year took charge of the No. 2 skelp mill as roller. He filled both positions for the rest of the year, and since then has given all his attention to rolling in the skelp mill.

During the World war Mr. Banner was a member of the executive committee of the War Chest, and is now serving on the executive committee of the Community Corporation. He is active in several fraternal organizations, and his career and work have been such as to give him the well merited confidence and esteem of all classes of citizens.

November 12, 1890, he married Miss Mary A. Furlong, daughter of William and Mary (Collins) Furlong, the former a native of Ireland and the latter of England. Her father came to America with his parents in infancy, and spent an active life as a blast furnace worker. He died in February, 1913. The only son of Mr. and Mrs. Banner is Robert Earl Banner, who was born July 4, 1893, and is now in the automobile business at Youngstown. During the World war he was employed by the French government as inspector of war materials, and at the close of the war was chief inspector in the Youngstown District. Robert Earl Banner married Miss Myrtle A. Michaels.

THOMAS L. KNAUF has for many years been identified with the progressive leadership in the agricultural sections of the Mahoning Valley. A farmer and stock raiser of Green Township, Mahoning County, he is a member of the board of directors and for the past three years has been president of the County Fair Association, a position where he has been able to exercise a distinctive influence for good in the new agricultural uplift of the county. The present policy of the directors of the fair is to encourage participation on the part of young men and women by emphasizing the displays of the various corn, pig and other clubs and thus giving a direct incentive to encourage the boys and girls to stay on the farms. The correctness of this policy has been fully demonstrated, the 1919 fair being the most prosperous ever held. There are ten members of the board of directors.

Mr. Knauf is an advanced farmer himself, and has just the qualities required for leadership in the rural life movement in Mahoning County. Mr. Knauf, who is a member of an old and prominent family of Green Township, was born in that locality March 16, 1864, son of John and Amelia A. (Ewing) Knauf. Mahoning County was still a pioneer district largely in the woods when his grandfather, Nicholas Knauf, came here an orphan boy and grew up with a family of early settlers in the northern part of the township. Nicholas Knauf was born in Germany, and came to America at the age of six years, his parents dying of yellow fever soon after they landed. Nicholas Knauf founded one of the first mills in his section of the county, operated by water power, and the old mill structure was still standing up to a few years ago. Nicholas Knauf lived to advanced years, and reared a large family of children. His son, John Knauf, was an active factor in the agricultural section of Green Township, and spent his life on the farm. He died May 4, 1903, and his wife on May 15, 1905. They were members of the Lutheran Church. Their children to reach mature years were Etta E., Thomas L., Rose R., Harvey W., Martha M., Arthur H., Hugh A. and Eunice J.

Thomas L. Knauf attended the public schools of his native township and for thirty-five years has given his chief energies to farming and stock raising. His farm of 140 acres is just three quarters of a mile east of the railroad station of Calla, and in August, 1905, he entered upon his duties as postmaster of Calla, serving nine years, until he retired in 1913. Since then his time has been given to his farm and to his duties with the Fair Association.

Mr. Knauf is properly proud of the fact that all three of his children offered their personal services and not merely their money and auxiliary work to the Government during the World war. No family in Mahoning County has a better patriotic record. Mr. Knauf married September 29, 1887, Miss Elva D. Cochel, daughter of Joseph M. Cochel of Calla. Their happy marriage continued for thirty years, until the death of Mrs. Knauf on November 30, 1917. She

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was an active member of the Evangelical Church, and early in America's participation in the war organized the Red Cross Chapter of Calla. There are three children, Hazel B., Ruby A. and Roy J. Only three boys from Green Township volunteered to join the colors. One of them is Roy J. Knauf, who spent nearly a year in France in the Thirty-Seventh Division. His comrade and fellow volunteer was J. Lester Templin, who was in the Motor Transport Corps of the Eighty-Seventh Division. Since the war Roy has been helping his father on the farm. The daughters are both graduate nurses of the Youngstown City Hospital.

John Hitchcock, one of the prosperous farmers of Boardman Township, owns and operates a fine farm ten miles southwest of Youngstown. He was born at Wellington, England, on March 6, 1870, a son of John and Sarah (Flood) Hitchcock. The elder John Hitchcock was a farmer, who, looking for better opportunities, came to the United States in 1884, and located on a farm then owned by Fred Boardman, comprising 240 acres, remaining there for two years, when he moved on the Baldwin farm, and there he died in 1896, after spending seven years on this last named property. He was a general farmer and was also engaged in slaughtering stock, which he killed and dressed to sell to the wholesale trade at Youngstown. His wife passed away before his death. Eight of their children lived to reach maturity, namely: Jane, who is Mrs. Fred Canning, of Youngstown; Howard Henry, who is a farmer at Boardman; Fred, who is a farmer of Beaver Township; John, whose name heads this review; Laura, who married Oliver Stafford, a farmer of Boardman; Herbert James, who lives at Youngstown; Lucy, who lives at Youngstown; and Frank, who is a farmer of Newton Falls, Ohio.

Until he reached the age of twenty-one years John Hitchcock, the younger, remained at home, and then he left the parental roof and spent four years in California, being engaged in business as a meat dealer at Riverside, that state, selling to both the wholesale and retail trade. In 1896 he bought H. D. Correger's meat market on West Rayen Avenue, Youngstown, and developed it into a fine business. In 1904 he bought a farm of eighty acres near Boardman Center of Alex Gault. Four or five years later added the Leander Mockerman farm of 127 acres to the east. Still later he sold all of this property, making a very gratifying profit from his undertaking. Mr. Hitchcock then bought his present farm, which he operates for dairy purposes, having a herd of twenty-five cows of the Holstein strain. He markets his milk at Youngstown. This land was formerly known as the Milk Creek bottoms and regarded as almost worthless. Since acquiring it he has cleared it up and taken off the second growth of timber with which it was covered, now using the greater part of it for pasturage. On this farm he has a fine set of buildings and his is one of the best rural properties in this part of Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Hitchcock is a strong advocate of good roads, and one of the first to advocate the improving of the roads in the county. While he was a member of the school board, the fine new centralized school building near Boardman Center, the largest centralized school structure in Ohio, was erected. He has also served the district as a trustee, and has always been a friend of the public schools. In politics he is a republican.

On March 25, 1893, Mr. Hitchcock was married to Mary Raymond, born in Hubbard, Trumbull County, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Hitchcock became the parents of the following children: Hazel, who is Mrs. Grover Moff; Richard Perry, who is at home, is a veteran of the great war, having served in the Rainbow Division; Sarah, who is a stenographer, employed at Youngstown; Ethan Allen, who is at home, was also in the great war, as a member of the Thirty-Seventh Division, and being wounded on the firing line, was discharged on account of the ensuing disability; Florence; John Howard; Mary G.; and Elizabeth.

Mr. Hitchcock belongs to the Episcopal Church at Boardman Center, and is serving it as a vestryman. Mrs. Hitchcock is a daughter of D. B. Raymond, who with his wife is still a resident of Boardman, although now retired. Both the Hitchcocks and Raymonds stand very well in Mahoning County, and have proven their value as good citizens in many ways.

Charles M. Hartzell. One and one-fourth miles west of Berlin Center, in Berlin Township, is situated the fine old homestead farm which figures as the stage of the productive activities of this well known native son of Mahoning County, and it is interesting to note that in the old house that occupied the site of his present modern residence he was born, on the 12th of October, 1872. He is a son of Solomon and Leah (Smith) Hartzell and is a scion of one of the old and honored families of Mahoning County. Solomon Hartzell likewise was born in Berlin Township, a son of Tobias and Susan (Dustman) Hartzell, the latter of whom was a sister of Andrew Dustman, a well known citizen of the county. Tobias Hartzell and his brother David were numbered among the early settlers in Berlin Township, and the old homestead farm which the former reclaimed and improved in Berlin Township eventually passed into the possession of his son Samuel, who is now deceased. Tobias Hartzell gained precedence as one of the substantial farmers and representative citizens of Berlin Township, and his old home farm, one mile west of Berlin Center, is now owned by his great-grandson, Olin M. Hartzell, a son of Charles Hartzell. This property has continuously remained in the possession of the family. On this homestead Tobias Hartzell continued to reside until his death, at a venerable age.

Solomon Hartzell was reared under the conditions marking the pioneer epoch in Mahoning County history, and after his marriage he settled on the farm now owned and operated by his son Charles M., of this review. Here he continued his successful activities as an agriculturist and stock raiser for many years, and upon retiring from the farm he established his residence in the Village of Berlin Center, where he died at the age of seventy-two years, his wife having preceded him to eternal rest. Mr. Hartzell commanded the high regard of all who knew him and was influential in community affairs. He held vari-

ous township offices, was a republican in politics, and both he and his wife were earnest communicants of the Methodist Episcopal Church, though he had been reared in the Lutheran faith. Of the two children, Charles M., of this review, is the elder, and Seneca is a prosperous farmer one mile south of Berlin Center

Charles M. Hartzell gained his early education in the public schools of his native township and has remained continuously on the old home farm save for a period of one year, during which he was elsewhere employed at farm work. The fine farm of 150 acres he received as a heritage from his father, and upon the place he has since made numerous improvements, including the erection of a fine bank barn, which replaces one destroyed by fire. The father erected the house on the place, but this has since been remodeled and equipped with modern facilities. In connection with diversified agriculture Mr. Hartzell gives special attention to the breeding of fine Shropshire sheep, his average herd numbering forty head. He has exhibited sheep at the county fairs and has won awards on the same. He is now developing a high-grade herd of Shorthorn cattle, and in all departments of his farm enterprise he is wideawake and progressive.

At different periods Mr. Hartzell has served as a member of the school board of his district, and he was thus serving at the time when the centralized school system was adopted in Berlin Township. His political allegiance is given to the republican party, and he and his wife are active communicants of the Lutheran Church.

August 16, 1894, recorded the marriage of Mr. Hartzell to Miss Civilla Hull, who was born in Milton Township, a daughter of Isaac and Angeline (Cover) Hull, the latter a daughter of Jesse and Elizabeth (Sipe) Cover, early settlers in Milton Township. Isaac Hull was born in Deerfield Township, Portage County, Ohio, January 20, 1850, a son of Andrew Hull, born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, a son of Emanuel Hull, who settled in the northeastern part of Berlin Township, Mahoning County, in the pioneer days. Andrew Hull married Mary Ann Coffman, and they settled on a farm near Mottstown, Deerfield Township, Portage County, where they passed the remainder of their lives. They became the parents of four sons: Isaac, father of Mrs. Hartzell; Homer, who died at the age of thirty-nine years; Andrew, a resident of California at the time of his death, aged sixty-two years; and William, now a resident of Saginaw, Michigan. Isaac Hull was for several years located on a small farm in the northeast part of Berlin Township, and there he developed a prosperous enterprise in buying ashes, at 10 cents a bushel, and manufacturing potash, which he sold at 7 cents a pound. At the death of his wife's father he took charge of the old Cover farm, where he continued his activities until his retirement, he and his wife having maintained their home at Berlin Center for the past several years. Mr. and Mrs. Hartzell have four children, three of whom remain at the parental home, Olin M., Clara and Alice. Olin M., the only son, entered the nation's military service when America became involved in the World war, and he served fourteen months, during a portion of which time he was with his command in France. He is now at the parental home, though, as previously noted, he is the owner of the fine old homestead farm of his paternal great-grandfather. Edna, the eldest daughter, is the wife of Floyd Fields, and they reside on a farm not far distant from the old home place.

Girard S. Bereny has been one of the live and effective members of the commercial community of Youngstown for the past five years. He is agency manager in this city for the Burroughs Adding Machine Company, and is actively affiliated with a number of social, business and civic organizations, including the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Credit Men's Association, the Rotary Club, the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club, Young Men's Christian Association and the Cleveland Athletic Club.

Mr. Bereny was born at Bedford, Ohio, January 21, 1886, son of Gustave and Jennie (Spafford) Bereny. His father was a native of Germany and his mother of Ohio. His father came to this country as a young man, participated as a soldier in the Union army during the Civil war, and for many years was a commission merchant.

Girard S. Bereny grew up at Cleveland, attended the grammar schools and graduated from the Central High School, and his first regular employment was as shipping clerk for the Mutual Transit Company, a lake shipping concern of Cleveland.

Since 1908 he has been identified with the Burroughs Adding Machine Company, and in 1915 became manager of the Youngstown agency. He has made Youngstown one of the leading units in the great business and service covered by this company, and the business handled through the local agency has reached the imposing volume of $150,000 annually. He directs both a complete sales and also a service organization.

Mr. Bereny is a Knight Templar Mason, has also attained the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite and is a member of Al Koran Temple Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Cleveland, Ohio. March 3, 1908, he married Miss Jeanette Graf, of Cleveland.

William H. Allen, an esteemed resident of Ellsworth Village, and of a family known in Ellsworth Township and Mahoning County, Ohio, since 1807, has lived practically his whole life in the county, being in early manhood a school teacher, and for more than forty years one of the leading agriculturists and breeders of horses in the section.

He was born somewhat more than a mile to the westward of Ellsworth, Mahoning County, Ohio, on January 3, 1845, the son of Martin and Lucy (Fitch) Allen. Through his mother he comes into the genealogy of even longer connection with the Mahoning Valley. Lucy Fitch spent all the years of her life, and they were ninety-four, in Ellsworth Township, in which her father, Richard Fitch, settled in 1804. She was born in Ellsworth Village on May 6, 1811, and died there on July 3, 1904. Both the Fitch and Allen families were of colonial Connecticut ancestry, and the Allen family bought land through George Broadsword, who owned a large tract of the town-

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ship, and Richard Fitch apparently bought from Joseph Coit, who was the local agent of the Connecticut Land Company, which owned most of the Western Reserve. Richard Fitch became a contractor on the canal then being cut between Cleveland and Akron, Ohio, and a letter he wrote at that time to Joseph Coit at Ellsworth is still in the possession of his descendants. Martin Allen was not the first of that family to settle in Ohio. His elder brother, Asa Witter Allen, left home at about the time of Martin's birth, 1807, and in that year settled in Ellsworth Township, about one mile from the Village of Ellsworth. Martin Allen, son of Jacob, was born in Windsor, Connecticut, in 1807, and he remained in his native state until he was eighteen years old, when he came on horseback to Ohio. He took up a tract of undeveloped land in Ellsworth Township, buying 200 acres of the Broadsword estate. He was farming independently in Ellsworth Township five or six years before he married Lucy Fitch in 1832, but after he married he applied himself even more energetically to development work, and from time to time added to his holding until he owned about 600 acres, all in Ellsworth Township. He and his wife for some time after their marriage lived in a small house built by Richard Fitch, her father, soon after he had come into the section, about 1804, and upon the Fitch property which eventually came into the possession of Martin Allen and his wife was an extensive apple orchard, set out early by the pioneer Fitch. Martin Allen had an apple crop of many hundreds of bushels yearly, and sometimes had to sell at 10 cents per bushel. Still, the orchard was a substantial source of profit, and yielded well for sixty years. Martin Allen eventually built a substantial house, the dwelling still standing, habitable and commodious. He was a man of sound business reasoning that being evidenced in one particular instance when, at the founding of the First National Bank of Youngstown, he sold 100 acres of his farm so that he might be able to buy bank stock. After his death the stock passed to his widow, who held it until her death. It was at that time worth $225 a share. He was an ardent abolitionist, and for many years stood alone in his vicinity for the emancipation of the slave. He was so emphatic and prominent in his championing of the cause that at one time, it is stated, an antagonist was supposed to have searched his house. He lived to see slavery abolished, and rejoiced in that mental sight. At the formation of the republican party he became affiliated with it, and at one time was urged to permit himself to be nominated for election to the House of Representatives, to which, however, he would not consent. He was, nevertheless, a man of political influence in his district, and he took some part in the local administration, being township trustee for many years. He was a man of strong religious principle, was an elder of the Presbyterian Church, and was clerk of session for thirty-five years, to which office his son Jesse succeeded him, holding it for a further thirty-six years, from 1882 to 1918, when he died. Martin and Lucy (Fitch) Allen were the parents of twelve children, four of whom died in infancy. The eight children that grew to manhood and womanhood were: Lloyd, who was born in Ellsworth Township on January 14, 1833, married Fanny M. Beardsley in 1855, owned a good farm in Ellsworth Township, and died on it in 1898, the farm now being in the possession of his son David A., who is one of the active township leaders, a justice of the peace for many years, township clerk and church elder. More regarding the life of Lloyd Allen will be found elsewhere in this volume. Mary, who lives in St. Paul, Minnesota, is the wife of Robert Kirk, who is president of the wholesale firm Farnell, Osman and Kirk of that city. Jesse became a veteran of the Civil war, serving in Company F of the One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, which was one of the units of Sherman's army, and took part in the famous "March to the Sea" through Georgia. After the war he returned home and for the greater part of his life worked on the home farm of his father. He died in April, 1918, his widow now living in Salem. They had no children. Chester married Fanny Coit, the only child of Joseph Coit. They lived in the old Coit home in Ellsworth, the house having been bequeathed to her. She now lives in Montana with her son. William lives in Ellsworth Village. Henry was a hardware merchant for the greater part of his time, for some years in Salem, Columbiana County, Ohio, but for the greater part of his business life in Jamestown, North Dakota. He became prominently connected with Presbyterian Church work in Jamestown, was made elder and clerk of session, and for thirty-five years kept the church records. He died on July 31, 1919. His wife was Emma Weaver, who preceded him in death. Lucy married John Hanson. They for some years lived in Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, but their home is now in the State of Oregon. Jettie, who married Robert Dickson, died in young womanhood, leaving one son, Allen, now of Berlin Township, Mahoning County, Ohio. Martin Allen died on July 15, 1882, aged seventy-five years, fifty-seven of which he had spent in Ellsworth Township. All his five sons eventually became school teachers in the county.

William H., son of Martin and Lucy (Fitch) Allen, is now in his seventy-sixth year. He lived in retirement in Ellsworth Village and later located in Battle Creek, Michigan. He was born in the township, and in due course attended the local schools, the Academy at Ellsworth and the Poland Seminary. Some of his schoolmates later were men of distinguished connections, one of his chums being Abner, brother of William McKinley, who became President of the United States; another was Julian Kennedy, the civil engineer; another, James Kennedy, eventually an eminent jurist; and other classmates of his were Carey McNab and Cecil D. Hine of Youngstown. When he was twenty years old William H. Allen began to teach in the county school at North Jackson. Later for five terms he taught in the Bowman District School in Ellsworth Township, and for four terms in the Berlin Township School. Subsequently he taught in the Ellsworth Village School, in 1877. He had for some years also, concurrently it might almost be said, worked a farm. He married in 1873, and eventually took to agricultural pursuits altogether. His wife was Ella Brooke, daughter of the well-known Dr. George Washington Brooke, an eminent physician who was widely known through

the state, and was at one time the president of the Ohio State Medical Society and a man of much prominence locally. William H. Allen eventually took over the responsibility of a large acreage, a farm of 217 acres, in Ellsworth Township, and upon that farm he worked for the greater part of his life; in fact he did not retire from it until 1918. And during his long period of farming he reached much local prominence as a breeder of good horses. He was a well-known and frequent exhibitor at agricultural and horse fairs, and succeeded in winning many ribbons. He sold his farm about a year ago, and retired to Ellsworth Village, where he has since lived.

Politically Mr. Allen has been a republican since early manhood, and has been a member of the Presbyterian Church since youth. Indeed, the Allen family in its many scions has been a helpful factor to the church. All the five sons of Martin Allen have served on session, and the church record of Martin was an enviable one, as has been previously noted herein.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Allen have three children: George Brooke has been a railroad official for many years and is now yardmaster for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He was sent to Panama in 1908, with a commission, to study the question of the building of a railroad in connection with the canal; Alfred is cashier of the nationally-known sanitarium conducted by Doctor Kellogg at Battle Creek, Michigan; Gladys, who lives in Richmond, Virginia, is the wife of A. R. Lawrence, insurance inspector of that city.

S. M. Burkholder, a well-to-do farmer of Green Township, is still enterprisingly and extensively farming. His farm of 190 acres is in two townships, Green and Beaver, and he has entered extensively into fruit growing; in fact, the orchard he has set out is reputed to be the largest in the county, being excellently situated for apples and grapes.

He was born in Beaver Township, his birthplace being approximately in the center of the township, on June 2, 1863, the son of John and Mary (Moyer) Burkholder, the former a preacher of the Mennonite denomination for more than forty years. The Burkholder family is of colonial ancestry, early generations having been resident in Virginia, whence Abraham Burkholder, father of John, came into Ohio and to Beaver Township, Mahoning County, in about 1828, from which year until that of his death he lived in Beaver Township. He died in about 1870, his grandson, S. M., then a boy of six or seven years old, clearly remembering him.

John Burkholder, father of S. M., was born in the parental homestead in Beaver Township on February 24, 1838, and grew to manhood in that place. He assisted his father in the development work and the cultivation of the home farm, and at his father's death inherited the property, to which later he added considerably; in fact, until he had in all about 350 acres, and the acreage now owned by his son, S. M., is about four miles distant. John Burkholder was a man of strong characteristics and of marked religious fervor. He was a gifted speaker, and his religious spirit drew him into ministerial work. He was a Mennonite elder, and for forty years followed a ministerial calling, occupying the pulpits of three churches of that denomination in the vicinity of his home county. He was a Mennonite preacher until his death in 1909, when he was about seventy-two years old. At that time he had residence in East Lewistown, which town was of some importance in those and earlier days, but which is now of little consequence. It was not far distant from the old Burkholder farm, and apparently although John Burkholder was regularly in the ministry, and for the greater part of his forty years of association with the Mennonite Church in Eastern Ohio was one of its leading spirits, he also did much farming during the period. The three charges in which he held clerical capacity for so long were the North Lima, Midway, and Nold (now Leetonia) churches, which were among the first Mennonite churches to be established in Mahoning County. The old Burkholder homestead, in the barn of which the obsequies of Abraham Burkholder, grandfather of S. M., were held when the latter was a small boy, is still in the possession of descendants, for although S. M. Burkholder does not own any portion, the property at the death of his father, John, went to his sister Susan, who married Isaac Mellinger, and the farm at East Lewistown is owned by his sister Ellen, now the wife of Melchor M. Mellinger, twin brother of Isaac. These sisters, with S. M., were the children of Elder John and Mary (Moyer) Burkholder.

S. M. Burkholder, born in Beaver Township, Mahoning County, was reared to manhood in that township, attended the township school, and afterward, until he married, he remained with his parents and took over most of the work of the home farm. He was twenty-two years old when, in 1885, he married Lillie Mellinger, then seventeen years old, daughter of Daniel Mellinger, of Beaver Township. After marriage S. M. Burkholder took over the management of the Lewistown farm that belonged to his father, and he continued to operate it for twelve years. Then he took another small place in the vicinity, but in 1902 he acquired the farm, Orchard Home, he has since cultivated. His holding at that time was 148 acres, but he has since added adjoining tracts, so that he now has in all 190 acres, 100 of which are in Green Township, Mahoning County, and the remainder in Beaver Township. Of his land part was in a wild state; in fact, he has cleared altogether about fifty acres, and now owns a valuable property, located in one of the most elevated parts of Northeastern Ohio, the elevation being about 1,266 feet above sea level. Mr. Burkholder has given much study to fruit growing, and has shown much enterprise in that connection, having set out an orchard of about fifty acres. He grows apples, pears, peaches and quinces. He has had moderate success with peaches, but his large apple orchard is just coming into bearing. It is said to be the largest apple orchard in the county, and consists of practically three well-known varieties, Stamen Winesap, Delicious and Black Ben. Mr. Burkholder has also laid out a vineyard of four acres, and finds the situation is excellent for grapes, the bulk of his yearly yield being sold for local use. The remainder of his farm is devoted to general farming, in which he has had consistent success. The property is well-improved, has adequate

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outbuildings, including a large barn, and is modernly equipped. Some years ago, Mr. Burkholder erected a silo sufficient for the needs of his stock, and the dwelling is a commodious and comfortable one.

Mr. and Mrs. Burkholder have five children: Myrtle, who married Clarence Lesher, a farmer of Green Township; Orpha, who has met with much misfortune since she married, feebleness developing, so that latterly she has been incapacitated, and her children are cared for by her parents; William, Mary and John, the three last-named being at home with their parents. Mr. Burkholder has latterly been enthusiastically identified with the Farm Bureau, and during the recent war did all possible to increase the yield of foodstuffs upon his farm, in furtherance of the plan of the Federal Department of Agriculture. He also co-operated in other phases of local effort of war purpose during that period of stress and abnormal national expenditure.

Upson Austin Andrews, whose business activities for many years were centered at Youngstown, exemplified many of the forceful characteristics which have made the name Andrews distinguished in Northeastern Ohio for more than a century. His people settled in the Western Reserve soon after the close of the War of 1812.

Upson Austin Andrews was born at Vienna, Ohio, May 30, 1851, and spent his early life on a farm. After finishing his education in Hiram College he entered the employ of his relative Chauncey H. Andrews. Chauncey H. Andrews was also a member of the Vienna family of Andrews, and in early life was a hotel proprietor at Youngstown, afterward achieving a place among Ohio's greatest industrial figures, being a coal operator, railroad builder, banker and leading capitalist of his time.

Upson A. Andrews assisted Chauncey Andrews in building the old Niles and New Lisbon Railroad, and as an employe of the firm of C. H. and W. C. Andrews came to Youngstown. His first venture for himself was as Andrews & Hill Coal Company. About 1879 he engaged in the oil business in Bradford, Pennsylvania, and in 1882 returned to Youngstown and purchased the Carbon and Moravia Limestone companies. In 1886 he was general manager of the Mahoning Gas Fuel Company and brought the first gas from the Pittsburgh field to Youngstown. In 1890 he moved to Pittsburgh, where he was general manager of the Imperial Coal Company. While there he took an active part in organizing the Pittsburgh Coal Company, and served as treasurer of that corporation. In 1901, resigning this office, he returned to Youngstown, and later moved to Cleveland. Near Cleveland he became owner of the Forest City Farm and was happily engaged in its activities at the time of his death on August 18, 1905. The late Mr. Andrews took the greatest pleasure in outdoor life and rural pursuits. He was a republican voter and a member of various social and benevolent organizations, but in no real sense was he a club man. His greatest delight was in his home circle.

In September, 1881, he married Miss Harriet Warmington, of Cleveland. They had three children, Austin W., William M. and Alice. The son Austin served in the Ordnance Department during the war with Germany, and was on duty both in this country and abroad. He married Emma Wainwright and has three children, named Anita, Harriet and Alice. Austin Andrews is a graduate of Yale University with the class of 1906.

William M. Andrews graduated from Yale in 1908, married Helen Morgan and has three children, named Jane, Elizabeth and Upson Austin.

The daughter, Alice, is the wife of Henry J. Welch, and has one son, Henry J. Welch, Jr.

Thomas L. Cobbs represented an old and prominent family of the Beloit community of Mahoning County. The farm on which he lived and on which he was born March 31, 1848, has been in the continuous ownership of the family without change of title except by inheritance for over a century.

His parents were Lindsey and Anna (Woolman) Cobbs. Lindsey Cobbs was born in Caroline County, Virginia, in 1804, and two years later was brought by his parents, Waddy and Margaret (Adams) Cobbs, to the Western Reserve. Waddy Cobbs settled near Beloit in Smith Township and died when about fifty years of age. While the family lived in Virginia for several generations they came originally from England, where the Cobbs ancestry is traced back in County Kent to the year 1326.

Lindsey Cobbs at the time of his marriage settled on the present farm in 1824, the land having been entered by his wife's father, Abner Woolman. He cleared up the dense timber, and in 1826 began the practice of the trade of cabinet making. He was especially called upon to make coffins for the community, and therefore performed the services of a local undertaker. After 1838 records were kept of his business. These records reveal that the price charged for making a coffin at that time was only $4, and even by 1854 the price had been raised only to $6. The business of undertaking was followed by Lindsey Cobbs and also by his son Thomas L. Lindsey Cobbs died August 21, 1875. Anna, his wife, was born in 1806 and died in 1891, at the age of eighty-five. Lindsey Cobbs joined the Friends Church as a young man, and all his children were birthright Quakers.

Thomas L. Cobbs, one of eleven children, married at the age of twenty-two Rachel Stradling. They became the parents of seven children: Ruth Anna, Mrs. E. Y. Hogan, of Salem; Mira, formerly a teacher, now living at San Francisco, California; William E., a principal of schools at Alliance; Homer, of Sebring; Caroline, Mrs. Howard Cameron, of Westville; Mabel, Mrs. Lawrence Cameron, of Beloit; and Ellen, Mrs. Cloyd Benner, of Knox Township, Columbiana County. Thomas L. Cobbs passed away on the 4th of May, 1920, and his widow still continues to reside on the old family homestead.

Covington Westlake, who for the past eight years has been one of the popular county officials of Mahoning County, began his career in the lower ranks of industrial employment in the Youngstown district, and still holds a card in the steamfitter's union.

Mr. Westlake was born near the Cartwright-McCurdy mill at Youngstown, January 23, 1880, son of Gardner D. and Bessie Elizabeth (Datson) Westlake.

His father was born in the Mahoning Valley in a log cabin on Crab Creek, on September 8, 1855. The Westlakes have been in this section of Ohio since pioneer times. Gardner Westlake died December 1, 1909. His widow, now a resident of Youngstown, was born in England.

Covington Westlake acquired his education in the Youngstown public schools and soon after graduating, at the age of sixteen, went to work in the Youngstown Carriage Works. After a year and a half he entered the service of the Carnegie Steel Works, and for fifteen years was on the payroll as a steam fitter.

In official affairs Mr. Westlake has been continuously in the county auditor's office, beginning as a deputy in 1911 under Mr. S. M. Hogg. In 1914 he succeeded Mr. Hogg as county auditor, and by re-election in 1916 filled the office with creditable efficiency for two terms.

In 1912 Mr. Westlake married Miss Eleanor H. Arnold, daughter of John Arnold of Youngstown. They have two children, Covington and Jeanne Louise. The family are members of the Belmont Avenue Methodist. Church, and Mr. Westlake is a Royal Arch Mason and affiliated with the local lodge of Odd Fellows. Politically he is a republican.

MANSFIELD MILTON. A member of one of the old and highly esteemed families of Youngstown, Mansfield Milton has stamped the impress of his individuality upon the community and added luster to the honorable name which he bears. He is what he is from natural endowment, having attained his present standing in business circles solely through the impelling force of his own strong personality. He possesses not only those powers that render men efficient in the material affairs of a community, but also the gentler traits that mark genial and helpful social intercourse, and because of his commercial success and his splendid personal character he has long enjoyed the unbounded confidence of the entire community which has been honored by his citizenship.

Mansfield Milton was born in Aberdeenshire, Scotland, on July 20, 1850, and he is the son of Joseph and Helen (Keen) Milton, who were the parents of nine children, two of whom died in Scotland, while seven, three sons and four daughters, came to the United States. Mansfield Milton was the first of the family to immigrate to this country, and the wisdom of that act has been abundantly justified by the splendid success which has since attended him. Early in life, while still at home, he had commenced the study of plant life, in which he had a deep and natural interest. His first responsible work in that line was as an employe of Lord Kintor in Scotland, after which he was attached to the Botanical Gardens in Edinburgh, Scotland. In addition he spent two years at Watt Institute, studying English and mathematics. In 1870, in search of a larger field of usefulness and better opportunities for advancement, he came to the United States. His first employment here was in the great orchards of F. L. Ames at North Easton, Massachusetts, where he remained for six years. From there he went to Cleveland, Ohio, and entered the employ of W. J. Gordon, of Gordon Park. In 1881 Mr. Milton came to Youngstown and bought the floral establishment of Thomas Johnson on Deed Street. Sometime later he moved to the present location of the Baltimore & Ohio depot, but the repeated overflow of that tract discouraged him and he moved to his present location. At that time Youngstown was not platted that far distant, and but few streets had even been laid out. He purchased a tract of eight acres, which he had laid out in 1883 as Milton Addition and on which he built a house that year. The tract was officially platted in 1910 and now there are nineteen houses on the land. His plant is located at the corner of Milton and Mahoning avenues, and is one of the most complete and up-to-date flower houses in this section of the country.

At first Mr. Milton made a specialty of plants and vegetables, but eventually he changed his direction of effort to meet the public needs, and now the major part of his business is in cut flowers. For about twelve years he had a cut flower store at Spring, Common and Federal streets. By carefully consulting the tastes of his patrons, and rather anticipating than meeting them, he has built up a large patronage, and his establishment stands second to none in his line in Youngstown.

In 1872 Mr. Milton was married to Catherine Wilson, who also was a native of Scotland, and who had been the sweetheart of his boyhood days, and she came to the United States to become the wife of Mr. Milton. Her death occurred in 1896. To them were born three children, all of whom live near their father. Grace is the wife of T. J. Bray, train master of the Erie Railroad at Youngstown. Catherine, a graduate of Rayen High School and of Ohio University, and who was engaged in teaching school, became the wife of Fred Moore, who has a meat market on Elm Street, but resides on his farm at Mineral Ridge. They have two children, Catherine Mary and Marion Douglas. Helen, now associated with her father in the floral business, is the widow of Harry Reed, who was a conductor on the Erie Railroad.

Religiously Mr. Milton and the daughters are affiliated with the Tabernacle United Presbyterian Church. Politically he is a stanch supporter of the republican party and fraternally is a member of the Masonic order, being a past master of Western Star Lodge and a past high priest of the chapter. Mr. Milton has taken a great pride in that portion of Youngstown with which he is most closely identified, and is also a consistent and persistent booster for the whole city. He has been not only successful in his business affairs, but has also acquired the confidence and good will of all who know him.

JOSIAH I. MANCHESTER, one of the leading merchants of Canfield, partner and manager of the Manchester Company, hardware merchants of that place, and also owner of a shoe store business of appreciable volume of trading, is well-known in Canfield Township and throughout Mahoning County. The Manchester family has been in the county for almost a century, and is placed among the pioneer families of Canfield Township. His father, Robert Asa Manchester, who is still alive, and who until quite re-

Mansfield Mitton

cently was active in business, was born in the township eighty-two years ago, while through his mother, Anne E. (Bowman), Josiah I. Manchester comes into the Bowman family which came into the Western Rerserve in 1806.

Josiah I. Manchester was born on February 9, 1868, the fifth child of Robert Asa and Anne E. (Bowman) Manchester. His father's life is reviewed elsewhere for this edition of the Mahoning Valley history, so that more need not be written herein regarding the latter's long, active and consequential life. And much will also be found elsewhere in this current history regarding the Bowman family to which his mother belonged. Josiah in his boyhood attended the elementary public schools, and later, having decided to enter the teaching profession, in which his father also was engaged at one time, he took the course at the Northeastern Ohio Normal College, under Professor Webster, and in due course received a teaching certificate. He was not yet twenty-one years old when he began to teach in the school of Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County. In that school he taught for three years, and later was a teacher in Green Township, subsequently becoming the principal of the New Albany School in Green Township, Mahoning County. He gave up his professional work in May, 1892, in order to actively co-operate with his brother Seymour in a business enterprise, the brothers then becoming established as hardware merchants in Canfield, under the trading name of Manchester Brothers. The business grew encouragingly, and two years later the brothers were able to purchase the Hollis brick building in Canfield for the purposes of their business, which needed larger quarters. At that time their father, Robert Asa Manchester, also joined the company, the trading name under the reconstruction becoming the Manchester Company. The company has ever since that year been trading under that name, although since 1905 the partners have only been Josiah and his father, his brother Seymour having retired from the firm and opened a store independently at Niles, Trumbull County. On August 1, 1918, his father, Robert A., retired, he being then eighty years old, and the business has virtually belonged to Josiah since that time, although it is still continued under the company name. The business latterly has been one of appreciable consequence. At the outset the brothers had a stock amounting to only $2,000. Latterly the stock has been held at about $20,000, and embraces practically all general lines of hardware, the company also doing much contracting work in allied lines, such as plumbing, roofing, the establishment of hot water and hot air furnaces, and such like undertakings that pertain to hardware, and the business today in its merchandising operations gives constant employment for two assistants, as well as Mr. Josiah Manchester's son Harry. In July, 1915, Mr. Manchester also entered the shoe business, acquiring the Wetmore store and stock at Canfield. That business is expanding satisfactorily, as may be realized when it is stated that in the five years, 1915-20, it has been necessary to raise the stock from $3,400 to $15,000, in order to accommodate the ever-increasing volume of trading, which is about ten-fold what it was four years ago. Mr. Manchester also owns the store building, and has proved himself to be a very enterprising and capable business man.

His business enterprises have not been confined solely to commercial business. He has entered quite extensively into matters of production and of farming connection. He owns a one-half interest in an extensive fruit farm of 191 acres situated in Washingtonville, Columbiana County, Ohio. The fruit farm is ideally situated, being the highest land in that section, its elevation, in great measure, eliminating the frost danger. Over 11,000 fruit trees have been planted, and apples and peaches of various varieties are in bearing, with 1,000 quince, cherry, plum and pear trees, and there is also much other small fruit. Mr. Manchester also owns an agricultural estate of about 200 acres in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County. On that property the farming is of general character, and Mr. Manchester, with hired help, operates that farm, which is about seven miles distant from Canfield. It will thus be seen that Mr. Manchester's business interests are many, varied, and important. But he is a man of much energy, and, notwithstanding his many business ties, he has managed to enter somewhat actively into public affairs. He was a member of the Board of Education at the time of the centralizing of the schools, which project he effectively furthered. He served one year as township trustee, by appointment, and was elected to that office three years ago; and during the period has been identified with bringing into effect much improvement of roads in the township, which now has much macadamized roadway. Five miles of macadamized roadway was laid in 1919, in different stretches. Politically Mr. Manchester is a democrat, and in state politics he has for many years been active, having a good deal of influence in his district. In 1918 he was the democratic nominee for state representative. He is a consistent Christian; in fact, he has been a valued church worker. By conviction he is a Presbyterian, and has been a member of the Canfield Church of that denomination since 1887 and for many years has been one of its trustees.

Josiah I. Manchester was married June 10, 1894, to Gertrude Stitle, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Harding) Stitle, who were well-known Canfield residents, but both of whom are now deceased. Mrs. Manchester grew to womanhood in the township, attending local schools in her girlhood. She is therefore, of course, well known in the township, and has many sincere friends, being of a kindly disposition, and an active church worker. They are the parents of a veteran of the World war, their eldest child, Harry S., having given voluntary service in the most dangerous branch of the army, the air service. There have been four children born to J. I. and Gertrude (Stitle) Manchester, namely: Harry S., of whom more follows; Robert A., Jr., and Anna E.; Elizabeth, the second child, died in infancy.

Harry S., son of Josiah I. and Gertrude (Stitle) Manchester, and ultimately a war veteran, was born in Canfield on September 2, 1895. After graduating from the Canfield High School he entered Wooster College, and in 1917 graduated therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Science. At that time the United States was in the first excitement of being in

a state of war. Young Manchester did not wait long. Barely a month after President Wilson had declared the nation to be in a "state of war" with Germany Harry S. Manchester enlisted, the exact date of his enlistment being May 10, 1917. He elected to give service in the most dangerous arm of the service, and was sent to a school of aeronautics, and was one of eight cadets or candidate-officers to be graduated with honors on August 13, 1917. He was in France very early—at a time when the American military force in that country was scarcely a division. He had crossed through the submarine zone at a time when the German submarine campaign was at its height, had passed through England to France, and on to Italy, returning to France on February 22, 1918. He was assigned to the First Signal Corps, was commissioned second lieutenant on December 22, 1917, and was promoted to first lieutenant on January 19, 1918. He was in France during the darkest period of the war, at the time when Germany appeared to be irresistibly sweeping on to Paris, and was again in Italy in May, 1918, to take the course in aerial gunnery at the Furbara Aerial Gunnery School. On July 1, 1918, he returned to France as test pilot for the De Haviland plane, and was at the Romarantin station, France, until December 31, 1918, when, the war being over, to all intents and purposes, he was ordered home. He was honorably discharged eventually as first lieutenant.

PATRICK A. LYDEN. In considering the successful young men of Youngstown in a business way, the list discloses a goodly number of native sons to whose energy and enterprise the city owes much of its substantial development. One of these who has found contentment and abundant opportunity here is Patrick A. Lyden, who is president of the People's Furniture Company and on its directing board.

Patrick A. Lyden was born at Youngstown, Ohio, January 12, 1887, a son of William F. and Bridget E. (Burke) Lyden, the former of whom died in 1915. He was a man of great force of character and wielded a wide influence. A mill man from his youth, he was the oldest employe and foreman of the puddling department in the Valley Mill when it was dismantled. Possessing a sturdy personality and strong mind, together with a deep interest in the welfare of Youngstown, he became somewhat of a leader in public matters here and twice was elected on the democratic ticket as city councilman. He gave sincere attention to his duties and great credit is imputed to him in connection with the securing of the Market Street viaduct, which was a necessary factor in the development of the South Side.

Patrick A. Lyden attended the parochial schools of Youngstown until fifteen years of age, then went to work in the offices of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, where he remained two years. His next place of employment was with the Republic Iron & Steel Company, where he continued until January, 1919, during that time serving as foreman of various departments. On January 1, 1919, he became identified with the People's Furniture Company, since which time his energies have been directed to advancing its interests. Politically a democrat, he desires the success of his party because he believes in its principles, but is liberal in his views, and in many local matters, where the city's welfare is in the balance, exerts his influence irrespective of party ties. Mr. Lyden was reared in the Catholic Church.

THOMAS H. ROBERTS. The subject of this sketch early in life realized the fact that success never comes to the idler or dreamer, and he has accordingly remembered the aphorism and devoted himself to ardent toil along lines that cannot but insure success. The prosperity which he enjoys has been the result of energy rightly applied, and has been won by commendable qualities. In such men as Mr. Roberts there is special satisfaction in offering in their life records justification for issuing a work of this character—not necessarily that the careers of such men as his type have been such as to gain them wide reputation or the admiring plaudits of men, but that they have been true to every trust reposed in them, have shown such attributes of character as entitle them to the regard of all, and have been useful in their several spheres of action, at the same time winning and retaining the confidence and good will of all with whom they have come in contact.

Thomas H. Roberts, proprietor of the Roberts Department Store, at 136 East Federal Street, Youngstown, was born at Crab Creek, Ohio, on December 27, 1871, and is the son of Jeremiah and Jane (Harris) Roberts. Jeremiah Roberts was a native of Wales and was a worker in the mines there. At the age of twenty years he came to the United States and here also became identified with the mining industry, first as a miner and later as a mine operator on his own account, having been associated with the Arms people in the operation of the Thorn Hill mines. He died in 1901, at the age of seventy-one years. Jane Harris was born in Wales, the daughter of Howell Harris. She was but a child when the family came to the United States, locating in the Mahoning Valley in the '50s. Howell Harris was also a miner, and was at various times connected with the Crab Creek, Thorn Hill and Weatherfield mines. Mrs. Roberts was a member of the Congregational Church and was a woman of fine character. By her union with Jeremiah Roberts three sons were born, all of whom are living, namely: Thomas H., the immediate subject of this sketch; John, who is secretary of the East Youngstown Savings and Banking Company; and W. J., who is vice president of the Mahoning National Bank of Youngstown.

Thomas H. Roberts was reared under the parental roof and secured his education in the public schools at Crab Creek. He was working in the mines at the age of fourteen years, but soon afterward he went to work in the nail factory of Valley Mills, where he remained about a year, going from there to the Boston Carpet Company, where he was employed for twelve years. He was ambitious to be independent, however, and forming a partnership with F. C. Stanford, they opened a store at No. 394 East Federal Street. When they started they had a cash capital of $800, but their reputations were good, which meant good credit, so they began business under favorable conditions. Two years later Mr. Roberts bought his partner's interest in the business

J. H. Roberts

and has since conducted it alone. During the period since then Mr. Roberts has passed through a number of trying experiences. After six years at his first location he moved to larger quarters, at 130 East Federal Street; after five years he was forced to again secure larger quarters and moved next door, to his present location at 136 East Federal Street, where he occupies two large rooms on the first floor and four rooms on the second floor. During his twenty-one years' business experience Mr. Roberts has passed successfully through several years of business depression, and in the spring of 1913 he was almost entirely wiped out by fire, but each time he has surmounted all obstacles and gone steadily forward, until today he is enjoying a large and prosperous business, standing high among the successful mercantile enterprises of this city, the name of the Roberts Department Store being a household word throughout the Mahoning Valley. The results thus attained prove Mr. Roberts to be the possessor of those sterling qualities of character which nothing can defeat and he is eminently deserving of the success which is his.

In 1899 Mr. Roberts was married to Anna Atkinson, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson, of Thorn Hill, Ohio. To them have been born two children, Elizabeth and Ruth. The family are identified with the Westminster Presbyterian Church, to which they give liberal support. Mr. Roberts is an active member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and in every way possible lends his support to every movement for the advancement and upbuilding of the city honored by his citizenship. Genial, courteous and accommodating, he enjoys a marked popularity with all with whom he has dealings.

Paul H. Hubbard. From the standpoint of general business management and sales direction Paul H. Hubbard is one of the most widely experienced and competent iron and steel men in the Youngstown district. Continuously since its organization he has been one of the officials of the Brier Hill Steel Company, and the value of his services to that corporation is well described in his official title as general manager of sales.

Mr. Hubbard was born at Alliance, Ohio, July 12, 1870. His father, Marion W. Hubbard, and his grandfather, Horatio Hubbard, were veteran railroad men, both having served the Pennsylvania Company for many years in the capacity of locomotive engineer. Marion W. Hubbard, who died December 26, 1918, married Laura E. Caris.

Paul H. Hubbard when a small child moved with his parents to Niles, Ohio, where he attended grammar and high schools. His first employment was as office boy with the Falcon Iron and Nail Company. During the succeeding years he acquired a great deal of practical knowledge of that industry and was many times promoted. In 1900 he accepted a position with the American Sheet Steel Company of Pittsburgh. During the following eight years his duties required his presence in various localities. In 1901 he was in New York, in 1902 at Niles, Ohio, in 1904 at Struthers, and frequently spent months at a time in other plants.

When he left the Sheet Steel Company in 1908 Mr. Hubbard became secretary of the Empire Iron and Steel Company at Niles. This was one of the constituent plants merged into the organization of the Brier Hill Steel Company in 1912, at which time Mr. Hubbard was made assistant general manager of sales. Four years later, upon the resignation of J. D. Waddell, he was the unanimous choice of the officers and directors for general manager of sales. His previous work eminently schooled him for his duties as head of the sales department, and it is only appropriate to add that his efficiency and ability have been the chief contributing cause to the wonderful success made by the Brier Hill Steel Company during the past seven or eight years.

May 16, 1893, Mr. Hubbard married Miss Agnes May Lewis, of Niles, Ohio. He is a member of the Youngstown and Youngstown Country clubs, the Bankers Club of New York, the Duquesne Club of Pittsburgh, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce and the Board of Trade at Niles.

J. Roscoe Stroh. The big industries of the Youngstown district furnish many examples of the rapid rise and promotion of extremely young men to posts of executive responsibility. One case is that of J. Roscoe Stroh, who at the age of twenty-eight is manager of the mining department of the Brier Hill Steel Company.

Mr. Stroh was born at Nashville, Illinois, January 11, 1891, son of Charles and Etta (Dahncke) Stroh, both now deceased. He grew up in Nashville, had a public school education, and at the age of nineteen began winning life's first battles on his own responsibility. From the beginning he has been in the iron and steel business. He was first an employe of the Republic Iron and Steel Company in the Tudor Works at East St. Louis. He was in a clerical capacity there for three years. In April, 1912, he was transferred to Youngstown to a clerical position in the district office of the same corporation. A short time afterward he transferred his service to the Brier Hill Steel Company, about the time the new steel plant was being constructed.

Mr. Stroh has been with the Brier Hill Steel Company since June 26, 1912. For five years, until May 25, 1917, he was chief clerk in the office of the superintendent of transportation and labor, and then assistant general manager of the mining and transportation department. September 8, 1919, he was given the responsibilities of manager of the mining department.

Mr. Stroh is a member of the Masonic fraternity and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. June 3, 1915, he married Miss Helen G. Brown, of Nashville, Illinois. They have one son, J. R., Jr.

George A. Parsons. While he has been in business since he was thirteen years of age, and has had a wide and varied experience in different lines, George A. Parsons since coming to Youngstown in 1914 has been chiefly known as a master of the breadmaking art and has been the man chiefly responsible for the growth and wonderful development of the enterprise conducted by the Youngstown Bread Company at 1555 Mahoning Avenue.

In 1914 he came to Youngstown, and as general manager of the Youngstown Bread Company and also as vice president he has built up one of the most prosperous establishments in the Mahoning Valley. The officials of the corporation are: Wade D. Holland, of Toledo, president, also president of several similar organizations; George A. Parsons, vice president and general manager; F. C. Hoehler, of Toledo, secretary; and W. C. Carr, treasurer.

The company bought ground at Youngstown in 1914 and built a large, sanitary and well equipped bakery. At the present time its product is distributed throughout Youngstown, East Youngstown, Lowellville, Struthers, Hubbard, Sharon, Girard, Warren, Niles and all the surrounding towns south as far as Salem. The annual volume of business has now reached the figure of $1,500,000.

Mr. Parsons is a member of the Youngstown Club and the Chamber of Commerce. August 12, 1902, he married Miss Cora Reynolds, of Cleveland. They have one son, George Clay.

Edward J. Deibel, member of the well known Deibel family of Youngstown, has earned a very conspicuous place among life insurance men not only in Eastern Ohio but in the entire country.

The New York Life Insurance Company is one of the oldest and largest organizations of its kind in the world. This company for some years has maintained a $200,000 club. Its membership is confined to representatives who produce at least $200,000 worth of business in a single year. For one year Mr. Deibel was honored with the position of vice president of this club. In 1919 came to him a signal honor when he was elected president of this club. This honor was in recognition of one of the outstanding achievements in the life insurance business for that year. Mr. Deibel's record was in having written and produced more than $2,600,000 worth of paid insurance in a period of twelve months. No other life insurance man has ever produced such an imposing aggregate of service in a single year.

Mr. Deibel practically grew up in the insurance business. He was born in Youngstown July 9, 1867, son of Christopher and Anna (Gauff) Deibel. Youngstown has always been his home, and in that city he was educated in St. Joseph's parochial schools. He early became associated with his father in the insurance business, and finally succeeded to the agency founded by his father. Mr. Deibel is a member of the Youngstown and Youngstown Country Clubs, the Elks, the Knights of Columbus, the Young Men's Christian Association and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. On October 17, 1894, he married Miss Anna Huether, of Sharon, Pennsylvania. Their only daughter, Amelia, is the wife of Matthew A. Hannon, now associated with the Deibel Insurance Agency. Mr. and Mrs. Deibel also have a granddaughter, Martha Jane. They also had a grandson, Teddy Hannon, who is now deceased.

Wendell D. Myres was born at Deanville, Pennsylvania, February 11, 1880, one of the three children of Alexander J. and Nancy S. (Truitt) Myres. He was reared and educated in Pennsylvania, and in 1900 was admitted to the bar of Ohio. Soon after his admission he returned to Pittsburgh and was connected with the cost department of the United States Steel Corporation. On coming to Youngstown he was first associated with the Empire Iron & Steel Company and later spent several years as general auditor of the Brier Hill Steel Company. In 1920 Mr. Myres was elected secretary and treasurer of the Electric Welding Steel Company of Youngstown, Ohio, a position he now holds.

He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, the Youngstown Country Club, and is a republican in politics. June 19, 1912, he married Margaret E. Shade. She died August 10, 1918, the mother of three children: Robert W., Margaret I. and Janet L.

John C. Wick. Among the half dozen or more family names that seem fundamental not only in point of time but in importance in the history of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley, that of Wick has an undeniable place. As a family they were among the first in point of time in this part of the Western Reserve.

Youngstown was a very small settlement indeed when Hugh Bryson Wick was born there February 5, 1809. He was a son of Henry and Hannah (Baldwin) Wick, who had come into the Mahoning Valley from Washington County, Pennsylvania. Hugh B. Wick had several brothers who also became prominent in Ohio. Hugh B. Wick began his business career as a merchant in 1828, at Brookfield in Trumbull County. In 1839 he returned to Youngstown and in 1846, with other associates, built a rolling mill, which subsequently became a part of the immense works of the Brown-Bonnell Company. Hugh B. Wick was for many years interested in merchandising, and was also a member of the H. B. and H. Wick Banking Company of Cleveland, and after 1857 of Wick Brothers & Company, bankers, of Youngstown. As a constructive business man he was interested in various industries, railroads, banks and other enterprises. He died April 22, 1880.

October 30, 1832, Hugh B. Wick married Lucretia G. Winchell, who was born in Connecticut, September 5, 1813, and died April 27, 1892. One of their children was Henry Wick, president of the Witch Hazel Coal Company. A daughter, Lucretia, became the wife of William Scott Bonnell.

The late John C. Wick, one of the ten children of Hugh B. Wick and wife, was born at Youngstown, December 9, 1836. He inherited and developed a strong financial genius, and during the greater part of his life was prominently identified with banking. After finishing his education at Cleveland he became an employe of the H. B. and H. Wick Banking Company of that city, and in 1859 returned to Youngstown and entered the bank of Wick Brothers and Company. He was with that institution over thirty years. August 1, 1894, he reorganized the old company as the Wick National Bank and became its president. In July, 1916, this bank was merged with the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, with Mr. Wick as vice president. He was also vice president of the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, and was interested in a business or financial way with other local industries. Like his father he was an earnest Presbyterian in religious faith.

E. J. Deibel.

John C. Wick married Caroline H. Bonnell, a daughter of William Bonnell and a sister of William Scott Bonnell. Mrs. Wick died in Youngstown, Ohio, May 10, 1920.

Albert James Horth, Jr., is division engineer of the Erie Railroad Company, and has been in the service of that corporation continuously since he left university with his technical degree.

The Horth family has been connected in some capacity with the system for a long period of years. Mr. Horth was born at Meadville, Pennsylvania, April 6, 1890, and is a son of Albert James and Lydia E. (Stebbins) Horth. His father is still living at Meadville and is master carpenter for the Erie Railroad.

The son grew up in his native city, attended the public schools, and took his technical education in Purdue University at Lafayette, Indiana. He was graduated in 1915 with the degree Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering. During his career as a railroad man he began at the very bottom as a day laborer with the Erie. Three months later he was made foreman of an extra gang, and on December 1, 1915, was called into the general office at Cleveland on engineering work. This particular department was moved to Youngstown in August, 1916, and that made Mr. Horth a resident of this city. In February, 1917, he was promoted to assistant division engineer and since December, 1918, has been division engineer, succeeding I. H. Schram.

Mr. Horth is a member of the American Railway Engineers Association and the Youngstown Engineering Club. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, is an independent democrat in politics and a member of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. September 28, 1918, he married Miss Mildred M. Murphy, of Meadville.

Alfred Liebman, head of the Liebman-Swaney Realty Company, also president of the City Park Commission, is one of Youngstown's most public-spirited citizens, and is a son of the late Lippman Liebman, of grateful memory, who for many years exemplified the most exalted character and service in Youngstown.

Lippman Liebman was born in Germany, was reared there and married Fanny Hess. He received his education in theology in his native land. In 1856 he and his wife came to the United States and located in Cleveland, where he became Rabbi of the Reformed Jewish congregation. From Cleveland Rabbi Liebman removed to Youngstown in 1861, and was the first Jewish rabbi in the city. While his salary was only $40 a month, he and his wife used it with marvelous thrift and reared a family of eleven children, giving them all educational advantages. His meager income was supplemented by teaching the German people to write and speak English. Many still living in Youngstown recall gratefully this service. Many years ago he bought a portion of the ground on which now stands the Dollar Bank Building. He paid $3,500 for the property, and twenty-five years later it was sold for $53,000. Now the same ground has a valuation of over $150,000. Rabbi Liebman retired from the pulpit about twenty years ago moved to Hamilton, Ohio, married again and died there March 5, 1918, at the age of eighty-three. Before leaving Youngstown he was engaged for several years in the real estate and insurance business. Aside from his business success, however, he is best remembered for the good works of which he was author, particularly among the poor foreign born element. He encouraged this class of people to buy homes, and both by his individual means and his influence with other capitalists he enabled these home owners to finance their plans.

Mr. Alfred Liebman was educated in the public schools of Youngstown. As one of a large family he began at an early age to contribute to the expenses of the household. He sold newspapers and dealt in other wares suitable to his experience and capital. At the age of fifteen he went to Cincinnati and for five years worked in a clothing factory. On returning to Youngstown he engaged in the insurance and real estate business, and in that line his success has been far above the ordinary. For several years he held the responsibilities of manager of the real estate department of the Realty Trust Company. He became associated with Mr. Hugh Swaney, former clerk of the courts, in 1914, organizing the Liebman-Swaney Realty Company.

October 19, 1904, Mr. Liebman married Selma Barth, of Mexico, Missouri. They have two children: Florence H. and Joseph B.

Mr. Liebman has been a member of the City Park Commission for ten years, and is now president of that body. During that time this commission has carried out many plans for the beautification of Youngstown and the increase of its recreational facilities. Most noteworthy, perhaps, of these improvements were the addition of Lincoln and Crandall parks. Mr. Liebman is an active member of the Rodef Sholem Temple and is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason.

Warren H. Palmer. While real estate development and home building have been his chief business only part of the time that Mr. Palmer has lived at Youngstown, this probably represents his chief contribution and service to the community. He is now an official in several organizations handling and developing real estate, and supplying the material and means of improvement.

Mr. Palmer, who has been a resident of Youngstown since November, 1876, and in that time has been a witness of and participant in many lines of its growth as an industrial center, was born in Erie County, Pennsylvania, April 28, 1859, son of Henry B. and Rhoda M. (Pattison) Palmer, both now deceased. Agriculture was the chief occupation of his father.

Next to the youngest in a family of seven children, Warren H. Palmer grew up in his native county and had more or less experience on his father's farm. He also clerked in a country store. He was educated in both select and public schools. On coming to Youngstown in 1876, being at that time seventeen years of age, he served an apprenticeship at the tinner's trade. This trade furnished him his occupation and business for twenty-nine years. In the meantime he had begun his operations in real estate, and in

1900 he organized the Palmer & Sinclair Land Company. Later this became the W. H. Palmer Company. The latter organization has to its credit the building of hundreds of homes on the East Side. The majority of these homes were sold on the partial payment plan, and formed an important nucleus in the great home owning community in that section. As the business grew new features were added, including a lumber department. Later the company carried a line of builders' supplies. In April, 1916, the Union Lumber Company took over the lumber end of the business. The W. H. Palmer Company has since continued its department in building supplies, and also in real estate. In March, 1918, the W. H. Palmer Company's interests were merged with the O. E. Hawk Company, under the new corporate title of the Hawk-Palmer Company. Mr. Palmer is treasurer of the Consolidated Company and joint manager with Mr. O. E. Hawk in the company's affairs. However, the W. H. Palmer Company is still continued as a separate organization, with Mr. Palmer as secretary-treasurer and manager. He is also president of the Realtors Building Company and maintains an interest in the lumber business as a director of the Union Wholesale Lumber Company.

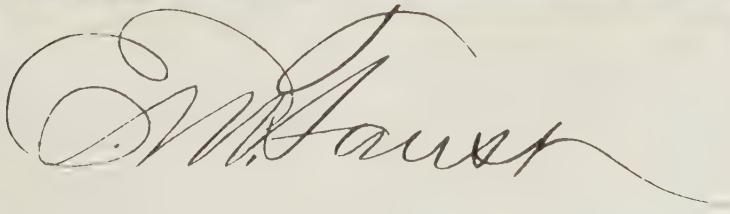
Mr. Palmer is a trustee and member of the Second United Presbyterian Church. Politically he is an independent republican. December 23, 1882, he married Miss Addie M. Ballard. They had two children, Henry B. and Edith. The only son died at the age of thirty years.

Elias M. Faust, who is now serving as auditor of Mahoning County, an office to which he was elected in November, 1918, is a citizen whose diversified services in his native county have been marked by distinctive ability and a fine sense of personal stewardship. He was long numbered among the representative figures in educational work in the county, has held various public offices of local order and has worked zealously for the promotion of high civic ideals. In short, his influence has been significantly benignant at all times and he is a man specially entitled to recognition in this history of the Mahoning Valley.

Elias Morgan Faust was born in Springfield Township, Mahoning County, July 10, 1858, and is a son of Elias and Catherine A. (Schroy) Faust. The founders of the Faust family in America came from Germany to this country in 1680 and settled in New England, that gracious cradle of much of our national history. Seven brothers of the Faust family served with the patriot forces in the War of the Revolution, and in all succeeding generations the family name has stood exponent of lofty patriotism. Philip Faust, great-grandfather of the subject of this review, became one of the early settlers in the Mahoning Valley of Ohio, as he settled near the old Lutheran-German Reformed Church in the vicinity of Canfield, Mahoning County, in 1798 or 1799. He was one of the colonists who came from Connecticut, which commonwealth instituted the development of the historic Connecticut Western Reserve, now one of the most opulent and beautiful sections of the Buckeye state. Early in the second decade of the nineteenth century the Government began the work of constructing roads along the forty-first parallel of latitude, and it was on the line of this parallel that Philip Faust was given a grant of land in what was then Columbiana County, the deed to this land having been signed by John Adams, who was then president of the United States. On his new tract of heavily timbered land on the south line of the Western Reserve, Philip Faust opened an old-time tavern or inn at New Middletown, and on the proposed line of the new Government highway. That highway, however, was not constructed, the building of canals as a medium of transportation having caused the abandonment of the original road project. At the wayside inn conducted by Mr. Faust entertainment was extended to the sojourners who traversed the old corduroy roads with teams and large wagons, and on this historic highway Mr. Faust continued to conduct his popular tavern or hotel for more than thirty years. Thus he was one of the influential pioneer citizens of what is now Mahoning County, and after closing his hotel as a place of public entertainment he there lived retired until his death in 1861, at the patriarchal age of ninety years, his remains being laid to rest in the old cemetery at Middletown. Mr. Faust was active in the state militia and influential in public affairs in his community. His wife died during their residence at Canfield, their sons having been John, George, Philip and Solomon. John continued his residence in Mahoning County until the time of his death, at a venerable age.

Solomon Faust, grandfather of him whose name initiates this review, died at the age of eighty-five years, as one of the honored pioneer citizens of Mahoning County, where he had been a prosperous farmer, owner of a part of the land originally granted to his father. He took active part in the support and maintenance of the militia in Mahoning County, and assisted liberally in raising funds to pay for the bands that served on the training days of the militia. His wife, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Harman, died about 1879, and he passed away in 1881. Mary, eldest of their children, became the wife of David Fischel, who died when a young man, and later she became the wife of Anthony Whistler, their home having been established in Columbiana County. Elias was the father of the subject of this sketch. John and James died in childhood. Catherine attained to mature age and died unmarried. Sarah Ann has never married and remains on the old home place at New Middletown, as does also her sister Emma. Uriah, who is a farmer near the old homestead, had marked musical talent, and was a regimental fifer in an Ohio command in the Civil war. He gained no little fame as a teacher of bands, and as a violinist his services were much in demand at dancing parties, besides which he was called upon to play the fife and other instruments in connection with political campaign work. He still resides on his farm and is seventy-five years of age at the time of this writing, in 1920.

Elias Faust, father of the present auditor of Mahoning County, passed his entire life in this county. He made good use of the educational advantages afforded him in his youth and supplemented the same by diligent study and comprehensive reading. He



taught in the schools of the county, and also gave service as a skilled surveyor. He finally settled on his farm in Springfield Township, this being a part of the tract granted to his grandfather, as noted in a preceding paragraph, and a portion of the land still remains in possession of the family. Mr. Faust was born in 1825 and thus was sixty-two years of age at the time of his death in 1887. His wife, Catherine A. (Schroy) Faust, was born in 1832, and she still resides at the old home, one of the venerable and revered women of Mahoning County. Elias Faust enlisted in a cavalry regiment at the inception of the Civil war, but after serving a few weeks he was discharged on account of organic heart trouble. His insistent patriotism led him to enlist again, in 1863, but his diseased heart again caused his rejection. Not to be denied expression of his loyalty, he hired a substitute so that he might render at least a vicarious service. In 1856 he was one of but seven abolitionists in his precinct, and he was unstinted in his opposition to human slavery, as he was loyal to the Union when the war was precipitated on a divided nation. He was a virtual invalid during the last fifteen years of his life, and as he was a republican in a strong democratic township he was never elected to public office other than that of member of the school board. He was a man whose sterling integrity and marked ability gave him high place in popular confidence and esteem, and he was frequently called upon to serve as executor of estates, guardian of minor children, etc. He was an active member of the Evangelical Lutheran Church at New Middletown, of which his widow likewise is a zealous communicant. They became the parents of five children: Mary Malissa is the wife of David Richey, of Coitsville Township; Elias Morgan is the immediate subject of this review; Stephen Monroe is a representative contractor in the City of Columbus, Ohio; Freeman Edwin has the active management of the old home farm; Elfrenda is the widow of William Guttersby and resides at New Middletown.

Elias M. Faust received his early education in the district schools and the Union Academy at Poland, and in 1875 he initiated his pedagogic career by taking charge of a district school in his home township. He continued teaching at intervals during his youth, and in the meanwhile he continued his studies in the seminary and high school at Lisbon, and finally entered the Northeastern Normal College at Canfield, in which he was graduated as a member of the class of 1906. He was for a time a student in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, where he was active in athletic affairs, as had he been also at the University of Ohio. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy from the State University of Georgia. For three years Mr. Faust taught in the district schools near New Springfield, Mahoning County, and in 1887 he became principal of the schools of that village. In 1889 he became principal of the Flint School in the City of Youngstown, an incumbency which he retained until 1895. Thereafter he taught in the Market Street School until 1903, and from the latter year until 1919 he taught in the Wood Street School—his successful service as one of the able and popular teachers in the public schools of Youngstown having thus covered a period of thirty years. For two years he was chairman of the Mahoning County Teachers' Institute; for three years he was chairman of the board of school examiners of the county; and he is actively identified with the Tri-County Teachers' Association —Mahoning, Columbiana and Trumbull counties—as well as with the Northeastern Ohio and the Ohio State Teachers' associations.

In politics Mr. Faust is a staunch advocate of the basic principles and policies of the republican party, and in 1910 he was elected justice of the peace in Coitsville Township, where he established his home in 1905. In November, 1918, he was elected county auditor, the duties of which office he assumed on the 20th of the following October, and he is giving a characteristically careful and efficient administration. He made a specially admirable record during his service as justice of the peace, in that he made the office justify its name. In this capacity he swore out warrants for the arrest of more than 180 persons who took part in the riots at East Youngstown, and he passed judgment on many important cases touching closely the social welfare, his decisions being fearless, just and in consonance with the law, so that few of them ever met reversal in courts of higher jurisdiction. Mr. Faust has taken active part in political affairs, has been a delegate to various conventions of his party, including the state convention, and has proved an effective campaign orator. He spoke earnestly and fearlessly in behalf of local option in the "wettest" township of Mahoning County, and he has been a zealous supporter of the cause which had led to national prohibition of the liquor traffic.

Mr. Faust is a stockholder in several manufacturing industries in his native county, was for eight years a member of the board of directors of the Youngstown Young Men's Christian Association, of which he was recording secretary also; for eight years he was a director of the Masonic Temple of Youngstown; and in the time-honored Masonic fraternity he has received both the York and Scottish Rite degrees, besides being affiliated also with the Mystic Shrine and with the Order of the Eastern Star. He is past master of Western Star Lodge No. 21, Free and Accepted Masons, and in 1920 he is illustrious master of Buechner Council No. 107, Royal and Select Masters. In the Scottish Rite he is sovereign prince and past master of Youngstown Council of the Princes of Jerusalem; he has twice served as chancellor commander of his lodge in the Knights of Pythias; and he is past councillor of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics in Youngstown Council No. 51. He and his wife are active and influential members of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Science Hill, and he is a member of its board of trustees. While having his official headquarters at Youngstown, the judicial center of the county, he still maintains his home at Scienceville.

Mr. Faust wedded Miss Caroline Welk, of New Middletown, and she died in 1886. In 1891 was solemnized his marriage to Miss Flora Bossert, of New Middletown, and they have two children, Veda E., wife of Howard D. Jones, of Scienceville; and Homer Morgan, who is a member of the class of 1922, in the engineering department of the Carnegie

School of Technology, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. As an enlisted soldier at the Ohio State University Homer M. Faust there took the students' training course for military service in connection with the late World war, but he was not called into active service. When serving in the Students' Army Training Corps at Columbus his skill as a stenographer and typist won for him the place of chief stenographer in the personnel office in the command of Lieutenant Hughes. He excels as a cornet player, and displays unusual persistence in scholastic and mechanical pursuits. Veda E. (Faust) Jones followed the profession of teaching for a period of five years before her marriage, she having graduated from the Rayen High School and from the Kent State Normal School at Kent, Ohio, in the department of domestic science and home economics. She is a talented musician, excelling in performance on the piano, and is also showing talent of proficiency with the violin, pipe organ and ukelele.

Ludvig T. Petersen, whose home has been in Youngstown since 1905, is vice president and in charge of manufacturing of the Republic Rubber Corporation. His early career was that of a chemical engineer, and as a chemist he acquired his first knowledge of the rubber business.

Mr. Petersen was born in Brooklyn, New York, September 15, 1876, a son of Christian L. and Thora C. (Lund) Petersen. His parents were both natives of Denmark. Christian L. Petersen was a draftsman and designer, and most of his work was the designing of clothing. As a young man he spent several years in Paris, was married there, and then came to the United States. While in New York he built up a considerable business designing theatrical costumes, and also designed garments for the United States Army. About 1883 he moved to Boston, and lived in that city until his death. His widow now divides her time between Boston and Youngstown.

Ludvig T. Petersen, one of four children, was reared and educated in the public schools of Boston. For two years he studied medicine, but found that the chief attraction toward that profession lay in the subject of chemistry. He specialized in chemistry, and after his graduation accepted a place as chemist with the firm of Beach & Clarridge, manufacturing chemists of Boston. He next became chemist for the Boston Woven Hose & Rubber Company, and from there moved to the great rubber city of Akron, Ohio, where he was chief chemist for the B. F. Goodrich Rubber Company. In 1905 he came to Youngstown, as superintendent of the Republic Rubber Company, and has been the responsible head of its manufacturing department ever since.

Mr. Petersen is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason. September 9, 1908, he married Miss Florence Brown. She is an active member of the Brown Memorial Church. They have two children, Thora Brown and Ludvig T., Jr.

Lee Morrow. In his brief but successful business career Lee Morrow spent ten years in Youngstown, where he earned and enjoyed the thorough esteem of the community.

He was born at Grove City, Pennsylvania, May 1, 1880, and died at Youngstown, December 25, 1915. His parents were David Milton and Jessie (Black) Morrow. His father for a number of years was a traveling shoe salesman, and was still on the road at the time of his death. He served at one time as postmaster at Grove City. Of five children all are living except Lee.

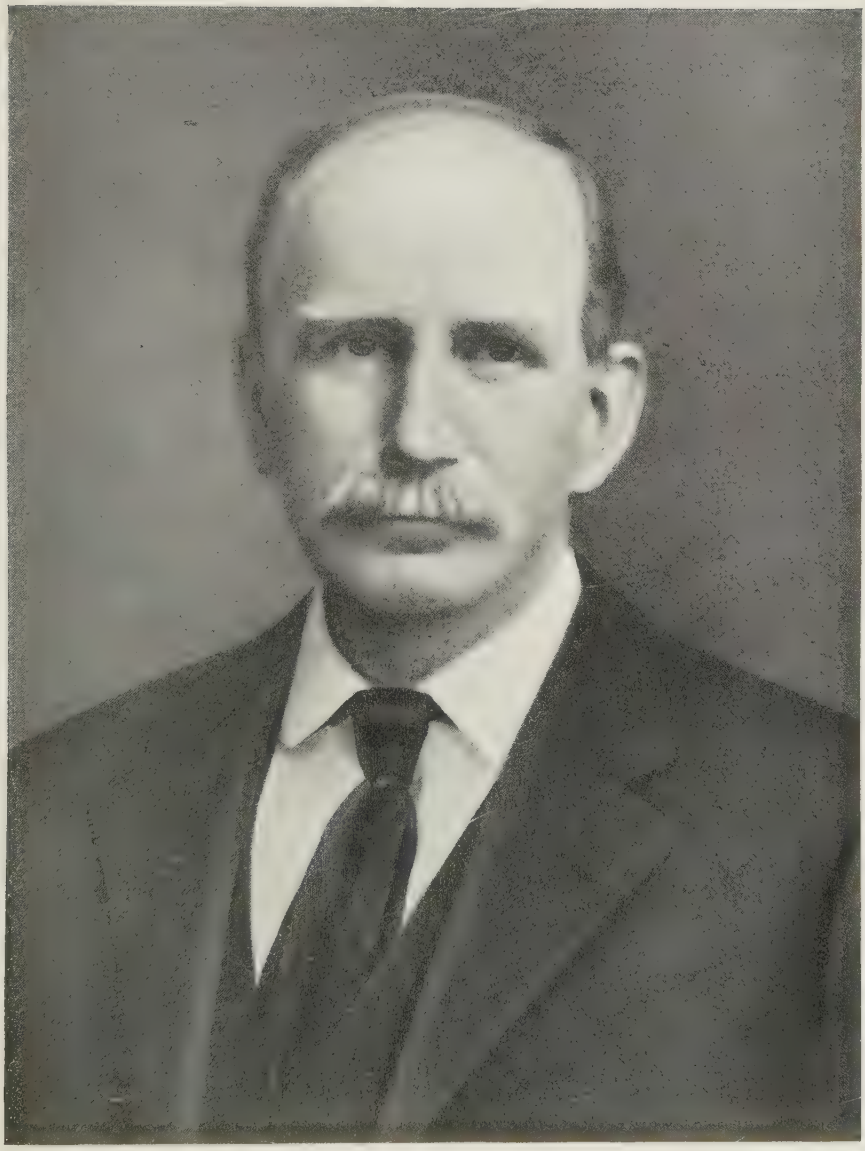
Lee Morrow attended the public schools of his native town and as a boy learned business as an employe of an uncle, in a grocery store at Grove City. From there he removed to New Castle, and was for a time in the grocery business and later a candy manufacturer, learning all the fundamentals of that business. He was one of the three salesmen for the D. L. Clark Candy Company, who organized the firm of Lytte, Morrow & Wentz Company in 1905, and from that time until his death he successfully prosecuted this enterprise. He was also organizer and director of the Pardee-Ellis Company.

Mr. Morrow as a youth enlisted in a regiment raised for service in the Spanish-American war and was a member of the Spanish War Veterans at Grove City. He was independent in politics, and was a member of the Evergreen Presbyterian Church in Youngstown. He was affiliated with the Masons and Odd Fellows fraternities.

March 16, 1905, he married Miss Lenna Johnson, daughter of Madison and Almira (Grant) Johnson, who represented one of the old families in Eastern Ohio. Mrs. Morrow, whose home is at 47 West Princeton Street in Youngstown, is the mother of four children: Rachel, born January 25, 1906; Janet, born February 10, 1910; Leah, born October 3, 1911; and Elizabeth, born November 25, 1913.

Wade E. Simon. For a number of years before his death, which occurred January 3, 1919, Wade E. Simon had been prominent in the commercial affairs of the Youngstown District. About 1904 he established the Simon Packing Company, his associates in the organization being Henry Wick, J. C. Brownlee, William Creed, Judge Ewing and others. It was a $100,000 corporation, and Mr. Simon served as president and general manager for several years, until failing health compelled him to give over the heavier responsibilities. After that he merely looked after the buying.

Wade E. Simon was one of a very notable family in Mahoning County. His great-grandfather, Michael Simon, was probably a native of Switzerland, and as early as 1803 had bought 600 acres of land in the Ohio Western Reserve. Though he spent his last years and died in Ohio it was left to his son, Jacob Simon, to occupy and develop much of this land purchased. Jacob Simon came here from Washington County, Pennsylvania, where he was born, and was one of the first teachers in Boardman Township. In order to distinguish him from another Jacob Simon in the same locality he was always known as Schoolmaster Jacob. He built a log cabin on his land, and on January 13, 1811, married Elizabeth Stemple. She came to Ohio riding horseback and was a woman of the real pioneer type, bearing with constant cheerfulness the trials and hardships of the early days. She died in April, 1879, at the age of



Wade E. Simon

eighty-nine. Jacob Simon was drafted for the War of 1812, and in order to pay for a substitute it is said that he sold all his household possessions except the pewter plates which his wife had brought from the Pennsylvania home. Jacob Simon had to clear every foot of his land before it could be made productive, and in the early days the table was supplied largely with wild game, wild honey, maple sugar and corn meal mush. Jacob Simon died September 12, 1861, at the age of seventy-five. He and his wife had nine children, five sons and four daughters.

The youngest of these was Jesse Simon, who was born on the old Simon farm in Boardman Township, about four miles south of Youngstown, February 15, 1830. He grew up in a log cabin, attended a log cabin school, and spent his life on the old Simon farm. He lived a life of quiet industry, not distinguished by abnormal experiences or events, but at the same time marked by the greatest usefulness to his family and his community. He acquired by purchase a part of the old estate, improved it with a good home, and at all times was deeply interested in the welfare of his locality. He was a republican, served as township trustee, and was a member of the Christian Church. He married Betsy Williamson, daughter of Pyatt Williamson, who at one time owned a farm in the center of Youngstown. They had six children: Wilber C., Wade E., Eben N., Edith, Fitch and Della.

Wade E. Simon was born February 20, 1857, and as a youth he showed unusual skill and judgment in handling stock. He became a stock buyer and dealer, and after his marriage moved to the Flint Hill section of Youngstown, where he and his family resided for thirty-six years. In March, 1918, they returned to the old Simon farm, his birthplace, and at that time built the present residence, which he enjoyed only a few weeks. His death occurred at Battle Creek, Michigan. His family still occupy the fine home which he provided for their comfort. A number of years before organizing the Simon Packing Company Mr. Simon built a large new slaughter house on the site of the packing plant. His business was an active stimulus to the raising of cattle and other livestock in this section of Ohio. The Simon Packing Company, however, did not rely altogether upon the local supply, but went into the outside markets. Mr. Simon was also an individual stock grower, every year fed a bunch of cattle and hogs, and for several years had been a breeder and exhibitor of Percheron horses. He had inherited fifty acres of the farm of his grandfather and father, and he also bought 200 acres, which was part of the Hitchcock farm west of Boardman Center.

He showed the highest degree of public spirit, and interested himself in matters of schools, good roads, and any movement for general advancement. He was an elder in the Central Christian Church from the time it was established, and for several years was superintendent of the Flint Hill Union Sunday School.

September 28, 1880, Mr. Simon married Miss Mary Gilby. She came from Canada with her father, Charles Gilby, at the age of twelve years. Her father died in the same year, leaving her and her brother Frank, four years younger. Mrs. Simon grew up in Mahoning County. Since the death of her husband she has lived at the family home four miles south of Youngstown. She has two children, Walter G. and Ethel M. Ethel is a kindergarten teacher. For eleven years she did that work in the Christ Mission but is now in the psychological department in East Youngstown. At present her special work is with the subnormal children, most of whose home surroundings are bad.

Walter G. Simon is engaged in raising Holstein cattle on the farm purchased by his father, the latter starting the herd that is now being continued by the son. Walter G. Simon married Miss Lucy Stewart, of Youngstown, September 28, 1907. They have three children, Lucy Eleanor, Stewart Gilby and Mary Ethel.

G. V. Hamory, a banker with prominent connections in the Mahoning Valley, both in Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, has been a resident of Youngstown for twenty years, and the people of Hungarian birth and lineage regard him as their natural leader and spokesman.

Mr. Hamory was born in Hungary, June 2, 1869, and lived there until he was seventeen years of age. He had a public school education and had some natural talents and proficiencies that enabled him to overcome the handicap of poverty and lack of knowledge of American ways. He came to the United States in 1886, landing in New York City and going from there to Pittsburgh. He reached the Iron City with only $2.10. The first two weeks he worked as a common laborer unloading boats. He then found opportunity to work and learn the carpenter trade. He had one proficiency above the common lot of the foreigner. That was his ability as a linguist. He was able to speak the Hungarian, Slovak, German, Polish and Croatian languages. This made him a valued man in the employ of the Louis Moeser Exchange Bank, an institution with which he remained twelve years, beginning as clerk and finishing as bank manager.

Mr. Hamory next embarked in the coal business. He conducted the first co-operative mine in the Monongahela Valley. His experience as a banker, and his close touch with laboring men had given him a broader idea of co-operation and proper relationship between capital and labor. While others had strikes, he had none in his mines. At that time he himself put in every day in the week at hard work, and in the meantime had acquired a thorough knowledge of the English language. Mr. Hamory sold out his coal interests in 1899, and then for a time was superintendent of two other mines. In the fall of 1900 he came to Youngstown, where he established the International Bank, with a branch at Sharon, Pennsylvania, and still later another at East Youngstown. At Sharon Mr. Hamory owns the largest office building in the city. He has sold his bank at East Youngstown, but is vice president and director of the Peoples Trust and Savings Bank of that city. As a banker he has specialized in foreign exchange and steamship agencies, and represents all the lines and passenger routes on all oceans.

Under his leadership the Hungarian people of the Youngstown District have been organized, a magnifi-

cent church built and many social movments launched for making these people prosperous and happy and thorough Americans. Mr. Hamory is a republican in politics. His father, Powell Hamory, was a soldier of the great apostle of freedom, Kossuth, during the Hungarian Revolution. Mr. Hamory is a member of the Hungarian Presbyterian Church, is an Elk and a member of the Elks Club.

June 2, 1894, he married Miss Mary Balczer, of Pittsburgh. She died June 1, 1919, the mother of three children. Mr. Hamory is proud of the splendid patriotism and good citizenship manifested by his children. His son Theodore was in the navy during the World war. His daughter is the wife of William C. Munn, who served with the rank of lieutenant in the Ordnance Department. The youngest, George, was in the Students' Army Training Camp at Washington-Jefferson College.

Carnick Brothers. Youngstown has been favored with the enterprise of the Carnick Brothers since 1915, when Robert and Jacob Carnick came to this city from Franklin, Pennsylvania. They established themselves in the scrap iron and new iron material business on Tod Avenue, and in 1916 moved to their present place of business at 113 Oakhill Avenue.

This firm deals almost altogether with the large steel concerns, selling to them scrap iron, gathered in an extensive brokerage business and with connections all over the country, and buying in turn manufactured products which are sold to builders and other users of material.

Both brothers were born in Russia of Jewish parentage. Robert, the first to come to America, arrived in this country in 1899. He took out his naturalization papers in 1905. He first engaged in the scrap iron business at Franklin, Pennsylvania. Jacob joined him in 1903 at Franklin, and began the process of naturalization in 1908.

Both brothers are married, their wives being sisters. Robert's wife was Fannie Cohen, of Corey, Pennsylvania, and they have three children, Lyle, Arthur and Boyd. Jacob married Dora Cohen, and they have a son, named Albert.

Two other brothers, Abraham and Henry, subsequently came to this country and also live at Youngstown. All four of the brothers are loyal Americans, and have had many reasons to congratulate themselves on the freedom of their present lives from the restrictions of the eastern world. They came to the United States to better their conditions, and have manifested all the traits of loyal Americans and intend to bring up their children in the same allegiance.

Joseph M. Irons. The worth of personality is being more and more recognized, and those fortunate enough to possess this quality in a strong degree are liable to be the ones who have risen high in the confidence and esteem of their fellow men. This trait of character enters into the successful prosecution of every line of business and the following of all of the learned professions, and no statesman ever came into power who did not possess it in marked degree. Through a strong and winning personality a man makes friends, inspires a confidence and creates a demand for what he is selling. The advice of older men to those seeking the secret of success is to cultivate a personality that will make a favorable impression and easily and readily convince the public of honest sincerity. One of the men who has risen to a high position in the real estate business at Struthers is Joseph M. Irons, and much of his prominence in his chosen field has come to him through his towering personality.

Joseph M. Irons was born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, a son of one of the old-time school teachers of the Pittsburgh districts in Pennsylvania. Reared in Pittsburgh and vicinity, Joseph M. Irons attended its schools and after he reached manhood's estate, engaged in selling real estate. In 1913 he came to Struthers, and since then has been representing a general line of insurance and handling city property. Mr. Irons has also been interested in the manufacture of a gas from coal by a patented process. In order to make a satisfactory demonstration he built a plant at East Liverpool, Ohio. This patented process produces four times as much gas from a given amount of fuel as the ordinary one, and by means of it all of the by-products are converted into gas, thus giving a gas with a much greater heat than heretofore produced. Associated with Mr. Irons in this business is William Elliott, a mechanical engineer at this time with the Struthers Furnace Company, and his experiments with this gas have resulted in greater efficiency in the use of heat and light for both domestic and manufacturing purposes. The Gas Improvement Company of Pittsburgh was organized and taken over to extend the use of this process so as to secure greater efficiency in gas production, and important steps are being taken to get this system into general use. The process with several improvements reverted back to Mr. Irons and to Mr. Elliott, and patents have been obtained for the new improvements. One of the striking characteristics of the process is that other than bituminous coal can be used for fuel, including peat, lignite and cannel coal, this greatly facilitating gas production in large areas where such fuel only is abundant.

Mr. Irons was married at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to Josephine Wilson, who died, leaving six children: Myrtle, who is Mrs. Wallace Cameron, of Rochester, Pennsylvania; Clyde, who lives in Virginia; Jean, who is Mrs. John Wilson, of South Youngstown, Ohio, where her husband is in the life insurance business; Alice, who is Mrs. Charles H. Duffield, of Akron, Ohio; Flora, who is living with Mrs. Elliott near Steubenville, Ohio; and Ralph M., who lives at North Lima, Ohio. For his second wife Mr. Irons married Rosetta Mooney, of Racine, Ohio. They have no children. Both Mr. and Mrs. Irons are active members of the United Presbyterian Church, and Mrs. Irons is prominent in the missionary society and church clubs. Mr. Irons is a member of the National Cooperative Realty Company. He is also interested in coal, gas and oil production, the former in Ohio and his gas interests are in Oklahoma and Texas.

John Buehrle. The pioneer flour and feed merchant of Youngstown was the late John Buehrle, who died in this city in May, 1914. The small enterprise he started in 1869 has grown and prospered in a period of half a century, and now, under the owner-

J. M. Adams.

ship and direction of his son Albert, is one of the leading institutions of its kind in the Mahoning Valley.

Aside from his business record in Youngstown, Mr. Buehrle had a career that may be followed with interest. He was born in Germany and lived in that country to the age of nineteen. Besides a common school education he learned the sash maker's trade, and was a member of the German army when he determined to seek a home in America where so many of his compatriots had already established themselves. Coming to the new world in 1840, he went from New York to Philadelphia, also visited Milwaukee, and subsequently joined some friends at Youngstown. He was living in this city when the Civil war broke out. Not long afterward he enlisted as a soldier in Company I of the Thirty-Seventh Ohio Infantry. Part of the time he was in the brigade commanded by that famous soldier and officer, General Sigel, in Missouri. He was in the battle of Missionary Ridge, in all the battles of the Atlanta campaign and on the march to the sea. Altogether he took part in twenty-two pitched battles. He received an honorable discharge at the close of the war with the rank of corporal, having served three years and seven months. By the severest tests that could be made he proved amply his loyalty to his adopted country.

After the war he returned to Youngstown and for a time was engaged in the retail grocery business, and then in 1869 established the business which even with the marvelous growth of Youngstown is still one of the city's important industries. John Buehrle was a man of iron constitution, and that enabled him to follow out his industrious proclivity of working an average of sixteen hours out of the twenty-four. His work brought him prosperity, and as a whole he invested his income wisely, though he was not above making mistakes and acknowledging them. When he returned from the war he possessed $300 bounty money due him for his second enlistment. With this he made the initial payment to Paul Wick for a piece of property upon which now stands the Young Men's Christian Association Building. After some deliberation he felt that he had made a bad bargain, and at his request the money was refunded and the bargain cancelled. That property now has a probable valuation of $400,000.

Mr. Buehrle was a Lutheran in religion and a republican in politics. He married Wilhelmina Wellendorf, also a native of Germany. She died in 1913, the mother of thirteen children, six of whom are still living.

Albert H. Buehrle, youngest of the family, was born in Youngstown, December 8, 1879, and was educated in the grammar and the Rayen High schools. He began working for himself at the age of fourteen, his first employment being in the chinaware business. He was in that line for twelve years, and then bought his father's business, then located on West Federal Street. It occupied several other locations, and in 1900 Mr. Buehrle built for its accommodation a structure at the corner of Tod and West Avenue. This plant was burned in 1917, and was replaced by the present brick building, 45 by 110 feet, and additional buildings. The plant now has storage capacity for 100,000 bushels and 1,000 tons bag capacity. The annual volume of business is about $1,500,000, and some thirty people find employment. It is represented in Ohio, Virginia and New York, and the business is constantly expanding and the volume of trade increasing. In 1917 the business was incorporated with Albert H. Buehrle as president and general manager and he continues to the present time.

Mr. Albert H. Buehrle is an active member of the United Presbyterian Church and is serving as trustee of his church. September 14, 1904, he married Alma E. Ewing, of Youngstown. They have three daughters, Laura I., Jane E. and Esther L. Mr. Buehrle is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce.

Carl A. Ilgenfritz. The adult life of Carl A. Ilgenfritz has been passed in connection with the steel industry of Ohio, in which he has been identified with several concerns of importance. At the present time he holds the position of purchasing agent for the Brier Hill Steel Company, and although still a young man in years is one of the best known men in the business at Youngstown.

Mr. Ilgenfritz was born at Youngstown, September 25, 1890, a son of George S. and Elizabeth (Hanni) Ilgenfritz, both of whom have been long-time residents of Youngstown. The public graded and high schools of his native city gave Carl A. Ilgenfritz his educational training, and when he started out in life upon his independent career it was as a youth of sixteen years working as storekeeper at the East Youngstown plant of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. Subsequently he was transferred to the office of the general master mechanic, and then became assistant to the master mechanic in charge of the steel plant and blast furnaces. In all, he was with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company for seven and one-half years. In February, 1913, Mr. Ilgenfritz came to the Brier Hill Steel Company, and was first employed in the engineering department as an inspector of construction. Upon the completion of the construction work he became assistant to the chief engineer, and then entered the purchasing department as an assistant to the purchasing agent. On October 1, 1918, he was advanced to the post of purchasing agent, a position which he has since retained.

Mr. Ilgenfritz is a popular member of the Youngstown Club, and belongs to and takes an interest in the work of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Purchasing Agents' Association of Pittsburgh and the Youngstown Engineers Club. With his family he belongs to the Central Christian Church.

Mr. Ilgenfritz was married June 2, 1914, to Miss Lorretta Krichbaum, of Youngstown.

Sidney Morrill McCurdy, M. D. Chief surgeon of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, and for nine years a practicing physician of Youngstown, Dr. Sidney Morrill McCurdy is universally recognized by the people of this thriving community as a skilled practitioner and a strict observer of the highest ethics of his calling. He was born at Andover, Massachusetts, May 21, 1881, his parents, Matthew S. and Lydia (Morrill) McCurdy, being natives of

Vermont, and are now residents of Andover. For many years Matthew S. McCurdy has been a teacher of mathematics at Phillips Andover Academy, and still follows the profession of an educator.

Sidney M. McCurdy grew up at his native city, where he attended the public schools and Phillips Andover Academy, graduating from the latter in 1898, when but seventeen years of age. Following this, he spent one year at Dartmouth, then matriculated at the Western Reserve Medical College at Cleveland, Ohio, from which he was graduated with the class of 1903. Coming to Youngstown, for about two years he was an interne of the Youngstown Hospital, and in 1904 embarked in the general practice of his profession, to which he continued to devote himself until 1913. During this period he was also employed by the various large corporations, and in this way became widely known among the prominent employers of labor. In March, 1913, he became chief surgeon of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. With the exception of the time which he spent in the army he has since continued to serve in this capacity.

In October, 1916, Doctor McCurdy joined the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps of the United States Army, and from June 1, 1917, to September 5, 1917, was in the training camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison. On April 25th of the same year he was commissioned captain, and in December following sailed for France as adjutant and detachment commander of Base Hospital 31. He continued in this official position until April 21, 1918. On May 1, 1918, he was transferred as battalion surgeon of the Second Battalion, Eighteenth Infantry, First Division of the Regular Army, and in this capacity continued to serve until invalided home at the close of the war. He received his honorable discharge April 8, 1919. His war experience was unusual to the average medical officer, as practically his entire service was at the front. He participated in the battle of Cantigney, the first engagement in which the American troops participated, and after the capture of this position assisted in the repulse of nine German counter-attacks. His next battle was on the Marne, at Soissons, and here received regimental citation for faithful services under great difficulties. Later he participated in the offensive at St. Mihiel, and his next important campaign was in the Argonne, where for twelve days his battalion was under continuous and heavy fire. For his services in this offensive he was given by Marshal Petain a citation and the Croix-de-Guerre. Ten days later, although he had been relieved, he returned for a second offensive, which ended so far as he was concerned by his being sent to the hospital, owing to illness. From that time until February 28, 1919, he was in hospital, and then sailed for home.

Doctor McCurdy is a member of the Mahoning County and Ohio State Medical Societies and the American Medical Association, and is a director of the Association of Industrial Physicians and Surgeons. Socially he is identified with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He was married June 30, 1908, to Miss Caroline Wilson, of Amherst, Massachusetts, and they are the parents of one daughter, Lydia.

Frank R. Creed. Youthful ambition and determined purpose were brought to bear by Frank R. Creed when he became associated with S. J. McNabb in establishing what is now the oldest and most important grocery business in the thriving little City of Struthers, Mahoning County, and he is now the sole proprietor of the establishment, which controls a large and representative trade in the handling of staple and fancy groceries, provisions, meats and flour and feed. Mr. Creed occupies the same quarters in which he initiated the enterprise in 1901, and he and his partner, Mr. McNabb, now city clerk of Struthers, had a capital of only $2,000 when they equipped and opened their store. Their personal popularity, their attractively displayed stock and their scrupulous care in meeting the requirements of their customers, caused the business to expand rapidly, and on the 1st of January, 1917, Mr. Creed purchased his partner's interest, since which time he has conducted the business in an individual way and with unqualified success, the enterprise now representing a capitalistic investment of fully $15,000 and the establishment being essentially metropolitan in equipment and service. Mr. Creed is one of the progressive business men of the younger generation in his native county, is a member of the board of directors of the Struthers Chamber of Commerce, a member of the local board of health and a leading member of the Struthers volunteer fire department, with which he has been identified from the time of its organization. He holds membership in the Poland Country Club, is affiliated with the York and Scottish Rite bodies of the Masonic fraternity, as well as the adjunct organization, the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, in which he holds membership in Al Koran Temple in the City of Cleveland. He takes specially deep interest in the affairs of the Knights Templar, and has attended one or more of the national conclaves of this great Masonic body. He and his wife hold membership in the United Presbyterian Church and are popular factors in the representative social life of their home community.

Frank R. Creed was born at East Youngstown, Mahoning County, March 16, 1882, and is a son of William A. Creed, who still resides on his fine farm estate near Struthers, where the subject of this review was reared, he having been three years of age at the time of the family removal to this farm and his early educational training having been acquired in the public schools at Struthers. William A. Creed was born in Trumbull County, this state, March 5, 1849, a son of William and Harriet (Ames) Creed. He was reared on a farm of 600 acres belonging to the Rayen estate in Coitsville Township, Mahoning County, and was but fourteen years old at the time of his father's death. He remained with his widowed mother until the time of his marriage, and in the meanwhile continued his active association with farm enterprise. April 30, 1874, recorded his marriage to Miss Susan W. Reed, daughter of the late John H. Reed, and in the following year he rented a farm near Warren, where he remained three years, the following seven years having been passed on a rented farm near Coitsville. In 1880 he purchased his present farm, situated about midway between Struthers and Poland, and he has made the best of improve-

F. R. Creed.

ments on this farm, including the erection of a modern house in 1903, the present fine barn having been built in 1889. Mr. Creed has made dairying an important feature of this farm enterprise, and is one of the substantial and representative citizens of his community. He is one of the interested principals in the company which has platted and placed on the market an attractive addition to the City of Struthers, and is a director of the Struthers Savings & Banking Company. Both he and his wife are members of the United Presbyterian Church. They have three children: Nellie J. is the wife of Enos Kumm, and they have four children, Harry, Roy, Alice and Frank. L. S. Creed, who resides at Struthers, married Etta Fieldhouse, and they have three children, Randall, Dudley and Jack. Frank R., of this review, is the youngest of the children.

William Creed, grandfather of Frank R., was born and reared in England and became a resident of Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in the hotel business for a number of years prior to coming with his family to Ohio in 1848. He became a successful dairy farmer in Mahoning County, where he and his wife continued to reside until their death. He had served as a soldier in the English army in the War of 1812, was reared in the faith of the Church of England, and in America both he and his wife held membership in the Protestant Episcopal Church, representing the same faith. His death occurred in 1881. William and Harriet (Ames) Creed became the parents of nine children: Sarah, John A., Elizabeth, Mary, Thomas, William A., Henry, Ella and Harriet.

In 1904 was solemnized the marriage of Frank R. Creed to Miss Josephine Lauthers, whose father formerly served as mayor of the city of Youngstown, and the three children of this union are Wilson, Joe and Helen.

Michael C. Hannan, general manager of the Ohio Hotel Operating Company, has been a resident of Youngstown for the past sixteen years, during which time he has impressed himself favorably upon the general public and his associates as a man of thorough business acumen and capacity. He is a native of Virginia, having been born at the historic old city of Norfolk November 21, 1879, and is a son of William M. and Anna (Trenor) Hannan, natives of Ireland.

William M. Hannan came to the United States with an uncle and aunt when he was but six years of age, the party settling at Norfolk, Virginia, where the father has passed his entire life, and where he still makes his home at an advanced age. He has been prominent during his career in public affairs, and for twelve years or more was chairman of the board of control, his influence being far-reaching in its extent and his public record of the best.

Michael C. Hannan was reared at Norfolk, where he was primarily educated in the parochial schools, and subsequently attended St. Joseph's College near Baltimore, Maryland, from which he was graduated as a member of the class of 1898. Following this he was employed as timekeeper during the construction of the new East River Bridge, New York City, and later was made paymaster for a number of constructions by the Ryan & Parker Construction Company. In 1903 Mr. Hannan came to Youngstown as an employe of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, but left that concern to become assistant manager for the Ohio Hotel. From that position he was advanced to manager of the same hostelry, and in 1916, when the Ohio Hotel Operating Company was organized and came into existence, he became its general manager, a position which he has since occupied. Mr. Hannan is admirably fitted for the responsible post which he holds, possessing executive capacity of a high order and being fully conversant with the hotel business in all its aspects. He has a wide circle of friends in Youngstown, where he is a popular and valued member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Elks Club and the Knights of Columbus, while his religious connection is with the Roman Catholic Church.

In 1907 Mr. Hannan was united in marriage with Miss Mary McElroy, of Youngstown, and they are the parents of three bright and interesting children: Mary Virginia, William E. and Ann Trenor.

George E. Mittinger. In the successful conduct of his life George E. Mittinger has given to the world a number of useful inventions, known more intimately perhaps to the iron and steel industry. He is one of Ohio's native sons and was born on the site of the present Court House and City Hall at Cleveland, April 19, 1869, a son of George and Mary E. (Bressler) Mittinger. His father was the first metal spinner in the United States. He was a native of Baden, Germany, but had learned his trade in France, the inner workings of which were then considered a secret. It was during the German revolution of 1848, when Schurz and other well known characters were compelled to leave Germany owing to political troubles, that George Mittinger came to the United States, a land in which he gained success and made his presence felt in the world of manufacturing.

Taking up his abode in Cleveland, Ohio, Mr. Mittinger founded the George Mittinger Metal Spinning Works, and in the beginning of his manufacturing career here he made all kinds of copper cooking utensils and kindred articles, and was the patentee of the first self-righting cuspidor. He married in Cleveland, gained industrial prominence in that city, and there died in 1912.

George E. Mittinger was one of his four children, and was reared and educated in the city of his birth, supplementing the public school training which he received there by a course in the Spencerian Business College. During a period of twenty-seven years he was associated with his father in business, and then for five years resided at Newcastle, Pennsylvania, where he was the manager of the Newcastle Stamping & Enameling Works, which was owned by the National Bank of Lawrence County. In 1908 he removed to Youngstown, Ohio, and here he has ever since waged the battle of life, successfully and for the benefit of others. He was first employed by the Petroleum Iron Works Company of Sharon, Pennsylvania, to design and build a steel barrel, and after experimenting for two years the work was accomplished and a barrel was produced

from a cold drawn metal sheet. The art and process of manufacturing this article are now protected at home and abroad by patents.

Mr. Mittinger has ever since continued his identification with the Petroleum Iron Works Company, and is now vice president and general manager and a member of its board of directors. His work is in connection with the pressed steel division, and he is constantly creating new devices. One of his more recent inventions is the open head barrel to contain liquids, crystals and other commodities. The barrel is so constructed that the head can be removed and entrance gained by a shovel for the removal of the contents. Another of his noteworthy devices is a steel nail and rivet case, and still others are a nested essential oil barrel, reversible faucets, ventilators and appliances for tank cars. These are only a few of his many essential devices, and his name has become a noteworthy one among American inventors.

Mr. Mittinger was married in 1895 to Miss Mary E. Raimer, a daughter of J. B. Raimer, a pioneer farmer of the vicinity of Newburgh, Ohio. Their three children are Eugene R., Marianne and Jerome B. Mr. Mittinger is a Roman Catholic in religion.

Edward F. Clark has the initiative and administrative ability, the youthful vitality and optimism, and the resourceful energy that make for success and power in connection with modern industrialism, and he has become a prominent figure in connection with the great steel industry as represented in his native state. In view of his comparative youth, his advancement and prominence in connection with industrial enterprises of broad scope and importance have been specially noteworthy. He was formerly president of the Liberty Steel Company at Warren, and after the plant and business of this corporation were sold to the Trumbull Steel Company in 1918, Mr. Clark, in July of that year, effected the organization of the Newton Steel Company, which was incorporated with a capital stock of $3,000,000 and of which he has since been the president. At Newton Falls, Trumbull County, the new corporation purchased a tract of 150 acres of land, and here has been erected for its use a large and thoroughly modern plant for the production of high grade sheet steel. The construction and equipment of this plant involved an investment of $2,000,000, and here the company now gives employment to a force of 800 men. In furtherance of well defined policies the interested principals in the new company simultaneously organized the Newton Realty & Construction Company, with but few outside stockholders, and this company was incorporated with a capital of $500,000. This adjunct corporation purchased a large tract of land adjacent to that secured for the new industrial plant, and here was rapidly pushed forward the erection of modern houses to serve as homes for the steel workers. It can readily be understood that these two vigorous young corporations, with operations based on ample capital and authoritative and experienced control, serve as an important addition to the industrial precedence of the Mahoning Valley and the State of Ohio.

Edward Ford Clark was born in the City of Youngstown, Ohio, March 1, 1891, and is a son of Dr. Addison Marshall Clark and Reinette (Ford) Clark, the former of Scotch and English lineage and the latter of English and Holland Dutch ancestry. Dr. Addison M. Clark was long engaged in active practice at Youngstown as one of the representative physicians and surgeons of this part of the state, and he was one of the honored and influential citizens of Mahoning County at the time of his death. Acquiring his preliminary education in the public schools of his native city, Edward F. Clark thereafter took a collegiate preparatory course in the Hotchkiss School at Lakeville, Connecticut. He then entered historic Yale University, where he continued his studies. His initial business experience was gained in the operating and sales departments of the General Fireproofing Company at Youngstown, and in 1914 he entered the employ of the Trumbull Steel Company at Warren. There he worked in the mills for one year, and during the two succeeding years he was employed in the operating department. Thus he was enabled to realize his determined purpose—that of gaining a thorough knowledge of the practical details of the steel business and industry. From 1915 to 1917 he also served as treasurer of the Fort Smith Spelter Company at Fort Smith, Arkansas, this being a subsidiary of the Trumbull Steel Company. On the 1st of April, 1917, Mr. Clark resigned his position with the Trumbull Steel Company and in the same month organized the Liberty Steel Company, which established a well ordered plant at Warren and engaged in the production of tin plate as a specialty in connection with other products. Of this company he continued president until the plant and business were sold to the Trumbull Steel Company in 1918, as noted in the initial paragraph of this article. It was at this juncture that Mr. Clark organized the Newton Steel Company, of which he has since been the president, as has he also of the Newton Realty & Construction Company. He is a director of the Second National Bank of Warren, and a director of the First National and Dollar Savings & Trust Company of Youngstown Ohio. His record of achievement speaks for itself, and he is consistently to be designated as one of the representative figures in the industrial life of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Clark is a member of the American Iron & Steel Institute and of the National Marine League, of with latter he was one of the founders. During the progress of the World war he contributed liberally in a personal way and through the medium of his industrial plant to supporting the governmental agencies that upheld our national prestige in that great conflict. He holds membership in the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Trumbull Country Club, besides being affiliated with the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity of Yale University and the Yale Club of New York City. His political allegiance is given to the republican party, and he is essentially loyal and public-spirited as a citizen.

June 25, 1914, recorded the marriage of Mr. Clark to Miss Elizabeth Warner, daughter of Jonathan Warner, president of the Trumbull Steel Company, and the two children of this union are Mary Reinette and Jonathan Warner.

Edw. J. Clark

WARD F. PATTENGELL. About a month after the organization of the Brier Hill Steel Company of Youngstown, Ward F. Pattengell accepted the post of credit manager, and has been with the corporation in that capacity continuously.

Mr. Pattengell, who is a business man of wide experience, was born at Bristolville in Trumbull County, Ohio, April 10, 1880. His grandfather, Jacob W. Pattengell, moved from Western New York to Bristolville in pioneer times, and was actively identified with the development of that section. His wife was Laura N. Case, and among their several children was Francis N. Pattengell, who was born in Trumbull County, and has lived there for three quarters of a century. Francis N. Pattengell married Alice Foster, whose people came from Massachusetts. Of their four children Ward F. is the oldest.

Mr. Pattengell grew up at Bristolville, attended the high school there, was also a student in the Moody Preparatory School at Mount Hermon, Massachusetts, and spent one year in Hiram College.

His business career began as clerk in the freight offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Youngstown. Later he was employed in a similar capacity at the joint offices of the Erie and Pittsburgh and Lake Erie roads. Mr. Pattengell became bookkeeper in the First National Bank of Youngstown in 1904. During the following six and a half years he filled almost every position in that institution outside of official service, and has a thorough and expert knowledge of banking detail. After leaving the First National Bank he was for about eighteen months in charge of the accounts of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company.

Mr. Pattengell entered the service of the Brier Hill Steel Company in March, 1912. He is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, is a Knight Templar Mason and a member of Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Cleveland, Ohio. October 23, 1901, he married Miss Blanche Hill, daughter of William and Louise (Camp) Hill, of Warren, Ohio. They have one daughter, named Louise Alice in honor of her two grandmothers.

D. BLAIR MORROW. For a number of years D. Blair Morrow was an important cog in the clerical machinery which assisted in operating the huge plant of the Brier Hill Steel Company at Youngstown, having been identified with that concern from 1912 until the 15th of April, 1920, when he accepted a position with the General Fire Proofing Company in the clerical department.

Mr. Morrow was born in Wayne County, Ohio, August 8, 1891, a son of Horace S. and Emma Jane (Wilson) Morrow, natives respectively of Ohio and Pennsylvania. On the paternal side he comes of pioneer stock of the Buckeye state, the family having been founded here by his great-grandparents at an early day in the history of Ohio. His grandfather, David Morrow, was born here, and followed farming all his life with the exception of the period of the Civil war, when he fought for the Union cause as a volunteer in an Ohio infantry regiment.

One of his parents' two children, D. Blair Morrow was reared on his father's farm in Wayne County, Ohio, and obtained his early education in the district schools in the vicinity of the home place. While he was reared in an agricultural atmosphere, he did not care for the life of a tiller of the soil, and accordingly took a commercial course at Valparaiso (Indiana) University. After his graduation he went to Gary, Indiana, where he secured a position as timekeeper for the Illinois Steel Company. Later he was made payroll clerk, then distribution clerk, later storeroom clerk, then freight clerk and finally production clerk. In 1912 Mr. Morrow severed his connection with that concern and came from Gary to Youngstown, Ohio, where he accepted a position as distribution clerk for the Brier Hill Steel Company. With this concern he next served as freight clerk, production clerk and assistant chief clerk, and in December, 1915, was made chief clerk, thus continuing until taking up his present duties. Since taking up his residence at Youngstown Mr. Morrow has been too busy to give attention to matters other than his immediate business. However, he has made numerous friends, and as a citizen has endeavored to discharge his responsibilities and to assist in the securing of beneficial legislation.

Mr. Morrow was married June 14, 1914, to Miss Cora Dell Smith, of Valparaiso, Indiana, and to this union there have been born two children: David Blair, Jr., and Marie J. Mr. and Mrs. Morrow are consistent members of the Presbyterian Church and are interested in its movements and enterprises.

CHARLES A. RICE is mechanical and electrical engineer for the Republic Rubber Company at Youngstown. His association with that industry has been the longest of any individual in point of continuous service.

The business was known as the Mahoning Rubber Company when he came to Youngstown, and the plant was under construction, the only feature fully completed being the smokestack.

Mr. Rice has won a place of prominence among the technical men in the industrial affairs of Youngstown, though his early life was spent on a farm and without particular opportunities. He trained and educated himself. He was born at Deerfield in Mahoning County September 13, 1875, one of the eight children of James E. and Ellen E. (Smith) Rice. His grandfather, Chauncey Smith, settled in Boardman Township of Mahoning County in the forties. James E. Rice has spent his active life as a farmer, though in earlier years he was also an employe of one of the iron mills of the Mahoning Valley. For the past forty-four years he and his wife have had their home in Ashtabula County.

Charles A. Rice was less than a year old when his parents moved to Ashtabula County, and he grew up on a farm and as soon as old enough was given a full share of its labors and responsibilities. Only in the winter months when there was no work in the fields did he have the opportunity to attend district schools. His natural inclination was for mechanics. Finally he invested in a correspondence course with the International Correspondence School of Scranton and was given a diploma for his work.

In the meantime he had left the farm, and for three years worked in a flour mill at Rock Creek, Ohio. On May 6, 1901, he came to Youngstown, and for about seven months was employed in the electrical department of the Ohio Works of the Carnegie Steel Company.

It was in November, 1901, he became assistant to the chief electrician of what is now the Republic Rubber Company. His promotion has been steady. He was made chief electrician in January, 1902, in 1906 was made superintendent of power and light, and since 1912 has been the mechanical and electrical engineer for the industry. He has through his technical services contributed not a little to the many changes and expansions in this splendid industry.

Mr. Rice is a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers and the Association of Iron and Steel Electrical Engineers. He has attained the thirty-second degree in Scottish Rite Masonry, is a Knight Templar Mason and Mystic Shriner. September 1, 1899, he married Miss Georgiana Hubbard, of Rock Creek, Ohio. Their five children are Vesta F., Harold C., Robert H., Paul and Isabel M. Mr. and Mrs. Rice are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

George Lincoln Fordyce. The commercial development of Youngstown for the past thirty-five years has included the activities of George Lincoln Fordyce to an unusual degree, for he has been active in public affairs as well as financial and charitable ones, and has achieved notable success as a merchant. His career is therefore interesting.

Mr. Fordyce was born September 29, 1860, at Scipio in Cayuga county, New York. He is of Scotch-English lineage, being a son of John Horton and Louisa (Close) Fordyce.

The Hortons came to the United States from England in 1636, and the founder of the American branch of the family was Barnabas Horton, who settled in Hampton, Massachusetts, later at New Haven, Connecticut, and finally on Long Island, New York.

Captain Nathaniel Horton, the great-great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, was a descendant of Barnabas Horton, and was born in 1741. He served as a captain in the Continental Army during the war of the Revolution, and one of the privates in his command was Benjamin Fordyce, who married Rebecca Horton. This Revolutionary hero, Banjamin Fordyce, was the first of his branch of the Fordyce family in this country, and was the great-grandfather of George Lincoln Fordyce.

Benjamin Fordyce and his wife, who were married in 1790, lived for a time in New Jersey, afterward moving to Scipio, New York, where, after the custom of most of the people at that time, he engaged in farming.

John Fordyce, son of Benjamin, was born in New Jersey in 1791, and was united in marriage to Anna Wilkinson. John Horton Fordyce, their only child and the father of George Lincoln Fordyce, was born August 23, 1836. He was reared in the town of his birth, and during the early days of the Civil war enlisted as a private in Company E of the One Hundred and Thirty-Eighth New York Infantry, and although offered a captaincy, he chose to fight in the ranks. He died November 13, 1862, nine weeks after his enlistment.

George Lincoln Fordyce is an only son, and was born at the old homestead which was erected by his great-grandfather, Benjamin Fordyce. Mr. Fordyce's business career began in 1876. At the age of sixteen years he secured employment in a general store in Scipio, and later went to Auburn, New York. Here he was similarly engaged until his energy attracted attention and he became connected with the Cayuga County National Bank.

Mr. Fordyce left Auburn in 1883 and moved to Youngstown, where with others he became engaged in the retail dry goods business at the corner of Federal and Phelps streets. The enterprise grew and the interests of the then rising young business man expanded rapidly. Because he liked the city and its people, he determined to make Youngstown his permanent home. With his characteristic energy he threw himself whole-heartedly into his work, eventually becoming sole owner of the store. The establishment was later incorporated as the Geo. L. Fordyce Company, and Mr. Fordyce is still active in its direction. He is the owner of the property at the corner of West Federal and Phelps streets, where the store is located.

His association with other commercial and civic affairs is indicated by his presence as a director of the board of the First National Bank, the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, as trustee and president of the Youngstown Hospital Association, and as president of the Young Men's Christian Association in 1912 and 1913. He is president of the Apartment House Company, vice president of the Realty Security Company, and a director in the Ohio Leather Company and other concerns.

In politics he is a republican and was president of the Republican County Executive Committee in 1894, when McKinley ran for governor of Ohio. Although he scored signal success as a campaign manager, he could in nowise be termed a politician. His activities were for what he believed to be the best interests of the state. He is a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

On June 25, 1890, he was united in marriage with Miss Grace Walton, a daughter of Daniel and Sarah (Oyer) Walton. They were the parents of three children. Their only son, George Lincoln, was born August 18, 1892, and died October 11, 1900. Their daughters are Rebecca Walton, who is now Mrs. Oscar Francis Gayton, of Manila, Philippine Islands, and Louise Horton.

Despite all of his hard work and close application, which made him an unusually successful man in business and financial fields, Mr. Fordyce is as well and if not better known because of other interests to which he has given time and thought. He has always been an advocate of the out-of-door life, and for many years has made the field study of birds a specialty. He has reported bird migration for this locality to the Department of Biological Survey at Washington for the past sixteen years. He has done much to bring about the protection of birds that are beneficial to farmers and fruit-growers. For many years he has given bird talks in schools of Youngs-

Geo. L. Fordyce

town and vicinity. He has also given talks to clubs in Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, illustrated by lantern slides, many of which have been made from photographs of wild birds taken by him.

The one feature that stands out most prominently in the varied activities of this successful merchant is an equally successful effort to be of use to his state, his community, and his fellow man.

Louis Miller, an architect of distinction at Youngstown, is a man widely known for the artistic beauty as well as practical excellence of his work. He is a native of Copenhagen, Denmark, born December 8, 1876. His father, Anton Peter Miller, was city architect of the City of Copenhagen for years and always a man of prominence. He died at Copenhagen in 1890. Anton Miller married Regina Koch, and they had five children, all of whom are living except one, and of them all Louis Miller is the eldest born.

Louis Miller was reared to manhood's estate in his native city, and was primarily educated in private schools. In 1894 he was graduated from the Metropolitan Academy, a state educational institution, and then, following the custom of Denmark, in order to become a certified architect served four years as a bricklayer's apprentice and one year as a journeyman. While doing this Mr. Miller attended the night school of the technical society of his native city, this being a preparatory course to admittance to the Royal Academy of Fine Arts. He took a four-year course in the Royal Academy of Fine Arts, and was graduated from the department of architecture of this institution in 1900. For the following five years he was employed as superintending architect in the office of the city architect of Copenhagen. In December, 1905, Mr. Miller came to the United States with the avowed purpose of making it his future home, and for a short time was a draftsman for the Hecla Iron Works of Brooklyn, New York. He then, until April, 1907, was employed by the New York Edison Company as architectural draftsman, but then went to Jamestown, New York, as bank designer for the Art Metal Construction Company. In 1915 Mr. Miller came to Youngstown, Ohio, which has since been his home. Here for a year he was bank designer for the General Fireproofing Company, but has since then been engaged in the practice of his profession, practically as an independent architect. During this period Mr. Miller has had his share of the architectural practice in Youngstown and its vicinity. As he learned his profession thoroughly and has a natural aptitude for it, he is conceded to be without a superior in his line in all of the Mahoning Valley.

On February 22, 1907, Mr. Miller was united in marriage with Miss Oline Olesen, a native of Randers, Denmark, and to this union two children have been born, Louis and Esther.

David Nicholas Cooper, while youthful in years, vigor and capabilities, is a veteran in the financial affairs of Youngstown. He has been associated in some capacity with the banks of this city thirty years, for the past ten years with the First National Bank.

The Cooper family was one of the first to establish homes in Coitsville Township of Mahoning County. His ancestor, David Cooper, was born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, in 1762, and came from Maryland to Mahoning County in 1800, locating on a farm, where he lived until his death, at the age of ninety-four. He married Rebecca Armstrong, and they were the parents of twelve children. His son David was born on the old home farm in Coitsville Township and died in 1885, at the age of sixty-seven. He married Jemima Raney, a native of Mahoning County, who died in 1898.

The only son of this couple was James A. Cooper, who was born on the home farm in Coitsville Township October 11, 1845. He was well educated, and departed from the customary occupation of his ancestors, agriculture, and first engaged in the lumber business, and for many years was one of a company operating a plant for wood working and the manufacture of carriage parts. James A. Cooper served as one of the commissioners to erect the new Court House at Youngstown. He is still living in this city, at the age of seventy-five. In 1870 he married Alice Jacobs, daughter of Nicholas Jacobs.

David Nicholas Cooper, the oldest of his parents' four children, was born in Youngstown November 22, 1871, and acquired a public school education. At the age of seventeen he began his career as a messenger in the Wick Brothers Bank, and in subsequent years filled every subordinate position. When the Dollars Savings & Trust Company absorbed the Wick Bank he went with the former as receiving teller. Since 1909 he has been with the First National Bank, at first as paying teller, then as discount clerk, and since 1911 as assistant cashier.

Mr. Cooper is a member of the Masonic fraternity, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and the Memorial Presbyterian Church. September 7, 1901, he married Daisy M. Dubes, of Sharon, Pennsylvania. Their three children are Alice J., James A. and David.

Lee R. Farrell, associated with the Portage Silicia Company, has had a varied industrial, business and financial experience in the Youngstown District, and has been making his own way in the world since boyhood. He is one of several brothers prominent in Youngstown affairs.

He was born at Youngstown December 30, 1884, son of John and Ella (Young) Farrell. Except for 3½ years his home has always been at Youngstown. In this city he attended the grammar schools, and at the age of fifteen started to work driving a grocery delivery wagon. Later he was employed in the Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel Company as weighmaster, then as clerk in the freight office of the Erie Railroad Company, and as yard clerk in the Carnegie Works at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, where he was promoted to chief clerk to the superintendent of transportation.

On returning to Youngstown Mr. Farrell after a few months as clerk in the freight office of the Erie Railroad went with the First National Bank, an institution in whose employ he remained four years, and rose to the position of teller. In February, 1913, he became a clerk to Mr. Joseph G. Butler, Jr., and in 1914 was made secretary of the Portage Silica

Company and the Trumbull Brick Company. The brick business was sold in 1915. In 1916 Mr. Farrell was elected sales manager of the Portage Silica Company. June 12, 1914, he married Miss Pearl Gravel.

ORRIS R. GRIMMESEY. For a period of many years Orris R. Grimmesey has been closely identified with the industrial and civic growth of Warren, and as president of the Warren Board of Trade for the last eleven years he has contributed as greatly as any other one man to the remarkable development of the city during that time.

He is a son of John W. and Lucinda (Painter) Grimmesey. His father was a Union soldier, a carriage and wagon maker, and moved to Warren in 1885. The paternal grandfather, John Grimmesey, came from the north of Ireland to Montreal, Canada, in 1826, thence to Rensselaerville, near Albany, New York, and moved to Ohio in 1830. He traveled by canal boat to Buffalo, steamboat to Erie, Pennsylvania, thence by wagon to Pittsburg and by wagon to Columbiana County, settling in New Lisbon, but a few years later located at Salem in the same county, where he lived until his death in 1853. He was affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal Church. John W. Grimmesey grew to manhood at Salem in Columbiana County, and from his trade developed an important business in the manufacture of vehicles at Salem. When the Civil war came on he volunteered in Company D of the One Hundred and Forty-Third Ohio Infantry. In 1868 he moved to Alliance, Ohio, living there until 1885, when he moved to Warren, where his children were all located. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

His wife, Lucinda Painter, was born on the old Painter farm about two miles northeast of Salem, on what was known as the Painter Road. Both John W. Grimmesey and wife died in Warren. Jacob Painter, maternal great-grandfather of Orris R. Grimmesey, moved his family by wagon from Virginia into the almost unbroken forest-covered country in 1802, about a year before Ohio was admitted to the Union. He bought 640 acres of Government land. The northeast part of the City of Salem in Columbiana County is now spreading over this original tract of land. At the time of purchase there was an Indian encampment on what is now the western part of Salem. Mr. Painter and family were members of the Society of Friends or Quakers.

O. R. Grimmesey was born on the old Painter farm February 16, 1856. He was educated in the public schools of Salem and Alliance and at Mount Union College. Leaving college, he learned the architectural sheet metal business at Salem, and in 1880 he engaged in that business on his own account at Findlay, Ohio. The following year, however, he became associated with W. C. Winfield in organizing the Winfield Manufacturing Company, which was located in Warren in 1882. He served as vice president, director, superintendent and traveling salesman until 1904, at which time he resigned his positions except that of director, and is still a member of the board. His other business interests, both varied and important, are as follows: Director in the General Malleable Company of Warren, director in the American Block and Manufacturing Company of Warren, director in the Arthur Vulcanizing Machine Company of Warren, a director in the Warren Operahouse Company, director in the Trumbull and the Wick Securities companies of Warren, and a director in the Carlysle-Johnson Machine Company of Manchester, Connecticut.

Mr. Grimmesey was one of the organizers of the Warren Board of Trade and eleven years ago he was chosen its president, and since that time he has continued at the head of the board, its directors declining to accept his annual resignation and elect a successor. Both as president of the board and as an individual Mr. Grimmesey has rendered invaluable services to the city during its period of development from an agricultural city of less than 5,000 population into an industrial center of over 30,000.

Mr. Grimmesey served as a member of the Ohio River and Lake Erie Canal Commission, and during the World war he was one of Doctor Garfield's coal commissioners. For a number of years he has been treasurer of the Warren Associated Charities, and is otherwise active in civic affairs. He is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery, Knights Templar, Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine, and of the Elks.

He married Miss Anna Spear, a daughter of Andrew and Martha (Dunn) Spear, of Warren, Ohio. Her father, a native of Pennsylvania, was for many years a merchant of Warren, where Mrs. Grimmesey was born.

CHARLES A. BAIRD is a native of Youngstown, and for a number of years has been identified with the business administration of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, serving as cashier of that corporation at present.

Mr. Baird was born on Wood Street in Youngstown, April 29, 1881. Dr. Charles A. Baird, his father, was a native of Ohio, a graduate of the dental department of the University of Pennsylvania, and located at Youngstown in 1876. He practiced his profession continuously for a period of thirty-two years, until his death in 1908. He also rendered much useful service in public affairs and for thirty years was secretary of the Board of Teachers' Examiners. Doctor Baird married Miss Alice Agnew, who died in Youngstown in 1901.

During his youthful days in Youngstown Charles A. Baird attended local schools, graduating from the Rayen High School in 1900. After that for a number of years he was a traveling salesman in the Middle West. At his father's death he returned to Youngstown, and soon afterward determined to locate here permanently. His first regular position with the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company was as a timekeeper in the mill and later in the cost department of the mill. About three years later he was transferred to the cashier's office in the general offices, and since 1914 has held the position of cashier.

Like his father, he has taken an active interest in local educational affairs, and from 1913 to 1917 was a member of the Youngstown Board of Education, serving as president the last two years. He

O. R. Simmesey

has the distinction of having been the youngest presiding officer of that board. He is a member of St. John's Episcopal Church, a Royal Arch Mason and Odd Fellow, a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce and the Credit Men's Association.

April 4, 1907, Mr. Baird married Mary T. Bulmer. They have two children, William and Alice.

FRANCIS W. MCNAMARA. During the greater part of the war Doctor McNamara was in the service of the Government at a base hospital in one of the southern states. He is one of the prominent men in his profession at Youngstown, and has been in active practice for nearly ten years.

He was born at Oswego, New York, February 4, 1888, one of the seven children of Daniel J. and Mary (Wallace) McNamara. His parents now live at Warren, Pennsylvania.

Doctor McNamara was thirteen years old when his parents went to Pennsylvania, and he graduated from the high school at Warren. He then entered the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia, graduating in 1911, and for three years had an intensive training as a hospital interne at Bridgeport, Connecticut, General Hospital, also in the the St. Elizabeth's Hospital at Youngstown and the St. Alexis Hospital at Cleveland. Doctor McNamara regularly engaged in general practice at Youngstown in 1914. He was a member of the surgical staff of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, and has been highly commended for his unusual capabilities as a surgeon.

After the declaration of war he attended the Medical Officers' Training Camp at Fort Benjamin Harrison, was given a first lieutenant's commission, and was assigned work at the base hospital at Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas, where he remained on duty the greater part of the time until the signing of the armistice. Since then he has been in active practice at Youngstown.

April 28, 1915, at Youngstown, he married Miss Helen Frances Reilly, daughter of W. C. Reilly, of this city. They have one daughter, Cecily Jane McNamara.

RICHARD BROWN, with the Realty Guarantee & Trust Company of Youngstown, has spent his life in this industrial center, and is a son of Reverend Wesley and Bridget (Sheridan) Brown, both residents of Youngstown. His father for a number of years was an active minister of the Methodist Conference in Ohio.

Richard Brown attended the public schools of his native city and began his career as a newspaper man. He was financial writer on the Youngstown Vindicator until he entered the service of the Realty Guarantee and Trust Company in 1916.

In 1911 he married Wavelet L. Craft, and their two children are Richard Martin and Esther May. Mr. Brown is a member of the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Young Men's Christian Association, and is affiliated with the Masonic Order.

REV. F. J. SCHELLHASE came to Youngstown in 1917 to become pastor of the Martin Luther Evangelical Lutheran Church. He has had the satisfaction of seeing the church and its parochial schools grow and prosper under his leadership, and through his work here and elsewhere in Ohio he has become widely known as a minister, teacher, editor and writer.

Mr. Schellhase was born on a farm in Darke County, Ohio, June 4, 1885, one of the seven children of August and Louise (Schutz) Schellhase. The parents were natives of Germany and were children when brought by their respective parents to this country. Rev. Mr. Schellhase is able to appreciate the lot of the hard working man, since most of his youth was given to the strenuous management of an Ohio farm. He was thirteen years of age when his father died, and after that for several years he had most of the responsibility involved in looking after the farm. During those years he got what he could from the local public schools, and at the age of sixteen entered the academic department of the Capital University at Columbus. At eighteen he was regularly enrolled as a student of the University and graduated with the A. B. degree in 1907. He prepared for the ministry in the Capital University Seminary, and was graduated and ordained in 1910.

During these years he had paid a large share of his expenses by tutoring in Latin and Greek, and in 1908, while pursuing his theological studies, he was instructor in Latin and Greek in the Lutheran Seminary at St. Paul, Minnesota.

His first pastorate was the St. Paul Evangelical Lutheran Church at Pomeroy, Ohio, and while there he practically rebuilt the church and otherwise proved his worth as a constructive factor in the ministry. On leaving Pomeroy in November, 1913, he was assigned a rather difficult task at Mount Healthy, a suburb of Cincinnati. At that time this suburb contained a scattered number of Evangelical Lutherans, though without a distinct organization as a church. Mr. Schellhase gathered the members of the faith together and reorganized the Trinity Evangelical Church, continuing as its pastor until July, 1917, when he came to take up his labors in the Martin Luther Evangelical Lutheran Church at Youngstown. Part of his duties here also comprised the principalship of the parochial schools, and he has greatly increased the efficiency of the school work. Mr. Schellhase was editor of the German Sunday School Monthly for 2½ years, until 1919, when it was consolidated with that of the Iowa Synod.

Mr. Schellhase has some interesting literary gifts, and is author of a juvenile book on the World war entitled "The Savior in the Trenches," published by the Lutheran Book Concern at Columbus. Another work in preparation is to be entitled "Meditations on the Savior's Seven Words on the Cross."

June 16, 1910, he married Miss Minnie Althoff, of Darke County, Ohio. Four children were born to their marriage: Ruth Esther; Marie Alberta, who died at the age of 3½ years; Paul Henry; and Frederick Louis.

ALBERT N. RICHARDS. The Richards family has been prominent in the coal and iron industry of Eastern Ohio for about three quarters of a century. Morgan and Sarah Richards were born in England,

were married in that country, and in 1814 came to the United States. Morgan Richards found profitable occupation in the coal industries of Western Pennsylvania and lived there until his death. His widow subsequently became the wife of Milward Atkinson.

In 1842 the family came to Niles, Ohio. At that time William L. Richards was ten years of age. He was born at Pittsburgh, grew up in Niles, and early went to work in the mills. About 1856 he went south and joined the Hillman iron mills along the south border of Tennessee. At the outbreak of the Civil war he returned north, was connected with the iron industry in different localities, and in 1869 returned to Niles, where he lived until his death, in 1910. He was an able worker, stanch in his citizenship, and is well remembered in the community. His widow is still living at Niles.

The third of their four children is Albert N. Richards, who was born at Niles June 9, 1870, and for many years has filled one of the highly skilled and technical places in the iron and steel industry of the Youngstown District. He was educated in public schools, and on leaving school was employed for four years as a clerk for the old Falcon Iron and Nail Company. He began his real career in the sheet mills, learning the various processes by practical experience, and by 1899 had reached the position of rougher. For a time he was connected with the Reeves Iron Company of New Philadelphia, Ohio, as a roller, and has put in twenty years in that capacity, one of the positions requiring the highest degree of skill. Since August, 1901, he has been identified with the Youngstown Iron and Steel Company, now a part of the Sharon Steel Hoop Company.

Mr. Richards has some interesting and active associations with the social and civic life of Youngstown, is a member of the Evergreen Presbyterian Church, is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, a member of Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland, and is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias. An active republican, of progressive views, he served as secretary in 1920 of the Harding Campaign Committee of Youngstown.

October 17, 1894, Mr. Richards married Miss Lottie Artman, of Niles. Her parents, Philip and Mary (McDonald) Artman, were of an old family of Trumbull County, her father having spent practically all his life in Warren and Niles. Mr. and Mrs. Richards have four children: Dorothy, Edward, Cora and Charlotte.

Orville Titus Manley, B. L., M. D., F. A. C. S. One of the surgeons of the Mahoning Valley who has won prominence in his profession is Orville T. Manley, of Warren, with which city he has been identified in civic and social affairs for the last ten years.

Doctor Manley, who represents two pioneer Western Reserve families, was born at Garrettsville, Portage County, November 20, 1874. His Western Reserve ancestor was Martin Manley, his great-great-grandfather, who settled in Portage County in 1810, prior to the War of 1812 and at the very beginning of development in that section of Ohio. The great-grandfather of Doctor Manley was Roswell Manley, son of Martin. The grandfather of Doctor Manley was Dr. Orville Manley, who died in 1868, and considering his advantages and the time in which he lived, he was a physician of great ability and held a commanding position in his profession on the Western Reserve.

Morton R. Manley, father of Doctor Manley, was born in Portage County, and married Emma Hopkins, a native of the same county. Her father, Titus Hopkins, was born on the Western Reserve. Morton R. Manley died in 1907, at the age of fifty-six, and his widow is still living at Garrettsville.

Doctor Manley received his early education in the public schools of Garrettsville, Ohio. He also attended the Ohio State University, and then entered Hiram College, where he was graduated with the degree of B. L.

He received his M. D. degree with the class of 1900 from the Cleveland College of Physicians and Surgeons, now the medical department of Western Reserve University. The following year he was an interne and house surgeon in St. Alexis Hospital at Cleveland, and began his private practice at Garrettsville, moving from there to Warren in 1910. The summer of 1911 Doctor Manley spent abroad taking advanced work in the London Post-Graduate School. Doctor Manley has restricted his practice since coming to Warren to surgery. He is a member of the surgical staff of the Warren City Hospital.

In 1912 he began work during spare time in the laboratory of experimental medicine of Western Reserve University at Cleveland. This work soon attracted the attention and admiration of the faculty and in February, 1914, he was appointed on the university staff as demonstrator in the department. Since that time Doctor Manley has contributed numerous papers on research problems which have been published in medical periodicals, all of which are highly regarded by the profession and reflect much credit to Doctor Manley.

In May, 1916, Doctor Manley was commissioned a lieutenant in the Medical Reserve Corps of the United States Army. In March, 1917, he was recommissioned with the same rank in the medical section of the Officers' Reserve Corps, and on the first of June was ordered to Fort Benjamin Harrison for training, being one of the first medical officers called to camp. Physical disability prevented his continuing in the service, and he was honorably discharged July 7, 1917.

Doctor Manley is a member of the Trumbull County Medical Society, the Ohio State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Association for the Study of Internal Secretions, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Congress of Internal Medicines and is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. Fraternally he is affiliated with Carroll F. Clapp Lodge of Masons at Warren, and is a member of the Warren Board of Trade and the First Presbyterian Church and is a charter member of the Warren Kiwanis Club.

Doctor Manley married Miss Flora Woodruff, daughter of William and Naomi (Hampton) Woodruff of Mesopotamia, Trumbull County. They have two sons, Roger Harlan and Orville Titus, Jr.

O. J. Manley

CHARLES HOMER ROSE took up the serious responsibilities of life as soon as he had completed his high school education, and during the greater part of a quarter of a century has been connected with the business offices of some of the great industrial plants of the Mahoning Valley. He is now comptroller of the Brier Hill Steel Company at Youngstown.

Mr. Rose was born near Lisbon in Columbiana County, Ohio, July 10, 1875. His father, Melvin E. Rose, a native of Ohio, spent his early life as a farmer, and came from a race of farmers. He is now acting as custodian of the McKinley Memorial Building at Niles. By his marriage with Louisa Josephine Talbitzer he had two children.

From the age of six years Charles Homer Rose lived at Niles and attended the schools of that city, graduating from high school in 1893. His first employment was as clerk in the freight department of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Niles, and for about four years he was in railroad work. He then became paymaster for the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, subsequently chief clerk, and when the plant of that company was dismantled in 1907 he transferred his services to the Thomas Steel Company as auditor. This company in turn was consolidated with the Brier Hill Steel Company, in 1912, and that brought Mr. Rose to the latter corporation. He was auditor from the incorporation of this company until April 1, 1917, when he was made secretary to the president, and since January 1, 1920, has served as comptroller of the company.

Mr. Rose is a member of the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, is a Knight of Pythias and a republican voter. November 14, 1901, he married Miss Annie Stevens, daughter of Henry M. Stevens of Niles. Two children have been born to their marriage, Harry Melvin and Charles Homer, Jr.

GEORGE F. HOLLY, sales manager of the conduit department of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, has had many years of active experience in the iron and steel business, and was a resident of Chicago until he came to Youngstown about ten years ago.

He was born at Eastman, Wisconsin, August 6, 1882, son of Jacob and Katherine Holly. His father is a building contractor and now a resident of Chicago. Of nine children two of the sons are ex-service men of the World war.

George F. Holly grew up in Chicago, attended public schools and the Lewis Institute, and at the age of thirteen was working as a cash boy in the department store of Mandel Brothers. The larger opportunities of his life were opened for him when he became an employe of Washburn & Moen Company, a large and well-known concern which eventually became absorbed by the steel trust. After leaving that Mr. Holly was for nine years connected with the Manhattan Electrical Supply Company of Chicago, at the end being general sales manager.

It was largely through the influence of Col. L. J. Campbell that Mr. Holly came to Youngstown in 1911 to help organize the conduit department of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. He has been with that department ever since and as sales manager is one of the responsible officers of the corporation.

Mr. Holly is a member of the Youngstown Club, is a Knight Templar and Scottish Rite Mason, and Shriner, belongs to the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce and he and his wife are Methodists.

September 4, 1907, he married Miss Anna L. Hrejsa, whose father, now deceased, was at one time a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Holly have two children, George F., Jr., and Dorothy.

JAMES HARRIS MCEWEN is a veteran banker of Youngstown and had an active association with several of the important institutions of the city for nearly half a century. He is known as a man of great business ability, of the finest probity of character, and for his many services his abilities have been regarded almost as a public asset.

His father was James McEwen, a pioneer of Youngstown and for many years one of the foremost citizens of the Mahoning Valley. He was born in 1799, and after the early death of his father was reared by his grandmother on a farm. He learned the cooper's trade, which he followed for a few years in Maryland and Western Pennsylvania. About 1836 he came to Youngstown as an engineer for the old Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal. When that waterway was completed he remained as its superintendent, and at the time of his death, in 1872, was its president. He was a native of Elkton, Cecil County, Maryland. He possessed some striking natural attainments which, combined with sound judgment, admirably fitted him for the large responsibilities that came in the course of his life. He was honest and upright, commanded universal respect, and lived a life of high ideals. It was a testimony to his character and ability that he was appointed by Judge Rayen as one of the executors of the Rayen estate. He became a director of the first bank established in Youngstown, holding that position for many years. A democrat, he was never an aspirant for political honors, though one time nominated for Congress. He had no church membership, but rarely missed a Sunday attending divine worship. In 1839 he married Mary E. Fitch. She was born in New York City in 1812, daughter of William Haynes Fitch, a school teacher. To their marriage were born three children, all natives of Youngstown: Mary, wife of Dr. John McCurdy, James Harris and John Fitch. John Fitch McEwen spent much of his life in and around Youngstown, but later went west to Spokane, Washington, where he died unmarried in 1898, at the age of fifty-one.

James Harris McEwen was educated at Youngstown, where he was born October 13, 1842. In 1862, at the age of twenty, he entered the Mahoning County Bank as a bookkeeper. Six years later, when he resigned, he was teller, and then became secretary and teller of the Youngstown Savings & Loan Association, an institution founded by Governor Tod. In 1877 this was converted into the Mahoning National Bank, with Mr. McEwen as cashier, and he filled that office until 1908, until he became president. Mr. McEwen retired in 1910, after more than forty years of active association with the Mahoning National

Bank and its predecessor. He is still an honored member of its board of directors.

Mr. McEwen was an intimate friend of the late Robert McCurdy, who died in 1904, and he served as the executor of the estate until it was incorporated under the laws of Ohio in 1909, and has since been president of the Robert McCurdy Company. He is interested as a stockholder in many of the enterprises of the Mahoning Valley, and for a number of years was a trustee and also vice president of the Reuben McMillan Free Library Association.

Mr. McEwen married Florence Rayen on February 22, 1883. Her father was John Rayen, a half brother of Judge William Rayen.

MARY BURNHAM KINSMAN. One of the most picturesque portions of Trumbull County is Kinsman Township, and this district has from the very earliest times been the home of some of the country's best families. The township and the village were named in honor of the Kinsman family, who are still represented there. This name Kinsman has been dignified in other instances in the naming of places. In 1798 Mr. Jonathan Kinsman became proprietor in a township in Maine which was called Kinsmantown. Mount Kinsman of the White Mountains is so called from one of the clan. There is also a Kinsman in Illinois.

John Kinsman was one of the Connecticut capitalists who acquired extensive interests in the Western Reserve, and eventually concentrated his land holdings in what is now Kinsman Township which was settled in 1799. John Kinsman, a son of Jeremiah and Sarah Kinsman, was born at Norwich, now Lisbon, Connecticut, May 7, 1753. The Kinsmans were original settlers at Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1635. The lineage is traced to John Kynesman of Wetherell, Lincolnshire, England, 1337, A. D. The first in America was Robert Kinsman, a passenger on the ship Mary and John in 1634 to Boston. In 1635 he moved to Agawam, now Ipswich, and in 1637 received a grant of land there.

October 4, 1792, John Kinsman married Rebecca Perkins. She was born September 29, 1773, a daughter of Capt. Simon and Olive (Douglas) Perkins, of Lisbon, Connecticut. She was also a sister of Gen. Simon Perkins, one of the distinguished characters in the history of the Western Reserve.

John Kinsman had enlisted in the Connecticut Militia in 1776, and participated in the battle of Long Island. He became a prisoner of war and was nearly starved while on a British prison ship. In 1797 he was elected to the Connecticut Legislature and was still a member when he first came West.

John Kinsman and Simon Perkins left Connecticut on horseback in 1799, and Mr. Kinsman made his headquarters at the home of John Young at Youngstown while looking after the surveying and preliminary improvements of his lands. He also put up a cabin near the center of Kinsman Township. His holdings in Kinsman and elsewhere aggregated all told over 16,000 acres.

Then in the spring of 1801 he was member of a notable party that left Connecticut for the new Connecticut of Ohio. Among his companions were Simon Perkins, George Tod, the Kirtland brothers, John S. Edwards and Calvin Pease. Arriving here John Kinsman began the construction of a home in the present business part of Kinsman, but in the fall returned to Connecticut, leaving the work to be finished by others. A carpenter was brought out from New Haven to erect the original church in the village, and the old Dudley Allen house was built by him and the Kinsman home was also built by him. Later John Kinsman's widow and his son John built a house still standing in the village.

John Kinsman brought his family west in 1804, his children at that time being John, Joseph, Sally and Olive. They came out with a degree of comfort and elegance beyond the means of most of the pioneers. There were several wagons and carts, a carriage for his wife and riding horses for the convenience of the travelers. Through his enterprise John Kinsman built mills and a store, and many families came with him or as a result of his coming. He also became prominent in local affairs, serving as an associate judge, took a leading part in county organization, and was also one of the projectors and largest subscribers to the Western Reserve Bank, the first bank in Northern Ohio. In looking after the improvement and disposition of his lands, and for the purpose of buying goods, he made a number of trips on horseback to Philadelphia and Connecticut and spent many nights sleeping outdoors. John Kinsman died August 17, 1813, at the age of sixty. The administrator of his estate was his brother-in-law, Gen. Simon Perkins. He was survived by his widow until May 27, 1864. She was a devoted member of the Congregational Church of Kinsman, and gave liberally of her means towards the construction of the present church and parsonage, including an endowment. She donated the bell still in use. She also gave liberally to the Western Reserve College. An oil portrait of this noble pioneer woman still adorns one of the rooms of the home of her granddaughter, Miss Mary B. Kinsman.

The children of John Kinsman were: John, who was born in 1793 and died in 1864, spending his life as a farmer and merchant at Kinsman; Joseph, born in 1795, and died in 1819, while a student at Yale College; Rebecca, born in 1796 and died in 1797; Sarah, born in 1798 and died in 1807; Olive Douglas, who died in 1835, was the wife of George Swift, an attorney and legislator who died in 1845; Thomas, born in 1804, shortly after the arrival of the family in the Western Reserve; Frederich, born in 1807 and died in 1882, who was a distinguished resident of Warren, where his sons Thomas and Charles still reside; Joanna, born in 1808 and died in 1809, and also another daughter that died in infancy.

Thomas Kinsman, of the second generation of the family in Ohio, was born August 4, 1804. He was named for his uncle, Gen. John Thomas, one of the first generals appointed by the Continental Congress. December 29, 1847, he married Sophia Burnham, who was born at Kinsman, March 10, 1825, daughter of Jedidiah and Sophia (Bidwell) Burnham. Thomas Kinsman owned about 2,000 acres, part of it being of the original estate of his father. This land had all the characteristics of Kinsman Township fertility, was well watered with abundant springs, and became one of the splendid farms of

Thomas Pinckney

Trumbull County. Thomas Kinsman for a number of years was a successful breeder of Durham cattle. At his death on April 26, 1875, he was the oldest native citizen of Kinsman. When he was a child the Indians had called him Nicka-Goose, meaning fat otter. He was of stocky build, strong and vigorous, of buoyant spirits, and enjoyed a wide social acquaintance. Thomas Kinsman built the family home in 1854, still standing in excellent condition. Another feature of the grounds is a double line of maples which he set out about eighty years ago. The old Thomas Kinsman place was not sold out of the family until 1919, and is now part of a group of farms known as the Edgewood farms, dedicated to the breeding of Holstein cattle.

Mrs. Thomas Kinsman survived her husband many years and died at the old home June 13, 1912. Physically she was frail, but always showed a keen and far reaching interest in whatever stood for advancement anywhere. The Kinsman estate required a large amount of labor, and it was not unusual for twenty or more men to be regularly employed. Thomas Kinsman was very fond of fine horses, though he did not approve of racing.

A brief record of the children of Thomas Kinsman and wife is as follows: Sophia Burnham was born in 1850 and died October 5, 1913, was the wife of Caleb Wayne Bidwell, who died January 6, 1918, and they lived on the old Kinsman farm. Cornelia Pease, born in 1852, never married, and died in 1888. Ellen D. died at the age of seven years. Thomas, born May 21, 1857, married Bertha Wilson Smith, of London, Ohio, in 1904, has spent his life at Kinsman, but has served the state by nine terms in the House of Representatives and in the Senate. Alfred, born October 22, 1858, is a bachelor. Mary Burnham, born November 17, 1862, has been a capable factor in the life of the home and farm for many years, and gave much attention to the handling of the estate until the greater part of the farm was sold in 1919. She still retains a 450-acre place, part of the original tract, and conducts it as a dairy farm. The Pymatuning Creek, which runs through this farm, at one time furnished water power for John Kinsman's mills. The old Piqua Indians had one of their favorite camping grounds on the banks of the same stream. Miss Kinsman owns a fine home in the Village of Kinsman, and for the past seven or eight years has enjoyed her winters in a home at St. Cloud, Florida. She is a member of the Old Kinsman Church and is active in various women's clubs. She has brought up from early childhood and educated Miss Gladys D. Dunbar, a graduate of Fisk University and teacher at Kansas Educational Industrial Institute.

Ernest E. Hawk, one of the young and progressive business men of Youngstown, is an engineer by early training, but most of his time has been taken up with real estate and industrial affairs, as a partner with his brother, O. E. Hawk.

Mr. Hawk was born on a farm at Wilding, West Virginia, March 9, 1890, son of Adam and Margaret (Wilkinson) Hawk. His father served as a Union officer in the Civil war, and during the eighties they were residents near Kansas City, Missouri, but subsequently moved to West Virginia, where he and his wife both died.

Ernest E. Hawk lived on the home farm until he was about fifteen years of age. He attended district schools, graduated from the high school at Ravenswood, West Virginia, and pursued a technical course in Marshall College at Huntington, West Virginia, where he specialized in civil engineering, later taking up architectural engineering.

Mr. Hawk came to Youngstown in 1907 to join his brother O. E. Hawk, then engaged in the real estate brokerage business. The brothers have been closely associated in nearly all their enterprises since. Ernest E. Hawk is vice president of the Hawk-Palmer Company, is treasurer of the Iron City Lumber Company and a director of the United Insurance Company of Youngstown and also of the Summitville Clay Products Company.

During the year 1918 he gave practically all his time to the service of the Government, with headquarters at Washington. The American Red Cross delegated him special responsibilities in the buying of materials for building, steel and machinery lines. He was also deeply interested in solving the problem of production of portable housing plans, and in that was associated with his brother. The brothers bought supplies for nearly all the allied nations.

Mr. Hawk is a director of the Young Men's Christian Association at Youngstown, and is chairman of its committee on physical training. He is a member of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, is affiliated with the Elks Order and the Elks Club, the Poland Country Club and the Kiwanis Club, the Engineers' Club and the Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a republican. October 26, 1912, Mr. Hawk married Miss Alice Magdelene James, daughter of William T. James of Youngstown. Their two children are Ernest E., Jr., and Mary Jane.

Michael J. Maloney is a prominent young merchant, head of the partnership Maloney & Williams at Youngstown.

He was born at Buffalo, New York, September 25, 1881, son of Michael and Mary (O'Connell) Maloney. His parents were born in Ireland, came to the United States before marriage, and Michael Maloney, Sr., was married at Buffalo, New York. About 1882 he moved with his family to Niles, Ohio, and for many years was employed in Ward's mill. He is now retired at Niles.

Michael J. Maloney, oldest of three children, grew up at Niles, attended the parochial schools, and when about seventeen years of age began clerking in a local grocery store. He was later clerk in the furnishing department of the store of which W. A. Thomas was the head. After three years he came to Youngstown and continued in the same line of business for M. U. Guggenheim. He embarked his capital and credit in March, 1911, in partnership with B. Frank Williams, under the name of Maloney & Williams, in the haberdashery and tailoring business, and their combination of brains and progressive business talent has made this firm singularly successful. Besides their large business at Youngstown they conduct a branch establishment at Warren.

Mr. Maloney is a Catholic, and is a member of the

Poland Country Club, the Trumbull Club, the Elks and the Knights of Columbus.

B. Frank Williams, of the firm Maloney & Williams, haberdashers and tailors at Youngstown, is a representative of the best among the young business men of the present day. He has won success through hard work and close application.

Born April 20, 1888, at Newport, Kentucky, he was reared there and attended public schools to the age of twelve. He was then brought to Youngstown, Ohio, by his parents, William and Mary (Westerhouse) Williams. William Williams was a native of Indiana and for many years was a roller in iron and steel mills. More recently he has been engaged in the oil business at Youngstown. B. Frank Williams completed his education in the Wood Street School in Youngstown, and when a boy in years was earning a living as clerk in a local store. He had the thrift and good sense to save what he could, and therefore had some capital when in 1911 he formed a partnership with M. J. Maloney in the haberdashery and tailoring business. The young men had much more than capital, a boundless energy and really successful experience, and their business has grown and prospered and is now represented both in Youngstown and Warren.

Mr. Williams is a member of the local organization known as the Phi Sigma Phi Club, is affiliated with the Elks Club, and in Masonry is a Knight Templar, a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite and a Mystic Shriner.

March 3, 1910, he married Miss Mary Hamlin, of Youngstown. They have a family of three children, the two sons being Donald and Lee and the daughter Sidna.

John B. White. The valuable farm of John B. White is one of the well cultivated ones of Mahoning County, and it is located in the northeast corner of Coitsville Township on the Pennsylvania state line, seven miles east of the courthouse at Youngstown. Mr. White was born on this farm on October 12, 1862. His father, John White, was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, in 1819, and died in 1906, aged eighty-seven years. When he was seven years old John White was brought to the United States by his parents, Hugh and Rosanna White, who located at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and spent seven years in that city, he operating as a peddler in order to get a start. At first he carried his goods in a basket, but as soon as he had saved a little he bought a horse and wagon, and later two horses, and then he expanded his territory until it extended as far west as Columbus, Ohio. Being pleased with the country he passed through, Hugh White bought a farm, after a short period spent in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and a portion of it is now owned by his grandson, John B. Hugh White died on that farm in 1872. He had two children, John and Mary, the latter first marrying a Mr. Sweazey, and after his death, becoming the wife of Thomas Mayers, and settled at Hubbard, Trumbull County, Ohio, where she died at an advanced age.

John White inherited his father's farm, and was married in 1854 to Eliza Dickenson, born in County Monaghan, Ireland, but was brought when five years old to the United States by her parents, and they settled at Lowellville, and there William Dickenson worked at his trade of wagonmaking. Mrs. White was reared at Lowellville, and after their marriage she and her husband moved to the White homestead, but soon left it for the adjoining farm. At one time John White owned 270 acres of land, and managed about 600 acres, operating extensively as a sheepraiser, but was not an exhibitor. Although a democrat, his personal popularity was so great as to enable him to run successfully on his party ticket for township trustee in a republican township. He and his wife had the following children: Hugh J., who died at the age of thirty-two years, spending the last five years of his life as bookkeeper for a Cleveland concern; George D., who was a partner of his brother John B. in the operation of the homestead for some years, is now retired and lives at Bedford, Pennsylvania; William B., who is a merchant of Springdale, Pennsylvania, was a teacher in early life and also spent some time in the West; John B., whose name heads this review; and Robert F., who was formerly a school teacher of Mahoning County, is now in partnership with his brother William B.

John B. White has always lived on the farm which is now owned by the four living sons of his father, and he carries on general farming and dairying. He is one of the boosters for good roads and has served as delegate to a number of good roads conventions, and was one of the first road commissioners of the township. Mr. White has been on the school board for sixteen years, and was assessor for four years, resigning that office so as to give more time to his personal affairs. As a democrat he has taken part in his party's committee work for years. He was reared in the faith of the Presbyterian Church, and attends its services. Mr. White is unmarried. Having spent his life in this neighborhood, he is naturally identified with it in every way, and anxious to see it keep abreast of the times. Having studied the problem of good roads, he is convinced of the advisability of providing for them, and is endeavoring to educate others to look at the matter as he does for the good of the community. All his mature years he has been a constructive force, and his influence is strong not only in Coitsville Township, but throughout the county where his name stands for good citizenship and honorable dealing.

James B. Roberts has given eighteen years to the service of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. Except for a brief interval he has lived in Youngstown all his life, and is a member of one of the early families of the Mahoning Valley.

His ancestors have been in the United States for many generations and he is of Revolutionary stock. His grandfather, William Roberts, came to Ohio in pioneer days and settled in the Bear Den District of Mahoning County, where he farmed. He spent his last years near Farmington.

The father of James B. Roberts was James P. Roberts, who was twelve years of age when brought to Ohio. He attended district school at Bear Den and as a boy worked in one of the first blast furnaces of

John B. White

the valley, located in what is now Mill Creek Park. When the Civil war came on he joined Company D of the Sixth Ohio Cavalry, and subsequently re-enlisted in the One Hundred and Seventy-First Ohio Infantry and served a total of twenty-two months. After the war he learned the machinist's trade, and for many years was an employe of the William Tod Company. A skilled workman, a man of sturdy character, unassuming in disposition, his life was best appreciated by the company that employed him and by his immediate family to whose interests he was always devoted. He died in 1900, his wife, Eliza (Hall) Roberts, having passed away in 1888. Of their four children three are still living.

James B. Roberts is the youngest of the family and was born at Youngstown September 30, 1882. He graduated from the Rayen High School in 1901, and almost immediately went to New York City and became a clerk for the National Steel Company. That company was absorbed by the United States Steel Corporation in 1901, and was given the name of the Carnegie Steel Company. In December, 1902, Mr. Roberts left the Carnegie Company and became identified with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, at first in the order department, but for the last ten years has been connected with the sales department.

A young man of established position in local business circles, Mr. Roberts is also active in several other organizations, including the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and is a Methodist and republican. September 30, 1907, he married Miss Lucy B. Creed, of Youngstown. The five children in their home are James B., Jr., Phoebe, Zaide, Dorothy and Philip.

William C. Francis. For more than half a century the Francis family has been identified with the Mahoning Valley. Two brothers, John and William Francis, conduct a large and successful general insurance agency at Youngstown. Their father, the late William C. Francis, had a long life of interesting experience and notable achievement.

William C. Francis was born in South Wales January 11, 1831, and as he grew to manhood he learned the trade of coal mining. His first trip to the United States was made in 1852, and he worked in the great anthracite coal regions of Pottsville, Pennsylvania. About 1853 he yielded to the tremendous attractions furnished by the gold discoveries of the Pacific Coast, and, journeying by way of the Isthmus of Panama, reached California. He was there a few years, then returned to Wales, again visited California, and altogether spent about eleven years in that state. On his second return to Wales he married Mary Phillips. In 1867 they came to this country to make their permanent home, and located at Youngstown. William C. Francis had given the first evidence of his intention to become a permanent citizen of the United States in California in October, 1864, when he took out his first papers beginning the course of naturalization. At Youngstown he turned his talents to coal mining and coal development as a contractor. For Henry Wick he sank the old Packard shaft and did other contract work on the slope of the Leadville shaft and was interested in the mines of Mineral Ridge and Weathersfield. Out of practical experience he developed a high rank as an expert mining engineer, and through the energetic prosecution of his profession and his business affairs accumulated a considerable estate.

In religion he was an active member of the Congregational Church, and was an honored member of Hebron Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. William C. Francis died February 11, 1898. He is remembered for his robust physique, congenial personality, and altogether was a man to attract and cement strong friendships. His unswerving integrity gave his character real distinction. He was a friend of the unfortunate, and bestowed not a little of his competence in helping others.

Mrs. William C. Francis is still living. She was liberally educated in her native country and had the Welsh gift of music and song. She has long been an ardent advocate of temperance, and in early days was widely known as a recitationist. Much of the credit is due her for bringing up her family of five children with correct ideas of the best principles of American citizenship. These children are: John P.; William M.; Gweny, wife of David J. Evans; Mary A.; and Rachel, now deceased, a former teacher in the Youngstown schools.

The two living sons are and have been for several years associated in the general insurance and real estate business at Youngstown. John P. Francis, the older brother, was born at Youngstown April 1, 1869. During part of his boyhood his parents lived on a tract of land now included in the city limits, but then in the country. For his education he depended upon rural schools, the public schools in the city and also took courses in night and Young Men's Christian Association schools. For a time he was in the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company and since February 1, 1904, has been in the general insurance business, while since the spring of 1911 he has been the active head of the John P. Francis Insurance Agency. He is a member of the Poland Country Club, the Youngstown Association of Credit Men, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Plymouth Congregational Church, the Young Men's Christian Association. November 25, 1897, Mr. John P. Francis married Margaret Rees. They have one son, Walter R.

William M. Francis, the other brother, was born at Youngstown February 20, 1871, and as a boy attended country schools. At the age of sixteen he was working in the old Youngstown Rolling Mill as a heater's helper. His further education was acquired after and between working hours by attending night school, while at the age of eighteen he took a business college course at Youngstown. Following that for a time he was bookkeeper and collector for the Youngstown Ice Company, and for five years was in the service of the G. M. McKelvey Company. He entered the life insurance field in 1895, representing the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company of Springfield, Massachusetts. He has been steadily in the service of that old and well known insurance corporation for a quarter of a century, though in later years he has also been active with his brother in general insurance. In 1898 the Massachusetts Company sent him as its representative to Easton, Penn-

sylvania. He was also their representative at Wilkesbarre and for fourteen years was representative at St. Louis. While in St. Louis he took up the study of law and graduated in June, 1912, from the Benton College of Law of that city. Though admitted to the bar, he has never actively practiced. For two years he also attended the Academic Department of Benton College.

In 1918 Mr. William Francis went to France as a Young Men's Christian Association secretary under the auspices of the War Council, and for about five months was on duty in the region of Verdun. He returned to this country in July, 1919. Mr. Francis, who is unmarried, is a Knight Templar York Rite and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, a Mystic Shriner and belongs to the Congregational Church and the Young Men's Christian Association.

Thomas G. Davis. One of the prominent iron masters of the Mahoning Valley for many years was the late Thomas G. Davis, whose abilities made him widely appreciated and known in this iron and steel district.

He was a native of Wales and before coming to America was furnace superintendent for the Palmer Ship Building Company at Jarrow-on-Tyne, England. Mr. W. W. Andrews, brother of Chauncey Andrews of Youngstown, Ohio, on visiting England met Mr. Davis while blast furnace superintendent of the Palmer Company, visited at his house for two days and went about with him inspecting the blast furnaces of the company. Subsequently he traveled through Europe, and on again passing through Jarrow-on-Tyne called on Mr. Davis and made him an offer to take charge of two blast furnaces at Haselton, Ohio, two miles below Youngstown. At that time Mr. Davis had not made up his mind to a change, but after the departure of Mr. Andrews corresponded with him and the result was he decided to accept the offer. The Palmer Ship Building Company gave him a leave of absence for three months to take charge of the blast furnaces for Andrews Brothers, with provision that if not pleased with his new environment he might return and resume his work with the Palmer Company. After a three months' trial he was so well pleased that he sent for his family and they arrived in September, 1872. Mr. Davis made one visit to England later, and this visit confirmed his good judgment in making America his home.

He remained with the Andrews Brothers five years, at a time when its output was fifty tons per day. He next became superintendent of the Blast Furnace at Bellaire, Ohio, remaining there two years, and then came to Lowellville as superintendent of the Ohio Iron and Steel Company. He started that plant with an output of thirty tons of pig iron daily. After two years at Lowellville he returned to Bellaire again as furnace superintendent, and for a brief time was also superintendent of the Woodward Iron Company in Alabama. His last and longest service, continuing until he retired, was with the Brown-Bonnell blast furnaces at Youngstown, serving as their superintendent for about eighteen years.

Thomas G. Davis died at Youngstown, May 14, 1904. He married in England, Anne Evans, who died in 1915, and they were the parents of a family of four sons and four daughters.

David Davis, a son of the late Thomas G. Davis, the well known furnace superintendent of the Mahoning Valley, was born at Middlesboro-on-Tees, England, September 21, 1862, and was about ten years of age when he came to America with the family.

After attending school he went to work as a "roustabout" under his father at Bellaire, Ohio. The family moved to Lowellville in 1880, where he entered the employ of the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, under Robert Bentley, then secretary and general manager, and later president and general manager of that company. Mr. Davis acquired a thorough knowledge of the iron business, and through his qualifications he became secretary and treasurer of the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, which position he held up to the time the Ohio Iron & Steel Company sold its blast furnace at Lowellville to the Sharon Steel Hoop Company in February, 1918, but he is still with the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, as secretary, with offices in the Stambaugh Building, Youngstown, Ohio.

Mr. Davis is also secretary of the Ohio & Pennsylvania Belt Line Railroad Company, is a director in the Orient Coke Company of Pennsylvania, and during his residence at Lowellville, Ohio, he served as president of the Board of Education and also as treasurer and trustee of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Davis is a member of the Youngstown Club and is affiliated with the Masonic Order.

The family home at Youngstown is at 910 Wick Avenue. Mr. Davis married Miss Maze Nessle, of Lowellville, Ohio, in November, 1893. They have two children: Robert and Mary Lovinah. Both are graduates of high school, and the son also from Wesleyan College at Middletown, Connecticut, and the daughter from the Martha Washington College at Washington, D. C.

Clifford M. Woodside, one of the ex-service men and officers of the Youngstown district, practiced law for three years at Youngstown before he entered the army, and is now a member of the law firm of Dornan & Woodside. He is also a United States commissioner for Youngstown.

Mr. Woodside was born at Middletown, Pennsylvania, September 21, 1890, son of D. E. E. and Mary (Mayberry) Woodside. His father, who moved to Youngstown about 1896 and was connected with the old National Tube Works, is at present a master mechanic with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company.

Clifford Woodside acquired some of his education at Youngstown, for a time was a student in the Rayen High School, where he completed his freshman year, took his sophomore year in the high school at Scranton, Pennsylvania, and graduated from the high school of Harrisburg, that state, in 1909. From high school he began the study of law in the Ohio State University at Columbus, graduating in 1914. Mr. Woodside at first was engaged in an individual practice at Youngstown, and in three years had developed a promising business and practice as a lawyer.

In September, 1917, he left with the selective serv-

David Davis

ice men for Camp Sherman, and was trained in the ranks for four months. In January, 1918, he entered the Third Officers' Training School at Camp Sherman, and in April, 1918, was recommended for second lieutenant and sent to Camp Gordon, Georgia, where he received his commission as a second lieutenant in the infantry June 5, 1918. In August of that year he was commissioned a first lieutenant. During most of the time Mr. Woodside was on special duty, chiefly as an instructor in bayonet work and hand to hand fighting. He was granted an honorable discharge in January, 1919, and at once resumed his law practice at Youngstown as a member of the firm noted above. His commission as United States commissioner is dated in November, 1919.

Mr. Woodside is a democrat, is affiliated with the Masonic and Odd Fellows fraternities and also with the college fraternity Delta Theta Phi.

George R. Clegg is a son of Samuel B. Clegg, the prominent Youngstown citizen and business man whose career has been sketched elsewhere. The son in addition to being identified with his father's business has branched out independently, and has made a reputation for himself as a young man of sterling qualifications.

He was born at Youngstown August 16, 1883, and as a boy attended the grammar and the Rayen High schools. His business career began as an employe of Clegg Brothers, of which his father was senior member, and he has remained with that institution ever since, except one year he spent traveling in the Northwest and two years in California.

About a year ago Mr. Clegg began to handle independently in carload lots flour and feed, and has now extended his business over a radius of fifty miles around Youngstown.

Mr. Clegg is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Rotary Club, and is affiliated with the lodge, chapter and council bodies of Masonry. September 17, 1910, he married Miss Florence McKelvey, daughter of G. M. McKelvey.

Robert Wadsworth, who since leaving university has been officially identified with several commercial organizations at Youngstown and elsewhere, and spent nearly a year in the Red Cross service in France, is a native of the Mahoning Valley, born at West Farmington, Trumbull County, June 30, 1885. He is a son of Frederick Backus and Mary (Millikan) Wadsworth.

He graduated from the high school at Warren in 1902, and from the University of Michigan with the A. B. degree in 1906. He was made a member of the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity. After several years associated with his father as a furniture merchant he became assistant secretary of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, holding that office from 1909 until 1912. Part of that time he was secretary of the Cleveland Advertising Club when it became known as the leading organization of its kind in the country.

In 1912 Mr. Wadsworth left Cleveland and for the following two years was secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. He was then elected secretary of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and handled many of the executive responsibilities of that organization until April, 1918.

He then enlisted in the Red Cross, sailing for France April 14, 1918, and soon afterward was appointed director of the Bureau of Supplies for the Eastern Zone in France with the rank of captain. This service required his attention for some months after the armistice, and he did not return to this country until March, 1919. In the earlier months of the war he served as secretary of the Liberty Loan Committee for Mahoning County, and occupied the same position after his return. Mr. Wadsworth is now a vice president of the Youngstown Securities Company.

He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, of the Youngstown Club, the Rotary Club, the First Presbyterian Church, and is chairman of the board of trustees of the Yale School of Youngstown. His home is at 277 Alameda Avenue in Youngstown. June 16, 1910, he married Miss Helen Cary Dustin, of Gloucester, Massachusetts. They have two children, Helen and Harvey.

Edmund McDonald, Jr. The Youngstown community has some grateful memories of the splendid service Mr. McDonald rendered for six years as general secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association. He gave many years to association work here and elsewhere in the country, but three years ago he located permanently at Youngstown to engage in the real estate business.

Mr. McDonald was born at Concord, North Carolina, December 18, 1880. His father, Edmund McDonald, was a native of Pennsylvania and as a youth went south and helped his father build one of the first cotton mills in the southern states. At Concord Edmund McDonald, Sr., married Rosalie Williams, who is now living at Charlotte, North Carolina. The father died at Concord about 1885.

Edmund McDonald, Jr., grew up in his native state, and finished his education in the State University. He was identified with Young Men's Christian Association work for sixteen years, beginning while in the university. For two years he was with the west side Young Men's Christian Association at New York City, and came to Ohio as general secretary of the association at Piqua. Mr. McDonald first came to Youngstown in 1909, and served six years as general secretary. During his administration a great impetus was given to association work, one prominent feature of which was the building of the present Young Men's Christian Association Building. On leaving Youngstown Mr. McDonald spent a year as general secretary of the Central Young Men's Christian Association at St. Louis, and following that was general secretary of the State Young Men's Christian Association of Georgia, with headquarters at Atlanta.

Resigning his active responsibilities with this great Christian organization Mr. McDonald in January, 1917, returned to Youngstown, and with the advantage of a large previous acquaintance in the city has made rapid strides in building up a large real estate business. He is a member of the Youngstown Real Estate Board, Chamber of Commerce, Youngstown Club and Youngstown Country Club, and is identified with

the local Young Men's Christian Association and the First Presbyterian Church.

October 7, 1908, Mr. McDonald married Alta Keepers, of Garden, Illinois. They have three children, George K., Helen S. and Alta.

Mr. McDonald contributed his individual energies to the notable war achievements of Youngstown. He served as secretary of the Mahoning County Red Cross drive for membership in 1917. In 1918 he was secretary of the County War Stamp campaign, and in 1920 acted as chairman for the campaign for the County Red Cross.

William J. Gutknecht became a resident of Youngstown in 1901, and his business associations ever since have been with the Youngstown Arc Engraving Company, of which he is manager.

Mr. Gutknecht was born at Canton, Ohio, June 6, 1883, son of Lewis and Savilla Rebecca (Mountain) Gutknecht. His grandfather, John Gutknecht, was a native of Berne, Switzerland, and was the founder of the family in America. He proved his loyalty to his adopted country by serving as a Union soldier during the Civil war with a regiment of Ohio artillery. Lewis Gutknecht is a machinist by trade, and is still living at Canton.

William J. Gutknecht was reared in his native city, graduated in the commercial course from the Canton High School in 1900, and in December of the same year began working in an engraving establishment. The following year he came to Youngstown, and has handled every duty and responsibility in the business offices of the Arc Engraving Company. For ten years he has been manager, and has been responsible for the steadily increasing volume of business that has come to this splendidly equipped concern.

Mr. Gutknecht is associated with the Rotary Club, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, Youngstown Club, and is a member of the Youngstown Real Estate Board and the Engineers Club of the Youngstown District. He is a Knight Templar and Scottish Rite Mason and a member of Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Cleveland, Ohio. He and his wife are members of the Plymouth Congregational Church. June 6, 1906, he married Florence S. Crew, of Youngstown. Their home has been blessed with three children, Margaret Savilla, William J., Jr., and Doris.

J. Ralph Seidner was born in Youngstown, May 27, 1885. The home of the Seidner family at that time occupied the exact location of the depot of the Youngstown and Southern Railroad; in fact he was born in what is now the waiting room of this depot. The old family home was remodeled into the present depot. His parents were Jonathan and Isabella (Morgan) Seidner. His father was born in Petersburg, Mahoning County, and his mother in Brier Hill, a suburb of Youngstown.

He received his education in the old Front Street and Rayen schools. As a high school boy he was greatly interested in athletics and spent all his spare time in the gymnasium. He was very apt at this kind of work and in his senior year left school and became the physical director of the Young Men's Christian Association at Charlotte, North Carolina. At that time he was but nineteen years old and was the youngest man filling such a position in the United States. He continued this work for two years with very successful results, in fact his classes became so large and many that he accomplished the work now done by three instructors. Spurred on by his success, he never thought of himself and finally one night, after having had an unusually hard day, he collapsed and remained unconscious for two weeks. After three months in the hospital he recovered sufficiently to return to his former home in Youngstown.

In the hope of regaining his health he became interested in automobiles and for the last fourteen years he has followed this line of business in all its branches. He is now distributor for the Parenti automobile in Pittsburgh and also has a retail agency for the same automobile in Youngstown.

Mr. Seidner's hobbies include motor-boating and flying at both of which he is very adept. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Elks and Masons.

Edward L. Ford was born at Albany, New York, March 24, 1856, his ancestors for generations having been well known residents of that locality. Among these, his paternal grandfather was a merchant and his father an attorney, and on the maternal side his grandfather, George R. Rudd, was a Presbyterian minister. All of these were college men, something rather unusual at that day. His parents were John W. and Francis Deeming (Rudd) Ford.

Graduating from Yale in 1876, Mr. Ford took a post-graduate course in metallurgy and then entered the Bessemer steel plant at Troy, New York, as a laborer. From that city he went to Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and was for a time employed in the Cambria Works. Later he was connected with the Springfield Iron Company at Springfield, Illinois. In 1880 he went to Europe, spending a year in the iron districts of England, France and Germany, and making a study of methods in use there. On his return to America he spent some time at the Edgar Thompson Steel Works, coming from that plant to the Brier Hill Iron & Coal Company at Youngstown. In 1882, in company with John Stambaugh and others, he organized the Youngstown Steel Company, which erected at Brier Hill a plant for making "washed metal," and later acquired the Tod furnace and other interests. Mr. Ford was general manager of the Youngstown Steel Company during its active career and has been its president for a number of years. The concern is now a holding company and not engaged in production. Mr. Ford serves on the directorate of a number of important local companies.

In addition to his activities in industrial lines he has been prominent in community affairs during his residence in Youngstown, and is a member of various clubs and social organizations, civic and financial. He was married on November 3, 1887, to Blanche (now deceased), eldest daughter of Joseph G. Butler, Jr. They had two children, John W. Ford, a graduate of Yale and of the Harvard Law School, and Josephine, both residents of Youngstown.

George L. Oles. Instances are numerous in the Mahoning Valley where men who have had but limited educational advantages have attained more

J. Ralph Sundin

than the usual measure of success; who, beginning at the bottom of life's ladder, have worked themselves to the top without outside assistance. Such men possess peculiar qualities, for in order to have accomplished what they have it has been necessary for them to have been self-reliant, capable, honorable and energetic. Through patient utilization of whatever opportunities have come their way these men have distanced their associates and have become leaders in the army of business men. Youngstown has been for many years the field of operation for aggressively successful men, and one who essentially belongs to this class is George L. Oles, the owner of the largest retail establishment of its kind at Youngstown.

Mr. Oles, who has been a resident of Youngstown for the past twelve years, was born at Riceville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, November 2, 1871. His father, M. W. Oles, was also a native of the Keystone State, a farmer by occupation and a soldier of the Union during the Civil war. The family moved to Youngstown in 1907, and here the mother, whose maiden name was Ida Allen, died in 1909, the father surviving until 1917. One of two children, George L. Oles was reared on the farm of his parents and in youth had few educational opportunities. At fifteen years of age he found a job packing kindling wood in a factory of that kind, and at once began to save his wages. At the end of four years he had accumulated sufficient capital, through constant industry and unending economy, to finance the opening of a modest restaurant venture at Austin, Potter County, Pennsylvania, where he remained two years. Disposing of his business to advantage, he went to the City of Buffalo, New York, where he extended his operations to cover the ownership of a grocery and meat market, and after three years sold out and made another move, this time locating at Shelby, Ohio. After this he made a number of changes, seeking a suitable location, and for a time was the proprietor of a fruit business at Elwood, Indiana. Later he went to Sandusky, Ohio, and then to New Castle, Pennsylvania, but finally settled permanently at Youngstown. Here he embarked in the retail fruit business on the Diamond, and then removed to the Tod House corner. Later he was located at 30 East Federal Street, and in 1918 moved to his present location on the Diamond although he still maintains a branch at No. 30 East Federal Street. In the spring of 1919 he established three electrical bake ovens, of the National System, the finest in the city. Mr. Oles furnishes employment to about 100 men and women and transacts an annual average business of $100,000. His keen business sense has rendered him valuable in any line in which he has chosen to direct his efforts.

In 1900 Mr. Oles married Una P. Shipley, of Rochester, New York, and they are the parents of two children: Georgia and Gale.

CHESTER C. ISALY. In compiling this volume of representative citizen of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley occasion has been afforded to give the records of men in many walks of life. Here will be found appropriate mention of worthy citizens in all vocations, and at this juncture we are permitted to offer a resume of the life record of one of the young and successful business men of this community, where, as manager of the Youngstown branch of the Isaly dairy interests, he has achieved a phenomenal success, demonstrating himself to be the possessor of unusual qualities as a business man, while his personal relations with the public have been such as to gain for him the universal respect and esteem of the community.

Chester C. Isaly is a native son of the old Buckeye State, having been born on his father's farm near Mansfield, Ohio, in 1886. His parents are William and Louise Isaly, natives of Switzerland, whence they came to the United States, settling on the Ohio River in Monroe County, Ohio. There William Isaly engaged in cheese making for a number of years, and met with a measure of success that encouraged him to widen his field of operations, so he eventually bought a large farm, about three miles from the City of Mansfield, and there manufactured cheese on a larger scale. Subsequently he added a general dairy business, which also was successful, and has been continued to the present time. They sold milk, butter and cheese in Mansfield and surrounding country, and their products gained an enviable reputation because of their high quality, the business growing to such an extent that they finally erected a large and up-to-date plant in Mansfield designed exclusively for the handling of their dairy products and the manufacture of ice cream. The parents found able assistants in their children, each of whom contributed to the best of their ability to the upbuilding of the business, which has been extended, branches being established in several other places, and some of them are devoting their attention to the operation of the farm, milking the cows and raising the necessary feed, etc. Selma is the wife of John Mahon, of Mansfield, where he owns a model dairy farm; Josephine remains at home with her parents; Charles has charge of the Isaly plant at Marion, Ohio; Samuel, who is a graduate of the University of Chicago, where he trained for service in the World war, is in charge of the home plant at Mansfield; Henry, the youngest, is attending school at home.

Chester C. Isaly was reared under the parental roof and secured his education in the schools of Mansfield. From the time he was old enough he has taken an active part in the business and has been an important factor in its development. When their plant at Marion, Ohio, was established he took charge of it, remaining there for three years, or until 1918, when the Farmers Dairy Company of Youngstown was purchased, since which time he has had charge of the business here. They have erected another modern plant here, constructed of brick and cement, and fireproof throughout, and still another extension of the business is contemplated. They employ forty persons, six trucks and ten wagons, and some idea of the importance of this concern can be deduced from the statement that in one year the volume of business has increased 500 per cent, the total now amounting to nearly a million dollars annually.

In 1916 Chester C. Isaly was married to Nellie Armstrong, of Mansfield, Ohio. He is a member of

the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is of a high type of business man and none more than he deserves a fitting recognition among those men whose genius and abilities have achieved results that are more enviable and commendable.

ERNEST SALOW. Through close application to business and honorable methods in directing his own affairs, Ernest Salow, proprietor of the Hotel Salow at Youngstown, has built up an ample fortune from a very small beginning and is numbered with the substantial business men of this city.

Ernest Salow was born in Germany, July 10, 1852. His parents were Carl and Rachel (Rathsack) Salow, both now deceased. They came to the United States from Mecklenburg, Germany, when Ernest was fourteen years old, their other surviving children being: Charles, of Hubbard, Ohio; Mrs. Lou Bata of Youngstown; and Mrs. Charles Simboldt of Hubbard. Before coming to the United States the father was a small farmer in Germany, but afterward worked as long as active in the coal mines near Hubbard, Ohio. He was an honest, hardworking man, and both he and wife were members of the Lutheran Church.

Ernest Salow, in 1868, helped to organize the Hubbard Cornet Band, and was a member of the same as long as he continued a resident of the village. He attended the public schools at Hubbard. He was about seventeen years old when he went to work in the coal mines, and he continued a miner until 1879, during this interval filling positions from the lowest to one of authority. In the above year Mr. Salow went into the grocery business at Hubbard and opened a bakery in connection. For six months he hired a regular baker, whom he assisted, and by that time had learned enough of the baking business to be able to conduct it alone, which he continued to do until 1881, when he moved to Youngstown and bought the business of Capt. John Beyer, located on the present site of the Hotel Salow. In 1890 he acquired the John F. Hines property, and then started a restaurant in connection with his bar and rented adjacent property, and from about that time his place has been called the Hotel Salow, his only early competitor being the Tod House. Since then Mr. Salow has improved and modernized his property, making many additions to the original structure, in 1900 buying the August Fisher property and in 1904 the Daniel Gribbon place. Additionally he has acquired much valuable realty and has improved it all. In 1915 he built the McManus Block, one of the best business properties here. In earlier years he purchased the Woolworth Building, which was damaged by fire in 1908, but was re-built by Mr. Salow in 1909. He is a man of sound business judgment and, while never desiring a political office, has often, as a far-seeing private citizen, interested himself in civic matters that have proved very beneficial to Youngstown.

At Hubbard, Ohio, in 1874, Mr. Salow was married to Miss Louisa Krimmer who is deceased. She was a daughter of Gottlieb Krimmer, a prominent coal operator at Hubbard. They had one daughter, Gertrude C., who is the wife of Archibald Wilson. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have three children, namely: Clara Louise, Marjory Gertrude and Ernest Salow Wilson. Mr. Wilson is a well known business man of Youngstown and is manager of the Hotel Salow. Mr. Salow belongs to the Lutheran Church, as did also his wife. He is a member of the Elks and Knights of Pythias, of a number of benevolent societies, and is a patron of good music at all times.

GEORGE V. THOMPSON. It is not an easy task to describe adequately a man who has led an eminently active and busy life and who has attained a position of relative distinction in the community with which his interests are allied. But biography finds its most perfect justification, nevertheless, in the tracing and recording of such a life history. It is with a full appreciation of all that is demanded and of the scrutiny that must be accorded each statement, and yet with a feeling of satisfaction, that the writer essays the task of touching briefly upon the details of such a record as has been that of the honored subject whose life now comes under review.

George V. Thompson, general superintendent of the Strouss-Hirshberg Company, was born at College Springs, Page County, Iowa, on September 29, 1878, and is the son of Robert M. and Mary C. (White) Thompson. Robert M. Thompson was born on a farm near Indiana, Indiana County, Pennsylvania, and was there reared, educated and married. After the latter event he moved to Page County, Iowa, and engaged in mercantile pursuits for several years. Eventually he returned to his native locality in Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1893, coming then to Youngstown, where he is now living, at the ripe old age of eighty-three years, his wife being three years his junior. They are members of the Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church here, and years ago, while living in Coalport, Pennsylvania, he was a member of the local school board. During the Civil war he enlisted in defense of the Union, as a member of a Pennsylvania regiment. He is now a member of Tod Post, Grand Army of the Republic, of which he is chaplain. Politically he is an earnest supporter of the republican party. To these parents were born eleven children, of which number the subject of this sketch is the sixth in order of birth, and nine of the number are still living.

George V. Thompson attended the public schools of Coalport and Phillipsburg, Pennsylvania, and completed his studies in Youngstown. At the age of sixteen years he went to work in the old Globe store, owned by S. D. Currier, his duties being to sweep the floors and keep the store clean. Afterward he was for a time employed in his father's store on High Street. On April 26, 1898, he volunteered for service in the Spanish-American war, becoming a member of the Fifth Ohio Regiment of Volunteer Infantry, with which he served until receiving his discharge on November 5th of the same year at Tampa, Florida, where he was in training at the time. Upon his return home he entered into a partnership with two of his brothers, H. P. and Rollin S., and they opened a general store at No. 1033 Mahoning Avenue. They continued the business until 1907, when the subject retired from the partnership and accepted the position of floor-walker in the Strouss-Hirshberg store, with which he has been identified ever since. Shortly

Ernst Galow

after entering that establishment he was advanced to the position of buyer, then became assistant manager and finally was appointed general superintendent, in which position he is still serving most acceptably. Thoroughly qualified in every way for the responsible post, he has made his services invaluable to the company with which he is associated, and his relations with those under him are such that he enjoys their general esteem and confidence.

In 1901 Mr. Thompson was married to Margaret Jones, the daughter of David Jones, and they have become the parents of one daughter, Lillian, now ten years old.

Politically a republican, Mr. Thompson has always taken a keen interest in local public affairs and has had an especial interest in educational matters. This fact was publicly recognized when recently he was elected a member of the Board of Education of the City of Youngstown, the honor coming to him entirely without any solicitation on his part. He and his wife are members of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, in which society he is a member of the official board. He is also a member of the Spanish-American War Veterans Association. In all that constitutes true manhood and good citizenship he is a notable example, his career having been characterized by duty faithfully performed, and by industry, thrift and wisely-directed efforts.

ALMON MAX FRANKLE. An enumeration of the enterprising and representative Austrian-Hungarian citizens of Mahoning County would be incomplete without special mention of Almon Max Frankle, treasurer of Frankle Brothers Company of Youngstown, for since casting his lot with this community he has stamped the impress of his individuality upon the community and benefited alike himself and his neighbors. While laboring for his own advancement he has not been selfish and neglected his duties to the public in general, but has always supported such measures as make for the general good.

Almon M. Frankle was born in Austria-Hungary on April 1, 1867, the son of Simon B. and Mary Frankle. He attended school there until 1880, when, at the age of fourteen years, he came to the United States with his sister, Mrs. Louis Klaster, whose husband now conducts a grocery store on West Federal Street, Youngstown. Mr. Frankle's first active employment in this country was as a pack peddler, in which humble but honorable employment he was fairly successful. However, he was ambitious, and so he applied himself to learn the trade of cigar making in the shop of Herman Rice on East Boardman Street. Sometime later he went to Cleveland and was employed in the cigar factory of Holstein & Goldberg. In 1884 Mr. Frankle engaged in the cigar business himself, first at Boardman and Watt streets, where he made and sold cigars. A year later he took his brother Mose into partnership, under the firm name of Frankle Brothers, and their business continued to grow. The second year they bought the business of Jenkins Powell Jones on East Federal Street, Mr. Jones being the famous singer of that day. The business continued to increase and in 1892 the firm moved to their present location at Phelps and Federal streets. Here they conduct both a wholesale and retail business, their sales extending over a radius of more than 100 miles around Youngstown. They job high-grade goods and have gained a reputation for honest dealings and quality goods.

In 1892 Mr. Frankle was married to Rebecca Goodman, who was born in Cleveland, Ohio, the daughter of Jacob Goodman. To them have been born two children, Madeline H., who is the wife of Fred S. Ulman, and Jerome H., who is a student in the Rayen High School.

Politically Mr. Frankle is a staunch supporter of the republican party, while fraternally he is a member of the Masonic Order, in which he has attained to the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He has taken an active part in welfare, religious and fraternal work. He is a member of the Children of Israel Congregation and is a member of the committee to which has been confined the supervision of the erection of the new temple for the Anshe Emeth Jewish congregation. In every relation of life Mr. Frankle has carefully observed the highest standard of ethics, and because of his business success and his splendid personal qualities he enjoys to an eminent degree the esteem and good will of all who know him.

JOHN DEVENNE. The man who has made a success of life and won the honor and esteem of his fellow citizens deserves more than passing notice. Such is the record, briefly stated, of John DeVenne, well-known citizen and pioneer business man of Youngstown. By a life of persistent and well applied energy and commendable industry led along the most honorable lines, he has justly earned the right to conspicuous mention in a work of the province of the one in hand, along with the other progressive and public-spirited men of the community who have made their influence felt on behalf of the best interests of the locality. And because of his unswerving honesty in all his dealings with his fellow men and his generous and kindly nature he has won and retained a host of warm personal friends throughout the locality long honored by his citizenship.

John DeVenne was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on January 21, 1858, and is the son of Alexander and Eliza Jane (Young) DeVenne. Alexander DeVenne was a native of County Derry in the north of Ireland, where he was born in 1826. He learned the trade of a mechanic under his father, who was an expert in that line, and became very proficient in the use of all kinds of tools and in wood working. In young manhood he immigrated to America, locating in St. Johns, New Brunswick, Canada, where he remained about a year. He then came to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he was married and where he resided until 1867, when he brought his family to Youngstown, Ohio. Here he bought a lot of William Warner and built him a home, in which he resided during the remainder of his life, his death occurring in 1912, at the age of eighty-six years. For many years he was active in building operations, assisting in the erection of many of the notable buildings of those days, among which were the old courthouse, the Front Street School and

the old Howell Block, and during at least a portion of that time he was associated with O. D. Jones. During two years of the Civil war he was employed by the government as a carpenter. He and his wife were faithful members of the United Presbyterian Church. Mrs. DeVenne was born in Ireland and was the daughter of John Young, a clock maker, who died in his native land. Sometime afterward his widow brought her family to the United States, locating near Worcester, Massachusetts, subsequently moving to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where the daughter became the wife of Mr. DeVenne. Mrs. DeVenne died in 1877, when about fifty years of age. Of the eight children born to these parents four are living, the subject of this sketch being the oldest. The others are, Mary, the wife of Herman P. Orr, of Youngstown; Samuel, a plumber in Canton, Ohio; and James T. Elizabeth died when twenty-eight years old and Alexander died at Cripple Creek, Colorado, at the age of forty-two years.

John DeVenne was about nine years of age when the family came to Youngstown, and he first attended a country school located on what is now Mahoning Avenue, also attending the Wood Street School and Rayen High School. After leaving school he entered the employ of William Watson, who was engaged in the milk business, and remained with him for twelve years, milking cows and driving a wagon. In February, 1882, he bought of John K. Wolff a grocery store at the corner of Oakhill Avenue and Essex Street, and has continued to operate the store to the present time, a period of nearly forty years. The store is most eligibly located in one of the best sections of the city and at all times has enjoyed a large and representative patronage. He carries a complete and well-selected line of goods and his relations with his customers have always been of such a character that he has ever enjoyed the confidence and good will of all who have had dealings with him.

In 1884, Mr. DeVenne was married to Mary A. Jones, the daughter of William Jones, of Portage County, Ohio, her birth having occurred near Thorn Hill on February 6, 1859. She died May 11, 1920. They became the parents of three children, namely: Myron L., who graduated from the Rayen High School, the Western Reserve University and the Case School of Applied Science, and is now a resident of Rochester, New York, where he is district salesman for the Stromberg Electric Company; John C., who graduated from Rayen High School and Western Reserve University, and is now president and general manager of the Cleveland Cartage Company, one of the leading transfer companies of that city; and M. Marjorie, who graduated from the South High School and Wellesley College, Wellesley, Massachusetts, with the class of 1920, and with the degree of B. A.

Politically Mr. DeVenne is a stanch supporter of the republican party, and has always taken a keen interest in local public affairs. He served as a member of the city council from the old Fourth Ward (now the Eighth Ward), for four years and served on the committee on legislation. During the third year of his service he was vice president of the council and was president the fourth year. He and his family are members of the Tabernacle United Presbyterian Church, of which he has been an elder for twelve years. Fraternally he is a member of Western Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. He has always been deeply interested in whatever tended to promote the prosperity of his city and county and has consistently supported all worthy public interests. By a straightforward and commendable course, he has long enjoyed a high position in the business world, earning a reputation as an enterprising, progressive man of affairs and as a broad-minded, charitable and upright citizen.

Walter Wyatt McKay, A. B., M. D., of Warren, has been identified with the medical profession of the Mahoning Valley for ten years and with the civic and social life of Warren for the same length of time, and he has won a place among the successful physicians and surgeons and the worth-while citizens of the community.

While Doctor McKay is a Pennsylvanian by birth, he is descended from two old Trumbull County families. He is in the fourth generation from Samuel McKay, who moved from Washington County, Pennsylvania, to West Middlesex Pennsylvania, in 1830. In 1838 he settled in Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, just across the Pennsylvania line from Trumbull County. His son, Wyatt McKay, married Eliza Montgomery, of Brookfield, Trumbull County, and lived there all his life. Samuel A. McKay, son of Wyatt, and father of the doctor, was for many years a merchant at Sharon, Pennsylvania. After his retirement from business he removed to Warren. He married Mary Clark, who was born in Canfield, Trumbull County (now Mahoning County), the daughter of Walter Clark, an early cabinet-maker and farmer of Canfield.

Doctor McKay was born at Sharon, Pennsylvania, on September 8, 1881. He attended the Sharon public schools, graduated from the Rayen High School, Youngstown, and entered Oberlin College in 1902, graduating A. B., class of 1905. He did post-graduate work, lectured and acted as athletic coach at Oberlin for a year, and entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons (Medical Department of Columbia University), where he studied medicine and acted as athletic coach for two years. He then took a two years' course in medicine and surgery at Western Reserve University, graduating M. D., class of 1910. He served as interne at Lakeside Hospital, Cleveland, for a period and in the fall of 1911 he entered practice at Warren.

Doctor McKay is a member of the Trumbull County Medical Society, the Ohio State Medical Society, the American Medical Association and is a member of the staff of Warren City Hospital.

During the World war Doctor McKay served, without compensation, as medical member of the Trumbull County Draft Board, and during the period of the war he subordinated his private interests and his personal practice, giving practically all of his time to the draft board.

Doctor McKay is a member of the Old Erie Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Warren Council No. 58, Warren Commandery No. 39, and of the Al Koran Temple, Cleveland. He

W. W. McKay M.D.

is also a member of Warren Lodge of Elks. He is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, Warren Rotary Club and the Country Club, also a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

Doctor McKay married Marie, daughter of Charles N. Russell, of Elgin, Illinois, and to them three sons have been born: John Russell, Robert Clark and Richard Wilbur.

CHARLES G. REED. There is no positive rule for achieving success, and yet in the life of the successful man there are always lessons which might well be followed. The man who gains prosperity is he who can see and utilize the opportunity that comes in his path. The essential conditions of human life are ever the same, the surroundings of individuals differing but slightly; and when one man passes another on the highway of life to reach the goal of prosperity it is because he has the power to use advantages which probably encompass his fellows also. Today among the prominent citizens and successful business men of Youngstown stands Charles G. Reed. The qualities of keen discrimination, sound judgment and executive ability enter very largely into his makeup and have been contributing elements in the material success which has come to him.

Charles G. Reed probably enjoys the unique distinction of having owned at various time more drug stores in the City of Youngstown than any other person, he having adopted the policy of opening a store, stocking it thoroughly, getting a trade well established, and then selling the store. At the present time he is the owner of two stores, one at No. 210 Scott Street and the parent store at No. 1517 Market Street.

Mr. Reed is a native son of the old Buckeye State, having been born at Irondale, Jefferson County, Ohio, on June 3, 1880. He is the son of James and Emma (Champear) Reed, originally of Fairview, West Virginia, both of whom are now deceased, the father dying in 1916, at the age of sixty-five years, and the mother passing away soon afterward. The father, who was a wagonmaker by trade, came to Youngstown in 1911, and spent the remainder of his days here. The subject of this sketch attended the public schools of Irondale, graduating from the high school, and then took a course in pharmacy in the Northern Ohio University at Ada. For a time he was employed as a pharmacist at Wellsville, Ohio, and then went to Irwin, Pennsylvania, where for four years he conducted a drug store of his own. Then for ten months he owned a drug store in Wellsville, Ohio, which he sold and located in Youngstown, where he has since remained. He is a thoroughly competent drug man and has the business acumen necessary to make things come his way. His parent store is one of the leading drug stores of Youngstown and commands a large and representative trade. Mr. Reed was one of the organizers of the South Side Savings Bank, of which he was one of the first officers, and in many ways he has been a vital factor in the business life of the city now honored by his citizenship.

In 1900 Mr. Reed was married to Leonora Thompson, the daughter of Murray Thompson, of Irondale, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of three children, Charles Gerald, Margaret and Raymond Pearson. Fraternally Mr. Reed is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and is also an active member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. Mrs. Reed is a member of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Reed has ever enjoyed the respect and esteem of those who know him for his friendly manner, business ability, his interest in public affairs and upright living, and he is regarded by all as one of the substantial and worthy citizens of his community.

MARTIN VAN BUREN BENTLEY. From the earliest years of the nineteenth century the Bentleys have been a strong and substantial family of people in a section of the Mahoning Valley on both sides of the state line, but chiefly in Hubbard Township of Trumbull County. Their record connects them with the clearing of the forests and the building of some of the pioneer homes, with participation as soldiers in the wars of the nation, and with advancing stages of agriculture and business.

While he is now a resident of the Village of Hubbard and practically retired, Martin Van Buren Bentley has shared the characteristics of the family, and for many years was one of the leading farmers and sheep growers. He was born in Hubbard Township two and a half miles east of the village, almost at the state line, March 27, 1844, son of Joseph and Sarah (Veach) Bentley. His father was born over the Pennsylvania line in Pulaski in 1803, son of Newton and Jane Bentley, who came from Ireland and lived out their lives in Western Pennsylvania. Joseph Bentley when a young man came to Ohio, and one of the interesting incidents of his early experience was attending a barn raising for Jesse Veach, one of the prominent old Veach family of Trumbull County. At that barn raising, which in those days was considered a social function, he met Sarah Veach, and not long afterward they were happily married. Her parents were William and Peggy Veach, who came to Ohio from Virginia. Martin Van Buren Bentley's earliest recollections of his maternal grandfather concern his character as a local preacher of the Methodist Church. He carried the gospel all over this section, and for many years devoted himself to the itinerant ministry. Sarah's brother, Jesse Veach, spent all his life on his old farm, where he died in old age, and the place is still owned by his descendants. Joseph Bentley after his marriage settled near her parents, and both he and his wife attained advanced years, he dying in Hubbard at the age of eighty-one and she at the age of ninety-six. She practically never suffered the infirmities of age until as a result of a fall she broke her hip. Joseph Bentley was an old-style democrat, and was long an active member of the Veach Methodist Chapel, which her father had organized. Its original building erected in the earliest forties is still in use and in a good state of preservation. Joseph Bentley was the type of father who took his sons into co-operation with him and working together they built up a property of over 182 acres. What was long known as the family home had been erected with all its timbers hewed out of logs, and the house was one of the best of its kind. Some years after the Civil war the present residence was built by Martin Van Buren Bentley, who still owns the old homestead.

The children of Joseph Bentley and wife were in addition to Martin Van Buren, Margaret, who died in infancy; Hudson, who went to Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and died when past eighty-four years of age; Sarah Ann, a twin of Hudson, also lived to advanced age and became the wife of Warren Randall, their home being at Windom, Ohio; Emery, who died in 1863, while in the uniform of a Union soldier in Company C of the Nineteenth Ohio Infantry; Lucy, who is living at Hubbard Village at the age of eighty-two, the widow of Oric Pothour, who died in 1920; Eunice Viola, the youngest, married Millard Jacobs and is living at Hubbard.

The two oldest sons, Hudson and Emery, early became associated with their father on the farm, and when Emery gave up his life to the country his place was taken by his brother Martin, who in the following year, 1864, also enlisted, joining the One Hundred and Seventy-First Ohio Infantry. He was with the regiment when it was captured by General Morgan. The war over he returned to the farm with his father and had an active partnership for many years. The sheep industry was always a prominent feature of the Bentley farm. They handled various breeds, chiefly wool and mutton breeds, but Mr. Bentley in his time was also a breeder of the pure bred Merino and Coteswold strain, and kept as high as 200 head. While in the country he always kept good road horses, being fond of driving. Besides the homestead he owns seventy-six acres adjoining the state line. This he operates personally and has his old farm in charge of a tenant. Since 1901 his home has been in Hubbard Village. The only office in which Mr. Bentley has consented to serve was road supervisor. He departed from the traditions of the family and became a republican, and his sons have followed in the same way.

At the age of twenty-eight he married Harriet Anderson, of Mercer County, Pennsylvania. Three children were born to their marriage: Edward, a mechanic at Canton, Ohio; Clayton, a farmer in Lake County, Michigan; and Florence, who died at Canton at the age of forty-one, the wife of Rev. M. E. Evans. Mr. Bentley and family are Methodists. The old Veach Church in which he was reared has since been combined with the Hubbard Church. Mr. Bentley was a charter member of Tylee Post of the Grand Army of the Republic at Hubbard, but is now affiliated with Tod Post at Youngstown.

Severn P. Ker is a name that is prominently connected with one of the leading commercial industries of the country, the manufacture of steel. He was born in Richmond, Virginia, February 17, 1864, and his youth and early boyhood days were spent amid the impoverished surroundings left in the South as a result of the devastation of the Civil war. His father, Heber Ker, had served as a captain in the Confederate Army during that struggle. Previous to this period, in the old Southern Ante-bellum days he had been a "Squire" of his county, was a member of a state constitutional convention and withal was a man of consequence and influence in his community. He married in his early life Mary Kinney.

Their son Severn, who now occupies a prominent place among the steel manufacturers of the East, as a boy sold newspapers on the streets of Staunton, Virginia, and later clerked in the local stores of that town and worked for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Staunton, during which time he studied stenography and finally became the private secretary of Maj. Jedediah Hotchkiss, long noted as one of the greatest developers of coal, iron and lumber in the states of Virginia and West Virginia. It was while in the employ of this noted geologist that Severn P. Ker had his attention attracted to the iron and steel industry. His previous education had been acquired by attending the common schools of his town until he reached the age of twelve years. When he attained his twenty-first year he came to Pittsburgh without any acquaintances and without any introduction to seek employment in the iron or steel business, and by applying from place to place found employment as a minor clerk in the office of Smith, Sutton & Company, crucible steel manufacturers in Lower Allegheny. For fourteen years he remained with that company, which later became Smith Brothers & Company. About two years after entering on this employment the company was incorporated under the name of La Belle Steel Company and Mr. Ker was made assistant secretary. About a year later he became secretary of the company, which position he occupied until the company was merged into the Crucible Steel Company of America.

In 1899 he was made vice president in charge of sales of the American Steel Hoop Company in New York City and two years later, when the United States Steel Corporation was organized, he returned to Pittsburgh and became connected with what has since become one of the greatest steel corporations of the world, and remained with the Steel Corporation for about a year. Mr. Ker then returned to the Crucible Steel Company of America, and from January, 1905, until October, 1909, he was vice president in charge of sales of the Republic Iron & Steel Company. On October 1, 1909, he acquired an interest in the Sharon Steel Hoop Company at Sharon, Pennsylvania, and in February, 1910, became its president, which position he has since occupied. Besides the Sharon Steel Hoop Company, Mr. Ker is a director of the Youngstown Pressed Steel Company, Warren, Ohio; the Stambaugh Iron Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Consolidated Steel Corporation of New York, the First National and Dollar Savings and Trust Company of Youngstown; and is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute.

In 1891 he was married to Annie Williams Gray, of Nashville, Tennessee, and three children have been born to them: Mary Ruth, who is now Mrs. Parker H. Cunningham, of New Castle, Pennsylvania; Annie Gray, who is the wife of Edward H. Boyd, of Sharon, Pennsylvania; and Severn P. Ker, Jr., who after leaving preparatory schools in the East, volunteered as a private in the Ninth Regiment, United States Marine Corps, and since the war has been employed in the blast furnace department of the Lowellville plant of the Sharon Steel Hoop Company.

Mr. Ker is an Episcopalian in his religious affiliations and in politics gives his allegiance to the republican party. Aside from his business his greatest pleasure is in his home, surrounded by his family,

Samuel P. Ker

his friends and his books, the latter forming a collection rare in its extent, its diversity, the intelligence with which it was selected and the thoroughness with which the volumes have been read.

William M. Edwards. The home place of William M. Edwards at Niles, in Weathersfield Township, has associations for the Edwards family running back nearly a century, and the old homestead also offers a visible proof of the rapid disintegration of old land holdings in the Mahoning Valley, due to the encroachment and upbuilding of industries, so that many acres formerly cultivated to crops are now industrial sites for great plants.

On the site of his present home William M. Edwards was born September 11, 1869, son of William F. and Sarah A. (Parks) Edwards. His grandfather, John Edwards, came from Greene County, Pennsylvania, in 1824, first locating at Salt Springs in Weathersfield Township, near Niles, but two years later moving to the other side of that village, and in 1829 buying fifty-five acres of the old Edwards homestead at Niles. He built a cabin on the land, and occupied it with his family in 1830. Thereafter he gave his time to farming, and died about twenty-five years later, at the age of fifty-five. His wife was Jane Rook, also of Pennsylvania, who lived to the age of ninety-three, passing away in 1874. They were the parents of five children: Samuel, an iron worker in the shops at Niles, who died at the age of eighty-three; John, who removed to Mecca Township, where he died at the age of seventy-two, his three surviving children being Mrs. Josephine Crooks, Calvin and Charles, all of Mecca Township; William F.; George, who spent his last years near Lake Michigan in the State of Michigan; and Mary, deceased wife of John Reel, of Girard.

William F. Edwards spent all his life on the old homestead and died in 1898, at the age of eighty-one. In 1890 he replaced the old log house built by his father in 1830 with the home now occupied by his daughter. That old log house soon after it was completed was visited by Joseph Smith, then removing with his Mormon colony to Kirtland, Ohio. Joseph Smith remained there over Sunday, and held services in the yard of the Edwards home. William F. Edwards married at the age of forty-eight Sarah A. Parks, who was reared at Canfield in Mahoning County and died in 1881, at the age of forty. She was the mother of three children: Alice, Mrs. John Rook, of Niles; Nettie, Mrs. Joseph Scriven, who lives at the old home just opposite the house of her brother William; and William M.

William M. Edwards was reared and educated in his native community, and as a youth acquired the trade of stationary engineer. He spent nine years with the Niles Boiler Company, another nine years in the railroad shops, and for six years was an employe of the Republic Iron & Steel Company at the DeForest plant. The plant of this company stands on the old Edwards farm, nearly all of which has been sold as industrial sites. Besides that portion that went to the Republic Iron & Steel Company, other land was acquired by the Standard Boiler Company and the Youngstown Steel Car Company. Mr. Edwards, however, has retained a nice tract for a modern suburban home. Mr. Edwards is a member of the Knights of Pythias and has filled several chairs in the local lodge. His first wife was Sarah E. Swindler, who left one daughter, Henrietta, now attending school. For his present wife Mr. Edwards married Mary J. Winkelross, of Pennsylvania.

Ernest Evans, superintendent of the Hubbard plant of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, is an iron and steel man of both technical and practical experience and has been identified with the industry in various capacities for nearly thirty years.

He grew up in the atmosphere of blast furnaces in the famous Hanging Rock iron region of Southern Ohio, and was born near Portsmouth in that section of the state February 16, 1869. His parents were Mitchell and Ella (Murphy) Evans. His grandfather, Abram Evans, moved from Augusta, Maryland, to Kentucky in early days. Mitchell Evans was born in that state in 1820 and as an orphan boy came to Ohio and was bound out until reaching his majority. For several years he was a dealer in tanbark, shipping his product on the Ohio River. In 1863 he moved to the town where his son was born and where his widow still lives. Ella Murphy was reared at Buena Vista in Scioto County, Ohio, and is now seventy-six years of age. Her father, David Murphy, was born in New York State in 1800 and was an early settler in Southern Ohio. He was a justice of the peace, postmaster at Buena Vista, and also a conductor of the underground railway in ante-bellum days. During the Civil war two of his sons were officers, one a lieutenant on the Confederate side and the other a captain in the Federal army. The brothers were participants in the battle of Lookout Mountain, though they were not aware of the presence of both at the time. The lieutenant lived in Texas and the captain was a correspondent of the Cincinnati Inquirer and sent the first description of the "battle above the clouds" to that paper.

Ernest Evans grew up on his father's farm, and in 1886 entered Ohio State University with the intention of acquiring a technical education to fit him for the iron and steel industry in which he had long been interested. He graduated in 1892, after special work in chemistry and metallurgy, and his first professional employment was at Mingo Junction as assistant chemist in what is now a plant of the Carnegie Steel Company. He remained there until 1900, then spent one year with the Woodward Iron Company at Woodward, Alabama, as assistant superintendent, that being one of the larger iron and steel plants of the South, with ore, coke and blast furnace, and employing 3,000 men. He then returned to the works at Mingo Junction as foreman of the converting mill, using the Bessemer process. This is one of the most particular jobs about a steel mill. It requires most exact knowledge, and upon the judgment of the foreman depends that instant decision as to when the converting crucible must be inverted, a moment too soon or too late meaning the loss of the entire heating of a half ton of valuable steel. A few months there and Mr. Evans became superintendent of a small blast furnace at Zanesville, Ohio, and three years later went to Donora, Pennsylvania, where for two years he was super-

intendent of a modern blast furnace. For a year and a half he was with the McKeefrey Iron Company at Leetonia, Ohio, and in 1909 came to Hubbard as chief chemist for the Andrews & Hitchcock Company. Their No. 1 furnace had just been completed, and he continued his work as chemist until 1915. In April, 1914, the Hubbard plant was acquired by the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, and the following year Mr. Evans was promoted to plant superintendent. He has been the technical adviser in practically all of the important developments in this local industry, which now employs about 400 men, with a daily capacity of 850 tons, the plant covering twenty-five acres. The industry has had a fairly even and successful course. Mr. Evans gives all his time to the business and is a stockholder in the company. He was also superintendent of construction for the company's project of erecting a storage dam or lake on Yankee Run, where the company owns 700 acres of land. This lake affords 200,000,000 gallons capacity, and furnishes an ample supply of water to the Hubbard plant. The lake is also well stocked with fish.

Mr. Evans is a director of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Relief Association, and lives in Youngstown. He enjoys all the wholesome outdoor sports, is a Chapter and Council Mason, and with his family is a member of Trinity Church at Youngstown and a steward in that church.

At Steubenville, Ohio, December 25, 1897, he married Elizabeth Linn, of that city. They have two sons, Ernest Linn and James Mitchell, both graduates of the South School of Youngstown and now students in the Ohio State University, Ernest L. being a junior in the engineering course, while James Mitchell is a freshman in the law school.

Rollin A. Cobb. As manufacturer, financier and business man Rollin A. Cobb has been intimately associated with the City of Warren for over forty years, and during that time he has been a force in the growth of the city and in the development of the industrial and banking interests.

Mr. Cobb was born in Jamestown, New York, on December 2, 1852. His grandfather, Adam B. Cobb, a native of Vermont, married Thetis Bishop, and settled at Jamestown, New York, in early days and became a pioneer manufacturer of agricultural implements in that city. Norval B. Cobb, son of Adam B. and father of Rollin A., was born at Jamestown. He came to Trumbull County when the oil fields were opened in this section in 1860, and was an oil operator until 1873, in which year he returned to Jamestown, where he died in 1884. He married Amelia M. Lord, who was born in England and came with her parents to Jamestown, New York, in 1844. She died in 1890.

Rollin A. Cobb began his business career in 1871 as clerk in the drug store of H. G. Stratton & Company at Warren. Later he became a member of that firm. In 1881 he became secretary and treasurer of the Winfield Manufacturing Company of Warren, later was made vice president of that company, which position he still holds, and the development of that company has been due in a considerable measure to Mr. Cobb's business ability. He is vice president of the Western Reserve Furniture Company. He is also vice president of the Winfield Electric Welding Machine Company of Warren. He is also president of the Enterprise Electric Company of Warren, and is president of the Park Hardware Company of Warren. For many years Mr. Cobb was a director of the old Union National Bank of Warren, and was vice president of it at the time it was reorganized into the Union Savings and Trust Company. He has been vice president, director and member of the discount committee of the bank ever since its reorganization, and has had a part in the building of that bank into one of the solid banking institutions of the Mahoning Valley.

In 1908 Mr. Cobb was elected as a republican member of the Ohio House of Representatives and served one term.

Mr. Cobb's career as a manufacturer and banker has been one of consistent success and progress, while as a private citizen he has done his full share to promote the welfare of the entire community, and as secretary, treasurer and member of the Board of Trustees of the Warren City Hospital since its organization he has given ample evidence of his deep interest in the civic affairs of the city. He is a director of the Warren Board of Trade, and is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar.

Mr. Cobb was united in marriage in 1879 with Lucy P., the daughter of the late William R. Stiles, of Warren, and to them have been born two sons and one daughter: William S., who died in 1909, at the age of twenty-seven years; Norval H., who is identified with the Winfield Manufacturing Company; and Elizabeth, who married A. W. Ashley, of Warren.

Harry W. Williams, secretary and treasurer of the Lowellville Savings & Banking Company of Lowellville, Ohio, was born at Lowellville, Mahoning County, Ohio, on the 28th day of March, 1881, the son of William and Maria (Becker) Williams. His father was born at Greenville, Pennsylvania, and when a young man came to Lowellville, where he married Maria Becker, a daughter of Lorenz Becker, a native of Alsace-Lorraine. They were the parents of four children, Daisy M., John L., and Harry W. and Hattie E., twins, all residing at Lowellville.

Harry W. Williams was reared at Lowellville and received his education in the Lowellville public schools. Leaving school, he accepted a position as drug clerk in a local drug store, and after serving in this capacity for two years he resigned to accept a position as assistant agent for the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company at Bentley Station, located across the river from Lowellville. After one year's service he was transferred to the Haselton Yards of the same company, and afterward was promoted to chief clerk under Edwin Reese, general yard master and assistant train master. He was made chief clerk August 22, 1904, and served in that capacity until May 14, 1907, when he resigned to accept his present position as secretary and treasurer of the Lowellville Savings & Banking Company. Mr. Williams has been with the Lowellville Savings & Banking Company since the first year of its

P. A. Cobb

existence, and his personal service to the patrons, his knowledge of banking and his solid business qualifications have had a great deal to do with the steady advancement and prosperity of the company.

The Lowellville Savings and Banking Company was organized in March, 1906. The original capital was $30,000, while now the capital is $50,000 with surplus of $60,000. The total resources of the company at the present time are nearly a million dollars. It is an index of the favorable esteem enjoyed by the bank and its officers and also of the general prosperity of the Lowellville community that nearly $900,000 are on deposit with the company. The first president of the bank was H. D. Smith, who resigned after a year on account of being unable to give the bank the attention it should have owing to his numerous other duties. Mr. Smith was succeeded by L. H. E. Lowry. Mr. Lowry continued as president until his death, which occurred August 12, 1917, at which time he was succeeded as president by Mr. Robert Gray. Beside Mr. Gray the other officers of the bank are John Frech, vice president, William J. Lomax, vice president and H. W. Williams, secretary and treasurer. The directors of the institution are as follows: Edwin N. Allison, Margaret J. Arrel, James F. Baird, John Frech, Robert Gray, Dorcas A. Hamilton, William J. Lomax, James Meehan, Jr., Harmon T. McCartney, Elmer C. Robinson, Paul B. H. Smith, Melvin Stacy and Harry W. Williams. The Banking Company owns its own building, a two-story brick structure, with offices on the second floor. Mr. Williams was local chairman for all of the Liberty Loan campaigns during the World war and in recognition of his services was presented with a certificate signed by William G. McAdoo, secretary of the treasury, and D. C. Wills, chairman of the Central Liberty Loan Committee, Fourth Federal Reserve District. The certificate reads as follows: "This is to certify that H. W. Williams of Lowellville, Ohio, who did so much toward making a success of the Liberty Loans thereby rendered yeoman service to America in the winning of the World war. It is in testimony of that effort carried through with untiring zeal and in appreciation of the sacrifices often entailed in its performance, that I express in the name of the Central Liberty Loan Committee, the recognition of that active and effective patriotism."

Mr. Williams is a member of Western Star Lodge No. 21, Free and Accepted Masons, Youngstown, Youngstown Chapter No. 93, Royal Arch Masons, Buechner Council No. 107, Royal and Select Masons, and Lowellville Lodge No. 537, Knights of Pythias. Mr. Williams served the Village of Lowellville as village clerk from May 1903, to January, 1906. He has been serving the village as its treasurer for five consecutive terms of two years each. Politically he is a republican. In October, 1909, he married Edith May Platts, of Youngstown. Her father, Henry Simms Platts, was a brick mason, and his death was one of the tragedies of the Sharon Steel Hoop Company plant at Lowellville. He was relining a ladle, when another ladle carried by a crane tipped over, spilling 100 tons of molten metal, and from the burns he died four hours later. Mr. and Mrs. Williams are members of St. John's Episcopal Church of Youngstown. They have one son, William Henry, born August 2, 1912.

Glenn W. Lett, who comes of a family of mechanics, learned blacksmithing, which was his father's trade, and for many years conducted a shop and more recently has operated a repair shop and garage at Coalburg. Coalburg, a place normally with about 1,000 population, was for many years an important center of the coal mining interests of Hubbard Township, though now its chief industry is railroading. One of the notable women of Trumbull County lived here, Hannah Stinson, who came from New Jersey at the age of four years and died at Coalburg at the age of 101. She was a teacher and later in life a carpet weaver.

Glenn W. Lett was born three miles east of Sharon, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1874, son of Dallas D. and Mary (Chambers) Lett. His grandfather, Allen Lett, was born in Ohio in 1818, and at the age of twenty-three established his home in Hubbard Township. He was a shoemaker by trade and followed that occupation for many years. He died at the age of seventy-four. He was janitor of the Baptist Church for many years. His wife was Matilda Glenn.

Dallas Lett, who was born in Hubbard Township, learned the trade of blacksmith in Pennsylvania and worked at it for thirty-five years, twenty-five years of that time with the Mahoning Coal Company. Later he opened a shop at Coalburg, but retired to a farm four years later and died at the age of fifty-seven. He never desired office, but was very active and a constant attendant of the Baptist Church at Hubbard. His wife survived him three years. Their children were three in number: John Dallas, an engineer with the New York Central Lines at Youngstown, who died at the age of twenty-eight; Ethel Elenora, who died at the age of thirty-five, the wife of David Evans of Hubbard; and Glenn.

Glenn Lett gained a good education in the local school and as a boy began working in his father's blacksmith shop, acquired a thorough knowledge of the trade, and it was his chief occupation for twenty-eight years. In September, 1916, he established a garage at Coalburg, is also a dealer in cars, and has a very thriving business. He is one of the local citizens whose influence counts for better schools and better roads, and for years he favored school consolidation. He served as a member of the Election Board sixteen years, is an independent democrat in politics and has been a member of the Christian Church for thirty years.

At the age of twenty-one Mr. Lett married Euphrasia McKinley, daughter of William and Edna (Moore) McKinley. Her father, who was born in Weathersfield Township, in the same locality where President McKinley was born, had served 3½ years in the Union Army with the One Hundred and Twenty-Fifth Ohio Infantry before he was twenty-one years of age. After the war he became a farmer a mile south of Coalburg, and he died on his farm at the age of seventy-two. For two terms he was trustee of Hubbard Township. His wife, Edna Moore, was a daughter of James Moore, of Lowellville, Ohio. Mrs. Lett before her marriage was a

school teacher. She is the mother of four living children: Ora, wife of Allen Edwards, an Erie railway man at Youngstown; Mary, a teacher in the Madison Street School; John, an employe of the New York Central Lines at Coalburg; and Edward, a schoolboy. Mr. and Mrs. Lett also have two grandchildren, Glenn Allen Edwards and Robert John Edwards.

William Griswold Hurlbert. One of the prominent business men of the Mahoning Valley is William G. Hurlbert, who as a successful manufacturer has been identified with the industrial interests of the city of Niles for thirty years, and who as a progressive and popular citizen has been prominent in the civic and social affairs of the cities of both Niles and Warren for almost the same length of time.

Mr. Hurlbert is a descendant of an old American family which was founded in New England in 1652 by Thomas Hurlbert (who spelled his name "Hurlbut"), and who came over from England in that year. His son John, grandfather of William G., was a native of Connecticut. When he was a young man John Hurlbert started West, probably with the intention of locating on the Western Reserve. However, he stopped for a time in Oneida County, New York, where he met and married Lucy Perry, who was a member of the same family as was Commodore Oliver Hazzard Perry. Sometime after his marriage John Hurlbert continued his journey westward, in an ox-cart, and located at Forestville, Chautauqua County, New York, where he became a successful manufacturer of carriages and wagons, and where he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives.

John Forbes Hurlbert, son of John and Lucy (Perry) Hurlbert, was born at Forestville, New York, and for several years was associated with his father in the carriage and wagon manufacturing business under the firm name of John Hurlbert & Son. Disposing of his manufacturing interests, he engaged in the hotel business at Forestville, and so continued until 1870, in which year he took charge of a hotel at Petroleum Center, near Oil City, Pennsylvania. Later he removed to Buffalo, New York, where he spent his last days. At Forestville, New York, he married Ann Maria Griswold, who was born at York Mills, New York, the daughter of Caleb Griswold, a native of Connecticut and an early citizen of Western New York. She died at Jamestown, New York.

William G. Hurlbert, son of John Forbes and Ann Maria (Griswold) Hurlbert, was born at Forestville, New York, on November 11, 1858, and was educated in the public schools of New York and Pennsylvania. When he was a young man he entered the office of The Buffalo (New York) Courier, and was in the newspaper business for a time, then entered railroad work as traveling freight agent for the Western New York Railroad (now a part of the Pennsylvania system). In 1884 he joined his brother in the hotel business at Dunkirk, New York.

In 1889 Mr. Hurlbert entered the banking business in Nebraska, and in 1891 he came to the Mahoning Valley, and in the same year became identified with the Youngstown Steel Lath Company, then in progress of organization, and of which he was chosen secretary and treasurer. In June of the same year the company removed from Youngstown to Niles and re-organized as the Bostwick Steel Lath Company, Incorporated, Mr. Hurlbert continuing as secretary and treasurer. In 1902 he was chosen president and treasurer of the company, and from that time on he has been the guiding genius of the organization, and to his ability and efforts is given the credit for the growth and prosperity of the organization. Mr. Hurlbert is a director in the Peoples Savings Company of Warren and has other important business interests.

In 1889 Mr. Hurlbert established his home in Warren, and soon began to take an active interest in the life of that city. He served for four years as councilman-at-large of the city, during which period he was vice president of the council; in 1919 he was elected councilman for the Second Ward, and is one of that body's valued and useful members at a time when the municipal government, in its task of providing for the future of the rapidly growing city, welcomes and appreciates the unselfish services of men of large business interests and wide experience who are able to inject into the city government the sound, practical methods which they use in the successful conduct of their own business affairs.

During the World war period Mr. Hurlbert gave evidence of his patriotism as a member of local committees to which was delegated the raising of war funds. He is still a trustee of the Warren Red Cross Society.

Mr. Hurlbert is prominent in secret and benevolent organizations. He is past grand regent of the Grand Council of Ohio of the Royal Arcanum; he is past eminent commander of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, is a thirty-second degree Mason, member of Ismalia Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine at Buffalo, New York, and of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons of Warren.

Mr. Hurlbert is a trustee of the First Baptist Church of Warren, and is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, of the Niles, Youngstown and Cleveland Chambers of Commerce, of Warren Rotary, Country and Cleveland Athletic clubs and is a member of Warren Council of the Boy Scouts of America.

While Mr. Hurlbert is prominent in the civic and social affairs in Warren, he is equally prominent in business circles at Niles, which city claims him as a successful and progressive manufacturer, one who is loyal to the business interests of that city as he is loyal to the civic and social affairs of Warren. He is an active member of the Niles Chamber of Commerce and as such is interested in all movements to promote the progress of that city.

Mr. Hurlbert's popularity both as a business man and citizen prevails alike in the two cities, and is the result of his business methods and his genial personality, a combination which has brought his business success and won him a host of warm friends and admirers.

At Toledo, Ohio, in April, 1888, Mr. Hurlbert was united in marriage with Miss Jennie Hayes, daughter of Henry Jerome Hayes, a prominent grain merchant

Wm. G. Hurlbut

of that city, and to them have been born the following children: William G., Jr., who was graduated from Colegate University with the degree of Bachelor of Science, in the class of 1912, and is assistant secretary-treasurer of the Bostwick Steel Lath Company; Lois Baker, a graduate of Russell Sage University, class of 1920, and Jerome Forbes, a student at Colegate University, class of 1922.

R. H. Van Ness. A member of the old established Van Ness family of Hubbard Township, R. H. Van Ness was for several years in the office of the Republic Iron and Steel Company at Youngstown, but since May, 1917, has been editor and proprietor of the Hubbard Enterprise.

This is one of the older country newspapers of the Mahoning Valley, having been established in 1868 and now in its fifty-third year. It was started as the Hubbard Tiger, the name subsequently being changed to Enterprise. One of the older owners was a Mr. Wadsworth, who was succeeded by R. S. Baker, he in turn by William Baird, and Baird sold to H. W. Ulrich. H. W. Ulrich was its owner for thirteen years. Major Ulrich died at Youngstown in 1919, and his widow is living in Los Angeles, Cal. Mrs. R. S. Baker, wife of another proprietor of the Enterprise, is now president of the Youngstown School Board, and she and her husband were assistant superintendents and superintendents of the Hubbard schools.

The Enterprise has always been a republican paper, and it is now published as a six-column eight-page journal. Mr. Van Ness has done much to improve the paper both mechanically and editorially. He has a power press, has added a linotype machine, has special equipment for job work, and has built up the circulation so that it is now double what it was a few years ago.

Mr. Van Ness was born in Hubbard November 23, 1889, and is a son of Alfred C. and May (Clingan) Van Ness, his mother being a daughter of C. N. Clingan. His parents still reside in Hubbard Township. Alfred Van Ness is a son of Stephen Hudson and Albina (Christy) Van Ness. This accounts for three generations of the family in Trumbull County. Stephen Hudson Van Ness was a son of Aaron M. Van Ness, whose parents, Peter and Susan Van Ness, came to Trumbull County and settled in Hubbard Township a century ago. A. M. Van Ness was born in New Jersey in 1812 and was the father, by his second marriage, of the Hubbard banker, L. C. Van Ness. Stephen H. Van Ness was a son of A. M. and Pamela (Price) Van Ness, and became a farmer and blacksmith on the old farm in Hubbard Township, where he died April 13, 1879, at the age of forty-five. His widow is still living with her grandson R. H. at the age of eighty-one.

R. H. Van Ness was reared and educated on the home farm and was employed for eight years by the Republic Iron and Steel Company, most of the time as chief clerk in the Valley mills.

In 1912 he married Miss Deeda Walters, daughter of William and Jane (Jeffreys) Waters of Hubbard. Her father was a coal miner and a life-long resident of Hubbard, and died in 1919. Her mother is the popular milliner of Hubbard. Mrs. Van Ness was liberally educated, finishing her schooling in Chicago, and was a successful teacher for fourteen years in Youngstown and Hubbard. She is an active worker in church and local clubs. Mr. Van Ness is an official member of the Methodist Church at Hubbard. He is junior deacon of Youngstown Lodge No. 615, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and is also a chapter and council degree Mason.

William H. O. Goist. Cedar Grove farm in Liberty Township, seven miles north of the Diamond at Youngstown, has a well deserved reputation as a scene of well ordered and systematic industry and for its fine Jersey cattle, but is even more notable for the character of the people who call it home. The present generation shows no falling off in the sturdy virtues that have always characterized the Goists.

The family record runs back into the tenth century, when they were members of a nobility in Ravensburg, Germany. In Germany they had the familiar name of Geist, the proper American translation of which would be ghost. The name has been spelled variously, but for four or five generations it has been Goist. This is one of the few families in the Mahoning Valley who can appropriately claim the use of one of the famous coats of arms that were patents of dignity in the middle ages. It was about 1737 that one branch of the family was established in the American colonies by Simon Goist. A son of Simon, George Goist, with two sisters, came West in 1807 from Pennsylvania and located in the northwest corner of Liberty Township. George Goist was a wagon maker by trade, and he served the Government as a soldier in the War of 1812. He died in 1850 and was buried in the Lutheran Cemetery a mile north of Girard. In 1796 he married Catherine Baughman, of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, and she lived until 1869. Their sons Moses, Samuel and Simon all remained in Liberty Township and died in advanced years. The daughters were Elizabeth, Sarah and Sinai.

Samuel Goist, who was born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, June 6, 1801, walked from Ohio back to Pennsylvania in 1824 to marry Susan Hoffman, daughter of Isaac Hoffman. For sixty years Samuel Goist was a wagon maker, conducting a shop on his farm, which was east of Lloyd's Corners. He died November 7, 1878, as the result of accidental injuries. Though he lived a quiet and unostentatious life, devoted to business and home, his character was widely esteemed, attesting the fact being the attendance of nearly 5,000 persons at his funeral. His wife, Susan, a native of Chester County, Pennsylvania, died in 1892. A brief record of their children is as follows: Isaac, who left home when a young man and was never heard of by the family again; George, who died in youth; John, who remained in Liberty Township to the age of fifty, afterward spent many years in Kansas and Missouri, and died at North Jackson, Ohio, at the age of eighty-two; Simon, the father of William H. O.; Hiram, who died while a Union soldier on Johnson's Island; Mary, who died in infancy; Phares, who became a noted artist and was also author of the family genealogy and died June 23, 1913; Ann Matilda, who married

Amos L. Hood, and both are living in Vienna Township; and Anna Maria, wife of Gilbert Simmons, of Girard. Susan Hoffman, the mother of these children, was a cousin of Judge Benjamin F. Hoffman, who died at Pasadena, California, in 1909, at the age of ninety-eight.

Simon Goist, who was born August 27, 1835, a mile north of the present Cedar Grove farm, married in 1858 Mary Ann Shiveley, a daughter of Daniel Shiveley of Church Hill. Not long after their marriage they came to what is now the Cedar Grove Farm. Cedar Grove Farm was the place where Susan Hoffman grew up, her father, Isaac Hoffman, having bought it in 1830 and having lived out his life there. Simon Goist bought the place from his mother, who lived with him four years. At that time it contained fifty-seven acres, and under his ownership it was greatly improved. Simon Goist built the present house in 1882 and the barn in 1881, making these improvements shortly after he became owner. He was one of the successful and enterprising men of the community for many years. Besides farming he operated a saw mill and planing mill on his farm. He was an expert mechanic, excelling as a woodworker. His was the first steam saw mill in this section of the county. In that business he was associated with his brother John M. and Mr. J. C. Stull. He served on the school board, and was a member of the church at Lloyd's Corners, serving it as superintendent and class leader for many years. He was a democrat in politics and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Simon Goist and wife had three children: Alice L., Mrs. Thomas Storey; William H. O.; and Loie F., wife of W. C. Monson, of Vienna Township.

On the Cedar Grove farm William H. O. Goist was born February 24, 1863, his birthplace being the site of the present home. In that environment he has always lived, and has found abundant opportunities for service and satisfactory business opportunities. He was well educated in the local schools, and had been able to advance his personal resources prior to his marriage.

December 11, 1888, he married Miss Effie A. Cover, daughter of J. Harvey and Mary (Haun) Cover. To Mr. and Mrs. Goist were born four children: Phares W., the oldest, was formerly a regular soldier in the Twenty-Eighth Infantry, is an expert drill master in military tactics, but for several years past has been head of the wall paper department of the Youngstown store of the Strouss-Hirshberg Company. He married Mary Wartman and has a son, William Wartman Goist. Claude E., the second son, is a gardener by occupation, and by his marriage to Alice E. Smith has three children, Donald, Ireta Adele and Wick Edward. Lida May, the older daughter, is also employed in the Strouss-Hirshberg store at Youngstown. The youngest of the family, a school girl, is named Blanche Lucille. A cousin of Mrs. Goist was Carl Gilbert, who was the first American enlisted from Niles killed in France. Memorial services were held for him in McKinley Memorial at Niles, one of the distinguished guests on the occasion being Joseph G. Butler. The widowed mother of this soldier is still living at Niles.

Very appropriately the record of the family membership comes first in importance, and now something should be said of Cedar Grove Farm products. It has one of the finest herds of Jersey cattle in Eastern Ohio, thirty in number, and milk production is a prominent feature of the economics of the farm. Mr. Goist has exhibited much of his registered stock, both cattle and hogs, in state and local fairs, and for six years he was a director of the Trumbull County Fair Association and superintendent of its farm products department. For many years Cedar Grove Farm has been noted for its gold medal stock. The farm comprises 110 acres. Mr. Goist is a friend of good schools, good roads and other community improvements, and as president of the Board of Education is giving much of his time to the work now in progress of centralizing the township schools and the erection of a new school building. He has been a member of the Grange for many years, and is a democrat in politics.

Bernard Ford Lee. Among the famous institutions of learning in the Western Reserve none enjoyed a wider reputation and exercised a more potent influence upon later generations than Poland Union Seminary. The following sketch is concerned largely with the founder and leader of that school, Bernard Ford Lee.

The Lee family was established in Poland Township in the very early years of the nineteenth century. Christopher and Sophia (Ford) Lee came out to the Western Reserve about 1802, and made settlement on the Youngstown Road, a mile and a half north of Poland in Boardman Township. Christopher Lee lived out his life there, a prominent and influential citizen of Poland. He died in 1843, at the age of sixty-nine. His wife, Sophia Ford, died in 1857. They were buried in the cemetery of the Presbyterian Church. They were the parents of eleven sons and two daughters, one daughter dying in infancy. Bernard Ford and Jacob alone remained in Poland as permanent residents. Jacob had a farm on the Pittsburg Road, a mile south of the town. While successful in farming, he was also interested in the educational and religious affairs of his community and founded a school in connection with the Presbyterian Church about the same time as his brother started his institution at Poland. The building in which Jacob conducted his school was burned, and he did not resume the work of the institution. He was one of the strong characters in the local church, an elder, and altogether was a man of excellent judgment. He died in 1879, when about seventy years of age. His son, Edward Lee, is still living in Youngstown. Some reference should also be made to some of the other brothers. Hiram removed to Urbana, Ohio, and for many years was a useful citizen of that city. Isaac Lee was the father of Alfred E. Lee, who served as consul to Germany during two administrations. Alfred E. was a gifted lawyer. His home, during the years of his professional life, was in Columbus, Ohio. He later purchased an estate in Redlands, California, where he spent the last years of his life and died there. Christopher Lee spent his life at Newton Falls, Ohio. Saul Lee was also a prominent lawyer.

Among the thousands of our enterprising, success-

B. F. Lee

ful and honored Americans who by their personal efforts and achievements have erected monuments more durable than bronze or stone, none have been more truly the architects of their own fortunes than the subject of this sketch. Bernard Ford Lee was born in Poland, Ohio, May 7, 1814, and died June 5, 1886. He was of a scholarly nature and, as events later proved, possessed of more than ordinary business talents. Wisdom, resoluteness, moral and intellectual strength were marked characteristics of his early boyhood. His first concern was to prepare for a higher education. Through persistent effort the purpose was accomplished and in 1842 he was entered as a student in Allegheny College. After finishing his course he returned to his native town.

Mr. Lee had the gifts of mind and heart and eloquence of speech, together with great power in influencing men which would have fitted him to be a great preacher of the gospel. But the supreme longing and inspiration of his life was to see an institution of higher learning established in his own town for the education of young men and young women. With this end in view he gave up the purpose of a professional life and with the enthusiasm of a young man fresh from college, began the business of making money for the accomplishment of what proved to be the effort of his life. Though he sacrificed his longing for a professional life he retained through all his intensely active career the love of learning and though he had little leisure he often found relief in the fellowship of kindred minds and choice books. The Sabbath also was observed by him as a day of rest and worship. Mr. Lee was a power in the business world. His enterprises were varied—he was not restrained or hindered by the caution against "keeping too many irons in the fire"—believing it possible for an earnest man, "having a mind to work," to do many things himself and by those employed by him, at the same time and do them well. Whatever he believed to be right, against himself and for the best interests of others, he did earnestly. His wise foresight, his energy and persistence made him successful where many would have failed. Discouragements and difficulties that made others hesitate were resolutely met and overcome and seemed to stimulate his further efforts. Acquisitiveness was a strong element in his nature, but did not mar his character as it often does in others. The good man who values and earnestly seeks for riches as a means for the improvement of society—to make others finer and happier and to promote worthy objects—gives evidence of high virtue and real excellence. The power to get wealth is God's gift to man, and he commends the intensely earnest Christian man who succeeds in whatever he undertakes. The steward who can say, "Thy pound hath gained ten pounds," will hear at last from his God: "Well done, good and faithful servant." The mere mention of Mr. Lee's name is enough to recall to many minds the history of a large and noble life. His great influence over men was ever applied to their improvement. He was never too busy, never too burdened with the weight of his own cares, never too weary, to stop to advise the many who trusted him and came to him for counsel. He was ever the wise friend of the young student and of the mature mind, the ignorant and the learned. An old family laundress, who used always to come to the dining room in Mr. Lee's home, for his reading of the Bible, and his prayer after breakfast, as she rose from her knees would say—"Now, Mr. Lee, I kin wash good."

Mr. Lee will best be remembered in connection with Poland Union Seminary. He was its founder, and in the long years of its history he was its controlling spirit, contributing without stint to its maintenance and success. He never regretted his choice in making this the object of his life work. He planned for the school he longed to see established, took counsel of educators of experience, leaving nothing undone that enlightened zeal could suggest to promote the object. Finally, in the year 1849, Mr. Lee erected a building, equipped it and secured Judge Hayden as president, with General Leggett and Mr. Mark King to assist. The institution opened as a law school. For one year he financed it himself. In the meantime Judge Glidden and others came to reside in the town and Poland became a center of intellectual culture. It was justly called the Athens of Mahoning County. The age was one of great personalities and great teachers. The institution expanded and grew into other branches of learning, educating large numbers of young men and young women from all parts of the country to occupy positions of honor and service. To the founder of the institution within whose heart education was a part of religion and of life itself, these were glad days, when he had the cooperation—the united interest in his school—of the rare people who then resided in Poland. There was nothing of discord, all was happy congeniality, and union of thought and purpose. Does not the influence of those days, with their beautiful friendships, their intellectual and spiritual culture, still live in Poland? The influence of great lives never dies. Within that golden age for Poland a school for young women was established in the same building with the law school and was called Poland Female College.

Later another building was erected on a nearby site, and the young woman's college was removed there. Its name was changed to Poland Union Seminary. It was chartered in 1862. In the former building was founded a school of higher learning for young men. We are proud to say that in this institution was educated one of the Presidents of our United States—President William McKinley. An item of interest connected with the building is that in one of its rooms and upon its walls may still be found inscribed by his own hand the name "William McKinley." On the door in the same room are a number of heel marks, showing one of the sports in which the young men indulged. One is much higher than the rest, and we feel sure it is the heel print of the young man who afterward became our President, as who else of them all aspired so high as to become President of the United States of America.

The original building which Mr. Lee erected at his own expense and in which he started the first college, was subsequently converted into the Lee residence. That residence, with its grounds, is still an attractive landmark in Poland. As long as Mr.

Lee lived Poland Union Seminary was a great power in educating the youth of the country, but such institutions do not long succeed without careful supervision. The past, at least, is secure, and the thousands of young people who have obtained a higher education in Poland will perpetuate the influence of this institution. Their better, nobler lives show that it did not live in vain.

Mr. Lee was a successful Christian business man. To the close of his life he was the same as he had ever been, the last year if possible, more full of activity than when his strength was greater, having still a wise supervision of everything pertaining to his own business and the seminary, and his loving and wise thought for his children. Even at the very last, when a valued friend asked him if he was perfectly resigned to die, he replied: "I cannot say that I am perfectly resigned. There is some important work I desire to finish, still if my Savior wants me to go it is all right."

"That," said the friend, "I should call 'perfect resignation,'" and he was right. Then, at the last, he spoke with sweet surprise: "Why! it is an easy thing to die." And almost with these words on his lips: "Lift up your heads oh ye gates and the King of Glory shall come in," he passed to the Great Beyond—into the presence of the "King of Glory." A minister who was present and who had seen many deaths, said he never had witnessed so grand a death as that of Mr. B. T. Lee.

Dwight Sinclair. The encouraging evidences of the substantial character of the older families of the Mahoning Valley is that a number of the old homesteads are being occupied by the third or fourth generation from the original purchasers of the land.

One of these ancestral homesteads owned continuously and consecutively by members of the same family for practically a century is in Hubbard Township, 7½ miles north of the center of Youngstown. Its present owner is Dwight Sinclair, who was born there October 14, 1870. His grandfather, William Sinclair, came from Eastern Pennsylvania about 1820 and practically lived out his life on this old homestead, where he died at the age of eighty-four. His son James lived in the same vicinity, though in Brookfield Township, and died in old age. Another son, Lowrey Sinclair, is living retired at the age of eighty-five at Hubbard. Another son, Lambert, is also in Hubbard Township.

John Sinclair, father of Dwight, was born on the old homestead and died August 30, 1910, at the age of seventy-four. He married Lovina McMullen, a daughter of Lewis McMullen and a niece of Henderson McMullen. She was born in Vienna Township in 1850. John Sinclair inherited a third of the old homestead, and later bought out the interests of others and spent most of his years in that one vicinity. During the Civil war he wore the uniform of a Union soldier three years as a member of Company C of the One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Infantry. He was an active member of Tod Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. He had learned the blacksmith's trade at Payne Corners, and after the war he followed his trade, maintaining a shop for that purpose on the corner of the old homestead. He excelled as an expert judge of livestock, and for many years was one of the shrewdest buyers in this vicinity. This business brought him into active relations with Youngstown. For five years he lived retired, though remaining on the farm, and he built the present house there about forty years ago. His widow is now living at Hubbard.

Dwight Sinclair, who was born October 14, 1870, is the only son of his parents. He has been satisfied with the environment in which he grew up, and has had active management of the old farm since early youth. He has relied on the old and established principles of farming, and the chief money making feature has been dairying. He has kept some fine dairy stock. In politics he has never seen any good reason to deviate from the principles adhered to by his grandfather and father, those of the republican party.

At the age of tewnty-six Mr. Sinclair married Miss Elizabeth Calhoun, a daughter of Robert and Marian Calhoun of Brookfield Township. Her mother is still living at the old Calhoun farm. To their marriage were born three children: Mildred, wife of George Drissen, a merchant at Coalburg; Neva, a high school student; and Gordon.

Cyrus C. Stephenson. Though for many years his home has been on a farm in Liberty Township, five miles north of the Diamond in Youngstown, Cyrus C. Stephenson did not become an agriculturist in reality until comparatively late in years. His main business, and the one in which he excelled, was as a driller and prospector for coal. He placed his skill, his experience and his organization at the service of some of the most prominent coal operators in Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, and did a great deal to discover and exploit the coal resources of this region.

Mr. Stephenson was born at Eldersville in Washington County, Pennsylvania, June 26, 1848. He is one of the few men still living in Trumbull County who are grandsons of Revolutionary soldiers. His grandfather, George Stephenson, was an officer in the Revolutionary war. His sword is still preserved as a family heirloom, as are also the saddle bags in which he brought over the Allegheny Mountains the money to buy land in Washington County, Pennsylvania. He spent his last years and died at Independence in Washington County.

The father of Cyrus C. Stephenson emulated the worthy example of his father, and helped preserve the Union which his father had assisted in establishing. He was a captain in the Ninety-Second Ohio Infantry. He was an early settler at Metamora in Fulton County, Ohio, but after the war he lived at Wellsburg, West Virginia.

Cyrus C. Stephenson was only four years of age when his mother died. After that for two years he lived with aunts in Independence, Pennsylvania, and returned home when his father married again. At the age of seven he went to live with a cousin, Eleazer G. Goorley, in West Virginia and accompanied Mr. Goorley to Ohio on April 1, 1859. Mr. Goorley settled in Liberty Township of Trumbull County, at Seceder Corners, and remained in that vicinity until his death, at the age of eighty-two. He

Charles E. Crowther

became a man of prominence in the locality, served two terms as township trustee, was a justice of the peace, and was an elder in the United Presbyterian Tabernacle at Youngstown.

Cyrus C. Stephenson called the Goorley place his home until he was married. After a youth spent in farm work and attending school he began at the age of twenty to drill for coal and perform the other work of prospecting. In this business his services were employed by such notable operators as Chauncey Andrews, Henry Wick and Frank Osborne. Mr. Stephenson made that his main business for about forty years, operating his own outfit and at times three or four outfits, employing six or eight men. It was a business in which he took much pride, and he always worked at it himself and was not satisfied merely to manage others.

When he married he took his bride to his home on a 5½-acre tract of land, but later bought his present farm of forty-eight acres. This land had previously been exploited for coal deposits. Mr. Stephenson continued his prospecting work some nine years longer, and since then has found ample use for his energies on the farm. He is now practically retired from the heavy burdens of farming. He has never indicated any desire for office, though well equipped for community service.

In 1875 Mr. Stephenson married Adella I. Hausch, who was reared in this section of Ohio, and she traces descent on the maternal side back to the Pilgrims. Five children have been born to their marriage: Margaret is the wife of Dr. L. E. Heiges, of Lompoc, California; Iva is the wife of Junior Burrows, a farmer in Liberty Township; Joseph is a Youngstown carpenter and contractor; William is also a contractor, living at Perry in Lake County, Ohio; and George, the youngest of the family, remains on the home farm.

Charles E. Crowther, general superintendent of Blast Furnaces and Open Hearth Steel Works of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, is in the fourth generation of a family all of whom have been prominently identified with the iron industry. His great-grandfather, John Crowther, was a native of England, where he was general manager of the Sparrow Iron Company, operating twelve blast furnaces at Wolverhampton.

In 1844 John Crowther immigrated to this country with his family for the purpose of purchasing a blast furnace and training his three sons, Joseph J., Benjamin and Joshua, in the iron business. He purchased a furnace on Decker's Creek, near Morgantown, West Virginia, where the sons began their careers. In 1848 he disposed of this furnace and with his family went to Lowellville, Ohio, where he blew in the Lowell furnace, the first furnace in the United States to use raw bituminous coal for fuel. He later returned to England, where he died at Longton Potteries on April 15, 1861.

The sons, having secured the necessary training, became actively identified with the business and for a number of years were among the pioneers who developed the blast furnaces of their day and were prominent in the substitution of raw coal for charcoal as fuel.

Joseph J. Crowther was born July 17, 1824, and died November 29, 1906, having built and operated blast furnaces at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Wheeling, West Virginia, New Port, Kentucky, Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, Orbisonia, Pennsylvania and Ashland, Kentucky, from which latter position he retired at the age of seventy years. To him is accorded the distinction of being the first man to bring blast furnace gas from the furnace top to the ground, so that it could be used for heating the blast in regenerative hot blast stoves and for the production of steam in boilers. Prior to this time cold blast had been used, and the boilers were taken to the gas at the furnace top by building them on high walls.

Benjamin Crowther was born September 29, 1826, and died September 23, 1900. In 1848 he took charge of Lowell furnace at Lowellville, Ohio, and remained there ten years. In 1861 he went to Pittsburgh and erected two furnaces at Manchester, in which he had an interest, operating them until 1871, when he took charge of the construction of the Isabella furnace at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, now owned by the Carnegie Steel Company. He operated this furnace for a number of years, retiring on account of poor health.

Joshua Crowther was born February 29, 1820, and died October 4, 1883. He built the two Etna furnaces at New Castle, Pennsylvania, on the site now occupied by the Atlantic furnace of the Republic Iron & Steel Company; also the Rosena and Ranney & Berger furnaces at New Castle, now owned by the Carnegie Steel Company. After leaving New Castle he went to Pueblo, Colorado, and built the first three furnaces of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, remaining there nearly ten years and to within a few months of his death.

Joseph J. Crowther was the father of two children, Edgar C. and Alice.

Edgar C. Crowther was born March 29, 1852. He received his early training under his father and became superintendent of a furnace in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, while quite a young man. He later built and operated furnaces at Milnes, Virginia, Jefferson, Texas and Hanging Rock, Ohio, and was general superintendent of furnaces for the La Belle Iron Company at Steubenville, Ohio; the American Steel & Wire Company, Cleveland District, Cleveland, Ohio, and was general manager of the entire works of the Hamilton Iron & Steel Company, Hamilton, Canada. Now after a long and active career he is living retired in Cleveland, Ohio. In his early life he married Harriet Hall in Newport, Kentucky, and their union was blessed by the birth of four children, Mae, Charles E., Bessie and Joseph H.

Charles E. Crowther was born at Newport, Kentucky, May 30, 1877, and during the early years of his life he removed with the family to the sections in which his father had his work. While they were located at Ironton, Ohio, he graduated from high school. Choosing as his life's vocation the work which had occupied his forefathers for a number

of generations, he began at the very bottom rung of the ladder in blast furnace work and by his own unaided efforts climbed step by step from one position to another until at the present time he is serving as general superintendent of Blast Furnaces and Open Hearth Steel Works of the Republic Iron & Steel Company. He has served in practically all positions leading to the one he has now held since October, 1918. He is a member of the Youngstown Country Club, the Youngstown Engineers' Club and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and is a thirty-second degree Mason, Knight Templar and a member of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Crowther was married August 3, 1903, to Miss Dorie Doran of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. They are members of the First Baptist Church of Youngstown.

JOSEPH H. CROWTHER is a young man who is at present working his way through the blast furnace department of the Republic Iron & Steel Company.

ROY EDWARD HEMPEL. Among the younger men of Warren who have won success and prominence in their life work is Roy E. Hempel, engineer, and since 1913 county surveyor of Trumbull County.

Mr. Hempel is a native of the Mahoning Valley, born at Leavittsburg on August 9, 1885, and is in the third generation of his family in Warren. His paternal grandfather, Charles Hempel, a native of Saxony, Germany, and a tanner by trade, came to the United States when he was a young man, coming direct to Warren, where he worked at his trade for many years. Here he married Sarah Siddle, who was born in Pennsylvania, and was but a girl when her parents came to Warren.

George W. Hempel, son of Charles and Sarah Hempel, was born in Warren on September 8, 1853. He learned telegraphy in his boyhood, and has been an operator all his life, since 1872 in the employ of the Erie Railway, and he is at present with that railway at Youngstown, though residing at Warren. He married Effie C. Allen, who was born at Newton Falls, Ohio, a daughter of Albert N. Allen, an early and well-known citizen of Newton Falls and of the Mahoning Valley.

Roy E. Hempel attended the Leavittsburg common school eleven years, and in 1905 he was graduated from the Warren High School. He attended Purdue University in Indiana parts of two years, and the Ohio Northern University during parts of two years, pursuing studies in the engineering course in each university. It is due Mr. Hempel to say that he paid his own expenses in both high school and the universities with money earned in the vacation periods. For one year of this time he was with the engineering department of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Mills.

Mr. Hempel was field engineer with the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren from the beginning of the building of that plant in 1912 to 1915, and his services are still sought by the company as a consulting engineer. In 1913, while still with the Trumbull Steel Company, he was elected surveyor of Trumbull County. During his incumbency of the office of county surveyor important public work has been done, all under his supervision, and practically all of the inter-county highways within the county were built under his supervision.

Some of the big contracts carried on under the supervision of Mr. Hempel are the Main-Market brick pavement from Newton Falls to Youngstown; the Main-Market brick pavement toward Cleveland; the Summit Street and Main Street bridges in Warren; the McDonald bridge connecting Niles with McDonald; and he is now preparing plans and specifications for building the Liberty Street viaduct at Girard. In 1920, under his direct supervision, there were constructed $2,000,000 worth of state and county roads in Trumbull County. Under the highway law Mr. Hempel is, as county surveyor, exofficia resident engineer of the State Highway Department of Ohio.

Mr. Hempel is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, of Warren Lodge of Elks, the Warren Rotary Club, the Buckeye Club, the County Club, American Society of Engineers and the Ohio Society of Civil Engineers.

Mr. Hempel married Marie S. Smith, who was born in Scotland. She is a daughter of Archibald G. and Elizabeth (Cullem) Smith. The Smith family came from Scotland when Mrs. Hempel was three years old.

JAY BUCHWALTER, attorney, has been closely identified with the professional, business and civic life of Warren for twenty years, and during that time he has risen, by his own efforts, from a law student to prominence at the bar, has won success in business affairs, and has established himself as a progressive, patriotic and unselfish citizen, one ready at all times to serve his city in any and all ways at any and all times.

Mr. Buchwalter was born at Dalton, Wayne County, Ohio, January 18, 1874, and is descended from an old Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, family which has been in Pennsylvania for many generations. His father, Henry Buchwalter, was born in Lancaster County. The Ohio branch was established at Dalton, Wayne County, in 1850, by Jacob Buchwalter, the grandfather of Jay Buchwalter.

The parents of Jay Buchwalter were Henry and Barbara (Rudy) Buchwalter and they were both born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. The family removed to Lordstown, Trumbull County, in 1884, where Henry Buchwalter died on November 4, 1900, aged sixty-eight years. His widow died on New Year's day of 1912. Her father, Christian Rudy, was also a native of Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, and was an early settler of Wayne County, Ohio.

Jay Buchwalter was a boy of ten years when his family came to Trumbull County. He attended the district schools, Canfield Academy, and then spent four years at Mount Union College, from which he was graduated with the class of 1900, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Following that he studied law in the office of Judges Tuttle and Fillius at Warren, and was admitted to the Ohio bar in December, 1901, and immediately entered practice at Warren. His practice is general, but he has a large clientele among local corporations. Mr. Buchwalter has been very active in civic affairs, giving freely of his time and means to support all public matters,

Jay Buchwalter,

but he has never sought or had solicitude for office. Since January 1, 1919, he has been president of the Warren Board of Education. During the World war he was one of the earnest and sincere workers to support the policies of the administration. Mr. Buchwalter has other interests and is a director of the Trumbull Savings & Trust Company of Warren, and of the Trumbull Banking Company of Girard. He belongs to the Ohio Bar Association and the Warren Board of Trade. For some years he has been a chapter Mason. The First Methodist Episcopal Church of Warren holds his membership.

Mr. Buchwalter married Matilda B. Gloeckle, daughter of George Gloeckle, one of Warren's well-known citizens and early merchants, and to their union one son has been born, George Wilbur, born June 5, 1905.

Charles H. Krauter. The record of business men who have achieved success solely as a result of their own ability and efforts would not be complete were not mention made of Charles H. Krauter, the executive head of the C. H. Krauter Company of Youngstown, one of the city's leading drug and stationery houses. With no special advantages, and with only ordinary opportunities, he entered upon his career at the bottom of the ladder, content to make his own way and to shape his abilities to his needs. His present position in business circles of Youngstown indicates that his activities have been well directed, industriously advanced and capably managed.

Mr. Krauter, who has been a resident of Youngstown since January, 1884, was born at Bridgeton, New Jersey, in which state he was reared and where his business career was started in a drug store in his native town. Later he moved to Philadelphia, where he also engaged in drug store work, and while there pursued a course of study in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which institution he was graduated in 1881. About that time he turned his face to the West, journeying to Boise City, Idaho, where he secured a position as a pharmacist's clerk, and spent three years there and on the Pacific Coast. Subsequently he came to Youngstown, where, with a partner, under the firm name of Nagle & Krauter, he embarked in the retail drug trade in the old Town Hall on Federal Street. Two years later Mr. Nagle died, and Mr. Krauter became sole owner of the business, which he conducted alone until 1890, at that time forming a partnership with D. W. Clark, under the firm style of Krauter & Clark. This association engaged in the retail drug and stationery business at the present location, No. 25 West Federal Street, but after one year Mr. Clark retired from the business, when Mr. Krauter purchased his interests. In 1918 Mr. Krauter incorporated his business under the name of the C. H. Krauter Company, and this is now accounted one of the leading establishments in its line at Youngstown.

Mr. Krauter belongs to the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite and York Rite Mason, a Knight Templar and a member of the Mystic Shrine. With his family he belongs to the Memorial Presbyterian Church. Mr. Krauter has been identified with various movements for the betterment of Youngstown, contributed liberally to the success of American arms during the World war, and is a thorough-going, up-to-date American citizen. He has a beautiful home at 259 Park Avenue, artistically designed, and there amidst beautiful surroundings and home comforts his happiest hours are passed.

Mr. Krauter was married in 1895 to Miss Mary McCartney, daughter of A. J. McCartney, who was a pioneer coal operator of the Mahoning Valley, and they are the parents of one daughter, Clara Louise.

Edward W. Ritchie, secretary-treasurer of the Homer S. Williams Company, first came to Youngstown over thirty-five years ago, and prior to his connection with his present mercantile organization had a varied experience and training as a printer, banker and in other lines of practical business.

Mr. Ritchie was born in Clinton, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1867, son of Wilson and Maria (Flower) Ritchie and grandson of David Ritchie. His grandfather, a native of the north of Ireland, came to the United States in 1821, and spent the rest of his life in Pennsylvania. Wilson Ritchie, one of thirteen children, was a carpenter by trade, and during the Civil war served as chief musician of the regimental band with the One Hundred and First Pennsylvania Infantry. He lived to a good old age, dying in 1914, at the age of eighty-six. His wife died at fifty.

Edward W. Ritchie was the second of three children. When he was five years of age his parents moved from Clinton, Pennsylvania, to Columbiana County, Ohio, where he was reared and received a public school education. When he first came to Youngstown in 1882 he was only fifteen years of age, and for a time he worked as a printer in the office of the Sunday Morning. After two years he returned home, but in 1885 was again at Youngstown as a printer with the Vindicator office. Realizing the need of a better education, he also used his leisure hours in attending the Rayen High School. His real business career began in 1887, when he became a collector for the Mahoning National Bank. He was with that institution thirteen years, finally resigning to become assistant treasurer of the newly organized Peoples Savings and Banking Company. That institution was merged with the Dollar Savings and Trust Company in 1902, Mr. Ritchie remaining with the latter organization as assistant secretary until 1906.

The mercantile establishment of Homer S. Williams Company has had the mature abilities and judgment of Mr. Ritchie, and he is its secretary and treasurer. He was a factor in financing the enterprise. He is a prominent member of the Chamber of Commerce, belongs to the Youngstown Club, and is a Republican in politics. June 19, 1900, he married Miss Sophie Shattuck Robbins, of Niles, Ohio.

Charles N. Miller. A prosperous business man of Youngstown, and a fine representative of the mercantile interests of the Mahoning Valley, Charles N. Miller, active manager of the Federal Stores, has attained success in life through his own efforts, his energy and ambition being unlimited. A son of

W. E. and Rhoda Miller, he was born December 15, 1880, in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he was educated. His mother died a number of years ago, and his father, who was formerly a mechanic in the Pittsburgh District, is now living retired from active pursuits, his home being in Salem, Ohio.

Leaving school at the age of eighteen years, Charles N. Miller began his mercantile career in the Woolworth Stores in the Pittsburgh District, and displayed so much ability that he was made manager of the Woolworth Store at Homestead. He subsequently filled a similar position in the Murphy establishment, which was also a 5, 10 and 25 cent store, located in McKeesport, Pennsylvania. Still later he was for two years manager and buyer for the Grand Store, afterward known as the Metropolitan Store.

In 1912 Mr. Miller, in partnership with M. W. Meredith, opened the Meredith & Miller Store in Youngstown, a venture that proved successful. On February 5, 1916, the firm incorporated under its present name, the Federal Stores, and under the wise management of Mr. Miller is carrying on a large and constantly growing business, its increase in the last year or two having been wonderful. The firm on starting in business occupied but one floor and a part of the basement, but its volume of trade has increased to such proportions that four floors and a basement are required to comfortably handle the stock, and that in spite of the fact that the high cost of the stores' most expensive goods has forced the price from its limit of 25 cents to $1.00

Mr. Miller married in June, 1903, Georgiana Hall, a daughter of P. E. Hall, of Ohio Pyle, Pennsylvania, and to them three children have been born, Irene, Glenn and Thelma. Mr. and Mrs. Miller are active members of the Belmont Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Miller belongs to the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to lodge, chapter, commandery, and to the shrine.

JOHN M. BENNINGTON. As superintendent of the skelp, plate and puddle mills of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, John M. Bennington became one of the oldest officials of the corporation. His experience with this industry, however, is only a small part of his long and practical career as an iron and steel worker. There are few developments in the iron and steel business during the last half century with which he has not been made acquainted by practical service.

Mr. Bennington, who in early years was an employe in some of the pioneer iron plants in the Mahoning Valley, was born in Trumbull County, Ohio, March 30, 1848, son of James and Margaret (Drake) Bennington. His father was a native of Kentucky, a carpenter and joiner by trade, and during his residence at Niles, Ohio, built many structures, some of which are now standing. Margaret Drake was reared at Weathersfield, Ohio, and lived for a number of years with the Heaton and McConnell families there.

The only son and second among four children, John M. Bennington, received a common school education. In March, 1865, a boy of seventeen, he had his first practical experience as a house carpenter. Along about that time he was employed by James Reno in helping survey the Fee farm at Niles, and drove the stakes for the survey. As a carpenter he worked around the old Harris and Davis mill. Better wages attracted him permanently to the mills as a worker. For a time he was employed under James Russell. Beginning as a millwright, he worked on the shears and in other departments of the mill, and continued with it during various changes of ownership until the plant was moved to Haselton. For one year he was shipping clerk in the Mount Hickory Iron Works in Pennsylvania. Then followed a number of years of employment in various mills in the Mahoning Valley. The industry at that time was by no means as stable a one as at present, operation being subject to many fluctuations and seasonal causes, so that a mill man could seldom remain long at one plant. Outside of the Mahoning Valley he worked at Findlay and at other points in Ohio and Pennsylvania. For a year he had charge of the finishing end of the old mill at Warren, and remained with that plant until 1903, during various changes of ownership, eventually becoming its general manager.

In 1903 Mr. Bennington became superintendent of the skelp, plate and puddle mills at the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. He gained a secure reputation of being one of the most capable men in his line in the country. In May, 1920, Mr. Bennington was placed on the retired list, but is often called in consultation regarding the iron business. He is affiliated with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

December 24, 1891, he married Miss Hattie Garrett, of Jackson, Ohio. Her father, Albert Garrett, was a Union soldier and her mother was Sarah Woolum. As the orphan of a soldier she was educated in the Old Soldiers' Home at Xenia, Ohio. Her uncle, John Woolum, was one of the Andrews Raiders during the Civil war. Mr. and Mrs. Bennington have two children: Ruth, a teacher of art in the Yale School in Youngstown; and Adah.

EMIL CLYDE WOODS. As secretary and treasurer of the Vahey Oil Company, Emil Clyde Woods is actively and officially associated with one of the more prominent and prosperous industries of Youngstown, and is ably and faithfully performing the duties devolving upon him, being an active factor in developing and advancing the material and financial interests of the firm. A son of William R. Woods, he was born December 8, 1886, in Beloit, Mahoning County, and was there reared and educated.

William R. Woods spent the earlier years of his life in Columbiana County, Ohio, and there married Alverda Heacock, who passed to the life beyond several years ago. Coming to Beloit soon after his marriage, he was successfully engaged in business in that place for a long time, and was specially prominent in political circles, having served as mayor of the city, and as an active member of the school board for years was an ardent worker for better educational institutions and facilities. He now resides in Parkersburg, West Virginia, an honored and esteemed citizen of fifty-eight years. Fraternally he is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons. He is not affiliated with any religious organization,

John M Bennington

but his wife was a consistent member of the Christian Church.

Having been graduated from the Beloit High School, Emil Clyde Woods taught a country school for a year, after which he completed the course of study at the Ohio Business College in East Liverpool. Going then to Cleveland, he was in the employ of the Telling-Belle-Vernon Company for ten years, gaining experience in business operations that has proved of inestimable value to him. When the Vahey Oil Company was organized Mr. Woods accepted his present position as its secretary and treasurer, and has since resided in Youngstown, where he is well known as a cultured and genial man and a valued citizen.

Fraternally Mr. Woods is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, being a Royal Arch Mason, a member of the Council of Royal and Select Masters, and of St. John's Commandery, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is also a member of the Order of United Commercial Travelers of America, and belongs to the Chamber of Commerce.

JOHN L. MARSH. A man of eminent ability, energetic and progressive, John L. Marsh, of Youngstown, vice president and general manager of the Vahey Oil Company, is familiar with every phase of the oil business, knowing it from A to Z, and, having never allowed anything to escape him which might improve his methods of organization, has reduced his work to an art, as one might say. A native of Kentucky, he was born September 13, 1887, in Milford, where his parents, John H. and Martha H. (Hammond) Marsh, are still residents, his father being a retired tobacco planter.

Acquiring his elementary education in the public schools of his native town, John L. Marsh entered the University of Kentucky at Lexington, where he made a special study of finance, organization and commercial subjects. Locating then in Georgetown, Kentucky, Mr. Marsh engaged in the oil business, refining and marketing oil for the Indian Refining Company. Continuing with the same firm, he went to New York City as a salesman, marketing the oil productions of the company. Subsequently entering the employ of the Texas Oil Company, he was first station operator in Youngstown, and later in New York City. Being promoted, he was again sent to Youngstown, to take charge this time of the firm's station in this city. When the Vahey Oil Company was incorporated Mr. Marsh was made vice president and general manager, and under his able superintendence the business has grown rapidly and steadily.

Mr. Marsh married, October 26, 1915, Grace E., daughter of J. C. Murray. She is a woman of culture and refinement, and an active member of the Christian Church. Fraternally Mr. Marsh is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, and a member of the chapter, council and commandery. Socially he is a member of Kiwanis Club, of the Order of United Commercial Travelers of America, and of the Chamber of Commerce.

STEPHEN DOUGHTON, a grandson of that Stephen Doughton who was one of the first settlers in Hubbard Township, was one of the most distinguished men of Trumbull County. His distinction rested not so much upon material achievements, though he had much ability and managed successfully diverse interests, as upon the qualities of his mind and character. He was a thinker, a student, almost a philosopher, a ready public speaker, a fluent and forcible writer. He wrote on economics and finance, was a supporter of Bryan, though not in exact accord with him on the silver question, and few men of his day surpassed him in the discriminating use of the English language. It is said that he had worn out several dictionaries. He was not fond of words for their own sake, but to express concisely his own clear ideas, and he studied language with a view to expressing varying shades and distinctions of meaning.

While he was able to meet and discuss economic questions with the leading politicians of the time, he was equally at home on theological and biblical topics. He was a Disciple from conviction based upon solid reasoning and Bible teaching. However, like many of that faith he resented the term "Campbellite." He had a tolerant spirit, based upon the practice of the golden rule. He insisted that his children respect the rights of others and avoid expressions that might wound or offend. Many incidents might be told illustrating these points of his character, but enough has been said to indicate the breadth of his character, and the impression he made on the community through his sincere, honest and tolerant nature.

The history of the Doughton family, running back for more than 200 years, indicates that their chief occupation has been iron working. In Wales they were iron workers. Three brothers of the name left that country in 1714 and came to America. Some of their descendants were employed in the historic plant at Valley Forge, Pennsylvania. The pioneer of Trumbull County, Stephen Doughton, learned his trade at Valley Forge, and during the Revolutionary war he was employed in making arms for Washington's troops and afterward he was fond of relating incidents connected with the presence of the American troops at Valley Forge during the memorable winter. From Valley Forge he came to Trumbull County in 1804 and located on what is the present Porterfield farm in Hubbard Township. From his farm he walked over a blazed trail through the woods to the furnace of Isaac Heaton at Niles, seven miles away, and as a worker was thus identified with one of the first iron works in the Mahoning Valley. Cornelius Price, the son of another pioneer in that locality, and then a boy, frequently accompanied him on these walks, and when Doughton killed game in the woods young Price carried it home. Stephen Doughton lived the rest of his life in Trumbull County and achieved wealth in iron, coal and land. He married Margaret Farren, and from them descended a numerous family still found in Ohio and elsewhere.

A son, David Doughton, was born at Valley Forge, Pennsylvania, and was a boy of thirteen when he came to Trumbull County. He served as a soldier in the War of 1812, and was a courier under General Harrison at the west end of Lake Erie, carrying messages through the Maumee Swamp. About 1820

he settled on a farm in the same neighborhood as his father, this farm being now the Bell farm. David Doughton looked on life as opportunity for adventure, and nearly forty years after his service as a soldier in the War of 1812 he started West to the gold fields of California with a party of men from Trumbull County. He had some trouble with the Indians and was forced off the trail, and losing his supply of salt acquired dysentery and died near Fort Laramie, Wyoming, in 1852. He had built the old brick house on his farm about 1830. He married Mrs. Mary E. (Bowers) Cramer. She was a sister of the mother of Jacob Stambaugh.

Stephen Doughton, a son of David, was born in Hubbard Township April 10, 1822, and died April 3, 1908, at the advanced age of eighty-six. He was educated in the common schools, attended the Meadville Academy in Pennsylvania, and an academy at Vienna, Ohio. He early became interested in the coal business in Trumbull County, and established the coke ovens at Washingtonville, Ohio, and also was one of the founders of the iron works at Leetonia. He had the faculty of handling many affairs successfully. For a number of years he operated a 400-acre farm, and managed it on scientific principles, conducting an extensive dairy. Two railroads were built close to this farm, and each named a station in his honor, Doughton Station.

In politics he was a democrat, and several times was honored as a candidate of the minority party, being nominated for the State Senate and once for lieutenant governor. His reputation as a scholar was due not only to his intellectual powers, but to a persevering practice on the principle that there was nothing to be gained by absorbing information without thoroughly digesting it. To practice this he read and wrote alternately several hours a day, writing for his own enjoyment rather than for remuneration. Some of his writings are still preserved and indicate not only his command of language but also his profound and exact thought. Stephen Doughton was three times married. His first wife was Emeline Waldorf, who was born June 12, 1832, daughter of David Waldorf. The seven children of that union were Charles, Andrew, Calissa, Emeline, Harriet, Frank and John C. Stephen Doughton's second wife died soon after their marriage, and his third wife was Jessie Cornwell, whose son, Stephen, Jr., became prominent as a newspaper artist.

John Clark Doughton, who lives retired at Hubbard, was born at Lisbon in Columbiana County, Ohio, July 12, 1865, son of Stephen and Emeline (Waldorf) Doughton. His life has been spent near Hubbard, and he owns the John Jewell farm which his father had bought in 1860. His father kept a home at Lisbon for some years, though he spent the latter part of his life on the farm with his son John. John Doughton acquired his high school education at Hubbard and for many years was identified with farming, and he also learned the machinist's trade at Youngstown. As a contractor he also built some of the modern highways in Hubbard Township. He has served as a member and president of the Hubbard School Board, is a democrat, a Knight of Pythias, and has been affiliated with the Grange and other progressive farmer organizations.

May 8, 1890, Mr. Doughton married Anna M. Duer, who was born May 8, 1870, twenty years before her marriage, a daughter of Thomas and Mary Ann (Moore) Duer. The Duers are an old family of Hubbard Township, and the homestead of Thomas Duer was on the site of the present roundhouse at Hubbard. Thomas Duer died in the Village of Hubbard.

Mr. and Mrs. Doughton have four children: Mary Azalia, a stenographer living at home; John Duer, a resident of Hubbard; Helen Keturah, employed in the office of the Petroleum Iron Works; and Robert Waldorf, a school boy.

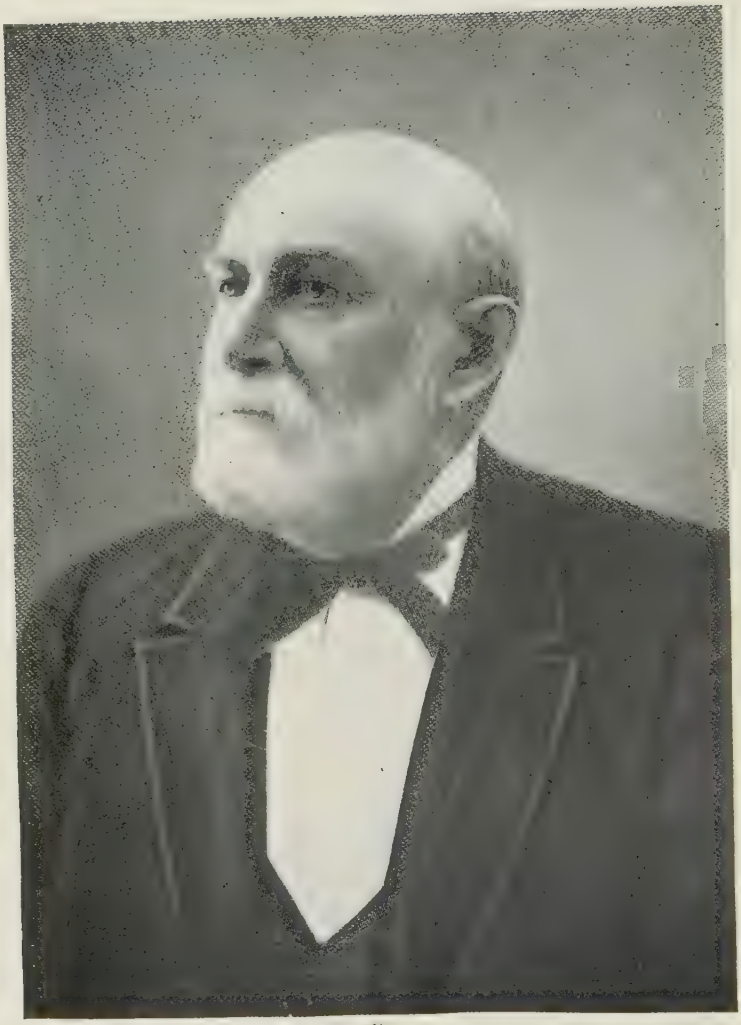
Maj. John A. Logan, who is president of the Ohio Steel Products Company at Youngstown, is well entitled to the military distinctions associated with his name as well as his title. He is properly John A. Logan III.

He is a grandson of that brilliant soldier General John A. Logan, who was one of the few men appointed to responsibilities of leadership early in the Civil war who actually stood the test of military fitness. General Logan was an Illinois man, was appointed to his first command over Illinois troops in the Civil war, and after the war was prominent in Illinois politics. At one time he represented that state in the United States Senate, and was candidate for vice president on the ticket with Blaine in 1884.

The Logan family became identified with Youngstown in the person of John A. Logan, Jr., who also earned the distinction and gratitude of his nation as a soldier and lost his life while in the Philippines. John A. Logan, Jr., was born in Jackson County, Illinois, July 24, 1865. He spent three years in the West Point Military Academy, resigning before graduation, following which he was in the real estate business in the City of Washington and then came to Youngstown, where he married Edith Andrews. Her father, Chauncey Andrews, was one of the distinguished men of the Mahoning Valley. John A. Logan after his marriage was chiefly interested in farming and the raising of fine horses. He was the first importer from England of Hackneys in this country, and the noted Bonfire was a prize animal he imported. In 1897 Mr. Logan spent the winter in Chicago, and early in the next year raised a cavalry regiment for service in the Spanish-American war. He was made divisional adjutant on the staff of Gen. John C. Bates, and was in Cuba during most of the fighting, being present at El Caney, San Juan and Santiago battles. After peace came he was made governor of Santa Clara Province. He carried President McKinley's proclamation through Cuba. The winter of 1898-99 he spent in the United States as provost marshal at Macon, Georgia. In January, 1899, he again went to Cuba as adjutant to General Bates in the Army of Occupation. On account of ill health he returned to the United States in the summer of 1899. Soon afterward Aguinaldo began his insurrection in the Philippines, and Mr. Logan accepted the commission of major in the army and was put in command of the Third Battalion, Thirty-Third United States Volunteer Infantry recruited at San Antonio, Texas. He sailed for the Philippines in October, 1899, reaching the islands about the first

John A. Logan Jr.

John A. Logan



C. H. Andrews

of November. His command was at once attached to General Wheaton's expedition then starting for Northern Luzon against Aguinaldo. November 11, 1899, in the engagement at San Jacinto, while leading his battalion in a charge on the trenches of the enemy, he was shot through the head by a sniper concealed in a tree. For his service he was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor, the highest military award in the gift of the American people. His body was brought home from the East and laid to rest with military honors at Youngstown. He was a member of the Episcopal Church. Mrs. John A. Logan, Jr., is now a resident of New York City. She is the mother of three children: Marie Louise, now Mrs. Henri DeSincay; John A. III; and Edith Josephine, wife of Dewese W. Dilworth.

John A. Logan III was born at Youngstown February 12, 1890, and received his preparatory education in the Hackley School at Tarrytown, New York. He is a graduate with the Ph. B. degree from Yale University. In 1913 he married Margaret Powell, of St. Joseph, Missouri.

Major Logan entered the National Guard and served as first lieutenant and then as captain of Company H (the old Logan Rifles named in honor of his grandfather and of which his father had also been captain) of the Fifth Ohio Infantry. Early in 1916 he went with his command to the Mexican border and was in service until March of that year. When America declared war on Germany he raised a battalion for the Tenth Ohio Infantry and was commissioned major. This command became the 136th Machine Gun Battalion attached to the Thirty-Seventh Division. Major Logan went overseas in June, 1918, and was soon in the trenches along the Lorraine border. He was with the French at San Mihiel, was in the Meuse-Argonne phases, then in a sector at Thiacourt, following which he accompanied his division to Flanders as part of the two American divisions attached to King Albert's army. He participated in the first and second Ypres-Lys offensive and was on the line of the Scheldt River when the armistice was signed.

Major Logan returned to the United States in March, 1919, and received a discharge from active duty, but was placed on the reserve list. Since the war he has been devoting himself vigorously to business, and is president and treasurer of the Ohio Steel Products Company.

Major Logan is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, a member of the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Army and Navy Club, Yale Club, Order of Foreign Wars, and is a republican in politics and a member of the Episcopal Church.

Major and Mrs. Logan have three children: Edith Katharine, born January 7, 1915; Margaret, born March 8, 1916; and John A., IV, who was born November 3, 1918, just prior to the signing of the Armistice and while his father was in King Albert's army in Flanders.

Chauncey H. Andrews. Among the interesting figures in the history of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley that of Chauncey Hummason Andrews is conspicuous because of his diversified activities, as well as because of the indomitable energy and forceful character of the man himself. He was born at Vienna, Trumbull County, December 2, 1828. His parents, natives of Connecticut, came to this locality in 1818 and engaged in farming, later establishing a general store at Vienna and still later removing to Youngstown, about 1842, and here conducting a famous old hotel, known as the Mansion House.

Chauncey H. Andrews was connected with his father's hotel in his earlier days and later, in 1842, was partner in a clothing store. In 1852 the development of the coal resources of the Mahoning Valley was in its infancy, and he turned his attention in that direction. After making several efforts to locate a coal seam, which could be worked with profit, he finally opened the Thorn Hill Mine, from which were taken during the nine years in which it was operated more than half a million tons. This mine, which was first worked in 1857, was the first of many large and successful enterprises of this kind.

In 1858 Mr. Andrews, with W. J. Hitchcock, formed the partnership known as Andrews & Hitchcock, which in 1868 opened the Burnet Mine, another of the largest operations, and the first to ship coal over the Hubbard branch railroad. In the same year this firm opened another large mine, known as the Hubbard Coal Company's operation. Later Mr. Andrews formed a partnership with his brother, W. C. Andrews, and opened the Oak Hill and Coal Run mines in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, in connection with which four blast furnaces were erected at Wheatland, Pennsylvania, by James Wood & Sons. He acquired an interest in the Westerman Iron Company at Sharon, Pennsylvania, in 1865, in connection with which he operated the Brookfield mines.

In 1865 the firm of Andrews, Hitchcock & Company was established and later furnaces erected at Hubbard. About 1868, with his two brothers, W. C. and Lawrence G., Mr. Andrews purchased the Stout Mine, near Youngstown. A short time later the firm of Andrews Brothers was formed and the blast furnaces operated by it for many years at Haselton were erected. Still later he formed the Stewart Coal Company and opened the Stewart Mine.

In 1889 Mr. Andrews, who had become one of the most prominent and successful coal operators in the Mahoning Valley, entered the railroad field, in which he was to achieve success and manifest much ability and a promoter and builder of railways. His first enterprise, undertaken in connection with his brother W. C. Andrews and the Erie Railroad Company, was the completion of the Niles and New Lisbon Railroad, only twelve miles of which had been built when the enterprise was abandoned by the original projectors. In this work he assumed active charge and pushed it with such vigor that twenty-two miles were constructed in ninety days. The building of this road was followed by the opening of a number of mines along its route in Columbiana County, this being done by the Ohio Coal Mining Company and the New Lisbon Coal Company, concerns in which Mr. Andrews was a heavy stockholder. These concerns opened mines at Austintown also. In 1872 the Vienna mines were opened and later proved to be large producers.

In 1872 the firm of Andrews Brothers bought the

Harris & Blackford Rolling Mill at Niles, doubled its capacity and established the Niles Iron Company, later, however, removing the plant to Youngstown. During this same year an additional furnace was built at Hubbard and the Osborn mines at Youngstown opened to furnish coal for the iron works at that place. Among other coal operations in which he was actively interested at this time were the Foster Mine at Kyle's Corners, which was a shaft operation sunk to a depth of 160 feet, from which a large territory was mined, and which was also among the last large mines to be opened in the Mahoning Valley.

In 1871 Mr. Andrews helped to build the Mahoning Coal Railroad, which connected the Mahoning Valley with the Franklin branch of the Lake Shore, now the New York Central Railroad, at Andover, and thus gave an outlet to the east and also to the lakes at Ashtabula Harbor. Seven years later he was among the active promoters of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad. After the construction of this road he, with W. C. Andrews, William McCreery and others, built the Montour Railroad and established the Imperial Coal Company, now one of the large holdings of the Pittsburgh Coal Company. In 1880, with these same parties and a few others, he organized the Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Chicago Railroad Company, which afterward built the Pittsburgh, Cleveland & Toledo Railroad from New Castle Junction to Akron. These two roads were under construction for more than eight years, during which time Mr. Andrews was the most active man in their building. His last railroad enterprise was the construction of the Hocking Valley Railroad, in which he was a member of the syndicate having that work in charge.

Among his other enterprises was the opening of limestone quarries, and from this has sprung the large production of limestone at Hillsville and vicinity.

Chauncey H. Andrews did not confine his interests to business. He was an ardent politician and took a vigorous part in the local politics, which at that day were strenuous to a degree. In this connection he became interested in a number of newspaper properties in Youngstown, through which he made himself felt in the community for a number of years. He was a man of indomitable will and determination, allowing no interference with his plans. It is told of him that when he was constructing the Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Toledo Railroad through Youngstown he was unable to secure right of way through the yards of the Lloyd Booth Company. Accordingly he had sufficient track prepared by spiking the light rails to ties, loaded these on flat cars and at midnight of a Saturday night marshalled his forces and proceeded to lay the tracks over the disputed ground. Lloyd Booth, who was also of a determined nature, promptly gathered as many of his workmen as possible and opposed this high-handed proceeding, which had been timed so that it was impossible to secure a legal injunction. The result was a scrimmage in which these two captains of industry faced one another, each leading a small army equipped with shovels. The Andrews forces were superior in number and Mr. Booth finally introduced artillery in the form of a steam hose, but the railroad was laid, in spite of this vigorous opposition. It is also related of Mr. Andrews that during the construction of the Niles & New Lisbon Railroad he wore out two teams in driving up and down the right of way and speeding up the work. Many other interesting incidents are recalled by those who remember his activities, all of them serving to prove that Chauncey H. Andrews was a remarkable man from the standpoint of determination ability and vision. The Mahoning Valley owes much of its superiority in the matter of transportation facilities to him and his willingness to risk his means in the development of its early railroads.

Among the interests which received his attention was farming and stock raising. He introduced blooded horses and cattle into this section, and in his later years maintained a notable string of trotting horses. With all this he was exceedingly plain in his tastes and democratic in his ideas. Those who recall him say that he would drive the finest horses in an old, dilapidated buggy, and tie them on the public square with a piece of rope.

Chauncey H. Andrews was an ardent republican. He took much interest in national politics and enjoyed a wide acquaintance. He was a delegate to the national convention nominating Blaine and Logan in 1884, and it was probably to this incident that the connection between his family and that of the famous Indian fighter was due.

Chauncey H. Andrews died at his home in Youngstown after a long and extremely active career, during which he did much for the community in which he lived and in which he had been for many years regarded as its leading citizen.

Alexander Newton Ormsby, who lives in one of the very desirable homes at Newton Falls, has been a resident for the greater part of his life of Milton Township, Mahoning County, where the Ormsby family have a long and interesting history.

His great-grandfather, Alexander Ormsby, was one of the very earliest settlers in Jackson Township of Mahoning County. Alexander was a Scotch Covenantor, and even until old age it is said that he made a practice of reading the Bible through every year. He knew most of it by heart, and the same was true of his son Joseph, with whom he spent his last years. Alexander Ormsby lived out his life in Jackson Township. His son, Alexander, Jr., moved to the State of Indiana in 1852.

George Ormsby, son of Alexander, Jr., was born in Jackson Township, as was also his wife, Nancy Ewing, a member of the prominent Mahoning County family of Ewing. She was a sister of Doctor Ewing. George Ormsby settled in Milton Township, on the bank of Milton Lake, acquiring a farm on which stood a stone house that had been built by Daniel Vaughn between 1825 and 1830. He spent his life on that farm and was also a contractor, building many bridges for the county. He served in all the township offices. George Ormsby was born in 1827 and died in 1906, at the age of seventy-nine. He built another story to the old stone house. His wife, Nancy, died at the age of thirty-seven. Her father had bought land in Hancock County, Ohio, for his seven sons, but all of them refused to occupy it. Years afterward these seven sons went to that locality and bought land and remained there. The matter is noted here as showing the ability of some men to

foresee the future, and try to do their part by the younger generation. George Ormsby and wife reared four children: Mary Alice, who died in 1914 as the wife of George Yeagley; Alexander N.; Olive, Mrs. Warren Russell, of Milton Township; and Levi, of Newton Falls.

Alexander Newton Ormsby was born in Milton Township April 3, 1852, and grew up in the old stone house mentioned above. He attended school at Palmyra in Portage County, but even as a boy he worked out for monthly wages. He finished his education in the Union School at Canfield, and beginning at the age of twenty-two taught several winter terms in Milton Township. He was twenty-two years of age and the bride was of the same age when he and Lodema Russell, a sister of Warren Russell, were married. She is a daughter of Enoch and Sarah (Buck) Russell and was born at Orr's Corners in Milton Township. Mr. Ormsby continued to reside in Milton Township until election day in November, 1919, when he moved to Newton Falls. For thirteen years he lived on one of the Russell farms in Milton Township, and then bought fifty acres near Orr's Corners, and kept adding to his estate until he had 206 acres. Under his industrious and intelligent management this became one of the well improved farms of the township. He made the land pay for itself and enable him to buy other land. His farm lay in the Duck Creek neighborhood. While living in the country Mr. Ormsby filled practically every township office, being an assessor for several years, for many years a trustee and on the school board, and frequently was on the jury panel. He was reared in a democratic family, and has espoused the same politics for himself. His wife in early life was a Presbyterian, but after they helped build the Methodist Church at Pricetown they joined that congregation and still hold membership there.

Mr. and Mrs. Ormsby lost one child at the age of seven and their three living sons are all lawyers: Fred Russell, a member of the law firm of Anderson, Ormsby & Kennedy at Akron; Wallace Owen, an attorney and justice of the peace at Warren; and Robert Enoch, also an Akron lawyer.

In the early days the land owned by the Ormsby family was in the locality for the production of bog iron ore. Nancy (Ewing) Ormsby was a granddaughter of Mr. Battles, one of the firm of Battles & Heaton, who made iron at Niles from the bog ore. The iron product was hauled to Salem, twenty-five miles away, to the nearest railroad. A son of this iron manufacturer, John Battles, died at the age of about ninety, at Niles. Mr. Ormsby's father and his neighbors used their wagons and teams to haul the ore to the furnace at Niles and other furnaces in the valley.

French Clingan is active head of the oldest established business in Hubbard, a flour and feed business in which three generations of the Clingan family have had an active interest.

The Clingans were pioneers in the Western Reserve, William Clingan, a native of Ireland, coming as a young man to Mahoning County. His son, William Clingan, Jr., was born in Mahoning County, near the Trumbull County line, and in early life became a carpenter and contractor, erecting many houses, mills and other buildings. Subsequently he took up the business of stock drover, and for a number of years bought stock on the Chicago market and shipped it to Hubbard and other points in Ohio. His business as a stock dealer became the foundation of the present establishment of his grandson, French Clingan. He died in his eighty-eighth year. His wife was Eliza Bell, a native of Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

The only son of this couple is Mr. C. N. Clingan, a retired business man of Hubbard. C. N. Clingan was born in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, July 24, 1843, and from the age of seven grew up on a farm a mile and a half west of Hubbard. He attended district and select schools, and in 1861, at the age of eighteen, enlisted in Company B of the Nineteenth Ohio Infantry. He served in the ranks and later as a non-commissioned officer. After nine months he received an honorable discharge on account of disability but two months later re-enlisted in the same company and regiment and had served three years and seven months at his final discharge at Nashville. He was in practically all the great engagements of the western army except Shiloh. When the war was over he became associated with his father in livestock at Hubbard, and incidental to that business handled seed. He was successively a member of the firm Clingan & Hadley, Clingan, Hadley & Company, Clingan & Matthews, Clingan & Son, and eventually continued the business under his own name. This business has now been in continuous existence for half a century. C. N. Clingan has also directed other interests successfully, having employed some of his means for the operation of coal mines. He is a staunch republican, having filled several local offices, is an ex-commander of his Grand Army Post, and an elder and leading member of the Presbyterian Church. In 1865 C. N. Clingan married Sarah J. Matthews, who was born in Hubbard Township, daughter of Thomas Matthews. To their marriage were born five children: Ada, who married William Pigott; May, wife of A. C. Van Ness; French; Scott; and Olive, who married Clyde Smith, of Hubbard.

French Clingan was born at Hubbard, September 9, 1871, and has spent practically all his life in the village. He finished his education in a business college at Cleveland, and took up his business career in Youngstown, where for four years he was secretary and treasurer of the Youngstown Ice Company. Later, in association with David Tod, he was manager of the Mahoning Builders Supply Company, handling a general line of building supplies. He was also secretary, treasurer and manager of the Lowellville Coal Company, whose headquarters were in Youngstown but whose mines were at Lowellville, working between twenty-five and forty men. Jacob Stambaugh was president of the coal company.

After the business was sold to the Youngstown Ice Company, Mr. Clingan returned to Hubbard and on January 1, 1917, succeeded his father in the old established business. The site of the business is still on the ground and the offices are in a building erected by his grandfather, William Clingan. Mr. Clingan has put new enterprise into the business and

is now erecting a large elevator on the railroad half a mile from the main plant. On the average 150 cars of feed are handled annually, largely to supply the dairy farmers around Hubbard.

Mr. Clingan has also demonstrated his public-spirited citizenship. He is an active member of the school board, which now has under construction a $200,000 building. He assisted in consolidating the township schools. Litigation starting in 1868 and continuing for half a century made impossible a satisfactory educational progress in Hubbard, due to contentions between the village and the outlying township. Finally the County School Board took decisive steps, solving the problem happily for school interests, and the community now has one of the best schools in the county. Mr. Clingan is a trustee of the Methodist Church. His favorite recreation is fishing, and usually once a year he gets away to the fishing grounds in Canada.

At the age of twenty-five he married Josephine Jacobs, only daughter of Millard Jacobs of Hubbard. They have one son, Millard Calvin Clingan, now twenty-one years of age. He is a graduate of the Rayen High School and is now in the First National Bank of Youngstown.

Samuel H. Stillwagon. While three of his sons have become prominent bankers and business men, two of them in Trumbull County, Samuel H. Stillwagon has remained satisfied with the responsibilities thrust upon him as a very young man on the farm, but as a farmer and stockman he has exhibited much of the enterprise characteristic of his sons, and has achieved a notable success. Perhaps the best evidence of this success is the farm itself, located three miles northeast of Niles, nine miles northwest of Youngstown and six miles southeast of Warren. It is a dairy and stock farm, and Holstein cattle breeders have appreciated the qualities of its fine herd for many years. This is one of the leading dairies of the county, and Mr. Stillwagon has instituted all the modern and most advanced equipment for handling cows and producing sanitary milk. Both in the home and barns there is a complete water system, and the place is electrically lighted throughout.

Mr. Stillwagon was born in Butler County, Pennsylvania, December 26, 1850. He was a child when his father, Josiah Stillwagon, died in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and after that he and his mother lived with her brother, William Milford, first in Venango County, Pennsylvania, and about 1865 came to Ohio and to the location of the present Stillwagon farm at the corners of Howland, Liberty, Vienna and Weathersfield townships. The house is in Howland Township. Mr. Milford died about a year after coming to Trumbull County, and as he had no children the responsibility of looking after the 199-acre farm devolved largely upon his sixteen-year-old nephew, Samuel H. Stillwagon. He ran the farm and also provided for his mother's comfort during her lifetime. Through all the years there has followed a record of progress and advancement. He has increased his land holdings to 267 acres and about twelve years ago erected a handsome country home. The main barn, though built in 1884, is still one of the largest and best equipped in the county, and at the time it was erected it ranked as the largest. is a basement barn, and everything is in perfect sy tem just as is found in a modern factory. For t most part he has sold his milk wholesale, thoug for two years he operated a retail route in Nile Besides his herd of Holstein thoroughbreds he h always been interested in sheep, keeping a flock the fine wool Merinos, and has been an exhibitor fairs. For several years he was a buyer of wo and at one time had 80,000 pounds on hand. Whi he has seen his own affairs prosper and his so become independent in business, Mr. Stillwagon st yields to the natural urge for work, and is busi today than many younger men. He has always be liberal of his means in promoting as a stockhold various industries, some of which failed, though so became creditable enterprises. He has never soug nor desired public office, and is a member of t Christian Church at Niles.

In 1872 he married Miss Kittie Hake, a daught of Daniel Hake, who was of a pioneer family Vienna Township, the Hake farm being just acr the line in Vienna Township and in the same neig borhood as the Stillwagon farm. Daniel Hake di about 1900, when past fifty-six years of age. M and Mrs. Stillwagon have four sons: Fred W who has spent his active life as a banker and president of the Union Savings & Trust Company Warren; Arthur Paul, a resident of Niles and pre dent and treasurer of the Storage, Transfer & Supp Company of Warren and Niles; Clyde S., who planning manager of the United States Rubber Co pany at Naugatuck, Connecticut; and Roy A., t only one of the sons to remain on the farm, n sharing partnership responsibilities with his father.

Ernest E. Swartswelter, a native son of Youn town, is one of the prominent young men in t financial affairs of the city, and is vice president a treasurer of the Youngstown Securities Company.

He was born at Youngstown May 11, 1887, son John and Christina (Maxwell) Swartzwelter. H father was born in America of Scotch-Irish ancest while his mother was a native of Scotland. Jo Swartswelter moved with his family to Youngsto in 1875, and for the greater part of his active l was engaged in railroad work, but in later ye conducted a hotel in Youngstown.

Ernest E. Swartzwelter received his education the public and Rayen schools and his first empl ment was with the American Sheet & Tinplate Co pany. In 1906 he entered the services of the Dol Savings & Trust Company, and remained with th until November, 1911, when together with the l George D. Wick and Philip Wick formed Youngstown Securities Company, stocks, bonds a general investments.

He received most of his financial training with t concern and his own abilities have brought him responsibilities he enjoys as its vice president a treasurer. He is also a member of the Clevela Stock Exchange.

Mr. Swartswelter is a director in the Mahon National Bank, the Mahoning Savings & Trust Co pany, the Homer S. Williams Company, the Stand Slag Company and is a member of the Youngsto

Ε.Τ.

Club, Youngstown Country Club, Chamber of Commerce, Banker's Club of New York and Ohio Society of New York.

February 21, 1914, he married Miss Emma Westerman, daughter of Marcus Westerman of Youngstown. They have one son, Ernest E. Swartswelter, Jr.

Henry Reitzel Calvin, of Green Township, Mahoning County, is a member of a family that was established here more than a century ago and has given many industrious and capable men and women to the citizenship of Ohio.

The original home of the Calvin family was in France. From there they went to England, and prior to the Revolutionary war settled in New Jersey. Joshua Calvin was born September 14, 1742, and died October 4, 1832. As a young man he moved to Virginia, settling in Hampshire County, and in 1816, when in advanced years, came to Ohio and settled on the land now occupied as the farm home of his great-grandson, Henry R. Calvin. Joshua Calvin married Sarah Updike. A brief record of their family is as follows: Samuel, born in 1767, came to Mahoning County in 1816; Benjamin, born in 1770, settled in Portage County, Ohio; Luther, born in 1772, also came to Mahoning County in 1816; David, born in 1775, Mahlon, born in 1777, and Robert, born in 1780, all established homes in Portage County; Joshua, born in 1782, died in Virginia in 1804; and John, born in 1784, died in infancy.

The death of the son Joshua in Virginia in 1804 is attested by the family records. That date helps to establish the first settlement of the family in Portage County, Ohio. While Joshua was on his death bed two of his brothers returned to the Virginia home from Portage County, traveling on horseback, and from this it is known that the brothers made their first investigations of the wilderness of Portage County only two years after Ohio became a state. When Samuel and Luther came to Mahoning County in 1816 they were accompanied by their families, Samuel settling on the same section as his father and Luther about a mile south. Samuel died in 1854 and Luther in 1839.

Joshua, who died in Virginia in 1804, married Sarah Tate. Twelve years later the widow accompanied other members of the family to Mahoning County. She was born June 16, 1779, and died January 29, 1847. She was the mother of one son, John T. Calvin, born December 7, 1803.

John T. Calvin was thirteen years of age when he came to Mahoning County. At the age of thirty he married Mary Keetch. He died June 20, 1866, and his widow survived him until 1890. John T. Calvin acquired his grandfather's farm and built the residence still standing there, in 1853 and the barn in 1861. His children were: Martin Luther, born in 1838 and died at the age of seventy-two on an adjoining farm; Rachel, born in 1839, is the widow of Philip B. Cool and lives close to the original family settlement; Rosanna, born in 1844, has never married; Henry Reitzel, next in age; Aaron, born in 1849, and died in 1913; Mary Jane, born in 1851, widow of Irving A. Bradley, of Beaver Township.

Henry Reitzel Calvin was born at the old homestead July 22, 1846, on his mother's thirty-second birthday. For nearly three-quarters of a century he has lived on the farm where he was born and all his associations are with that community. For many years he and his brother Aaron were closely associated in all their interests and business affairs, and their partnership continued until the death of Aaron. Henry R. Calvin married in 1878 Sarah E. Musselman, who was born in Virginia and came to Ohio at the age of sixteen. To their marriage were born two children, one dying in infancy. The other, John Elmer, is a carpenter by trade but has spent most of his life on the home farm. He married Ethel Baker and has one son, Floyd Henry, now two years of age.

Aaron Calvin married in 1878 Angeline Ferney, and left one daughter, Mary Alice, now the wife of John Weikart and the mother of a son, Leroy Calvin. The Calvins almost without exception have been republican in politics, and the family at home are members of the Locust Grove Baptist Church.

Lewis D. Coy, M. D. The family represented by Doctor Coy, whose home and professional interests have been at Canfield for many years, is one of prominence in Mahoning County.

His grandfather, Henry Coy, was a native of Alsace-Lorraine, and as a young man in 1802 settled in Franklin County, Pennsylvania. He had four children by his first marriage: Mary, who married Michael Huffman; Henry, Jr., who died at Salem, Ohio, in 1876; Catherine; and Elizabeth, who married John Berlin and lived at Napanee, Indiana. Henry Coy married for his second wife Hannah Miller, who died in 1847. She was the mother of eight children: David, who died in Mahoning County in 1867; Peggy, who died at Silver Lake, Indiana, in 1851, the wife of David Stauffer; Samuel, who died at Washington Court House, Ohio, in 1848; John, who died at Burbank, Ohio, in 1803; Hannah, who died in 1850, at Burbank, the wife of John Clinker; Nancy, who died at Silver Lake, Indiana, in 1876, the wife of William Callahan; Daniel, referred to below; and Susan, who died at Silver Lake, Indiana, in 1861, the wife of Henry McCrary. The first member of this family to come to Ohio was Henry Coy, Jr. His half brothers, Daniel and David, lived in Mahoning County, the former in Green and the latter in Beaver township.

Daniel Coy was born in 1800 and died in 1858. His first wife was Barbara Callahan and his second wife Elizabeth Roller. Daniel Coy spent his last days at Otter Creek, Pennsylvania. He was a man of gifted intellect, a great reader, and could always debate public questions. His farm in Mahoning County was on the hillside between Greenford and New Albany. He had seven children by his first marriage and one by the second. Jonas, the oldest, died in Green Township in 1896 and was the father of fourteen children. Wesley, who was born in 1827 and died in 1899, was a farmer a mile and a half northwest of Greenford. His first wife was Dorothy Bush and his second wife, Harriet Roller, his children being by his first marriage, namely: Lewis D.; Mary Alice, wife of David Dresell; Daniel, who died at the age of thirty-five; Jonas D., a retired resident of Salem; and Melissa, who died in childhood. Jesse, the third of Daniel's children, lived in Columbiana

owned by the subject of this sketch. The native timber had been cleared away from the greater part of the tract, and here Thomas Martin continued his energetic work as a productive agriculturist during the remainder of his active career. Here he died at the venerable age of eighty-eight years, and his wife likewise was well advanced in years when she too passed to the life eternal. Of their children the eldest was William, who was for a number of years a resident of Hanoverton, Columbiana County, and who now maintains his home at Alliance, Stark County; John of this review, was the next in order of birth; Mary died in infancy; Mary Jane has never married and now resides at Salem, Columbiana County; Thomas, Jr., a carriagemaker by trade, is now living retired at Salem.

John Martin attended the district schools of his home township at intervals after the family removal to Mahoning County, and in the meanwhile he contributed his share to the work of the home farm. He was but fifteen years old at the outbreak of the Civil war, and as soon as possible thereafter he showed his youthful patriotism by enlisting, in the spring of 1864, as a private in Company E, Second Ohio Cavalry, which was a part of General Custer's Brigade. Mr. Martin joined his regiment at Annapolis, Maryland, and at Front Royal, on the 21st of September, 1864, he was captured by the enemy. He was incarcerated a few weeks in the infamous old Libby Prison at Richmond, Virginia, and thereafter was kept a prisoner of war at Belle Isle and Salisbury, North Carolina, where he was held until the close of the war, his release having been assured when General Sherman and his gallant forces approached that place on his famous march through the Carolinas. Of thirty neighborhood boys who served in Mr. Martin's regiment, he is the only one remaining in that same neighborhood. He has kept in touch with his old comrades, especially through affiliation with the Grand Army of the Republic, and has attended a number of the national encampments of this great patriotic organization, including the encampment in the City of Boston, just fifty years from the time he accompanied his parents from Brookline to Ohio. Among the old comrades he found a number of his boyhood companions at Brookline, and the occasion was one of much gratification to him.

After the close of the war Mr. Martin and his brother Thomas established a carriage and wagon shop at Mineral Ridge, Trumbull County, and with this enterprise he continued to be identified until he returned to the old home farm to care for his parents. For more than forty years he has had charge of this farm, upon which he has made numerous improvements, and though he is now living virtually retired, he finds pleasure in still maintaining general supervision of the place, which is endeared to him by many gracious memories and associations. He has served as township assessor, and was elected township trustee, primarily because of his zealous advocacy of good roads. The movement for road improvements in the county had but recently been initiated, and though Canfield Township had a normal democratic majority, Mr. Martin, the republican candidate, was elected by a gratifying majority, the opposing candidate having previously served as township trustee. He gave effective service as trustee and, incidentally, as road inspector, but refused to become a candidate for a second term. He has been influential in local politics, has been an effective campaign speaker, and has been a delegate to various conventions of his party. His father likewise was a stalwart republican, and in the early days was the only Irish republican in Canfield Township. Mr. Martin has passed the official chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and has been a delegate from his lodge to the Grand Lodge of Ohio. In his farming operations he has kept pace with modern ideas and methods, and has used scientific fertilizing, installed tile drainage, etc. Now venerable in years, he has found life sweet and good, and holds himself favored in having had a home in the famous old Western Reserve, known for its fine citizenship and its stable prosperity.

October 2, 1872, recorded the marriage of Mr. Martin to Miss Salome Schall, and of their children four are living: William A., long one of the substantial farmers of Canfield Township, now resides in the City of Youngstown. He married Gertrude McDonnell, and they have three sons, Cecil, Earl and Leo. Esther is the wife of J. Albert Everhard, of Youngstown, who has been for twenty-five years an engineer on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and they have one daughter, Mrs. Edna Heine, who has one son. Anna is the wife of Monroe Hull and resides on a farm adjoining that of her father, but in Ellsworth Township, and she has one daughter. Rosa is the wife of Chauncey Jerome, a farmer in Austintown Township, and they have two children, Gladys and Ione.

J. Allen Klein, of Canfield Township, director of the Farmers National Bank and a well-to-do and enterprising farmer of that township, comes into Mahoning Valley history in good place because of the association of his family with the early pioneer days in Mahoning County, and because of his marriage into the Canfield family, which owned such vast tracts of land in the Western Reserve in the early part of the nineteenth century. Maud M. Canfield, wife of J. Allen Klein, is a great-granddaughter of Judge Judson Canfield of Sharon, Connecticut, owner of thousands of acres in the Mahoning Valley, and in whose honor Canfield Village and township were so named.

J. Allen Klein was born on the farm upon which he still lives, the farm being the ancestral Klein homestead on which his father was also born, thirty-one years earlier. J. Allen was born on March 8, 1861, the son of Peter and Hannah (Beard) Klein. The Klein family is of colonial ancestry, and of record on the side of the republic during the Revolutionary war, George Klein, great-great-grandfather of J. Allen, having been a soldier in the army of General Washington. And five generations of the Klein family have now had residence in the Mahoning Valley of Ohio, Abram Klein, great-grandfather of J. Allen, being one of the earliest settlers in Youngstown. When Abram Klein settled in Youngstown he lived upon what later was the site of the Ohio Steel Plant at the mouth of Mill Creek. Later he moved into Canfield Township, taking up the wild tract which has since been developed by the

Klein family of successive generations into the rich agricultural property it is today. Abram bequeathed the Canfield Township farm to his son Jonathan, grandfather of J. Allen, and although the body of Abram was interred in Youngstown, it was subsequently taken to Canfield and buried there, the tombstone conveying the information that he was forty-six years old at the time of his death; that he was born in Northampton County, Pennsylvania; and that he was the son of George and Maria. He belonged to the Christian Church.

Jonathan Klein, son of Abram, lived in Canfield Township practically all his life from his seventeenth year. It is not clear in data presently available whether he was born in Youngstown or in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, before the coming of his father and mother to Youngstown, but his school days were all spent in Youngstown, and one of his schoolmates was a boy named Tod, who eventually became governor of Ohio. At the age of seventeen years he came to Canfield, and applied himself energetically to the task of clearing the tract of land in Canfield Township his father had given him. He married in early manhood; lived an active useful life; and eventually became well circumstanced financially. During his life he was an enterprising farmer; was a large breeder of cattle; and in early days he used to drive his cattle over the mountains to market. Politically he was a democrat, and as such he exerted some influence in his district, although he does not appear to have at any time sought political office. He died in Canfield in 1871. His wife, Elizabeth Arner, lived a widowhood of twenty-eight years, her death not coming until about 1899, she being then about ninety-three years old. They were the parents of four children, all sons, by name and in order of birth: Solomon, who settled in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, and one of his sons is Dr. C. M. Klein of Youngstown; Gabriel, who died in Youngstown, leaving three daughters, Dorothy, Ora, and Hannah; Peter, father of J. Allen, regarding whose life more follows; and Heman, who became a successful farmer in Berlin Township, where his two sons, Charles and Warren, still live. His daughter, who became Mrs. Cobb, is now deceased.

Peter Klein, son of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Arner) Klein, was born in Canfield Township, in the parental home, in 1830. His whole life was spent in the township, and he entered extensively into stock farming. His father had given him part of the vast home farm, the portion, in itself, constituting a large farm, and on it Peter raised large flocks of sheep and many cattle, and became comfortably circumstanced. He was well-known throughout the county, and was looked upon as an enterprising, representative farmer. Politically he was a democrat, as was his father, but he gave his life mostly to matters pertaining to agriculture. He died on August 20, 1896, aged sixty-six years, and was buried at New Buffalo. His wife, Hannah Beard, died about two years later, on August 7, 1898, she being then also about sixty-six years old. She was a member of the Lutheran Church of New Buffalo, and was buried there.

J. Allen Klein, only child of Peter and Hannah (Beard) Klein, was born in Canfield Township, and on the farm he still owns, but in the old dwelling, for the present substantial house was not built by his father until about 1867. His parents were married in 1853, and he, their only child, was born about eight years later, in 1861. In boyhood he attended school at Canfield, the school being about two and one-half miles from his home, and after his school days were over he began earnestly to assist his father in the work of the large home farm, 370 acres. He was about twenty-nine years old when, in 1890, he took over the farm from his father, and since that year he has had full possession of it. He has also during the forty years from then to the present, bought and sold other farms, but he has always held to his main property, in the farming of which he has had much success. With commendable enterprise he has entered largely into the wintering of stock, his method being to buy young cattle in the fall, winter them on ensilange and such fodder, pasture them on his extensive acreage of rich land through the summer, and in the autumn dispose of the fattened cattle. In that way he usually handles from 80 to 100 head of cattle yearly, buying in the open market. He has a large barn, 80 by 80 feet, which he erected in 1907, has adequate silo capacity, and has good basement stabling accommodation. He has reached an enviable state of material wealth, and also a wealth that is of greater worth, the respect of his neighbors, and he has shown throughout his life a consistent helpful interest in the general affairs of the community and county. He has never sought public office, although had he wished to participate in civic administration there is every reason for supposing that he would have had little difficulty in gaining office, for he personally has always been well-regarded in Canfield Township, and his family has of course had connection with it almost from the beginning of its settlement. Also through his wife he comes into the family which, perhaps, is placed first among the pioneer families of Canfield.

It was in 1887 that he married Maud M. Canfield, daughter of Judson and Betsy M. (Turner) Canfield, and great-granddaughter of Judge Judson Canfield, of Sharon, Connecticut, owner of vast estates in the Western Reserve, and one of the principals of the old Connecticut Land Company of Sharon. A review of the association of the Canfield family with the settlement of Canfield and with the Mahoning Valley has been specially written for this edition of Mahoning Valley history. To J. Allen and Maud M. (Canfield) Klein have been born two children, daughters: Marjorie, who graduated from the Kent Normal College, and is now a teacher in Youngstown; and Dorothy, who married Leroy Anderson, and lives with her parents on the home farm. Mr. and Mrs. Klein during their life-long connection with Canfield and Mahoning County have entered actively into communal affairs. Socially they have always been well-regarded, and have many sincere friends in Canfield, in Youngstown, and in other parts of the county. As a man of good moral and material integrity Mr. Klein has been drawn into identification with the administration of the Farmers National Bank of Canfield, being a director of that institution. In almost all ways he is well among the leaders of that section of Mahoning County.

Thos P Barry

Rev. John P. Barry. While a city of wonderful material development and prosperity, Youngstown has appreciation for its institutions "not builded with hands," and among these there is more than historical significance in the story of St. Ann's Roman Catholic congregation and its pastor for thirty-two years, Rev. John P. Barry. It is not alone the present and former members of St. Ann's parish, but many hundreds of people outside the church who will read and read understandingly, the following brief sketch of Father Barry and his work in Youngstown.

He was born at Boston, Massachusetts, October 7, 1861. His father, Thomas Barry, and his mother, Ann (Ryan) Barry, came from County Cork, Ireland, and were married in Boston. They made their home there and were widely and favorably known in the Catholic social and business circles of the city. Mr. Barry died in 1894, at the age of fifty-six, and his wife died two years later at the age of fifty-eight. Six children came to bless and adorn this happy home: John Patrick; Thomas, who spent the last months of failing health with Father Barry, and died at his residence March 1, 1897, at the age of thirty-three; Joseph, who is in the employ of the Lake Shore Railroad; William, who died in infancy; Rose, who was the wife of Dr. George McEvoy, of Boston, died in August, 1919; Mary, wife of William Harper of Boston.

As a boy Father Barry attended the public schools of Boston and was graduated from the Boston High School at the age of thirteen. After two years in the Boston Jesuit College he entered Nicolet College at Nicolet, Province of Quebec, Canada, where he graduated in June, 1881.

Conscious of a divine call to the sacred ministry, he began his theological studies under the Sulpician Fathers in the Grand Seminary at Montreal, Canada, whence hundreds of priests have gone forth as zealous laborers throughout the United States, Canada and foreign missions. After his third year of Theology at Montreal, Father Barry awakened to the fact that he was completing his training before the required age, and that owing to the ample supply of priests in his own old, well-established and fully equipped Arch-diocese of Boston, it would be most difficult if not altogether impossible to get a dispensation to be ordained before the canonical age. Impatient as he was to begin his priestly career, he applied for and obtained permission to offer his services in the broader and less favored fields of the West. Accordingly he applied to the bishop of Cleveland, who eagerly adopted him as an ecclesiastical student for his diocese and sent him to complete his divinity course in the Diocesan Seminary of Cleveland, where he spent one year, and was ordained to the priesthood on July 9, 1885.

His first appointment was as assistant to Rev. E. Mears, pastor of St. Columba's congregation at Youngstown. In the short space of two years as assistant at St. Columba's, Father Barry manifested such decided evidences of initiative, earnestness and executive ability in school and parish affairs that he was called by his bishop, the Right Reverend Richard Gilmour, to the vacant pastorate of St. Ann's, and in the ever memorable words of his beloved superior to "rejuvenate the parish." On Christmas Eve, 1887, the Rev. John P. Barry assumed his duties as pastor of St. Ann's Catholic Congregation.

Here in his cherished charge at St. Ann's he has borne the burden and heat of thirty-three years—all the vicissitudes incumbent on the keeper of souls, training the young, comforting the aged, and in endeavoring to lighten and sweeten the trials of those laboring under the toils of the ills of life. Besides these spiritual phases of his sacred ministry Father Barry has during the thirty-three years encountered labors and difficulties in the temporal or material upbuilding of the congregation that have confronted few priests of his time. Commercial and laboring agencies have so affected the good, generous people of his parish that though pastor and people have nobly striven together to model and build and economize, it is denied them to feel and say "we have finished our undertaking."

When Father Barry was called upon by Bishop Gilmour to assume the vacant pastorate of St. Ann's on that Christmas Eve of 1887, he found a debt of two thousand dollars and the need of a parish house. With characteristic energy he immediately set to work and in 1888 had a parish house, a frame building erected for $5,300, and the frame school was remodeled, enlarged and equipped. It was soon discovered that the location of the church building was undesirable, as people lived at such distances from the house of worship. In 1892 another site was secured and the four lots fronting for 200 feet on Federal Street and 142 on Jefferson Street, on which the present building is situated, were secured, a site one mile south of the original parish property.

In 1893 the foundation on the present site was commenced, and on July 30th of the same year the cornerstone was laid. Owing to lack of means, and the financial depression which then affected Youngstown, building activities progressed slowly. The basement was completed and used first on April 25, 1897, and its use was continued until 1906. The building itself was then completed and there was general rejoicing when it was formally dedicated, in June, 1906. Fashioned of brick and sandstone, its attractiveness has not been marred with the years. The interior was also attractively designed, with a color scheme which has not lost its pristine freshness. A two-story school and a very pleasing pastoral residence were erected in 1898.

There is a debt that weighs on the noble pride and ambition of Reverend Father Barry and his devoted people. The property and wonderful growth of the splendid city have so invaded the precincts of St. Ann's parish lines that the home element or residence quarter is no longer desirable and parishioners are being forced to find homes elsewhere, thus leaving only the few to complete what many began. It is in this economy of the human trend of affairs that Father Barry is enabled to preach as eloquently by his example of submission and resignation to the at least "seeming" dispensations of Divine Providence as from the pulpit he voiced God's message of love, respect, obedience and reverence for all things pertaining to or leading to God.

Sincerity and practicability without tolerance for sham in any of its guises can be traced in his every utterance, and make the hearer to feel that he is truly

an anointed one, a priest—another Christ, bringing God's good message to the mind and heart. Father Barry always seems the personal embodiment of the spiritual when his theme is "The Love of God, or Obedience, or Respect for Legitimate Authority." Father Barry has been an indefatigable teacher of Christian doctrine, and not until his health failed two years ago was it known for him to absent himself from the regular Sunday afternoon catechism, or daily lessons to special classes in school, or to arrive one second late. Rarely did any member of the class absent himself or arrive tardy. Children, the sick, and the aged are his special favorites.

All Father Barry's attainments, whether natural or acquired, fit him peculiarly for his sacred ministry, whether in the sanctuary where his wonderful voice lends a charm to the sacred psalmody, and his dignified bearing coincides with the requirements of the ritual, or in the school, at the bedside of the sick, or in the confessional where his intuitive knowledge of human nature has helped to make many a crooked way straight.

Besides being a priest, Father Barry is a social and public-spirited man. He has kept himself well informed upon all the leading questions and problems of the day, particularly those concerning his adopted city of Youngstown. He is fond of athletic sports, and in his day and turn has performed many a feat, whether in baseball, football or golf. Father Barry has derived much satisfaction and pleasure from his associations with the leading representative men of the municipality, and the more so that the pleasure appeared mutual.

On July 9, 1904, the nineteenth anniversary of his ordination, an anniversary dearer to him in each succeeding year, Father Barry was stabbed in the left eye and abdomen in two dreadful thrusts with a knife from the hands of an unfortunate demented former janitor. Father Barry thus lost his left eye. Expressions of sympathy, kindness and friendship were showered upon him from every source, including every creed and profession, every business and social center. By the middle of August Father Barry was about and ready to resume his duties. His silence in regard to his loss and the attendant suffering is eloquent of his matter of fact and sensible acceptance of the dispensations of Divine Providence in the events of his life, no matter what the agency. This was merely a personal inconvenience. Only those annoyances that hinder or warp the sphere of his labor or the interest of his pastorate charge have ever been able to disturb him or evoke any utterance of temper or pain. Such annoyances he has also weathered, and these are griefs that have traced their penciling on his brow.

Three years ago, the 21st of October, Father Barry suffered a partial stroke of apoplexy which has somewhat impaired his health and rendered him unable to attend to the details of parish work. His wonderful vitality or rather will power enables him to really live and act, where most others would succumb either virtually or in reality. Only those who know Father Barry intimately are in position to appreciate or fathom his wonderful composite individuality, his keen sense of humor, his only seeming severity, his kindness, thoughtfulness, appreciation of the true and the beautiful, and his sense of duty unmarred or warped by any enervating sentiments or false philosophy so often advanced in defense of evil or of good left undone.

John L. Riley, of Canfield Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, who owns one of the richest farms in that township, and one of the most desirable on the Canfield-Boardman Road, is a widely-known cattle breeder. He has shown sound business acumen in his agricultural operations, and has taken an equally effective part in public affairs. Generally, he has shown himself to be a man of strong characteristics, alert, enterprising and capable, and in all public movements of local agricultural interest he has taken a leading part. He has been township trustee for many years, is an enthusiastic granger, and is a member of the official board of the Farm Bureau.

He was born in Bedford County, Pennsylvania, on April 20, 1873, the son of David and Mary E. (Miller) Riley. Through his mother, John L. Riley comes into notable American ancestry, for she was a second cousin of Abraham Lincoln, the immortal of American history, her mother having been of the Hanks family from which Nancy Hanks, mother of Lincoln, also came. David Riley, father of John L., was a man of active characteristics, a teamster for the greater part of his life, and it was in such an occupation that he eventually met his death. He was driving a six-mule team, and fell from the heavily-laden wagon, the wheels of which passed over him, causing his death. The tragic death of David Riley placed the widow and her large family in a serious predicament, for John L. was then only thirteen years old, yet he was the first born of their eleven children. As a teamster David Riley had for twenty years been in the employ of the same company, J. B. White and Company, but his earnings had been barely sufficient to meet the immediate expenses, month by month, of his large family. But his reliable, capable work for his employers did not go unappreciated, for soon after his death the company volunteered monetary assistance to Mrs. Riley, the widow, in the rearing of her large family. About one year after the death of her husband Mrs. Riley moved to Salem, Ohio, where for many years thereafter the family lived. Almost as soon as the family came to Salem, John L., who felt his responsibility as the eldest child, set out resolutely to work so as to lighten the load of his mother. It would seem that at the outset his earnest endeavors brought but little monetary benefit to his mother, for during his first year, as a farm boy, he only earned $16, in addition to his board, that is $4 a month for four months and his board in addition, but only his board and no cash remuneration for his labor during the other eight months. In the following year, being more experienced, he did somewhat better for his mother, earning $6 monthly, and later $8 monthly, almost the whole of which cash wage he delivered to his mother to help toward the maintenance of his younger brothers and sisters. So the years passed until he was a man. He was only twenty-one years old when he became the business partner of George Campbell, who was a man of some experience in cattle breeding, having in fact been

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manager for a large breeder. The partners, Riley and Campbell, began their enterprise in a small way as dairymen and cattle breeders, and they continued in partnership for six years, during which John L. Riley did well. He had worked hard, had saved his profits for the most part, and as the years passed their stock had accumulated, so that when in 1907 the partners disposed of their stock by public sale they both found themselves with satisfactory banking accounts. They had a herd of about twenty head of thoroughbred Jersey cattle, which they had raised themselves, and these were sold for breeding purposes at very satisfactory prices. The partnership was, however, then dissolved, and John L. Riley bought the McGervan farm near Canfield Village. In his subsequent farming he has followed similar methods to that which brought him such satisfactory initial success. He gave first attention to the building of another herd of pedigreed Jersey cattle. Two years later, however, he sold the McGervan farm and formed a partnership with H. A. and J. A. Manchester, and in that connection took over the management of the H. A. Manchester farm. The three partners centered their efforts on stock raising, and by skillful selection the firm of Manchester and Riley owned at the end of three years a herd of more than sixty Jersey cattle, all pedigreed stock. In 1912, however, Mr. Riley again took to independent farming, purchasing in that year the John Suisenbacher farm of 120 acres, situated in Canfield Township, about one mile to the eastward of the village. He bought the farm from John Suisenbacher, who had owned it for sixty years, and who died only about a year ago. Since 1912 John L. Riley has lived on that farm, and has met with just as appreciable success as he formerly had experienced; indeed, his success has been even more substantial in connection with the breeding of Jersey cattle. Since 1912 he has sold to southern buyers two valuable herds, bred by himself, and sold one entire herd to a sanitarium in North Carolina. He has reached an enviable place among American breeders of Jersey cattle, and his stock realizes good prices, and the demand more than equals the supply. He has reached such a position by persistent effort and close attention to his business, and although the principal aim has been the raising of blooded stock, he has of necessity had a considerable dairying business, selling the cream in Youngstown. And accordingly he has to some extent also been a breeder of hogs, the breed he has specialized in being the Berkshire. He is generally esteemed in Canfield Township, and is quite representative of the progressive Ohio farmer of this generation, capable, responsible and enterprising. As a citizen he has shown a helpful public spirit, has been township trustee for six years, and has been an influential supporter of the movement for better roads. Politically he is a democrat, although he has not sought political office at any time. Fraternally he is an Odd Fellow, and in all matters of consequence to agriculture in the county he has been interested, being a member of the local Grange, and also of the County Farm Bureau. He is closely identified with the functioning of the latter organization, being a member of its official board. Religiously he is a Methodist, a member of the Canfield Methodist Episcopal Church.

On October 6, 1903, John L. Riley married Celia Harroff, of Lordstown, Ohio. They have one child, a daughter, Ruth Ellen, who is now a junior in the Canfield High School. Mrs. Riley's mother, Barbara (Brunstetter) Harroff, lives with them.

George Dennick Wick, Jr. One of the prominent members of the younger generation of the noted Wick family of the Mahoning Valley is George Dennick Wick, Jr., whose business is in Youngstown and whose home is in the beautiful country residence recently erected by his mother at Boardman Center.

Mr. Wick was born at Youngstown, March 19, 1897. He finished his education at the Choate School at Wallingford, Connecticut, and on May 5, 1917, at the age of twenty, enlisted in the naval service. He was stationed at Block Island, Rhode Island, and was on scout patrol duty and attained the rank of second class gunner. He received his honorable discharge January 28, 1919, and for a few months following his return home was connected with the Youngstown Securities Company. Since June 1, 1919, he has been identified with the Falcon Steel Company of Niles.

March 20, 1918, Mr. Wick married Miss Ruth Kuhn, of Pittsburgh. Her father is a Pittsburgh coal operator and also a member of the LeMoyne High Speed Steel Company, one of the independent steel concerns of Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Wick have one daughter, Antoinette Mary.

Newton A. Wolcott, of Warren, is a leader in the industrial and business affairs of the Mahoning Valley, and the recording of his notable success is all the more interesting and appropriate because of the fact that he is a product of the valley, and it is of further interest because of the association of the Wolcott family with the history of Trumbull County since pioneer days. But in any case the life story of Mr. Wolcott would merit inclusion in the history of the Mahoning Valley by reason of his intimate identification with the administration of important industrial and financial enterprises and because of the prominent part he has taken in the public affairs of the City of Warren.

Mr. Wolcott is a graduate of Lehigh University, holds the degree of Electrical Engineer, has been connected with The Packard Electric Company of Warren since 1903, has been general manager of that manufacturing corporation since 1906, and since 1916 has held the responsibilities of president, treasurer and general manager. As a technical man of marked administrative and organizing ability he has been asked to co-operate in many business enterprises, and among those with which he is officially connected are: The Akron Maderite Tire & Rubber Company of Newton Falls, Ohio, of which company he is the president; The National Electric Welder Company of Warren, of which he is the president; The Equipment Manufacturing Company of Conneaut, Ohio, of which he is the president; The William Coale Development Company of Warren, of which he is a director; The Standard Transformer Company of Warren, of which he is secretary; The Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company, of Warren, of which he is president; The

Peerless Electric Company of Warren, of which he is a director; The Park Land Company of Warren, of which he is the vice president; The Western Reserve National Bank of Warren, of which he is a director; the Packard Park Commission of Warren, of which he is chairman of the board of trustees; The Warren Board of Trade, of which he is vice president; and the Warren Rotary Club, of which he is a charter member.

These business associations clearly indicate the place of Mr. Wolcott among the representative men of affairs in the City of Warren. During the recent war he demonstrated his practical patriotism by taking a leading part in the war work in Trumbull County. He was chairman of the publicity committee formed for the purposes of the local effort in all the Liberty Loan campaigns, and gave his time unstintingly in like capacity to the local bodies responsible for the raising of all the other government agency funds for war purposes—the Red Cross and such auxiliary war agencies. The review of the activities of Mr. Wolcott during the seventeen years that have elapsed since he came to Warren indicate that he is a man of strong personality and of decisive and effective action. His success has been in a way remarkable, yet parallel with that of many of the men of our country who began at the bottom and, unaided, climbed to the top. He spent eight years in acquiring his higher education on his own resources, and when he came to Warren direct from the university he expended his last dollar for railroad fare. Yet in a decade and a half he has become the guiding genius of a large and growing industrial plant, and has attained a high position in a community noted for its successful men. And he has done this unaided.

Mr. Wolcott is still in the prime of life. He was born at the Wolcott homestead in Farmington, Trumbull County, Ohio, on June 17, 1875, a son of William and Hattie (Gillette) Wolcott and grandson of Newton Wolcott, a Mahoning Valley pioneer. The Wolcott family is prominent in colonial New England annals, having been for many generations resident in Connecticut. Several scions of this family gained leading places in the state administration and in military affairs. Roger Wolcott, 1679-1767, was born in Windsor, Connecticut, was commissary of the Connecticut troops in the expedition against Canada in 1711, became a major-general during the French war, was governor of Connecticut 1761-65, was a judge of the Superior Court of the state, and was also a poet of some distinction. Oliver Wolcott, 1726-97, was a Doctor of Law of Yale University, became a member of the judiciary, and came into national note as commander of the Connecticut forces. He enlisted in 1776 to co-operate with the army in New York, and comes even more notably into national records as a signer of the Declaration of Independence. He was governor of Connecticut during the early days of the republic. His son Oliver eventually became secretary of the United States Treasury, and subsequently was also governor of Connecticut. Newton Wolcott, grandfather of Newton A., came from Connecticut to the Western Reserve in pioneer days, and was one of the founders of Farmington Township and the village of West Farmington, Trumbull County, the township evidently being named in honor of the Connecticut place of that name. Newton Wolcott lived in Farmington during the remainder of his life, clearing a good acreage.

His son William, the father of Newton A., was born in Farmington, Trumbull County, Ohio, and married Hattie, daughter of Timothy Gillette, a native of Connecticut, who was also a pioneer farmer and blacksmith of Farmington, Trumbull County. Mrs. Hattie Gillette Wolcott died in 1881, six years after the birth of her son, Newton A., dying at the age of thirty-eight years. The father of Newton A. Wolcott is still living, and is in his eighty-fourth year, residing at Warren, Ohio.

Newton A., son of William and Hattie (Gillette) Wolcott, attended the public schools of Farmington and Mesopotamia, Trumbull County. He was a hard-working farmer boy of serious purpose, and had early resolved to secure as complete an education as possible. He passed through both the preparatory school and university, and his collegiate terms were by no means easy of accomplishment, because his family had limited financial resources, and for funds with which to maintain himself he relied wholly upon his own efforts. After a preparatory course of four years in the Mount Hermon (Massachusetts) School, which institution was founded by D. L. Moody, the noted preacher and evangelist (and for whom young Wolcott worked), he entered Lehigh University, where he was graduated with the Electrical Engineer degree with the class of 1903, with class honors, he receiving the first prize of $100 for being the most representative and typical college man of the class.

Leaving college, Mr. Wolcott came direct to Warren to take a position as electrical engineer with The Packard Electric Company. Three years later he was promoted to the responsibility of general manager of that company, and in that capacity was perhaps mainly responsible for the marked expansion of the company's business during the next decade. In 1916, to cope with the continued expansion of business, the company was reorganized, and of the reconstructed corporation Mr. Wolcott acquired controlling interest and he was elected to the offices of president, treasurer and general manager. He thus has supreme direction of the business, which is a consequential one, controlling patented electrical devices which find a market in most of the civilized parts of the world. The many other business and financial interests of Mr. Wolcott have been previously stated.

As a vice president of the Warren Board of Trade he has upon many occasions shown his unselfish interest in the advancement of the city, and in very many ways he has shown a helpful public spirit.

Mr. Wolcott belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the United Commercial Travelers and the Country Club. He is essentially a man of business and has not actively concerned himself with politics excepting in questions of grave national consequence. He has never sought political office, but in matters pertaining to Warren and Trumbull County he has shown a close interest. He is a ready contributor to local charities, and is at all times a responsible, reliable neighbor. He has many sincere friends in Warren, is well regarded by those with

whom he comes into contact, and as a successful man of business he is respected by the people in general.

On June 10, 1903, Mr. Wolcott was united in marriage with Blanche E., the daughter of Chauncey Bates, of Mesopotamia, Trumbull County. Mrs. Wolcott died on August 2, 1919, after having borne her husband two sons, Neal Newton Wolcott, who died in 1916, aged ten years, and Leslie Carl Wolcott, who is a student (1920) at St. Johns Military Academy at Delafield, Wisconsin.

THOMAS WEAVER, a well-known and respected resident of Green Township, Mahoning County, comes of one of the old families of the district, his parents having come into Ohio in 1834.

Thomas Weaver was born in Perry Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, on November 29, 1839, the son of James and Mary (Smith) Weaver. His father, James Weaver, lived in Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, and there married Mary Smith, both coming in about 1834 to Salem, Ohio, where James Weaver found employment at his trade, carpentry. Three years later he took title to a tract of wild timbered land in Perry Township, Columbiana County, and there Thomas was born, his earliest years being such as the children of most pioneer settlers have had to live through. In about the year 1844 his parents moved to the Middle Fork section, not far distant from the home now owned by Thomas, and for the remainder of his life James Weaver followed his trade. His death, which occurred when he was sixty-five years old, was caused by blood-poisoning. His wife, however, survived him for some years, being seventy years old when she died. They were the parents of twelve children, and had the satisfaction of seeing eleven of them reach manhood and womanhood. These eleven children were: Mary Ann, who married Laurence Webster, of Salem, and died when she was about fifty-five years old; Caroline, who married Eli Diehl, and lived until she was eighty years old; Elizabeth, who married Ridgeway Shreve, their home being near Salem, where she died at the age of seventy-five years; Thomas, of whose life more is written hereinafter; Samuel, who is now living in retirement in Akron, Ohio, but who formerly was a successful farmer in Goshen Township, Mahoning County, for the greater part of his life; Peter, who died in 1918 at Patmos, Goshen Township; Clarissa, who lived her married life in Pennsylvania, eventually dying in that state; Lewis, who was a farmer in the district, but is now living retired in Salem; Andrew, who went to a western state when about thirty years old, and of whom all trace has been lost; John, who lives in Dayton, Ohio; and Frank, who was a carpenter, latterly in Dayton, Ohio, where he died in 1918.

Thomas, fourth child of James and Mary (Smith) Weaver, has remained in his home neighborhood throughout practically the whole of his long life of eighty-one years, and he is now the oldest resident of the vicinity. When he was thirty years old he married, and then remained for about three years in Allen County, Ohio, where his wife's parents lived, but he after that period returned to his home county, and has remained in it ever since. He learned the trade of carpentry, and throughout his life has followed it mainly and has rarely been unemployed. He has been identified with the building of several well-known buildings, including the local Presbyterian Church. Latterly he has lived a retired life, and has many very old and very sincere friends. He is generally respected in the neighborhood, and although he has never sought public office, the respect in which he and his father have been held would have assured him office had he cared to seek it. He has, however, served as road supervisor, and in his younger days he took active part in community movements.

In 1869 Thomas Weaver married in Allen County, Ohio, Susan Smith, who was born in Hardin County, Ohio, October 19, 1844, daughter of Solomon and Hannah (Rayl) Smith. Her parents were natives of Pennsylvania, and when they came into Ohio they first settled in Wayne County, moving to Allen County a short while before the outbreak of the Civil war. Solomon Smith died in Allen County when seventy-four years old, and his wife when eighty-four years old. There were eight children, but Susan, who married Thomas Weaver, was the only one to come into the Mahoning Valley. Of the eight children four still live: John, who is a farmer in Allen County; Prudence, also in Allen County, widow of Samuel Mack; William, who lives at McComb, Illinois; and Susan, Mrs. Weaver. Mr. and Mrs. Weaver have two children: Lizzie married Jesse J. Poage, city motorman at Lima, Ohio. They have no children. John S. is successfully farming in Green Township. He married Hattie Goodman, who has borne him four children, Wilber, Charles, Grace and Herbert.

A pleasurable association to which Mr. Thomas Weaver looks forward year by year is the gathering of members of the Beachwood Sporting Club, of which he was one of the founders about forty years ago. The members, who are real and enthusiastic sportsmen and hunters met annually in September-October for a hunt and dinner without a break until 1918, when influenza raged throughout the country, and of the eight founders of the club seven still live. The deceased original member is Edmund Burgett. The seven still living are: Robert Asa Manchester, of Canfield; Comfort Bowman, of Ellsworth Township; Morris Bowman, also of Ellsworth; John Miller, of Salem; Thomas Weaver; S. O. Manchester, of Niles, Trumbull County; and Will Cessna, of Goshen Township. The wives of the members have also looked forward to the festive annual meet, which they have been privileged to attend, and the practice so long continued constitutes one of the most pleasurable events of each year to these old friends.

COY BROTHERS. The brothers, Irvin W., Wesley H. and Emerson W. Coy, of Green Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, responsible and progressive citizens, well-known among agriculturists and Mahoning County residents, especially in that part of the county centering in Green Township, are the sons of the late Silas Coy, a Civil war veteran of honorable record and a native of Green Township. The Coy family is one of the pioneer families of the county, and many other references to the family will be found elsewhere in this current history, and extensive reference in the sketch of Dr. L. D. Coy.

Silas Coy was born in Green Township, Mahoning County, on April 4, 1841, and died at Calla, a hamlet in Green Township, on February 15, 1901. His life was passed mainly in the township, and was one of unselfish service and honorable living. When the Civil war came he enlisted in Company A of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Regiment of Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which unit he saw only two months short of three years of strenuous war service. Later he was a farmer in Green Township, and for ten years was a merchant in Greenford, eventually going to live at Calla, where, about three-quarters of a mile east of the station, is the present farm of the Coy Brothers. There Silas Coy spent his last years. He was a man of strong religious conviction, and actively furthered the cause of the church. For many years he was an elder of the local church of the Disciples of Christ denomination, and was esteemed for his frank characteristics and his strong religious spirit. He married Anna Cool, whom he preceded in death by two years. She also was born in Green Township, near Calla, on the original Cool homestead, that family having been one of the first in the township, coming from West Virginia before any roads had been made through the woods. Anna Cool's father at the time of the coming of the family into Ohio was only a lad of sixteen years, but he was to an extent the head of the family, for his mother was widowed, and he was her eldest son. The county records, however, will show Philip Cool, Jacob's father's brother, as the first of the family to take up residence in the township, for he came with Jacob and his mother, and he cared for both of them until Jacob was self-sustaining. Philip Cool took wild land in Green Township, and in the developing of it passed the remainder of his life in the township, where he died in old age. In due course Jacob, who eventually owned the same farm, died, having lived a long and industrious life of more than eighty years. One of the children of Jacob Cool still survives, Lydia Messerly, who now owns and still lives on the original Cool farm near Calla. Silas and Anna (Cool) Coy were the parents of three sons, Irvin W., Wesley H., and Emerson W., who have held loyally together in almost all things, and have won joint success in business. They constitute the Coy Brothers Company, which has entered considerably into contracting enterprises in Mahoning County, undertaking many important contracts for road construction. During the last twelve years they have steadily operated as road contractors. They built the first good road in Canfield Township, that being from Herberts Corners to Beech Tree Corners, a distance of one and a quarter miles, the contract price for which was $5,400. They have undertaken road construction in many parts of the county, and have enviable reputations as contractors. It appears that they were the pioneers of the process now common in the district to use crushed slag as a foundation for the roadways; and it is stated that they laid the first road with such a foundation in the county, the particular section being a stretch on the Loveland Hill. The slag is obtained from various iron mills, and makes an excellent base; and by its use the Coy brothers gained much credit. They are considered to be among the most successful road builders in the county, and they might have extended their field of operations beyond the limits of the county had they not other business ties. They operate an extensive farm in Green Township, one of 365 acres, and also fatten beef cattle on their farm each year. They are well-known breeders of Duroc-Jersey swine, and have been successful exhibitors at agricultural fairs. The brothers are undoubtedly progressive, alert business men, enterprising and capable. At one time they dealt somewhat extensively in coal, supplying coal to Canfield for three or four years. And all are in good personal repute, as men of good moral and material integrity. Irvin W. has been a justice of the peace for two terms and is a Mason; Emerson W. was a prominent Odd Fellow, and all three brothers are staunch Republicans in local and national politics, are active members of the local Grange, and are consistent churchmen, members of the local church of the Disciples of Christ, in which their father was an elder.

Only one has married. Wesley H., married Belle Godward, who has borne him six children. The children, in order of birth, are: Carl G., Bessie Estella, Anna Catherine, Walter Emerson, Esther and Helen.

Hon. Henry W. Davis. A Youngstown business man and public leader of genuine distinction was taken from the community by death on September 28, 1919. Senator Davis was a comparatively young man, and his death was largely due to the exertions he had put forth during the last two or three years as a member of the State Senate and as an intense worker in many local patriotic campaigns.

His life was an inspiring one, not only for its important achievements in later years, but for the struggles and adversities he had to contend with as a boy. He was born at Youngstown, April 11, 1863, oldest of the six children of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Jones) Davis. His father was a native of Wales, came to the United States when a boy, and grew up near Mineral Ridge and Youngstown, Ohio. In 1849 he went overland to California, and on his return brought with him $6,000 in gold, then considered a large fortune. He used this largely to develop some coal fields in the Mahoning Valley. Death overtook him in his labors at an early age, in 1876. His widow died in 1877. Only two of their children are now living: Mark E. Davis, of Tulsa, Oklahoma; and Mrs. Samuel P. Orth, of Ithaca, New York.

Henry W. Davis was only fourteen years of age when his parents died. At the age of thirteen he practically gave up his work in the public schools and became the mainstay of his widowed mother and the five younger children. For a number of years he was an employe of the Brown-Bonnell mill, receiving 75 cents a day. He was at the furnace and in other departments of that mill for fourteen years, and when he left he was boss heater. In 1886 he engaged in the real estate business, operating individually as an agent. Not long afterward he secured some land at Steelton, and began the work with which his name is best associated, establishing and developing homes for working people. Subsequently he organized his business as the H. W. Davis Land Company, and that organization developed the Pleas-

H W Davis

ant Grove community, now regarded as the finest suburb of Youngstown. He also organized the Banner Electric Company for the making of electric globes, and was chairman of its board of directors until the plant was taken over by the trust. Senator Davis always felt a high degree of pride in this business. The company furnished the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo with a million globes.

It was through Mr. Davis that the Town of McDonald was put on the map in 1916, his company buying the townsite for the United States Steel Company. He also organized the Mahoning County Abstract Company, which is now controlled by the Realty Trust Company of Youngstown. It is said that individually he built in Youngstown more than 500 homes for working people.

His first entry into politics was in 1889, when he was elected recorder of Mahoning County. He was defeated in the Cleveland landslide of 1892, but in 1895 was again chosen to that office. In 1916 he was elected a member of the State Senate and re-elected in 1918. During the first session he was chairman of the military affairs committee and was chairman of the finance committee in the second session. He probably had as much committee work assigned him as any other member of the State Senate. He was indefatigable in his labors, and his name is permanently impressed upon some of the best constructive legislation in recent years. He introduced and worked for the passage of the State Constabulary Bill, which, owing to the active opposition of the labor interests, was defeated. Senator Davis also supported amended Senate Bill No. 47, approved by Governor Cox, May 29, 1919, providing for the formation and reorganization of corporations with common stock without par value. This measure created fundamental changes in Ohio Corporation Law. He also introduced the Water Conservation Bill and the Sanitary District Bill, and was author of the bill providing for the raising of workmen's compensation, the final compromise figure becoming $5,000 instead of $3,500. An active and influential member of the Senate committee on banks and banking, he did much to bring about re-codification of the banking laws of the state and put on the statute books the present banking code, admittedly one of the best in the whole country. Of his work as a senator a Youngstown paper said: "He was known as one of the most fearless men who ever appeared on the floor of the Senate. He stood for what he believed was right no matter what the consequences, political or otherwise, might be for himself. Because of this he held a unique position, being respected and trusted by capital and labor alike."

Senator Davis was a member of the Youngstown Club, was a charter member and the first honorary president of the Youngstown Real Estate Board, was a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and during the war had an active part on several war committees.

On September 10, 1889, he married Miss Leonora Thullen, of Youngstown. Mrs. Davis and two children survive: Mrs. Helen J. McDonald, of Freeport, Long Island, and Fred H. Davis.

Fred H. Davis now has active charge of the H. W. Davis & Son Company at Youngstown. He received a careful training from his father in the real estate business and spent much time in that line in San Francisco and other points in California. Fred Davis married Miss Florence Renner, of Youngstown, and they have one child, Henry W. Davis II.

Lyman Zimmerman, whose residence and farm are within 400 yards of the village of Greenford, Green Township, is one of the oldest and best known residents of that township. He was born about eighty years ago, on December 30, 1840, about 1½ miles to the southward in Green Township, then in Columbiana County. His parents, John and Louisa (Roller) Zimmerman, lived the greater part of their lives in Green Township, and others members of the Zimmerman family are also of honorable record in Columbiana and Mahoning Counties of Ohio. The family formerly was resident in Pennsylvania, and Joseph Zimmerman, father of John R., moved from Lancaster County to Adams County of that state some years anterior to their coming into Ohio. In Adams County, Pennsylvania, Joseph Adams acquired a tract of 900 acres of farming land, although possibly when he secured it it was more or less in the wild state. He died when he was in the prime of life, being only thirty-nine years old. Three of the sons of Joseph Adams were John R., Peter and Henry. All three came into Ohio, although Henry did not stay long, returning to the parental farm in Adams County, Pennsylvania, where he spent the remainder of his life, and where Peter also died, while on a visit to his brother. John R. and Peter were both carpenters by trade, and in 1832 they erected a substantial farm barn on the old homestead. Lyman, son of John R., saw the barn in 1892, and it was then still in use in comparatively good condition. The farm is still in the possession of the children of Joseph, another brother of John R. Also, there were two daughters of Joseph Zimmerman, Esther and Elizabeth. Esther was in Ohio somewhat earlier than her brothers John R., Peter and Henry. She had taken up the responsibilities of housekeeper in the home of her uncle, David Wiekert, about two years earlier than 1834 or 1835, which is stated to have been the time when the brothers left Pennsylvania. Peter came to the village of Greenford, Green Township, where he lived for the greater part of his life, working industriously and profitably at his trade, carpentry, and also to some extent farming, having a small agricultural property in the township. Two of his sons, Keller and Joseph, both live now at Salem, Ohio. The daughter, Elizabeth, married John Henderson, a weaver, also of Green Township until about 1853, when the Hendersons removed to Allen County, Indiana, where Elizabeth (Zimmerman) Henderson died. Esther Zimmerman left her uncle Weikert's home eventually to marry William Roller, a successful farmer in Green Township. She died in the township at the age of fifty-nine years.

John R. Zimmerman, son of Joseph, married Louisa Roller, sister of William Roller, who married John R. Zimmerman's sister Esther. Louisa Roller was a daughter of Judge Jacob Roller, a prominent jurist of Mahoning County, for many years a justice, and also at one time a representative in the State Legislature. John R. Zimmerman had a small farm

situated in the northeast section of the township. In about 1857 he sold that farm and for the next seven years lived at Franklin Square, Columbiana County, during the period farming a property he had purchased in that neighborhood. At the end of that time, however, he sold the property and located near Salem, where he had a farm for some years, eventually retiring to the village of Salem, where he died at the age of seventy years. His wife, Louisa Roller, had, however, been dead for many years, her demise occurring when she was only thirty-nine years old. Later he was twice married, his second wife being Nancy Fugate, who died in Columbiana County, and his third wife, Mary Teegarden, a widow, survived him for many years. In fact, she lived to almost reach her 100th year, and in her extreme old age was well cared for by a nephew and niece at Salem. The children born to John R. Zimmerman by his first wife, Louisa Roller, were: Lyman, whose life will be referred to later herein; Elizabeth, who married Dilworth Greenawalt, a neighboring farmer, and died in the township when seventy years old; Mary, who married Ellis Marshall, and lived at Franklin Square until her death, which occurred after she had passed the age of sixty years; James M., who died in childhood; William, who remained in Columbiana County, dying at the early age of twenty-nine years; and Joseph Ezra, whose death occurred when he was seven years old.

Lyman Zimmerman, the eldest and only surviving child of John R. Zimmerman by his first wife, Louisa Roller, was born in Green Township, Columbiana County, Ohio, on December 30, 1840. He received what education was possible with the limited facilities of the public schools of his day, and lived with his parents until he was sixteen years old. At that time his father sold the old home in Green Township, and for seven years thereafter the family lived at Franklin Square, returning, however, to Greenford when Lyman was twenty-three years old. His uncle, William Roller, was a storekeeper in Greenford, and Lyman for a while lived with his uncle. During the three or four years he was with his uncle he farmed to some extent, and also hauled goods from Salem and hauled wool and other produce to that place. During those years he was a tenant farmer, operating the Lewis Baker farm, one of the best in Green Township, and 110 acres in extent. After some difficulty he was able to purchase it from the heirs, six daughters of Lewis Baker, who had bequeathed it in equal shares to the daughters, from whom Lyman had to buy it in sections. Eventually it all came into his possession, and since that time it has remained his property. He has very much improved it. All the buildings now used were erected by him, including the commodious house. Lyman Zimmerman has lived an industrious life, and has proved himself to be an enterprising man of good business ability. For thirty years he conducted a saw mill in the village. The stack of the mill still stands, and is a reminder of the busy days when the mill was in constant operation. Lyman Zimmerman was always able to find means to keep the mill in operation. Farmers at times would haul logs to the mill, and at other times Lyman would buy the standing timber and clear it. No tract was too extensive for him to handle, and throughout the thirty years during which he operated the mill he had only one serious accident; that was in 1879 when the choking of a safety valve caused the boiler to explode, demolishing the building and brick stack. Within six weeks, however, a new boiler was in position, and sawing resumed. Mr. Zimmerman used a Buckeye engine, attached directly to the saw shaft, the engine running at 400 revolutions per minute. Lyman Zimmerman has shown that he is a very practical and capable man, and also a man of good public spirit and community interest. He has built several wooden bridges in the neighborhood, sawing the material necessary to construct them. He has given good service to the community in educational matters, for ten years having been a member of the school board. Religiously he is a Lutheran, a member for very many years of the local church of that denomination.

Lyman Zimmerman was married on June 17, 1866, to Dorothy Pregenzer, who was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, and who came to this country when she was seventeen years old. She was twenty-four years old in the year of her marriage. They have five children, the children by name and in order of birth being: Vernon Victor, who now lives in Youngstown; Raba Ritz, who is in the federal civil service, a mail carrier in the City of Niles, Trumbull County, Ohio; Emery Ellis, who lives in Youngstown, and has been a school teacher for many years; Lillie Leila, who married Jonathan Shaffer, of Green Township; and John Carl, who lives at Castalia, Ohio. He has been in the teaching profession since leaving school, and for two years was township school superintendent.

Ray Caleb Arner, who owns a large farm in Canfield Township, about thirteen miles south-west of Youngstown, on the state improved road, is a man of wide experience and superior education. He comes of the well-known Arner family which was one of the first to settle in the Mahoning Valley. He is a great-grandson of Philip Arner, who was the first settler in Ellsworth Township, where the family has had residence and has owned land since 1803. Other and extensive reference is contained elsewhere in the present work as to Philip Arner and his pioneer efforts, and the family record is spread in detail, so that it will be unnecessary here to give more than a brief outline. Philip Arner married Susan Broadsword in Pennsylvania, and two of their children were born in that state. Philip Arner was the first settler in Ellsworth Township, and after him came his wife's brother. Philip owned 400 acres of wild land in Ellsworth Township, which during the forty-eight years of his residence in Ellsworth Township he gradually brought into cultivation. He died in 1851, aged seventy-five years. His widow lived for a further fourteen years, dying in the township in 1865, aged considerably more than eighty years. Their son Daniel eventually came into possession, by purchase, of the parental estate, and looked after the comfort of his mother in her old age. His wife was Elizabeth (Harklerode) Arner, who preceded him in death by twenty-five years. She bore him four children, of whom Caleb B., father of Ray Caleb, was the third born.

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Caleb B. Arner, son of Daniel D. and Elizabeth (Harklerode) Arner, was born on the original Arner homestead in Ellsworth Township, on January 28, 1853, and there he has lived until the present, the farm eventually becoming his property. Throughout his life he has been mainly responsible for its cultivation, and has lived a useful, honorable life. He is much respected in his home township, and has many friends throughout the county. He married Winona, daughter of Alexander and Margaret (Cammert) Vesey, the former a Civil war veteran who died in Warren, Trumbull County, in 1906. Caleb B. and Winona (Vesey) Arner had nine children, of whom Ray Caleb was the third born.

Ray Caleb, son of Caleb B. and Winona (Vesey) Arner, was born in the old Arner homestead in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on September 2, 1889. When he was ten years old he went to live with Hugh Stewart in Canfield Township. He lived in that home for six years, during which he attended the "Dublin" School in the "Dublin" section of Canfield Township, the section being so named to distinguish it from an adjoining section, designated "German." Ray C. Arner was well educated. After he had passed through the public elementary and high schools he entered the North-Eastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield, taking the whole four-year course at that college, after which he was an undergraduate at Wooster University for two years. After leaving college he worked for about twelve months in the shops of the Buckeye Engine Works at Salem, Ohio. Then followed three years on the farm of S. J. Misner, after which for a year he was with Asher Manchester. He then spent two years in southwestern states, Arizona and California, after which he returned to his native state and took over the operation of the Misner farm in Canfield Township. About one year later he became connected with the farm he now owns, working for two years for Arthur Schermerhorn. On January 10, 1917, he married Dora (Frederick) Schermerhorn, widow of Arthur Schermerhorn. They have one daughter, Esther.

The farm is a good one, of 244 acres, and Mr. Arner is farming it intelligently and successfully. It is well adapted to the class of farming to which he puts it, that is, dairy and general farming. He has a large herd of thoroughbred Jersey cattle, and has a good Youngstown trade for the butter the farm manufactures. Mr. Arner is quite an agricultural student, has read deeply of modern scientific methods, has a comprehensive understanding of soil fertility and conservation, and has put his study into practice on his farm with marked success. He is a progressive farmer, well representative of the younger generation of Mahoning County agriculturists.

William Lockwood Coale, banker and man of affairs, is one of the progressive men of the Mahoning Valley and a potent factor in the development of the financial, industrial and commercial interests of the City of Warren, to which city he came as a poor boy in 1889.

He has been recognized as one of the progressive business men of Warren for more than a generation; he has actively participated in many of the more important public movements within the city; and has throughout the period manifested a sincerity in his endeavors to advance the prosperity and welfare of the community, and to encourage thrift among the people. He organized and established the Peoples Saving Company of Warren, which institution is popularly known as "Bill Coale's Bank," and he has been its president since its incorporation. It was directly through his instrumentality that the Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company came into being in 1918, with Mr. Coale as treasurer and general manager. He organized and is the president and guiding genius of the William Coale Development Company, the operations of which have been of great and lasting benefit to the city as regards its residential attractions.

Regarding the William Coale Development Company the Warren Daily Tribune of recent date said editorially: "More power to the William Coale Development Company and to Mr. Coale. In the past few years Mr. Coale has acquired vast interests in and about Warren. He owns several fine farms, a lot of blooded cattle, industrial and bank stocks, and perhaps a thousand acres of in-lying property, and in addition upwards of a thousand city building lots. It is Mr. Coale's desire that his holdings shall be developed for the good of the community, and that is the reason for the incorporation of the William Coale Development Company. Mr. Coale is a successful business man and a public spirited citizen. He has ever stood ready to place his energies and his abilities at the service of his city, and whenever called upon and wherever placed his labors for his home town have been efficient, successful and beneficial. Thanks for Mr. Coale."

Mr. Coale has been prominently connected with many important industrial enterprises, chief among them perhaps being the Sterling Electrical Manufacturing Company, of which he was one of the incorporators in 1901, and which eventually was sold to the General Electric Company, the plant in its reorganized state becoming the Sterling Division of the General Electric Company, of which Mr. Coale is treasurer and general manager. Mr. Coale's standing, therefore, among the industrial magnates of Warren, among the bankers and among the public workers is quite evident from the foregoing, which is but a brief review of his activities during the last few decades.

Mr. Coale was born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, August 15, 1870, and is descended from two pioneer families of the Beaver Valley. His paternal grandfather, Joseph Coale, was a native of Maryland and a miller by trade. He settled at New Brighton when he was a young man. There he married Sarah, the daughter of William Townsend, a Beaver Valley pioneer who, among other things, was financially interested in the building of the old toll bridge which spanned Beaver River on the road from Beaver Falls to New Brighton.

Garrison Coale, son of Joseph and Sarah Coale and father of William Lockwood Coale, was born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, January 5, 1844. He married Rebecca Parker, who died September 27, 1919. When he was in his seventeenth year Garrison Coale enlisted in Company C, Sixty-Third Pennsyl-

vania Volunteer Infantry. He served through three years of campaigning, and after the war took up railroad occupation, which, however, he eventually had to give up, being incapacitated for such strenuous labors by injuries he had received during his military service. In about 1878 he moved into Ohio and settled in the Mahoning Valley at Youngstown, where he has since lived, and where during his long residence he has always been a responsible and reliable citizen, and where he has been honored with prominent duties in the functioning of the veteran corporation of that place. He has served as commander of Tod Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and for almost twenty-five years has been adjutant of that post.

William L. Coale was only about seven years of age when his parents removed to Youngstown. His education therefore had scarcely begun. He attended the Youngstown public schools until he was about eighteen years old. In 1889 he went to Warren in search of employment, reaching that city with not more than 30 cents in the pockets of a badly damaged suit of clothes. His frayed garments did not apparently handicap him in his search, for he promptly found employment with George Townsend, upholsterer, of Warren, in whose employ, however, he did not long remain. In 1890 he became general agent for B. D. Hayes & Company, publishers of Warren. He evidently did well in such commercial work, for in 1891 he was able, with another, to purchase the business of G. W. Tyler & Company, which business had for many years been generally known as the Camp & Randall Manufacturing Company and did a somewhat extensive business in milling, in the sale of feed and such allied commodities, and in another non-allied line, building materials. Mr. Coale continued in partnership with William Kelley in the operation of that business under the firm name of Kelley & Coale until 1893, in which year W. H. and W. E. Peffer were admitted into partnership, the business then including the Van Gordon Flour Mill, and the trading name was changed with the reorganization to that of the Warren Milling Company, of which Mr. Coale became general manager. In 1895 it became advisable, with increasing expansion, to secure corporate powers, and in that year the partners secured charter of incorporation, under which they traded as the Cereal Supply Company, and developed rapidly, operating mills and retail stores at Warren, Ohio, and Erie, Pennsylvania.

In 1898 Mr. Coale sold his interest in the company, having in view another business enterprise that promised greater benefit. Soon afterward he joined the brothers H. S. and John Pew, John Masters and some other Warren business men in organizing the Elastic Pulp Plaster Company, and after incorporation Mr. Coale was elected vice president of that company, and as such took a leading part in the direction of its affairs. He evidently had marked ability as an organizer and executive, for three years later he took a principal part in the organization of the Sterling Electrical Manufacturing Company, of which he became treasurer and general manager. Eventually the business was absorbed by the General Electric Company, to the advantage of the original owners. Mr. Coale was retained as treasurer and general manager, capacities he has ever since held in the local company, which is designated the Sterling Division of the General Electric Company. These business operations brought Mr. Coale into an enviable position among the substantial residents of Warren, and as a capitalist of public spirit he has been drawn into cooperation in many organizations of public and semi-public character or utility. He founded the Peoples Savings Company of Warren in 1916, has been its president since it was opened on January 15, 1916, and has been the main factor in bringing it into its present stability.

In the same year he organized the William Coale Development Company, the authorized capital of which is $1,000,000. Its operations have become extensive, the company having built more than 600 residences in the City of Warren, and entered actively in the development of about 1,000 acres of land it owns in the City of Warren and its environs. For many years Mr. Coale has closely followed town planning subjects, and has directed his energies particularly to matters of development in and concerning Warren, in the future of which city he has unbounded faith. He is naturally constructive, and attention given by him to any matter has generally brought productive results. The part he has taken of late years in the development of Warren has admittedly and obviously been considerable.

Mr. Coale has given the subject of Warren's possibilities much thought and investigation for a number of years, with the result that he has unbounded faith in the future of the city and has shaped his activities accordingly. While engaged in operating mills he became deeply impressed by the value of riparian rights of Warren, also of its favorable situation on the highway between two great centers of natural wealth, the Pittsburgh coal fields and the Lake Superior ore deposits, and of the fact that in the comparatively little space between Cleveland and Pittsburgh there passes every transcontinental line of railway in the United States, conditions which encourage one to believe that the Mahoning Valley will continue to become more and more important as an industrial center. Holding such views, and possessing the courage of his convictions, Mr. Coale is devoting his life to the development of Warren both as an industrial center and as a homeowning city. And as he proceeds with his development work he becomes day by day more and more confirmed in his theoretical deductions as to the future of the Mahoning Valley. He has for a number of years been a director of the Warren Board of Trade, and is a charter member of the Warren Rotary Club, both of which organizations have been factors in the growth of the city. And his connections with corporate interests in Warren seem to embrace all phases of activity. For many years he has been a stockholder in the Warren Reserve National Bank and of the Trumbull Savings & Loan Company of Warren. He was perhaps the main factor which brought into being the Elliott Electric Company of Cleveland, of which he was vice president from its incorporation until 1918, when he was elected president. This company has a leading place among the distributors of electric power machinery in that city. Mr. Coale is also identified with another similar enterprise, the

Miller-Seldon Electric Company of Detroit, of which corporation he is vice president, and he also holds the same office in the Guaranteed Motor Company of Chicago.

Fraternally he is an Elk, a member of Warren Lodge, in fact a life member, that honor having been voted him in recent years. Religiously he is a Methodist, a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Warren and for many years one of its trustees.

Perhaps one of the most illuminating proofs of the recognition by the people of Warren of the value to the city of Mr. Coale's endeavors within it was that contained in the circumstances surrounding his recent election to the city council. He had given proof of his good citizenship by serving as chairman of the finance committee of the Warren City Council, and the people of Warren, realizing that momentous questions in the civic improvement of the city were yet unsolved, and feeling the need of the advice and directing hand of an able man in council, elected him as member from the First Ward at the November, 1919, election. He did not seek a nomination, filed no certificate of candidacy, and his name did not appear on the printed ballot papers, but a sufficient number of the voters wrote his name in on the ballot to give him a gratifying majority. Surely a singular honor. Remembering the 30 cents with which Mr. Coale began his business career in Warren thirty-one years ago, his success has been truly notable and noteworthy.

On June 22, 1899, he was married to Clara B., daughter of William Howard, of Chardon, Ohio. They have two children, Donald H. and Lorena B.

Ernest I. Roller. A large part of the fruit and vegetable produce consumed in the City of Youngstown is raised out along the southern edge of Mahoning County in Green Township. A number of successful truck growers, horticulturists and farmers live in that region, and one of the best informed men on the fruit industry is Ernest I. Roller.

Mr. Roller is a son of the late Samuel W. Roller, who has the historic distinction of being the first to propagate a commercial apple orchard in this section of Ohio. His enthusiasm as a horticulturist has been shared by several of his sons, including Ernest, who for a number of years has made a profitable business of fruit growing, though his orchards are conducted as part of the general farm.

The story of this notable family, which has been identified with Mahoning County since 1802, is recited on other pages so far as concerns the earlier generations. This story also refers to the late Samuel W. Roller, whose son Ernest I. was born March 13, 1869. He and a twin sister, who died in infancy, were the youngest of nine children. Mr. Roller grew up on his father's farm, attended the district schools, and had in his father a valuable and competent adviser to direct his efforts in all branches of farming, including stock husbandry and horticulture. For two years after his marriage he continued in the service of his father, and operated a wagon produce business between the farm and Youngstown. His father died in 1902, and soon afterward Ernest acquired sixty acres of a 176-acre tract owned by his father, and this has been the scene of his active labors in farming and fruit growing. About seven years ago he built a comfortable house and has generally improved the farm with buildings and other equipment. He has increased the area devoted to fruit crops, having set out three acres, and now has an orchard of sixteen acres. His apple varieties are the Baldwin, Stark, Gates and Ben Davis. He has one block of 100 Baldwin trees. From his orchards Mr. Roller has produced over 4,000 bushels in a season, his average being about 2,000 bushels. Some of his fruit has been displayed at various fairs, and as an enthusiast on fruit growing he is an active member of the County and State Horticultural Societies. His orchard stands on an elevation 1,268 feet above sea level, and is ideal in every respect for fruit growing. He has a storage plant so that he can hold his apples until the market is just right. He is also an active member of the Mahoning County Farm Bureau, and he and his family are members of the Baptist Church.

At the age of twenty-two Mr. Roller married Mary Cool, daughter of Philip Cool, of Green Township, and a farmer. They are the parents of four children: Harry, born in 1900, a high school student; Lois, born in 1902; Ruth, born in 1907; and Theron, born in 1909.

Jefferson Diehl, a respected resident of Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, and owner of a good farm in that township, has lived practically a retired life for the last twenty years, the farm being operated by his two sons-in-law. Three generations of the Diehl family have had residence in Mahoning County, Ohio, and the family formerly was resident in Pennsylvania and earlier in Virginia. The Diehl family of still earlier generations lived in Germany, Samuel Diehl, great-grandfather of Jefferson, having been born in that country, his home being somewhere in the region of the headwaters of the Rhine. Samuel Diehl was the progenitor in America of the branch of the Diehl family to which Jefferson Diehl of Ellsworth Township belongs. Samuel Diehl after crossing to America at first settled in Virginia, but because of his opposition to slavery his life in that state was not a happy one, and eventually for that reason he removed to Bedford County, Pennsylvania, where he lived for the remainder of his life. He had six sons, among them Philip, grandfather of Jefferson. Philip was the first of the family to come into Ohio. He took up a tract of undeveloped land bordering Meander Creek in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, the precise location of his farm being about 3,000 yards northeastward of the Village of Ellsworth, and about four miles above the old Butler mills, which Jefferson as a boy remembers having seen in operation. Jefferson was in early boyhood when his grandfather died, the latter having passed his seventieth year, and done much pioneer work in Ellsworth Township. His children, in addition to Henry, father of Jefferson, were: John, deceased, who passed his life on the Diehl farm in Ellsworth Township, and was a reliable resident and good farmer; Samuel, who went into Trumbull County, Ohio, where he owned an agricultural property; William, who settled in Wells Coun-

ty, Indiana; Adam, who died in Ellsworth Township, where he passed his life industriously and enterprisingly as a farmer and miller, for many years operating a grist and saw mill he had built on a branch of Meander Creek; and Elias, who went into Kansas.

Henry Diehl, son of Philip and father of Jefferson, married Sarah Bortz, sister of Elizabeth, the grandmother of James S. Harding, a retired and well-to-do farmer of Ellsworth Township, and until recently the owner of the main part of the Bortz estate. The life of James S. Harding and further data regarding the Bortz family of Ellsworth Township are elsewhere contained in this work. After their marriage Henry Diehl and his wife settled on undeveloped land that formerly was part of the Bortz tract. Upon it Jefferson Diehl still lives, his father having converted the wilderness into productive farming land by resolute application to hard work over a period of many years. It is situated about a mile from the old Diehl home which John Diehl, brother of Henry, operated, and to the southward it adjoins the Bortz farm. Henry Diehl cleared about forty acres of timber land before he died, in 1850, death coming to him before he had reached old age. He was about fifty-seven years old in the year of his death, and at that time Jefferson was only six years old, and there was a younger child. Sarah (Bortz) Diehl, widow of Henry, survived for a further fourteen years, by which time all their children were practically able to be self-reliant. The nine children of Henry and Sarah (Bortz) Diehl were: Philip, who died when sixteen years old; Sarah, who married Jacob Loiver, a near neighbor, whose son John still lives in the township; Elizabeth, who married John Cronick, and they lived on the west side of Ellsworth Township and both are now deceased; Solomon, who died at the age of sixty-two years, his farm adjoining that of the Cronick family; Elias, who owned the Diehl grist and saw mill, which since his death has passed into the possession of his son-in-law, Marvin Barnes, the mill being situated about three quarters of a mile south of Ellsworth, and derives its power from the Mahoning Lake, and Elias Diehl reached the age of seventy years; Maria, who married Samuel Hoyle, of Berlin Township, and both are now deceased; Catherine, who is the widow of Joseph Wilson, and whose son Henry is a well-known excavating contractor in Youngstown, Ohio; Jefferson, regarding whose life more is written hereinafter; and Henry, who married Mary Boyer, spent part of his life in the state of Washington, but he now lives in comfortable retirement in Ellsworth Township, near the station.

Jefferson Diehl, the eighth born child of Henry and Sarah (Bortz) Diehl, was twenty years old when his mother died, and at that time he and his younger brother, Henry, were mainly responsible for the operation of the home farm. For four years after the death of their mother, they continued in business partnership, having bought the rights from the other heirs. At the end of that time, however, Henry sold his portion to Jefferson, and since that time the farm has wholly belonged to the latter, and until about twenty years ago it was operated by him. Jefferson Diehl has lived a more or less retired life during the last two decades, leaving the operation of the large estate to his children. The Diehl farm comprises 196 acres, and is largely pasture; a good property, well adapted to dairy farming. Mr. Diehl has always kept good stock, raising much cattle for beef, and also entering extensively into the raising of Merino sheep. The dwelling was that originally built by his father seventy-six years ago. It has been added to and remodeled during Jefferson Diehl's occupancy of it, but the main part is much as it was when built. It has many of the modern residential conveniences, including furnace heat, and is maintained in an excellent state. Jefferson was born in the house, and it has, therefore, been his home for practically every year of his life. He has executed many improvements on the farm, including a barn, which he built in 1890, and recently a silo was added. During his years of thoughtful farming he has kept the land in good fertility by the proper use of lime, and has laid much tile drain. Altogether he has by good farming and industrious, steady life prospered well, and is much respected in the neighborhood. He is politically a democrat, of independent views, and religiously he has been a faithful and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Ellsworth for forty years.

Jefferson Diehl was twenty-three years old when he married Mary Ammon. She was born in Green Township, Mahoning County, but part of her girlhood, between the years of nine and sixteen, was spent in Mercer County, Ohio. She returned to Mahoning County then because of malaria she had contracted in Mercer County, and until she married she lived with relatives in Mahoning County. For the marriage she went home to her parents in Mercer County, and during the short time she and her husband spent in that vicinity the latter also contracted malarial fever, from which he did not recover for many months. Mrs. Mary (Ammon) Diehl died in 1913, esteemed and mourned by many friends she had made in Mahoning County. Jefferson and Mary (Ammon) Diehl were the parents of two children: Lottie married Emery A. Bunts, who operates part of the Diehl farm. They live in the Diehl home, and Mrs. Bunts affectionately and ably looks after the home comfort of her father. She has borne to her husband two children, Harry and Mabel Ruth; Nellie married Fred Kramer, of Canfield Township, who, although he lives about three miles away from the Diehl farm, operates about one-half of his father-in-law's property. They have no children.

Osborne Mitchell is a Youngstown lawyer whose time is largely taken up with the special branches of law relating to corporations, federal trade relations, and the income tax laws.

Mr. Mitchell was born August 18, 1886, at Washington, Pennsylvania, where his father, James K. Mitchell, is a stock broker. Osborne Mitchell spent his early life at Washington, graduated from the public schools and took his college work in Washington and Jefferson College. He received his A. B. degree in 1910 and his Master of Arts degree in 1911. He had in the meantime diligently pursued the study of law in the office of the local district attorney and was admitted to the local courts in

Robert H. Keech

1910 and to the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania the same year.

Mr. Mitchell practiced law at Washington for five years and in 1915 came to Youngstown as general counsel for the Petroleum Iron Works Company. He has since become regarded as one of the most competent local authorities on his special branches of law and enjoys a large and important clientage.

Mr. Mitchell is a member of the Youngstown Real Estate Board, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Young Men's Christian Association, the First Presbyterian Church, and the Beta Theta Pi college fraternity. An active republican, he served during the 1920 campaign as a member of the Mahoning County Republican Central Committee and as chairman of the Harding Campaign Committee for that county.

Robert John Keich. Throughout the present generation and for many years to come the technical resources and talents of Robert John Keich as an architect will have abundant proof and evidence in the Mahoning Valley, particularly at Warren, where many of the finest modern buildings, including homes, office structures and public buildings, have been designed and completed under his direct supervision.

Robert John Keich was born at Youngstown, October 2, 1882. His parents, Charles and Minnie (Brombach) Keich, were natives of the Duchy of Luxemburg. His father studied for the profession of mining engineer in the old country. The family came to the United States in 1880, and both parents are still living. Until he retired from active business Charles Keich was for many years connected with the Republic Iron and Steel Company's Mills at Youngstown.

Robert John Keich was reared and educated at Youngstown, attending the public schools. He possessed good natural qualifications for the profession he proposed to enter, but no doubt his success is attributable largely to the remarkable persistence and energy which he has devoted to his early training and subsequent work. At the age of eighteen he entered the office of Owsley & Boucherle, then the leading firm of architects at Youngstown. He finished his apprenticeship and remained with the firm until it dissolved partnership in the fall of 1912. Then for several years he was associated with Mr. C. F. Owsley. During that time Mr. Keich superintended the construction of many of the finest buildings and residences in Youngstown, including the South High School, the new County Courthouse and jail, and while with Mr. Owsley his work included the city hall, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Wood Street Public School, the beautiful residence of C. S. Robinson of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, and the Western Reserve National Bank at Warren.

Mr. Keich spent a great deal of time at Warren while the Western Reserve Bank Building was being erected, in 1914. At that time he realized the promising field there open for his profession, and in 1915 he located permanently at Warren and took up an individual practice with offices in the Western Reserve National Bank Building.

To suggest the value of his professional services at Warren it is necessary only to mention a few of the more important buildings designed and constructed by him. These include the residence of Fred W. Stillwagon, president of the Union Savings & Trust Company; the elegant home of W. D. Packard, known as Packard Place, one of the finest residences in Ohio; the residence of Oscar A. Caldwell. In business and factory construction he was the architect for the Hippodrome Theater, the Packard Electric Company's plant, the Borden Machine Company's plant, the pattern shops and foundry of the Trumbull Manufacturing Company; the new plant at Newton Falls, Ohio, of the Akron "Maderite" Tire and Rubber Company; the McKinley School, the Frances E. Willard School, the Warren Township School at Leavittsburg, the Lordstown Township School, the Howland Township School, the Bolindale Township School at DeForest, the Community High School at Newton Falls, combining both a high school and City Hall Building, erected as a memorial to the soldiers and sailors of that community, the First National Bank Building of Newton Falls, and for the Griswold Block on South Park Avenue, and the Sherman Block in North Park Avenue and Porter Avenue, fine business buildings. In November, 1919, Mr. Keich was chosen architect and superintendent in charge of the two new junior high schools of Warren.

Mr. Keich is a member of the Warren Rotary Club, the Warren Board of Trade, is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, the Elks Lodge No. 295, Mahoning Lodge No. 29, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the Emanuel Lutheran Church. September 15, 1909, he married Miss Pearl Elizabeth Eich, daughter of Simon J. and Rena (Cook) Eich, of Youngstown. They have two sons: Ronald Charles, born July 9, 1914, and Aubrey Robert, born October 27, 1917.

J. Mandus Yager, one of the most representative and progressive residents of Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, township trustee and a well-to-do retired farmer of that district, is in the fourth generation of Ohio residence of the Yager family, which is classed among the pioneer families of Mahoning County.

He was born in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on the Yager farm which adjoined the Infirmary Farm, on December 29, 1859, the son of William and Magdalena (Probst) Yager and great-grandson of Jonathan Yager, the pioneer in Ohio of that family. The Yager family was formerly resident in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, and there Jonathan Yager married and lived for some years thereafter. Extensive reference to the Yager family will be found elsewhere in this edition of Mahoning Valley history—in the sketch of George Yager, uncle of J. Mandus, and therefore the genealogical references herein with be brief. Jonathan Yager acquired a large tract of wild land in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, and there lived until his death in about 1850, he then having reached old age. The property, which was mostly undeveloped at his death, was divided among his six children, Christian, John, Henry, Samuel, Elizabeth and Martha, each receiving

about sixty-five acres. Possibly the division was made prior to his death, for it appears that Christian, his son and grandfather of J. Mandus, took up soon after his marriage, which was in about 1835, the tract of land which was his share of the Yager estate, and which at his death passed into the possession of his son Nathan.

Christian Yager, grandfather of J. M., was born in about 1819, in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania. He married Martha Miller, and developed a substantial acreage in Canfield Township, Mahoning County. In the year of his father's death, or soon afterward, Christian built upon his sixty-five acres a substantial residence, which is still in fine repair and was occupied by Nathan, son of Christian, until the former's death in 1916. At the time it was built, in 1850, it was one of the best residences in the township. Christian Yager also built the barn still used. His sixty-five acres adjoined that of his sister Elizabeth, who married Philip Stitle, and after the death of his sister and her husband Christian Yager bought the Stitle farm from the heirs. He lived a long and useful life, death not coming until 1901, when he was eighty-two years old. For forty-five years he had been a widower, his wife, Martha Miller, having died in about 1856. Their surviving children were: William, father of J. M.; Nathan, who took over the operation of his father's original farm and lived upon it until his death; George, who owns the Stitle farm, and also the Everett farm in Austintown Township, where he now lives in comfortable retirement.

William Yager, eldest son of Christian and Martha (Miller) Yager, was born in Canfield Township in about 1836. In 1896 he removed to Newton Falls, Ohio, and ten years later purchased the farm in Ellsworth Township upon which he has since lived. It is about one mile to the southward of the property of his son J. M., and was known as the Gee farm, the tract of 200 acres having been first settled by Nicholas Gee. It was from Joshua Gee, son of Nicholas, that William Yager bought the estate. However, within a year of his entering into possession of that property William Yager lost his wife, who died in February, 1907, and the past thirteen years of his life have to that extent been lonely. He has altogether retired from active pursuits on the farm, which is now occupied by his son Uriah, who is unmarried, and a granddaughter, Bertha Musser, attends to the housekeeping duties. William Yager has lived a long life, for the most part spent in useful agricultural effort. He is much respected in the township in which his family has lived for so many decades, in Canfield Township; and, like his father and grandfather, he has throughout his life been a conscientious observer of church responsibilities. He is one of the oldest members of the Zion Reformed Church, and in younger days was more active in church affairs. To him and to his wife, Magdalena Probst, were born eleven children, ten of whom reached majority, and seven of whom still survive. The eleven children were: Heman F., who now lives in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, Ohio; J. Mandus, of whom more follows; Charles, who lives in Wood County, Ohio; Jeff, who also lives in Wood County; Isabel, who married John Kale, of Wood County; Urias, who operates the home farm in Ellsworth Township; Dallas, who lives in Northwestern Ohio; Anna, who married John Berkey and lived at Cornersburg; Edward, deceased, lived in Wood County, but never married; Rachel, deceased, married William Musser, now of Youngstown, and their daughter Bertha is housekeeper for her grandfather, William Yager, and her uncle Urias; and Sherman, who was a farmer in Newton Falls, and whose death resulted from blood poisoning, developed from an injured hand.

J. Mandus Yager, second child of William and Magdalena (Probst) Yager, was born in 1859, passed his boyhood in Canfield Township, and since early manhood has been industriously and successfully farming. He owns the Stroup farm, which is about a mile distant from his father's farm and only a short distance west of the original site of Butler's mills. It is, of course, not far from the place of his birth, and he recalls going often as a boy to the creek alongside which the mills were located. The Stroup farm is a well-improved property of 108 acres, and was originally owned by a pioneer named Wolfe, who ninety years ago built the brick dwelling which is still in excellent condition and is occupied by Mr. Yager. Pioneer Wolfe's only daughter married a farmer named Eckenrode, whom she survived, afterward marrying Nathan Stroup. Both died on the farm, and Mr. Yager bought the estate at sheriff's sale. He has rebuilt the barn, putting thereon a slate roof, and in many other ways has improved the property, which has yielded him good return for his labor and enterprise.

Mr. Yager has shown himself to be a good citizen, skilful and industrious in his business enterprises, and a useful and public-spirited resident. He has served on the school board, and is one of the township trustees. In politics he is of independent inclination. During the World war he co-operated in much of the local war effort, and throughout was keenly interested, having given his eldest son to the national service in one of the most dangerous branches of the army.

He was twenty-nine years old when he married Clara Ann Clay, daughter of Isaac Clay, of Green Township. Mrs. Yager was twenty-one years old when she married, and since then four children have been born to them. In order of birth the children are Howard Edward, Lulu May, Floyd Clay and Josephine Laura, all being still in the parental home.

Howard Edward, eldest child of J. Mandus and Clara Ann (Clay) Yager, is a veteran of the World war. He enlisted in the infantry branch of the United States Army, and was early in France, spending almost a year in the theatre of operations. He saw active service during the terrible Argonne drive, and was in the front line trenches on the day the armistice was signed and hostilities ended. Eventually he returned to America, and after receiving honorable discharge came home, and has since taken much of the burden of the farm operation from his father.

John S. Malmsberry. For nearly thirty years a distinctive industry of the little town of North Benton in Smith Township of Mahoning County has been

Harry S. Davis.

the Shetland Pony farm of the Malmsberry family. The industry was first established and cultivated to prosperous proportions by the late Joel Malmsberry, whose son, John S., is now proprietor of the Shadyside Farms, where the raising and handling of Shetland Ponies is the chief industry.

There must have been a strong love of children in the heart of the late Joel Malmsberry, since so many years of his life were given to the handling of the ponies which are the delight of boys and girls. Joel Malmsberry, who died January 9, 1915, was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, November 14, 1842, son of William and Maria (Solomon) Malmsberry. He was of English Quaker ancestry. In 1843 the Malmsberry family came to Ohio and settled in Goshen Township of Mahoning County. The land they first owned in that section is now included in the village of Garfield. Subsequently they moved to the northern part of the same township, where William Malmsberry died in 1865. The mother died at the home of her son Joel at the age of eighty years.

Joel Malmsberry was the only surviving son of his parents, as John S. is the only son of Joel. Joel was educated in Goshen Township and in 1876 moved to North Benton. During the Civil war he was a member of Company G of the Eighty-Sixth Ohio Infantry, participating in the West Virginia campaign under General McClellan. At North Benton he was a merchant for seventeen years, part of the time postmaster, and after that until his death he gave his attention to farming and stock raising. He owned over 400 acres and made his Smith Township farm the center of his Shetland Pony industry.

The first wife of Joel Malmsberry was Margaret Sproat, daughter of John Sproat, of Smith Township. She was the mother of two children: Mary, who died about a year and a half after her father, the wife of T. Bundy; and John S. Joel Malmsberry married for his second wife Sally Henry, daughter of Richard and Caroline Henry. The only daughter of this marriage, Ruth, is at home with her mother.

John S. Malmsberry was born at the farm where he now lives September 27, 1886, and finished his education with a commercial course at Mount Union College. In his father's lifetime he became interested in the Shetland Pony industry and while his father usually sold about fifty head of these ponies annually the industry is now built up and organized until the Shadyside Farms send more than 200 Shetlands to individual purchasers in a single year. Fully a fourth of the ponies are raised on the farm. The breeding stock comprises more than 100 head and many others are imported or bought from other breeders. There is in course of construction a barn representing a large amount of invested capital and with every equipment for the proper handling of the ponies. John S. Malmsberry is owner and proprietor of the home place of 100 acres, and has two other farms, one eighty-two and the other eighty-nine acres, giving him 260 acres for the growing of the feed required for his stock. He farms in the modern fashion, using two tractors, has automobile trucks and other modern equipment.

April 21, 1916, Mr. Malmsberry married May Lee, of Spring Arbor, Michigan. They have one son, Robert. Mr. Malmsberry for several years has been the republican member of the election board of his township, is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and is a Knight Templar Mason at Alliance. His father was also active in politics, serving on the school board and as township treasurer.

Harry L. Davis, who with his father and later with his brothers Frank B. and Reuben E., known as Evan J. Davis Sons, built many miles of the modern streets and roadways in and around Youngstown, has in recent years given most of his time to the development and handling of real estate properties, chiefly those of the Davis family.

He was born in Youngstown in February, 1881, son of Evan J. and Priscilla (Lewis) Davis. His parents were both natives of Wales, and were children when the respective families came to Ohio. Ebenezer Davis, father of Evan J., went out to the California gold fields and acquired a modest fortune in that region. On returning to Youngstown he bought the lands now marked by the great steel plants of the Brown-Bonnell and Republic companies. The old family homestead stood on the ground now occupied by the Brown-Bonnell plant. Some of the streets marking the old Davis property are Federal, Front, Commerce and Hazel.

The late Evan J. Davis was a coal merchant, being at one time connected with the company that is now the Youngstown Coal and Ice Company, and gave his capital and enterprise to many other interests. For a number of years he maintained an extensive equipment and a large organization for handling contract work, and graded and built many of the streets in Youngstown and laid most of the sewers of the city. He was a member of the firm of Davis, Walker & Cooper, who built and operated a foundry on Decker Street. Evan J. Davis was a republican, was an Odd Fellow, and he and his wife were active members of the Welsh Congregational Church. He died in 1906, at the age of fifty-three, leaving a record of sound achievement and good citizenship. His widow, Priscilla (Lewis) Davis, who is still living, is a daughter of Ebenezer Lewis, who was also an early resident of the Mahoning Valley. Five of the seven children of Mr. Davis and wife are living, and all are residents of Chicago except Harry.

Harry L. Davis completed his education in the Rayen High School and took up the business of street contracting with his father, and after the latter's death constructed many miles of streets in the city. Members of the Davis family were among the first to discover the value of slag, a by-product of the steel plants, for road building, and Mr. Davis used immense quantities of slag to prepare the hard surfaced highways in the Mahoning Valley, one that illustrates the use of this material being the Austintown-Jackson Road. It was through the efforts of Harry L. Davis and his brother, Frank B. Davis, that the first slag crushing plant was installed in this vicinity, making possible the townsite called McDonald, between Girard and Niles.

Mr. Davis is a republican, is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the First Presbyterian Church. His real estate offices are in the Dollar Bank Building. He married in

1914 Miss Belle Thomas, daughter of M. Thomas, of Coitland, Ohio. They have two children, Marlin and Dorothy Jean.

Edward Thomas Butler, traffic manager of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was born September 15, 1884, at Youngstown, the son of James and Mary Ann (Stotler) Butler. His father was born at Mineral Ridge, Ohio, while his grandfather, also James Butler, was a native of Ireland, and at one time a contracting carpenter at Youngstown, but later a farmer at Mineral Ridge. James Butler, Jr., is one of the veteran railroad men of the Mahoning Valley. For thirty-two years he has been connected with what is now the Baltimore & Ohio. He was also a prominent figure in the democratic party at Youngstown, he having been the nominee of that party for the office of mayor and served as city commissioner and as commissioner of public safety. He is now living retired. His wife, Mary Ann Stotler, was born at Mineral Ridge, daughter of Michael Stotler, who was born and married in Alsace-Lorraine, France.

Edward T. Butler spent his early life at Youngstown, is a graduate of the St. Columba Parochial School with the class of 1900, and from the Rayen High School in 1903. Immediately after finishing his high school course he entered the rating and accounting department of the Baltimore & Ohio Railway Company at Youngstown, and was employed in a similar department of the Erie Railway and with the Lake Shore of the New York Central Lines. The training and experience he gained with these railways secured for him an opening in the accounting and traffic department of the Republic Iron and Steel Company at Youngstown in 1907. He was with that corporation about seven years. In January, 1914, he was appointed traffic manager of the Trumbull Steel Company at Warren.

Mr. Butler is also traffic manager and a director of the Warren Board of Trade and is a member of the Pittsburgh Traffic Association. He is affiliated with Warren Lodge of the Elks and the Knights of Columbus, and is a member of St. Mary's Catholic Church. January 10, 1906, he married Miss Nora A. Conroy, daughter of Marcus and Mary (Joyce) Conroy, of Youngstown. They have four children: Mary Louise, born March 18, 1907; Edward, born November 4, 1911; William, born May 16, 1913; and James, born August 6, 1918.

Wilbur H. Geesman. The successful man in the steel industry is never afraid of hard work, and he is not the type of man who allows any ordinary circumstances to interfere with his direct progress toward the goal of his ambition. A case in point is that of Wilbur H. Geesman, general superintendent of the Brier Hill Steel Company. It was on Friday, the 13th of August, 1901, that he began his career in and knowledge of the steel business. At that date he became a clerk in the accounting department of the Illinois Steel Corporation at South Chicago. He remained with that department long enough to fill every position in it and to work at every desk in the office.

His next promotion was to a place of harder work, as chief clerk to the furnace superintendent. This was a job requiring his presence 365 days of the year, with extra pay for continuous employment. From that he was made assistant to the superintendent. That position was especially created for him. On August 5, 1906, he began his duties, with eleven blast furnaces under his direction. April 10, 1910, a little less than four years later, he was transferred to the great steel city of Gary, where he was made superintendent in charge of the blast furnace department, with twelve blast furnaces under his supervision.

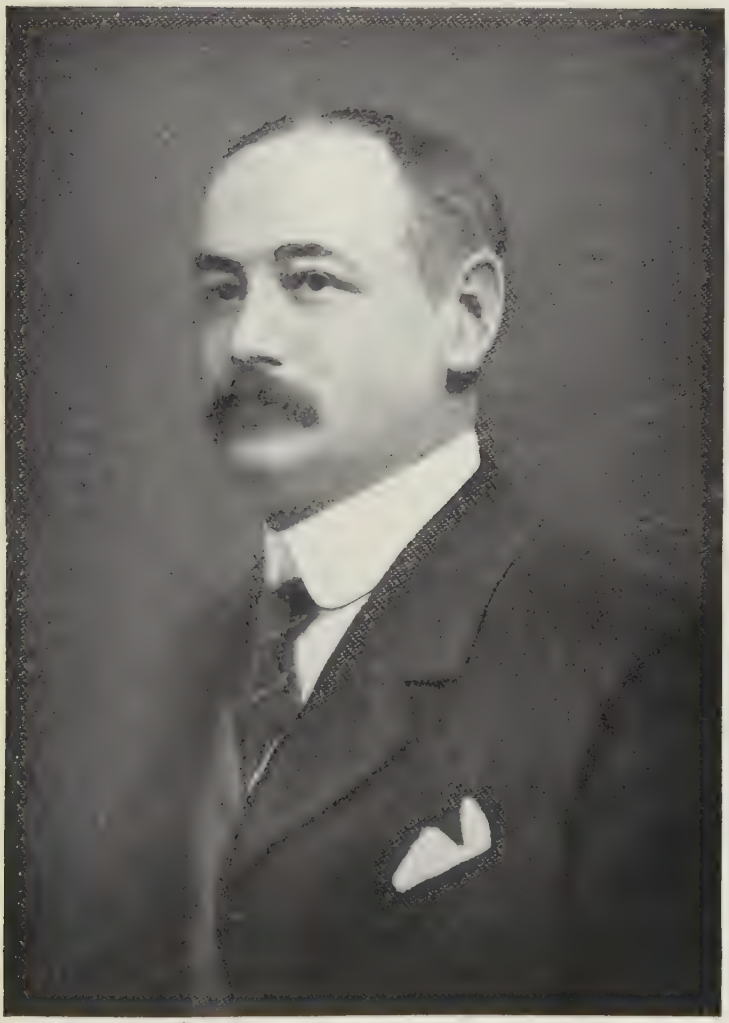
Mr. Geesman came to Youngstown in February, 1917, and has since had the responsibilities of general superintendent of the steel works of the Brier Hill Company. Few men have made more satisfactory progress and have more real achievements to their credit within less than twenty years than Mr. Geesman.

Some of the facts of his early life and experience should also be noted. He was born at Canton, Ohio, October 22, 1878, and when two years of age was taken by his parents, Samuel F. and Mary Olive (Marks) Geesman, to Huntington County, Indiana. The father was a successful Indiana farmer, and he and his wife are still living. Wilbur H. Geesman grew up near the banks of the Wabash River. His chief companion and associate of his boyhood was his brother Leroy O., who met an accidental death at the old farm March 17, 1916. Wilbur H. Geesman had a country school education, also attended the Huntington High School, the Huntington Normal College and the Huntington Business University. After leaving school he was employed for three years by the American Express Company at Chicago, and left that to take his first clerical position in the steel industry at South Chicago. During the early years of his employment there he put in many hours at night and other intervals as a student of the Armour Institute of Technology, where he specialized in metallurgy, furnace parts and engineering.

Mr. Geesman is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Blast Furnace and Coke Association of Chicago, and the Mining and Metal Engineers' Association of Chicago. He is also a member of the Masonic fraternity. October 16, 1901, he married Charlotta C. Duke, of Dayton, Ohio.

John Wesley Morrison has been an important instrument in creating new development in the present City of Youngstown, and taking the facts of his own career in connection with those of other members of the family a great deal of interesting Youngstown history can be told through the introduction of his name.

His father was John W. Morrison, Sr., who was born near Wilmington in Delaware County, Pennsylvania, September 26, 1826, a son of Robert Morrison, who came to this country from the north of Ireland. The Morrisons for a number of years did a prosperous business as fishermen in the Delaware River. John W. Morrison, Sr., became a victim to the western gold fever. He went out to California around Cape Horn and returned by way of the Isthmus of Panama. In 1858 he removed to Cincinnati and later



J. W. Morrison

to St. Paul, Minnesota, where he was engaged in the wholesale commission business, making large shipments down the Mississippi by steamboat to New Orleans.

During his western career he met his future wife while she was visiting a sister whose home was in Jefferson, Wisconsin. They were married in 1858. She was Kate Everett, and as the Everett family was then living in Youngstown, John W. Morrison returned to this city. It was ever afterward his home except for the ten year period, from 1869 to 1879, when he lived at Brazil, Indiana, and operated an extensive group of coal mines in that great coal center. He also opened and operated mines in and near Youngstown, one of them being the Ardale mine, which he sold to Joseph G. Butler. He also did business as a contractor, grading a number of Youngstown streets and helped to promote the early street car lines.

John W. Morrison, Sr., was a blacksmith and machinist by trade. He had served his apprenticeship before going to California. During the Civil war he was employed in the shipyards where Ericson, the famous engineer, was constructing the Monitor, which revolutionized marine warfare. At one time he also worked with the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and was employed as a machinist while in California. His death occurred in 1907.

Kate Everett, his wife, was born at the Everett homestead between Griffith and Morrison Avenue, October 8, 1834, daughter of Peter and Mary Everett. Her parents were life long residents of the Mahoning Valley. She died May 30, 1906. She had a liberal education for the women of her time, attending Cooper Academy, and was a very successful teacher, at one time being superintendent of the West Avenue School and the Front Street School in Youngstown.

The great-grandfather of Kate Everett was Nathaniel Gardner Dabney, who has many claims to historic distinction at Youngstown. He came of a wealthy Massachusetts family and had ample capital behind his various enterprises. In the early part of 1796 he journeyed over the then West to Pittsburgh, and in the same spring came to the present site of Youngstown, where he made purchase of a large tract of land. It was his purpose to build a trading station, and he had made the preliminary arrangements for a survey of the townsite. Had his plans matured it is very probable that the present City of Youngstown would be known as Dabney. While here he fell ill and returned to Pittsburgh for medical treatment. Later on when he came back to resume his business in the Western Reserve he found John Young had come upon the scene and had supplanted the original settler in the historic distinction of being the founder of Youngstown.

However, more than a century later the descendants of Nathaniel Gardner Dabney, the first settler, have in a measure completed the work begun by him, and fully a hundred and twenty-five houses owned by John Wesley Morrison and his sister Mrs. Luce are located on part of the land where Dabney first settled.

Mrs. John W. Morrison, Sr., was a member of the Methodist Protestant Church on Front Street for a number of years and later was affiliated with the First Presbyterian Church. She was the mother of four children, the daughters Sallie and Kate dying when children. The only living daughter is Agnes, widow of Samuel W. Luce.

John Wesley Morrison was born March 17, 1859, at the Everett homestead, which is probably the oldest house in the city, having been erected in 1826. Mr. Morrison had the good fortune to acquire his preliminary education under the talented direction of his mother as his teacher. In 1881 he graduated from the Rayen High School, and while still in that school he was looking after the management of a general store at 259 West Federal Street. In 1884 he moved his business to 759 West Federal. In 1888 Mr. Morrison started a foundry on East Federal near the present location of the Youngstown Young Men's Christian Association. From 1892 for a period of fifteen years he did an extensive business with an iron and brass foundry on North Avenue. After giving up his connections as a merchant and manufacturer Mr. Morrison devoted most of his time to the building and improvement of a district which extends from the lower Carnegie mills to Parmalee Avenue. The site of the lower mill was donated to Shedd & Cartwright by the Morrison family. Mr. Morrison has always lent his liberal co-operation in behalf of all affairs for the improvement and progress of his native city.

In 1893 he married Miss Adele A. Hyde, who was born at East Farmington in Trumbull County, October 12, 1864, daughter of Daniel Hyde. Mrs. Morrison died March 11, 1899. She was the mother of four children: Daniel H., who died at the age of five years; Winifred, who died at the age of seven; John W. III, who died in infancy; and John W. IV, the only survivor. This son was in the Officers' Training Camp at Camp Gordon during the war and is now completing his education in Western Reserve University at Cleveland.

Paul G. Wilcox, part owner of the Austintown Garage Company, and an active member of the centralized school board of that place, is a native of West Austintown, and has been in business in Austintown for many years. He is an enterprising, optimistic tradesman, and is reaching substantial success in his latest business connection, which has been developed into a complete auto service, an appreciable business in auto supplies and satisfactory sales of Ford and Cleveland Six cars. He is recognized as one of those public-spirited citizens who brought to satisfactory consummation the project which sought to centralize the schools, and in recognition of such service to the community he was elected director of the new school system.

He was born in West Austintown, Mahoning County, Ohio, on August 31, 1881, the son of Isaac and Elizabeth (Paynter) Wilcox, and grandson of Ira Wilcox, the pioneer ancestor of the family in the Mahoning Valley. Ira Wilcox came from "east of the mountains" of Pennsylvania when only a lad, and for a while found work in Youngstown. It is said that Ira Wilcox as a boy hoed corn on the land which later became the site of the McKelvey Store in Youngstown; but he appears to have soon settled

in West Austintown, which at that time was almost wholly undeveloped. He acquired a tract of wild land in that place, and eventually brought it into satisfactory bearing. He married Rebecca Gilbert and had many children. In addition to farming a good acreage Ira Wilcox operated a saw mill at West Austintown, the lumber perhaps being from his own land. He was evidently a man of strong, self-reliant and steady character, for although cast upon his own resources early in life he made a good place for himself in Austintown, living an industrious, upright life in responsible citizenship. He died at a comparatively early age, viewing his years by that of the average pioneer settler, but he lived sufficiently long to raise eight children, some of them to maturity. The eight children were: Ira, Anson, Daniel, and Isaac, sons; and Sarah, Christina, Ella and Celia, daughters. All are now dead excepting Ella, who is Mrs. Peasley, and Anson, both of whom are now living in California.

Isaac, son of Ira and Rebecca (Gilbert) Wilcox, and father of Paul G., was born in West Austintown, and when he reached manhood was for some years associated with Chauncey Andrews in coal production. In young manhood he was a retail merchant, and for some years had a satisfactory store business at Mineral Ridge. It was while he was so employed that he met Elizabeth Paynter, who became his wife, and who has survived him, she now living in comfortable circumstances in Youngstown. Isaac Wilcox died on June 11, 1899. During his active life he was well known to many people in Trumbull and Mahoning counties.

Paul G., son of Isaac and Elizabeth (Paynter) Wilcox, and born in 1881, has one brother, Ralph Seth Wilcox and five sisters, Mabel R. Herrington, Ethel F. Chapman, Estella R. Holben, Grace Greenwood and Ann Guttridge, all living. Paul G. Wilcox attended the public schools of his native place, West Austintown, and when he entered business life was for three years in the employ of the Ohio Steel Company of Youngstown, after which he ventured into independent business in Austintown. He conducted a successful meat market in that place until 1919, when he formed a business association with four other Austintown residents, G. M. Schurrenberger, L. H. Young, Ross O'Rourke and J. R. Dodd, the partners establishing the Austintown Garage Company, which has had a very satisfactory business. The partners have the local agency for the Ford and Cleveland Six cars, do a good repair and garage business and handle a wide general line of auto supplies. Mr. Wilcox is an aggressive young business man, has a good reputation in his home town, and has good prospect of succeeding well in his latest enterprise.

While giving close attention to his own business he has, nevertheless, given some time to public duties in the community. He has been a member of the school board for five years, and showed good understanding of educational matters when he gave his active support to the movement which sought to centralize the schools, the accomplishment of that object bringing him and his co-workers much credit. In many other ways he has manifested practical and helpful citizenship.

He was married on March 11, 1903, to Martha B. Kling, of Franklin County, Pennsylvania. They have three children, Alda Jane, R. Donald and Ethel Margaret. Their home is a neat one, situated on the brick road about 800 yards to the westward of the village.

David A. Allen, a successful farmer of Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, comes of a family which has had association with the history of that township since practically its earliest days, and his genealogy connects him with other pioneers of the Mahoning Valley. He himself has lived in the township practically throughout his life, and has taken appreciable part in the public affairs of the section. He has served as township trustee for two or three terms, and for eight years has been township treasurer. He is generally well regarded in the township, and has an enviable reputation for moral and material integrity.

He was born in Ellsworth Township, on part of the farm of his grandfather, Martin Allen, on September 7, 1859, the son of Lloyd and Fanny M. (Beardsley) Allen. The Allen family is of a leading Connecticut family of colonial days, scions of that family having prominent record in the history of the Revolution, among them Col. Ethan Allen, of distinguished record at Ticonderoga in 1775, the quick stroke of his Green Mountaineers wresting from the English all the northern region. Again, Solomon Allen was one of the guards of Major Andre, and assisted in subduing Shay's rebellion. And in many other phases of colonial and early republican life, civic, legislative, juridical and commercial, the Allen family of Connecticut is of honorable record. Martin Allen, grandfather of David A. Allen, was born in Connecticut in 1807. His brother, Asa W. Allen, left his home in Connecticut about 1817 and journeyed into the Western Reserve of Ohio, settling in Ellsworth Township, where he bought a large tract. When Martin was eighteen years old he followed his brother into Ohio, and soon afterward acquired about 200 acres of wild land in Ellsworth Township, part of the Bradsworth estate. A few years later, in 1832, he married Lucy Fitch, daughter of Richard Fitch, who took up land in the township in 1804, and was also of an old colonial Connecticut family of good standing. Lucy Fitch was born in Ellsworth Village on May 6, 1811, and died there on July 3, 1904. Eventually part of the Fitch estate at Ellsworth passed into the possession of Martin Allen and his wife; and it was a good property, with an extensive apple orchard, which yielded heavily for sixty years. Martin and his wife at first lived in a small house built many years earlier by Richard Fitch, but eventually Martin built a larger and more modern house, which still stands, and is habitable. Martin Allen was one of the substantial men of the township, and was one of the original stockholders of the First National Bank of Youngstown, which connection added appreciably to the value of his estate. He was a man of strong personality, and withal conscientious and God-fearing. He ardently championed the cause of abolition, and at one time was alone in its advocacy in his neighborhood. He became a republican in politics, and was once ap-

proached by party leaders who knew his influence in the district and were desirous of inducing him to stand for election to the House of Representatives. They did not succeed, however, for, in truth, Martin Allen was not a man of flexibility of opinions, and could not subscribe to some of the inconsistencies of political workings. In local affairs, however, he took part, was trustee of the township for some years, and was a life-long church worker. A Presbyterian by conviction, he was an elder of the local church of that denomination, and for thirty-five years was clerk of sessions. He died on July 15, 1882, aged seventy-five years. Martin and Lucy (Fitch) Allen were the parents of twelve children, of whom four died in infancy. The other eight children were: Lloyd, father of David A., and a review of whose life follows; Mary, who married Robert Kirk, now president of the firm of Farnell, Osman & Kirk, wholesalers, of St. Paul, Minnesota, in which city they live; Jesse, a Civil war veteran, whose life is referred to elsewhere in this work; Chester, who married Fanny Coit, only child of Joseph Coit, who was the agent in Ellsworth for the Connecticut Land Company when the settlement first began; William, now a retired farmer resident in Ellsworth Village, and more regarding whom has been written for inclusion elsewhere in this edition of Mahoning Valley history; Henry, who died July 31, 1919, was for the greater part of his life a hardware merchant in Jamestown, North Dakota; Lucy, who married John Hanson, of Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, and later resident in the State of Oregon; and Jettie, who married Robert Dickson and died in early womanhood, leaving one son, Allen, now of Berlin Township, Mahoning County.

Lloyd, eldest child of Martin and Lucy (Fitch) Allen, was born on his father's farm about two miles to the westward of Ellsworth Village, on January 14, 1833. He was not yet twenty-two years old when he married Fanny M. Beardsley, who was born March 10, 1835, on her parents' farm in Ellsworth Township. Her parents were Almus and Amanda (Cogswell) Beardsley, who were both natives of Connecticut and settled in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, in about 1830. Almus Beardsley, son of Philo and Esther (Curtis) Beardsley, was born in Litchfield County, Connecticut, on April 11, 1799, and died in Ellsworth Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on July 21, 1873. He married Amanda Cogswell on November 26, 1820, in Connecticut, where she was born on August 15, 1796. She died August 25, 1869. Their son Henry C., who later became of good record in Ellsworth Township, was born in Connecticut on December 2, 1823. The farm of the Beardsley family in Ellsworth Township was about 200 acres in extent, and situated about two miles to the westward of Ellsworth Centre. Their children were: Homer, who became a Civil war veteran; Henry Curtis, before referred to; Esther; Birdsey; Josiah, who in early manhood was a teacher in Ellsworth Academy, but later entered the Congregational Church ministry and lived in Wisconsin; Fanny Maria, who married Lloyd Allen on January 7, 1855; and Amanda N., who lived for many years in Washington, D. C., was in the federal civil service, and died a spinster when about sixty years old.

After their marriage Lloyd Allen and his wife spent about a year in Connecticut with his uncle, but afterward returned to Ellsworth, and in 1860 Lloyd Allen secured the farm which his son still owns and occupies. The farm is situated about 2,500 yards from Ellsworth Village, in a westerly direction. The Allen farm formed part of the original Ripley tract of land, was about 146 acres in extent, and upon it was a substantial dwelling, built some years previously by the former occupant, whose name was Edwards, and whose wife was of the Ripley family. The house is still in use, and in a good state of repair. In it Lloyd Allen and his wife lived for the remainder of their lives, and in it his son David A. still lives. Lloyd Allen died on April 22, 1898, and his wife, after a widowhood of twelve years, in February, 1911. Lloyd Allen was a man of considerable intellectual attainments. In his early manhood he was a school teacher, as were also his four brothers. But he, like most of his brothers, took eventually to agriculture exclusively. He was characteristically strong, and, like his father, who took a leading part in "underground railroad" work during and prior to the Civil war, he was emphatically abolitionist in his opinions at that time. He was an active citizen; was much respected in the community; was for many years a justice of the peace and township clerk; and was an elder in the local Presbyterian Church. Of the children of Lloyd and Fanny M. (Beardsley) Allen only one has survived, their son David A.

David A. Allen was born almost within sight of his present home in Ellsworth Township, in which he has lived practically his whole life of sixty years. He attended the township school in his boyhood, and afterward took the course at the Lebanon Normal School, presumably with the intention of entering the teaching profession. He was, however, the only son, and eventually was drawn more and more into association with the management of the home farm, finally taking complete charge of it, so that his father's declining years should be without burdensome occupations. David married when he was twenty-six years old. His wife, whom he married on November 27, 1885, was Florence Ada Bowman, daughter of Comfort C., brother of Andrew Bowman. The Bowman family is of French-German ancestry, the home of the Bowman family being in Alsace, while a maternal line was from Wurtemberg, Germany. Comfort C. Bowman was a son of Christian and Elizabeth (Kreager) Bowman, and was born in Green Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, January 28, 1815, in which township Christian Bowman had settled in 1806. Christian Bowman was an officer of militia during the War of 1812. Comfort C., son of Christian, married Susannah B. Rinehart on October 20, 1852. She was the daughter of Solomon and Elizabeth (Bowman) Rinehart, and her daughter Florence Ada, who married David A. Allen in 1885, was born in Green Township on December 29, 1862, and was reared on the homestead now occupied by her brother, Ellis Bowman, that farm being situated about a mile south of Ellsworth Centre. Many more references to the Bowman family will be found in other sections of this present historical work.

For fifteen years after his marriage, David A. Allen was associated with his father in the manage-

ment of the home farm, or, to be more strictly correct, David managed the farm for his father until the latter's death, after which David, in about 1900, rented out the farm and went to live in Ellsworth Village, and for fifteen years thereafter took clerical work in that place so as to be near his mother in her old age. His mother having died, and also his wife's mother, who had lived with them during her last years, David A. Allen in 1915 gave up his connection with the Ellsworth store and returned to his farm; but he had to suffer further bereavement, for on November 15th of that year his wife also died. He has, however, since continued to reside on the farm, having near him their only child, their son Charles Comfort, who was born on August 13, 1888, on the same farm. The boy was given a superior education, eventually graduating from the Northeastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield, and later attending the Carnegie Institute of Technology at Pittsburgh. He was assistant to the county surveyor, George Montgomery, for two years, but returned to the home farm, and is now identified with the contracting firm of Allen & Brown. He has had much experience as a road builder, which is the specialty of his company. Charles Comfort Allen married Neva Hull, daughter of Frank Hull, a neighboring farmer. They have one child, a daughter, Ada Joyce.

David A. Allen does not now concern himself actively with the working of the farm; or rather, the burden of it does not rest heavily upon him, and he has more time now to attend to other matters of civic and communal connection. Politically he is a republican. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, with which his family has been so closely connected since one was erected in Ellsworth. His son, Charles C., is an elder, and one or more members of the Allen family have been connected officially with church work in Ellsworth Township since the early days of the church in the township.

William Forrester Benedict. For more than 110 years the Benedict family has been identified with Trumbull County. Of the present generation, William Forrester Benedict is a prominent citizen of Warren, a well-known sales manager and an extensive real estate dealer, and also has important relations in other business affairs.

Mr. Benedict was born on the old Benedict homestead in Braceville Township, July 24, 1865. His great-grandfather, Hezekiah Benedict, was a native of Connecticut and in 1809 brought his family westward and after a toilsome journey in wagons settled in Braceville Township, where he acquired title to 640 acres. His first improvement was a log cabin for the shelter of his family. One of the younger members of this family was William Benedict, who was also born in Connecticut. He served for eighteen months as a soldier in the War of 1812. He lived a long and active life in Braceville Township, and became prominent in local affairs, serving for twenty-five years as a justice of the peace. He married Mary Lawson.

A son of William and Mary Benedict was Hiram Benedict, who was born on the homestead in Braceville Township January 7, 1830. After reaching manhood he bought the interests of the other heirs in the home farm, and continued to live there until his death on December 5, 1895. On January 4, 1863, he married Olive M. Bacon, who was born in Bazetta Township, Trumbull County, October 15, 1842, and is still living at Warren. Her father, Enos Bacon, was born at Bridgeton, New Jersey, in 1802, and was five years of age when his parents came to Trumbull County and settled at Cortland. Enos Bacon engaged for many years in the general lumber business, and also conducted a shop for the manufacture of wood novelties. He is credited with employing the first steam power in his locality. His wife, Kerren Happuch Brooks Bacon, was a native of Trumbull County. Hiram Benedict and wife had only two children, William Forrester and Maude Ione. The latter is the wife of Isaac H. Price, formerly of Braceville Township, and now superintendent and a member of the board of directors of the Warren Iron and Steel Company.

William Forrester Benedict grew up on the home farm. While the environment of his early life was a rural community he acquired a thorough education, beginning in the country schools, attending the Western Reserve Seminary at Farmington and also the Canfield Normal College. Three winters were spent teaching a country school and the summers at farming. In the meantime he learned telegraphy, and from 1892 to 1899 was in the service of the Erie Railway Company in that capacity, and for another two years was at Lowellville for the Baltimore & Ohio. Mr. Benedict has been identified with the Sterling Electric Lamp Division of the National Lamp Works of the General Electric Company at Warren since 1902. His first position was as cost man, and from one grade of responsibility to another he was promoted to foreman, then salesman, and since 1910 has been district manager of sales.

For a number of years past he has also been in the real estate business. He began building homes in 1905, and has contributed much to the building activities of Warren. His specialty has been the improvement of property and selling complete homes to young married couples. Mr. Benedict was one of the organizers of the People's Savings Company, and is a director of that institution. He is actively identified with the Warren Board of Trade as a director, with the Automobile Club, and has served as a member of the Warren City Board of Health. He is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and is a past senior councillor of the United Commercial Travelers. His church home is the Second Christian.

Mr. Benedict married Miss Harriet M. Ernst. She was born on a farm in Warren Township, Trumbull County, June 25, 1871, daughter of Comfort A. and Cornelia (Oviatt) Ernst, also natives of Trumbull County. Her paternal grandfather was William Ernst, of Warren, and her maternal grandfather was Lyman P. Oviatt, of Braceville. Comfort A. Ernst died April 1, 1907, at the age of sixty-five, and his wife died October 12, 1909.

The only child of Mr. and Mrs. Benedict is Ernest Hiram Benedict, who was born at Sherman, Summit County, Ohio, March 19, 1894. He graduated from the Warren High School in 1913, received his Bachelor of Science degree from Hiram College in

H. H. Benedict.

1917, and the degree Doctor of Dental Surgery from Western Reserve University in 1919. He is now successfully practicing his profession at Cleveland. He married Ruth Homer, who was born at Warren, August 2, 1895, daughter of William and Anna Homer, the former a native of Greenville, Pennsylvania, and the latter of Holton, Kansas.

William H. Loveless has had an active business career at Warren covering thirty years, and his name and enterprise are associated with some of the important phases of the building movement which has transformed the city in recent years.

Mr. Loveless was born on a farm in Bloomfield Township, Trumbull County, May 15, 1869, and a few months later his parents moved to Warren, where they spent the rest of their lives. Mr. Loveless is in the fourth generation of two old Trumbull County families. His paternal great-grandfather came to Trumbull County from New England in pioneer times and located at Price's Mills. At that time the grandfather, David Loveless, was a boy. David married Hulda Martin, a daughter of another Trumbull County pioneer, who settled at Newton Falls. Martin Loveless, a son of David and Hulda, was born at Price's Mills in 1831 and married Malinda Wilson, who was born in Paris Township of Trumbull County in 1833. Her father, Ambrose Wilson, came to the Western Reserve from Connecticut.

William H. Loveless was reared and educated at Warren and for over twenty years was proprietor of a livery and transfer business. Since leaving that he has employed his capital and energies in the buying and development of real estate, and has added a large number of residences to the building program of the city. He was an associate with J. E. Heasley in the construction of the Loveless-Heasley business block on North Pine Street. Recently Mr. Loveless completed the "Square" business block at the corner of South Pine and East Clinton, a combined store and apartment house. Mr. Loveless is also identified in a practical way with farming, owning an eighty-acre farm on West Market Street, well within the city limits of Warren.

He is an active member of the Warren Board of Trade, and is affiliated with Mahoning Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Maccabees. He married Blanche M. Myers, who was born at Bourbon, Indiana. They have a very interesting family of two sons and two daughters, all of whom are graduates of the Warren High School. Henry W., the oldest, after attending preparatory school for one year was enrolled at the Ohio State University and was for nine months with the Expeditionary Forces in France, was on several fighting fronts and was gassed. He is now associated in business with his father. Ralph M., the second son, after leaving high school, spent a year in Washington and Jefferson College and six months in the Spencerian Business College at Cleveland. During the World war he was an ensign in the United States Navy and is now completing his education in the University of Wisconsin. Mildred, the older daughter, is now at Beechwood Seminary, a finishing school near Philadelphia. Edith is a fellow student with her brother at the University of Wisconsin.

Jacob G. Brody, M. D. Occupying a position of note among the successful physicians of Mahoning County, Jacob G. Brody, M. D., of Youngstown, has built up an extensive and lucrative practice, and established a fine reputation for professional skill and ability. A son of Joseph Brody, he was born January 17, 1877, in Ketovisky, Province of Vilna, Russia, where in 1855 the birth of his father occurred.

Having learned the trade of a miller, Joseph Brody followed it in his native village for several years. Moving to Zizmory, a larger place, having a population of 2,000 souls, he embarked in the dry goods business, which proved a losing venture, the city having more stores than customers. The oppression of his people, the Jews, became unbearable, and in 1899 he immigrated to the United States, locating first in Chicago, where he had friends. A few months later he went to Cleveland, Ohio, from there coming to Youngstown, where for seven years he was actively engaged in the iron and metal trade. Accumulating some means, he opened a shoe store, making a specialty of Douglas shoes, and, with "A Square Deal to the Public" for his motto, met with well deserved success. He had but a limited capital to start with, but recently he purchased his place of business, involving a sum of $92,000, and in addition has accumulated property valued at $150,000 in East Youngstown. In 1902 he sent for his family to join him in Youngstown, an invitation which was gladly accepted.

Joseph Brody married Esther Wolf, who was born in Wilkovisky, Province of Suvalky, Russia, and died in Youngstown, Ohio, in 1914, aged fifty-six years. Four sons and three daughters were born of their union, as follows: Jacob G., the special subject of this sketch; Benjamin M., a veteran of the Spanish war, is engaged in mercantile pursuits in Atlanta, Georgia; Abraham, a member of the firm of J. Brody & Son; Arthur, who is studying law; Miriam, wife of Meyer Aronson, who is engaged in the manufacture of women's wearing apparel in New York; Anna, wife of S. Robinolitz, a merchant in East Youngstown; and Laura, wife of Maxwell Harrison, a merchant in Youngstown. The Brody family are members of Temple Emanuel.

Jacob G. Brody acquired his early education through private training, the Jews not being received in the public schools of his native land. At the age of eighteen he was working as a bookkeeper in Vilna during the day, but devoted his evenings to the study of the Russian, German, French and English languages, and mathematics. His highest ambition, however, was to go to Berne, Switzerland, where he could have better educational privileges. Coming to Youngstown with his mother and her family in 1902, he successfully passed the examination for the high school, from which he was graduated nine months later. Subsequently entering the Western Reserve University, he was there graduated with the degree of M. D., in 1908. Doctor Brody at once accepted the position of instructor of pharmacology at Cornell University, where he devoted his time to scientific research. In 1911 the doctor returned to Youngstown, where he has since been prosperously engaged in the general practice of medicine, being one of the leading physicians of his community.

Doctor Brody married in 1911 Jennie Zupnik, a teacher in the public schools of Cleveland, where her father, Joseph Zupnik, was serving as city inspector. The Doctor and Mrs. Brody have two children, Elsa Louise, born in 1912; and Daniel, born in 1915. Doctor Brody is a member of the Mahoning County Medical Society and of the American Medical Association. He is examining physician for several life insurance companies, including among others the New York Life, the Canadian and the John Hancock. Doctor Brody and his wife are members of Rodef Sholom.

THEODORE O. JOHNS, proprietor of the wholesale candy business at 366 Emmerson Place, has for many years been identified with the business at Youngstown, as was his father before him.

His father was the late William E. Johns, a native of St. Clare's Wales, who came to the United States when a young man. He began to learn the tailoring trade, but left it to go to work in the iron mills of Cartwright & McCurdy. In 1872 he opened a stock of groceries at North Jackson, but nine months later moved to Youngstown. He opened a grocery store at 227 West Federal, and the family residence was over the store, where Theodore O. Johns was born in 1878. Later William E. Johns became proprietor of a noted establishment, known as the Old Country Tea House at 231 West Federal Street. He was regarded as the most expert judge of teas and coffees in this section of Ohio, and consequently his business enjoyed a large trade and he was very popular among his customers and citizens generally. For his health he went west, and for a time conducted a cigar business in Denver. He was a stanch republican, was one of the oldest members of the First Baptist Church, and served as assistant superintendent of the Sunday school, his wife being a member of the same denomination until death. William E. Johns married Delia A. James. They were married in Paris, Ohio. William Johns made two trips back to Wales, but America was the place he loved. He died in 1902, at the age of fifty-six. His wife was born February 27, 1841, and died April 4, 1920. They were the parents of four children: Theodore O.; Gertrude M., wife of Fred V. Canning, of Youngstown; George A., an electrician at Detroit; and Warren, of Omaha, Nebraska.

Theodore O. Johns attended the Front Street School, but at the age of fifteen, on account of his father's ill health, left school and as the oldest son began assisting in the store. He continued this work until the death of his father, and was then employed by W. J. Moore at 329 West Federal and after a few months established a wholesale candy business at 253 Scott Street. For five years he sold a large volume of products throughout the valley. For three years after that he was a traveling representative of Cruickshank Brothers of Pittsburgh. He then entered the tea and coffee business at 366 Emerson Place, but has gradually displaced his other commodities and concentrated his attention upon the wholesale candy business. He is his own sales manager and has a large and profitable trade throughout the Youngstown District.

Mr. Johns is a member of the United Commercial Travelers, was formerly associated with the Baptist Church, and is now a member of the board of trustees of the Plymouth Congregational Church. He is affiliated with Western Star Lodge of Masons and is an independent in politics. In 1902 he married Miss Sarah Reese, daughter of John D. Reese of Youngstown. They have two children, Dorothy Sarah and Catherine May.

MATTHEW A. HANNON, one of Youngstown's prosperous junior business men, who was educated as an engineer and followed that profession for several years, is now in the insurance business with the well-known firm of E. J. Deibel.

He was born in Youngstown, September 20, 1896, son of Thomas and Ann (Tighe) Hannon. Thomas Hannon, a native of County Sligo, Ireland, and a graduate of Dublin University, came to America at the age of twenty-three, and after a brief residence at Pittsburgh moved to Youngstown, where for several years he was employed as a boss puddler. In later years he was elected county appraiser, and performed all the duties of his office with credit to himself. He is now living retired. He and his wife had eight children, seven sons and one daughter, named John, William, Mary Genevieve, Eugene, Thomas, Edward, Matthew and Paul. The family are all devout members of St. Edward's Catholic Church.

Matthew A. Hannon attended the common and parochial schools of Youngstown and was a special student of civil engineering under Clyde Miller, chief engineer for the General Fireproofing Company. For six years he remained with the engineering department of that company, and was then sent as its representative to Akron, where he also became identified with the Akron Building Material Company as manufacturers' agent. After two years at Akron he returned to Youngstown to become associated with Mr. E. J. Deibel as a representative of the New York Life Insurance Company, and has made a splendid record in the insurance field. He is a republican voter, is a member of the Youngstown Country Club, the Youngstown Club, Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, and he and his wife are active in St. Edward's Catholic Church.

November 14, 1917, he married Miss Amelia Deibel, a daughter of E. J. Deibel and granddaughter of the late Christopher Deibel. Two children were born to their marriage, Ted, born August 24, 1918, and died November 21, 1919, and Martha Jane, born December 3, 1919. What the little boy meant in the life of the parents was well expressed by Mr. Hannon in the following verses he dedicated to "My Teddy Boy":

To every man comes sorrow,
To every man comes joy.
To me, my greatest sorrow
When I lost my Teddy boy.

One bright day in August,
When the sun was shining bright
God, who is so good to all of us,
Sent us our shining light.

Theo. C. Johns

When I looked into his crib
And first saw my baby boy
I bowed to God and thanked Him,
For him, my greatest joy.

He was a little angel
Loaned us from above,
Just to smile and make us happy,
And for everyone to love.

But God, who gives us everything
And also takes away,
Called our little darling
To Him, one saddened day.

Scarcely fifteen months had flown
Until He called him to His throne
To sing, praise and love Him,
Yes, to be His very own.

Oh! how we miss his baby chatter
And the rattle of his toys
And miss his heavenly laughter,
The chief among our joys.

As I sit and ponder,
And dream of my dear boy,
And how I dearly loved him
And how he was my joy;

I thank my Blessed Savior,
The Father of that boy,
For taking him to Heaven
Where he will know naught but joy.

And I want my God to hear me,
And well I know he can
How much that I appreciate
The loan of that baby man.

His passing—my greatest sorrow,
His coming—my greatest joy,
But God, oh God how I loved him
That angel, my own Teddy Boy.

ALLEN P. THOMPSON. It has been truly said that no corporation is bigger than the officials who administer its affairs, but this statement must be amplified so as to include the subordinates who bear, only in less degree, the burden of responsibility. Allen P. Thompson, chief clerk in the operating department of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, is an illustration in point and one well worthy of consideration. He has been connected with this corporation practically since its incorporation, and as assistant to the second vice president is rendering exceptionally valuable service.

Allen P. Thompson was born at Youngstown on March 17, 1879, a son of John and Elizabeth (Pinkerton) Thompson, both of whom were natives of Scotland, and came to the United States about the time of the termination of the war between the states in this country, and have resided in the Youngstown district practically ever since.

Growing up at Youngstown, Allen P. Thompson attended its excellent public schools and was well grounded in the essential fundamentals of education. For three or four years after leaving school he was employed by the Stambaugh-Thompson Company, and since then has been with the Republic Iron & Steel Company, rising through successive grades to his present very important position.

In 1910 Mr. Thompson was united in marriage with Miss Sarah E. Frease, and they have one daughter, Shirley Luella. Mr. Thompson is a member of the Masonic fraternity, and is also an Odd Fellow. For some years he has belonged to the Episcopal Church, and takes a deep interest in its work. Faithful to the work entrusted to him, Mr. Thompson has devoted himself to his company, and its interests lie close to his heart. However, although never desiring to enter the public arena himself, he has recognized the necessity for securing good men for office, and has supported those whom he has deemed would be likely to carry out the most constructive policies and bring about further development of the city he loves so dearly.

WILLIAM MILTON CARTER. One of the well-known and successful younger members of the Trumbull County bar is William M. Carter, of Warren, member of the law firm of Fillius & Fillius of that city.

William M. Carter was born in Ashtabula County, Ohio, on September 13, 1877, a son of the late Rev. Charles Carter. Rev. Charles Carter was born at Deerfield, Portage County, Ohio, in 1812, the son of James and Elizabeth Carter, New Englanders, who settled in Portage County in very early days. He was practically a self-educated man, and at the age of twenty-five years he entered the Brethren ministry and was active and prominent in its work for over sixty years, serving continuously for fifteen years as presiding elder. The Sunday before he died, in 1895, he delivered three sermons at as many churches, all some distance apart, he driving from one church to the other. During the last twenty years of his life he made his home in Greene Township, Trumbull County, Ohio. He married Harriet Alexander, who was born in 1839, in Pennsylvania, just across the Ohio line, and she survives her husband.

Growing up in his native county, William Milton Carter attended New Lyme Institute of that county, but before he was graduated he left school and for the subsequent twelve years was engaged in teaching school continuously in Ashtabula and Trumbull counties. While thus engaged he read law, and was graduated from the Columbian Law College of Washington, District of Columbia, in 1909, receiving his degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the bar in 1913, and in that year was appointed assistant prosecuting attorney of Trumbull County, and he served in that office for 3½ years. Upon leaving that office he formed an association with A. B. Clark, a Warren attorney, and practiced law with that gentleman for about two years, at which time he became associated with the law firm of Fillius & Fillius, one of the strongest legal organizations in Trumbull County, and of which he is now a member. Mr. Carter is a member of the Trumbull County Bar Association, the Warren Board of Trade, the Protective League Circle and is president of the Warren Board of Health. In his fraternal connections he maintains membership with the Odd Fellows and

Knights of Pythias. During the World war he was generous in his contributions of time and money, and made many speeches all over the city and county in behalf of the different campaigns for the Red Cross, War Chest and Liberty Loans.

Mr. Carter was married to Bessie Brinkerhoff, a daughter of Dr. E. E. Brinkerhoff, of Bristolville, Trumbull County, and they have two daughters, namely: Helen Maxine and Dorothy May.

Charles M. Pierce, general auditor of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, is a man of wide experience and thorough training, whose occupancy of his present position is the outgrowth of years of efficient work and natural ability. He was born in Spencer County, Indiana, on December 7, 1859, a son of Rev. Richard R. Pierce, a Methodist clergyman, noted orator and vocalist, who became an eminent evangelist. He was married to Mary Jane McKassin, and during his early years was engaged in school teaching. When his son Charles M. was about eight years old he went to St. Louis, Missouri, and from there to Little Rock, Arkansas, and filled numerous charges in those cities and elsewhere in Missouri, returning to St. Louis for a time. It was, however, while he was a resident of Pleasant Hill, Missouri, that he made a trip to Kansas City, Missouri, and was there accidentally killed by a street car.

Charles M. Pierce moved about with his parents, attending school in the various places to which his father's ministerial duties took him, and then completed his educational training at the School of Mines and Metallurgy, a branch of the State University at Rolla, Missouri. As a student he visited a number of mines in Missouri. Mr. Pierce then took up the study of law, and was admitted to the bar, but shortly thereafter his plans were changed by the death of his mother and the consequent breaking up of the old home, and he went to St. Louis and became a clerk in the employ of the Missouri Furnace Company, a pioneer of the iron concerns of the Southwest, then operating six blast furnaces. Mr. Pierce continued with this company for a number of years, leaving it to become assistant auditor of the M., K. & T. Railroad. When the Republic Iron & Steel Company was organized in 1899, Mr. Pierce became assistant general auditor for the corporation, and continued with the company when the general offices were moved to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and later came with them to Youngstown. In 1906 further recognition of his capabilities was given by his appointment to the position of general auditor, which he still holds.

On April 20, 1886, Mr. Pierce was united in marriage with Miss Margaret L. Turner, of St. Louis, Missouri, and they became the parents of six children, namely: Vivian I., Beulah V., Charles C., Stanley W., Harold M. and Dorothy M. Of them, Stanley W. and Harold M. were officers of the United States Army during the World war. Harold M. Pierce held the rank of a first lieutenant of infantry, but his activities were confined to this country. Stanley W. Pierce was a second lieutenant in the aviation branch of the service, and was stationed at Mount Clemens, Michigan.

Mr. Pierce is a member of the Masonic fraternity, in which he has attained the Royal Arch degree of the York Rite. In religion he is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, his connection with it coming through both inheritance and conviction. With reference to national matters Mr. Pierce is a republican, but locally oftentimes deems it expedient to give his support to the man and measures, rather than to be tied down by party lines. Mr. Pierce is one who has always been thoroughly prepared to take advantage of the opportune moment, and never being readily deceived by men or their motives, he has been able to surround himself with an admirable and effective organization, and to produce gratifying and satisfactory results for his company.

Foster M. Cardwell, assistant general auditor of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, is one of the capable men this corporation has had in its employ since its organization, and one of the public-spirited citizens of Youngstown. He was born at Albany, New York, on March 20, 1865, a son of George Adams and Laura (Lee) Cardwell, both of whom are now deceased. George A. Cardwell was in the mercantile business at Albany during the greater part of his life, and was always held in high esteem.

Foster M. Cardwell secured a thorough grounding in the essential fundamentals of an education in the public schools of Albany, supplementing this knowledge by a course at Bryant & Stratton's Business College of Chicago. His business career opened when he secured a clerical position in a Chicago mercantile establishment, from which he went with the Minnesota Iron Company, which later became the Oliver Iron Company, and he continued with the latter for five years. Since January 15, 1900, he has been with the Republic Iron & Steel Company in the clerical department, rising through the various grades to his present responsible position, which he is perfectly competent to fill.

On January 23, 1890, Mr. Cardwell was united in marriage with Miss Luan Beadles, a daughter of Dr. W. T. Beadles, who was a surgeon on the staff of General Grant during the war between the states. Mr. and Mrs. Cardwell are the parents of two children, namely: Foster M., Jr., who married Edna Messner, and has a daughter, Althea Mae; and Gertrude, who is the wife of George C. Tinsley, and the mother of two children, Charles William and George Foster.

Mr. Cardwell is a stanch republican, but his multitudinous duties have prevented his entering the public arena. The United Presbyterian Church of Youngstown has in him an active member. A man possessing the broader sense of responsibility, he is recognized by his superior officials as useful and competent, while his tact, courtesy, intelligence and sound judgment have earned for him a reputation for good citizenship in the community of which he is so useful a member.

Rev. Victor Franco. A man of broad culture, earnest convictions and deep consecration, Rev. Victor Franco, of Youngstown, pastor of Our Lady of

Rev. Victor Franco

Mount Carmel Church, is bound heart and soul to the good work in which he is engaged, and is not only a pleasant and effective speaker in the pulpit and out, but is a firm friend and wise counsellor to all who go to him for advice and consolation. A native of Italy, he was born February 5, 1881, in the City of Bella, south of Naples, in the Province of Potenza, in which his parents, Joachim and Rosa (Del Priore) Franco, still reside.

Joachim Franco, now a venerable man of four score years, was for a long time secretary, or clerk, of his municipality. In 1909 he was made city treasurer, being assisted in the discharge of his duties by his daughter, and he served in that capacity until 1917, when he retired from active pursuits. As a young man he served in the National Guard, which was organized as a protection against brigands. He was twice married. By his first marriage he had three sons, two of whom are living, one being a professor in the schools, and the other having succeeded his father as city clerk. The third son died while serving in the army. By his second marriage there are three daughters and one son, Victor, the special subject of this brief historical record.

Beginning his preparation for the priesthood as a lad of twelve years, Victor Franco studied for three years at Marsiconuovo, five years at Muro Lucano, one year at Salerno, and then returned to Muro Lucano. Two years later he was there ordained, and immediately stationed in Naples, where he remained two years, working and continuing his studies. Coming from there to Ohio in 1906, Father Franco located in Niles, and there organized the Italian congregation, of which he had charge for five years, the church being called Our Lady of Mount Carmel. In 1911 he came to Youngstown to assume charge of the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, which was then in a rather disorganized condition.

After spending two years studying the situation, and becoming acquainted with his people, Father Franco found that he could have the full co-operation of such men as Marco Antonelli, Louis Adovasio, and others of equal prominence and influence, and he began building the present church edifice, which was dedicated by the bishop on November 4, 1916. The basement of this beautiful structure is used for the Sunday school, and as a meeting place for Saint Aloysius, a boys' organization; for the Society of Sacred Heart, the men's organization; and for the ladies' society, Mothers of the Crucifix. Father Franco has had but two weeks' vacation since he came to Youngstown, his entire time having been devoted to the work of his parish, his labor being in truth one of love. Although when he came to Ohio he could not speak a word of English, he can now speak it correctly and fluently, using it with the same ease that he does his native tongue.

Herbert E. White was for seventeen years chief engineer for the General Fireproofing Company at Youngstown. As an inventor and manufacturer he has contributed some of the most important and basic materials and principles now embraced in the various systems of fireproof construction.

Mr. White, who resigned his office as chief engineer of the General Fireproofing Company in the fall of 1919, was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 22, 1873. He is the youngest of the six children of Alexander M. and Marie L. (Parker) White. His father was a contractor in business, and was also a gallant soldier and officer in the Civil war. He responded to the first call of President Lincoln at the beginning of the war, and served with the rank of colonel.

Herbert E. White grew up in his native city, attended public schools there, and in 1892 completed the mechanical engineering course of the University of Pennsylvania. At that time he was nineteen years of age, and was the youngest graduate up to that year from the university. His active career since leaving college has therefore covered more than a quarter of a century. Soon after he left the university he and a brother traveled all over South America securing patent rights for the Welsbach lighting interests. An incident of his stay in South America was learning the Spanish language. In 1894 he and his brothers secured the exclusive rights at Brooklyn, New York, for the Welsbach interests, and he continued in the lighting business until 1900.

In the meantime, in 1896, he had become identified with the metal lath industry, an important feature of fireproofing. The raw material for the metal lath was acquired in sheets from the Falcon Iron and Nail Company at Niles, Ohio. The business for some years was conducted under the name International Metal Lath Company. Mr. White soon invented a new lath superior to all then on the market. This lath has since been extensively used, and builders everywhere know it under the name herringbone lath. Experts declare that its manufacture on a commercial scale was not possible, but Mr. White and associates designed machinery that overcame all difficulties, and the industry was established on a sound and prosperous basis.

In 1902 the General Fireproofing Company took over the plant and business of the International Metal Lath Company and Mr. White entered the larger corporation in February of that year as chief engineer. Since then Mr. White has taken out about fifty patents covering many features of fireproof construction. He is the inventor and patentee of the "self-centering" principle, widely used in concrete construction.

Mr. White is a member of the Youngstown Engineering Society. In 1895 he married Grace V. Morris, of Philadelphia. They have three children: Herbert M., Clarence H. and Florence M. Both sons volunteered during the World war. Herbert enlisted in May, 1917, and was driver of an ammunition truck during five of the great campaigns in France. The son Clarence enlisted in June, 1918, in the Naval Reserves, but the armistice was signed before he was sent overseas.

William B. Hall, president of the Realty Trust Company and the Realty Guarantee & Trust Company of Youngstown, was born April 21, 1867. He grew up and acquired his education in the public schools of Youngstown. For about ten years he was a clerk with the Youngstown Rolling Mill Company, and afterward a clerk in the office of Probate Judge

George E. Rose. In 1903 he helped organize the Realty Trust Company, becoming its secretary and treasurer, and has since been elected president and also president of its subsidiary, the Realty Guarantee & Trust Company.

In 1898 he married Carrie H. McKinnie, daughter of George McKinnie. They have two children, Elizabeth and Helen.

ALBERT C. DALLESKE. The opportunities offered by the diversified interests of Youngstown have resulted in the retention here of some of the city's most talented native sons, who prefer to develop themselves among their home environment to seeking a field elsewhere. One of these alert young men who have met with deserved success is Albert C. Dalleske of A. C. Dalleske & Company, architects and builders, with offices at Nos. 814-815 Home Savings & Loan Building.

Mr. Dalleske was born at Youngstown in 1891, a son of F. J. and Louisa D. Dalleske, the former of whom is a blacksmith at No. 126 South Garland Avenue. After attending the Shehy public school and the Martin Luther parochial school, Albert C. Dalleske, when only fourteen years of age, began working in the Wilkins-Leonard hardware store for $12.00 a month, but kept up his studies by attending night school at the Young Men's Christian Association and the Hall Business College. He was a very ambitious youth, and having decided to become an architect, specialized on those studies which would bring about his training for that calling. By 1912 he was able to take a position as architect with O. E. Hawk, and in 1918 established his present business. Since 1912 he has designed hundreds of residences and other buildings, his annual output averaging something like 200, and his work is noted for its artistic merit as well as practicality.

In May, 1914, Mr. Dalleske was united in marriage with Mabel L. Howson, a granddaughter of the pioneer, Mr. Shehy, one of the founders of Youngstown. Mr. Dalleske and his wife belong to Grace Methodist Episcopal Church of Youngstown and are active in its good work. He is a member of Youngstown Lodge No. 615 Free and Accepted Masons. For some time he has been a forceful factor of the Builders' Exchange, the Real Estate Board and other civic organizations, and maintains membership in the Kiwanis Club. Having spent his entire life at Youngstown, Mr. Dalleske is naturally interested in its progress, and is doing his part to see that in its new construction work it is getting the best and most modern ideas. His training his been a practical one, and he realizes the need of the people for comfort and efficiency in their homes, and sees to it that these are embodied in all of his designs. His progress has been a remarkable one and his success could not have been attained in so short a period, no matter what his training, if he had not possessed in marked degree considerable natural talent for this work and artistic perceptions of a high order.

HARVEY O. BROWN. The prestige of New Springfield as a business and trading center of Mahoning County is due to the enterprise of Harvey O. Brown, who conducts the only store in the village. That store is capable of satisfying the needs of all the residents, carrying a large and varied stock of groceries, dry goods, hardware and farm implements, and it is also the local postoffice, Mr. Brown being postmaster.

Mr. Brown was born in Springfield Township, Mahoning County, July 28, 1871, a son of Jeremiah and Sophia (Miller) Brown. His early life was spent on a farm, and he supplemented his training in the district schools with a course at Canfield and later attended a business college in Pittsburgh. For several years he was a successful teacher. After leaving business college he worked for a year in a pottery establishment in West Virginia, and then resumed teaching in his home township.

Mr. Brown began business as a merchant at New Springfield in 1896. The first year his stock was valued at not more than $2,000. He knew how to cultivate and stimulate trade, and has kept his business growing and prospering. In 1905 he erected a substantial building, two floors and basement, 55 by 60 feet, all used for stock and salesrooms. His stock has doubled in the last ten years, and the year 1918 saw the largest increase in his business, from 12 to 15 per cent over the previous year. His volume of business that year aggregated $40,000. It now requires about $20,000 of capital to keep the stock required by his trade.

Mr. Brown has been local postmaster since 1909, and is also president of the local school board and justice of the peace.

Mr. Brown was reared on a farm and for the past six years has been operating a fine place of 167 acres on the edge of the village. His son, now attending the State Agricultural College, has the active management of the farm.

Mr. Brown is a democrat in politics and is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias at North Lima. For a number of years he has been an interested student of local archaeology, and has made a valuable collection of Indian relics.

August 25, 1898, he married Jennie Rinkenberger, who was born on a farm half a mile from New Springfield, a daughter of William Rinkenberger. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Brown are: Harvey Guy, who is taking the three years' agricultural course at the State College; Helen and Pauline, students in the North Lima High School; and Elbert and Burton, twins, attending the local schools at New Springfield.

JACOB H. GOOD. One of the old established families of Mahoning County is that one bearing the name of Good, and its representatives have, many of them, been connected with the agricultural development of this region. One of them, Jacob H. Good, owns a farm on the Boardman-Poland Road, two miles east of Boardman Center and one mile west of Poland, and is contemplating the division of this property into a number of small tracts for agricultural purposes.

Jacob H. Good was born at Morgantown, Beaver Township, Mahoning County, on October 20, 1854, a son of Peter and Louisa (Coplenz) Good, whose parents were pioneers from Maryland to Mahoning County. Peter Good was born in Beaver Township,

A. C. Dallenbach

near North Lima, and became a farmer. With the outbreak of the war between the states he enlisted in the Union army and gave up his life for his country. His wife and their two children had remained on the farm he owned in Beaver Township, but after his death the farm was sold and his family went to New Middletown, Ohio, where the widow bought a small house and lived there with her children, Jacob H. and Susannah. The latter married Tobias Beard, of the Village of Columbiana, Ohio. Mrs. Good died at the age of seventy-two years, having been the mother of eight children, of whom but the two mentioned above survived, the other six having been swept away within a few weeks of each other during an epidemic of diphtheria.

Jacob H. Good worked for farmers and in a sawmill, the owner of the latter, E. B. Schiller, becoming so impressed with his reliability that he placed him in charge of it and Mr. Good remained with him for seven years as an employe. In the meanwhile Mr. Good was married and concluded to leave the mill and become a carpenter, thinking he could earn more money to meet his increased expenses. However, Mr. Schiller was not willing to lose him, and so agreed to sell him a third interest in the mill. This mill was a portable one and the owners used to take it into the woods and set it up wherever they were operating. When their contracts brought them to Boardman Township Mr. Good put up a rough house and took the men to board. In four years' time he was a half owner in two mills, and then made arrangements so that he owned the portable mill. He then bought some timberland and continued to run this mill for years, making considerable money. It was his plan to buy standing timber and cut and manufacture it into lumber. As the years went on he opened a lumber yard at Struthers, and this branch of his business developed to such an extent that in 1901 he sold his mill and devoted himself to conducting his lumber yard, adding all kinds of builders' materials to his stock. When he began his stock carried averaged $3,000, but the business grew until he carried from $20,000 to $25,000 worth of stock. When a number of business concerns went down in 1907 Mr. Good found that his credit continued excellent and he weathered the storm without any serious difficulty. In 1917 he disposed of his lumber business so as to give all of his attention to his farm, which he had bought in 1901 and conducted with hired help until he went on the farm himself. Aside from serving as school director and road supervisor he has kept out of public life.

When he was twenty-six years old Mr. Good was married to Eliza A. Kurtz, of Springfield Township, who lived in the same neighborhood as he. Mr. and Mrs. Good became the parents of four children, namely: Victor, who was in his father's lumber yard, is now engaged in a real estate business at Struthers with A. M. Lyon; George, who is engaged in a contracting and building business at Struthers; Hattie, who is Mrs. Judson Beight, lives at Youngstown, where her husband is conducting a grocery; and Levi Paul, who married Pauline Gould, lives at home. The two elder boys prefer life in the city, while Levi Paul is interested in an agricultural life, conducting a threshing and ensilage outfit in addition to his farming. He operates his threshing and ensilage machines with a tractor and also uses it in other farm operations. These operations are carried on according to modern ideas, for he took a course at the State Agricultural College and is carefully trained in his calling.

Arthur M. Lyon. The official postal guide for several years past has carried the name "Amlyon," designating a branch of the Struthers postoffice. Amlyon is the home of Arthur M. Lyon, and is in the center of one of the communities that illustrate to the best advantage the remarkable growth of housing facilities and modern municipal improvements in the Mahoning Valley. The postoffice is well named and is a significant tribute to the enterprise and public spirit of the man who has been chiefly responsible for the platting of the ground, its division into streets, improvement work and development, and the building of homes which now furnish modern shelter and conveniences for fully 3,500 people.

Mr. Lyon was born at New Waterford in Columbiana County, Ohio, November 23, 1875, son of Marcena and Hannah J. (Lewis) Lyon. His father was a building contractor of Columbiana County, where he died in 1894.

Arthur M. Lyon acquired a common school education, and for four years served an apprenticeship as a drug clerk at $8.00 a month, boarding himself. For one year he worked with the Averbeck Drug Company of Youngstown, and leaving there entered the Scio College of Pharmacy, where he spent two years and acquired the degree Ph. G. While in college he paid all his own expenses, working in the kitchen, waiting on table, sweeping out dormitories. For two years after leaving college he was manager of the Johnson Crystal Pharmacy at Butler, Pennsylvania, and in 1899 identified himself with the little town of Struthers. Mr. Lyon had only a nominal capital, the knowledge of a profession, and an ambition to do well when he came to this town.

On April 12, 1899, at East Fairfield, Ohio, he married Grace Moore. On the 19th of October of that year he established a drug store at Struthers. There was one other store in the town conducted by a Mr. Parker. Mr. Lyon's first place of business was on Bridge Street. A destructive fire destroyed his first store, and on November 21, 1901, he completed a substantial brick block, and there continued in business until he had been the leading local drug merchant for ten years.

In the meantime, on November 19, 1900, Mr. Lyon was appointed postmaster, and kept the postoffice in his store. In February, 1909, he sold out his drug business to John Longnecker, and about that time his commission as postmaster also expired. Since then he has given all his time and energies and capital to real estate development.

His first achievement in this line was by the purchase of the E. B. Little farm, which he platted as the Arthur M. Lyon Addition. Since then other vacant tracts have come under his ownership and control, including the James A. Brownlee farm, the Marion Struthers farm, the lands of the Struthers-Youngstown Land Company, the Helen Thomas tract, and the William McCombs tract. He acquired

the Edward Little farm, and after platting it sold it to the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. From the Brownlee farm he platted Brownlee Heights, and the Grace Lyon plat was formerly the Thomas and Marion Struthers farms. During the past ten years Mr. Lyon has built about a thousand homes, every one of them modern and comfortable, containing six or seven rooms. These he has sold on the easy payment plan, and this home building program has proved one of the chief means of supplying comfortable housing facilities and a means of satisfying the modern injunction "own your home." Mr. Lyon has developed every branch of his business, owning his lumber yard and planing mill, and keeps from fifty to sixty people employed. About half of the ground he has platted has been sold.

The Amlyon branch postoffice was established in December, 1918, at the corner of Elm and Fifth streets, a mile from the main Struthers postoffice. The postoffice is in a new business center, and the postmaster is George Schoenfelder. This community of Amlyon is practically enclosed by the City of Youngstown, by the plant of the Sheet and Tube Company, and the Village of Struthers. Mr. Lyon has not neglected to provide the community with educational and other facilities. The Poland Township Board has recently completed a large brick schoolhouse of eight rooms, and there are two other school buildings in the community, with a corps of eleven teachers. Amlyon also has a Congregational Church, with Reverend Mr. Pohl as resident pastor. There is a sewerage system, the streets are macadamized, many miles of cement sidewalk have been constructed, and in a few brief years nothing will be lacking to make this a modern and complete civic community.

Mr. Lyon has his own residence at the center of Amlyon. He also has a winter home in Alabama. Mr. Lyon is an active republican, a district committeeman of his party, a member of the Presbyterian Church at Struthers, and is affiliated with the Masons, Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias. He and his wife have two children: A. Marcena, Jr., and Mabel W. His son is a student in Culver Military Academy in Indiana.

Charles Sederland. Many of the more thrifty and successful business men of the Mahoning Valley are of foreign birth and breeding, and have brought to this country those habits of industry and economy that have won them success in various lines of endeavor, prominent among the number being Charles Sederland, a well known and prosperous merchant of Youngstown. He was born August 4, 1853, in Sweden, and was brought up and educated in his native land. Securing passage for himself, alone, on a sailing vessel in 1871, he crossed the ocean, landing at Castle Garden with but one cent to his name.

His fellow-passengers kindly assisted him financially to a limited extent. Making his way to Jamestown, New York, he worked in the timber camps for awhile, and then went to the Irishtown coal fields near Butler, Pennsylvania, where he secured work. Coming to the Youngstown District in 1874, Mr. Sederland dug coal at Fosterville and in nearly all the mines in the vicinity of Youngstown, always keeping busily employed. Going to Colorado in 1880, he was engaged in mining for two years, and then, in 1882, returned to Youngstown, which was then in its infancy, Mr. Sederland having witnessed its growth from a mining camp to a large manufacturing and commercial center, in the meantime having contributed his full share in the development and advancement of its prosperity.

Embarking in mercantile pursuits in 1890, Mr. Sederland was the first to establish a store of general merchandise on Poland Avenue, his first store having been located at 1607. Erecting his present building in 1894, at 1603, on the same avenue, he has built up a substantial business, his trade being extensive and remunerative.

Mr. Sederland has been twice married. He married first, in Youngstown, April 3, 1882, Augusta Johnson, who died October 1, 1893, leaving five children: Clara, at home; Ellen, wife of William Collins, of Youngstown; Oscar in business with his father; Edna, wife of Frank Schrader, of this city; and Rhoda, living at home. Mr. Sederland married for his second wife, April 29, 1901, Christina Erickson, and they are the parents of four children: Florence Anetta, Charles Marvin, Abbie Lenora and Nina Christina. Politically Mr. Sederland is a stanch republican, and was one of those loyal citizens that voted to have the county seat moved from Canfield to Youngstown. Fraternally he is a member of the Foresters of America. Religiously he is an active member of Grace Lutheran Church, while Mrs. Sederland belongs to the Swedish Lutheran Church on Ridge Avenue.

Seth Lucian Bailey. On July 22, 1919, Mahoning County recorded the death of one of its oldest and most honored residents, Seth Lucian Bailey, who died at the age of eighty-six and who had spent practically all his life in Coitsville Township.

He was born in Coitsville, January 19, 1833, son of David and Elizabeth (Early) Bailey and grandson of David Bailey. David Bailey settled in Ohio as early as 1800, and as a pioneer acquired several hundred acres of land lying both in Mahoning and Trumbull counties. He died on his farm near Hubbard at the age of forty. David Bailey, Jr., was born in Connecticut about 1792 and was therefore eight years of age when his parents came to Ohio. His wife, Elizabeth, was a daughter of Thomas Early, and they had ten children, seven of whom reached mature years. The son James K. Bailey died in September, 1918, at Garnett, Kansas, and had formerly been county recorder of Mahoning County. His son Thomas now lives at New Castle, Pennsylvania, and is road foreman of engineers and firemen on the Mahoning Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Rivias Bailey, who died only a few months before his brother James, was founder of the Town of Bailey in Pulaski County, Missouri. Thomas Bailey lived in Illinois and at one time was warden of the state penitentiary at Chester. Caleb was a prominent stockman, banker and citizen of Trumbull County, and his sons Oscar and James now live in Chicago. Miranda was the wife of Hudson Bentley, and died at her home near Hubbard at the age of ninety.

Seth L. Bailey grew up on the farm of his father,

Chas. J. Sederland

attended district schools and spent one term in a high school in Lawrence, Pennsylvania. His business reputation was largely based upon his success as a livestock breeder and dealer, and for many years he was also a wool buyer. At the age of twenty-three he went to Illinois, and spent part of his time on a farm and was also deputy county clerk of Piatt County. After his marriage in 1860 he moved to Sandy Lake in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, where he owned several farms and operated in the oil district as a wool dealer. In 1870 he bought his farm of ninety-three acres in section 19 of Coitsville Township, and thereafter during the rest of his active life specialized in the raising of fine stock. He introduced one of the pioneer herds of White Faced or Hereford cattle to Ohio. He was a familiar figure in the livestock markets of New York and Chicago. For many years he was affiliated with the Hopewell Presbyterian Church at New Bedford.

March 8, 1860, Seth L. Bailey married Marilla Stewart, daughter of William Stewart. She received her education at Westminster College of New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, and was a teacher before her marriage. She is still living, and possesses unimpaired her splendid intellectual qualities and has long been known by her friends as a woman of unusual culture and attainments. Seth L. Bailey and wife had five children, and the four to reach mature years are Blanche, Inez, William Orrin and Clyde Lester. Blanche is a graduate of the Rayen High School of Youngstown, was a teacher for several years in Coitsville and Hubbard townships, and afterward married David Black and now lives at New Bedford, Pennsylvania. Inez, the second daughter, is the wife of William G. Cowden and lives in Coitsville Township.

William O. Bailey was educated at Grove City, Pennsylvania, and Valparaiso College, Indiana, taught school at Haselton, Ohio, was in business at Beatrice, Nebraska, for a time, and is now a resident of New Bedford, Pennsylvania. He married Anna Moore, of Lawrence County, Pennsylvania.

Clyde Lester Bailey, the youngest child, was also educated at Grove City, Pennsylvania, was a school teacher in early life and later became a commercial traveler, and for many years his interests have been centered at the Union Stockyards in Chicago. He is now an adjuster for Armour Company, but for the past sixteen years has lived at the old Bailey home and has kept the farm under his individual management. He is a successful breeder of Polled Angus cattle and in former years of Belgian and Percheron horses. Much of his livestock has been exhibited at fairs and other shows.

Clyde Lester Bailey married Brittomarte Roatch, who is widely known in Mahoning County as a woman of great charm and is presiding with the finest dignity over the model home in Coitsville Township. The Bailey home was remodeled and thoroughly modernized about ten years ago, but still incorporates the original house, which was built more than 100 years ago.

Mrs. Bailey is a daughter of Col. David E. and Alice D. (Sala) Roatch. The Sala family traces its remote ancestry to the German nobility, and members of the family came to the United States to escape political persecution. Several men of the name have been distinguished in this country. One of Mrs. Bailey's relatives on her mother's side is Judge Frank N. Sala of Toledo.

Her father, Col. David E. Roatch, who died in 1897, was a distinguished officer of the Union army during the Civil war and one of the most prominent citizens claimed by Carroll County, Ohio. He was born in Carroll County in 1838 and joined a three months' regiment at the beginning of the Civil war, participating in the West Virginia campaign. He immediately re-enlisted and in September, 1861, was commissioned second lieutenant of the First Ohio Infantry. He was in the Shiloh campaign and the siege of Corinth, and resigned in May, 1862, and re-enlisted in the Ninety-Eighth Ohio Infantry. He was in the Chickamauga, the Atlanta, and other great campaigns. He was made second lieutenant in January, 1863, promoted to first lieutenant the same year, to captain in March, 1863, to major in 1864, and to lieutenant-colonel in May, 1865. He rejoined his command after a furlough and was in civilian clothes during the battle of Chickamauga, when he found his regiment dispersed and retreating, and after making himself known by his personal example rallied and revived his men and led them through two days and nights of ceaseless fighting. He was then put on the staff of General Mitchell, but was in command of his regiment at the close of the war. In 1867 he located at Malvern in Carroll County, and in 1878 was elected sheriff and also performed the duties of that office during the term of his successor, who was prevented from performing the duty by ill health. Along in the eighties Colonel Roatch bought a tract of clay land in Carroll County, manufacturing brick and sewer pipe, and thus established what is now the leading industry of that section of Ohio. He was a life-long friend of President McKinley, and for many years exercised an undisputed leadership in the republican bodies. Besides his daughter, Mrs. Bailey, his daughter Vinta is Mrs. John Kratz, also a resident of Youngstown.

John Atkinson, who is living in retirement at Thorn Hill, Coitsville Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, where the family is esteemed and has for long been associated, has lived an industrious life, entering extensively into truck and general farming on the Atkinson property of ninety-four acres.

He was born in Sunderland, England, on November 11, 1846, the son of George and Ann (Solomon) Atkinson. He was only seven years old when he came with his parents to America, the family taking up residence at first at New Castle, Pennsylvania, where for some years George Atkinson was employed as a bookkeeper in the bank of the Hitchcock Company of that place. He eventually became manager of that bank, and later came to Thorn Hill in the same capacity and for the same banking house. George Atkinson lived the remainder of his life in Thorn Hill, death coming to him when he was sixty-eight years old. His widow, however, attained octogenarian age, her death not occurring until she was in her eighty-fifth year. They were the parents of the following children: John, the subject of this sketch; Mary, who married Charles Wardle, and their daugh-

ter became the wife of John Rush, of a well-known Thorn Hill pioneer family; Hodgson, who married Lucy Rush, and now lives at Bedford, Pennsylvania; Dorothy, who married Andrew Stevens, of Thorn Hill; Hannah, now Mrs. Curl, of Thorn Hill; George, who married Martha Rush, and like his brother is a farmer at Bedford, Pennsylvania; and Ruth, who married William Dunlap, of Perkins Corner.

John Atkinson remained in Ohio, and for the greater part of his life farmed a substantial acreage in Mahoning County. He specialized in truck farming, and although laborious that branch of farming brought him into the possession of more than a competence. He is esteemed as a citizen of the most reliable type, a public-spirited resident, and a good churchman. He married Ruth Rush, daughter of Isaac and Lucinda (Eckman) Rush and a descendant of John Rush, who was the first settler on Flint Hill, Youngstown, only one log house, that of a surveyor for the New England owners of the Western Reserve, being on Flint Hill when John Rush and his wife, Amy Laycock, settled in the territory, in, or before, 1782. Further data regarding the Rush family has been specially written for this edition of Youngstown and Mahoning Valley history, and will be found elsewhere in this volume.

John and Ruth (Rush) Atkinson had four children, but an act of God suddenly ended the lives of two of their sons, lightning striking both. The four children, in order of birth, were: Anna, who married Thomas Roberts, whose business is in Youngstown, but who resides with his wife at Thorn Hill; George, a responsible and energetic farmer at Thorn Hill, married Hannah Davies; Isaac, one of the two sons killed by lightning, was born on August 16, 1881, and died on June 24, 1916; Ivan, who was killed at the same time, was born on July 28, 1891. Isaac and Ivan during a storm had sought shelter in a small building on the home farm. The building was struck by lightning, and the charred bodies of Isaac and Ivan were eventually recovered from the ruins of the building. Ivan had only about two months earlier married Margaret Strange, and had made a cosy home, in which his widow still lives with their posthumous son, Ivan. It was a tragic misfortune to come to Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson in their declining years, and the esteem in which they and their sons were held was amply manifested at the obsequies of the decedents, who both were good men of clean, upright life and industrious habits.

Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson have for many years been members of the St. John's Episcopal Church, and in earlier years they took active part in church and social affairs. He, however, is characteristically a man who loves his own home circle, which by his industry he has been able to make so comfortable.

George L. Hopkins, of 1411 Shehy Street, Youngstown, has been a resident of this city for twenty years, and as member of the firm Hopkins Brothers, contractors, has done a business whose extent and value can be illustrated by a number of interesting and conspicuous landmarks in the city and surrounding territory.

Mr. Hopkins was born at Pottsville, Pennsylvania, May 17, 1869, son of George and Mary (Lloyd) Hopkins. Both parents were natives of Wales. George Hopkins was thirteen years of age when his people came to this country, and as a youth he acquired a mechanical trade and eventually became a builder. He was a veteran of the Civil war, serving in the engineering department of the Union Army, but after a second enlistment was a private in the infantry. George Hopkins, who died at the age of sixty years, was a republican, a member of the Baptist Church, and was affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. His first wife, Mary Lloyd, died when a comparatively young woman. She had been brought from Wales at the age of three years. Her eight children include the members of the firm Hopkins Brothers, George L. and Arthur R., and the only other survivor is Mary, wife of David B. Williams of Youngstown. George Hopkins married for his second wife Rachel Davis, who became the mother of two children, Jacob D. and Esther, who with their mother live in Philadelphia.

George L. Hopkins acquired his education in home schools, and under the skilled eye and with the encouragement of his father acquired a substantial knowledge of the building trades. Later he and his brother gave much of their time for three years to the various technical studies pertaining to all classes of building construction with the International Correspondence School of Scranton. Mr. Hopkins has kept his studious mind working harmoniously with the results of experience and owes much of his success to this habit. He and his brother Arthur were employed as journeymen in Philadelphia and for three years after they came to Youngstown in 1898. They then began taking contracts on their own account, and their business has enjoyed constant growth and their services have been in demand for the highest class of building construction. In recent years they have built a number of structures on real estate of their own.

Some of the more notable buildings testifying to their work in past years are the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church on Himrod Avenue, the Baptist Church on Wilson Avenue, the Swedish Lutheran Church on Market Street, the Hartenstein Building on West Federal Street, the Page Building at Phelps and Commerce, the Frank Tucker residence, the C. H. Tod residence, school buildings at Coitsville, McKinley Heights and elsewhere, and very recently the modern home of Alfred Reinman of the Central Bank.

Mr. George L. Hopkins takes a prominent part in the affairs of the Builders Exchange at Youngstown, and is also president of the Building Trades Employers Association. He is a member of Western Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Youngstown, Ohio, and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a deacon of the Himrod Avenue Baptist Church, of which his wife is also an active member.

In Philadelphia he married Sarah Ellis, whose father, Benjamin Ellis, was a coal miner. They have an interesting family of five children. Ben E., the oldest, who is associated with his father in business, attended the Officers' Training Camp at Camp Grant and was due to have received a commission in two weeks when the armistice was signed. He married Miss Ruth Thomas, of Youngstown, and they have a

Geo L Hopkins

son, George W. The daughter, Mary L., who was connected with the Home Community Service of Youngstown, is the wife of Edward Jones. Arthur, who married Miss Margaret Brush, is one of his father's lieutenants in business. Blodwin, employed in the office of the Young Men's Christian Association at Youngstown, is the wife of Kenneth Maltbie, who spent fifteen months with the American Expeditionary Forces in France with the Engineer Corps, and is now a student of dentistry at Western Reserve University. The youngest of the family is Elizabeth, a graduate of the Rayen High School and now a student at Denison University.

JOHN RUSH, of Thorn Hill, Coitsville Township, near Youngstown, Ohio, is the head of the present generation of the family of that patronymic which has such distinctive place among the pioneer families of the Youngstown district of Ohio. When John and Amy (Laycock) Rush came into the territory and settled on the southern side of Flint Hill, where Williamson Avenue now is, there was only one log house in Youngstown, that of the agent of the land company of New England which owned 3,300,000 acres of Ohio land, later known as the Western Reserve; and that man was only in the territory for surveying purposes, and therefore could hardly be considered a permanent settler, but as an emissary sojourning in the territory temporarily for a business purpose; whereas, John Rush and his wife came as legitimate and bona fide settlers.

John Rush, of Thorn Hill, great-grandson of John and Amy (Laycock) Rush, was born about two miles to the northward of Youngstown Court House on May 31, 1861, the son of Isaac and Lucinda (Eckman) Rush. The Rush family was originally of French extraction, but was early in the colony of Virginia, where John Rush, the pioneer Youngstown ancestor, was born in 1757. He married Amy Laycock, who was born in 1763 in Washington County, Pennsylvania. They were married in, or prior to, 1782, and all of their nine children were born at Flint Hill, Youngstown Township, Ohio, between 1782 and 1806. The Rush property included the greater part of the south side and extended to the river. Of their nine children only two remained in the county, John and Abner. The latter died in Youngstown, and has one son, Abner, at Girard. Abner kept a tavern on the road between Warren and Youngstown. He died in Girard.

John Rush, son of John and Amy (Laycock) Rush, was born on Flint Hill, near Youngstown, May 22, 1794. He inherited the old Rush home on Flint Hill, married Elizabeth Babbitt, and had three children. His death came in middle life, as the result of an accident; a broken leg sustained when his team of oxen ran away brought complications which eventuated in his death. He left a widow and three children. The latter were: Ruth, who married Brown Carlton, and died in Girard, Trumbull County, Ohio, at the age of seventy-four years; Isaac, of whom more is written below; Susannah, who before she married was a teacher. She married Horner Baldwin, but died when she was only twenty-seven years old, leaving one son, William, who is one of the present owners of the Baldwin Mill.

Isaac Rush, son of John and Elizabeth (Babbitt) Rush, was born in Youngstown Township, on what is now the Baldwin Mill property, and within the boundaries of the city, the date of his birth being November 6, 1823. He was twenty-four years old when on April 17, 1847, he married Lucinda Eckman, who was born on April 4, 1826, and died June 21, 1917. Isaac Rush's death came four years earlier, on January 8, 1913. Lucinda Eckman was of a colonial family, of some prominence during the Revolutionary war, and early settlers in Trumbull County, Ohio. The Eckman homestead was of 300 acres, situated in Wetherfield Township, Trumbull County, and the first Eckman to take up the development of that tract had much trouble with the Indians. Later he did much trapping and hunting with them.

Isaac Rush for the greater part of his life was a farmer. About six years after he had married Lucinda Eckman he bought the Baldwin farm north of Youngstown. That property he tilled until about 1860, when he removed to a farm of about 160 acres a short distance from the present farm of his son John on Thorn Hill. He died there, although for some years prior to his death he had been living in retirement in the home of his son. Isaac Rush was an active man, and of enterprising spirit. He had much success in the breeding and training of horses; in fact the Rush family generally had a wide reputation as horsemen, as breeders, trainers and drivers. Abner Rush especially had a national reputation among horsemen. Isaac Rush also was a man of strong personality, and interested himself in many public movements. He was one of the foremost public workers in his township, and held many local offices. Politically he was a republican, and by religious conviction a Universalist. Isaac and Lucinda (Eckman) Rush were the parents of seven children: Mary, who was born in 1848, married William Tidswell, and died when fifty years old; Ruth, who was born in 1850, and married John Atkinson, whose brothers, Hodgson and George, also married into the Rush family, and a daughter of whose sister, Mary, eventually became the wife of John Rush of Thorn Hill; Lucy, who was born in 1853, married Hodgson Atkinson, brother of John, and later removed to near Bedford, Pennsylvania; Jessie, who was born in 1856, married Hugh Showalter, and died when thirty years old; Martha, who was born in 1858, married George Atkinson, brother of John and Hodgson, and they live near Bedford, Pennsylvania; John, who is the principal subject of this sketch; and Nora, who was born in 1867, married John McGuire, deputy sheriff. They live on part of the old Rush homestead.

John Rush, sixth child of Isaac and Lucinda (Eckman) Rush, was reared in the vicinity of Youngstown. His life has been lived almost wholly on Thorn Hill, Coitsville Township. He was twenty-two years old when he married Anna Wardle, daughter of Charles and Mary (Atkinson) Wardle, of Thorn Hill. Her father, Charles Wardle, was of English birth, and in early manhood, following the traditional characteristic of that hardy island people, became a sailor. Eventually he stayed in America and settled in the Youngstown district of Ohio, where for some time he worked as a miner. After his marriage John Rush applied himself energetically to truck gardening on a property of twenty-eight acres

he owned on Thorn Hill. And as the years passed he took increasing and a more important part in that which had been the hobby, pastime and business of other members of the Rush family—horse breeding and training. He had much success in the breeding of trotting horses, and seemed to inherit a love of these animals, nothing seeming to give him greater pleasure than to be driving a "high stepper." He was an authority on the breeding and training of horses, having given the science extensive study. And he had undertaken deep research in all matters pertaining to horses, pedigrees and the like. He has also at times been busily employed as an auctioneer in the district, and as a judge of horses had a wide reputation. Latterly his farm products have been his main occupation, and his produce finds a ready market in the stores of the neighboring city.

Politically Mr. Rush has been inactive. He has never concerned himself greatly with political matters, and has never sought office. But throughout his life he has interested himself in matters that pertain to his own township, and has supported many worthy local projects. He is a consistent Christian, a member of the Presbyterian Church of Youngstown. He and his wife are the parents of three children: Eunice, who married Archie Wilson, who is in business in Youngstown, but resides at Thorn Hill; John, who also lives at Thorn Hill, married Nana Hall, and is identified with the Youngstown Paint and Glass Company; and Ruth, who married George M. Spencer, a plumber of Sharon, Pennsylvania.

As will have been gathered by the reading of the foregoing, the Rush family has a unique place in the history of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley.

John Early Gray. Recognized as one of the intelligent, wide-awake and progressive men of Mahoning County, John Early Gray, of Coitsville Township, has hosts of friends and is representative of the best type of citizenship. He was born in Fowler Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, on January 27, 1839, a son of George and Jane (Early) Gray, and grandson of Amos Gray.

Amos Gray came from New Jersey to Ohio in 1804 and saw only three log cabins in what is now Youngstown. He moved to Seceders Corners in Liberty Township, five miles northeast of Youngstown in Trumbull County. Subsequently he bought sixty acres in Coitsville Township, one mile north of what is now Scienceville, which was covered with timber. On this land he built a log cabin and later a large hewed log house, and in the latter he died when fifty-six years of age. A stone mason by trade, he was able to make substantial improvements, and the stone chimney on his house was a marvel to his neighbors. Some of the cut stone is now in the cellar walls of the present residence of his grandson, John E. Gray. His wife bore the maiden name of Mary Hiles, and she was born in New Jersey of Holland ancestry, and his parents were also of Holland birth. The American founder was Adam Gray, and he settled in New Jersey, from which state the Grays scattered to all parts of the Union in subsequent years. Amos Gray served in the War of 1812, and because of his services he received a warrant for eighty acres of land. Their son George secured the original homestead, but later moved to the Early farm one mile distance, at what is now Science Hill, and included Scienceville within its boundaries. It is related that while in church one Sunday, a military officer instructed the able bodied men of the congregation to meet him the next morning at ten o'clock at Warren, and he took them to the southwestern shores of Lake Erie. Amos Gray was among the number. There the little command was surrounded by hostile Indians and British troops, and as their supplies were cut off, they nearly starved, but the officers managed to get word out by a scout and a rescuing party came to their relief. Had they not found that they were encamped on a field of beans, which they dug out from beneath the snow, they would have certainly perished before assistance could have reached them.

John Early Gray recalls many incidents of early times that are very interesting, among other matters being an instance when during the candidacy of James K. Polk for the presidency the democrats attended a rally in wagons decorated with pokeberries.

Thomas Early, the maternal grandfather of John Early Gray, owned 350 acres of land in one tract, about one mile south of Stop 18 on the Early Road, and Mrs. Gray purchased 156 acres of this farm, and after receiving it George Gray improved the land and made it into a valuable property. He was the eldest of his father's family, the others being as follows: David, who went to Wisconsin and died there; Jesse, who went to Michigan and settled on the Saint Joseph River; Stewart, who died at Brookfield, Trumbull County; Samuel, who went to Illinois and died there; Amos Sutton, who went to Iowa, where he died; Catherine, who married Samuel Crahl, of Trumbull County; Sophia, who married Oren Dunscomb, owner of the Salt Springs on the Salt Springs Road west of Girard, Ohio; Mary Ann, who married Rayen Kirk, removed to Iowa, and a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work; and Margaret, who married Isaac Sippey, lived in Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

George Gray was ruling elder in the Coitsville Presbyterian Church, of which his wife's father was a charter member, and Mr. Gray was much interested in church work. Mrs. Gray, who was his second wife, died in 1873. The first wife of George Gray bore the maiden name of Eliza Ziglor, and her sister was the wife of Seth Thompson, a partner of John Brown in a tannery at Meadville, Pennsylvania. By his first marriage George Gray had the following children: Aurilla, who married David Stewart and died leaving three children; and Mary, who married Calvin Shook, and after his death was married to James Predmore. The children of the second marriage of George Gray were as follows: John Early, who is the eldest; Lucinda, who married Jacob Wise and lived in Trumbull County, where she died; Minerva, who married Anthony Howell, of Youngstown, and later went to Colorado and Montana, but returned and died at Youngstown, and both she and Lucinda were school teachers prior to their marriage; Thomas, who married Hattie S. Donnelly, lived in Ohio, later in California and Cuba, and still later became a contractor at the Carnegie Works and died at Youngstown; George, who married Ella Woy, went to Colorado, Iowa, Kansas and Oklahoma on account of the poor health of his wife, returned to Iowa and

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there died, but she survives. Their one son became a leading educator of Iowa. He died in California.

John Early Gray attended the district schools, the Youngstown High School and studied for one term at Westminster College, Wilmington, Pennsylvania. When only eighteen years old he began teaching in the district schools of Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and also taught for three terms the school at Science Hill which he had formerly attended. The original school building was of logs, with a fireplace in one end, and everything very primitive. About 1857 Mr. Gray suggested calling the knoll on which the school was built Science Hill, and it met with popular favor, but when the Government established a postoffice the name Scienceville was accorded the little settlement. For four years Mr. Gray was a merchant at Waynesburg, Stark County, Ohio, and then came to his present farm. In addition to the four years he was engaged in merchandising in Stark County Mr. Gray lived there for two years previously, his attention being occupied with educational matters.

On June 12, 1868, John E. Gray was married to Cornelia A. Slusser, a daughter of William and Harriet (Borland) Slusser, who lived near Massillon, Stark County, Ohio. Mrs. Gray was their only child, and they spent their last years with her and her husband. They died forty days apart, in 1908. Mrs. Gray's grandmother, Clarinda Hodley, taught the first school taught by a white woman west of Tuscarawas River. The farm of Mr. Gray contains 101 acres, and he has been breeding thoroughbred stock for many years. He learned this business from his father, who was an excellent stockman, and he in turn has taught his son. They have exhibited very extensively in this and other counties, and their product is sought by breeders in different states, they having established many herds. Some of their heifers have had no difficulty in coming up to the standard tests. Mr. Gray has found that thoroughbred breeding is a very profitable business. He was often called upon to act as a director of county fairs and was correspondant for the Ohio Farmer and the Wool Grower. He owns stock in various financial and manufacturing concerns in the county; has erected several residences at Youngstown; and platted an addition to McGuffeys Heights, which has all been sold. The lots in this subdivision are all built upon and are occupied by a fine class of people. He has always been active as a voter and worker in the republican party, but has never sought public preferment. He is a charter member of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Scienceville, being just as sincere in his performance of his religious duties as he is in discharging the responsibilities of citizenship. Mr. Gray has but the one child, Eugene Slusser, who is in charge of the Federal Savings & Loan Bank at Hubbard, Ohio. He married Cynthia K. Duer, and they have no children. All of his life Mr. Gray has worked hard to maintain the solid agricultural foundation of his section, and has raised the standard of living for farmers in this part of the state.

Joseph W. Long is a veteran in the iron and steel industry of the Mahoning Valley, and since 1902 has been manager of the Mahoning Foundry Company, which he organized in that year. This is one of the rapidly growing industries of Youngstown, and its special output of heating apparatus and furnaces has a wide distribution and use.

Mr. Long was born at New Castle, Pennsylvania, October 16, 1861, son of Joseph B. and Nancy (Alexander) Long. His mother was a native of Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, and died at the age of forty-three. Joseph B. Long, who died in 1906, at the age of seventy-six, was a stone mason and contractor, and specialized in building stone work for various counties in Western Pennsylvania. From New Castle he removed to Greenville, which for many years was his business headquarters. He was noted for his sound patriotism, was a republican voter, and for many years an elder in the United Presbyterian Church.

Joseph W. Long acquired his early education in the schools of New Castle and Greenville, and at the age of sixteen commenced his career in the iron industry by serving an apprenticeship with the Pennsylvania Engineering Company at New Castle. From New Castle he came to Youngstown, and was first employed by the Brown-Bonnell plant and later worked as a moulder in the William Tod works. With other associates he organized the Mahoning Foundry Company in 1902. They had a modest capital and started with a very small plant, but such has been the enterprise behind it that the business has almost doubled in capacity every year from the day of organization. As manufacturers and installers of heating plants, they have sent their goods to many sections of the country, but have gradually been concentrating on local business. Their yearly distribution in Youngstown alone is something over 800 furnaces. The company has developed its own patents and improvements, and manufactures one of the best types of furnaces on the market today.

Mr. Long, like his father, is a United Presbyterian, and is an elder in the South United Presbyterian Church at Youngstown. Politically he votes as a republican. In 1884, at Greenville, he married Mary M. Seiple. They have two daughters, Florence and Clara, both graduates of the Rayen High School. Florence had a musical education, being a graduate of the Dana Musical Institute. She married a man prominent in the musical world, Charles Lowry, and both of them formerly taught music in the State Normal at Warrensburg, Missouri. Mr. Lowry is now in charge of the violin department of the Dana Musical Institute. The daughter Clara finished her education in the State Normal at Slippery Rock, Pennsylvania, taught school four years, and then after a business course became private secretary to Mr. Gallagher, manager of the Eastern Ohio Gas Company. She is now the wife of Thomas H. Summers, of Sharon, Pennsylvania, and they have a daughter, Mary Louise. Mr. Summers is an Agricultural College graduate, was formerly in Washington in the Department of Agriculture, and is now on the selling force of the Mahoning Foundry Company.

Andrew Kirk. While the City of Youngstown in its remarkable growth and extension has practically swallowed up the old Kirk homestead farm and obliterated its former agricultural character, the home itself still shelters several of the present generation, though even the house has had to be removed several rods from its former location to conform to the new

system of streets and thoroughfares now being constructed in that section.

The Kirks have been people of prominence in Mahoning County for over a century. The founder of the family here was Andrew Kirk, a native of New Jersey. He was a blacksmith by trade, and came early in the nineteenth century to what was then Trumbull County, locating in Coitsville Township of what is now Mahoning County. He married Elizabeth Baldwin, and they lived on a farm given them by her father. Andrew Kirk enlisted in the War of 1812 and served under Colonel Rayen. Out of admiration for his distinguished colonel he named one of his children Rayen Kirk, who was born in Youngstown Township and also became a blacksmith by trade, and exemplified all the physical characteristics of the typical blacksmith. He was an all around athlete, and in the early days he was frequently challenged for running and jumping contests, and it is said that he was able to hold his own with the best of them. He also held the office of constable, and at one time was called upon to arrest Big Jim, a powerful Indian. Jim resisted arrest and Kirk had to throw him five times, the Indian rising from the ground after each fall, and at the sixth throw Kirk struck him a stunning blow, after which Jim meekly submitted to the power of the law. After his marriage Rayen Kirk moved to Hubbard, and for many years conducted a blacksmith shop. His skillful work caused teamsters with their strings of six or eight-horse teams to come many miles to Hubbard to have their horses shod. About the time of the outbreak of the Civil war Rayen Kirk and all his family except his son Andrew and his daughter Jane moved out to Delaware County, Iowa, where he established his home on a farm and again conducted a blacksmith shop. He died there at the age of eighty-eight, and his widow, Mary A. (Gray) Kirk, died at the age of ninety. They were the parents of nine children, and the only one now living is Calvin, at Edgewood, Iowa. His daughter Mary (Kirk) McClelland spent her last years and died at Coitsville. The daughter Jane, who remained in Ohio when the rest of the family went West, became the wife of William Kimmel, and lived and died at Hubbard.

The third generation of the Kirk family in Mahoning County was represented by the late Andrew Kirk, who was born at Hubbard, October 27, 1830. He acquired a good education, taught district schools at Hubbard and at Brookfield, but in the main his life was industriously spent in farming. From 1856 until 1861 he lived on his farm in Brookfield, and in the latter year moved to the Kirk farm on the McGuffey Road near Youngstown. Here in the same year he erected a large house, and twenty-two years later remodeled it into a modern residence. The farm land around this home originally comprised fifty-three acres, but is now practically all platted and is destined to be absorbed in the City of Youngstown.

Andrew Kirk lived to witness some of the important phases of development which encroached upon his farm and his vocation as an agriculturist. He died July 11, 1914. He married in 1855 Letitia Mackey, daughter of James and Margaret (Early) Mackey, another old and well known family of the Mahoning Valley. Mr. and Mrs. Kirk besides the place on which they lived owned the farm at Emma and Bond streets, now called Kirkwood Terrace, comprising part of the old Mackey homestead. This land was sold after the death of Andrew Kirk, and is now all platted and a part of the City of Youngstown. Mrs. Andrew Kirk died June 30, 1912.

The family were active supporters of the Presbyterian Church and the daughters are of the same denomination. Andrew Kirk spent some of his early years as agent for sewing machines, and he also taught singing school, and was a master among the "old time fiddlers."

The present generation of the family comprises four children besides one grandchild. The only son of the late Andrew Kirk is Eugene, who has followed a career as a civil engineer and is a resident of Youngstown. He married Grace I. Houston, and their living child is Helen I. One daughter, Mary Letitia, died at the age of twenty-one. The three daughters are Carrie L., Natalie and Emma, the last two twins. They all live together at the old homestead. Carrie was a primary teacher for thirty-one years in the McGuffey Street School, but retired from her profession in 1919. The other two daughters have always lived at home and both have been interested in church and other causes in their community.

William Black McClure, who is living on the Early Road just outside of Youngstown, was formerly one of the active agriculturists of Mahoning County, and is still regarded as an expert on matters pertaining to farming, although he is now retired. He was born in County Donegal, Ireland, on April 1, 1837, a son of William and Mary (Black) McClure, of Scotch-Irish descent. In 1840 the family came to Youngstown, and among their neighbors were William and Caldwell Porter and Robert McClure, the latter being a nephew of William McClure, and having located in this city several years previously.

After looking about him for the best location, William McClure bought a farm in Jackson Township, seven miles west of Youngstown, and lived on it for six years, when he sold and bought a farm in Newton Township, twenty miles west of Youngstown in Trumbull County, and on it he died in 1879, at the age of eighty-seven years, his wife having died at the age of seventy-five years. Their family was as follows: John M., who died in Smith Township, near Alliance, Ohio, when about sixty-five years old, left a son, William, and a daughter, Mary, both of whom live on his old farm; Robert, who was a farmer, died at Freedom, Pennsylvania, when seventy-eight years of age, leaving no children, and his wife is also deceased; Moses, who continued to live near the old farm in Newton Township, Mahoning County, died in 1895, when sixty-three years old, and left four sons, Frank, an attorney of Newton Falls, Ohio, and Edward, Albert and Arthur, who are farmers; William B., whose name heads this review; George, who lives at Newton Falls, Ohio; Eliza, who died in her eighty-seventh year; Matilda, who died many years ago, unmarried; Mary Jane, who married Morgan Dean, lived at Portage, Ohio; and Lodema, who died unmarried on the old farm in Trumbull County, she and Matilda having lived there together.

Until he attained his majority William B. McClure lived at home, but at that time came to Youngstown

and secured employment from William S. Parmelee, and for five years worked for him on the old Judge Rayen farm that is now included in the city limits of Youngstown, receiving $14.00 per month for his services in addition to his board and lodgings. Being a frugal young man, Mr. McClure saved nearly all of his wages.

His agricultural labors were interrupted, however, by his enlistment in 1862 as a member of the Eighty-Fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, a three months' regiment, and in 1864 he re-enlisted in another three months' regiment, the One Hundred and Fifty-Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. During his first enlistment he saw service in Maryland, and in the second was in Virginia and took part in the battle of Petersburg.

After his honorable discharge Mr. McClure returned to Youngstown and was employed in the Brown-Bonnell Rolling Mill, now the Republic Iron & Steel Company. Mr. McClure was in the rolling department, and for that hard work only received $2.50 per day and boarded himself.

In 1865 William B. McClure was married to Amanda Fusselman, born at Hubbard, Ohio, on March 26, 1843, a daughter of David and Agnes (McKinney) Fusselman. David Fusselman came of German stock, and was originally a resident of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and his wife, born near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, came of Scotch parentage, and about 1840 the Fusselmans settled at Hubbard. Still later they bought a farm in Mahoning County that is now included in the City of Youngstown, their residence having stood on what is now Oak Hill Avenue on the south side. At that time John McKinney conducted a blacksmith shop on the present side of the courthouse. Mr. Fusselman did not long survive removal to Youngstown. Mrs. McClure began teaching school when nineteen years old, and continued in that calling until her marriage, one of her pupils having been Julia Ann Thomas. Her principal was Reuben McMillan.

At the time of his marriage William B. McClure bought a farm in Hubbard Township, three and one-half miles north of his present home, and lived there from 1871 until 1895, increasing his original farm of fifty-seven acres to 117 acres. He improved his property, erected a nice house and carried on general farming until 1895, when he moved to Youngstown, trading his farm for his city house and his present farm of sixty-seven acres, which was the George Gray farm on the Early road. All but twenty-eight acres of this farm has been platted and is named McClure, and it is likely he will turn his remaining acreage into another subdivision, as it is admirably adapted for that purpose. His own residence is thoroughly modern and supplied with all conveniences, including electric lights. Mr. McClure has always been an advocate of good roads, but has never cared to come into public notice by running for office.

Two children were born to Mr. and Mrs. McClure, as follows: George and David William. George McClure went to Kansas in 1886, learned the milling business with William Black, a cousin of his father, and is now superintendent of a large flour mill at Arkansas City, Kansas. His first wife, who was Carrie Fouts, died and left three children, Clara, Edna and William, and he was subsequently married to Bessie Conard. David William was employed by the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company for twelve years, but became disabled and died May 31, 1920. Mr. McClure has always had an affection for his land and been interested in the fundamental problem of production, and these qualities have naturally been an inspiration to the most substantial kind of citizenship.

DAVID POTHOUR. There have been three David Pothours in the Mahoning Valley, the first coming at the very beginning of the nineteenth century, and each has played a worthy part in the progressive development of this region from the earliest pioneer times. The present David Pothour for many years has been a successful dairyman and Holstein cattle breeder at his old home farm a mile north of Coitsville Village and five miles east of Youngstown.

The first David Pothour was a native of Germany and came to America at the age of nineteen, in 1800. His place of settlement was in Hubbard Township of Trumbull County, and the farm he developed there was his home until his death, at the venerable age of ninety-six.

This pioneer had also acquired a tract of a hundred acres at a dollar an acre in Coitsville Township of Mahoning County. Fifty acres of this was inherited by his son, the second David, who was born in Trumbull County. At the time of his marriage he moved to the land given him by his father. All of this was covered by heavy timber, and he cleared out a space in which to erect his log cabin. He continued the work of clearing and development until he had a well proportioned farm of seventy-eight acres. In the summer of 1850 he hewed timbers in the woods and erected a barn, which is still standing on the farm, though it has since been enlarged and improved. David Pothour, the second, died May 16, 1879, after having impressed his influence strongly upon the agricultural and civic life of Coitsville. He married Rachel Mariner, a native of Coitsville Township. Her father, Asa Mariner, was the first surveyor to locate in Mahoning County. He came from Hartford, Connecticut, walking the entire distance to Eastern Ohio. He married after coming to Mahoning County, and spent the rest of his life there. David and Rachel Pothour had three children: Emmet, Nancy, who became the wife of William Mars, and David. The mother of these children died December 29, 1891. The son, Emmet, enlisted in the Seventeenth Ohio Light Infantry during the Civil war, but died in 1863, from hydrophobia as a result of being bitten by a mad dog the summer before he entered the army.

David Pothour, the third, was born in the log house built by his father on the present homestead in Coitsville Township September 11, 1859, and has always lived in that locality. He was well educated, and has successfully applied himself to the business of farming and the dairy cattle business. On November 16, 1881, he married Rose Emma Longstreet. Her father, Charles Longstreet, came from New York to Coitsville, and spent his life as a farmer here. He died at the age of eighty years. Charles Longstreet married Amanda Campbell, who died at the age of seventy-six. Mrs. Pothour is one of the nine children still surviving. Mr. and Mrs. Pothour had

two daughters: Jessie, wife of Fritz Wilson, associated with Mr. Pothour in the dairy business; and Edna, now deceased, who was the wife of Edward Creed, of Coitsville Township. She died February 10, 1919. Mr. and Mrs. Wilson have one daughter, Lourabell. Mr. and Mrs. Creed had two sons, Park and Dahl.

James S. Taylor. The successful business represented in his plant and shop at Belmont and Covington streets, as a plumber and dealer in automobile accessories, is the result of many years of hard work, study and careful utilization of opportunities on the part of James S. Taylor.

At the age of fourteen he was a boy worker in coal mines, but he never allowed the toils and necessities of the day to obscure his ambition for a really worthy place in the world of business. He was born at Palmyra in Portage County, Ohio, January 28, 1884. His father, Simeon Taylor, who died December 25, 1916, was born at Oldham, England, in 1852, and was eleven years of age when he accompanied his parents to the United States, and after his marriage lived at Churchill, Ohio. The mother, Agnes (Cross) Taylor, who is still living at the age of fifty-five, was born in Scotland, and was a girl of sixteen when her people came to America. Her father was a coal miner, working in the mines of Western Pennsylvania and in Ohio. Simeon Taylor and wife had three sons and one daughter, Mrs. Alex Hamilton, of Vandergriff, Pennsylvania; James S. and William C., business partners, and Thomas C., employed at the Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel Company.

James S. Taylor gained the fundamentals of his education in the schools of Scott Haven, Pennsylvania, and in night school at Warren, Ohio. He was twenty years of age before he was able to satisfy his ambition for a better education and to learn his trade. He took some special courses in trade schools at Denver, Colorado, and a course of bookkeeping at the Brown Business College of Youngstown. His period of apprenticeship at the plumbing trade was spent with W. J. Scholl in Youngstown. His early work was done in different places, but for many years he was with A. F. Scott in the plumbing business and for two years kept books for C. J. Little, the plumber. Mr. Taylor in April, 1919, opened a plumbing establishment and garage at the intersection of Covington, Crandall Avenue and Belmont streets, where he owns valuable property and where his business abilities are equal to the handling of every type of contract in the plumbing business and where he also has an extensive trade in automobile accessories.

Mr. Taylor has always made it a duty to vote at elections, but has always exercised an independent franchise. He is affiliated with the Independent Order of Foresters. In 1912 he married Vesta Walp, daughter of John and Rachel Walp. Her parents live on a farm at the north extension of Fifth Avenue of Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor have two children, James B. and John W.

Nathan Bentley Folsom is treasurer of the Brier Hill Steel Company and has been associated with that corporation since its organization. It is a matter of historic interest to note that the present site of the Western Reserve plant of the Brier Hill Steel Company is on ground formerly owned by one of the forefathers of Mr. Folsom.

This forefather was Jonathan Folsom, who with his wife, Betsy, and their children came from the Lake Champlain district of New York to Trumbull County, Ohio, in pioneer times. Jonathan was a farmer and acquired much of his land direct from the Government. A son of Jonathan and Betsy Folsom was Jonathan Folsom, grandfather of Nathan B. Folsom. The latter's parents were Omar W. and Luna (Bentley) Folsom, natives of Ohio. His father combined farming with school teaching for many years. At the outbreak of the Civil war he was a volunteer, he enlisting in Company C, Nineteenth Ohio Infantry, September 26, 1861, and serving until getting his honorable discharge December 3, 1862, on account of disability. He died in 1913, at the age of seventy-five.

Nathan B. Folsom, who was born at Shalersville in Portage County, Ohio, August 27, 1881, was one of the nine children of his parents, seven of whom are still living. When he was a small child his parents moved out to Kansas, where he grew up and received a public school education. As a young man he did newspaper work in Kansas City, and in 1901 returned to Ohio and worked as a printer on the Warren Chronicle. Soon afterward he found an opening in the great industries of Eastern Ohio as an employe of the Girard Boiler and Manufacturing Company. In 1905 Mr. Folsom was brought to Youngstown by L. A. Woodard as an employe of the William Tod Company. He joined the Youngstown Steel Company in 1907, and when that plant was merged with the Brier Hill Steel Company he became assistant treasurer of the corporation, and since July, 1919, has been its treasurer.

Mr. Folsom is a member of the Youngstown Club, is a republican in politics, and is affiliated with the Disciples Church. June 3, 1903, he married Miss Bertha Baldwin, a daughter of Willard E. and Jennie (Stacy) Baldwin. The Baldwins were among the early pioneer families of the Mahoning Valley. Willard E. Baldwin was engaged in the wholesale grocery business in Youngstown for many years. Mr. and Mrs. Folsom became the parents of the following children: George and Edward, both deceased, Ralph Bentley, Helen and Clay Rolland.

William G. Wilson. With one of Youngstown's oldest and best known industries, the William B. Pollock Company, William G. Wilson has been actively associated continuously for many years.

Mr. Wilson, who is treasurer of the corporation, was born at Girard, Ohio, May 15, 1872, son of Dr. Joseph and Emily (Shepherd) Wilson, his parents now deceased. His father practiced in and around Youngstown more than half a century. William G. Wilson was ten years of age when his parents removed to Youngstown, where he grew up and received his education in the public schools. In 1889, at the age of seventeen, he went to work for the William B. Pollock Company, and for ten years was secretary and treasurer and since then has been treasurer of the company.

Mr. Wilson is a member of the Engineers, Youngs-

J. L. Taylor

town, Youngstown Country, and Youngstown Automobile Clubs. He also belongs to the Chamber of Commerce and the First Presbyterian Church. October 5, 1898, he married Miss Cora D. Young, daughter of Arthur Young, of Youngstown. Their four children are Natalie, Arthur, William and Betty Jane.

CLYDE H. HAYNES is one of the busiest young officials in the great industrial life of Youngstown. He has been connected with the Brier Hill Steel Company and its predecessors for a period of years, in fact since the organization of the present corporation in 1912, and is now its traffic manager.

Mr. Haynes was born in Chicago September 14, 1886. When he was fourteen years of age his parents, John T. and Mary E. (LaRue) Haynes, moved to Niles, Ohio. John T. Haynes in Chicago was secretary of the Garden City Sand Company and later Chicago representative of the Kelley Island Lime and Transport Company. At Niles he was office manager of the Niles Boiler Company. In 1905 the family moved to Portsmouth, Ohio, where John T. Haynes became manager of the Buckeye Fire Brick & Clay Company.

In the meantime Clyde H. Haynes had acquired a good education, beginning in the public schools of Chicago, continuing in the Niles High School, and finishing with a course in a business college at Portsmouth. His first regular employment was as clerk in the trainmaster's office of the Norfolk & Western Railroad at Bluefield, West Virginia. After about fifteen months he returned to Portsmouth, for a short time was with the Portsmouth Shoe Company, and then became bookkeeper of the Ideal Manufacturing Company, makers of gasoline engines.

Returning to Niles in 1908, Mr. Haynes became stenographer for the Niles Iron & Steel Company in the office of W. A. Thomas. He was with that concern and its successors, including the Brier Hill Steel Company, and when the latter business was organized he was made chief clerk of the traffic department. His evident abilities brought him promotion to assistant general manager of mining and transportation, and in 1916 he was given the post of traffic manager. He is regarded as one of the best posted traffic men in Youngstown.

He is a member of the American Iron & Steel Institution, the Pittsburgh Traffic Club, and is a member of the Traffic Committee of the Chamber of Commerce. He is a Royal Arch Mason, a member of the Christian Church and an independent republican. March 25, 1908, he married Miss Desse Stauss, of Greenfield, Ohio. Their three children are Ruth, John and Eleanor.

ALBERT C. GRAHAM was born in the village of Homewood, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, November 27, 1875, son of Samuel C. and Eliza (Chapman) Graham, natives of Pennsylvania, the latter now deceased. Samuel C. Graham for many years was superintendent of a coal company, and has spent the greater part of his active life in the coal business. He moved to Youngstown in 1890, but since 1901 has lived in Fayette County. He is a carpenter by trade, though his chief work has been in the coal industry. He is a veteran of the Civil war. He was in the One Hundred and Thirty-Fourth Pennsylvania Infantry, of which Colonel Matt Quay was commander. He saw a great deal of active service, and at the battle of Fredericksburg was severely wounded in the side. He and his wife had six children, Albert being the third.

Albert C. Graham was educated in the public schools of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and at Youngstown. He was seventeen years old when in 1892 he began earning his own living as an employe of the Youngstown Iron and Steel Company. When this was merged with the Union Iron and Steel Company he continued his service, and subsequently was with the American Steel Hoop Company. He went with that corporation's general offices on their removal to Pittsburgh and continued there until 1902, after the merger of the industry with the Carnegie Steel Company.

Returning to Youngstown in 1902, Mr. Graham began his active association with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company as an employe in the order department. Since 1907 he has been traffic manager, and that post of responsibility in one of the largest organizations of its kind in the country is sufficient evidence in itself of Mr. Graham's particular abilities in the field of transportation.

He is a member of the National Industrial Traffic League, the Traffic Club of Pittsburgh, the Traffic Club of New York, and is at the present time chairman of the committee on transportation in the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Graham is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner, and is a member of the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club.

December 6, 1899, he married Miss Martha M. Gaither, daughter of Richard and Caroline Gaither, of Youngstown. They have one daughter, Caroline.

CHARLES E. WENTZ, of the wholesale confectionery firm of Lytle-Wentz Company, exhibited strong commercial tendencies and abilities when a youth, and for thirty years has been a live and progressive factor in commercial fields.

He was born at Pittsburgh September 15, 1870, son of Louis and Adelaide (Snyder) Wentz. His parents were natives of Germany, but as children came with their respective families to the United States. Louis Wentz has been a window glass worker, and he and his wife are still living at Pittsburgh.

Charles E. Wentz, third in a family of seven children, acquired his education in the public schools of Pittsburgh. At the age of seventeen he was doing an independent but small business, peddling grocers' sundries from a wagon. Later with a brother he formed a partnership jobbing cigars and stogies. After ten years he sold his interest to his brother, and then for about a year was located at Uniontown, Pennsylvania, selling goods for the confectionery house of the D. L. Clark Company. When the Clark Company established a branch at Youngstown, Mr. Wentz soon removed to this city and continued with the Clark Company until he and Mr. H. G. Lytle and Mr. Morrow formed a partnership to engage in the wholesale candy business. With their regular line and doing a profitable business in real estate the firm prospered to an unusual extent. After the

death of Mr. Morrow, Lytle and Wentz continued the business, and from a modest beginning they have made it one of the leading wholesale establishments at Youngstown. The heads of the firm are still young and progressive and have been fortunate in their choice of energetic, virile young men to handle the various departments of the business. Their rule has been to make their word and contract good, and this principle has been the chief reason for their success. In private as well as public life Mr. Wentz and Mr. Lytle stand deservedly high in the community.

Mr. Wentz is affiliated with the Masonic Order, is a republican and a member of the Evergreen Presbyterian Church. In 1894 he married Miss Bird Gray, of Pittsburgh. Their four children are Kathryn, Helen, Dorothy and Winifred.

David Lewis Helman. The late David L. Helman was one of Warren's prominent citizens and successful business men. For many years he was active in the affairs of the city and few men contributed more to the development of the industrial and general business interests of the community, or enjoyed a higher reputation among his fellow citizens, all of whom were his friends.

Mr. Helman was not a native of Ohio, but he was descended from two old families of the state, his father and mother, David B. and Elizabeth (Smalley) Helman, having been born in this commonwealth, the father in Ashland County, the mother at Hayesville. The family removed to Ottumwa, Iowa, in 1866, where the parents died.

David L. was born at Ottumwa, Iowa, on August 10, 1866, and was reared and educated there. During the '80s he returned to Ohio, and in Ashtabula County he entered the employ of the late William C. Stiles, manufacturer of shipbuilding timber. Mr. Helman became foreman of the plant, and when it was removed to Warren in 1888 he came with it as foreman. Mr. Stiles died in 1899, and in 1904 Mr. Helman purchased the plant and successfully operated the mills under the name of the Helman Ship Timber Company until his death and the business has since been operated under the same name by his estate. Mr. Helman's operations in timber gave him a wide acquaintance in the trade and he was well known all over the country and in Canada. In 1908 Mr. Helman was one of the organizers and incorporators of the Warren Iron & Steel Company, becoming its president and general manager, and so continuing until his death, and his estate retains his financial interest in the company. He was also for many years a member of the board of directors of the Western Reserve National Bank, and had many other financial interests.

On October 2, 1888, Mr. Helman was united in marriage with Wilhelmina Callander, who was born at Rome, Ashtabula County, the daughter of William and Jerusha (Hall) Callander. Her father was born in Scotland in 1831 and came to America in 1861, locating at Rome, where his brother was then residing. He purchased a farm at Paynesville, Ohio, in 1862, and in 1864 his parents, John and Wilhelmina (McLeod) Callander, joined him on his farm. William Callander died in 1915.

To Mr. and Mrs. Helman the following children were born: William Curtis, born at Warren on October 13, 1890, holds a responsible position with the Warren Iron & Steel Company; Morris McLeod, born on February 11, 1893, served one year in Italy during the great war, with the Three Hundred and Thirty-Second Regiment, Ohio Infantry, and is now with the Warren Iron & Steel Company, and he married Pauline McCullough, of Warren; and Margaret M., who died in 1903, at the age of eight years.

Mr. Helman was a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and belonged to the First Presbyterian Church. He died at his residence on North Park Avenue on November 3, 1918.

Mr. Helman was in many ways a remarkable man, possessed of many sterling traits of character. He was a practical business man, far-seeing and enterprising and progressive, and his was a busy life, yet he never let his business prevent him from discharging his duties as a citizen, and he was at all times ready and willing to do anything that would promote the welfare of the city and its institutions. He was a self-made man in the truest sense of that term, yet his prosperity never stood in his way of helping those who, like himself, had been compelled to work their way up from the bottom of the ladder. He was warm-hearted, kind and genial in disposition, and loved his family and friends. But probably his chief characteristic was his dependability, and after all it is difficult to pay a man a greater tribute than to call him dependable, for in every phase of life people desire what is safe and secure, and they want to have men at the head of large concerns upon whom the utmost reliance may be placed. David Helman never betrayed a trust or a confidence. He was scrupulously upright in all of his dealings, and won and held the confidence of all with whom he held business transactions, and that is a heritage for his descendants far more precious than material wealth.

William H. Welsh. Many years of active railroad service eminently qualified William H. Welsh for the duties and responsibilities he has enjoyed with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company for the past ten years. He is assistant traffic manager of that great corporation, one of the largest steel industries in the United States.

Mr. Welsh was born at Pittsburgh August 12, 1873. His father was the late William G. Welsh, for many years a greatly esteemed resident of Youngstown. At one time he was foreman of the old Pittsburgh Car Works, and was sent to Youngstown in 1881 by that corporation when the local business was established as the Youngstown Car Manufacturing Company. He remained with that corporation, active in its affairs, until he retired full of years and active service. He died in 1907. He was of an optimistic nature, took a keen interest in sports and youthful pursuits, and maintained his boyish enthusiasm even in advanced years. While a member of no church denomination, he was a devout Christian and lived the principles of Christianity. He married Alice Horrocks, who survives him and resides at Youngstown. She is the mother of eight children.

William H. Welsh was eight years of age when

Eugene F. Craig.

his parents came to Youngstown, and here he grew up and acquired his education in the public schools, including the Rayen High School. At the age of seventeen he began earning his own living. His first employment was with the old Forsythe Scale Works, later with the Youngstown Bridge Company. In 1893 he became a clerk for the Erie Railroad and later for the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie, and after ten years of service was promoted to chief clerk, an office he held four years. In 1904 he took a new line of employment with the Mahoning Gas Fuel Company, now the East Ohio Gas Company. In 1906 he returned to Pittsburgh and remained in railroad work for two years.

Mr. Welsh became associated with the traffic department of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company in 1908. At that time this department employed only one other man, Mr. Graham. Now it is one of the best governed and systematized departments of any similar corporation in the country, and has an active force of ten employes.

Mr. Welsh is a Mason, a republican in politics, and is a member of the Westminster Presbyterian Church. December 30, 1896, he married Miss Minnie B. Hover, of Youngstown, a daughter of John W. and Lucy (Hollibaugh) Hover. Mr. Hover was a conductor in the employ of the Erie Railroad Company practically all of his life. Lucy Hollibaugh was a daughter of William and Kate Hollibaugh, who were farming people in the vicinity of North Lima, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Welsh have two children: Edna Bell married Raymond J. Stiles June 30, 1920. Mr. Stiles is with the operating department of the Republic Iron and Steel Company. William Wilson is attending high school.

Samuel W. Rice, a resident of Youngstown since 1901, as an individual and the head of a business organization represents a service of the highest and most distinctive value to the city. Mr. Rice as a boy showed an artistic temperament, and turned his talents to the decorative art, and long since rose from the grade of artisan to artist. The people of Youngstown have came to rely upon and appreciate his artistic judgment, and his work is found in the best residences and in some of the finest and most distinctive public buildings of the city.

Born in St. Paul, Minnesota, April 26, 1865, son of Charles R. and Ruth (Sloan) Rice, he grew up in his native city, had a public school education, and since the age of twelve has been out in the world on his own responsibility. As a youth he acquired the technique of the decorator's art, involving the use of varied materials—paints, oils, varnishes and stains, wallpaper and other material. He followed his line of work with some of the leading firms at Boston and Pittsburgh, and since coming to Youngstown in 1901 has concentrated his abilities entirely upon the finer side of the decorative art, as hand made architecture. Both at Youngstown and elsewhere he has supplied the decorative features of many homes and churches. One of the best and most widely known examples of this art is found in the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church of Youngstown. Mr. Rice possesses not only the detail skill of workmanship, but that much greater quality, the ability to see the picture as a whole and ensemble, and again and again has made his work expressive of the spirit and atmosphere of art.

Mr. Rice is a member of the Rotary Club. In 1885 he married Miss Catherine Russell. Their two children are Samuel W., Jr., and Ruth Katherine. The son was a lieutenant in the aviation section in the American army, but like many others in that department had to be content with home duties.

Edgar J. Reilly, one of the prominent younger men in the iron and steel industry at Youngstown, has for many years been associated with the William B. Pollock Company.

Mr. Reilly, who is a brother of W. C. and Albert A. Reilly, both mentioned on other pages of this publication, was born in Youngstown. He had a common and high school education, and was seventeen years of age when he went to work as clerk and weighmaster at the Hannah Blast Furnace of the Mahoning Valley Iron Company. By practical experience he learned much of the iron and steel industry. The only important interruption in this experience was the several years he spent on the staff of the Youngstown Telegram, at first as reporter and later as editor of the iron and steel department.

Mr. Reilly left journalism in 1902 and since that year has been with the William B. Pollock Company. He began in the sales department, and since 1910 has been general sales agent. He is a member of the American Iron & Steel Institute, Youngstown Club, Youngstown Country Club, Rotary Club and the Youngstown and Pittsburgh Chambers of Commerce. He is affiliated with the Knights of Columbus and with various other social and benevolent organizations.

October 15, 1902, he married Mary Rita Dignan, daughter of Martin and Mary (Kelly) Dignan. Their three children are Edgar Cyril, Lois and Rita.

Eugene Forbes Craig, president of the Peoples Ice & Cold Storage Company of Warren, was born in this city on December 20, 1881, the son of the late Judge Samuel Baxter Craig.

Judge Craig was born on October 2, 1844, in the log cabin built by his father in Braceville Township, Trumbull County. His father, Samuel Craig, was born in Ireland, came to the United States when a young man, married Margaret R. Darling in Pennsylvania, and settled on his own land in Braceville Township when that section was practically a wilderness.

Judge Craig attended the district schools, the Warren public schools, Western Reserve Academy and Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, graduating from the latter in 1871. He read law in the offices of Hutchins, Glidden & Steele of Warren, was admitted to the bar in 1873, and for over a quarter of a century he practiced law in Warren, becoming one of the leaders of the Trumbull County bar and one of the foremost men of Warren. He served for six years as probate judge, for six years as a member of the Warren School Board, and for many years as clerk of Warren Township.

Aside from his profession Judge Craig was interested in business affairs, and was long a director

of the Union National Bank, and he was one of the organizers of the Peoples Ice and Cold Storage Company and was its first president, serving in that capacity until his death. He was a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, of Mahoning Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Methodist Church.

In 1874 he married Mary Ellen Forbes, daughter of James and Lovina (Covert) Forbes, who came into the Mahoning Valley from Pennsylvania. Judge Craig died on October 12, 1913. His widow is still living.

Eugene F. Craig was graduated from Allegheny College in 1903, just thirty-two years after his father's graduation from that institution. He began his business career with the Warren Savings Bank, and later was for six years teller in the Union National Bank of Warren. In 1910 he became identified with the Peoples Ice and Cold Storage Company as manager, and in 1916 was made president of the company. He is also a director in the Trumbull Savings and Loan Company, and the Second National Bank, and a director in the Warren Development Company.

Mr. Craig has been active and prominent in republican politics. He was chairman of the republican county committee for several years and served as tax commissioner during the administration of Governor Willis. He is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, the Rotary Club, the Masonic Club, Elks Club and the Buckeye Club. He is a member of Old Erie Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Mahoning Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a vestryman of Christ Episcopal Church.

Mr. Craig married Anna Grace Montague, of Catlettsburg, Kentucky.

Arthur Paul Stillwagon, president and treasurer of the Storage, Transfer & Supply Company of Warren and Niles, is one of the young business men of the Mahoning Valley who has won success in business and prominence in the affairs of two cities, and through his ability and personality has developed what is now one of the leading enterprises in its line in this section of Ohio. Mr. Stillwagon is a product of the valley and has spent his entire life in Trumbull County. He was born on the Stillwagon farm near Niles on March 9, 1885, and is the son of Samuel H. and Calistia (Hake) Stillwagon, well-known citizens of Trumbull County, of whom biographical mention is made elsewhere in these volumes. He was graduated from the Niles High School in 1905, and in the fall of that year entered Hiram College, and was a student at that college during the scholastic years of 1905-6-7. He began his independent career in 1908 at Warren in the employ of the Mahoning branch of the National Electric Lamp Company (later absorbed by the General Electric Company), where he ultimately became assistant superintendent.

In 1911 Mr. Stillwagon became identified with the Storage, Transfer & Supply Company, at which time that company was doing a limited business in the handling of coal, storage and building material at its yard in Niles. Under his management the company has been developed into one of the largest concerns in the Valley engaged in its line, and now owns two thoroughly equipped plants, one at Niles and the other at Warren, with general offices at Warren. With its large yard trackage and modern equipment, consisting of warehouses, a twenty-ton locomotive crane and a fleet of "White" trucks and forty head of horses, the company is capitalized at $125,000, is doing an annual business of half a million dollars. This development, from a small enterprise, working on limited capital and equipment, with its trade confined to a small territory, has been due to the efforts of Mr. Stillwagon more than to any other one man, for it has been his genius for organization, his executive ability and his own personality that have made possible the success of the company and earned for it a reputation for efficiency, reliability and sound methods among the contractors and owners of the entire Valley.

Aside from the Storage, Transfer & Supply Company Mr. Stillwagon has other important financial interests, and he is identified with a number of important enterprises, among which are the Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company, the Warren Building & Investment Company, the Trumbull Securities Company, the Warner Hotel Company, the Wilbur Wright Roofing Company of Cleveland, and the American Zinc Products Company of Greencastle, Indiana.

He is a member of the Niles Chamber of Commerce, the Warren Board of Trade, the Warren Real Estate Board, the Warren Builders Exchange, and the Mahoning Valley Credit Association. He is a member of the Niles Club and the Trumbull Country Club, and he became a charter member and stockholder in the Golf Land Company, the predecessor of the Country Club.

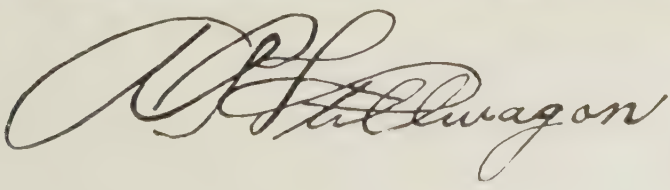
Both as a business man and as a citizen Mr. Stillwagon has won a place among the worth-while men of the Mahoning Valley, and, though still a young man, he has become a force in the affairs of Trumbull County.

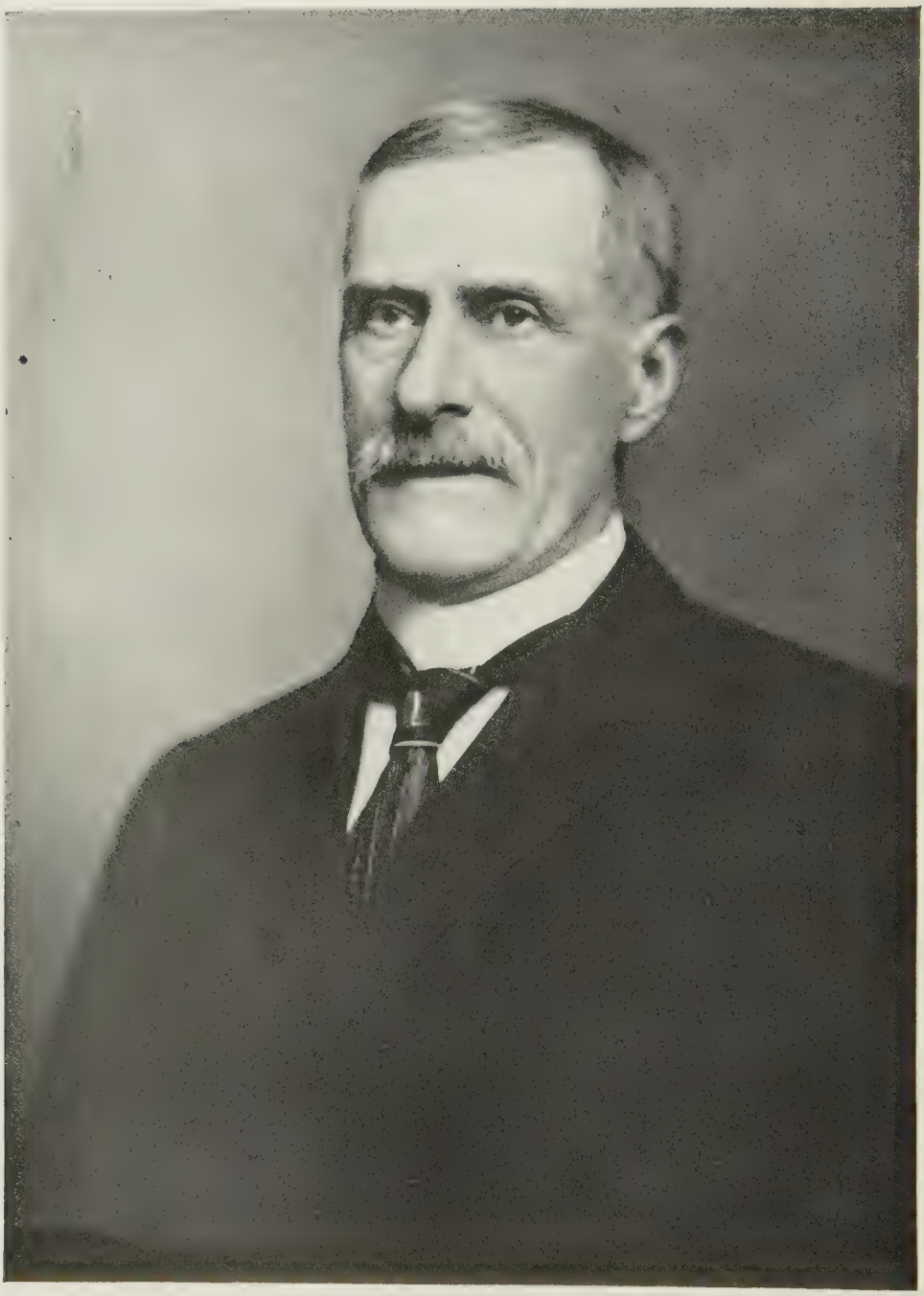
In August, 1908, Mr. Stillwagon was united in marriage with Mary Catherine Krehl, the daughter of Frederick Krehl, of Girard, Ohio, and to them the following children have been born: Helen Louise, born in 1909; Mildred Jean, born in 1911; and Frederick Krehl, born in 1918.

Judge David Revilo Gilbert. Prominent in the professional, business and civic affairs of the Mahoning Valley for many years, Judge Gilbert, of Warren, has won a high position among the worthwhile men of the community.

Judge Gilbert is a native of the valley, he having been born at Vernon, Trumbull County, on October 22, 1846, and is descended from two pioneer families.

David Gilbert, father of Judge Gilbert, was born in Connecticut in 1818, a son of Eli Gilbert, also a native of that state. David Gilbert married Sylvia E. Haynes, who was born at Vernon, Trumbull County, Ohio, and died April 19, 1919. She was a daughter of Judge Asa and Sarah (Rice) Haynes, the latter of whom was a daughter of Isaac Rice, a soldier of the American Revolution, who died in Trumbull County and was buried at Vernon. Judge Asa Haynes, who served as one of the associate judges of the Trumbull County Court under the old state constitution prior to 1854, was born in Con-





David P. Gilbert

necticut and came to Vernon, Ohio, in 1816. His father, Asa Haynes, Sr., was a native of Rhode Island and from there moved into Connecticut. He married Mary Fuller, the first of which family in America came over the sea on the Mayflower, and the family name is inscribed on Plymouth Rock among those other Pilgrim Fathers.

David Gilbert, father of Judge Gilbert, learned the cabinetmaking trade at New Haven, Connecticut, and from there came to Vernon in about 1840, where two of his married sisters were then living. He bought a tract of land on which he erected a shop and residence, both of these buildings still intact, and worked at his trade until 1856, when he removed to Gustavus Township and died there May 2, 1869. He was an honest, industrious and frugal man.

David R. Gilbert had both common and high school privileges in youth and was prepared for college under the tutelage of Rev. Johnson Wright, later attending Oberlin College for four years as a member of the class of 1872. Before graduation, however, he was compelled to return home, the death of his father making it necessary for him to take charge of the estate and look after his mother, who was an invalid. In the fall of 1871 he came to Warren and in the following spring began the study of law in the office of Taylor & Jones. In the fall of 1873 he was admitted to the bar at Canfield, Ohio, and entered into practice at Warren, being alone for a time, but later becoming associated with Judge Taylor, one of his preceptors, under the firm style of Taylor & Gilbert. This partnership continued until 1885, when Mr. Gilbert was elected probate judge of Trumbull County. He was re-elected in 1888, serving two full terms of three years each.

Soon after retiring from the probate bench and resuming private practice at Warren he was elected councilman from the Second Ward and served in the City Council for eight years. Subsequently he was president of the City Council for four years, then for four years was city solicitor, and at present is serving in his second term as councilman-at-large, and is chairman of the finance committee. Judge Gilbert is a director in the Union Savings & Trust Company and is a member of the Warren Board of Trade. He is an elder of the First Presbyterian Church of Warren.

On July 20, 1887, Judge Gilbert was united in marriage to Miss Agnes Biggar, who was born in Canada, February 26, 1861, daughter of George and Anna Biggar. In her childhood her parents moved to Iowa, and later (1881) she was graduated from Lake Erie Seminary at Painesville, Ohio, and was assistant superintendent of the High School of Corning, Iowa, when she and Judge Gilbert became acquainted. Judge and Mrs. Gilbert have one son, David Alva Gilbert. He was born at Warren, May 28, 1888. After his graduation from the high school of his native city he was graduated from the Western Reserve University with the degree of A. B., and from the Case School of Applied Science with the B. S. degree, class of 1911, taking the double course, as it is termed. On leaving college he entered the service of the American Bridge Company at Ambridge, Pennsylvania, and was there when the United States entered the World war. About the first of May, 1917, he enlisted in the Officers' Reserve Corps and was sent first to Fort Niagara and later to Camp Meade, where he was commissioned captain and on or about July 1, 1918, went to France as captain in command of Company E, Three Hundred and Fourth Engineers, Seventy-Ninth Division. He was abroad until June, 1919, when he was ordered back to the United States and a few weeks later was honorably discharged and mustered out, immediately returning to the American Bridge Company. Captain Gilbert, like many of his comrades, is not fond of recalling his overseas experiences and very modestly disclaims the assertions of his friends that he was a valorous soldier as well as efficient officer. He was married at Ambridge, Pennsylvania, December 25, 1918, to Miss Laura Isabel See.

JOSEPH RICHARD DAVIS. Intimately associated with the growth and development of Warren, Joseph Richard Davis has been rewarded for his public-spirited efforts by a personal success that must be gratifying, and the gratitude of a wide circle of warm, personal friends. He is engaged in a prosperous mercantile business and is also interested in a number of other enterprises and is in every way worthy of the consideration which is shown him by the people of the Mahoning Valley, for he has won it through his own acts.

Joseph Richard Davis was born at Youngstown, Ohio, December 31, 1867, a son of Thomas A. and Anna S. (Samuels) Davis. Thomas A. Davis was born at Tredegar, Monmouthshire, England, a son of Richard Davis, a native of Wales, an iron-worker, who for years was superintendent of the Tredegar Iron Works, at that time probably the largest and most important iron works in the world. Many of the early iron manufacturers of America learned the process of making iron under the fostering care of Richard Davis at the Tredegar Iron Works. He never left England, but died there. Anna S. Samuels was born at Swansea, Wales, a daughter of Joseph Samuels. Thomas A. Davis and his wife were married at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and later moved to Youngstown, Ohio, where they remained until 1873, and then left that city for Girard, Ohio. He was a mill man by occupation, and for many years was employed in the mills of the valley. His death occurred at Girard in 1905, when he was fifty-nine years of age, his widow surviving him until 1911, when she passed away, aged sixty-three years.

Joseph Richard Davis was seven years old when the family moved to Girard, and he began attending the Boardman Street School at Youngstown when he was six years old, and completed his education at Girard. Leaving the high school of Girard when he was eighteen years old, he began working in the same mill that gave his father employment, but by the time he was twenty-two he felt the lack of a knowledge of business methods and so took a course in the Spencerian Business College at Cleveland, Ohio. Before he had completed his course, however, he received so flattering an offer as bookkeeper from a concern at Girard that he accepted it and left the college two weeks before his graduation. For the subsequent three years Mr. Davis was bookkeeper for W. M. Boyd, who operated stores at both Girard and Warren, and in 1895 he came to the Warren store to take charge of the books and also as sales-

man. Mr. Boyd finally sold out his stock of goods at Warren, and in 1900 Mr. Davis rented the storeroom at No. 28 Main Street, purchased a new stock, and began to make practical use of the knowledge he had been acquiring, and has remained at this same location ever since.

He began his independent career as a merchant in a very modest way, and has steadily advanced from year to year until he now as one of the leading merchants of the valley controls a fine trade and does an annual business which runs into large figures. Mr. Davis is one of the finest examples of the self-made man to be found today. He saved, only through strict economy, enough money to go to business college, and all he has he made himself. Little by little, through constant self-sacrifice, he accumulated enough money to lay in his first stock of goods, and bravely ventured on his own account. Better, however, even than his knowledge of the mercantile business and his habits of industry and thrift were his innate honesty and conception of the golden rule, for his customers, realizing that in his store they could get a fair deal, came back, told others, and in this way his trade was built up. Mr. Davis believes in giving to those who patronize him the worth of their money, and has their interest at heart, and that they appreciate this his continued prosperity proves.

Mr. Davis has other interests and is a director of the Peoples Savings Company of Warren; is a stockholder of the Union Savings & Trust Company and the Trumbull Savings & Loan Company, and has borne his part in the expansion of the city's business.

Fraternally Mr. Davis belongs to Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and he is also a chapter, council and commandery Mason and also is a member of Al Koran Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Cleveland, Ohio. At present he is eminent commander of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, of Warren. Mr. Davis is also a member of the Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and Elks, and belongs to the Masonic and Elks Clubs.

In 1912 Mr. Davis was married to Grace Snyder, a daughter of D. Tod and Mary (Erwin) Snyder, of Bloomfield, Trumbull County. Mr. and Mrs. Davis became the parents of the following children: Charles L., who is the eldest; Ruth, who died at the age of eleven months; Mary, who died at the age of fifteen months; and Thomas A., who is the youngest.

Robert J. Mullally, assistant general manager of the Brier Hill Steel Company at Youngstown, is one of the prominent men in the steel industry in the Mahoning Valley. He was born at Milton Center, Wood County, Ohio, May 28, 1879, a son of William Mullally, and grandson of William Mullally, the latter a native of Ireland, of Scotch-Irish extraction, and the progenitor of this family in the United States.

William Mullally, the younger, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, and came west in young manhood, and for a time was connected with the Proctor & Gamble Company at Cincinnati, Ohio. Later he was engaged in the lumber business in Wood County, and still later was in the oil business in the same county, and was connected with the Exchange Oil Company. He was married in Wood County to Ima Campbell, and they had four children. William Mullally died in 1918, but his widow survives him and lives at Madisonville, a suburb of Cincinnati, Ohio.

Robert J. Mullally grew up in his native county, and there received his preliminary scholastic training. About 1898 he was graduated from the Weston High School, and then for a time was employed in a country grain elevator, buying grain from the farmers for the Churchill Grain Company. In January, 1902, Mr. Mullally came to Youngstown, Ohio, and entered the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company as an apprentice in the electrical department. He was advanced in the regular line of promotion until 1913, when he had become assistant chief electrician, but at that time he left to come to the Brier Hill Steel Company as chief electrician. In 1916 he returned to the Carnegie Steel Company as chief electrician in the construction of the new McDonald bar mills, in 1918 being made assistant superintendent of these mills, and served as such until the early part of 1919, when he was promoted to be superintendent. In March, 1920, he resigned from that position to become superintendent of the plate and jobbing mills of the Brier Hill Steel Company, later becoming assistant general manager of the company.

When Mr. Mullally first came to Youngstown he attended night school at the Young Men's Christian Association, and continued his studies in this manner for a period of four years, specializing in electrical and mechanical engineering. This knowledge stood him in good stead in his subsequent endeavors.

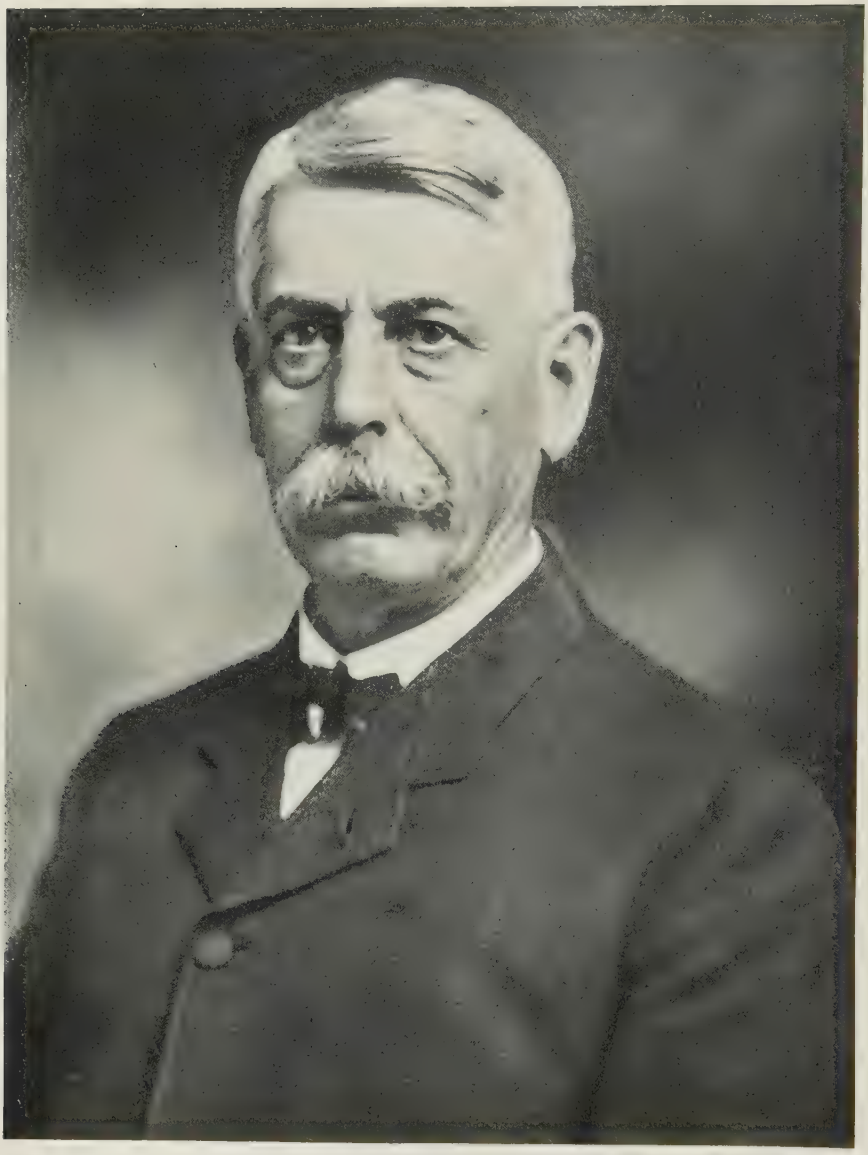
On June 1, 1904, Mr. Mullally was married to Betsy Jacobs, a daughter of Orrin Jacobs of Youngstown. Mr. Mullally is a member of the Memorial Presbyterian Church of Youngstown. In his political affiliations he is a republican. He belongs to Hillman Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Youngstown Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Buechner Council, Royal and Select Masters; Saint John's Commandery, Knights Templar, and is also a member of Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Professionally he belongs to the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, the Engineers Club of Youngstown, and the Association of Iron and Steel Electrical Engineers, and he is an active factor in the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce.

William G. Lamb. For many years William G. Lamb has been prominent in the business and civic life of Warren, and he has contributed his full share to the progress and development of the city. Although now retired from the commercial field, his large property interests and financial investments claim a measure of attention and provide Mr. Lamb with an outlet for still vigorous energies, which are directed with the same sound judgment that has prevailed throughout his long and busy career.

William G. Lamb was born on the old Lamb farm in Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, November 12, 1848. His parents were John and Mary (Richardson) Lamb, both natives of County

R. J. Mullally

W. G. Lamb



T. J. Gillaspy

Tyrone, Ireland. They were married there and left Ireland for America in 1831 with their four children. They landed in Canada, where three of their children died from smallpox. Their objective point was Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, where they had relatives. They crossed Lake Erie to Ashtabula, Ohio, and came the rest of the way by wagon. John Lamb worked at Warren for a time for Asel Adams and afterward bought a farm in Lordstown Township, which he operated until 1865. He then returned to Warren and lived here retired until his death in 1888, surviving his wife one year. Of their family of six sons and six daughters, two only survive: Mrs. Emma A. Ernest, widow of Silas S. Ernest, of Warren, and William G., who was the youngest born.

Mr. Lamb grew up on his father's farm and attended first the country schools and the old Lordstown Academy, afterward the public schools of Warren, and finally took a business course in the Duffy Commercial College at Pittsburgh. He remained on the farm until 1865 in which year he came to Warren. In 1873 he embarked in the retail shoe business in partnership with his brother, James R. Lamb, under the firm name of Lamb Brothers, and this partnership was unbroken for twenty-five years. Mr. Lamb was one of the incorporators of the old Warren Savings Bank, of which he was a director, and when it was taken over by the Union National Bank he became a director of that institution, and when the Union National was reorganized into the Union Savings & Trust Company he was made a director in that bank. Mr. Lamb owns with other realty several store properties, all situated in the heart of the business section of the city, and is interested financially in different industries at Warren. He is an ex-president of the Warren Board of Trade, and is a member of Warren Lodge of Elks, No. 295, and of the Elks Club.

Mr. Lamb was married in 1883 to Anna M. Derr, who was born at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The Derr family came to Ohio and settled first at Newton Falls, removing later to Warren, where the parents of Mrs. Lamb died. Her death occurred in 1891, a daughter surviving her, Olive Marie. Miss Lamb was graduated from Wellesley College and later, during the World war, spent a year in Red Cross work in the City of Washington, after which, in compliance with an urgent request from Warren, she returned home and devoted herself to the local Red Cross organization until in January, 1920, at which time she gave up that work to go on a tour of South America with her father. They sailed from New York on February 5, 1920, and returning, landed at the same port on May 15th of the same year.

Judge Thomas Irwin Gillmer, of Warren, long a recognized leader of the bar of the Mahoning Valley, was born on a farm in Newton Township, Trumbull County, on May 13, 1844, and is of the third generation of his family in the valley. His grandfather, Thomas Gillmer, was a native of Scotland, and he and his wife, Margaret, came to America at the close of the eighteenth century and settled first in Pennsylvania, but in 1807 or 1808 came into the Mahoning Valley and located on Dutch Creek, Newton Township, Trumbull County, where they spent their last years, he dying in 1819, and she in 1850.

William Gillmer, son of Thomas, and father of Judge Gillmer, was born in Pennsylvania in 1796. He learned the printer's trade at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he worked for a time, and then joined his parents on the farm in Newton Township, and there he died in 1852. He married Catherine Miller, who was born at Little Washington, Pennsylvania, in 1800, and died in 1883. She was the daughter of Leonard and Christina Miller, who came into the Mahoning Valley, settling in Newton Township, Trumbull County, in 1807 or 1808. The Miller family made the journey from Pennsylvania in wagons drawn by oxen. Reaching Warren, they spent the night there, and in the morning started for their 640-acre farm seven miles distant, and a full day was required to reach it. At that time all of Trumbull County was covered with forest trees, there were no roads, and they had to follow the trail which was indicated by marks which had been blazed on the trees. In the beginning they, in common with other settlers, cleared small patches of land and planted wheat, which they would shell when green. To this they would add wild honey, and the product was a very palatable and wholesome cereal.

William Gillmer died when his son, Judge Gillmer, was only eight years old, and when the boy reached the age of twelve he took charge of his mother's farm and conducted it for her and continued to look after it during the period he was acquiring his early educational training by attending the district schools and the Newton Falls Academy. In 1868 he was graduated from the Iron City Commercial College at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and in that year began reading law under the preceptorship of the Hon. John F. Beaver at Newton Falls. In 1870 he was admitted to the bar and began the practice of his profession at Newton Falls in association with Mr. Beaver, which connection was continued until the latter's death. In September, 1874, Judge Gillmer settled in Warren, and in 1875 he was elected prosecuting attorney, and was re-elected to the same office in 1877, making a fine record for himself in this connection as an able and fearless official. In 1880 he formed a partnership with L. C. Jones, under the firm name of Jones & Gillmer, and they remained together until 1886, when Judge Gillmer was elected common pleas judge of the Second Division of the Ninth Judicial District, and remained on the bench for seventeen years, resigning in 1903 to return to active practice, with his son, Irwin R. Gillmer, under the firm name of Gillmer & Gillmer, which is still maintained.

Judge Gillmer is president of the Trumbull County Bar Association, and is a member of the Ohio Bar Association. He is president of the board of trustees of the Carnegie Public Library; is treasurer and a trustee of the Warren City Hospital; and is a director of the Union Savings & Trust Company. Fraternally he belongs to Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons.

On January 26, 1870, Judge Gillmer was united in marriage with Helen Earl, of Newton Falls, who was born at that place in 1853, and died at Warren in 1908. She was a daughter of Daniel Earl, an

attorney at Newton Falls in its early days. Judge and Mrs. Gillmer became the parents of the following children: Elizabeth A., who married James W. Packard, of Warren, was graduated from Vassar College; and Irwin R., who is an attorney and junior member of the firm of Gillmer & Gillmer, married May Woods, a daughter of Dr. J. R. Woods, and she died, leaving one daughter, who is a graduate of Vassar College.

JOHN C. HARTZELL. A life of signal honor and usefulness was that of the late Capt. John C. Hartzell, who was one of the influential citizens of Mahoning County at the time of his death, which occurred April 25, 1918. Going forth as one of the gallant young soldiers of the Union in the Civil war, he won marked distinction as an officer, as did he also in special executive service, and in the later times of peace he manifested the same loyalty and the same self-reliance that characterized his military career, with the result that he achieved worthy success and ever commanded the unqualified confidence of all with whom he came in contact.

Captain Hartzell was born in Deerfield Township, Portage County, Ohio, November 27, 1837, and thus he was in his eighty-first year when his life came to a close. He was a son of Frederick and Mary (Ickes) Hartzell, honored pioneers of whom more specific mention is made on other pages, in the sketch of their son Jesse M. The future captain was a boy at the time of the family removal to Mahoning County, and here he was reared to adult age, his educational advantages being those of the pioneer schools. Here he continued his association with farm enterprise until the call of patriotism led him to tender his aid in defense of the Union. He was mustered in on the 21st of August, 1862, and received his honorable discharge at Cleveland, Ohio, June 8, 1865. He became a member of Company H, One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and he was chosen second lieutenant of his company. From a history of this gallant regiment that was written by the late Judge Albion W. Tourgee is taken the following record of the service of Captain Hartzell:

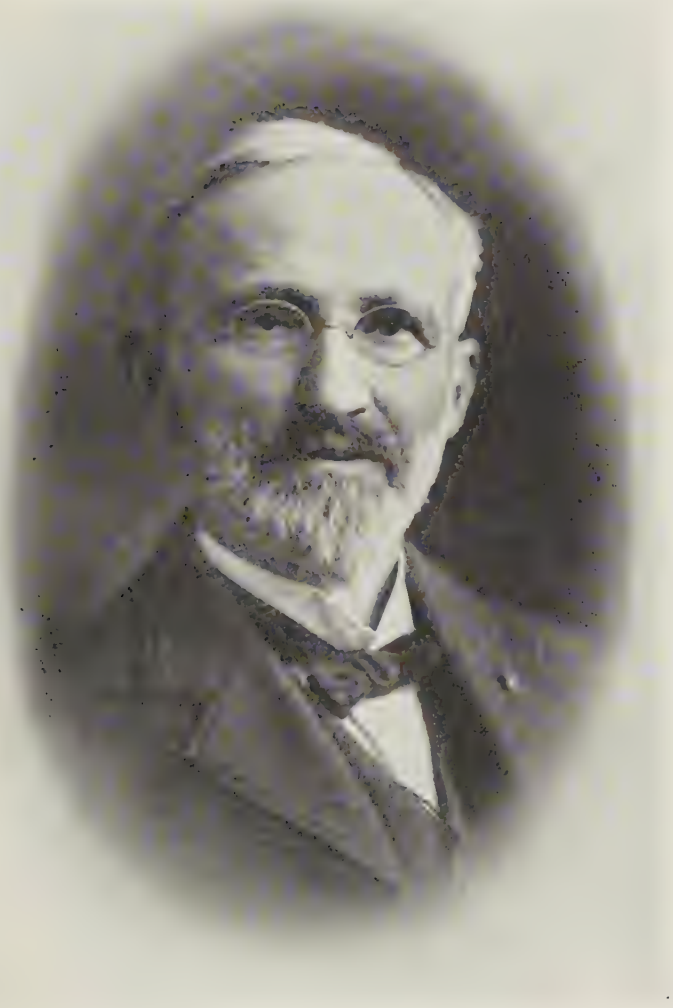
"He enlisted in Company H, was appointed second lieutenant; was promoted to first lieutenant; captain after the death of Captain Wilson. He was in command of Companies H and C with the division train during the battle of Chickamauga, and had much trouble with stray major-generals who insisted upon abandonment of the train and the formation of the two companies in line to take the place of their own lost commands. In the spring of 1864 he was detailed, by special order of the secretary of war, to the duty of forwarding recruits from northern depots to the armies of the west, carrying back and forth large sums of money to be paid the recruits on their arrival at destination, these sums ranging from $10,000 to $65,000 a trip. He continued in this special service until the close of the war. Captain Hartzell traveled, in the discharge of his duty, over 40,000 miles, and had all sorts of pleasant and unpleasant experiences. He was an inveterate wag who could always be counted on to find something funny in the most lugubrious circumstances. This quality has not forsaken him, and at each reunion of the survivors of the Thousand he is expected to furnish them fresh food for their mirth, and has never yet disappointed."

Owing to financial reverses in his father's career, Captain Hartzell early assumed heavy responsibilities, and upon the death of his father he assumed charge of the family affairs—a circumstance that prevented him from preparing himself for the legal profession, which had been his ambition. There can be no doubt, however, that the captain found his maximum potential in connection with the basic industries of agriculture and stock-growing, with which he continued to be actively and prominently identified during his entire independent career. He and his brother, James R., made two trips to Europe, and as a result were the ones to introduce the Percheron strain of draft horses and also Shetland ponies in their home community, besides being pioneers in such introduction in Ohio. He continued as one of the leading exponents of farm industry in Mahoning County for many years, and through this medium he won success worthy of the name. A man of exalted ideals and high aspirations, he was well qualified for leadership in community thought and action, and he made his life count for good in its every relation. The following estimate is well worthy of preservation: "Captain Hartzell was the soul of honor and integrity—a man revered and esteemed by all. As a boy and man he was dear to the hearts of his family and hosts of friends, his ready sympathy, appreciation and desire to help, combined with that ever-present quaint humor, combined to form a unique personality that made him a favorite. He was a great reader, a man well versed in all the topics of the day and of history. He was of keen sagacity, wit and intellect, and every company was brightened by his coming."

Captain Hartzell maintained deep interest in his old comrades and signified the same by his affiliation with the Grand Army of the Republic and the Military Order of the Loyal Legion. His civic loyalty was of the highest type, he was a republican in politics, and both he and his wife were earnest members of the Presbyterian Church.

In August, 1865, was solemnized the marriage of Captain Hartzell to Miss Louise Ann Laurie Thompson, daughter of John and Mary (Wilkinson) Thompson, and concerning the children of this union brief record is here entered Dr. Thomas B. Hartzell, Mrs. F. E. Kenaston and Miss Ruth W. Hartzell reside in the City of Minneapolis, Minnesota; Lucy is the wife of Emerson B. Fritchman, who is individually mentioned on other pages; and Miss Bertha O. Hartzell remains on the old homestead, between Beloit and Sebring.

EMERSON B. FRITCHMAN has been identified with business activities in the fine little industrial Town of Sebring, Mahoning County, since the time of its inception, and has been prominently concerned in the upbuilding of the large and prosperous business of the Leonard Hardware Company, of which he is a leading stockholder and executive. He was born in Andrew County, Missouri, March 7, 1868, his parents having there established their residence



John C. Hartzell

David R. Forgan

in 1866, upon removal from Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. In 1872 the family home was established on a farm near Winona, Columbiana County, Ohio, and there the parents, Joseph and Mary Fritchman, passed the remainder of their lives. Joseph Fritchman was born and reared in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and at Pittsburgh, that state, he enlisted for service in the Civil war. He proceeded with his command to the front and continued in active service until he was severely wounded in the battle of Gettysburg. He was taken to a military hospital in the City of Philadelphia, and there received his honorable discharge. Mary Hutton, his wife, was also born in Westmoreland County, of Quaker parents, being the eldest daughter in a good old fashioned family of nine children. She was a gracious lady, beloved of all who knew her.

Emerson B. Fritchman was four years of age at the time of the family removal to Columbiana County, Ohio, where he passed his boyhood on the home farm, and he attended the excellent school maintained by the Society of Friends at Winona, as did he later a Friends' school at Westtown, Pennsylvania. As a youth he learned the carpenter's trade at Winona, and for several years he was employed at his trade at Salem, Columbiana County. There he next took a position as patternmaker in the factory of the Buckeye Engine Company, and as a skilled workman at this trade he came to Sebring at the time when this place was made a manufacturing center. In 1902 he here became associated with the pioneer hardware establishment of H. G. Leonard, and with this enterprise he has since continued his active alliance, the while he has contributed much to its development and upbuilding. The establishment is now modern in all equipments and facilities, and a specialty is made of tin and slate roofing, under contract stipulations, and the installing of plumbing and heating plants. From a small inception the business has grown to large proportions, and the company now employs an average force of fifteen men. A large stock of heavy and light hardware is carried, and all departments are under effective management, according to the best modern standards. The business was incorporated in 1918, with a capital stock of $50,000, and under the title of the Leonard Hardware Company. The company owns the building in which its business is conducted and Mr. Leonard has retired from active association, his home being now at Massillon, Stark County. Mr. Fritchman and his family reside on the beautiful old homestead of his father-in-law, the late Capt. John C. Hartzell, to whom a memoir is dedicated on other pages of this work. This home is situated about midway between Sebring and Beloit and is a center of representative social activity, with Mrs. Fritchman as its gracious and popular chatelaine.

June 22, 1898, recorded the marriage of Mr. Fritchman to Miss Lucy Hartzell, whose father, the late Capt. John C. Hartzell, was one of the honored and influential citizens of Mahoning County, and of the two children of this union Frederick died at the age of seven years. The daughter, Mary Louise, has received the best of educational advantages and is a popular factor in the social life of the community.

Daniel Addison Geiger, president of the Western Reserve National Bank of Warren, Ohio, is one of the best known bankers and financiers of the Mahoning Valley. His excellence as a financier, as an administrator and as an organizer of large business interests and his equally high moral repute have brought him into official connection with the direction of probably twenty of the now well established business enterprises of importance to the City of Warren, among the corporations with which he is interested being the Warren Iron and Steel Company, of which he is vice president and director, and the Warren Rubber Company, of which he is director and treasurer. His banking connection with the Western Reserve National Bank goes back to the time of its organization, and for some years prior to that he was in the employ of the Trumbull National Bank, of which the Western Reserve National Bank is the successor; in all, a service of thirty-seven years, during the greater part of which time he has had an important part in the financial, industrial and public activities of the City of Warren. The success of the Western Reserve National Bank has been in no small way the result of Mr. Geiger's developed genius as a financier and executive. The institution and the man have grown together until the one has become one of the strongest of Ohio banks, the other one of the state's most able bankers. Probably no citizen of Warren has exceeded Mr. Geiger in zeal to promote the public welfare. All public movements have had his assistance. Especially was this true during the World war, when he gave up the major part of his time to war work. Generally, it may be stated with assurance that his thirty-seven years of residence in Warren has been beneficial to that city, which has grown more than threefold during that period.

Although Mr. Geiger was not born in the Mahoning Valley he is descended from two of the old families of this section. His paternal grandfather, Jacob Geiger, came from Germantown, Pennsylvania, in about 1845 and settled in Howland Township, Trumbull County. His maternal grandfather, Lambert Camp, came from Allentown, Pennsylvania, in about 1840 and settled in Southington Township, Trumbull County, where his daughter Polly, mother of Daniel Addison Geiger, was born. So that although Mr. Geiger, of Warren, spent the first six or seven years of his life in Michigan, he might almost be claimed as a native of the Mahoning Valley, and certainly as a descendant of a Mahoning Valley family.

Jacob Geiger, grandfather of Daniel A., married in Pennsylvania, and for some time thereafter evidently lived in that state, for Ezekiel, father of Daniel Addison, was born in Germantown, Pennsylvania. Jacob Geiger did not remain in the Mahoning Valley for many years, the record showing that he went with his family into Michigan at about the time his son Ezekiel attained majority, and there Jacob Geiger settled for the remainder of his life. Ezekiel Geiger returned to Trumbull County to marry Polly Camp, daughter of Lambert Camp, of Southington Township, Trumbull County, returning

again to Michigan, and for some years thereafter farming in that state. In 1873 Ezekiel Geiger brought his family back to the Mahoning Valley, and for a while lived in West Farmington, Trumbull County, later moving to Cortland, Trumbull County, subsequently to North Lewisburg, Champaign County, Ohio, and thence to Union City, Pennsylvania. In 1883 the family came again into Ohio, taking up residence in the City of Warren, where Mrs. Polly (Camp) Geiger died in 1911, and her husband, Ezekiel Geiger, two years later.

Daniel Addison Geiger son of Ezekiel and Polly (Camp) Geiger, was born on the parental farm in Calhoun County, Michigan, February 8, 1866. He was about seven years old when his parents returned to Trumbull County and settled at West Farmington. He attended the public schools of West Farmington and Cortland, Trumbull County, Ohio and of North Lewisburg, Champaign County, Ohio, and completed his high school course at Union City, Pennsylvania. After graduating therefrom he entered Mount Union College, Ohio, where he took a special course, graduating in 1883. The day after his graduation from Mount Union he entered the employ of the old Trumbull National Bank of Warren as assistant bookkeeper and collector. When the Trumbull National Bank became the Western Reserve National Bank Mr. Geiger was made bookkeeper of the new bank. His subsequent promotion was steady, and indicated his merit and reliability. He became teller in 1892 and cashier two years later, and as the years passed his official capacity increased in scope and responsibility until on January 1, 1917, he became president of the bank, succeeding Mr. S. W. Park, who had been president for more than a generation. The standing of the Western Reserve National Bank of Warren among the leading banking institutions of Ohio is in great measure due to the efficiency, caution and conservative judgment of Mr. Geiger. His financial operations in behalf of the bank have always been based upon the fundamental principles of safe banking, and his judgment has been clear and logical. Many of the now stable corporations of Warren have had cause to be thankful to Mr. Geiger for his expert assistance in guiding their affairs to solid establishment. As before stated, he is connected with very many of the substantial corporations, industrial mainly, of Warren, among which may be mentioned the following: The Warren Iron & Steel Company, of which he is vice president; the Warren Rubber Company, of which he is treasurer; the American Welding and Manufacturing Company, of which he is treasurer; the Warren Acreage & Investment Company, of which he is treasurer; and the Park View Home Sites Company, of which he is vice president. He is also a director in from fifteen to eighteen other corporations. In state banking circles he is well regarded. He is a member of the Ohio Bankers' Association, and also of the American Bankers' Association, and during the World war was of great service to the Warren committees formed to achieve in Warren and Trumbull County the purposes of the national administration in the vital matter of war loan issues. Mr. Geiger not only proved himself to be whole-heartedly patriotic in this and other war work, but also one of the most helpful of workers. In like degree he has entered into the general affairs of the City of Warren. He was one of the founders of the Warren Board of Trade and has been a director of that trade body since its organization. He is a charter member of the local lodge of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and also of the Warren Rotary Club. Socially he is a member of the Country Club. He is a liberal supporter of religious and charitable institutions.

In 1887 he married Jessie, daughter of Henry O. Frisbee, a merchant of Union City, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Geiger, since she has lived in Warren, has entered much into church, social and community movements, and taken enthusiastic part with the leading and public-spirited women of Warren in the various phases of war work entrusted to patriotic women for acommplishment. Mr. and Mrs. Geiger enjoy unqualified popular esteem in the City of Warren.

Fred Whittlesey Adams. The remarkable growth of Warren during the last decade primarily is due to a number of her citizens who, with faith in the city's future and with unselfish ambition to have a place in that future, have faithfully and consistently labored to promote the development of Warren into one of the progressive cities of the entire country. And among those men is found Fred W. Adams, who for thirty years has been an important factor in the business development of the city, and a vital force in her civic affairs.

Fred W. Adams was born in Warren and his entire life has been spent in this city. He is descended from one of the oldest of American families, one which has been in the Mahoning Valley for five generations, each generation playing its part in the history of the valley, especially in the history of Warren.

Fred Whittlesey Adams is in the eighth generation of American descent from that of the progenitor of the family in America. John Adams, the American grand-ancestor, came over on the ship Fortune, which some records state arrived in Massachusetts Bay prior to the arrival of the Mayflower, but this probably was not so, unless the present available data, which gives the date of the arrival of the Fortune as November 11, 1621, is incorrect, for the Mayflower arrived on December 21, 1620. Still, John Adams was one of the responsible members of the Massachusetts settlement, and was a member of the Council that formed the Incorporation of Plymouth (1633), which was the first compact of self-government entered into by the Pilgrim Fathers. He married Ellen Newton, who came from England in the ship Ann in 1623. He died at Plymouth on October 24, 1633. His widow and their three children removed subsequently to Mansfield, Massachusetts, where she died on December 6, 1681. John Adams was in New England several years before the coming of Henry Adams, progenitor of the American branch to which many famous Americans belonged, including Samuel Adams, one of the leaders of the Revolution, John and John Quincy Adams, presidents of the United States.

James, son of John and Ellen (Newton) Adams, was born at Plymouth, Massachusetts, June 10, 1826. He married Frances, daughter of William Vassale,

of Scituate, Massachusetts, who was a son of John Vassale, alderman of the City of London, England, who in 1583, at his own expense, fitted out and commanded two ships of war, and himself joined the royal navy to oppose the Spanish Armada.

Richard Adams, second son of James and Frances (Vassale) Adams, was born April 19, 1651. He married Rebecca, daughter of Robert Davis, of Sudbury, Massachusetts. Richard removed to Norwich, Connecticut, of which he was one of the early proprietors. He was the soldier of that name who was wounded in the "Great Swamp Fight with the Narraganset Indians," December 9, 1675. He died August 24, 1738.

William, youngest son of Richard and Rebecca (Davis) Adams, was born at Sudbury, Massachusetts, January 19, 1690. He married Susannah, daughter of David Woodward, and died August 1, 1727.

Phineas, son of William and Susannah (Woodward) Adams, was born at Norwich, Connecticut, September 7, 1726. He married Lydia Fitch, born January 30, 1734, daughter of Colonel Jabez Fitch and granddaughter of William Bradford, second governor of the Plymouth colony. Phineas died January 7, 1779.

Asahel, son of Phineas and Lydia (Fitch) Adams, was born at Canterbury, Connecticut. He was a soldier of the Revolution, enlisted in the Seventh Regiment of the Connecticut Line at Norwich May 5, 1777, was transferred to the Guards April 1, 1778, served until the termination of hostilities, and was discharged May 5, 1781. He was with General Washington at Valley Forge, was at the Crossing of the Deleware, and at the battle of Trenton. The records of the Connecticut Land Company show that on November 17, 1795, there was conveyed to Asahel and Jabez Adams, Moses Cleveland and three others one township, five square miles, and twenty-eight lots in the Western Reserve, which land was in Trumbull County, Ohio, and part of which is still in the possession of the Adams family. In 1800 Asahel Adams located at Girard, Ohio. He married Olive Avery at Canterbury, Connecticut. She died on April 21, 1813, and five years later he married Olive Mansfield.

Asael, son of Asahel and Olive (Avery) Adams, was born in Canterbury, Connecticut, July 9, 1786. He was a school teacher in Cleveland during the winter of 1806-07; in 1811 he carried the United States mail between Greenburg, Pennsylvania, and Warren, Ohio, by way of Youngstown; and in 1812-13, during the period of the war with England, he carried the Federal mail between Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and Cleveland, Ohio. In 1814 he became established in a general store business in Warren, and for more than half a century was one of the leading merchants of Warren. He was a director of the old Western Reserve Bank, and in 1828 was one of the organizers and eventually a stockholder of the Warren and Ashtabula Turnpike Company. Five years later he was among those instrumental in promoting the Ohio and Pennsylvania Canal. He comes prominently into civic records of Warren, for he was in 1834 a member of the first common council of Warren. He was a capitalist of sincere public spirit, and was a benefactor of the First Presbyterian Church of Warren, and also of the Western Reserve College at Hudson, Ohio. He died in 1852, aged sixty-eight years. His wife, Lucy Mygatt, whom he had married on March 20, 1814, lived a widowhood of thirty-three years, her demise not occurring until March 8, 1885, she having reached her ninety-first year. She was born at Danbury, Connecticut, July 28, 1794, daughter of Comfort S. and Lucy (Knapp) Mygatt, who came into Ohio in 1807, settling in that year at Canfield, Mahoning County.

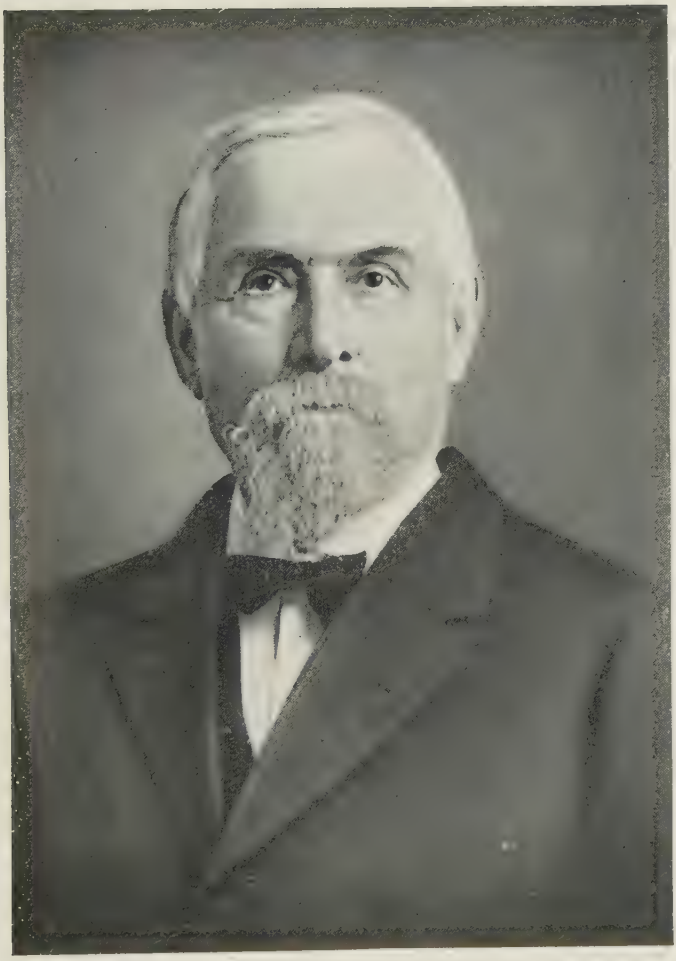
Whittlesey, son of Asael and Lucy (Mygatt) Adams, was born in Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, on November 26, 1829, and died June 26, 1916. His father being well-circumstanced, he was afforded a superior education, attending the Western Reserve College, and later entering Yale College, from which he graduated with the class of '57. He was admitted to the legal bar in 1860. Prior to entering Yale College he had to some extent entered into commercial affairs; from 1849 until October, 1852, he was a clerk in the Warren postoffice, and after graduating from Yale he again took up civil service, being clerk of the Probate Court of Trumbull County, Ohio, from October, 1858, until April, 1860. In 1864 he was appointed by President Lincoln paymaster, with the military rank of major, but did not qualify. Like his father, he also took a prominent part in the affairs of Warren and Trumbull County; he was school examiner of Trumbull County from 1859 to 1868; was one of the three examiners of Western Reserve College in 1867; was president of the Philozetian Society of that college from 1853 to 1855; and also was one of the benefactors of that institution. In 1859-60, he was secretary-treasurer of the Warren and Lake Erie Plank Road Company. From 1865 to 1869 he was a member of the then well known dry goods house of McCombs, Smiths and Adams of Warren. His main business effort, however, was in the development of the Adams Insurance Agency, which he established in 1857, and with which he remained identified until his death. The agency he then established is still in active operation, in fact is still the largest insurance business in Trumbull County. Whittlesey Adams, however, had several other business interests in Warren and other places. He was a benefactor of the Warren Presbyterian Church, a member of the Western Reserve Historical Society of Cleveland, member of the Society of Sons of the American Revolution, and of the Society of Sons of Colonial Wars. He was a trustee of the Independence Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Warren, and a member of the Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons. On May 19, 1864, Whittlesey Adams married Margaret, daughter of the late Charles Smith, of Warren. The latter was born at Glens Falls, New York, settled in the Mahoning Valley in 1811, and was for many years one of the business leaders in Warren, Ohio, He was one of the builders and for many years a director of the Cleveland and Mahoning Railway, was one of the incorporators and subsequently president of the Trumbull National Bank, which now is known as the Western Reserve National Bank. He married Ann Eliza Scott, born in Warren in 1813, daughter of James Scott, who came from Washington County, Pennsylvania, to

Warren in 1803. The antecedents of Fred Whittlesey Adams of Warren are therefore closely connected with the history of the Mahoning Valley since its pioneer days, as well as with the establishment of the first New England colony.

Fred Whittlesey Adams, son of Whittlesey and Margaret (Smith) Adams, was born in Warren on February 28, 1868. He was educated in the public schools of Warren, and when twenty-one years old became associated with his father in the operation of the Adams Insurance Agency. He has continued to be identified with that business since that time, and since 1911, when the business took corporate scope, under the name of The Adams Insurance Agency Company, he has been its secretary and treasurer. He is a man of optimistic spirit and much initiative, has since early manhood interested himself actively in the public affairs of his native city, and has long been among the leading business men of the city. His estimable standing in moral and material integrity and as a conservative man of sound business ability has brought him into association with many important corporations of Warren, including the Second National Bank, of which he is vice president. For many years he has been a director of the Warren Board of Trade, and one of its most active workers for the increase in prosperity of the city, and he has also been an active member of the Warren Rotary Club, which body has of recent years taken increasing part in movements that promise benefit or industrial advantage to the city. Socially he is a member of the Masonic and Country clubs; and fraternally he is a member of the Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and also of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templars. One of Mr. Adams' most creditable activities has been his indefatigable co-operation with the work of the Red Cross and other local patriotic committees during the progress of the World war. He is a director of the Red Cross Society, and was county chairman of the Civilian Relief and Home Service Committee of that organization. He also participated in almost all other phases of war work in his district, personally subscribing to the limit of his resources to the various funds established by the national administration for the proper prosecution of the war, in the success of which Mr. Adams was so vitally interested, having given his two sons to the nation for military service. Fortunately he was destined to have both sons eventually returned to him without serious hurt, but after strenuous service in France. Mr. Adams married Olive Palmiter, who was born in Illinois, daughter of Luther and Sarah (Bailey) Palmiter. They have two children. Norman Whittlesey, who was born February 2, 1894, was educated at the Western Reserve College and at Yale University, and during the war, 1918-19, was attached to the Aviation branch of the United States Army. He is now associated with his father in business, being vice president of the Adams Insurance Agency Company. Fred Dean, who was born in Warren, Ohio, August 5, 1895, and was educated in the Warren schools and at Colgate University. He was among those first called into national service, September 17, 1917, under the selective draft, and was fortunate enough to eventually cross the ocean as a member of the American Expeditionary Forces. He was promoted to the grade of corporal, and was in the St. Mihiel major battle, September 14, 1918, during which he was wounded and gassed. While lying wounded on the field he noticed a German gunner endeavor to bring a machine gun into operation in the rear of the advancing American troops. That man he shot. For several months thereafter he was in hospital, not being able to rejoin his regiment until January 22, 1919. He served with the Army of Occupation in Germany, and was in July, 1919, honorably discharged from a meritorious service.

Robert Weasner. The Village of Berlin Center, Mahoning County, claims Mr. Weasner as one of its venerable retired citizens, and he was a child at the time when his parents established their residence in this county, which has represented his home during the long intervening period of nearly eighty years. Here he was reared and educated under the conditions that marked the middle-pioneer period of the county's history, and from this county he went forth as a gallant young soldier of the Union when the Civil war was precipitated on the nation. As a citizen he has ever commanded unqualified popular esteem, and prior to his retirement he had been for many years actively identified with farm industry in Mahoning County.

Mr. Weasner was born in Hardeston Township, Sussex County, New Jersey, December 31, 1836, and in the same state were born his parents, William and Mahala (Boyd) Weasner. In the autumn of 1841, when the subject of this review was about five years old, the family came to Ohio and joined Robert Weasner, a brother of William, who had established his home near the present dam of Lake Milton in Milton Township, Mahoning County. A part of the old farm of Robert Weasner is now covered by the waters of the lake mentioned, this being virtually an artificial body of water. Here Robert Weasner passed the remainder of his life, and in the same township his brother William secured a pioneer farm, near the old Vaughn Cemetery and on the west side of the Mahoning River, a part of this farm likewise being now covered by Lake Milton. William Weasner, a man of energy, good judgment and high integrity, developed and improved his farm and became one of the prosperous exponents of agricultural enterprise in the county. In addition to his original homestead he became the owner of another farm, of 105 acres, and this tract is now a part of Lake Milton. On the old home farm William Weasner died at the venerable age of seventy-eight years, and the remains of himself and his wife rest in the Vaughn Cemetery. Both were active members of the Baptist Church at Newton Falls, Trumbull County, about nine miles distant from their home. Mrs. Weasner survived her husband by several years and was more than eighty years of age at the time of her death, the names of both meriting high place on the roll of the sterling pioneers of Mahoning County. John P. Simpson and Henry Winfield, who married sisters of William and Robert Weasner, came to Mahoning County about the same time as the Weasner brothers, and all settled in the same neighborhood. Following is a brief record concerning the children of William



Robert Keasner

and Mahala Weasner: Susan, who became the wife of J. H. Vaughn, died in middle life; Rebecca became the wife of Leonitus Carson and was a resident of Kansas at the time of her death; Robert, of this review, was the next in order of birth; William, who died in June, 1862, at Tuscumbia, Alabama, was at the time in service as a member of Company D, Nineteenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, in which command he enlisted at the beginning of the Civil war; James is still a resident of Milton Township; Margaret became the wife of William Dietz and died at Newton Falls; Susan is the wife of J. H. Vaughn; Sarah is the wife of Moses McClure, of Newton Falls; Hanna, wife of John VanWinkle, of Milton Township, died in 1919; Jeffrey died in young manhood; Lois died at the age of sixteen years; Grace, wife of Addison Cronk, resides at Canfield, Ohio; Horace, who married Mary Eckes, is a retired farmer residing at Garrettsville, Portage County.

As before stated, Robert Weasner was reared to manhood in Mahoning County, where he early gained full fellowship with the arduous work of the pioneer farm. On the 5th of March, 1857, he wedded Miss Rachel Best, of Berlin Township, and they established their modest home in the little village of Frederick, on the Mahoning River and also on the old stage line between Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and Ravenna, Ohio, the village mentioned having been in those days a place of not a little business importance, though now its site is mostly covered by Lake Milton. The village had, however, practically disappeared before the construction of the lake was instituted. When the dark cloud of Civil war cast its pall over the national horizon Mr. Weasner responded to the call of patriotism, though this implied his leaving his young wife and sacrificing much in a business sense. He enlisted in 1861 as a private in Company D, Nineteenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, of which his brother William likewise became a member, as did also Josiah Vaughn, John Davis, Walter Vaughn, Harvey McCollums, Wallace Shoemaker and two other young men of the same neighborhood in Mahoning County. The command proceeded to Louisville, Kentucky, and thereafter lived up to the full tension of the conflict on southern battlefields. The regiment was with Sherman's forces on the historic march from Atlanta to the sea, but physical disability led to the discharge of Robert Weasner after he had been in service only a few months. He continued with his regiment until it was found necessary to send him to a hospital, and his condition thereafter was such as to render him ineligible for further field service, on which account he was given his honorable discharge. In later years he has signalized his continued interest in his old comrades by maintaining affiliation with the Grand Army of the Republic.

After the completion of his military career and his return home Mr. Weasner opened a general store at Frederick, but after conducting the same about eight months he purchased a farm which included nearly all of this old-time village, together with the sites of the old taverns that had been popular stopping-places on the pioneer stage route. The landed estate which he thus acquired comprised about 400 acres and included the old farms of Frederick Byers and Peter H. Bean. In addition to giving his personal supervision to his own farm property Mr. Weasner also operated a farm of 172 acres belonging to his wife's father. On the Byers farm, near the old village of Frederick, he erected new buildings and made other improvements indicative of his progressiveness, and later 148 acres of his valuable landed estate were requisitioned in connection with the formation of Lake Milton, the waters of which now cover this area. The remainder of the land Mr. Weasner has given to his children, the Bean farm, of 150 acres, having been given to his daughter Leeta A., the wife of Charles Kline. The remainder of his old farm estate is now owned by his granddaughter, Iva Lulu Barringer. His wife inherited the old farm of her father, and this property likewise is now owned by their daughter, Mrs. Kline. Mrs. Rachel (Best) Weasner was summoned to eternal rest in 1906. Of the three children, Alva H., who died at the age of twenty-nine years, was graduated in a medical college at Cleveland, and at the time of his death was associated in practice with Doctor Hughes at Berlin Center; Maud died at the age of nine years; and Leeta is the wife of Charles Kline, of Berlin Center. In 1911 Mr. Weasner married Theda Porter, who was born in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, and they have a pleasant home in the Village of Berlin Center, no children having been born of this union.

Mr. Weasner continued for more than half a century as a successful exponent of agricultural and live-stock industry in Mahoning County, and since his retirement he has made a specialty of extending mortgages on farms in connection with other financial transactions and interests. He served fifteen years as a justice of the peace in Milton Township, and later was elected to the same office in Berlin Township, an office which he retained until his resignation. He has ever been an advocate of the basic principles of the democratic party, and was at one time a candidate for county commissioner, meeting defeat with the rest of the democratic ticket in that election. He is not so constrained by partisanship that he will not vote for a candidate on an opposing party ticket if he considers that candidate the more worthy. As a youth of sixteen years Mr. Weasner became a member of the Disciples or Christian Church, and later he united with the Lutheran Church at New Berlin. He served thirty years as Sunday School superintendent, and developed a school of about 300 members. He has always been zealous in Sunday School service, and has made an admirable record as a teacher in this important field of church work. He has been prominent and influential also in connection with the work of the Grange or Patrons of Husbandry, his enthusiastic service having contributed much to the success of the organization in his county. As a stock grower he made a specialty of raising beef cattle of the best grade, particularly the Shorthorn type, and he was distinctly successful also in the raising of Plymouth Rock poultry. He was deputy organizer of Granges and has delivered many public addresses in connection with Grange work and the furtherance of advanced

standards in agricultural and live-stock industry. A man of high ideals and marked ability, Mr. Weasner has been a leader in community thought and action, and as the shadows of his life lengthen from the golden west he is placed "where every prospect pleases" and where he is assured of the confidence and high regard of all who know him.

EDWARD E. KLOOZ, vice president and general manager of the Portage Silica Company, Youngstown, was born at Cleveland, Ohio, April 30, 1868. He was educated in the schools of his native city and at Case School of Applied Science, graduating from the latter institution in 1891. He had specialized in chemistry, and spent a year in the iron industry, being connected with the mines on Gogebic Range. He then entered the analytical laboratory of the Grasselli Chemical Company, remaining with that concern until 1897, at which time he became connected with the Bronson Portland Cement Company in his professional character of analytical chemist.

In 1898 Mr. Klooz came to the Mahoning Valley, and for eleven years was superintendent of the cement plant of the Brier Hill Iron & Coal Company. In 1909 he was chosen as general manager of the Portage Silica Company, in which capacity he has continued until the present time. In 1915 Mr. Klooz became a vice president of the latter company, which is now among the leading producers of special grades of sand and road building material in this part of the country.

JAMES W. BIGGERS. Several of the best residential sections of Warren have been opened and developed through the efforts of James W. Biggers, familiarly known as "Jimmie," and of the firm of J. W. Biggers & Son, and he has not confined his effective operations to real estate, but has branched out into other fields of activity.

James W. Biggers was born in the City of Ottawa, Canada, on January 15, 1853, a son of William H. and Mary (Stewart) Biggers, both natives of the same city. The paternal grandfather, Isaac Bigger, as the name was then spelled, was a native of the north of Ireland, where he was married. He became a pioneer of Ottawa, Canada, settling there when it was known as Byetown, having been named in honor of General Bye, an English officer. The maternal grandfather, James Stewart, was also born in the north of Ireland, where he was married, and he, too, came to Ottawa, Canada. The Stewarts, however, were of Scotch origin.

William H. Biggers was a tanner by trade, and in 1864 he came to Niles, Ohio, from Canada, and worked in the steel mills. In 1871 he came to Warren and was employed in the old flax mills. He continued to reside at Warren until his death, which occurred in 1901, when he was about seventy-three years old, his wife having passed away in 1891.

In 1868 James W. Biggers came to Warren, three years prior to the removal of the family to this city, and spent about three years in the employ of the Austin House, then the leading hotel between Cleveland and Pittsburgh. Leaving the hotel business, Mr. Biggers became news agent on the Franklin branch of the old Atlantic & Great Western Railroad, his run being between Meadville and Oil City, Pennsylvania. Returning to Warren, he learned the carriage trimming trade and worked at it for ten years, for Drennan & Sons, the then leading carriage manufacturers of Warren, and since 1885 he has been in active business for himself. In 1903 Mr. Biggers became interested in real estate, and embarked in his present business, he and his son William J. forming the firm of J. W. Biggers & Son, which still continues. This firm has opened and developed the Homewood Avenue Allotment, and the Columbia Circle Allotment, both splendid residential sections, and in the latter the firm has built altogether fifty homes.

Mr. Biggers has other interests and is a director of the Warren Board of Trade, of which he is a charter member, and for many years has been active in public matters. For four years he served on the Board of Public Service of Warren, and in 1910 he was a member of the Board of Tax Appraisers under the Smith "one per cent" law. Mr. Biggers belongs to Warren Lodge No. 29, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; to Trumbull Encampment No. 147, and to the Canton at Warren, since the latter's organization. He is also a member of Warren Lodge of Elks, No. 295. He is a member of the Episcopal Church.

The first wife of Mr. Biggers bore the maiden name of Ellen Black, and she was a daughter of William and Jessie Black of Cotbridge, Scotland. The first Mrs. Biggers died in 1898, leaving three daughters, namely: Jessie M., who married D. A. McArthur, of Winnipeg, Canada; Minnie, who married William A. Spill, of Warren, an attorney-at-law now residing at Pasadena, California; and Elizabeth, who married Frank M. Levens, of Chicago, Illinois. In August, 1899, Mr. Biggers was married to Mrs. Sarah J. (Biggin) Wolford, widow of John Wolford and daughter of William H. and Emily Biggin, of Vernon, Ohio. Mr. Biggin died in April, 1918. By her first marriage Mrs. Biggers had two sons: Louis Wolford, who lives at Vernon, Ohio, married Beatrice Reed, a daughter of Charles Reed, of Vernon, and they have one son, William R.; and William J., junior member of the firm of J. W. Biggers & Son, who married Ellen, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Loveless, of Warren.

RAY Y. CLIFF, treasurer and general manager of the Saxon China Company, secretary of the French China Company, and director of the Strong Manufacturing Company, all of Sebring, is one of the leading business men of that place, and one of the principal executives of the vast pottery interests developed in that part of Ohio by the Sebring family. His biography shows that he is a man of superior academic attainments and varied experience, and that he is a man of high moral principle, and, holding as he does important business appointments, he must be a business executive of proven ability.

He was born in New Richmond, Wisconsin, March 21, 1884, the son of a merchant of that place, and he was afforded a good education, which culminated in his gaining the baccalaureate degree at Lawrence University, Appleton, Wisconsin, from which university he graduated with the class of 1907. He appears to have early evidenced the possession of a fervent religious inclination, and for

James W. Biggers

Ray Cliff

four years after graduating he used his talents to further religious teaching and evangelical work throughout the country. During that time he associated with Evangelist Biederwolf, acting as his secretary and pianist, and it was while he was in such work that he became acquainted with Miss Hazel Sebring, daughter of O. H. Sebring, of Sebring, Ohio. That acquaintance was destined to greatly influence his life; it brought him to Sebring in February, 1911, and was the fundamental cause of his introduction then to the pottery interests of the Sebring family. His four years of executive and organizing work in the evangelistic field while essentially different from executive work of industrial enterprises was not without value as a training for business life, and when he was appointed secretary of the French China Company of Sebring he soon demonstrated good qualities as an executive. He was reliable, conscientious and capable; was of that type which seeks to know more than the superficial. He was not content with an ability to satisfactorily carry through matters of office routine entrusted to him for execution; he entered the shops, resolved to master the details of manufacture. And in course of time the company had sufficient confidence in his knowledge of factory operation to appoint him factory manager as well as secretary. In October, 1911, he married Hazel Sebring, and thus became even more closely associated with the affairs of the Sebring family. On January 1, 1917, when the present owners purchased the Saxon China Company of Sebring, Mr. Cliff was selected general manager of the company, and also elected to the directorate and made treasurer, although retaining his corporate connection with the French China Company. The Strong Manufacturing Company was later organized, and Mr. Cliff is on its directorate, but that company has no connection with the other two companies with which Mr. Cliff is identified.

The affairs of the Saxon China Company and the French China Company over which he has supervision as general manager and treasurer of one and as secretary of the other are affairs of consequence, which will be realized when it is stated that each of the enterprises find constant employment for about 300 people, and annually produce pottery approximating $1,000,000 in value. And Mr. Cliff's methods of supervision have been such as to bring him the respect of the employes as well as of the employers.

In civic and communal affairs, and especially in church activities, Mr. Cliff has been much interested. He is a steward of the local Methodist Episcopal Church, and he and his wife are constantly active in social functions in the neighborhood, and especially in those of religious or sacred purpose. Mrs. Cliff, who is a graduate of Mittelberger's Academy, Cleveland, has taken a leading part in women's activities in Sebring and in Alliance, which is four miles distant, and during the World war did much effective work in the home sector in connection with the local Red Cross and other phases of women's war work. The Cliff home is one of Sebring's most desirable residences, and both Mr. and Mrs. Cliff are socially popular and hospitably inclined. They have three children, two daughters and a son, the children in order of birth being Harriet Elizabeth, Martha Jane and Oliver Sebring.

Fraternally Mr. Cliff is a Mason and a member of the Alliance Commandery of Knights Templar, Alliance, Ohio. He is generally well-regarded in the Sebring district, and has shown helpful, elevating citizenship.

Henry O. Bonnell was born in Newlay, Yorkshire, England, January 11, 1839, and died at Youngstown, January 16, 1893. He had been from 1875 forward the most conspicuous figure in the iron industry at Youngstown, during that period one of the most important iron centers in the world. In addition to this Mr. Bonnell had been associated with so many other local enterprises and had given so much of his time and ability to the public interest that he was probably the most widely known and certainly one of the most popular citizens of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Bonnell came to this country with his parents in 1841, when he was two years of age. His father, William Bonnell, was a practical ironworker and a man of more than ordinary ability. After residing for a short time at Pittsburgh, Connellsville and New Castle in turn, he took his family to Youngstown in 1855. Here the same year he formed a partnership with others and took over the old and at that time idle mill of the Youngstown Rolling Mill Company. The son attended school for one term and then entered the mill, being at that time sixteen years of age. He learned the practical side of the business and fitted himself to take his father's place, which he did when death called the elder Bonnell in 1875. The Brown, Bonnell & Company partnership was that year formed into a corporation under the same name, and Mr. Bonnell was made vice president. He was, however, the real head of the enterprise and under his management it became one of the most important and widely known iron works in the world.

In 1879 a group of capitalists headed by Herbert C. Ayer acquired control of the Brown, Bonnell & Company corporation by purchasing a majority of the stock. Henry O. Bonnell did not approve of the sale and he and others contested in court for the controlling power, but Ayer and his associates were able to hold on. After the case was decided Henry O. Bonnell headed a group of local capitalists who purchased the Valley Mill on Cran Creek and put it into operation. In 1886 this company was chartered and Henry O. Bonnell made president, and he managed the plant from that time until his death, which was due to overwork and a complication of diseases resulting from this.

At the time of his death Henry O. Bonnell was president of the Mahoning & Shenango Valley Manufacturers' Association, in which he had been one of the moving spirits from the time of its organization; president of the Mahoning National Bank; president of the Hubbard Rolling Mill Company; director in the Ohio Steel Company, the Lakeside Nail Company and the First National Bank of Youngstown.

Those who recall Henry O. Bonnell describe him personally as of a type of men of whom each generation has produced one or more in the Mahoning Valley. He was a most genial character, although very modest and quiet in his manner. His ability and

judgment were such that his advice was sought on all kinds of questions, and in the midst of untiring work in the upbuilding of his business he always found time to do something for the good of the community.

It was largely because of the great ability and foresight of Henry O. Bonnell that the works of Brown, Bonnell & Company grew to their large importance. He was always able to see the advantage of extensions on a large scale and had the vision necessary for establishing the business on a firm basis and laying the foundation for the future of the industry in this locality. He will have a place in local history as one of the great captains of industry in his time and will be remembered as a genial friend by hundreds to whom his democratic disposition and generous nature endeared him.

Judge William Rayen was one of the most noted among the early citizens of Youngstown. He was generally known as Colonel Rayen or Judge Rayen, and was entitled to both appellations, as we shall presently see.

William Rayen was born October 21, 1776, in Kent County, Maryland. He came to Youngstown in 1802 and opened a hostelry known as Rayen's Tavern. This he conducted until 1812, having in the meantime started a store, which, with farming, occupied his attention until about 1837. He prospered in both of the last named occupations, and became one of the most popular and progressive citizens in the village. Part of the time he was in partnership in the mercantile business with James Mackey, but for the greater part of the time conducted his business alone. He is recalled as a man who was always able to see ahead and to advise anyone who consulted him, as well as one who was always eager to assist any man who deserved assistance and justified his confidence. It is a matter of record that he had a large part in the development of the coal industry in the valley, chiefly through help which he extended to Governor David Tod when the latter first undertook this task, and there were many others among the earlier financiers who owed to him a part at least of their success, because of timely aid rendered them.

Colonel Rayen took an active interest in public affairs from the beginning of his residence in Youngstown. The first town meeting was held at his inn, and he served in a number of minor offices. In 1804 he was township treasurer; in 1805, township clerk, which office he held intermittently for years. His title of Colonel was won by his command of the First Regiment, Third Brigade, Fourth Division, Ohio Militia, at the head of which he went to the western frontier in 1812. From 1818 to 1839 he was postmaster of Youngstown, and kept the office at his store on West Federal Street. During a part of this time he served as justice of the peace, and on August 27, 1820, he was appointed by Governor Ethan Allen Brown an associate judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Trumbull County, an incident to which he owes the title of judge, by which he was best known among his friends. In 1840 Judge Rayen was elected by the Legislature a member of the Board of Public Works at Columbus.

Judge Rayen was among the first purchasers of land from John Young and secured one of the "out lots" laid out for farms. He cultivated this during most of the remainder of his life and took much interest in the development of agriculture. He was one of the organizers of the first agricultural society in Trumbull County, which seems to have been the first of its kind in Ohio. He was one of the promoters of the Ohio-Pennsylvania Canal and served on the board as a director. Likewise he was one of the men who helped to build the Cleveland & Mahoning Railroad, and was among the original stockholders. There was no movement, social, political or financial, in the struggling young community in which Judge Rayen did not have a part, and he was, because of his good sense, geniality and popularity, possessed of influence far beyond his means, although he was considered wealthy at his death, which occurred in 1856, at the ripe age of eighty years. One of the institutions enjoying the benefit of his wise counsel in its early days and still flourishing is the Mahoning National Bank of Youngstown, in which he was one of the directors when it was organized in 1850, and also its president during the remainder of his life.

Judge Rayen seems to have had a large influence on the life of the Village of Youngstown, as would be natural when we consider his varied public and personal activities. It is said that he knew every man, woman and child in the town by name until the time when the building of the canal, the opening of coal mines and other activities brought an influx of strangers. It is related of him, also, that he respected and encouraged all forms of public worship, even though he was not himself a communicant of any church. And he has left a striking testimony to his breadth of mind in the provision made in his will for the founding of a school for the higher education of children in Youngstown. Always an advocate of education, he devoted the greater part of his wealth to providing a school for the children of others, since he was himself childless. This document contains a clause reading as follows:

"As this school is designed for the benefit of all youth of the township, without regard to religious denominations or differences, and that none may be excluded for such or the like reasons or grounds, I hereby prohibit the teaching therein of the peculiar religious tenets or doctrines of any denomination or sect whatever; at the same time I enjoin that no others be employed as teachers than those of good moral character and habits."

Details concerning the establishment of Rayen High School are given in the chapter dealing with educational activities in Youngstown. It may be said here that this institution is a splendid monument to a man whose generosity, liberality and foresight were forward of his time. It is a great honor of itself to have been the first man in a community like Youngstown to set the example of devoting personal wealth to the public good, a practice which in this country seems to be growing much more rapidly among those who have acquired great wealth by their own efforts than ever was the case in Europe, or even in America, for that matter. It is an equally great honor to have been among the first in a new community to definitely and effectively declare for the liberality of spirit which has come to be one of the marks of progress and intelligence in any community, but which was not always regarded in that light.

There are not many people now living who can recall the genial faced, white-haired old gentleman known as Judge Rayen, but his memory will always be kept green by the school in which successive generations of youth acquire the blessing of higher education amid traditions which make this institution one of which any city might justly be proud.

Evan E. Thomas One of the worthy citizens, efficient public officials and deservedly popular men of the Mahoning Valley is Evan E. Thomas who is serving his second term as sheriff of Trumbull County and is the nominee of the republican party for re-election (September, 1920.)

Mr. Thomas is a native of the Mahoning Valley. He was born on the Thomas farm in Liberty Township, Trumbull County, on January 1, 1877, the son of William J. and Anna (Williams) Thomas, both natives of South Wales, where the father was born in 1835 and the mother in 1838.

William J. Thomas worked in the coal mines of South Wales until 1869, and in that year he came to the United States and located at Crab Creek (now in the city limits of Youngstown), and worked in the different mines of the Youngstown district for many years, making his home on his farm in Liberty Township. Late in life he retired from active work and removed to the City of Niles, where he died in 1911. His wife preceded him to the grave, she dying in Niles in 1904.

Evan E. Thomas came to Warren in 1892 and began an apprenticeship at the blacksmith's trade in the shop of the late Henry A. Strong, for whom he worked, as apprentice and journeyman, for six years without losing a day from his work.

In 1899 Mr. Thomas and his brothers, William J. and David W., formed a partnership and engaged in general blacksmithing in Niles. In 1914 Evan E. was elected sheriff of Trumbull County on the republican ticket; in 1916 he was nominated for re-election, but was defeated and rejoined his brothers in business at Niles. It has long been the custom in Trumbull County to reward a faithful and efficient official with re-election; and as there had never been any question raised as to Mr. Thomas' faithfulness and efficiency, he decided to see vindication in 1918, and was renominated at the primaries and elected at the regular election, and served out his second term with such satisfaction to all concerned that in 1920 he was renominated, leading the republican ticket at the primary election, by an increased majoriy.

Mr. Thomas is a member of Mahoning Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Falcon Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Niles Lodge, Knights of Pythias, the Red Men and Royal Arcanum, all of Niles City.

On August 27, 1914, Mr. Thomas was united in marriage with Anna Evans, daughter of John E. and Anna Evans, of Niles, Ohio. Both Mr. and Mrs. Thomas are members of Niles Methodist Episcopal Church.

Jonathan Warner was one of the pioneers in the blast furnace industry of the Mahoning Valley. He was born at Oaks Corners, New York, February 8, 1808, and died at Youngstown, Ohio, April 18, 1895. He was a partner in the construction and operation of the first bituminous coal furnace in the valley except that at Lowellville, this being the Eagle at Brier Hill, and later erected two other furnaces at Mineral Ridge, where the successful use of black band ore was first accomplished on a large scale.

It is probable, however, that the most far reaching activity of Jonathan Warner was in the development of the Lake Superior ore region, from which more than 68,000,000 tons of ore are now mined annually, and on which depends almost the entire iron and steel industry of the United States, 64 per cent of the ores smelted in American furnaces having come from this region in 1918. Mr. Warner was one of the first men to foresee the tremendous development of the demand for iron and steel in this country and likewise among the first to realize that the limited supply available in this locality could last for but a short time. He was interested in the Mesabi Range before any ore from that range had been brought down the lakes, and used to go there when the Indians were the only persons who knew the location of iron mines. He was the first president of the Republic Ore Mining Company, the first to make shipment down the lakes a success. His efforts to enlist capital in the opening of the Lake Superior region met with many difficulties, as in that early day it was difficult to convince practical business men that iron ore could be transported 1,000 miles without exorbitant expense, but he persisted and was rewarded before his death in seeing the Marquette, Menominee, Gogebic, Vermilion, Mesabi, Michipicoten and Baraboo ranges all shipping ore down the lakes and supplying every furnace between the Alleghany Mountains and the Mississippi River.

Jonathan Warner was the progenitor of the Warner family whose members have been so conspicuous in the iron and steel industries of the Mahoning Valley for three generations. He was the grandfather of Jonathan Warner, president of the Trumbull Steel Company and one of the leading figures in the industry at this time.

Reuben McMillan. Among Youngstown educators of both old and modern days there is one who always stands foremost in the minds of the greatest number. Mention of his name awakens only the fondest recollections in the mind of any Youngstown person past the age of two score years who received his or her education in the public schools here.

Reuben McMillan was born at Canfield on October 7, 1820, his father being a native of New Jersey and his mother a native of Cumberland County, Pennsylvania. His early educational opportunities were limited, but he received some instruction in the township schools and by private tuition until thirteen years of age, when he began to learn the trade of harness making. He remained at this work for four years, but his inclinations were in another direction, and at seventeen he determined to obtain a better education. Even while working at his trade he studied Latin and other academic branches, pursuing this study and algebra and geometry, at home in the evenings after his day's work was done.

In 1837 he became a teacher in the rural schools, obtaining in this manner sufficient funds to permit him to pursue an academic course. From 1839 to

1843 he studied at a private academy, and in the latter year was named assistant to the principal of the academy. While teaching he also studied and continued to advance in his chosen profession. In 1849 he was elected superintendent of the public schools of Hanoverton, Columbiana County, and after a short stay there was made superintendent of schools at Lisbon, then New Lisbon, county seat of the same county. Failing health compelled him to give up this position, and he returned to Canfield, where he lived on a farm and taught a private academy during the winter until 1853, when he was engaged as superintendent of the Youngstown schools. In 1855 he accepted a similar position at Salem, remaining there until 1861, when he was again retained to head the Youngstown schools. His stay this time was for six years, but in 1867 his health again failed. In that year he was offered the superintendency of the Cleveland schools, but was unable to accept this offer.

His health restored by five years' retirement, Mr. McMillan was again called to the position of superintendent of the Youngstown schools in 1872, holding the position on this occasion until 1886. It was just thirty-three years prior to this that he had first accepted the Youngstown superintendency, and for twenty-two years of this period the schools here were under his charge.

It was not mere length of service, however, that endeared Youngstown school pupils and Youngstown men and women of mature years to Reuben McMillan. Blessed with great ability, he was also one of the kindliest of men, tender, considerate, devoted to his work and caring little for personal gain. The poorer children of the schools were the object of his special solicitude. His beauty of countenance of itself stamped him as one of nature's noblemen. He was a tutor by example as well as precept, living the God-fearing life that he encouraged in the youth of Youngstown. In religion he was a Presbyterian, and for some years was an elder in the old First Church here.

The Youngstown school library was built up largely through the efforts of Superintendent McMillan, and in 1880 he was one of the incorporators of the Youngstown Library Association. It was due to his deep interest in this work that the Youngstown Public Library was made the Reuben McMillan Public Library when the library association was reorganized in 1897. It is a tribute rarely paid a man that he was thus honored before his death, and it was a still more rare tribute that was paid him when the present library building was named in his honor. Usually this distinction goes to the person whose financial assistance makes a public building possible. Reuben McMillan had labored for love of others and love of his work and acquired little competence in his almost four score years of life, but in this instance golden deeds were given preference over offerings of gold, and even though a great philanthropist subscribed liberally to the library fund the building bears the name of Youngstown's beloved educator of more than a generation ago.

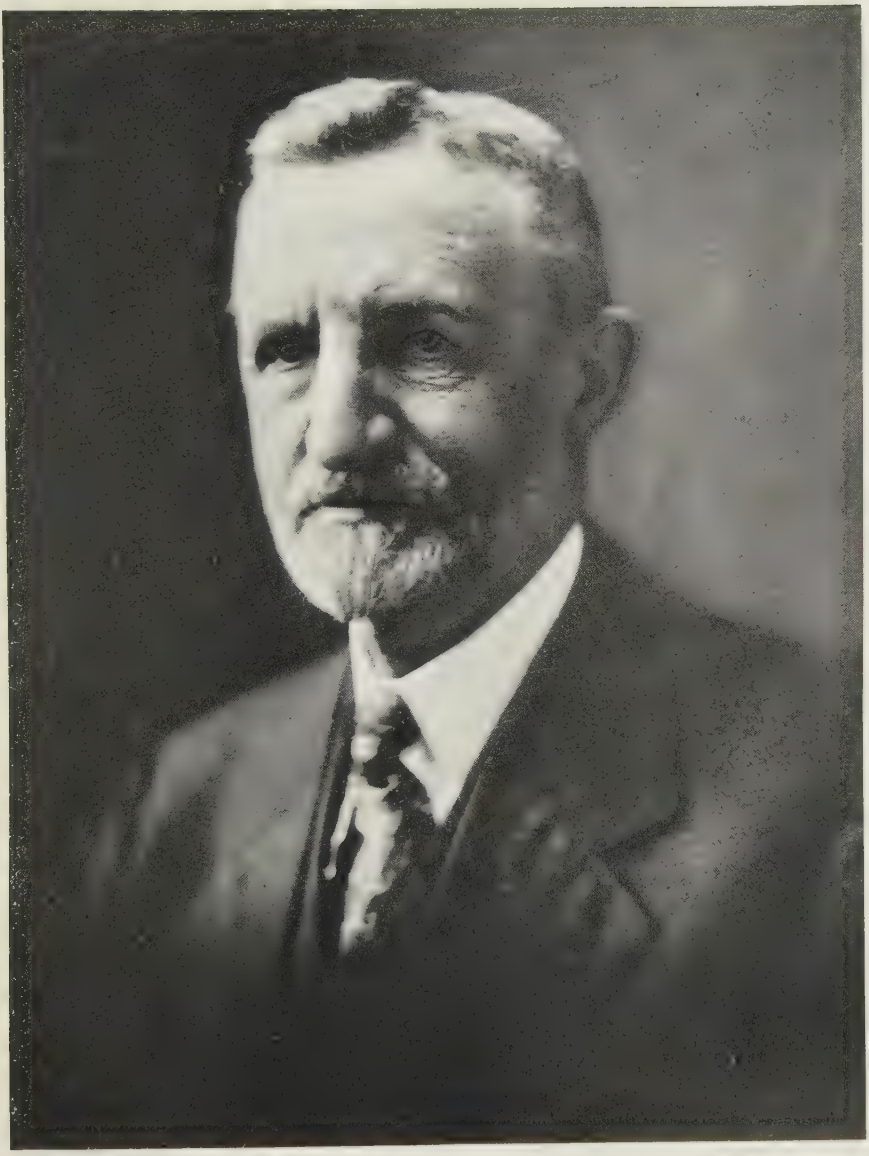
On severing his connection with the Youngstown schools Mr. McMillan retired again to Canfield, where he lived a quiet existence until his death on June 23, 1898. He was survived by his widow, who was Susan Campbell, daughter of John Campbell, of Salem, Ohio, and whom he married on June 30, 1849.

Horace W. Spear. A resident of Mahoning County for half a century, while Horace W. Spear is widely known over this populous section of the state as one of the county commissioners of Mahoning County, his chief interests and labors have been centered in Goshen Township at Garfield, where through the early activities of his father, continued by the son, one of the big sources of fruit production has been established.

Horace W. Spear, who is a veteran in all branches of horticulture, including marketing and distribution, was born at Salem, Columbiana County, February 17, 1857, son of Dr. Benjamin Wells and Elizabeth B. (Ware) Spear. His paternal grandparents were Alexander and Rebecca Spear, the former probably a native of Scotland. Dr. B. W. Spear was born at Mount Jackson, Pennsylvania, in 1822, and in 1845 began the practice of medicine in Niles, Ohio, later in North Jackson and then in Salem. For twenty years he did the strenuous work of his profession, riding and driving over the country and willingly enduring the labors and hardships of such work. His health broke down, and though he had to abandon his professional labors he still had an interest and enthusiasm, that gave him a long continued lease of life and an opportunity for continued usefulness. This was the growing and handling of fruit, and in 1865 he moved to Garfield, where he developed a fine fruit farm in Goshen Township. In 1873 he built the large cold storage apple house at Garfield, and for a number of years continued to be engaged in the buying and shipping of fruit from this section. For ten years he was in business as B. W. Spear & Son, his son Horace being his partner. Doctor Spear removed to California in 1890 and lived in the genial climate of the southern part of that state, in Pasadena until 1914, when at the advanced age of ninety-one he died, leaving a record of honorable action and character that made him widely esteemed. His wife was a native of Mahoning County, and prior to her marriage, which was celebrated January 17, 1856, she was a teacher. Her death occurred in 1912 in Pasadena. Doctor and Mrs. Spear had four children: Horace W., Mary E. Harting, Eliza R. Hole and Arthur D. Spear.

Horace W. Spear has been a resident of Garfield since he was eight years of age, and was educated in the local schools and Mount Union College. In 1880, at the age of twenty-three, he became associated with his father in the apple business, and since the retirement of his father in 1895 has been the active head of the industry, now for a quarter of a century. He had a farm of eighty-five acres, a large part of which was devoted to the production of fruit, but sold this property in 1910. He continues the operation of the plant for the storage and marketing of the product of many of the orchards in this section of Ohio.

Mr. Spear married Isabella Stanley, daughter of Jonathan and Hannah (Miller) Stanley, of Salem. She received a high school education in her home town, and subsequently attended the Western Female Seminary at Oxford, Ohio, and Earlham College at Richmond, Indiana. For several years be-



Horace W. Shear

fore her marriage she was a teacher in public schools.

Soon after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Spear united with the Presbyterian Church of Salem, and still retain their membership in that church. Mr. Spear for all the cares of business has been active in politics for thirty years, serving a long time on the election board, eight years as township trustee, and in 1916 was made a member of the County Equalization Board and in 1918 nominated and elected county commissioner by an exceptionally good vote. He grew up a republican, and has been stanchly devoted to the success of that party and its principles.

The qualities that have brought him success in business and in public affairs have at their basis a strong public spirit, which has made him an interested and willing worker in every movement for the uplift of his community and the country. No one in his section has taken a keener interest in the building of good roads, and with a thorough understanding of what good roads mean to a country community he has been able to advocate and direct his influence in many ways to securing such improvements. During the war he was a leader in his community for the raising of funds, particularly in the Liberty Loan campaigns.

JOHN M. EDWARDS, lawyer, newspaperman, historian and public-spirited citizen in many respects, was born at New Haven, Connecticut, on October 23, 1805, a son of Henry W. Edwards and Lydia Edwards and a grandson of Pierpont Edwards, one of the original members of the Connecticut Land Company.

Graduating at Yale in 1824, Mr. Edwards read law with Judge Bristol at New Haven and in 1826 was admitted to the practice of law in Connecticut. He followed this profession at New Haven until 1832, when he responded to the call of the West, a move that was but natural on his part, as other members of the Edwards' family had been identified with the Western Reserve from its earliest days. After a few months' stay in Youngstown he left for northern Trumbull County, where he was engaged in the land business until August 30, 1838, when he was admitted to practice in the Ohio courts and opened a law office at Warren.

Mr. Edwards' inclinations, however, were always toward writing rather than toward practice of the law, and as he was at all times deeply interested in public questions it is not surprising that 1840 saw him engaged in editing the Trumbull Democrat as well as practicing his profession. This newspaper was a weekly journal, published at Warren. In 1841 he was appointed commissioner of bankrupts for Trumbull County and in 1842 was the democratic candidate for member of Congress for the Nineteenth District. Although unsuccessful in his candidacy, he cut down the usual great whig majority to the minimum. In 1841 he was also commissioned captain of a militia company and in 1843 was named school examiner for Trumbull County.

In 1846 Mahoning County was organized and Mr. Edwards removed to Canfield, then the county seat. Here he opened a law office, but the lure of journalism was too strong for him and within a few months he was engaged as editor of the Mahoning Index, a newspaper launched in that year. In 1855 he became the Canfield correspondent for the Mahoning Register, published at Youngstown. This correspondence, appearing over the name of "Quill Pen," was an especially attractive feature of that newspaper. In 1846 he had been named school examiner of Mahoning County and in 1863 was again appointed to this office, retaining the office for several years.

In 1864 Mr. Edwards removed from Canfield to Youngstown. In that year he became associate editor of the Mahoning Register, in the winter of 1864-65 was clerk of the Senate at Columbus and in 1865 became the Youngstown correspondent of the Cleveland Herald, remaining in this capacity until 1879. In April, 1869, he was elected justice of the peace of Youngstown Township and was re-elected in 1872 and 1875, serving until 1878. On July 14, 1842, he was married at Warren to Miss Mary P. Crail, who died on May 15, 1877. Mr. Edwards, or 'Squire Edwards, as he was known in the later years of his life, died in 1886.

While his life had been a useful one in many respects, it is as a historian that he performed services to which Youngstown and Mahoning County will ever be indebted to Mr. Edwards. From the day of his arrival he had been keenly interested in historical happenings on the Western Reserve. Possessed of a good mind, a judicial temperament and a retentive memory and being painstaking by nature and free of prejudices, he was exceptionally well qualified for the work of preserving the story of early days here in Northeastern Ohio. When the proposal was made for the organization of the Mahoning Valley Historical Society in May, 1874, Mr. Edwards entered heartily into this work, and his especial fitness was recognized when he was selected to deliver the address of welcome at the first Pioneer Reunion, held at Youngstown on September 10, 1874. As one of the corresponding secretaries of the society elected on this occasion he was commissioned to help in the work of assembling data concerning the founding and building of the Western Reserve. Much of this interesting information was presented at the second Pioneer Reunion, in 1875, and in 1875-76 Mr. Edwards and William Powers edited the "Historical Collections of the Mahoning Valley," a work that gave testimony from living witnesses of happenings from the founding of Youngstown and the settlement of surrounding townships. It is not too much to say that if this information had not been gathered and preserved at that time it would have gone into oblivion. In addition to this work Mr. Edwards continued until his death to assemble historical data. This information, in the form of documents, letters, etc., has recently been presented to the Mahoning Valley Historical Society by Mr. Edwards' daughter, Mrs. Stanley M. Caspar, of Denver, Colorado.

Kindly, charitable, deeply interested in his home land and its people and caring little for financial gain, and patriarchal in appearance in his later years, Mr. Edwards is fondly remembered by older residents of Youngstown, while younger ones owe him a debt of gratitude.

EPHRAIM QUINBY, founder of the City of Warren, was born in New Jersey on May 11, 1766, and located

in Washington County, Pennsylvania, in 1795. While not a New Englander himself, Mr. Quinby thus settled in a New England colony, for Washington County people were of the same stock as the Connecticut men and women who had so much to do with the building of the Western Reserve.

When the Reserve was thrown open to settlement in 1798 Ephraim Quinby became interested in its possibilities, and late in that year he made a trip to this section, being accompanied by Richard Storer, also of Washington County. As the country came up to their expectations they arranged to purchase land in township 4 of range 4, now Warren Township, and in April, 1799, returned to make a permanent settlement.

Mr. Quinby had been married to Ammi Blackmore in 1795, and they were the parents of three children, Nancy, Samuel and Abrilla, when they decided to cast their lot in the Ohio country. It was late in 1799 when Quinby brought his wife and family on to Warren, and here eight more children were born to them, Elizabeth, William, Mary, James, Warren B., Ephraim, Jr., Charles A. and George.

As an extensive landowner and public-spirited citizen Mr. Quinby became influential in the young settlement of Warren, and his counsel was often sought and highly valued. At the first term of the Trumbull County Court, in August, 1800, he was one of the judges of the court and was also one of the leading figures in the McMahon-Captain George tragedy, an unfortunate happening that he had tried earnestly to prevent. To Warren he gave the public square that is now the beautiful courthouse park. He was a farmer, miller, land seller and one of the organizers of the Western Reserve Bank. He died June 4, 1850, his wife having preceded him in death on March 16, 1833.

Charles Cleveland McKinney. While he is now practically retired from business, Charles Cleveland McKinney for a quarter of a century handles with an admirable degree of success several enterprises in the Town of Struthers, and no one has turned his resources to the lines of investment and upbuilding that have reflected greater advantage to the community at large.

Mr. McKinney was born at Mineral Ridge in Trumbull County, Ohio, March 16, 1868. His father, Dr. Samuel S. McKinney, graduated in medicine at Glasgow, Scotland, and coming to America entered upon a general country practice at Austintown about 1850. Later he moved to his permanent home three miles from Mineral Ridge, where his life of usefulness continued until his death at the age of forty-six, in 1880. Doctor McKinney married Nancy A. Tibbit, a daughter of Elmira (Cleaveland) Tibbit, who was a daughter of Judge Camden Cleaveland, a brother of Moses Cleaveland, the founder of the City of Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. McKinney was born on a farm between Mineral Ridge and Austintown in 1838. Her father served as a soldier in the Civil war. She died at the age of seventy-six, having spent her last ten years with her children in Cleveland. She was the mother of three sons and three daughters: Idella A., wife of John Marks, an undertaker at Columbiana, Ohio; Charles C.; Clyde Avery, a contractor and liveryman at Girard, Ohio; Myra S., unmarried, living at Cleveland, who looked after her mother during her old age; Charlotte L., wife of Dr. S. B. Russell, of Cleveland; and John E., who is now active head of the oldest and largest furniture business at Cleveland, formerly the Vincent-Barstow Company. The president of this business is Doctor Russell. During 1918 the company sold goods at retail valued at a half million dollars.

Charles C. McKinney lived at home to the age of twenty-five. He was educated in local schools and had a good home environment calculated to bring out the best of his talents. He was engaged in the livery and transfer business at Mineral Ridge until the street car line was built through. Since July, 1896, his business interests and his home have been identified with Struthers. Here he entered the livery, transfer and ice business, and built his home and his barn on a lot on Bridge Street. In 1916 these structures were removed to make way for a brick block 44x120 feet, the largest and finest business block in the town up to that time. The first floor is for business purposes, in the basement are facilities for bowling alleys and pool rooms, and the second floor contains offices and apartments. The old stable has been removed, and there is now a garage. Mr. McKinney's home was also one of the best when built, and now stands facing Yellow Creek Park. Its grounds reach to the Lowell Road.

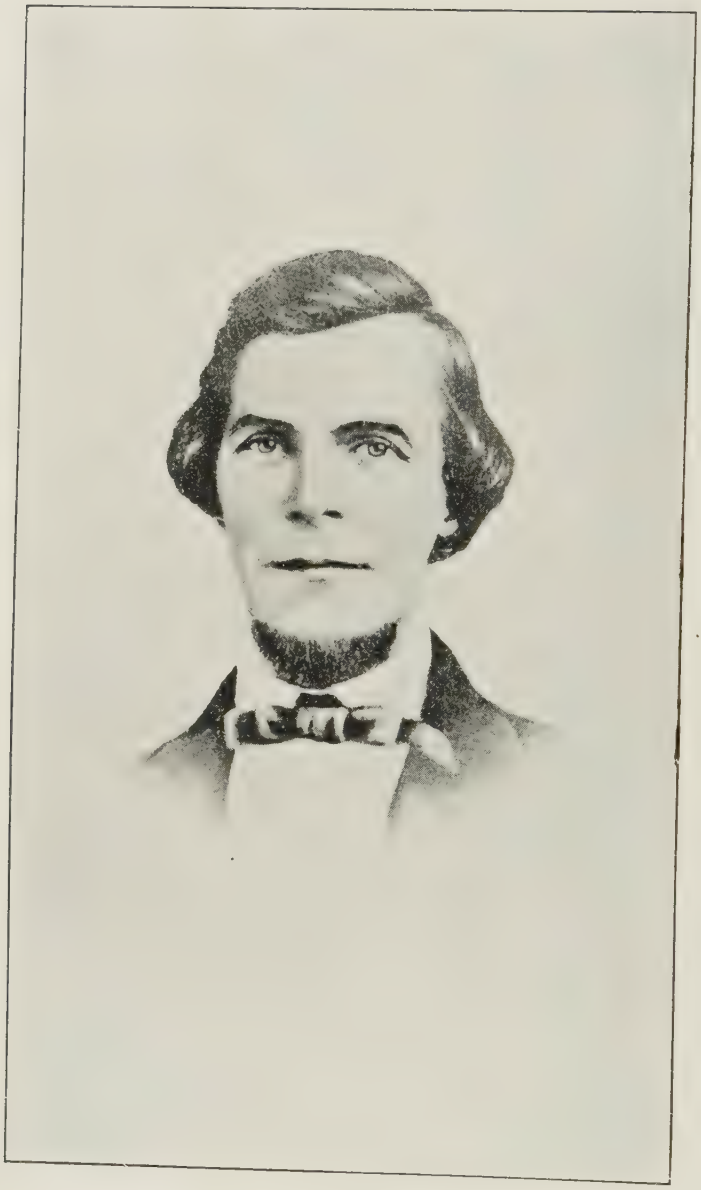
Mr. McKinney when he entered the ice business at Struthers had a trade demanding only a ton of ice, delivered twice a week. Before he sold the ice, livery and transfer business he had wagons delivering twenty-five tons a day. Most of his supply was obtained from the Crystal Ice Company at Youngstown, and he was that concern's largest customer, his bills for ice running between four hundred and five hundred dollars a month during the season.

Mr. McKinney has made some valuable investments and mostly in improvements that are directly beneficial to the town and its citizens. He is one of the popular men of Struthers, and has identified himself with every public movement in the community, though he has never sought nor desired office. He is a stockholder in the Struthers Furniture Company, one of the successful enterprises of the town, of which John Pierce is manager. He is an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and is a charter member of Struthers Lodge No. 933 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

September 26, 1900, Mr. McKinney married Miss Clara S. Schuman, daughter of Otto Schuman. Her father, now retired, is the oldest furniture merchant of Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. McKinney have two sons, Charles Schuman McKinney, born in 1902, a junior in the Struthers High School, and Kenneth Wayne, born in 1909.

James Ward, pioneer ironmaster of the Mahoning Valley and for almost a quarter of a century one of its most active influential and useful citizens, was born November 25, 1813, near Dudley, Staffordshire, England. He came to America with his parents in 1817, residing at Pittsburgh from that date until 1841, when he came to Niles as head of the firm of James Ward & Company. James Ward's father was a practical iron worker, and the younger man obtained a knowledge of the business from association with him,

C. C. McKinney.



JAMES WARD

as well as by special study of the science of rolling mill engineering, then beginning to be understood as something more than mere rule of thumb. As a consequence, when he entered the business as an executive he was more than ordinarily well equipped and soon became recognized as one of the leading authorities on rolling mill practice as it existed at that time.

The success of the Ward enterprise at Niles brought to its principal head considerable wealth, but what was more important it secured for him a wide circle of friends and a place of honor in the industry and his communtiy. Much of this success was due to James Ward's untiring zeal for progress. He never hesitated to adopt methods that promised efficiency or economy in the production of iron. To him belongs the credit for establishing the value of blackband ore as a substitute for the native ores then being so rapidly exhausted as to threaten the extinction of the iron industry in the Mahoning Valley. Without this substitute at that time it is entirely possible that the present position of the Mahoning Valley in the iron and steel industries might never have been attained. James Ward rolled the first iron made with Mahoning block coal in its raw state, proving that iron made with the new fuel could be worked in spite of the doubts of many others. In these things he led the way out of an extremely difficult situation confronting local industries and rendered a service of almost incalculable value to them and to the public.

It was the privilege of the author of this sketch to know James Ward intimately during his early life, his first experience in the iron industry having been gained under the fine example and instruction of Mr. Ward while acting as shipping clerk and later assistant manager of the rolling mills of James Ward & Company at Niles. It affords him the greatest pleasure to record in these pages a faint appreciation of the high character, the ability and the sterling integrity of this leader among the captains of industry in his generation.

James Ward was married in 1835 to Miss Elizabeth Dithridge, his wife being a member of a family that had achieved distinction in the early history of iron-making in that city. They had seven children, only one of whom, James Ward, Jr., reached the age of maturity.

James Ward met his death on July 24, 1864, under circumstances so painful that not even the lapse of more than fifty years has softened them or brought forgetfulness of the shock to the community. This tragic event may be said to have been one of the most unfortunate occurrences in the history of the Mahoning Valley, throughout which the memory of James Ward is universally revered and most deeply cherished by those who knew him best.

The Heaton Brothers. Daniel and James Heaton, fathers of the blast furnace industry in the Mahoning Valley, came to this locality at least as early as 1803. It is entirely probable that they arrived before that date, as Daniel made an agreement under date of August 31, 1803, with Lodwick Ripple for the iron ore and timber on certain lands along Yellow Creek. This contract is not on record, but it formed the basis of a recorded contract by which Heaton later sold the first blast furnace built in the valley to Robert Montgomery, James Mackey, David Clendennin and David Alexander on June 23, 1807. Reference is also made in this later contract to one which Heaton had made with Turhand Kirtland at an earlier date, but this date, which would probably fix quite accurately the date on which the Heatons came here, is unfortunately omitted from the record. According to documents left by the late John M. Edwards, his mother, afterward married to Robert Montgomery and probably in possession of the facts, stated that Daniel Heaton came to the Mahoning Valley in 1800.

James Heaton and several other brothers were evidently associated with Daniel from the beginning of the latter's activities here, although their names do not appear in any of the earliest records. James disposed of any interest he may have had in the original blast furnace and started operations at Niles soon after the building of this furnace. There is no question, however, that these two brothers built the first blast furnace in the Mahoning Valley. The construction of this furnace, together with the operations of the Heaton Brothers at Yellow Creek, is fully described in the chapter dealing with the industries of the Mahoning Valley.

Not much is known as to the ancestry of these men. In Sanderson's History of Mahoning County the statement is made that they were the sons of Theophilus Heaton, a deputy in the British East India Company, a man of wealth and influence, who brought a Puritan colony to Massachusetts in 1637. This seems to be an error, since Mrs. Hannah E. Kendall, a daughter of Daniel Eaton, residing in Harper, Keokuk County, Iowa, writes, in 1878, concerning her father:

"Dan Eaton was born near Winchester, Va., March 24, 1773. When he was eighteen years old (in 1791) he became disgusted with the practice of having the bottle brought to the table. He then set resolutions not to aid in making or using intoxicating liquors. Some years later we find him in Poland, Ohio, erecting a furnace. The next we find him in Weathersfield raising fruit and still adhering to his principles. He and Miller Blatchley formed a society of temperance and collected some eighteen or twenty members. This was some years before my birth, but as soon as we all became old enough our names were enrolled. My mother died before I was six years old. I had two sisters younger than myself and five living brothers, all older."

From this it would appear that when Daniel Heaton sold the Hopewell Furnace to Montgomery, Clendennin & Company, June 23, 1807, he joined his brother James in the enterprise which the latter had started at Niles, and it is known, also, that he took some part in the erection and management of the furnace built by the Heatons on Mill Creek in 1825 or 1826, and that for some years later he lived on a farm about one-half mile west of the junction of Mill Creek with the Mahoning.

During his residence in Weathersfield Township, Trumbull County, Daniel Heaton did other things besides raising fruit. He was not an educated man in the sense of school experience, but he possessed an active and vigorous mind and used it energetically in the consideration of public questions. It has been seen that he was one of the organizers of the first temperance society in this locality, a society that must

have required the full courage of conviction on the part of its members and which may also be said to have been about a century in advance of the times. He also devoted much time to politics and did a great deal of reading, writing and talking upon subjects widely differing in their nature. In 1813 he served as state senator from the Trumbull district, and in 1820 was a member of the State Legislature, his colleague being Hon. Elijah Whittlesey, afterward secretary of the treasury at Washington. He took great interest in financial legislation, a result, perhaps, of the troubles he experienced in financing his iron enterprises, and prepared a bill containing fourteen sections designed to establish a system of national finance very similar to the present national bank system. This bill, with a numerously signed petition for its adoption, was presented to Congress in 1857, but was not reported favorably by the committee to which it was referred.

Daniel Heaton was originally an ardent Methodist, but later changed his religious opinions, becoming a Deist and writing a book called "The Christian's Manual." Although referred to here as Daniel Heaton, the legal name of this pioneer during the greater part of his life was Eaton, as he had applied to the Legislature and was permitted to drop the initial "H," the ground alleged in his petition being that it was entirely unnecessary.

From his record of his activities the reader will be prepared for the following description of Daniel Heaton left by a warm personal friend—a description which, incidentally, might apply to many of the hardy, independent and courageous men who helped to lay the foundation of the industrial development of the Mahoning Valley:

"He was a man of strong prejudices and fiery passions, which, when aroused, made him fearful to contemplate. He would then consign to the lowest depths of infamy any man who would advocate injustice or tyranny. He was a generous philanthropist and a man who understood the universal brotherhood of man. He was a perfect hater of slavery and the slave system, and would go the full length of his cable on this question."

About 1850 Daniel Heaton sold his farm on Mill Creek and went to live with his daughter, Mrs. Hannah E. Kendall, at Keokuk, Iowa, at whose home he died soon afterward at an advanced age.

James Heaton was a man of somewhat different type. He, too, had energy and ability, courage and the determination to win which were so essential to men who launched in the wilderness the enterprises which the Heaton's founded and carried on. But James seems to have had few of the aggressive qualities of his brother and none of the latter's liking for politics. He was deeply engrossed in his business and devoted his energies to the solution of the problems it involved, rather than of such things as the reformation of the currency system or the service of his fellow citizens in creation of new laws. He was also more religious and perhaps more genial, and it is not recorded that he recognized in strong drink the evil aspect which it wore to Daniel. Neither was he dissatisfied with his patronym, which he continued to use in its original form until the end, a fact which has led various historians into much confusion as to the correct spelling of the family name.

James Heaton dissolved the partnership existing between him and his brother shortly after the erection of the first blast furnace and went to what is now the City of Niles, where he established industries which are more fully described elsewhere, and which entitle him to rank as the pioneer manufacturer of bar iron in Ohio. He was evidently a man of vision and foresight, and his integrity must have been above reproach, for he was able to borrow sums that in those days were large.

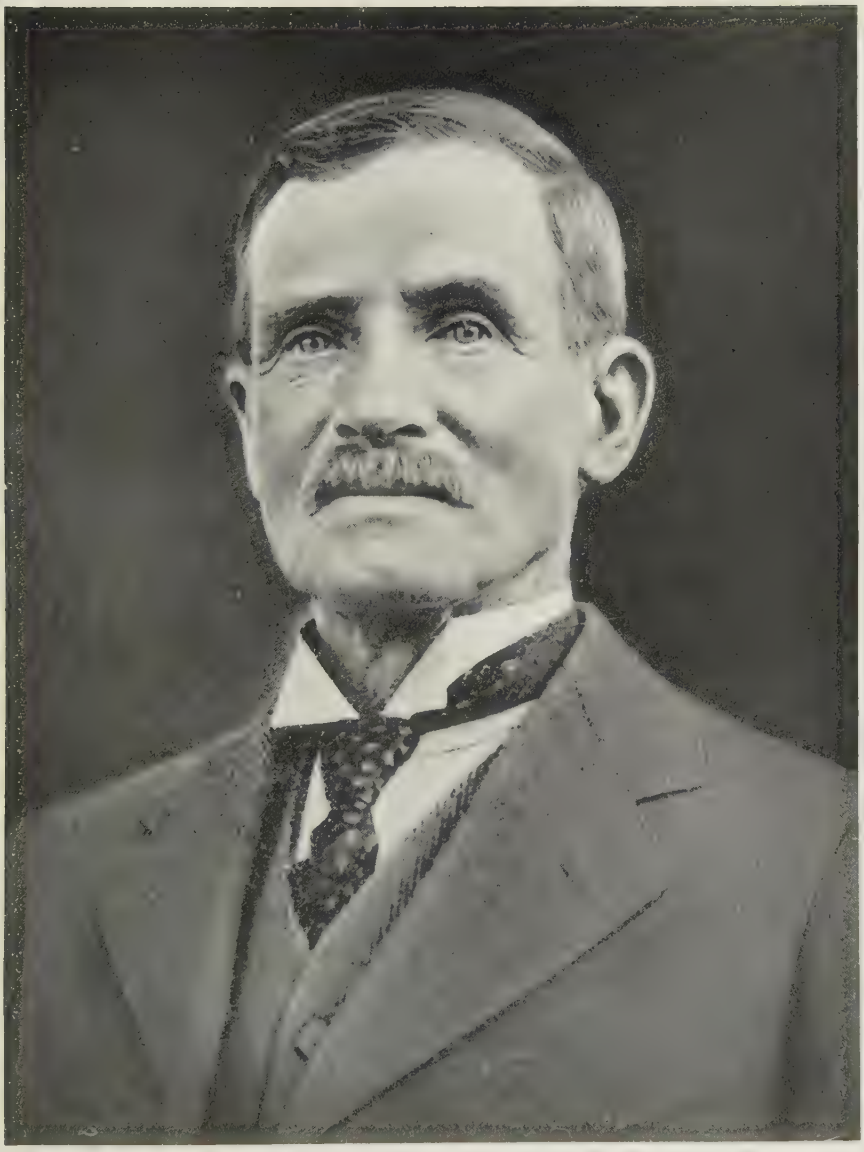
To him belongs not only the distinction of having shared in the foundation of the blast furnace industry in the Mahoning Valley, but also the honor of being the founder of Niles, which was originally known as "Heaton's Furnace," and which was given a new name when the postoffice department reached the conclusion that the old one was likely to cause confusion and impair the efficiency of its service.

James Heaton has left little to record concerning his character and personality other than that he was a shrewd and determined business man, gifted with vision and enthusiasm, and worthy, because of the things he did, of a place in the history of the Mahoning Valley.

Both of the Heaton brothers, as might have been expected from this brief and inadequate reference to their achievements, were men of strong constitutions and physically above the average. They probably learned the iron business in Virginia and, imbued with the love of adventure as much as with the hope of reward, came westward seeking a locality where this knowledge would be of advantage to themselves as well as to their fellow pioneers. Few of these pioneers did so much to impress their personalities upon or to direct the destiny of the Mahoning Valley.

Note—Many of the facts here stated have been obtained from papers kindly loaned to the author by Mrs. Stanley M. Caspar, daughter of the late John M. Edwards, who had gathered this and much other interesting historical information during the latter part of his life, but had never published same.

Wilbur C. Simon. Having been born on his present farm, July 21, 1855, Wilbur C. Simon takes more than ordinary interest in the development of Boardman Township, of which his parents, Jesse and Betsey (Williamson) Simon, were very early settlers, coming to this locality in February, 1830. Their house was the third one to be erected in this region, and it is still standing, and was so substantially built that it served as the family home until 1872, when a new one was erected by Jesse C. Simon, assisted by his sons. Another residence had been built by Wilbur's grandfather, Jacob Simon, as the pioneer one. This was followed by a second log house in 1819, still standing. The family was founded in Mahoning County in 1808 or 1809 by the grandfather, Jacob Simon, who acquired 151 acres of land and put up a log house, long since torn down. He put up a second one in 1819 that is still in use as a stable. About the time of the outbreak of the war between the states Jacob Simon died, but small as he was at that time, Wilbur C. Simon remembers him quite distinctly. In the year following his marriage Jacob Simon was drafted for service in the War of 1812, but secured his release by paying $90 for a substitute. In order to secure



W. L. Simon

this sum, a large one for those days, he was obliged to sell his household possessions except the beloved pewter plates which had been brought with so much care from the old Pennsylvania home. All his mature years he was very active in the German Lutheran Church, and assisted in establishing the one in his township. His wife, who bore the maiden name of Elizabeth Stemple, survived him for some years, being in her eighty-ninth year at the time of her death. She was born in Preston County, West Virginia, and revisited her old home several times, making the trip once on horseback and once in a buggy, her companion on that occasion being her son Jesse, then still a lad. Their children were as follows: David, who lived at Canfield when that was the county seat, and served for a time as county auditor, but returned to Boardman Township, where he died; Levi, who was a farmer and preacher in Wood County, Ohio, died in that county; Stilling, who was a farmer, moved to Wood County, Ohio, and died there; Gideon, who also moved to Wood County and died there; Jesse, who is mentioned below; Delilah, who married George Wormley, lived in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, where she died at an advanced age; Salinda, who married a Mr. Shaffer, moved to Indiana; Salome, who married Moses Weber, had two daughters, Lizzie, who died a few years ago, and Laura, who now lives near Wilbur C. Simon; and Lydia M., who married a Mr. Ruper and moved to Indiana.

Jesse Simon spent all of his life in Boardman Township, buying out the other heirs in the home and was engaged in general farming. An excellent man of good standing, he was oftentimes selected to act as judge at the county fairs. After the organization of the republican party he gave it his strong support, but never would accept nomination to office. His wife was a daughter of Piatt and Anne Williamson, and the present South Side High School of Youngstown stands on the site of their old residence, in which Mrs. Simon was reared. Jesse Simon died on November 6, 1917, and his widow in August, 1918, and they are buried in Oak Hill Cemetery. Originally a Lutheran, he later connected himself with the Christian Church and was very active in religious work. In addition to his farming Jesse Simon had a large sugar camp and produced considerable maple sugar and syrup each year. The children born to him and his wife were as follows: Wilbur C., whose name heads this review; Wade, who lived at Flint Hill, Ohio, came to Boardman Township after his father's death to take possession of his portion of the old farm, and died in January, 1919, but his widow and his son and daughter still live on his farm; and Evan, who is now a resident of the State of Washington, the youngest of the three to reach maturity.

Wilbur C. Simon has always lived on his farm, which is two-thirds of the original property, and is located four miles south of Youngstown. Here he has carried on general farming and has a very desirable and valuable place. Independent in his political views, he generally supports the candidates of the republican party, and served as township trustee for one term.

When he was twenty-eight years old Wilbur C. Simon was united in marriage with Hannah Harding, of Canfield Township, a daughter of George and Elizabeth (Linn) Harding, both now deceased. They were formerly residents of Canfield, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Simon became the parents of the following children: C. H., who is employed by the Home Savings & Loan Company of Youngstown, lives on a part of the old farm, married Alfretta Walters, and they have three children, Virginia, Howard and Altabelle; Emma, who lives at home; Horace W., who lives at home, married Alice Gieger and has one son, Paul; Alma, who lives on the farm, married Fred Webber, a pattern maker, and they have a daughter, Dorothy; and Bessie, who lives at home, is a saleslady at Youngstown, and sings in the choir of the Christian Church and is active in Sunday school work. All of the family belong to this church. During the many years that he has been associated with agricultural life in this neighborhood, Mr. Simon has impressed his personality upon his associates, and won recognition from them for his dependability in every phase of life.

Dr. John B. Harmon. Reuben Harmon was, in some respects, a pioneer of pioneers, although his activities in the Mahoning Valley were of short duration and his name is familiar to the general public chiefly through the activities of his son, Dr. John B. Harmon, the pioneer physician of the Mahoning Valley, and for many years a much esteemed and widely known resident of Warren, and others of his children equally prominent in the life of that community.

Reuben Harmon was a native of Vermont, in which state he served in the Legislature, was an extensive land owner and possessed the privilege of coining copper into legal tender—a privilege sometimes given in those days to men of acknowledged probity and standing, but in these later times a function jealously guarded by the Government. His connection with the history of the Mahoning Valley began with the purchase from the estate of General Samuel H. Parsons, in 1796, of 500 acres in Weathersfield Township, Mahoning County, on which were the salt springs which had been regarded as a bonanza and which finally led General Parsons to his death, in 1789, while seeking to demonstrate that their product could be safely rafted down the river. Harmon came to this locality during the summer of 1797 and began the manufacture of salt. Reference has been made in the chapter on industries to the fact that nothing is known of the pioneers in this industry, and this is true of the first salt makers; but it was probably Reuben Harmon who first conducted this operation regularly and for any length of time. After working at it for three winters, and demonstrating to his own satisfaction that salt could be made in commercial quantities, and returning to Vermont each summer, Reuben Harmon arranged to bring his family to the Mahoning Valley. This he did in the late summer of 1800, and with them came a family named Barnes, who settled in the vicinity of what is now Fowler. The trip began in June and ended only in August, the party having halted at Beaver for some time on account of reported danger from Indians farther up the valley. The Harmon family consisted of the father, mother, four daughters and four sons. They began the manufacture of salt on a larger scale and continued this for several years. Dr. John B. Harmon began the practice of medicine, which he had studied for several years in Connecticut,

at the same time helping his father to make salt. In 1806 Reuben Harmon returned to Vermont to finish settling up his affairs there, and Doctor Harmon went with him to resume the study of medicine. During the absence of the elder Harmon, the man left in charge of the salt works decamped with all of the proceeds and also a sum of money sent on from Vermont, leaving the owner without capital and with the problem of caring for a large family. In doing this he probably undermined his health, as he was taken ill and died of pulmonary affection on October 29, 1806. His widow, who was the first white woman in Weathersfield Township, faced the situation bravely and reared her children amid trials and dangers that are almost past belief. It was related of her that sometime after her marriage, while her husband was in the Revolutionary army and she, with their oldest child, an infant in arms, was visiting at Sunderland, Massachusetts, that town was burned by the British and Indians during the closing days of the Revolution. Mrs. Harmon caught an unbroken colt in the pasture, bridled it and, with her baby, escaped from the town. She had many thrilling experiences with the roving bands of Indians still in this vicinity, and showed the same courage and resourcefulness in dealing with them.

Of the Harmon children, Dr. John B. deserves special mention. For many years he devoted his time exclusively to the practice of medicine, but later became greatly interested in farming and other occupations. He owned at one time half of his father's original acreage at the Salt Spring tract, and also 250 acres in Warren Township. It is said that he was the first man in Ohio to use horsepower in raking hay, having made himself a horse-rake by setting pins in a bar to which a horse was hitched. As the contrivance had no wheels and no means of releasing they hay except by lifting the rake, its operation involved so much labor that farm hands could not be persuaded to use it, and it was many years before the old hand rakes were abandoned.

Doctor Harmon was a man of education, well versed in Latin, well read in medicine, and with a great taste and capacity for memorizing poetry and the Scriptures. He is said to have had the Bible and Shakespeare at his tongue's end. He was a democrat in politics at first, but finally became a whig, as did so many others in this section. In spite of his love for out-door exercises, his passion and great skill for hunting, and his huge size and indomitable energy, he was a tender and studious physician, a most skillful and up-to-date surgeon, and was loved and respected by the whole countryside. No one was too far away and no night too wild for him to mount his horse and make his way over the trails and across the unbridged streams to where he was needed. Tradition credits him with often sleeping on horseback on these long night rides, and even details how his horse once walked across the Mahoning on the stringers of a bridge from which the planks had been removed, the doctor waking only after the animal had stepped on solid ground on the opposite side. Even more interesting is the story of how, in the severe winter of 1816, he became lost in a fierce storm in the woods and was forced to spend a night in the open, with the wolves snapping at his horse's heels, and how he lost his watch in the snow during the night and found it again the following spring. In this same winter he attended a family at Aurora in which the parents and six children were all stricken with typhoid pneumonia. He rode to them each night, tended them and then stretched himself on the hearth until it was light enough to ride in the morning. They all recovered, but Doctor Harmon had overexerted himself and was taken ill with the disease. He went to his mother's house at Salt Springs, hired a nurse and told her what to do if he became delirious and thus prepared for the siege. He recovered from this illness, but was never as strong as before and for a long time was compelled to use a cushion on his saddle, so great was his emaciation. He kept up his practice until 1857, and then spent some months visiting his old home and that of his wife in Vermont. Returning to his home in Warren, he was taken ill the following year and died on February 7, 1858.

Besides being a splendid example of the pioneer and having in his career exemplified the courage, energy and physical strength necessary to meet the conditions of that time, Doctor Harmon was a man of unusual intellectual attainments and a physician and surgeon whose excellence was only guessed at during his lifetime. He ranks with the greatest surgeons of his time. He was, moreover, an energetic and successful citizen, taking great interest in the development of the community and the welfare of his neighbors. Few men are gifted with such broadness, intellect, charity and high professional ideals as was this, the earliest and one of the greatest physicians of the Mahoning Valley.

David Tod—War Governor of Ohio. In the history of this country no great emergency has arisen without men having been provided to meet it, a fact to which we owe the endurance of our institutions and their opportunity to demonstrate to an incredulous world that human freedom and self-government are not merely an "iridescent dream." One of these men was David Tod, war governor of Ohio, friend and supporter of Lincoln, leader of leaders in the Union cause, diplomat, lawyer, captain of industry and beloved citizen of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley.

David Tod was born at Youngstown, February 21, 1805, his father, George Tod, having been among the first residents of the Western Reserve. He spent his boyhood on the Tod farm at Brier Hill, and enjoyed little opportunity for education. Nevertheless he was educated in the truest sense, as is often the case with men of large mental capacity and untiring energy to whom has been denied the opportunity to secure school and college training. At the age of twenty-two years he was admitted to the bar at Warren, and practiced the profession of law with marked success for about fifteen years.

Of restless, eager temperament, fond of adventure and of coming into contact with his fellow men, he naturally drifted into politics. His father had been a whig, and it was somewhat of a surprise when the son David, in the heated campaign of 1824, when Andrew Jackson was the democratic candidate for president, took the stump in favor of Jackson's election and thus definitely allied himself with the opposing party. He was only nineteen, but his convictions favoring the principles of the hardy and

DAVID TODD
War Governor of Ohio

picturesque candidate nicknamed "Old Hickory" were strong and persisted until the end of his life, although the vicissitudes of later years were to separate him to some extent from the democratic party. In the Jackson campaign David Tod proved himself a good leader and a convincing orator. Politics and the law were, in those days, practically inseparable, and the young attorney took an active part in the local affairs of his party, as well as in local military affairs, which were then a great deal more stirring than they have been in later times of peace. His first official activity was of the latter order, being as inspector of the Fourth Brigade, Fourth Division, Ohio Militia, in which position he served with credit and acquired a taste for and knowledge of military affairs which were to serve him in good stead during the Civil war. He was appointed postmaster at Warren by Andrew Jackson in 1830, serving until 1838, when he was elected state senator from the Trumbull-Mahoning District. This gave him an introduction into state politics and enabled him to attract the attention of the state leaders, and as a result he was nominated as the democratic candidate for governor of Ohio in 1844 and again in 1846. He was not successful in these gubernatorial contests, being defeated in the first by the whig candidate, Hon. Mordecai Bartley. Ohio was at that time strongly whig, but Tod's popularity cut down the majority of his opponent to 1,271 votes, in spite of the fact that a month later the state went against the democrats by 6,000 in the presidential campaign. The election of Mordecai Bartley as governor in 1844 created a situation without a parallel in American politics, as he succeeded his son, Thomas Bartley, who had become governor by reason of the fact that he was president of the Senate in 1843, when Governor Wilson Shannon resigned. Thomas Bartley was a democrat and was a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor against Tod in 1844. Had Tod not won this nomination, father and son would have contested for election at the polls, the father as a whig and the son as a democrat.

Governor Tod appears to have been unfortunate in the conditions under which his two first contests for governor occurred. The political pendulum swung backward and forward with great rapidity in those days, and the state went democratic in the year intervening between these two contests. In 1844 Tod almost overcame the large whig majority, the democratic state ticket was elected in 1845, and in 1846, Bebb, the whig candidate for governor, won out by the slender majority of 2,300.

In 1847 David Tod was nominated by President Polk as Minister to Brazil, to succeed Henry A. Wise, who had aroused the ire of the country and Emperor Dom Pedro by indiscretions and had to be recalled in order to prevent a war with that country. In this mission David Tod accomplished the purpose for which he was chosen and restored the good relations between the two countries. So grave was the emergency that he sailed for Brazil on a man of war, the State Department deeming it unwise to wait for a passenger vessel, lest official notice of the recall of the Brazilian minister and the handing of passports to Wise, which was already known at Washington in an unofficial way, should make it impossible for him to undertake the task of soothing the ruffled feelings of the South American empire and preventing an actual declaration of war.

The day on which David Tod left Youngstown to embark on this mission is still recalled by some of the older people living in the Mahoning Valley. A great crowd gathered at the landing stage of the canal to see him off, among them being many persons from Warren, Niles and Brier Hill. He stood on the deck, surrounded by friends, bowing and acknowledging the cheers of the crowd until the boat was out of sight. The journey to Brazil was then regarded as something from which one might never return, and it was, in fact, not an entirely simple matter. As has been noted, the party sailed on a war vessel, the Ohio, ordered to sea especially for the trip. Tod was accompanied by his wife, five children, his family physician, Dr. Timothy Woodbridge, his sister-in-law and two servants. This party sailed for Rio de Janeiro on June 20, 1847, and the mission to Brazil occupied more than four years and was entirely successful, restoring the friendship between the two countries and placing it on such a basis that it has endured to this day without interruption. He was given a notable reception at Washington and in his home town on his return in November, 1851.

After the gubernatorial campaign in 1844 David Tod devoted himself to his private affairs for a short time, still retaining his interest in politics. He had, through his efforts to render comfortable the declining years of his parents, come into possession of the farm at Brier Hill on which he was born, and there, some time previously, had opened one of the first commercial coal mines in the valley. This mine was now enlarged and he set about to find some way of disposing of its product, which could be loaded on canal boats and sent to Cleveland if a market could be created there. His efforts in this direction, referred to in the chapter on industries, were successful, proving the beginning of the great coal industry in this region. Just before he went to Brazil he had taken much interest, with a number of Warren capitalists, in the construction of a railroad to connect the Mahoning Valley and Lake Erie. This enterprise had languished for several years, but at the time David Tod returned from Brazil was taking definite shape in such a way as to leave Brier Hill and Youngstown without railroad transportation. He at once took steps to prevent such an error, and in this was successful. He was also concerned in the reorganization and removal from Akron to Brier Hill of the company which later became the Brier Hill Iron & Coal Company, and of which he was president at the time of his death. He was actively interested in various other enterprises and did much for the development of the great resources of the Mahoning Valley. These achievements are referred to more fully in other parts of this work. It will suffice here to say that we find his name connected with almost every contemporaneous enterprise of importance in this locality and that he was regarded as the leading citizen of his community. How much his pleasing personality, unquestioned business integrity, enthusiasm and persistence did to bring here necessary capital and encourage the development of local industries it is difficult to estimate.

and there are living yet men who recall with gratitude the willingness of David Tod to help any man or any enterprise that was really worthy of assistance.

It is as a neighbor, friend and fellow citizen that those who personally knew David Tod prefer to recall him; but his most signal service and the achievements upon which his claims to greatness chiefly rest were on behalf of his country and his native state. These activities began with his mission to Brazil. They were renewed in 1860, a year that was big with the fate of the nation. There had arisen two factions in the democratic party, one seeking to control the Government in defiance of the will of the majority, the other seeking to secure for the party the approval of a majority of the people. The question at issue was slavery, and the inflamed and embittered condition of the public mind on that question can scarcely be imagined by those not living at the time.

David Tod stood with the democrats who sought a peaceful solution under the constitution for the slavery problem. He was made vice president of the Democratic National Convention at Charleston in 1860, and took the chair and held the convention together for the nomination of Douglas after its chairman, Caleb Cushing, had deserted with the Alabama delegates upon realizing that Douglas had a majority of the convention. Later the seceders organized a rump convention and named John C. Breckinridge for president, and a third faction in the party also placed a ticket in the field. Tod supported Douglas loyally, but he made no secret of the fact that he was opposed to the Breckinridge faction and would prefer to see Lincoln elected if Douglas were to be defeated. It was a time of great trial, and many democrats essentially honest in their convictions were being misled by the extraordinary prejudices and animosities then embittering and beclouding men's minds as at no other period in the history of the republic.

In the latter part of 1860 the election of Lincoln and the rebellious attitude of hot-headed leaders in the South made it apparent that the "Irrepressible Conflict" long dreaded was at hand. Then David Tod rose to the occasion, choosing between the elements in control of the machinery of his party and the government they openly defied, as any clear-headed, earnest patroit had to choose. He used all his eloquence and influence to steady the ranks of his party and prevent its members from being stampeded by the passions of the hour. He counselled loyalty and denounced in unmeasured terms those who hesitated, as not a few did when confronted with the ghastly spectacle of civil war. Thus David Tod became known as a "War Democrat," to distinguish him from those in his party who, seeking to avoid war, were inclined to compromise with the insubordination and threatened secession of slave states.

Ohio was a most important state in this crisis, and a group of Cleveland men interested more in the preservation of the Union than in party success organized the union party, the purpose being to afford an opportunity for all who stood for the integrity of the nation to register their voices without the handicap of party. Ohio was, as a whole, absolutely loyal, but there seemed a possibility that in the disordered state of the public mind the wrong man might be elected governor and the administration at Washington be thus deprived of support absolutely essential at that critical period. In 1861 the union party chose David Tod as its candidate for governor, and the people approved his selection by a majority of 55,000—the largest ever given any candidate in the State of Ohio up to that time.

The election occurred five months after the war had opened, but there had been no question from the beginning as to where David Tod stood. He had counselled peace through the recognition of national authority by the secessionist element, but when Fort Sumter was fired on he no longer thought of peace. One of his first acts was to organize a company among his friends and neighbors, equipping the soldiers in part from his own means. He took the governor's chair January 1, 1862, and from that time forward made every effort to aid the imperiled Government, establishing the record which has entitled him to national fame as "Ohio's Great War Governor."

This record is on file in the archives of Ohio and is part of the glorious history of this state. It may be said, however, that Governor Tod's position was one of extreme delicacy and difficulty. With men's minds inflamed as they were and the uncertainties that had been thrown around the issue by the flood of eloquence and the rancor of partisanship, together with the unfortunate result of early campaigns, no border state was absolutely safe for the Union. Upon the governor depended to a great extent Ohio's attitude and even more of its usefulness. An ill-timed or indiscreet word was likely to cause trouble—perhaps light fires of treason. On the other hand, a wavering, vacillating policy would rob the state, no matter what its resources, of most of its power for good, and endanger even its actual loyalty. Through all this David Tod conducted the State of Ohio with credit to it and to himself. His zeal for the welfare of Ohio soldiers was so intense that he sometimes indulged in communications that raised the ire of the military authorities, but they usually brought an answer in the provision of things needed for our men in the field. David Tod has been criticised for the severity with which he denounced seditious utterances, but in the light of history and a clear understanding of his motives it must be conceded that his measures were justified, even in the case of the arrest of Vallandigham, a case which was of peculiar interest and caused much discussion in the Mahoning Valley. So much for Governor Tod's Ohio record.

Leading one of the three greatest states on the Union side, Governor Tod naturally exercised a tremendous influence on national affairs at that period, and it is here that we find his most signal service to the country. Early in the crisis he became the close friend of Governor Andrew G. Curtin of Pennsylvania, who had been elected in the same year, and together these men did more to save the Union cause and shorten the war than has ever been made public. Their full part in this tremendous drama can only be appreciated by those privileged to know it from personal contact with one or the other and to appreciate what their activities meant under the circumstances and at the time.

Tod and Curtin were strangely alike in many ways. Both were of Scotch descent and the conditions surrounding them in boyhood were very similar. Both entered politics in the same year and in the same way. They were about the same age and their facial resemblance was extraordinary. Both were intensely loyal, fiercely impatient with official blundering, absolutely intolerant of seditious acts or utterances. Both naturally made many enemies as well as many friends during their administrations, and both were confronted at the end with precisely similar situations, as will appear later.

The energy, vigor and natural capacity for leadership made these two men leaders among the governors of the loyal states, a position which they shared with Governor Andrew of Massachusetts. It was these three men who arranged the memorable Altoona Conference. Tod and Curtin presented the plan to Lincoln, who approved it heartily, and Governor Andrew agreed to it as the only course, in view of the critical situation then existing. The disaster on the Peninsula, following a series of unfortunate engagements, had deeply depressed the North, and it was felt that unless some action was taken to crystallize Union sentiment and make it clear what was the real issue of the struggle it would be difficult for the administration to secure the support that was absolutely essential to national safety. The war had been in progress more than a year and the South had, apparently, the advantage. The wave of loyalty that had swept hundreds of thousands into the Union ranks was receding, and there were, in almost every loyal state, many persons who openly discussed the propriety of some sort of a compromise with the rebellious states. It was to place the issue definitely before the people of the North and at the same time pledge the entire resources of the loyal states to the Union cause that the Altoona Conference was called on September 14, 1862. The day before it met Lincoln made public his proposed emancipation policy, and it was fully approved by the conference. This had been arranged by Governors Tod, Andrew and Curtin, who pledged the eighteen governors invited to the meeting to its acceptance, and thus for the first time made safe and possible a concrete statement of the issues involved. That this had a tremendous effect is beyond question. The people of the North now knew not only what the war was about, but they knew that it was to be fought to a finish, and they rallied behind the president as never before.

Concerning this conference Governor Curtin, in writing to Alex. K. McClure in 1892, says:

"Governor Andrew, Governor Tod and myself consulted Mr. Lincoln, and he highly approved of our purpose. He did not conceal the fact that we were on the eve of an emancipation policy, and he had from us the assurance that the Altoona Conference would endorse such a policy."

The Altoona Conference was attended by the governors of eighteen states, and it not only endorsed the war policy and the emancipation policy, but it went even farther, urging the president to call for 100,000 men in addition to the 300,000 called out a short time previously. It is generally admitted that this gathering marked a turning point in the war. This incident is sufficient to indicate the important part played by Governor Tod in national affairs at this critical time. Others might be cited almost without number. In his labors on behalf of the state and the nation during his term as governor he did not spare himself in the slightest. But perhaps the greatest sacrifice he made for the Union cause was his refusal to insist on renomination for a second term. He had been practically without opposition and the delegates from eighty-eight counties had been instructed to support him for nomination on the Union ticket. At the last moment, however, the republican leaders, counselled beyond doubt by the administration leaders at Washington, decided to nominate John Brough and, following a fiery patriotic address by that gentleman, the convention was stampeded to him.

Governor Tod was present and immediately made an address, congratulating Brough and pledging his support, but he would have been more than human had the decision of the convention been anything else than a grave disappointment to him. Secretary of War Stanton, Secretary of the Treasury Chase and even President Lincoln telegraphed to Governor Tod assurance of their regret that he had not been nominated, but it is known that these assurances did not carry with them conviction that the affair had not been arranged, or at least approved, at Washington, and to the end of his life Governor Tod rightfully cherished a sense of injustice at the hands of men and officials for whom he had done much and from whom he had every right to expect gratitude.

The causes for the movement to name another candidate in place of Governor Tod are not difficult to find, although they do not constitute a justification.

The year 1862 had been a discouraging, even a disastrous, one to the Union cause. In the field the Confederacy had been generally successful and the news from the front had reacted in the elections. In that held in October, 1862, the democrats carried Ohio, electing their candidate for secretary of state, who headed the ticket that year. They were successful in Indiana and Pennsylvania and elected Horatio Seymour governor of New York State. This democratic victory was unmistakably an indication of lack of confidence in the administration and created much apprehension at Washington.

Governor Tod had not been merely staunchly unionist. He had been aggressively so. He had made enemies among the democrats and had alienated the weakwilled by his arrest of Vallandigham. There were complaints of hardships from the soldiers in the field, and the time had come when the people were to crowd around the newspaper offices impatiently waiting for the list of the dead and wounded after each battle. No one knew what would be the attitude of many voters, for the enthusiasm of the first days had vanished and the nation had been forced to face the war as the fearful tragedy it was. Early in 1863 it became apparent that the democrats of Ohio would nominate Vallandigham for governor, and the fainthearted looked about for someone less objectionable than Tod to the compromise element. Tod was sacrificed because he had been boldly defiant of treason instead of trying to pursue a cowardly middle course. Perhaps there was some excuse for the lack of courage shown by the political leaders who, as far as lay within their power to do

so, selfishly snatched the laurel from the brow of Governor Tod on this occasion. But in the light of history it now appears as an exhibition of blind cowardice. The same thing was attempted with Governor Curtin in Pennsylvania, a state of equal importance, under exactly similar circumstances. Curtin, having absolute control of the republican state organization, was able to prevent himself from being robbed of the nomination and was re-elected by a tremendous majority. He was tendered a first-class mission to take him out of the contest, and it is likely that Tod would have been offered some similar inducement had he been a regular republican. As it was, when Chase retired from the cabinet in 1864 President Lincoln tendered to Governor Tod the portfolio of secretary of the treasury, an honor which was promptly declined. Of course Governor Tod, always courteous unless forced to act without consideration, plead broken health and the necessity to give some attention to his personal affairs as an excuse for refusing this appointment; but the first excuse was rather overdrawn and nobody who knew David Tod would for a moment believe that he would permit his private business to interfere with an opportunity to serve his country. There is, however, not the least reason to suppose that Tod held Lincoln accountable, for he knew that Mr. Lincoln was a man of pure motives and felt secure in his friendship. It is probable that he blamed the coterie around the president who, viewing politics from a distance and without any real opportunity to understand the people, preferred to sacrifice any man, no matter how heroic may have been his service, rather than take chances of political defeat that would unavoidably have meant great injury to the Union cause and their own political prospects.

For eight years after his return from Brazil, in 1851, David Tod devoted his energies to the prosecution of business and demonstrated that he was not only a man of broad vision, sound judgment and untiring energy, but also that he was able to inspire in others his own enthusiasm in the development of his community and its natural wealth. During this time he gave much attention to railroad enterprises, coal mining and ironmaking, in all of which he achieved success and helped others to do so. He was unconquerable in his determination when convinced that he was on the right course, and this quality stood him and his community in good stead when he undertook the development of coal mining. It was only through his persistence and his persuasive powers that the boat owners on Lake Erie could be persuaded to test Brier Hill coal and thus establish for that commodity a market which soon made the Mahoning Valley a hive of industry, laying at the same time, in the wealth thus created, the firm foundations of its later industrial greatness.

Soon after his return from the Brazilian mission, he persuaded the directors of the Cleveland & Mahoning Railroad that it would be suicidal to direct the course of that road in such a way as to pass by the City of Youngstown, as they had proposed during his absence to do because considerable stock had been sold in Poland and Southern Mahoning County. He also urged that work on the project be hastened, and this was done, the road being completed as far as Youngstown in 1856. In 1859 David Tod became president of this road upon the death of Jacob Perkins, and held that office until his death.

In 1859, largely through the efforts of David Tod, the Akron Manufacturing Company was removed to Brier Hill, where it formed the foundation of the Brier Hill Iron & Coal Company, now the Brier Hill Steel Company, and then as now one of the most important industries of the Mahoning Valley. He was connected with many other enterprises, both industrial and financial, and was during the remainder of his life one of the most popular and certainly the most honored citizen of Youngstown.

This brief reference to the achievements of David Tod might be expanded into a volume were all of his activities fully recorded. It sheds some light on his ability and energy, his patriotism and his vision, all exceeding that of most men. It remains to be said that he was personally a man of culture, genial and magnetic, with the power of making and holding friends. He was not a finished orator, but as a public speaker few men could surpass him in the ability to convince and lead. In a physical sense he was a handsome man, not above the average height, but graceful in carriage and dignified in bearing. His open, winning countenance and bright smile, with his piercing black eyes and black hair, made him a notable figure in any gathering. He was a brilliant conversationalist when in the mood, but was also a deep thinker and at the same time inclined to reserve. He made warm friends and kept them, and his sense of justice and right was among his strongest characteristics.

Finally, Governor Tod was a man who loved culture, refinement and the pleasant things of life. In his earlier years he was often accused of extravagant habits, his ideas of the things necessary to personal comfort and the enjoyment of life being somewhat at variance with the simple habits of the people about him. In later life he delighted in lavishing upon his family the luxuries and comforts that appealed to him, and his wife and children were his chief solicitude. He had been also greatly devoted to his parents. His grandson, John Tod, in a modest and altogether admirable sketch of his illustrious ancestor, dwells upon the fact that David Tod paid for the farm occupied by his father and mother, built them a comfortable house and bought them the first stove they ever had. After his business affairs began to prosper he improved the old homestead at Brier Hill until it became a shrine of domestic happiness and a center of neighborly sociability never to be forgotten, and later erected a mansion in the City of Youngstown where his daughters, Grace and Sallie Tod, dispensed a beautiful hospitality for many years.

Governor David Tod died at Brier Hill November 13, 1868, as a result of apoplexy. His funeral provided an occasion for the expression of the love and respect in which he was held by the people of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley. It was attended by many persons of prominence, but the most inspiring feature of the pageant was the presence of more than 20,000 people, chiefly his friends, neighbors and men who had worked in the various industries with which he had been connected, all of whom viewed his passing with a sense of almost personal loss. He left behind him abundant evidence

CHARLES NEWTON KIRTLAND

of a useful life, and took with him into the beyond honor, esteem and personal affection such as is the portion of few men.

CHARLES NEWTON KIRTLAND was one of the grandsons of that famous character of the old Western Reserve, Judge Turhand Kirtland. While he did not resemble his grandfather in the matter of far-reaching enterprise and public leadership, his career bulked large in his home community of Poland, where he managed successfully extensive farming interests and where he expressed in his relations with his home and his neighbors those solid virtues generally associated with the Kirtland name.

Members of the Kirtland family are found recorded in the affairs of some of the oldest New England communities, particularly with Saybrook, Connecticut. Turhand Kirtland was the son of Constant and a grandson of John Kirtland was born in 1755. He visited the Western Reserve of Ohio as early as 1798, and was agent for the Connecticut Land Company. He helped John Young lay out Youngstown, also surveyed the townships of Burton and Poland, and acquired extensive land holdings in Trumbull and other counties. He made his home at Poland, and in 1798 he laid out the second road in the Western Reserve, running from Poland to the mouth of Grand River. He served as state senator in 1814, and was known as Judge Kirtland because of his twenty years service as justice of the peace. He accumulated a handsome property and left a large family to enjoy its use. His children were by his second marriage, to Polly Potter, who died at Poland in 1850.

His son Henry Turhand Kirtland was born at Wallingford, Connecticut, November 16, 1795, and died at Poland February 28, 1874. Charles Newton Kirtland, a son of Henry Turhand Kirtland, was born on the old homestead at Poland October 22, 1839, and died May 27, 1901. During his boyhood his health was delicate, and at the age of fourteen he had to give up his studies in Poland Academy. Health and strength were restored by the outdoor work and pursuits of the farm, and he spent his active life as a farmer. He inherited a part of the old homestead, and at one time owned 500 or 600 acres, part of it in Poland Township and some in Columbiana County. For a number of years before his death he was vice president of the Poland Bank. Charles N. Kirtland was a very strong republican and exercised a great influence in politics and local citizenship. The attractive home where some of his family still reside was built about 1870. He married for his first wife Julia Ellen Fitch, who died in December, 1879. She was a daughter of William and Julia (Kirtland) Fitch, and her mother was a daughter of Frederick and Mary Kirtland, who settled at Parkman in Geauga County, Ohio. Ellen and her sister Lucy were teachers in Boardman, where they married brothers, William and Edward Fitch. At Mrs. Kirtland's death she left two children by her first marriage, Elmour Fitch and May Julia Fitch. Elmour Fitch is a Civil engineer, connected with the American Bridge Company at Beaver, Pennsylvania. He married Susan McMillan Heasley, of an old family of Poland Township. May Julia Fitch became the wife of Harry Gault Gibson, who lives on the original Henry T. Kirtland homestead, and they have two children, Martha Ellen and Charles Kirtland Gibson.

In September, 1883, Mr. Kirtland married Martha Fawcett, of Salem, Ohio, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Test) Fawcett. Her father and her grandparents came from Virginia in pioneer days. Her father was for many years a farmer and stock man at Salem in Columbiana County. Of the two sons born to Mr. and Mrs. Kirtland, only one grew to maturity, Louis Augustus, who lives on part of the old homestead near his mother and is connected with the Youngstown Securities Company. He married Martha J. Sands, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Rev. J. D. Sands, a minister of the United Presbyterian Church of that city.

Mrs. Kirtland is active in woman's clubs and in church work, is a cultured and refined woman, showing many traces of her Virginia ancestry. The Kirtland home is a beautiful one, equal to many fine residences in Youngstown, but greatly enhanced by its attractive rural surroundings. While it is away from the dirt and noxious gasses of the industrial valley, being five miles south of Youngstown, the locality is rapidly attracting a high class of home-seekers, and many acres of the old Kirtland farm are being appropriated for the homes of people whose interests are largely in Youngstown.

JOHN F. LINDSAY, M. D., whose work as a physician and surgeon at Youngstown has been attended with a growing reputation and who is a member of the staff of the Youngstown Hospital, is one of three brothers who have made names for themselves in this profession, while both his father and grandfather were able doctors in their generation.

Dr. John F. Lindsay was born at Salineville in Columbiana County, Ohio, December 14, 1877, son of Dr. John A. and Maria (Connell) Lindsay. Dr. John F. Lindsay is a graduate of the Salineville High School, spent three years in a literary and scientific course at the Ohio State University, and in 1902 graduated from Western Reserve University, receiving his Doctor of Medicine degree forty-six years after his father. For two years he remained in Cleveland as an interne in St. Vincent's Hospital and then for five years practiced with his father in Salineville. On the death of his father he moved to Youngstown, where for over ten years he has carried on a general practice. He is now associated with Doctors Morrison, Turner and Bunn. Doctor Lindsay was honored with the office of secretary of the Mahoning Medical Society in 1916, and is also a member of the State and American Medical Associations. He is a Mason and belongs to Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Cleveland, Ohio. He is also a member of the Odd Fellows fraternity.

JAMES G. PARDEE. During the eight years that he has been pushing a business of his own James G. Pardee has seen his firm and business affairs wonderfully prosper and expand until the Pardee-Ellis Company, of which he is president and treasurer, is one of the important wholesale and jobbing concerns that have their home in the Youngstown District.

Possessing long business experience, thorough commercial training and a personality that has won friends everywhere, James G. Pardee has every equipment for success. He was born on a farm at Guys Mills in Crawford County, Pennsylvania, July 26, 1882. The Pardees are of French Huguenot stock and for several generations the family lived in Connecticut. Mr. Pardee is a son of J. H. and Margaret (Watson) Pardee, who are still living on their fine farm in Crawford County, the father at the age of sixty-seven and the mother at sixty. J. H. Pardee besides being a successful farmer has taken a prominent part in the democratic party in his county, serving as a member of the Democratic County Committee. He is an Odd Fellow. Mrs. Pardee is a member of the Congregational Church.

James G. Pardee, the oldest of seven children, attended the country schools of his native county, and spent two years in the State Normal at Edinboro. He was a teacher for two years in country districts, and going West served as principal of schools at Sheldon, North Dakota, three years. Mr. Pardee became a resident of Youngstown in 1907, but for five years was on the road as a traveling salesman representing the J. R. Thomas Company. He acquired an extensive trade acquaintance and built up a sound business reputation for himself. Leaving the road, in company with J. H. V. Ellis he organized the Pardee-Ellis Company. They started a business at 224 West Boardman Street, and in a very short time had to build on adjoining property in order to meet the requirements of the growing trade. The firm are wholesale dealers and jobbers in a wide range of specialties, notions, woodenware, galvanized-ware and stationery, and they do a business over fifty miles around Youngstown, both in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

May 22, 1907, the year he came to Youngstown, Mr. Pardee married Edna Coburn, a daughter of John and Matilda Coburn of Townville, Pennsylvania. Three children have been born to their marriage, John, Margaret and James.

Mr. Pardee has always been deeply interested in the civic life of his community. His home is at Pleasant Grove. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Credit Men's Association and the United Commercial Travelers. In Masonry he is affiliated with Western Star Lodge, the Royal Arch Chapter and Council at Youngstown, St. John's Commandery, Knights Templar, Lake Erie Consistory of the Scottish Rite, and Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine.

William Thomas Hardesty, vice president, general manager and one of the founders of the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, was closely identified with and a part of the industrial history of the Mahoning Valley for forty years, and at the time of his death he was one of the best known iron and steel men in Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania. He was not a native product of the valley, but from boyhood his life was spent amidst its haze and smoke—smoke which his mills helped to make—and it was here that he worked out his successful and honorable career.

Mr. Hardesty was born at New Lebanon, Pennsylvania, on January 7, 1857, and he was in the sixth generation of his branch of the family in America, his ancestors having come over from England in the early part of the eighteenth century and settled in Pennsylvania. His parents, William Thomas and Barbara (Overmoyer) Hardesty, were born in Pennsylvania, the mother having been of Holland-Dutch descent. William, the father, became a stationary engineer, and following the close of the Civil war he brought his family to the Mahoning Valley and located at Mineral Ridge, where he became engineer in the coal mines. A few years later he became engineer at the old Falcon Iron and Nail Mills at Niles, and removed to that city, where he and his wife spent their last days.

When young William Thomas Hardesty was a boy of ten years he became "bread-winner" as a delivery boy for Jonathan Warner (I), who was then operating a general store at Mineral Ridge; when he was twelve years old he began to learn engineering under his father at the Falcon Mills; when he was twenty he succeeded his father as engineer, and a few years later he was made chief engineer of the Falcon Mills, during which time, and long before and afterward, they were owned by the Arms. In 1901 the Falcon Mills were purchased by the United States Steel Corporation and Mr. Hardesty was made superintendent, and in 1904 he was promoted division superintendent by the United States Steel Company and given charge of a number of its important plants at different points in Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Back in 1898, while still with the Arms interests, Mr. Hardesty, with others, built at Niles what was known as the New Process Galvanizing Plant, but later sold it to Boston interests. That was Mr. Hardesty's first venture into business on his own account, made while he was still with the Arms interests his loyalty to the old company up to that time and even later holding him with his first employers.

In 1900 Mr. Hardesty and Jonathan Warner (II) bought the Struthers Mill, which they later sold. In 1904 Mr. Hardesty, Mr. Warner and W. H. B. Ward bought the Empire Iron & Steel Mills at Niles, Mr. Hardesty becoming general manager, and under his able management the plant was more than doubled in size and production. In 1910 the Empire Mills were sold, and Messrs. Hardesty, Warner and Ward began the promotion of the great Trumbull Steel Company at Warren. In 1912 ground was broken and Mr. Hardesty directed the building of the plant from the time the first spadeful of earth was turned in the excavation to the day when the machinery was started. He became general manager and vice president of the company, and credit for the success of the plant, which continued from the beginning of operations to the time of the death of Mr. Hardesty, and in a measure since his death, is generously accorded him and his able management by his business associates.

Mr. Hardesty's death occurred at his home in Warren on May 7, 1914, and his passing away was regarded as an irreparable loss, not only to his business associates, intimates and friends, but a loss to the industrial interests of the entire Mahoning Valley. His was a strong but unostentatious, if not retiring, nature, yet his genius in mechanics and

W. J. Hardesty

organization and the results he secured made of him a conspicuous figure in the industrial world. His mechanical skill was generally recognized as far back as 1892, and when the first tin-mill in this country was built at Niles, in that year, he was given the responsibility of rolling the first sheet of tin turned out by that plant, an event which is epochal in the industrial history of America.

Mr. Hardesty was a man of strong characteristics, and perhaps the strongest of these was his sense of loyalty to all with whom he was associated in a business and personal way. As a workman he was loyal to his employers, and when he became an employer he was loyal to his men; and to the last named trait, perhaps, was due his remarkable success in the handling of his workmen, for they, recognizing his loyalty to them, returned to him a full measure of loyalty, which resulted in complete harmony between office and mills. He was likewise loyal to his business associates and his friends, all of whom repaid his steadfastness with a devotion which lasted through life. His warm-hearted and genial personality won for him and held the true friendship of true men who esteemed his friendship as a privilege.

Mr. Hardesty was united in marriage with Luella Coombs, who was born in Brookfield, Trumbull County, the daughter of Newell E. and Diana (Musser) Coombs. Her father was also born in Brookfield, the son of a pioneer family which furnished soldiers to all the early wars of the country. Her mother was born in Pennsylvania and was a direct descendant of General Musser (Mercer) of the Revolutionary war, in which war served also Ensign Ebenezer Coombs, a maternal ancestor of Mrs. Hardesty. To Mr. and Mrs. Hardesty one daughter was born, Daisy, who is now the wife of Harold Stevens, of Niles, member of the well-known Stevens family of the Valley.

Thomas J. Evans. While he has been busily engaged in the practice of his profession as a dental surgeon at Youngstown for the past twenty years Doctor Evans has used both his profession and his civic interests to identify himself with other causes. He is a member of the City Board of Health, a former official of the State Dental Society, and is a former president of the Youngstown Dental Society.

Doctor Evans was born at Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, on Christmas day of 1876, son of Dr. Daniel and Annie Evans. His parents were both natives of Wales, came to this country when young and were married at Scranton, Pennsylvania. Dr. Daniel Evans achieved distinction, although he began his life in the coal mines. He was actuated by a deep scientific spirit, and his ambition was directed toward medicine. After some years of employment in the hard coal fields of Pennsylvania from his savings he was able to attend college and graduated from the Baltimore College of Physicians and Surgeons. He practiced at Nanticoke and New Castle, Pennsylvania. He became a pioneer in the use of the X-ray, and in later years specialized in that field. His death in 1914, at the age of sixty-five, was the result of burns received while doing experimental work with the X-ray. He was a member of the Lawrence County Medical Society, one of the first members of the Radiograph Society, took an active part in politics as a republican and with his wife was a member of the Welsh Congregational Church. His widow is now living at Nanticoke, Pennsylvania, at the age of sixty-five. Doctor Evans was also a member of the Knights of Malta, the Knights of Pythias and the Improved Order of Red Men. The three children now living are: Dr. Thomas J.; Arthur, connected with an iron plant at Woodlawn, Pennsylvania; and Jay R., in the automobile business at Buffalo, New York.

Thomas J. Evans attended a high school at Nanticoke, the Harry Hillman Academy at Wilkesbarre, and prepared for his profession in the Dental School of Philadelphia, graduating in 1899. The following year he came to Youngstown and for twenty years has practiced in one location, at 127 West Federal Street. He has much of the scientific spirit of his father, loves his profession, and has done much to advance the interests and welfare of dentistry in Ohio. He is a member of the staff of the City Hospital and is in charge of the Dental Clinic at the Mazda Lamp Works.

Doctor Evans became a member of the Health Board of Youngstown in 1920. He was the leading spirit in the movement to bring about compulsory vaccination in the Youngstown schools. Doctor Evans is a republican, is affiliated with the Masons and Odd Fellows, and a member of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. He married in 1899 Miss Agnes Van Fossen. Their two daughters, Isabel and Ethel, are both graduates of South High School and are now students at the Ohio State University.

John W. Morrison, Sr. While his interests as a business man were widely dispersed, John W. Morrison, Sr., for many years made his home at Youngstown and married into one of the prominent old families of the Mahoning Valley.

He was born at Brandywine Hundred, near Wilmington, Delaware, September 26, 1826, son of Robert Morrison and of Scotch-Irish ancestry. The Morrisons were related and closely allied with the Carter and Clayton families of the East. One from these families to achieve special distinction was Powell Clayton, former governor of Arkansas and United States ambassador to Mexico. John W. Morrison at the age of fourteen went with a relative, the owner of a sailing vessel, around Cape Horn to the gold fields of California. He had previously begun an apprenticeship as a blacksmith and machinist in the Baldwin Locomotive Works at Philadelphia, and while in California he was employed at his trade, there being a great demand in the West for his expert knowledge and skill. After his return East he was in Ohio, also operated a commission business at St. Paul, Minnesota, shipping by river to New Orleans.

He met his future wife, Kate Everett, while she was visiting relatives in the West. He followed her back to Youngstown, and in 1858 they were married. During the Civil war John W. Morrison worked as a machinist in Government shipyards, and was in New York employed on the famous gunboat Monitor. In later years he had a number of interests in Youngstown, and was a mine operator in Brazil,

Indiana, and at Collinsville, Illinois. He also built several streets in Youngstown.

Kate Everett, his wife, was born at the old Everett homestead at Griffith and Federal streets October 8, 1834. For many years she exercised a great influence in the life of the Mahoning Valley as an educator, having begun as teacher of a country school at the age of sixteen. She was connected with the schools of Youngstown, and in later years was a leader in civic affairs. Her father was Peter Everett, who came to Ohio from Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, while her mother was Mary Dabney, born at the Dabney homestead at Westlake Crossing. Mary Dabney was the daughter of the original settler of Youngstown, Nathaniel Gardner Dabney, who married Kate Kieffer. Nathaniel Gardner Dabney was a graduate of Harvard College, and came West to take charge of land he had purchased from the Connecticut Land Company. He acquired extensive tracts of land in what is now the growing City of Youngstown. He expected to engage in business here, but the death of his partner interfered with his arrangements, and subsquently he and his wife settled down to farming.

John W. Morrison, Sr., died in 1907. He and his wife had four children, John W., Jr., Sallie, deceased, Katie, deceased, and Agnes.

Agnes Morrison, who like her mother has been deeply interested in the civic life and social welfare of her home city, is a graduate of the Rayen High School, and during 1887-88 attended the Miss Johnson School for Young Ladies at Boston. While in the East she became acquainted with Samuel Waterman Luce, and they were married December 22, 1891. Samuel Waterman Luce was born at Boston March 28, 1867, son of Samuel Waterman and Harriet (Blake) Luce. His father was a prominent Boston merchant and for many years went twice annually to Europe as buyer for his firm. S. W. Luce, Jr., was a graduate of the Boston High School, and after the death of his father was in the service of the great Boston mercantile house of Russ, Cobb & Company. He was a man of the highest New England ideals and culture, and his many friends regarded him as a nature's nobleman. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Luce settled in Youngstown, where he was engaged in the coal business. They built the home on Madison Avenue where the family now reside. Samuel W. Luce, Jr., died December 31, 1918. He was survived by two sons, Everett Blake and Morrison Waterman Luce. The former is a graduate of the Rayen High School, spent two years in the Ohio Mechanical Institute at Cincinnati, and for eight months was in France connected with an evacuation hospital near the battle line. The son Morrison is still in school. Mrs. Luce is an active member of the Presbyterian Church.

James Franklin Elder, M. D. A physician and surgeon of Youngstown since 1911, with practice largely confined to special lines, Doctor Elder also enjoys the title of captain as a result of his service in the Medical Corps during the World war. He is a man of exceptional attainments, and has had a varied service and experience during his professional career.

He was born at Darlington, Pennsylvania, April 25, 1878. His grandfather, William Elder, was a native of Scotland, as was also his wife. He became known as founder of the Elder Woolen Mills on Little Beaver, near Cannelton, Pennsylvania. Prior to the Civil war he was an active abolitionist, and was a conductor on the underground railway and assisted many a negro slave in his escape to freedom.

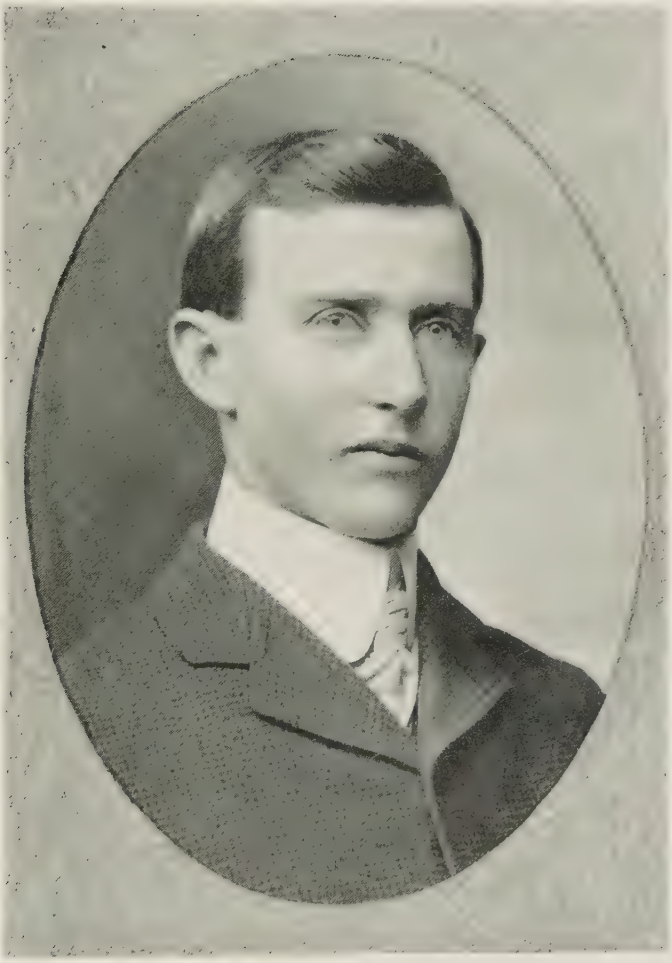
The parents of Doctor Elder were Samuel Rankin and Mary (Cook) Elder, both natives of Beaver County, Pennsylvania. His father was born in 1839 and died in 1907, while the mother died in 1909, at the age of seventy-two. Samuel Rankin Elder though largely self taught became a scientific gardener, orchardist and farmer of more than ordinary ability, and for a number of years performed a valuable service in connection with experimental stations and agricultural extension work in Pennsylvania. He cast his first vote for Lincoln, in 1860, and was an elder in the Seceder Presbyterian Church. Samuel R. Elder and wife became the parents of three children. William since 1902 has been engaged in the citrus fruit business at Los Angeles. The only daughter, Jennie, died at the age of forty-two in 1911.

James Franklin Elder graduated from the Greersburg Academy in his native state and finished his medical course in the University of Pittsburgh in 1900. Since then he has taken a number of post graduate courses in New York and Chicago. He made a special study of urology and dermatology. He began practice at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, in 1908 removed to Jefferson, Ohio, and in 1911 to Youngstown. Doctor Elder is a member of the staff of St. Elizabeth's Hospital. He was medical examiner of one of the local draft boards from September, 1917, until January, 1918, and then accepted active duty in the army as a medical officer with the rank of captain at Camp Cody, New Mexico.

Doctor Elder is an official of the Mahoning County Medical Society and a member of other organizations. He has always been interested in athletic sports and the development of games and pastimes and is a member of the City Boxing Commission of Youngstown. He is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason, has his Shriner membership in New Mexico, is a republican, and an active member of the Third Reformed Church.

In 1900 Doctor Elder married Miss Mame Fisher, of New Castle, Pennsylvania, daughter of Scott and Martha Fisher. Mrs. Elder's great-grandfather, William Fisher, was a pioneer settler in the vicinity of East Brook, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, and operated the first woolen mill in that locality. Dr. and Mrs. Elder have two daughters, Frances Jane, a graduate of the South High School of Youngstown, and now attending the University of Pittsburgh, in the department of household arts; and Esther Rae, attending the grade schools. A son, Paul Rankin, is deceased.

The Smith Family. The Smith brothers, John F. and Harry H., well-known and progressive farmers of Boardman Township, owners of the Shadeland Dairy in that township, have the distinction of being descendants of the first white man to settle in that section of the county. Their great-grandfather came into the county when it was inhabited only by Indians, his neighbors being two Indian families. He lived to within six years of



John F. Smith

R. H. Smith

becoming a centenarian, and on his ninetieth birthday was presented with a family Bible, which has since been passed down to the head of each generation and is now in the possession of John F. From that Bible much of the data herein given has been gathered.

William Smith, the pioneer in Ohio, was born in Pennsylvania on December 20, 1784, of parents who had come to the United States from Ireland. William was only eighteen years old when he married, soon after which he and his wife, Mary, left Pennsylvania and came through the wilderness into Ohio. He secured a tract of wild land now included in Idora and Mill Creek Parks, but it was then totally undeveloped, in fact he was the only white man in the neighborhood when he and his wife settled in the woods, and he began to build a log cabin within sight of the spring on the hill. Eventually others came into Youngstown township, and long before the death of William Smith the wild land he had come to when it was merely a hunting ground for Indians had become cleared and productive land, classed with the most fertile acreage in the vicinity. From the time of his first coming into Ohio, in the first years of the nineteenth century, until his death in 1870 he lived on the one farm in Youngstown Township; and as the years passed and the section became well populated by people of his own race he came to be known for his strong Christian character as much as for his rigid ways in general. He was one of the founders of the Covenanters Church in that vicinity, and throughout his life conscientiously observed the strict tenets of that faith, holding family worship and adhering rigidly to the sacredness of the Sabbath. In all his dealings, and in his every thought and action, William Smith was honest and straight-forward; and his own strength in that respect sometimes caused him to be impatient with others who were weaker and deviated from the straight way. But he was generally fairly dealt by and was generally esteemed for his high moral standard and steady, wholesome life. He lived a vigorous useful life of ninety-four years, death coming to him on April 19, 1878. He had been a widower for forty years, his wife, Mary, having died on December 8, 1838. They were the parents of nine children, including three spinster sisters who remained in the old home and cared for their father until within a few years of his death. The daughters were: Jane, who died at the age of fifty-six years; Nancy, who died in 1876, aged seventy-two years; and Polly, who also died in 1876, aged sixty-five years. Of the other children, Elizabeth married a man named Geddes, and died in 1881; and James, grandfather of John F. and Harry H., was born on March 21, 1808, and died on January 30, 1873. He was reared under the rigid and wholesome conditions that prevailed in the Christian and pioneer home of his father and mother, and he remained at home until he married his second wife, soon after which he purchased the Robbins farm and built the residence in which Ett Smith, a former county surveyor, now lives, and regarding whose life further detailed reference has been written for inclusion elsewhere in this current historical work of the Mahoning Valley. James Smith first married Mary Gibson, who bore him two children, William and Finley. William is deceased, but Finley now lives in Colorado. Their mother, Mary (Gibson) Smith, died when William was only three years old, and their father, James Smith, later married Harriet Croley, who bore him six children: Hannah M., who married David Houston; Nancy, who never married; James, who died when fifty-five years old; Joseph, who lives at Pleasant Grove; George, who is deceased; and Ett, the former county surveyor before referred to.

William, son of James Smith by his first wife, Mary Gibson, lived practically all his minor life with his grandfather and maiden aunts. William was deaf from birth, and his education was obtained at an institution for the deaf at Columbus, Ohio. It was there that he met Carrie Butler, who was destined to become his wife. She was from Licking County, Ohio, and had been deaf since her third year. She was two years younger than William, and they were married when he was twenty-nine years old. Their early married life was spent in the home of William's grandfather, and there they remained until the death of the latter in 1879. Soon afterwards William bought a nearby farm, and it remained the home of the family until his death, which came suddenly on November 10, 1917, he having been killed in an automobile accident near his home. His widow still lives in the old home, in quiet comfort. Deafness did not apparently handicap William Smith very seriously; at all events he was a successful farmer who made a comfortable competence by honorable dealing and industrious application to farming. The early years he spent in his grandfather's home were reflected in his commendable traits, and he was much respected in the township. Politically he was a republican, although he does not appear to have taken a very close interest in political movements. Four children were born to William and Carrie (Butler) Smith: Lottie, who married Henry Baldwin, of Boardman Township; Lida, who married F. C. Pew, of Uniontown, Pennsylvania; John F., who was born on October 30, 1876; and Harry H., born December 15, 1878.

The two sons constitute the firm of Smith Brothers, owners of the Shadeland Dairy Farm in Boardman Township. The brothers have been business partners since early manhood, and are both alert, up-to-date farmers, well representative of the younger generation of progressive, successful Mahoning County agriculturists. Their farming indicates that they have been students of modern scientific farming, and they have had notable success. They maintain a large herd of good milch cows, aiming to keep the herd at about fifty head; and they to some extent enter into the retailing of milk, delivering to south side residents. Both are married and live in desirable residences only a short distance apart. To some extent both have entered into the public affairs of the township and county, although both give their time mainly to the affairs of their dairy farm. They are republicans in political allegiance, and Harry H. is a member of the township School Board. Both are consistent members of the South Side Presbyterian Church.

John F., the elder brother, married Edna Dut-

terer, daughter of Obadiah and Elizabeth (Otto) Dutterer, of Boardman Township. Her father is a prosperous farmer in Boardman Township and formerly lived in North Lima, where Edna was born. John F. and Edna (Dutterer) Smith are the parents of two children, Mary Elizabeth and William Otto, both of whom attend the local school.

Harry H. Smith married Alice Blackburn, and they have two children, sons, Howard H. and William John Thomas.

Anthony Onorato. While Anthony Onorato is active head of a business whose annual volume of sales runs into the millions, he began his career in this country as a waterboy at 75 cents a day and had achieved only a modest degree of success when he came to Youngstown some fifteen or sixteen years ago.

Mr. Onorato was born in the Italian province of Campobasso, March 18, 1865. This province is about 100 miles southwest of Rome and about the same distance northwest of Naples. Many of his people for years had been skilled stone cutters. His parents were Joseph and Catherine Onorato, and his father was a contractor in building construction and also a dealer in building material and coal. His death at the age of seventy-seven, was the result of an accident.

Anthony Onorato attended night school in his native land and at the age of fifteen joined a party of about fifty Italian people who were coming to America to better their conditions. His first work as a waterboy was done in Cleveland, Ohio, when he carried water to the big force of men engaged in building a trestle for the Nickel Plate Railway. Later he worked for 75 cents a day on a farm at Bellevue, clearing land. Leaving Ohio he went out to Colorado, joined a railroad construction outfit as a waterboy, and having in the meantime gained some knowledge of English, acted as interpreter. He was a table waiter in a restaurant in Colorado, and on returning to Ohio found work in a fruit store at Zanesville at $5.00 a month and board. He did all he could to learn the business, saved his money and at the end of two years bought the store, paying his modest savings and giving a promise for the balance of $500 as it was earned out of the business.

The next stage in his career began in 1888, when he entered business with a cousin in Chillicothe, Ohio, remaining there three years. In the meantime he bought out his partner, and continued the business altoegther for six years, selling out for $4,000. From 1894 until 1902 Mr. Onorato was in the wholesale fruit business at Columbus. Impaired health caused him to sell out and he spent a year in California recuperating. Returning to Columbus, he again engaged in business, but with disastrous results through the trust he reposed in a dishonest associate.

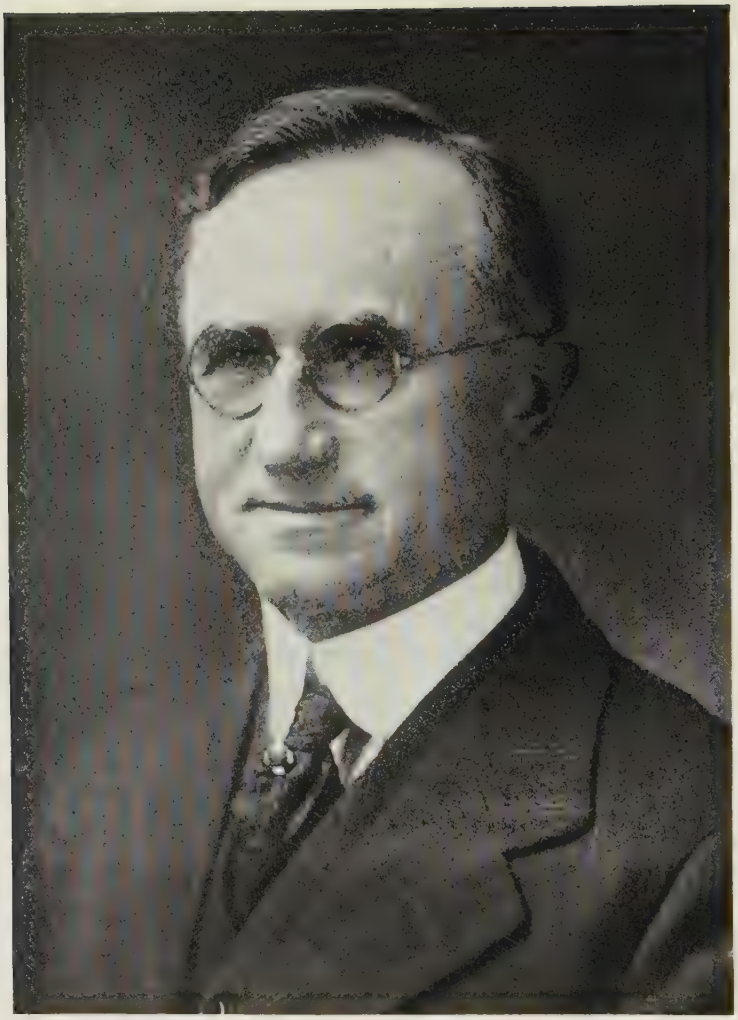
When Mr. Onorato came to Youngstown he rented from Mrs. Bonnell the block originally occupied by the Youngstown Dry Goods Company, and here opened a wholesale fruit establishment. He was the first fruit merchant in Youngstown to handle car lots of California fruit. The business gradually became a wholesale grocery. Already a prosperous business man, he took stock in the Youngstown Macaroni Company, and a year later became president of the concern. At that time its yearly business did not exceed $85,000, though now this is one of the largest companies of the kind in America, its annual volume of products being valued at $2,500,000.

Mr. Onorato was one of the chief builders of Our Lady of Mount Carmel Church in Youngstown, was also a large contributor to the building of the Abbruzzi Hall, and no one in proportion to his means did more to support the Government and the auxiliary war work. Mr. Onorato has had a number of setbacks in his career, and his prosperity is therefore the more satisfying. During the floods of 1913 his losses reached $50,000, but the bank came to his aid with credit and he was soon re-established.

In 1888 Mr. Onorato married Miss Lily Yarhaus, of Waverly, Ohio. Two daughters and a son have been born to their union: Recelba, who is the wife of J. F. McFadden of Youngstown, and they have one child, Rita Mary; Hazel; and Walter, the only son, who left the University of Michigan at the beginning of the World war and saw seventeen months of service in France. He is now with his father in the Youngstown Macaroni Company. Mr. Onorato acquired American citizenship in 1888, and through all the years has been a steady supporter of the republican party.

Harrison W. Lindsay. After reviewing the records of the Lindsays in Youngstown it is possible and appropriate to say of them that in the three generations they have been people of distinctive constructive energy and spirit, and their lives have found expression in substantial achievement that has advanced many interests besides their own. One of the men representing the present generation is Harrison W. Lindsay, a prominent real estate dealer and developer in the city.

His grandfather was William Lindsay, whose career deserves more than passing mention in any account of Youngstown. He was of Scotch ancestry, but was reared in Central Ohio by a German family and learned to speak that language. More than three quarters of a century ago, in 1843, he came to Youngstown, and was identified with the city for over thirty years, until his death in February, 1876. A carpenter by trade, he operated a planing mill at what is now Doud Alley and Front Street. Into this mill he introduced the first smoothing machine or planer west of Pittsburgh. This was one of the earlier among the mechanical inventions that are now employed in the dressing of lumber and the production of what is known as "mill work" entering into at least half of all building construction. The placing of this machine in the Lindsay mill aroused a great deal of opposition and active hostility on the part of the carpenters of the valley. Up to that time lumber was dressed chiefly by hand labor and on the spot, and a machine for doing the work was resented because it would take away much of the employment of carpenters. William Lindsay was also interested in the foundry at the corner of Boardman and Basin. This foundry worked up pig iron which was transported on canal boats from Pittsburgh. In addition to his lumber and planing mills Mr. Lindsay became interested in the business of buying and selling real estate and improving it



A. N. Hinds

with buildings. He built a home for his family at the corner of Basin and Front and another at Walnut and Front, and these old houses are still standing, landmarks of the residence district of a former era. William Lindsay's chief business misfortune was due to a timber land deal. The title proved defective, and he lost a large part of his fortune. It gave him a great deal of trouble and possibly may have shortened his life. William Lindsay was one of the noble characters of early Youngstown. He was a very active member of the First Methodist Church and a devout Christian and exercised a great influence over many of the local citizens. Up to that time there were a number of atheists in the town and he was always willing to meet them in discussion and always got the better of the argument by asserting that it was best to live the life of a Christian even if there were no hell or heaven.

William Lindsay married first Elizabeth Chapman, and by this union there was born one child, Sarah Jane, who became the wife of George Hornicle. Mr. Lindsay married for his second wife Mary MacDonald, and they had eleven children: William, Mary E., Albert R., Eveline, Gilbert, Catherine, Tressie, Josephine, Hetty, Charles and Grant.

The son Albert R. Lindsay, who was born on Canal Street in Youngstown August 9, 1850, is still living. He was educated in the local schools, worked as a carpenter with his father, and about the time of the panic of 1873 secured employment in the Lake Shore roundhouse at $1.20 a day. He was given several promotions, becoming locomotive engineer, and served in that capacity until permanently disabled in a collision. After that he conducted a grocery store at 801 Wilson Avenue. Albert R. Lindsay married Olive B. Vogan, who was born at New Castle, Pennsylvania, and died June 17, 1901. She was the mother of two sons, Harrison W. and Clarence D. The latter married Miss Maybell Weaver. He is engaged in the wholesale produce business in Youngstown, Ohio.

Harrison W. Lindsay, who was born at Youngstown March 1, 1876, acquired his education in the Wood and Rayen Street Schools. Out of necessity he practiced a system of getting an education which is now highly commended under a plan known as continuation schools. He attended school for half a day and the other part of the day he spent working in the Euwer store. Mr. Lindsay was a schoolmate of several prominent Youngstown people, including Fernley and William Bonnell, Helen Arms and others. After leaving school he assisted his father in the grocery business at 801 Wilson Avenue, and at the age of twenty-two he began selling real estate, chiefly residence property on the east and west sides. He soon entered the building end of the business and has erected many houses and sold them to individual owners. His business has been a growing and profitable one for the last fifteen or twenty years.

September 9, 1897, he married Jessamine Moore, daughter of David T. Moore, of a well known family of the Mahoning Valley. Her father was at one time county commissioner. Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay were for nine years affiliated with Grace Methodist Church, but are now members of the Trinity Church. Mr. Lindsay, like his grandfather, has accepted all the opportunities presented to work for the betterment and advancement of his home city. He was one of the founders of the Lincoln Club and chairman of the organization when it succeeded in having the East Side bridge built.

Samuel K. Hine, a chemical engineer by profession, has given his technical skill and his executive ability to the benefit of one of the most important industries of the Mahoning Valley, the Ohio plant of the A. M. Byers Company at Girard in Trumbull County. His connection with this industry, of which he is now manager, covers a quarter of a century, and his connection with the iron and steel industry of Ohio has been practically continuous from the time he completed his technical education.

He has the heritage of two pioneer families, Hine and Kirtland, in Mahoning and Trumbull counties. He was born at Poland, Mahoning County, August 4, 1867, son of Samuel and Emma C. (Kirtland) Hine. His grandfather, Judge Homer Hine, a Revolutionary soldier, was graduated from Yale College in 1797, and about the opening of the nineteenth century came to the Ohio Western Reserve. His homestead included the present site of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern yards in Youngstown. Judge Hine for many years was prominent in public affairs, and represented Mahoning County in the first Legislature of Ohio, for many years was a justice of the peace, and was prominent in the abolition movement in the early half of the nineteenth century, assisting many slaves on their way to freedom. He was more than eighty years of age at the time of his death.

Samuel Hine finished his education in the Western Reserve Academy and for many years was a merchant at Youngstown and Hubbard and moved to Poland to give his children the educational advantages of that center of culture. He died in 1893, at the age of seventy-seven. He also wielded much influence in local politics, was a stanch republican, but never sought or held office.

His wife was a representative of the Kirtland family of which Judge Turhand Kirtland became the most conspicuous and influential member in Trumbull County in the early days. Judge Kirtland was an agent of the Connecticut Land Company, and purchased large tracts within the borders of the Western Reserve. His name is closely associated with the settlement of several townships and with the civic interests and public affairs of the locality and period. Emma C. (Kirtland) Hine was a daughter of Billius Kirtland, who maintained his home in Boardman Township of Trumbull County. The first wife of Samuel Hine was Ellen Montgomery, who was survived by two children, C. D. and Mary, the latter the wife of James Phelps. Mrs. Emma C. (Kirtland) Hine survived her husband more than twenty years, passing away in 1914, at the age of seventy-two. She was the mother of five children: Samuel K., the oldest; Ellen L., who at her own expense went to France as a Y. M. C. A. Secretary after the United States became involved in the World war; Alfred B., who prepared for college at St. Paul's School at Concord, New Hampshire, afterward graduated from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and is now vice president of the firm McKel-

vey-Hine of Pittsburgh; Homer H., who took a preparatory course at Cheshire, Connecticut, afterward attended Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, and is now in the building supply business at Seattle, Washington; Charles P., who also attended the Cheshire School, was graduated from Yale University one hundred and one years after the graduation of his paternal grandfather, was admitted to the bar in his native state, and is now practicing successfully at Cleveland as a member of the firm Thompson, Hine & Flory, and has served as assistant attorney general of Ohio under Hon. Wade Ellis.

Samuel K. Hine enjoyed the distinctive advantages of Poland schools during his early youth, and in 1892 graduated from the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of Troy, New York. For a brief time after returning home he was assistant engineer of the tin mills which had been built by the Arms family at Niles, also was chemist for the Mahoning Iron Company, from March, 1893, to February, 1895, was at Leetonia as chemist for the Salem Iron Company, from February, 1895, to September, 1895, was with the Ohio Steel Company and in September of the latter year became chemist for the company in the Girard plant and filled that office until 1901. Then for a time he was consulting chemist in addition to his duties in a partnership at Cleveland, but in 1902 returned to Girard as superintendent of the Ohio Iron Company's plant, and on the death of J. A. Kennedy in 1903 succeeded the latter in the office of general manager. In that position he has continued to the present time, the title of the corporation in the meantime having become the A. M. Byers Company.

Mr. Hine is also president of the Trumbull Banking Company, vice president and a director of the North American Steamship Company, is a director of the Bruhl Mining Company and the Fort Henry Mining Company, a director of the Youngstown Foundry & Machine Company and a director of the Trumbull Savings & Loan Company of Warren. Like all other members of the Hine family he is a staunch republican, and during the World war was president of the War Board of his home city of Girard. He is affiliated with the Masonic fraternity and the Order of Elks.

April 10, 1913, Mr. Hine married Miss Alma Steel Paige, of Painesville, Ohio. Mrs. Hine is a prominent figure in activities at Girard and a communicant of St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church at Niles, Ohio. She was chairman of the Girard branch of the American Red Cross, which made a record for good work during the World war.

Clarence D. Lindsay. Any business can become as big as the spirit and the enterprise of the man behind it. For example Clarence D. Lindsay some twenty years ago started out to gain patronage in Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley through the sale of some specially prepared horseradish which he manufactured on his own premises. Success encouraged him, and he began expanding and growing, and is today one of the leading wholesale dealers in fruits and produce in Eastern Ohio.

Mr. Lindsay is a member of a notable Youngstown family, grandson of William Lindsay, and son of Albert R. and Olive B. (Vogan) Lindsay. Some of the interesting particulars in the career of his honored grandfather and parents are given on other pages of this publication.

Mr. Lindsay, who is a brother of Harrison W. Lindsay, was born April 26, 1883, at the family home at 737 Shehy Street. His father conducted a small grocery store at 801 Wilson Avenue. The son was educated in the Shehy Street School and put in much of his time when not in school in his father's store. He began business for himself in 1901, in the modest enterprise briefly noted above, and gradually branched out into the wholesale fruit and produce business, and now handles the trade requirements of many of the retailers throughout the Mahoning Valley. Mr. Lindsay was in business at the old location, 801 Wilson Avenue, until 1915, when he moved to his present establishment at 259 West Commerce.

He married Maybell Weaver in 1909. She was formerly a resident of Coalburg, Ohio.

Mrs. Margaret Crandall, widow of the late Nelson Crandall, whose life and character entered so closely into the business affairs of Youngstown, as described on other pages, resides at 1003 Ford Avenue in Youngstown.

Mrs. Crandall bore the maiden name of Margaret Pabst. She was born in Baden Weinheim, Germany, May 29, 1855, and was twelve years of age when her parents, George and Barbara (Roll) Pabst, came to America. The family lived in Cleveland, Warren and Youngstown. Miss Pabst became the wife of Nelson Crandall in 1893. She was active with her husband in the Trinity Methodist Church. Nelson Crandall had been an active member and librarian of the old Methodist Church on Front Street, which subsequently became Trinity Church.

James E. Dye. An important business supplying the great Youngstown District with butter and other dairy products is the Youngstown Creamery Company, the manager of which is James E. Dye, an expert butter maker and creamery operator, who has spent practically all his active life in this one line of business and who came to Youngstown recently to take charge of the local business.

Mr. Dye, who is regarded as one of the able young business men of the city, was born on a farm at Orrville, Ohio, September 10, 1886, son of James E. and Jane (Douglas) Dye. He grew up on his father's farm, and while attending the district schools and the Orrville High School had a varied line of duties at home, doing the chores, milking the cows, and also working in the fields. Soon after he left the farm and finished his education Mr. Dye became connected with the business in which he is an expert as a result of long and practical experience. His first employment was with the Sumner Company, and the Youngstown Creamery Company is a branch of that larger concern. They were manufacturers of butter and dairy products. Mr. Dye learned the business thoroughly, at first driving a team in the country, buying cream and butter fat from farmers. He held other positions with the company and finally was made manager of the cream-

J. X. Wadsworth

ery department. The Sumner Company has four large establishments at Akron, Canton, Salem and Youngstown. The business at Youngstown was established by Frank Page, and on his death Mr. Dye came to Youngstown in 1919 to take charge of the business and also has a financial interest. Their Y C brand of butter is widely known and used all over the Youngstown District. The company also does a general jobbing business handling butter, cheese and other products, the trade territory being in Ohio and Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. Dye married, September 30, 1906, Miss Etta Balmer, of Canal Fulton, Ohio. Their four children are Frank E., Carl, Esther and Harry. The family are members of the United Brethren Church.

JOHN X. WADSWORTH. It has been the good fortune of Warren to have as citizens a group of men who while striving to gain something for themselves have at all times been willing to give their personal service as well as their means to the betterment of the city and its institutions. To the unselfish efforts of such men is due the rapid growth of Warren during the two last decades. A general consensus places John X. Wadsworth, president and general manager of the Wadsworth Feed Company, in this group of progressive men. He has always evinced that broad-minded and public spirited disposition which makes for progress and city building, and for nearly twenty years he has been a factor in the business, civic and social life of the city and has contributed his full quota to the building up and betterment of the community.

Mr. Wadsworth is descended from two old New England families, both of which settled in the Western Reserve at an early day. His paternal grandfather, Xenophon Wadsworth, was a native of Connecticut, while the maternal grandfather, John Smith, was a native of Massachusetts, and both brought their families in ox-carts from New England to the Western Reserve, settling at Windham, Portage County, in pioneer days. Both lived out their lives at Windham, and are buried in the old Windham cemetery.

Elmer D. Wadsworth, son of Xenophon and father of John X., was born in Connecticut and was but a boy when he came with the family to Windham. He followed farming in Portage County for a number of years, and then removed to Garrettsville, Ohio, where he became extensively engaged in cattle raising, which he continued until his death in 1890. His wife was Emaline, daughter of John Smith, the pioneer. She was born in Massachusetts and died at Garrettsville in 1892.

John X. Wadsworth was born at Windham, Ohio, but was reared and educated at Garrettsville. As soon as he was old enough he became his father's assistant in the cattle business. In 1894, four years after the death of his father, he engaged in the meat business at Garrettsville, remaining there five years, and then removed to Cleveland, where he continued in the same line of business until 1902. In April, 1902, he came to Warren as junior member of the firm Patton & Wadsworth, feed merchants. From that time he has been a forceful figure in the business and civic affairs of the city. In 1908, having acquired a controlling interest in the business of Patton & Wadsworth, he reorganized and incorporated the business as the Wadsworth Feed Company, with himself as president and general manager. The beginning of the Wadsworth Feed Company was modest, but its business grew from year to year, its facilities were improved to meet a steady growth, and in 1917 a 190-barrel flour mill plant was added for the manufacture of hard and soft wheat flour, corn and buckwheat. As evidence of the company's growth it may be said that the volume of its annual business in 1908 was less than $15,000, while that in 1919 was over $500,000.

In civic and social affairs Mr. Wadsworth is prominently active, and whenever and wherever he is called upon he always renders his full share of service to all worthy movements having for their object the betterment of community life. He has served as a member of the Board of Trustees of the Packard Park Commission since it was organized; is an active member of the Warren Board of Trade; is an enthusiastic member of the Warren Rotary Club, and was the club's delegate to the National Convention of Rotary Clubs held in Salt Lake City in June, 1919; is president of the Warren Automobile Club, and was its delegate to the National Convention of Automobile Clubs held at Atlantic City in June, 1919; is a member of the Order of Odd Fellows; a member of the First Presbyterian Church; and is a director in the New Warner Hotel Company.

During the period of the great war he was busily identified with its patriotic program of service to the government, taking part in the different campaigns for raising funds and securing maximum results in home war work.

As a business man Mr. Wadsworth has demonstrated his ability as the guiding genius of the Wadsworth Feed Company. As a citizen he leaves nothing to be desired, while as a man his genial, warmhearted and wholesome personality has won a secure place in the hearts of his intimates and gained for him the respect and admiration of his fellow citizens.

On November 25, 1885, Mr. Wadsworth married Lura A. Holden, who was born at Charlestown, Portage County, daughter of Edwin and Emma A. (Dickinson) Holden. Her father was born in Charlestown, son of Joseph Holden, a native of Hawley, Franklin County, Massachusetts, who moved from the old Bay State to Portage County in pioneer days. Edwin Holden took his family from Charlestown to Garrettsville in 1884, and is now a citizen of Warren at the age of eighty-four. The mother of Mrs. Wadsworth was born at Chester, Connecticut, and died at Charlestown, Ohio, in 1872. To Mr. and Mrs. Wadsworth were born a son and a daughter, Louis M. and Ruth Marie.

Louis M. Wadsworth, who was born at Garrettsville November 9, 1888, was educated in the Warren public schools, in the Ohio Northern University at Ada, and leaving college in 1907 entered business as a salesman for the Wadsworth Feed Company. From 1911 to 1914 he was in charge of the company's receiving elevators at Van Wert, Ohio, and since 1914 has been secretary-treasurer of the com-

pany. September 23, 1908, he married Mabelle Wannamaker, who was born at Warren, Ohio, October 12, 1891, daughter of Charles E. and Elizabeth (Biggers) Wannamaker.

Ruth Marie Wadsworth, who was born at Garrettsville May 4, 1895, on July 17, 1914, became the wife of William Tudor Brangham, of Warren, assistant general sales manager of the Falcon Steel Company at Niles. Mr. Brangham was formerly connected with the Trumbull Steel Company, first as foreman of the shipping department of the tin house, and then advanced by stages to special representative of the company's claim department, from which he resigned to go with the Falcon Steel Company. Mr. and Mrs. Brangham have one daughter, Ruth Jane, born September 17, 1915.

Dennis T. Peters. Considering his initial capital and the few years he has been in business, Dennis T. Peters has achieved extraordinary success as a real estate operator at Youngstown and in other sections of the Mahoning Valley. Undoubtedly he has the genius of a born real estate man, enabling him to foresee and carry out large plans that fit in with the rapid growth of population and the increase of industry in this section of Ohio.

Mr. Peters was born at Niles February 10, 1891, a son of John and Rosa (Chicketelle) Peters. His parents were both natives of Italy and the Chicketelle family have been residents of Niles for many years. John Peters came to the United States at the age of twenty-one, and was in the grocery business on Valley Street, near Valley Mills, until 1915, when he retired with a competence. He is a republican voter and a member of Our Lady of Mount Carmel Catholic Church. After the death of his first wife he married Mary Fusco, of Niles. Dennis is the only son of his father and mother, and his father by his second marriage has two children: James, a schoolboy; and Rose, wife of Samuel Giurdullo, proprietor of a steamship agency on West Federal Street.

Dennis T. Peters, while he had good opportunities for an education, did not waste his leisure hours, spending them mostly in his father's store. He attended the Oak Street School and later the Excelsior Business College, taking a night course. When he was twenty years of age his father gave him a modest capital of $2,000. That was the capital he used to enter the real estate business, and he handled his first proposition with the skill of a veteran. He soon secured a tract of ground on the east side, near the mills, paying $4,000 for it. H. C. Kennedy advanced him the $2,000 to complete his payment. This is known as the Woodcrest allotment and was subdivided and sold by Mr. Peters to mill men, the tract yielding a total of $15,000 when the sales were completed. The first year he was in business Mr. Peters sold 200 houses. His first office was at 43 Central Square, and he is now established in well appointed offices in the Dollar Bank Building. He is senior member of the firm Peters & McBride.

During the last five or six years Mr. Peters has been actively identified with a number of allotments and additions to Youngstown and also at Warren. He had most of the handling of the real estate and housing development at Steelton, associated with the Realty Trust Company. He sold 500 lots in that industrial community. He also handled the Bolin Hill property at Warren and has built many houses. He was affiliated with Alfred Liebman in the development of the Hawkins farm in the west end of Youngstown.

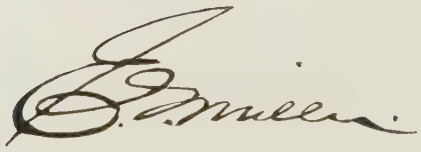
November 5, 1914, Mr. Peters married Miss Madeline C. Fusco, daughter of John Fusco. Mrs. Peters is an accomplished musician and well known in local musical circles. Two sons were born to their marriage, John D. and Paul. The latter died at the age of thirteen months. Mr. Peters is an active member of the Real Estate Board of Youngstown, is affiliated with the Elks and is a republican voter. He has always been interested in the cause of the church and was especially influential in the promotion of the welfare and upbuilding of the parish of Our Lady of Mount Carmel. He served as assistant secretary and also as secretary of Our Lady of Mount Carmel Building Company.

Henry Friedman. Successful business men are not rare at Youngstown, but possibly few have advanced their fortunes more rapidly and solidly than has Henry Friedman, who is a prominent real estate dealer of this city. In his numerous undertakings he has shown rare sagacity and business penetration, and beyond his personal success the city has greatly profited through his progressive public spirit.

Henry Friedman was born on East Wood Street, Youngstown, Ohio, February 14, 1883, and is a son of Isaac and Kate (Greenwald) Friedman, highly esteemed residents of this city. Isaac Friedman was born in 1850 at Budapest, Austria-Hungary, and when twenty years old came to the United States. He came to Youngstown as a clothing peddler, and on deciding to locate here he opened a shop on Canal Street, his first customers being the farmers of the Mahoning Valley. They found they were dealing with a trustworthy young man and his fortunes soon increased to such an extent that he was able to open a store with a complete stock of clothing at No. 425 East Federal Street. Mr. Friedman continued to do business there for the next fifteen years, at which time he retired from the clothing line and embarked in business as a grocery merchant at No. 139 East Federal Street, where he carried on a large trade until 1915, when he retired entirely from active business life.

After establishing himself at Youngstown Mr. Friedman returned to Europe for a short visit, during which he was married to Kate Greenwald, who was born at Budapest in 1855. They have six children, namely: Sam, who owns a department store at Struthers, Ohio; Emma, who is the wife of Albert Leopold; Dorothy, who is the wife of Max Brunswick; Sadie, who is the wife of Doctor Loewit; Rose, who is the wife of Sidney L. Geiger; and Henry, who is the third in order of birth. Isaac Friedman and his wife are members of the Children of Israel congregation.

Henry Friedman attended the Wood Street public school in boyhood, after which he went into his father's store and continued to be associated with him until the latter retired from business. Reared in a careful, frugal home and under the discipline of a sagacious, farseeing father, he had learned



many of the basic principles of a successful business life, and when opportunity came he proved their value.

It was in 1914 that a business concern at Youngstown, known as the Wilda Grocery, became embarrassed and an auction sale was called in order to satisfy debts. As a casual visitor Henry Friedman strolled in, having neither intention nor capital to embark in business, but that his business ability was recognized and his personal standing in the city considered reliable was manifested to him in a surprising way, when the main creditor of the Wilda concern suggested that he buy the stock, and furthermore offered time for his payments. Thus Henry Friedman became the owner of the first cut-rate grocery store at Youngstown. He took charge of the business with enthusiasm, put in operation plans of his own and within three weeks had sold enough goods to pay for the stock. With this as a beginning he continued in the grocery line for four and a half years, his enterprise resulting so successfully that other lines of business expansion became possible. Mr. Friedman became one of the substantial builders of Youngstown, marking each prosperous business year by the erection of a solid addition to the business section of the city. The first of these creditable buildings was the North Side postoffice structure and the drug store adjoining, followed in quick succession by the Friedman Block just to the south; the Friedman Annex; the Rauple meat market, the Hamiltons grocery store and a tailor shop, all on Elm Street. In the third year after embarking in business he bought two properties on Florencedale Avenue, to the east of the postoffice, and in the fourth year, with other construction work, he purchased the Wendell Apartments and the Carolyn Apartments.

In the meanwhile the great war came on and Mr. Friedman gave more in loyal service to his native land than many are aware. During its entire progress he worked as a dollar a year man, as a member of the United States secret service. Although numbered with the city's capitalists, Mr. Friedman has never entertained the idea "resting on his oars" that has appeared to appeal to many individuals, but on the other hand, as soon as released from obligations of war times he turned his attention again to the business field and embarked in the real estate line, establishing his office in the Mahoning Bank Building. He has consumated some very large deals, a notable one being the sale of the old Y. M. C. A. Building for $252,000. He is a member of the Real Estate Board. It is not only his remarkable business ability that has made his career conspicuous, but it is because Mr. Friedman enjoys the respect and esteem of his fellow citizens and commands their confidence. He belongs to the order of Odd Fellows, and is a faithful member of Rodef Sholem congregation.

Edward Godfrey Miller. Throughout his residence at Warren, covering more than twenty years, Mr. Miller has been general manager of the Warren and Niles Telephone Company, and has made his office an instrument of direct service and benefit to all the patrons and users of the company's service.

Mr. Miller, who is a man of varied business experience, was born at Latrobe, Pennsylvania, October 22, 1861, son of Jacob H. and Elizabeth (Eberhardt) Miller. Both the Miller and Eberhardt families have been identified with Pennsylvania for several generations. Both parents died at Warren. Edward G. Miller was educated in the public schools of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and began his business life in 1890 as a product clerk in the Carnegie Union Iron Works, now the Carnegie Steel Corporation at Pittsburg. Then successively he was a clerk in a wholesale clothing house at Pittsburg, was general contract agent for the East End Electric Light Company of Pittsburg, and managed a department store at McKeesport. Returning to Pittsburg, he entered the telephone industry in 1893 as service engineer of the Keystone Telephone Company. He therefore had a practical and technical knowledge of the business when he came to the Warren and Niles Telephone Company in 1898. Since 1899 he has filled the post of general manager, and during his administration the equipment and service have been practically transformed, and everything possible has been done to bring the business to an ideal efficiency.

In 1917 a merger plan was worked out and consummated between the Warren and Niles Telephone Company and the Bell Telephone Company, whereby the former bought all of the Warren interests of the latter. During the time between 1917 and 1920 the business of the Warren Telephone Company had such a rapid growth, both in local service and in long distance work, that a large and more comprehensive equipment was necessary. A new three-story granite block addition was put up, thereby increasing the floor space over one hundred per cent and allowing for enlarged equipment, doubling the former capacity, and also made arrangements providing for the comfort of the girl operators by large recreation rooms.

Mr. Miller is a member of the Ohio State Telephone Association and the United States Independent Telephone Association. He is identified with several social organizations at Warren, including Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, Independent Lodge, Knights of Pythias, Warren Board of Trade and the Trumbull Country Club. His wife, Katherine F. Rowand, is a daughter of Arch H. Rowand, a prominent Pittsburg attorney and ex-clerk of courts of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Miller have two daughters, Elizabeth, wife of George F. Konold, Jr., of Warren; and Catherine R., a student in Wellesley College.

Donald A. McVean is one of the younger executives developed out of the great iron and steel district of the Mahoning Valley, and is secretary of the Gillen-McVean Company of Youngstown.

He is a son of the late John McVean, who died April 22, 1919, after having given a service of more than half a century to the old Brown-Bonnell Company or Valley Mills at Youngstown. The story of his life is adequately told on other pages of this publication.

Donald A. McVean was born on Valley Street in Youngstown, August 8, 1884. He acquired his early education in the parochial schools of Immaculate Conception parish, and at the age of seventeen followed in his father's footsteps, learning the machinist's trade at the old Valley Mills. For six years he was on regular duty with that industry, and then

turned his attention to other lines, being a partner in the establishment of the Gillen-McVean Company. This corporation, of which he is secretary, is one of the well known firms in Youngstown, undertakers, furniture dealers and real estate brokers.

April 26, 1908, Mr. McVean married Agnes L. McCormick, daughter of Patrick and Margaret McCormick. Mrs. McVean was a very lovely character, as exemplified in her home life and among a large social circle. She died January 28, 1920, leaving one daughter, Jane. Mr. McVean is a member of the Sacred Heart Catholic Church, and is affiliated with the Knights of Columbus.

Fred W. Markstrom and Henry R. Schmiedendorf comprise the Mahoning-Trumbull Realty Company, one of the new and progressive organizations in the real estate field in Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Markstrom was born on Wayne Avenue in Youngstown, August 13, 1895. His parents are Lars A. and Emma Markstrom, who when young people emigrated from Sweden, were married at Pittsburgh, and have lived at Youngstown for the past thirty-five years. Lars Markstrom became an iron worker, was employed as a welder in mills at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and for years was connected with the Brown-Bonnell plant, continuing with it when it was taken over by the Republic Iron and Steel Company. He is now sixty years of age and his wife fifty-five, and besides his home owns considerable valuable property in Youngstown. The family are members of the Trinity Methodist Church. There are four children: Hilda, wife of Helmer Marklund, of California; Walter, a resident of Youngstown, was with the Three Hundred and Thirty-Second Infantry in many battlefields in France and lost a leg at Verdun; Fred W.; and Adolph A., an automobile mechanic at Youngstown.

Fred W. Markstrom received his early educational advantages in the South Avenue School and at the age of thirteen went to Lorain, Ohio, where he attended high school two years, for a short time was in the South High at Youngstown and took a course in Hall's Business College. After leaving school he was employed in the office of Homer S. Williams until engaging in the real estate business with E. A. Hegg. Their partnership continued four years, at the end of which time Mr. Markstrom became associated with Mr. Schmiedendorf and established the Mahoning-Trumbull Realty Company. Their first quarters were in the Wick Building, and they were among the first tenants in the Home Savings & Loan Building on West Federal Street.

Mr. Markstrom is a member and director of the Youngstown Humane Society, and is identified with the Trinity Methodist Church, while his wife belongs to the Central Christian Church. In Masonry he is affiliated with Youngstown Lodge No. 615, Free and Accepted Masons, the Royal Arch Chapter, Buechner Council, Royal and Select Masters, and St. John's Commandery, Knights Templar. October 14, 1916, he married Geneva Stran, of Youngstown. They have one son, Paul.

Henry R. Schmiedendorf, the other member of the Mahoning-Trumbull Realty Company, was born on a farm in Canada, December 28, 1872, son of John and Mary Schmiedendorf. His father was from Mecklenburg, Germany, and his mother from France. Mr. Schmiedendorf received his education in Canada and left the farm to learn the cabinet maker's trade. For several years he lived in Michigan, employed by the Crab-Sparrow Lumber Company, and was also in the northwestern states for several years. For a time he was in Buffalo with a firm manufacturing hardware specialties, and had his first experience in the real estate business in Buffalo. He has been a resident of Youngstown since 1915, and is a well informed and highly capable man in his special field.

Joseph Henry Schnurrenberger, M. D., graduate in medicine of the Medical Department of the Western Reserve University, class of 1892, and since practically that year one of the respected and widely-known physicians of Mahoning County, in possession of a wide practice centering from Austintown, is of a family which was early in the Mahoning Valley. The Schnurrenberger family was originally from Germany. Doctor Schnurrenberger is a grandson of Conrad Schnurrenberger, who was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, and when eighteen years old came with his parents, John and Barbara (Haller) Schnurrenberger, to America, and to Ohio. Conrad settled in Greenford, Green Township, Columbiana County, now, however, in Mahoning County, and there married Elizabeth Baker, who was born in Jessamine County, Kentucky, daughter of Lewis and Elizabeth (Zimmerman) Baker, who eventually also settled in Greenford. Capt. Joseph Zimmerman was the grandfather of John L. Zimmerman of Springfield, Ohio. Conrad Schnurrenberger was one of the pioneers of Green Township, for the land he took possession of when he married was in the original or wild state, and their early married life was spent in a log cabin, in which John, father of Dr. Joseph H., was born. Conrad lived to old age in industrious development work, clearing gradually an extensive tract. He was eighty-four years old when he died, and he was buried in the cemetery in the center of Green Township. The old farm is still in the possession of one of his descendants. Conrad Schnurrenberger had three sisters: Barbara, who married Christian Rinkenberger, a neighboring farmer; Hannah, who married George Trucksess and died near Columbiana; and Catherine, who became Mrs. Behringer, and died in Marion County, Ohio. Conrad was a man of strong religious fervor, and for very many years was a member of the Church of the Disciples of Christ. He died on April 12, 1885, ten years after the death of his wife, Elizabeth Baker, whose death came in August, 1875. They were the parents of seven children: Mary Barbara, who died in the old home in 1917, at the age of eighty-four years, unmarried; John, father of Dr. Joseph H.; Lyman, now living in retirement in Washingtonville, Mahoning County, and more regarding whose life has been written for inclusion elsewhere in this history; Solomon Baker, who was a farmer in Green Township, but died when only thirty-two years old; Joseph C., who became the owner of the parental home and for twenty-five years was in partnership with his brother Lyman in the raising of Shorthorn cattle and sheep, became somewhat prominent in local and county

J. H. Schumacher

politics, was elected to the office of county treasurer, but his time, however, was given almost wholly to farming, and his life of seventy-one years was spent almost entirely on the old Schnurrenberger farm in Greenford, where he was born in 1843 and where he died in 1914; Elizabeth Ann, who lives in Springfield, Missouri, and is the widow of Charles Price; and Ellen, who died in childhood.

John, second child of Conrad and Elizabeth (Baker) Schnurrenberger, was born in Greenford, Green Township, Columbiana County, in the log cabin originally built by his father when the land was first taken over by him, and his early life was passed under somewhat similar conditions to those which prevailed in the average pioneer settlement. He was able to obtain very little schooling. He attended the local schools, but they were open for practically only the winter months, and the standard of education was not very high or very comprehensive. However, as he passed through manhood he was more or less a student, and came to be considered a well-posted and capable man of affairs. He took intelligent, indeed prominent, part in public questions, and gained the respect and friendship of many people. By calling he was a craftsman, a carpenter and cabinet maker, and he worked industriously throughout his life, which was passed mainly in Greenford village, where he died when fifty-six years old. He married Eliza Jane Zimmerman, who bore him two children, but she died when Joseph Henry, the elder child, was only four years old. The other child was Lewis V., and after the death of their mother, John Schnurrenberger was both father and mother to them, and successfully reared them through their years of infancy. The boys attended the local schools, and eventually grew to manhood.

Joseph Henry, elder child of John and Eliza Jane (Zimmerman) Schnurrenberger, was born on the old Schnurrenberger farm in Greenford, Green Township, about a mile north of Washingtonville, on August 5, 1865. After passing through the local schools he was able to enter upon higher education, and eventually to enter the medical school of Western Reserve University, from which, in due course, he was graduated with the class of 1892, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Classmates of his were Doctors Miles, of Salem, Veach, of Youngstown, and also Doctor Yost. Soon after he had obtained his medical diploma Doctor Schnurrenberger began to practice medicine in Austintown and the vicinity, and during the twenty-eight years of his professional practice he has become widely known throughout the county. He has a large practice in the surrounding country centering from Austintown, and is well regarded in the profession. He holds membership in many professional societies, including the American Medical Association and the State and County Medical Societies, and he has also during his life found a very practical and healthful hobby in his interest in farming. He owns a fine farming property of 200 acres, formerly known as the Gilbert farm, and the doctor has been quite successful in dairy and general farming.

Doctor Schnurrenberger was married in 1903 to Maud A. Gilbert, daughter of John A. and Margaret (Troxell) Gilbert, the latter a daughter of Mrs. Rebecca Snyder, who lives nearby. Mrs. Snyder is the great-great-grandmother of Genevieve Schnurrenberger, the infant daughter of Gilbert Miles Schnurrenberger, son of Dr. Joseph H., and a photograph of much historic note is that recently taken of the five generations, Mrs. Snyder, her daughter Margaret, her granddaughter Maud, Mrs. Schnurrenberger, her great-grandson Gilbert M. Schnurrenberger, and her great-great-grandchild Genevieve. Doctor and Mrs. Schnurrenberger are the parents of two children: Gilbert Miles, who is a partner with Paul Wilcox in a garage and automobile business at Austintown, and John Armand, who is still in school.

Roy Westover. Thirty years of age, Roy Westover has had an unusual variety of business experience, and a few years ago his interests and inclination led him into the field of real estate, where he has shown his best forte. He has handled an immense volume of property in the aggregate. He is also a member of the firm Westover Brothers, who besides doing a large business in real estate are proprietors of the Stag Hotel at Youngstown.

Mr. Westover was born on the Arrel Farm, south of Lowellville in Mahoning County, October 7, 1890, a son of Allen and Kezia (Hoon) Westover. The Westovers were pioneers in the Western Reserve from Connecticut. Kezia Hoon was born at Deerfield in Portage County. Allen Westover and wife are still living, their home being in Youngstown, Ohio. They are Methodists. Allen Westover for a long period of years was a successful farmer.

Youngest of six children to reach mature years, Roy Westover acquired his early education at Kansas Corners, worked on a farm for two years, to the age of sixteen, and was then an employe of different steel plants until 1909. The next five years he was a brakeman with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and for two years a yard conductor for the Erie Railroad at Youngstown.

His first acquaintance with the real estate business was as a member of the sales force of Harry Gugenheim, selling residential property. For a year he was in partnership with Edmund McDonald, selling all kinds of real estate, and in April, 1919, branched out in business for himself with offices in the Dollar Bank Building. In this brief time the business done by him reaches the imposing total of more than $2,000,000 in value. Recently he formed his partnership with his brother L. G. Westover, another prominent business man of the Mahoning Valley, and they opened the new Stag Hotel in the Maloney Building, conducting that in connection with their real estate operations. Mr. Westover's specialty has been the buying of houses and rebuilding and remodeling prior to selling to new owners. Mr. Westover is a member of the Real Estate Board and has served as a member of its committees. He is independent in politics, and his chief public interest is in the general welfare of Youngstown.

Clement A. Rukenbrod. The health and comfort of a great city are largely dependent upon certain agencies that provide necessary commodities, and one of the most important is that which secures and dis-

tributes ice. Comfortable modern urban life can scarcely be imagined deprived of this article, not only as a household necessity, but in the wider field of economics as the preservative of meats, vegetables and fruits in transportation or storage. The modern use of ice has made possible the general enjoyment of the products of the earth from every clime, providing in the United States a varied diet that could in no other way be secured. In those sections where natural ice can be procured in abundance in season the cutting and storing provides employment for an army of hardy workers, and the payroll of such big companies as the Crystal Ice Company of Youngstown amounts to a vast sum. The successful management of such a large enterprise demands the careful attention of an able business man, and the company has just such a man in Clement A. Rukenbrod.

Mr. Rukenbrod was born at Leetonia, Columbiana County, Ohio, November 30, 1889, and is a son of William H. and Elizabeth (Wagner) Rukenbrod. William H. Rukenbrod was born fifty-eight years ago on the old family homestead near North Lima in Mahoning County. His parents, Solomon and Mary Rukenbrod, still live there, the former of whom was born in Pennsylvania in 1836. William H. Rukenbrod followed farming for a number of years before moving to Youngstown, in which city he was long associated with J. W. Parkin in the transfer business. In later years he returned to the farm, and he and wife still live there. She is a daughter of Andrew Wagner, who is a member of one of the old Mahoning County families, his farm lying on the Poland Road.

Clement A. Rukenbrod spent his early school days at Youngstown, being a pupil of the Front Street Public School, and later was graduated from the high school at North Lima. In 1907 he returned to Youngstown, and in the following year entered the employ of the Crystal Ice Company as collector, and has continued in a business relation with this company ever since, receiving promotions from time to time until he was appointed manager. The plant of the company is situated at West Lake Crossing.

On May 30, 1913, Mr. Rukenbrod was united in marriage to Miss Ruth H. Diser, who is a daughter of Darwin and Sarah Diser, of New Springfield, Ohio, and is a sister of Oscar Diser, a prominent attorney at Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. Rukenbrod have two little daughters, namely: Jane Louise and Sarah Elizabeth. The family belong to Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. Rukenbrod is a very active member of the Chamber of Commerce, and belongs also to the Credit Men's Association, these connections being indicative of his standing in the business field. His political sentiments make him a republican.

John Gault is a citizen whose influence has been widely impressed upon Mahoning County. This is true notwithstanding the fact that his chief interests have been centered in Jackson Township, where his life of eighty-four years has been lived. While the management of a productive farm has been his chief responsibility, his interest has extended beyond his own home to the improvement of schools, the establishment of good roads, the efficiency of public service both in township and county, and to every moral advantage of the community.

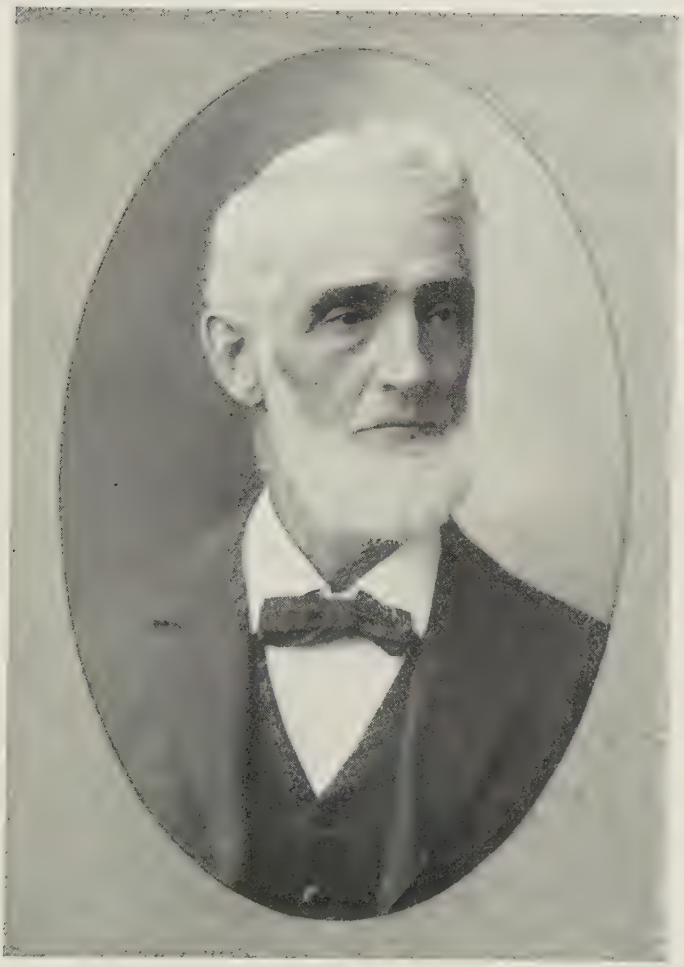
The Gaults were among the first families of Jackson Township. An uncle of John Gault, Andrew, was the first white child born in the township. The Gaults were also closely related by marriage with the Ewing family. In Pennsylvania, where the early history of the family belongs, the great-grandfather of John Gault joined the colonial forces at the time of the War of 1812, and was a personal friend of General Washington. The grandfather's name was Robert Gault, a native of Washington County, Pennsylvania. In 1800 he settled in Jackson Township in the Western Reserve, became a soldier in the War of 1812, and died in October, 1814. His wife was Charlotte Bowman, also a native of Pennsylvania.

The father of John Gault, also named Robert, was born in Ohio, but spent his life chiefly in Mahoning County, where he died in January, 1892. In 1834 he married Marjorie Ewing, who was born in 1816 and lived on one farm in Mahoning County for over seventy years. Her father, John Ewing, was a native of Ireland, came to America in 1800, and in 1804 to Mahoning County.

John Gault was the oldest of twelve children, a complete record of whom is briefly sketched elsewhere. John Gault was born in Jackson Township, December 27, 1836, had a district school education, attended Canfield Academy, and for half a century has lived on his farm twelve miles west of Youngstown. That farm comprises 166 acres, and for a number of years past has been under the management of a tenant. In former years Mr. Gault gave his farm a reputation as the home of some high class Durham cattle.

Those familiar with public improvements in that section of Mahoning County say that the fine system of improved highways now found in Jackson Township are due in no small measure to the influence and effort of John Gault. He has had some official connection with local or county affairs since young manhood. In the early days he served on the school board, and in 1882 was elected a county commissioner and re-elected in 1885. For some twenty years he has filled the office of justice of the peace, and was only recently re-elected. He has attended many state conventions of the republican party as a delegate. He is a member of the Grange and practically a life-long member of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Gault was a close friend and admirer of the late Hugh A. Manchester, Canfield's banker, and one of the county's most advanced men. Mr. Gault has been associated with many others of the old leaders in Mahoning County. He is well read and informed, and is a most genial and companionable gentleman.

In September, 1861, Mr. Gault married Louisa M. Johnson, a sister of Judge J. R. Johnson of Youngstown. She was killed in a railroad accident in September, 1888. In 1890 Mr. Gault married Mrs. Sarah Jane (Davis) Sampson, who died in 1899, and for his third wife he married Mrs. Margaret J. (Copeland) Armstrong. Mr. Gault has three children, all by his first marriage, and took special pains to give them good educations and adequate preparation for lives of usefulness. Joseph Grant, the oldest, was born December 27, 1863, completed his education



John Gault

in the Ohio Normal College at Ada, and for a number of years has been one of Ohio's prominent farmers and hog raisers. His home is near Columbus in Union County, where he makes a practice of growing about 200 acres of corn every year and send hundreds of hogs to market annually. He married Cora Bennett, and their children are John B., Howard and Mary L. Lulu Olive Gault, the only daughter, received a thorough classical education in Hiram College and is the wife of Rev. J. E. Lynn, of Boulder, Colorado. Rev. Mr. Lynn was formerly a Disciples minister at Warren, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Lynn have three children, Emerson, Rachel and Gault Lynn. George Francis Gault, the youngest child, was born August 9, 1879, was educated in the Rayen High School and the Ohio Normal University at Ada, and is a successful civil engineer connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Richmond, Indiana. He married Floy Henry. They have two children, Marjorie A. and Arthur D.

Ciro Saulino gained his first experience in business in his native country of Italy, spent a number of years in the great South America City of Buenos Aires, and for the past seventeen years has been a resident of Youngstown. He is now a well known banker of the city, his place of business being at 382 East Federal Street.

Mr. Saulino was born in Agnone-Campobasso, Italy, February 21, 1875. His father, Nicholas Saulino, was an Italian merchant and died in Italy in 1902. The widowed mother afterward came to Youngstown and died here December 21, 1912.

Ciro Saulino acquired a high school education in Campobasso, and as a boy was given the benefit of training in his father's place of business. With his father's consent and advice he went at the age of fifteen to Buenos Aires, and remained in South America ten years, chiefly engaged in clerical work. He then returned to Italy and in 1903 with a brother and two sisters crossed the Atlantic to Youngstown.

Mr. Saulino is a painter by trade, a vocation he learned after coming to America, and followed it until 1912. For one year he was an employe of the mercantile establishment of Agnone & Company, and then in 1913 opened his bank, foreign exchange and steamship agency. His business ability, personal integrity and large acquaintance have been the means of his building up a very flourishing business.

Mr. Saulino was unable to speak a word of the English language when he came to Youngstown. He overcame that handicap by attending night school at the Y. M. C. A., and the earnestness that prompted him to acquire American speech and methods of business has been characteristic of his solid American citizenship ever since. He votes independently in local elections, but in national politics is a republican.

In 1906 Mr. Saulino married Elizabeth Saulino, a native of the State of Ohio. Their four children are Angela, born in 1908; Nicholas, born in 1913; Florence, born in 1916; and Ciro, Jr., born in 1918. The family are members of Our Lady of Mount Carmel Church.

John D. McCambridge. Many years as a merchant, accumulating property interests, and the faithful and effective manner in which he discharged his duties to his home, community and all those with whom he had business relations, were distinctive facts in the career of the late John D. McCambridge, whose death, on March 22, 1920, was widely mourned in Youngstown.

He had spent about fifty years in that city. He was born at Pittsburgh, January 3, 1862, son of James and Mary (McAfee) McCambridge. His father came from County Antrim, Ireland, at the age of fifteen, grew up in Pittsburgh, where he married and where his wife was born, and in 1869 brought the family to Youngstown. James McCambridge was a skilled iron and steel worker, and for many years was a puddler in the Cartwright and Brown-Bonnell mills. He and his wife for years were faithful members of St. Columba's Catholic Church. In 1910 the parents removed to Cleveland. The father died in April, 1915, at the age of eighty-four and the mother on March 25, 1920, aged eighty-two, dying just three days after the death of her son John.

John D. McCambridge was the oldest of eleven children, six of whom are still living. He acquired his early education in St. Columba's parochial schools, and as a youth left home and went West to Leadville, Colorado. On returning to Youngstown he became an employe of the grocery department of the McKelvey Department Store, but after three years formed a partnership with Frank Riggenbaugh. They located their store at Watt and Boardman streets, and their partnership continued with uninterrupted prosperity and service for twenty years. Later their business was moved to East Federal Street near Watt. In the meantime Mr. McCambridge had been investing his surplus in a number of parcels of property in the neighborhood of his store, and when he finally retired from his mercantile partnership he gave his time to handling his private affairs. His many friends and neighbors, not only American born but those of foreign parentage, had implicit faith in his good judgment and integrity. He was exceedingly charitable, ready to help out those in misfortune, and had unbounded faith in the great future of Youngstown as an industrial city. For a number of years he was associated with E. M. Muldoon in the real estate business.

Mr. McCambridge was a democrat, and had no ambition for office. This lent special contrast to the fact that the announcement of his appointment as a jury commissioner appeared the same morning of his death. He was a district deputy and grand knight of the Knights of Columbus, and was also a stockholder in the Home Building and Loan Company.

In May, 1886, Mr. McCambridge married Elizabeth Bonner, daughter of Charles Bonner of Pittsburgh. She died in 1891. Mr. McCambridge is survived by two daughters. Marie is the wife of Jacques Stanitz, chief engineer of the Youngstown Pressed Steel Company, and they have one child, John B. Helen is the wife of George Harper, an artist at Detroit, Michigan, and they are the parents of four children, George, John, Mary and Charles.

Clarence F. Erb. It is a normal and commendable ambition to have a business of one's own such as will properly represent the fruits of experience and cumulative skill. It was this ambition that led Clarence F. Erb in 1911, after several years of prac-

tical training and experience as a machinist in the larger industrial plants around Youngstown, to open a little machine shop in a room 14 by 20 feet.

The Erb Machine Shop today at 722 West Madison Avenue has a complete equipment and orders for more business than it can turn out. Mr. Erb is now erecting a brick building adjoining, 45 by 115 feet, and that will give him facilities for increased business.

Mr. Erb was born at Vienna in Trumbull County, Ohio, June 4, 1886, a son of Michael and Lydia (Thomas) Erb, the former now fifty-seven and the latter fifty-four years of age. His father was born at Coalburg, Ohio, and his mother in Belgium. The father has spent his life as a coal miner and farmer, and they are now living on a farm just east of Church Hill, being members of the church in that community.

The oldest of four children, Clarence F. Erb attended school at Vienna and at the age of sixteen began an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade in the Ohio plant at Youngstown. He was also employed at Valley Mills, in the Sheet and Tube plant, the Truscon plant and the Youngstown Foundry. He accepted every opportunity to improve his knowledge and skill, and then, in 1911, chiefly on the capital of his skill, opened his first shop.

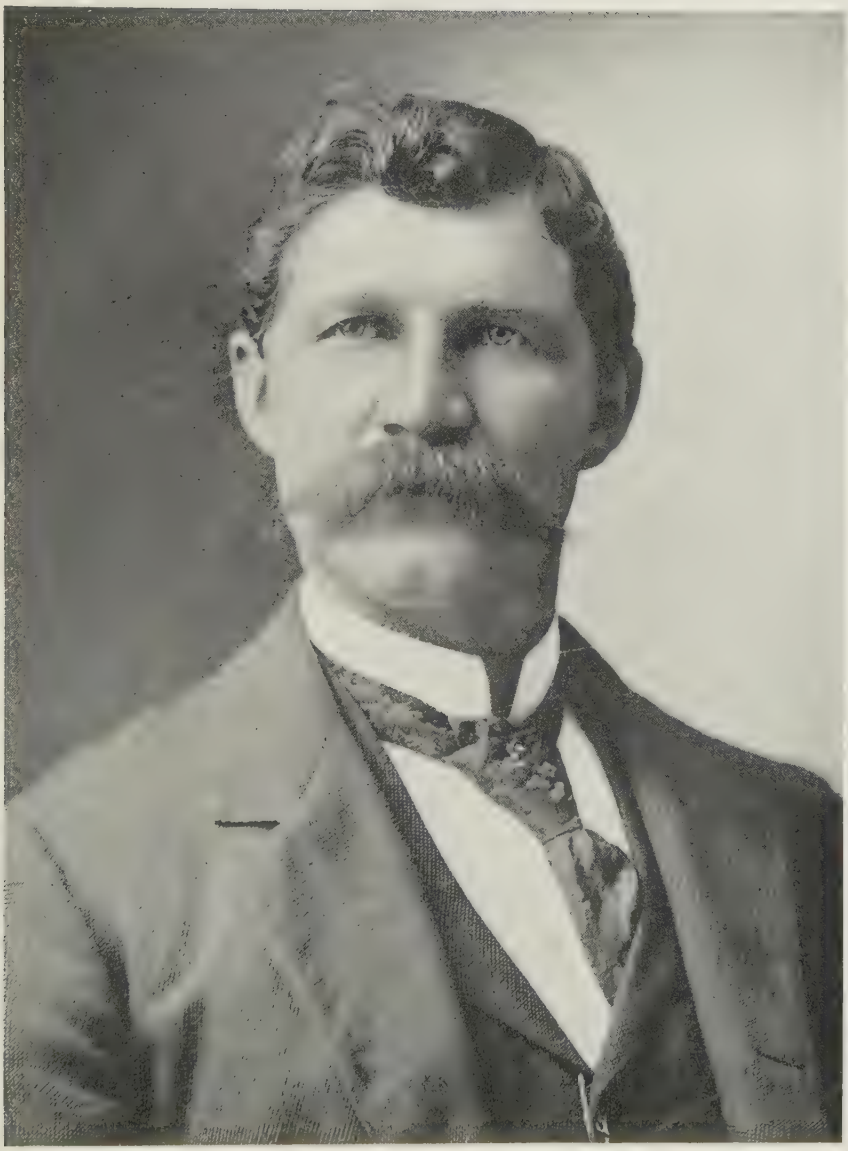
Mr. Erb is a member of the Engineers Club of Youngstown. He married, at Pittsburgh, Miss Helen Matthews, of Youngstown. They have four children: Wick, Robert, Margaret and Clarence.

Thomas W. Hardesty, one of the leading residents of Jackson Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, is a retired business man of Youngstown, and he has invested an appreciable amount of money in making for himself in Jackson Township a comfortable country estate. His bungalow-residence is on a site he himself chose on the Ravenna brick road, about nine miles to the westward of Youngstown, and the thirty-four acres of land he owns have been very considerably improved in fertility since he entered into possession. He is a man of generous characteristics and marked public spirit, and has made many friends in the township.

He was born in Perry Township, Mercer County, Pennsylvania, on June 8, 1858, the son of Hugh D. and Harriett (Russell) Hardesty, and grandson of Thomas and Margaret (Thompson) Hardesty. Thomas Hardesty for the latter part of his life was one of the early forge men at Akron, Ohio, where most of his children, including Hugh D., were born. He died in 1847, but his widow survived him for thirty years, and was ninety-six years old when she died in about 1877. Thomas and Margaret (Thompson) Hardesty were the parents of eleven children, ten of whom were sons. The daughter died in early life, but the ten sons all reached manhood, and after the death of their father most of them as they grew into manhood set about the business of life self-reliantly and scattered to widely-separated parts of the country. Indeed, there is little or no trace of the subsequent activities of some of the sons. One son, Frank, became a prominent manufacturer in St. Louis, Missouri, and acquired much material wealth by his successful operation of iron furnaces in that city. Three of the sons, Hugh, Daniel and William, remained together for some time, and the greater part of their lives were spent in Ohio, in Mahoning and Chenango counties. The three were connected with ironworks. William lived at Niles, Trumbull County, and his son, William T., became part owner of the Struthers Mill and also the mill at Niles, and later he was identified with the Trumbull Steel Works at Niles. He was a man of inclination to mechanics, and evidently had good business ability, for he steadily advanced in business responsibility until in the latter part of his life he was a factor of some consequence among the leading iron manufacturers of Ohio. He died a wealthy man about five years ago. Daniel died near New Castle, Pennsylvania, having latterly been connected with furnace plants in that part of Pennsylvania.

Hugh D. Hardesty, father of Thomas W., was born in Akron, Ohio, and associated as his father was with iron making enterprises, it was only to be expected that most of his sons should also take up that profitable industry. Hugh learned the trade of blacksmithing and ironworking at Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, and shortly after the Civil war associated with Thomas Pollack at Briar Hill in the old Eagle Furnace. In 1867 Walker Kennedy built a block furnace at Haselton. Hugh Hardesty worked as blacksmith in the starting of that furnace, and went later with Kennedy to Struthers, Mahoning County, Ohio, where the latter constructed other furnaces. Hugh Hardesty was furnace keeper at Haselton prior to coming to Struthers, and had the same responsibility in the new plant; indeed, he continued in that capacity with the Kennedy enterprises for many years, going to a Kennedy plant at Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, after some years at Struthers. Later he became identified with the Brown-Bonnell Company at Youngstown. Eventually he retired from such occupations, and for some years prior to his death was to some extent interested in a sawmill enterprise his son John conducted at Milledge, Pennsylvania. It was in that place that Hugh D. Hardesty died in his sixty-eighth year. He had married in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, but was for many years a widower, for his wife died in 1869, while they were residents of Haselton. Three of their children reached manhood. Regarding the life of Thomas W. more follows. Arthur was connected with coal mining and oil producing industries for the greater part of his life. He associated with his brother Thomas W. in operations in the oil section of Pennsylvania for some time, but later was superintendent and subsequently general manager for important coal mining undertakings in West Virginia. John, who owned a sawmill in Pennsylvania, died in Hillsville, that state.

Thomas W. has worked with his father in Struthers and Youngstown, but in 1875, in company with his brother Arthur, went to Parker's Landing on the Allegany River, Pennsylvania. There he spent four years as a tool dresser and driller of oil wells. Returning to Youngstown in 1879, he became connected with the Brown-Bonnell Company. Two years later he went to Haselton, and there remained until 1884, having well-paid work as a puddler in the furnace plant of Andrews Brothers of that place. Then he returned to Youngstown and acquired the



T. D. Hardesty.

Hub Hotel on Mahoning Avenue. He was the proprietor of that hostelry until 1903. Then he built the Imperial Hotel on the corner of Boardman and Front streets, opening the hotel in 1904 and conducting it for six years. In 1910 he retired altogether from business and leased his hotel, which he recently sold. For more than twenty-five years he was one of the reputable hotel proprietors of Youngstown, and has very many friends in that city. Since 1910, however, he has lived in the country, to some extent taking to farming pursuits as a hobby. In 1916 he acquired the tract of land upon which he now resides. It is about nine miles from Youngstown, but for six years of his life in the country he was somewhat nearer Youngstown. On his first country home he executed many improvements, some of them quite elaborate, but the estate was smaller than he desired, and he eventually bought the larger tract he now owns in Jackson Township. He was first influenced in seeking to own it because of its attractiveness as a building site, the land itself being unattractive. The tract was covered with stumps and briars, and the soil was much impoverished. But during the four years from then to the present Mr. Hardesty has brought a great change. The land is now in good tillable condition, and upon it he has built a fine residence of the bungalow type. He has one of the few flowing artesian wells in the county, and he has found health and enjoyment in converting the neglected tract into its present fine state of fertility.

As a public-spirited citizen Mr. Hardesty has upon many occasions given evidence of his sincerity and his generosity. He has closely followed public affairs, and has given material and personal assistance wherever possible. He has a good reputation both in Jackson Township and in the City of Youngstown, where he has many close friends. He was one of the charter members and the first treasurer of the Junior Order of American Mechanics in Youngstown.

In 1879 Thomas W. Hardesty married Harriet M. Lewis, daughter of Richard Lewis, now deceased. Her father was killed in a mining accident at the coal mine he owned at Nebo, below Struthers, Ohio. Her mother later married John Williams, who was also connected with coal mining. Of the children of Mr. and Mrs. Hardesty only one reached majority, their son Charles L. He is an attorney having graduated from the law school of the University of Pennsylvania. He is also a graduate of the Western Reserve University of Cleveland. He lived with his father in Youngstown until 1907, and at one time was connected with the Youngstown office of the Standard Oil Company. In 1907 he went to Roswell, New Mexico, where he remained for four years. Latterly he had responsible connection with the Industrial Efficiency Department of the Republic Rubber Company, the department being responsible for the increase in productive efficiency of that corporation's plants. He is now factory employment manager of the plant. He is a Mason, an Independent Order of Odd Fellow, an Eagle and Woodman of the World. Charles L. Hardesty married Anna Jones, of Sharon, and they have three children, Charles L., Marion and Charlotte.

David C. Hamilton. It is by a record of twenty-seven years that David C. Hamilton has identified himself with the industrial affairs of the Mahoning Valley. For many years he was in the mills, and is now secretary and treasurer of the Concrete Stone & Sand Company.

Mr. Hamilton was born at Plain Grove, a country town in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, June 14, 1868, a son of David and Susan (Offutt) Hamilton. His father was the son of parents born on the Isle of Man, and his own birthplace was the ground made historic as the scene of the battle of Gettysburg. While he was a youth his people moved to Western Pennsylvania, and when the Civil war came on he served in the Round Head or One Hundredth Pennsylvania Infantry, and did some gallant service, participating in the seven days' battles around Richmond and in other campaigns. In Western Pennsylvania he was a farmer and stock raiser, and took much pride in raising good horses and other livestock. He was an influential man in the republican party and enjoyed personal association with such Pennsylvania leaders as Boies Penrose and Matt Quay. At his death, in 1908, he was seventy-eight years of age, while his wife passed away in 1906, at the age of seventy-five. Of their nine children, six sons and three daughters, four sons and three daughters are still living, David C. being the fifth in age. His two older brothers became successful physicians.

David C. Hamilton attended country schools and spent three years in Westminster College at New Wilmington, Pennsylvania. It was in 1893 that he went with the Falcon Iron Works at Niles earning $1.15 a day at common labor. Later he was put on the shears, and altogether spent seventeen years as a sheet shearman, seven years at Niles and ten years with the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company.

Mr. Hamilton became identified with the Concrete Stone and Sand Company in 1910, and as secretary and treasurer has had an important part in making that a valued industry of the Mahoning Valley. Out of his experience and mechanical skill he has developed some machinery for making concrete forms, and these machines are now being distributed in all parts of the country. During the war Mr. Hamilton was engaged in war work, having charge of much building at the steel works of the Schwab plant at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Hamilton is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown, and his only lodge is his own home. He married in 1900 Miss Bessie Wick, daughter of William H. Wick. She was born in the Freeman O. Arms home at Youngstown. They have six children: Grace Louise, David R., Alexander R., Carolyn, Margaret and Robert Bentley.

Samuel S. Hinely is one of the veteran merchants of Youngstown, and has been connected with the grocery and meat business of the city for thirty years. He is now senior member of Hinely Brothers, grocers and meat merchants at 711 West Rayen or Westlake Crossing.

Mr. Hinely was born on a farm near the state line in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, October 19, 1867, son of John and Christina (Elser) Hinely, the former a native of Lawrence County and the latter of

Stuttgart, Germany. John Hinely spent his active life as a farmer and stock raiser, and he and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church at Petersburg. Of their ten children six are living, Samuel S. being the oldest.

Samuel S. Hinely spent his early life on a farm, attended the Hopes country school, and was a young man when he came to Youngstown and entered the service of H. D. Kaercher, then a grocery merchant at Westlake Crossing. He also acquired a practical knowledge of the butcher trade in the old Falls Avenue slaughter house. Mr. Hinely in 1896 opened a modest stock of groceries and a retail meat market, and later his brother Edward R. joined him, and they have since seen their business grow and prosper until their trade now covers practically the entire city.

Mr. Hinely married October 28, 1892, Miss Nettie Burrows, daughter of George Burrows, who was a Union soldier in the Civil war. Mr. and Mrs. Hinley have two children. Their son, George R. Hinely, was with the colors at Camp Sherman during the World war. The daughter, Pearl, is the wife of Arthur McCracken. George R. Hinely and Mr. McCracken are now associated in the real estate business with offices at 339 West Federal Street. The family are members of Grace Lutheran Church, Mr. Hinely being a member of its board of trustees. He is affiliated with Robert E. Johnston Lodge, Knights of Pythias.

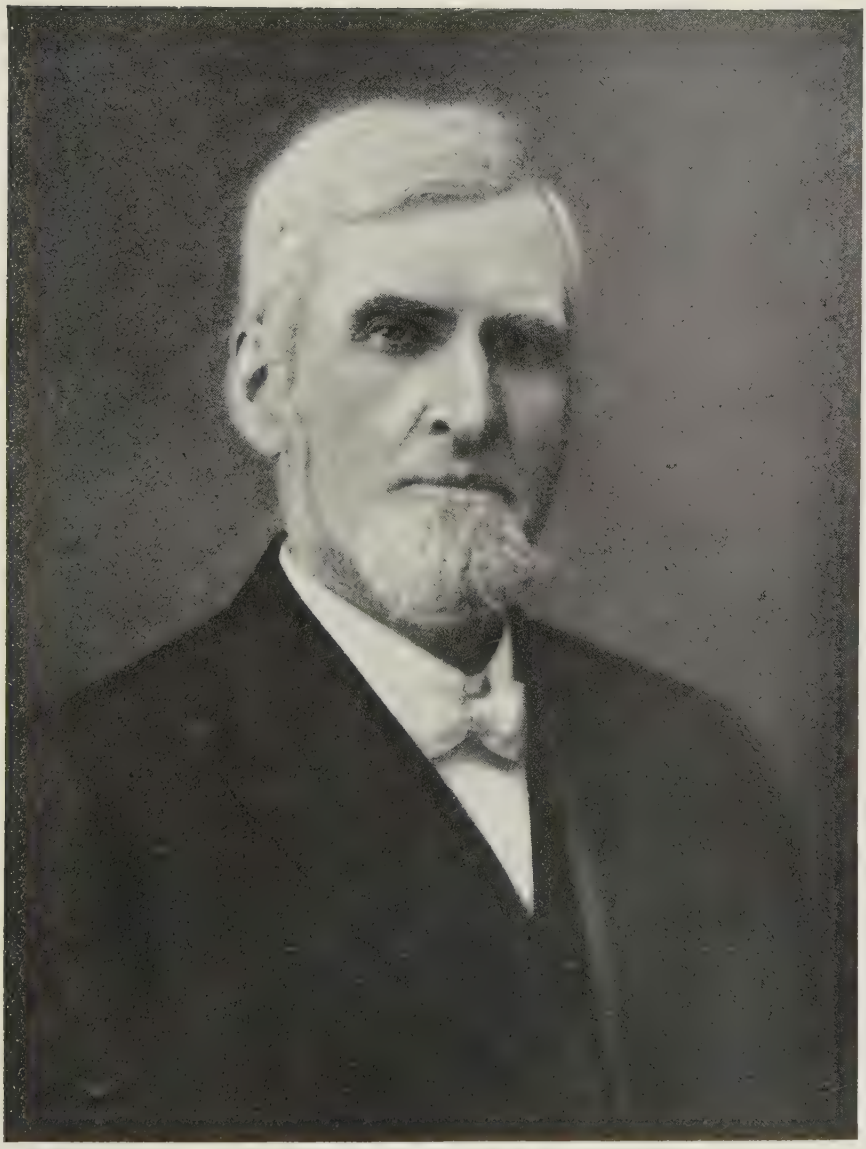
Joseph G. McCartney. The McCartney family of Coitsville recently had occasion to celebrate the centennial anniversary of the family's coming to the Mahoning Valley. Through the century that has just passed many of the name have played their worthy parts in the farming, industrial and civic life of the community. The last survivor of the second generation of the family in the Mahoning Valley was the late Joseph G. McCartney, who died March 10, 1910. He spent all his life in Coitsville, where some of his descendants still occupy the old homestead farm. On that farm he was born July 10, 1834, son of James and Elizabeth (Maxwell) McCartney. His father was born in County Fermanagh, Ireland, October 1, 1791, and his mother in the same county November 13, 1793. They were married October 15, 1815, and in 1817 came to America and for two years lived at Philadelphia, where James McCartney followed his trade as a shoemaker. In 1819 he moved to Youngstown, where he worked as a shoemaker, conducted a brick yard, made the material and erected one of the first brick houses in the city, at the corner of Federal and Walnut streets, and subsequently bought land in Coitsville Township and moved his family into the log house where Joseph G. McCartney was born. In 1850 a very substantial brick residence was erected on his farm, and Joseph G. McCartney as a boy helped in its construction. James McCartney died April 16, 1869, and his wife on April 14, 1865.

Nine of the ten children of James McCartney and wife reached mature years. All are now deceased. Sarah, who became the wife of George Braden, has a daughter, Mrs. Philip Haas, living at Youngstown. Eliza Jane, who became the wife of Thomas Noble, has a daughter, Mrs. S. L. Clark, of Youngstown. Johnston McCartney, a resident farmer, Mercer, Pennsylvania, married but left no children. Lucy Ann was the wife of Abram Kline, and a son, Frank Kline, now has his home at Church Hill. James H. died in Texas, leaving a family. Isabella was first married to Arthur Young and later to Thomas Burns, and left no children. William died in Colorado, where some of his family reside, his son Dr. Frank McCartney being a resident of Denver. Mary became the wife of Silas Fankel and left no children.

Joseph G. McCartney spent his active life on the homestead farm, following the business of general farming and dairying, and eventually laid out part of the original quarter section into a number of lots which he named Marion Heights, in honor of his granddaughter, Marion McGeehan. His life was one of great industry and devoted to agriculture. He was also a man of much influence in his community. He was a pioneer in the prohibition movement, and did much to discourage the sale and use of liquor in his community, and also lent his influence to the woman's suffrage cause. For nine years he served as a justice of the peace of Coitsville Township, and was an active member and official of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

December 13, 1865, Mr. McCartney married Miss Mary Milligan, who was born in Coitsville, September 25, 1840. She was a member of an old and prominent family of the Mahoning Valley Her father, James Milligan, was born in Ireland and came to the United States with his parents at the age of twelve years. He was a son of John and Margaret Milligan. At the age of twenty-one James Milligan married Catherine McGuffey. Her name introduces the noted McGuffey family of Coitsville, especially distinguished by William Holmes McGuffey, the scholar, educator, author and compiler of the series of "McGuffey Readers" which were used as part of the instruction in public schools of America from coast to coast for many years, and influenced several generations in their literary tastes.

A brief statement of the genealogy of the McGuffey family may appropriately be introduced at this point: Alexander McGuffey, founder of the family, died in 1855, at the age of eighty-seven. His first wife, Anna Holmes, died January 20, 1829. His second wife was Mary Dickey, who died in 1892, at the age of ninety-nine. The children of the first marriage were: William Holmes McGuffey, named above; Jane, who married Henry Stewart; Henry; Anna, who became the wife of Nehemiah Harris; Mrs. Betsy Neil; Asenath, who became the wife of John Rayney; Alexander Hamilton and Catherine, the mother of Mrs. McCartney. Alexander McGuffey and Mary Dickey had the following children: Harriet, who married John Love; Margaret, who married Andrew Dunlap; and Nancy, who died unmarried. Of these Mrs. Margaret Dunlap is a widow still living at Sharon, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Harriet Love, a widow, lives with her sister at Sharon. Descendants of Alexander McGuffey by his first wife still living are Hamilton Harris, whose home is between Poland and Youngstown; Sarah, a daughter of Mrs. Henry Stewart, who is the widow of Robert Wallace and is living at New Castle, Pennsylvania;



JOSEPH G. McCARTNEY

and Mrs. Joseph G. McCartney, now living on the McCartney homestead in Coitsville.

The children of James Milligan and Catherine McGuffey were: W. J. Milligan; Sarah, who married her cousin, P. McGuffey; Mary, Mrs. Joseph G. McCartney; Isabelle, who became the wife of William Smith, of Coitsville; Margaret, who married Ira Mariner, of Coitsville; Alexander, who never married. A daughter of William J. Milligan is Mrs. Bessie Ernst, wife of a Youngstown attorney.

Joseph G. McCartney and wife had six children: William, Matilda, Bessie, James, Adaline and Minnie. Minnie died at the age of fifteen. William became a civil engineer, finishing his education with the degree of C. E. in the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Troy, New York. In 1895 he married Carrie A. Jones of Troy, New York. Of this marriage there is a daughter, Gertrude Elizabeth. Matilda, a graduate of the Rayen High School at Youngstown, became the wife of Thomas McGeehan, and after his death, which was in 1917, became the second wife of W. H. Reed. One daughter by the first marriage, Marion McGeehan, now lives in Marion Heights, the place being named by her grandfather for her. Bessie, like her sister Matilda, attended the Rayen High School and taught school for a time. In 1893 she became the wife of Dr. Osborne Yost, who died in 1905. She later built a home on what was once part of the old farm. She has two children, Harold and Marjorie. The son James, who now lives on the old homestead, was associated with his father in the dairy business before the latter's death, and continued the dairy business for a time, but later, in 1920, became associated with the other members of the family in the development and sale of the homestead farm under the name of the McCartney Realty Company. In 1897 he married Lora B. Wilson. Adaline is the wife of Indice Small, an expert buyer and dealer in rugs, carpets, etc., at Youngstown. They built a home and now live on what was once a part of the McCartney farm. Their four children are Josephine, Martha, Robert and James McGuffey.

Louis K. Mauser. The business by which the name Mauser has been longest identified with Youngstown is stone contracting and building. Louis K. Mauser was for many years a partner with his father in that business, but now gives his chief time and attention to the Mauser Warehouse Company, of which he is general manager.

His father, the late Christian Mauser, was born in Wuertemberg, Germany, where he learned the trade of stone cutter. As a young man with limited means he came to this country and the first summer he worked at his trade for wages. Thrifty, with a desire to get a little capital, he failed to collect his wages and allowed them to accumulate, and later his employer beat him out of the money due. The following winter he worked on a farm for $6.00 a month and board. Springtime brought him employment at his trade, and this time with better results. Eventually he became a stone contractor, and laid the foundation for many of the larger plants of Youngstown. He built the first Dollar Bank Building, the Renner Building, the Pabst Brewing Company's plant, the foundations for the first Market Street bridge, the East End bridge, and in connection with his business operated a well equipped stone quarry at Austintown. His business brought him substantial prosperity and he was a well known man of affairs for many years. He gave employment to a large number of workmen, and some of them achieved business success of their own. Christian Mauser died in 1909, at the age of sixty-three. He was an official member of the Lutheran Church at Champion and Wood streets, and a republican in politics. He married, at Youngstown, Lucinda Krum, who was born on a farm near New Middletown, Ohio, and is still living at the age of seventy-three. Their family consisted of two sons and three daughters: Emma, wife of Fred Kirchner; Louis K.; Alice, who died at the age of fourteen; Bertha, wife of James Price, who is a rougher in the McKeesport Mills; and August, at home.

Louis K. Mauser was born at Youngstown, February 5, 1874, and received his first schooling in the Oak Street School, also attended the German Lutheran parochial schools, and is a graduate of the Wood Street School. After completing his education he was in business with his father until the latter's death. The Mauser Warehouse Company's plant occupies the site of his father's old stone yard. Mr. Mauser is an active member of the Warehouse Association and the Chamber of Commerce, and is a member of Grace Lutheran Church.

George F. Turner, present city engineer of Youngstown, is a graduate civil engineer, and has had nearly twenty years of active experience in his profession.

He was born at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 13, 1882, a son of Rev. James D. and Rebecca J. (Murdock) Turner. His parents were also natives of Pennsylvania, his father born at Wilkinsburg and his mother at Pittsburgh. Rev. James D. Turner was a graduate of Waynesburg College, later attended and graduated from the Allegheny Theological Seminary, and became a United Presbyterian minister. He served altogether in three pastorates, one in New York, one in Cincinnati and one in Pittsburgh. He died in 1898, at the age of sixty, and Mrs. Turner died in 1917, aged sixty-five. George F. Turner, who is next to the youngest in a family of eight children, attended the grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh, and graduated as a civil engineer in 1903, from the University of Pittsburgh. For five years he was with the engineering department of the Pennsylvania Railway, largely engaged in construction work. Part of the time he had charge of the track elevation in Chicago. On leaving the Pennsylvania Company he came to Youngstown and became associated with E. S. Smith in a professional partnership. Mr. Smith was also county surveyor, and Mr. Turner served as his deputy for a number of years. As a firm they had much to do with the construction of modern highways throughout Mahoning County. Mr. Turner's professional services were also engaged by the Mahoning and Shenango Light & Power Company, particularly for underground conduit work. He was appointed to his present post as city engineer in 1920.

He married Vesta W. Weigle in 1907. She is a daughter of David Weigle of Coraopolis, Pennsylvania. Their three children are Mary R., James D. and George F., Jr. Mr. and Mrs. Turner are mem-

bers of the South United Presbyterian Church, and fraternally he is affiliated with Doric Lodge No. 690, Free and Accepted Masons, at Sewickly, Pennsylvania, and with Ashlar Chapter at Youngstown, Ohio.

DELLA M. WALKER, M. D., now of Salem, Ohio, a graduate with the baccalaureate degree of Wooster College, and a graduate also of the Women's Medical College of Pennsylvania, of which college she holds the degree of Doctor of Medicine, is one of the principal representatives of this generation of the Walker family of Poland Township, Mahoning County, which family has place among the pioneer families of the Mahoning Valley. Dr. Della M. Walker still owns the old Walker homestead settled by Josiah Walker, her grandfather, and upon which her father, Isaac, was born in 1819.

The Walker family is colonial and early republican days was resident in Pennsylvania, and Josiah Walker before marriage came into Ohio from Western Pennsylvania. He acquired a tract of wild land in Poland Township, built a log cabin, and then returned to Pennsylvania to marry Nancy Polk, of the same family as that which gave to the nation James Knox Polk, eleventh President of the United States. Josiah and Nancy (Polk) Walker lived for many years in the log cabin the former had built in Poland Township, but eventually he built a dwelling which is still standing on the farm. Josiah died in 1853, and his wife, Nancy, in 1859. They were prominent Presbyterians, in fact Josiah Walker was one of the founders of the original church of that denomination in Poland. He helped to build the original church. The frame of the second church building was purchased by his son Isaac when a new church was built on the site of the old, Isaac Walker using the frame of the second church for the purposes of a barn on his own farm, where it may still be seen. Josiah and Nancy (Polk) Walker were the parents of several children, of whom Isaac, father of Dr. Della, was the youngest. The children were: Joseph, who never married, lived his whole life of eighty or more years on the old Walker farm in Poland Township, his maiden sister, Jemima, taking over the duties of housekeeper in his home. Maria, who married Samuel McCullough, lived her whole life in Poland Township. She had two children, Josiah and Samuel McCullough. Joseph, Alexander and Jemima bequeathed their portions of the parental estate to their younger brother, Isaac, father of Della, who in turn inherited the property, which she still owns. Alexander, third child of Josiah and Nancy (Polk) Walker, died unmarried at the age of seventy-four years. Agnes Jemima also died unmarried, and in old age lived with her younger brother, Isaac.

Isaac Walker, youngest child of Josiah and Nancy (Polk) Walker, was born in Poland Township on November 11, 1819, and died on October 10, 1900, aged eighty years. His death occurred in Poland. The original farm was secured by Joseph through purchase and inheritance. Alexander had a farm nearby, and adjoining it was that of Isaac. The three farms comprised about one section of land. The brothers were all good farmers and were large sheep raisers, Isaac breeding his sheep in such a way that the wool always brought the highest market price. They were also quite enterprising, and owned the first sawmill in the township. In its early years of operation it was in such demand that it was necessary to keep it running night and day, the night shift being divided between them. The three brothers, although owning separate farms, were to all intents and purposes in business partnership, and loyal to each other in all things. They were hard workers, never yielding to fatigue until the task upon which they were engaged had been accomplished. In 1871 Isaac's house was razed by fire, the loss being only partially covered by insurance. He replaced the dwelling without loss of time. The brothers prospered in their enterprises, and, being of thrifty disposition and steady habits, they in time accumulated much substance and were stockholders in banks, railroads and the like. The greater part of these estates in course of time were inherited by Isaac, he being the youngest and the last survivor of his generation. For the last ten years of his life Isaac Walker lived a comfortable retired life in Poland Village, until his death in 1900. His life had been most industrious, but he was never active in politics. He attended mainly to his own business, helped where he could, unostentatiously, and also was one of the most substantial and reliable of citizens. In his last years he was one of the largest land owners in the neighborhood, and one of the directors of the Poland Bank. He was a consistent Christian, and took active part in church work. For the greater part of his life he was an elder of the local Presbyterian Church.

Isaac Walker lived for forty years in the married state. His wife, whom he married in March, 1860, was Rebecca Edna Steuart, daughter of Robert and Rebecca (McClellan) Steuart, the former the son of William and Rebecca Steuart, pioneers in Coitsville Township. Rebecca Edna Steuart, who became Mrs. Walker, was born in Coitsville Township on September 29, 1827, and died in Salem on June 20, 1918, eighteen years after the death of her husband. At her death she closed a record of sixty-eight years of church membership in the Poland Presbyterian Church. One of her sisters, Amanda Bishop, mother of George Bishop of Poland Township, is still living at Struthers, with her daughter, who married Doctor Wallace. Isaac and Rebecca Edna (Steuart) Walker had only one child, their daughter Della M.

Della M. Walker has had quite a noteworthy career. Her parents afforded her every educational facility, and she made commendable use of her opportunities. She took the course in letters at Wooster University, graduating therefrom with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Resolving to qualify for entrance to professional life, and choosing medicine, she proceeded from Wooster to the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia, and took the medical course at that college. As so many other medical students of her sex have found, she probably discovered that the curriculum at the Woman's College was more rigid in its pre-medical requirements for matriculation, and more comprehensive in its requirements for graduation than was customarily required at other medical colleges for men. It is an historical fact that, in general, medical colleges for women, or at least those situated in the eastern states, had a more rigid and comprehensive course than had col-

C. Thornton

leges for male students, and in some cases the course was longer, so that invariably the woman doctor after graduation was the equal, if not the superior, in medical theory of the male graduate. Miss Walker in due course graduated and gained the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and after much clinical observation and practice in the wards of Philadelphia hospitals she returned to her home state and opened an office for general practice in Salem, Ohio. Until her health failed she continued to practice medicine in that vicinity, and is widely known and much esteemed in Salem. She has always been interested in Poland Township, and in farming life and environment, and she still owns the ancestral farm of the Walker family. She has also many properties in Salem. Her residence there is probably the most desirable in the city, and in it she dispenses sincere and unstinted hospitality to her friends, which are many. She has many of the commendable traits of her father, and is and always has been especially active in church work. She has been a member of the Presbyterian Church since her girlhood, and has been consistent in her support of it and in her personal work in its interest.

Thornton Brothers Company have recently completed and put in operation at 234 Belmont Avenue one of the largest and most complete laundry establishments in the Middle West. Aside from the mechanical equipment much of the reputation of the business is due to the skill and long experience of the men at its head. The manager is Jesse Thornton, and two of his brothers are associated with him.

Charles Thornton, a member of the Thornton Laundry Company, was associated with the Pullman Company as night agent at the Chicago & Northwestern depot, Chicago, Illinois, for fourteen years. Previous to this he was with the Youngstown Sanitary Laundry Company for fourteen years. Upon the organization of the Thornton Laundry Company he became one of the firm. He married Melisse Merriman, and has two children. Alice married R. J. Carl and they have two children, Charles and William. Helen K. is at home.

Both the Thornton and Hamilton families have long been identified with the upbuilding of the Mahoning Valley. The parents of Jesse Thornton were William and Julia (Hamilton) Thornton. His father was of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and was born in the Mahoning Valley. He was a man of strong and decided character, and by occupation he was an engineer in coal mines at Wethersfield, Thornhill and other places. He died in 1905, at the age of seventy-six. He was a member of the Masonic order, and it is a singular fact that he took his first degree in Masonry when a young man, and then there elapsed forty-five years before he qualified for his second degree, but he died before it was taken. He was a republican voter. His wife, Julia Hamilton, was a daughter of Eli Hamilton, whose people came from Eastern Pennsylvania. She died in 1914, at the age of seventy-six. All of their five children are living: Anson, who was born in 1857; Caroline, who is Mrs. John H. Davis, of Youngstown; Carroll, a former mayor of Youngstown whose career is reviewed elsewhere in this publication; Charles, associated with the Thornton Brothers Company; and Jesse.

Jesse Thornton was born in Youngstown, July 3, 1868. He and the other children all obtained their education in the Crab Creek School. His brother Anson as a young man became a locomotive fireman with the New York Central Railway, and was in the railroading service twelve years, being an extra engineer at the end of the time. For three years he was shipper for the American Sheet and Tube Company, and then went with the Youngstown Sanitary Laundry, when that establishment was housed in the old Belmont Avenue Methodist Church. For seventeen years he was in the grocery business at North Avenue and Madison Street, and then became a member of Thornton Brothers Company when it established its big new plant at 234 Belmont Avenue. He is a member of the Masonic order. He married Inez Corl.

Jesse Thornton after leaving school became a draftsman in the office of Herman Kling, an architect, and three years later with his brothers Carroll, Anson and Charles began operating the Youngstown Laundry. He was actively associated with that institution for twenty-five years, until the Thornton Brothers Company was organized, when he became a member of the firm. Mr. Thornton married Mamie Poole, and they are the parents of three children, Marjorie, Harold and Carroll.

Charles P. Melvin. A man of distinctive and forceful individuality, Charles P. Melvin, president of the Melvin-Lloyd Company, has for several years been conspicuously identified with the development and advancement of the great industrial interests of Youngstown, laboring with a never varying energy and concentration of purpose that have won him a place of note in manufacturing circles. A son of Samuel J. Melvin, he was born December 3, 1868, on a farm in Washington County, Pennsylvania.

Born in the Keystone State in 1839, Samuel J. Melvin acquired an excellent education when young, and when, in 1861, the tocsin of war rang through the land he enlisted in Company A, One Hundredth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, in which he served three years and nine months, first as a private, but was later incapacitated and served as a clerk and dispatch rider, rendering valuable service to his country. In politics he was first a republican, and later was a vigorous worker for prohibition, making speeches and in other ways advancing the cause of temperance. Deeply religious in thought and feeling, he first united with the Wesleyan Methodist Church, but afterward became affiliated with the Protestant Methodist Church, in which he was a faithful and valued worker. He spent his last years in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, dying in 1914, at the age of seventy-five years. His wife, whose maiden name was Helen M. Hanlin, was born seventy-three years ago, and is now living in Pittsburgh. Of the five children born into their home one, William, died when ten years old, and four are living, as follows: Charles P., of whom we write; G. S., a salesman in Pittsburgh; and Mary G. and Alice G., living with their mother.

Having acquired his elementary education in the rural schools of his native country, Charles P. Melvin, at the age of nineteen years, went to Pittsburgh, and there learned the pattern maker's trade, which he followed in that city for ten years. Coming then to Ohio, he located in Coshocton, remained six years

and was one of the organizers of the Coshocton Iron Company. The ensuing seven years Mr. Melvin was associated with William G. Park at Monongahela City, Pennsylvania. Locating then in Bellefonte, Center County, Pennsylvania, he had charge of the Lingle Foundry until 1907.

Coming in that year to Youngstown, Mr. Melvin was with the Youngstown Bronze & Iron Foundry Company, now the Mahoning Foundry Company, and was engaged in manufacturing pipe balls out of cast iron until 1912. With George P. Lloyd and G. S. Melvin, his brother, he organized the firm of Melvin-Lloyd Company, Incorporated, and became its president. In addition to doing a general line of machine work the firm made a specialty of manufacturing moulding machines, their plant being on Decker Street. Mr. Melvin has since devised, and the company has received a patent on, a laundry stove that has won favor with the public, and which is in great demand in various parts of the country, the firm having constantly on hand large orders to fill. In 1916, owing to its large and ever growing business, the company purchased its present property on Irving Place, and is continuing work with the same good success.

Mr. Melvin married Florence Chambers of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, a daughter of James F. Chambers, who worked on the editorial staff of several Pittsburgh papers and who died in Youngstown, Ohio. Mrs. Chambers, whose name before marriage was Ione Dillon, belonged to one of the old and honored families of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where her birth occurred May 26, 1844. Religiously Mr. and Mrs. Melvin formerly belonged to the chapel located on Market Street, where Mr. Melvin was choir leader for several years, but they are now members of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

John Andrew Mackey. A member of a family that has been identified with Vienna Township of Trumbull County for 115 years, John Andrew Mackey has given a good account of his own career, identified with farming operations and with public spirited participation in local affairs. For seven years he was a director of the County Agricultural Society, having charge of the Domestic Arts Hall and other displays. Mr. Mackey's home is at Payne's Corners, a historic place in Vienna Township, located ten miles north of Youngstown, ten and a half miles east of Warren and five miles west of Sharon.

He was born in Howland Township, half way between his present home and Warren, January 23, 1855. He is a son of James S. and Olive S. (Anderson) Mackey. His grandfather was Andrew Hugh Mackey, and his great-grandfather was also Andrew Mackey, who with his wife, Mary Murray, and their three sons came to Vienna in 1805. The early ancestry of the family was Irish. Andrew Mackey died in Trumbull County, October 20, 1820, having survived his wife about three years. Andrew H. Mackey was born in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, about 1779, and his wife, Jane (Scott) Mackey, was born in Chester County, that state, in 1792. Andrew H. Mackey died in 1859 and his wife in 1875. He acquired the old homestead, but increased it and at the time of his death owned 300 acres. The old homestead of Andrew H. Mackey joins the place where John A. Mackey was born. The original homestead went to his son Allison, and from the latter to his niece, Linden A., a sister of John A. Mackey. She still owns it.

James S. Mackey spent all his married life on the farm where his son John A. was born. He was a quiet and industrious farmer and never sought public office, though, like others of the family, he voted as a republican. His wife, Olive Anderson, who died on the old homestead when about seventy years of age, was born in Liberty Township, a daughter of Robert Anderson, who spent his life as a farmer in that township. James S. Mackey died December 24, 1913, at the age of eighty. In his family were five daughters and two sons: Mary Jane, who married Frank Jamison and lived at Emlenton, Venango County, Pennsylvania, where she died at the age of fifty; John Andrews; Margaret N., who first married Joseph Flynn and is now the wife of Doctor Kuhns of Emlenton, Pennsylvania; Linden A., mentioned above, a professional nurse; Grace D., who lives at Boise, Idaho, widow of John Morrison, who came out of Indiana, Pennsylvania, was a lawyer, and became prominent in the history of Idaho, serving as its first republican governor, and his widow was a school teacher before her marriage and is now teaching music at Boise. The two younger children of James S. Mackey were Hiram and Olive, the latter the wife of Stanley Bosworth of Cleveland, while Hiram left Ohio as a young man and is a railroad engineer living at Denver, Colorado.

John Andrew Mackey beginning at the age of eighteen spent four years learning the blacksmith trade under George Pound at Vienna. For a year he was a commercial salesman for a paint house and then for five years was engaged in installing lightning rods, largely in eastern states.

December 17, 1884, he married Cornelia M. Payne, daughter of Ichabod B. and Betsey (Vinton) Payne, of Payne's Corners. A brief sketch of the Payne family is published elsewhere. After his marriage Mr. Mackey lived on the Payne farm for three years with his wife's mother, following which he was a resident for fourteen years in the agricultural community of Fowler Township. He then bought the Gilmer farm in Newton Township, but after seven years there returned to the Payne homestead in the spring of 1910, and for the past decade has been operating this old place with much success.

While farming is his chief business, Mr. Mackey has at different times taken the lead in community affairs. He served two terms as township trustee and both in office and privately has done much to educate his fellow citizens to the value of good roads. He has served as a member of school boards in three townships, Fowler, Newton and Vienna, and was one of the first to agitate for centralized schools. He is affiliated with Warren Lodge No. 29 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a charter member of Vienna Tent of the Knights of the Maccabees and served as its commander four years. Both he and his wife are members of the Rebekahs at Newton Falls, and she has held all the chairs in the local lodge. Mrs. Mackey was secretary of the local

Red Cross during war times. She is a member of the Christian Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Mackey have two children: Helen Payne, the daughter, is a graduate of the Newton Falls High School, attended the Ohio University at Athens, and was a teacher until her marriage to C. W. Waldorf, a building contractor of Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. Waldorf have two children, Geneva and Ruth. Ichabod Scott Mackey, the only son, is an electrician with the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company. He married Edith Coy. Mr. and Mrs. Mackey's children represent the sixth generation of the Payne descendants on the farm at Payne's Corners.

Solomon Payne was a pioneer of Trumbull County whose name is preserved in the locality in Vienna Township known as Payne's Corners. He was born in Connecticut August 23, 1783, and died in Trumbull County, October 22, 1857. He married Polly Gates, who was born in Connecticut, July 7, 1790, a daughter of Theophilus Gates.

Solomon Payne was one of the first Connecticut men to come to the Western Reserve. After the death of Theophilus Gates he and his wife brought her mother to their home, and when she died October 21, 1857, she was in her hundredth year. The children of Solomon Payne were: David R., born May 23, 1808, on the old Payne homestead and died October 29, 1851; Almon L., born July 10, 1810, and died July 29, 1840; Chloette, born January 18, 1813, and died May 20, 1833; Elihu, who was born July 3, 1815, and died April 20, 1864; Mrs. Sally L. Russell, who was born April 19, 1819, and had celebrated her sixty-fifth marriage anniversary before her death; Theophilus G., born December 4, 1821, and died April 24, 1869; Ichabod B., deceased; and Edwin W., who died in infancy.

The house that is still standing and is occupied by Mr. and Mrs. John A. Mackey was built by Solomon Payne about 1830. The barn was constructed in 1801, being the second frame barn in the township. The original deed to this homestead is still carefully preserved by Mrs. Mackey.

Ichabod B. Payne was born on the old farm February 18, 1824, and died January 18, 1882. He acquired the farm from his father, increased its area, and was not only a successful farmer but a very fine type of citizen. He held nearly all the township offices, serving as justice of the peace for many years, and was a county commissioner at the time of the building of the county jail at Warren. A tablet on that building gives his name among other commissioners. He was a republican, and an active member of the Disciples Church at Payne's Corners. His mother was one of the organizers of that church, and he received his first religious instruction there and remained constant in its membership. The church and cemetery are opposite the old Payne farm, and Ichabod B. Payne and his wife are both buried in the cemetery. Ichabod Payne married Betsey J. Vinton. They were the parents of four children: Jerusa P., wife of Dr. Benton Williams, of Cleveland; Almon Wallace, a retired farmer at Sharon, Pennsylvania, and owner of a portion of the Payne homestead; Ellen Grace, wife of M. A. Hood, of West Farmington; and Cornelia M., who was born at Payne's Corners, November 11, 1859, and is the wife of John Andrew Mackey.

Howard W. Jones, who is president and treasurer of the Youngstown Store and Office Fixture Company, spent a number of years with the Fairbanks Scale Company and acquired an expert knowledge of all the technical processes involved in the manufacture, repair and maintenance of these delicately adjusted mechanisms. For many years he has been a scale expert, and was employed in that capacity by the Pennsylvania Railway Company and also by one of the large steel plants in Youngstown before he engaged in his present business. The Youngstown Store and Office Fixture Company handles all kinds of fixtures for stores, meat markets and offices, including lines of refrigerators and meat coolers. The business is located at 23 North Champion Street.

Mr. Jones was born at Wheeling, West Virginia, September 8, 1877, son of John W. and Louisa (Long) Jones. He was only a boy when his father, who was a building contractor, died. John W. Jones was born at Washington, Pennsylvania. The mother was born at Wheeling, West Virginia, and is still living, at the age of sixty-five. Howard W. Jones began to make his own living at the age of thirteen, working for 50 cents a day in a hinge factory. He was sixteen when he went to Pittsburgh and entered the service of the Fairbanks Scale Company as shipping and receiving clerk. A few years later he went into the shops. During his eight years with the company he became thoroughly proficient in the mechanical side of the industry. On leaving the Fairbanks Company he was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company on the western division, with headquarters at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and traveled all over the lines supervising the installation, repair and maintenance of the railway scales. On removing to Youngstown Mr. Jones was employed by Thomas McDonald at the Ohio Works as scale expert, and while still in the service of that corporation in 1914 he began business on his own account in the store and office fixture line, under his individual name, H. W. Jones. In 1915 his business was reorganized as the Youngstown Store and Office Fixture Company, of which he has been president and treasurer. Besides the large store at 23 North Champion Street this company has a warehouse in the rear, with complete assembling plant. The business has had such favorable progress and growth that in the near future it is planned to engage in the manufacture of store fixtures. This is the only concern of its kind between Cleveland and Pittsburgh, and the company does an extensive business all up and down the Mahoning and Shenango valleys.

Mr. Jones is a valued member of the Chamber of Commerce, of the Kiwanis Club, is an Odd Fellow and is affiliated with the Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1911 he married Miss Lula F. Forward, daughter of Philo and Emma Forward, of Cortland, Ohio.

Benton M. Heckert. A fine representative of the self-made men of Youngstown, and one of its prosperous and popular merchants, Benton M. Heckert, whose store is located at 581 Mahoning Avenue, has the distinction of being the longest established mer-

chant on the avenue, his predecessors in that line having either died, moved away or retired from active pursuits, and just here it is well to add that he has been constantly at his post since opening his store twenty-one years ago, not having lost a day. He was born in Butler County, Pennsylvania, in 1876, a son of John Q. and Sarah Heckert. His mother died in 1886, and six years later his father, who was a carpenter, passed to the life beyond, leaving him an orphan at the tender age of fifteen years.

Thrown almost entirely upon his own resources thus early in life, Benton M. Heckert found employment in the oil fields of his native state, earning money by the hardest kind of labor, and by wise saving and prudent expenditure accumulated a sufficient sum to pay his way through the Prospect Normal and Classical Academy, and after his graduation from that institution taught in the Butler High School for four years. Coming from there to Youngstown, Mr. Heckert worked a few months for the Carnegie Steel Company, being employed in the office of the Ohio Works. In 1899 he established himself at his present location, and in the management of his mercantile affairs has met with distinguished success, by his honest and upright dealings and close application to the details of his business having won a large and lucrative trade.

Mr. Heckert married in 1908 Miss Tillie Weir, a daughter of John Weir, and into the household thus established five sons have made their advent, namely: Howard, Charles, Carl, Donald and Ralph. Politically Mr. Heckert upholds the principles of the republican party by voice and vote. Religiously both Mr. and Mrs. Heckert are affiliated by membership with the Westminster Presbyterian Church.

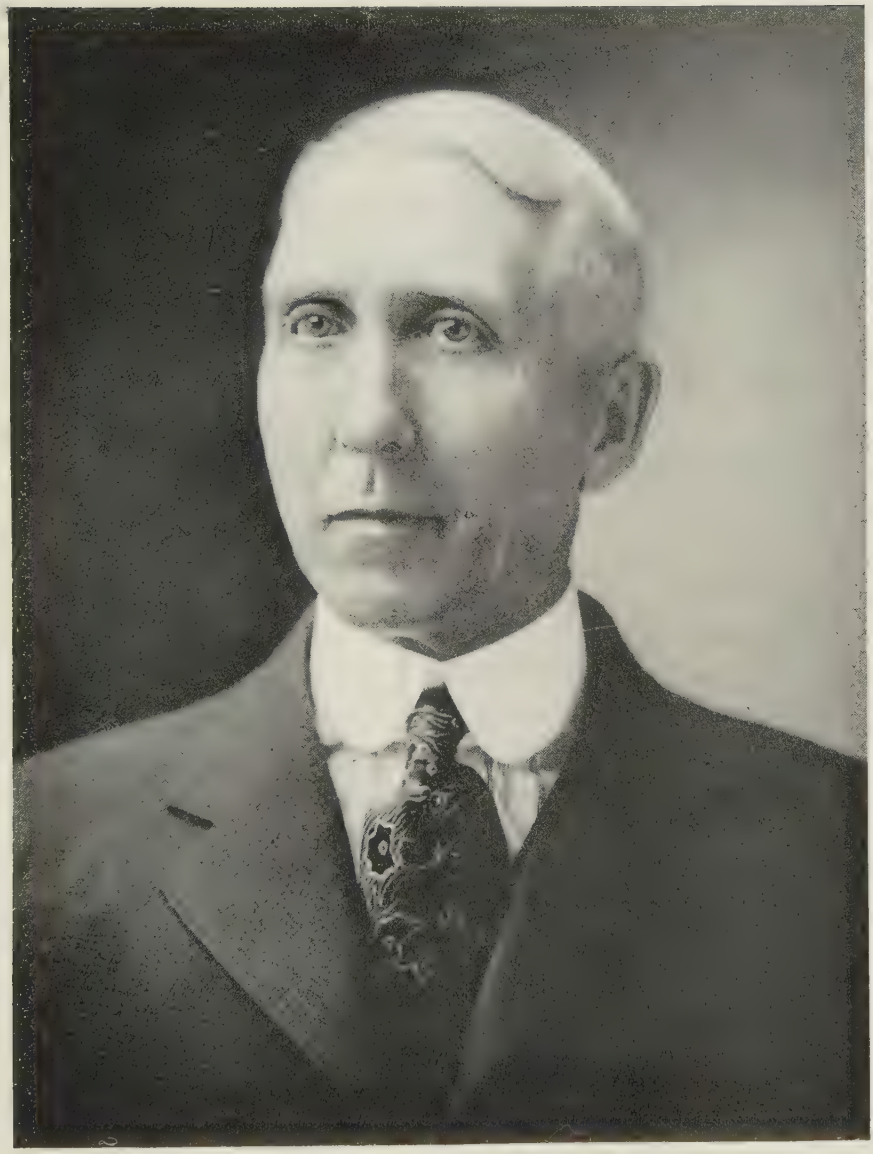
Nelson M. Richards, of Cortland, Trumbull County, is consistently to be designated as one of the representative men of industry in the Mahoning Valley, for to him mainly has been due the development of the important milling industry there conducted by the Richards & Evans Company, of which he is president and general manager. A proper conception of his achievement in this connection may be gained by reference to the description of the company and its business on other pages of this history of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Richards was born at Parkman, Geauga County, Ohio, October 7, 1859, and is a son of Nelson M. and Cynthia F. (Downing) Richards. The father was born at Raga, New York, and was a boy at the time of the family removal to Troy, Miami County, Ohio, where he was reared to adult age. He came to Trumbull County and established his home on a farm near Cortland in 1869. Here he became a successful stock-grower and dairy farmer, and a citizen of no little prominence and influence in the community. During a period of ten years he was engaged in the mercantile business at Cortland, where he was living retired at the time of his death in 1886, when sixty-nine years of age, his widow having likewise attained to the age of sixty-nine years. She was a daughter of Rev. Russell Downing, who became a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church and later of the Presbyterian Church, in which latter ministry he held pastoral charges near Cleveland and in Ashtabula County, the closing period of his life having been passed at Windsor, that county, where he died at the patriarchal age of ninety-four years. Nelson M. Richards, Sr., was one of the most liberal and public-spirited citizens of Cortland, was a republican in politics, and it was largely due to his influence and financial generosity that the present edifice of the Congregational Church at Cortland was erected, both he and his wife having been zealous members of this church. They became the parents of five sons and four daughters, of whom four sons and one daughter are living at the time of this writing, in 1920.

Nelson M. Richards, Jr., acquired his youthful education in the public schools, principally at Cortland, and in the early period of his business career he was for two years associated with his father's mercantile enterprise at Cortland. For three years thereafter he was a traveling salesman, and he then established at Cortland a feed store. It was from this modest enterprise that he developed the splendid industry now represented in the milling operations of the Richards & Evans Company, and of the successive stages of progress due record is made in the resume of the inception and growth of this company elsewhere in this work. His energy and progressiveness have not been confined to his personal business, but have been equally manifest in his civic attitude, for he has taken deep interest in all things touching the welfare of his home village and county, his civic loyalty having been shown in six years' service as township trustee, an equal period of service as a member of the villlage council, and by service as a member of the Cortland Board of Education. He is affiliated with the Masonic fraternity and the Knights of Pythias, and he and his wife are zealous members of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Cortland, in the Sunday school of which he was teacher of a class of young men and women for fully a quarter of a century.

The year 1882 recorded the marriage of Mr. Richards to Miss Ida Burrows, of Cortland, and they have three children: Lola is the wife of Rev. Garfield Morgan, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at East Saugus, Massachusetts; Oliver M., who is now secretary and treasurer of the Richards & Evans Company, of which his father is president, was graduated in Oberlin College, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, after completing a classical course, and as a member of the College Glee Club he toured through many states of the Union, his active connection with the Richards & Evans Company having been initiated in 1907, when he assumed charge during the absence of his father in Colorado, his interest in the enterprise having been such that he decided to maintain permanent alliance therewith; and Walter Scott Richards, youngest of the three children, was for two years a student in Oberlin College and was a member of the junior class in Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, where he met a tragic death by drowning in Cayuga Lake, when twenty-three years of age.

The Richards & Evans Company, merchant millers and grain dealers at Cortland, Trumbull County, represents one of the important and well ordered industrial enterprises of the Mahoning Valley and



W. M. Richards

contributes to the commercial prestige and prosperity of the village and county in which its fine manufacturing plant is established. The business represents the splendid outgrowth of a modest enterprise that was established in 1883, when Nelson M. Richards, president of the present company, established a feed store at Cortland, with a working capital of only $800. In 1886 his brother Charles was admitted to partnership in the business and the firm title of Richards Brothers was adopted. In 1890 the firm erected and equipped a flour mill at Cortland, the same being a substantial building, supplied with the most modern type of roller process, and success attended the enterprise from the beginning. In 1902 Charles Richards sold his interest to F. P. Evans, who had been the practical miller of the firm, and Charles Richards then removed to the State of California. In 1903, as a matter of operating and commercial expediency, the business was reorganized by its incorporation under the present title of the Richards & Evans Company and with a capital stock of $50,000. The mill had an output capacity of fifty barrels of flour daily, and here operations were continued until 1908, on May 19th of which year the mill was destroyed by fire, with a loss of $32,000. Notwithstanding this serious financial loss, with but minor insurance indemnity, Mr. Richards did not yield for a moment to discouragement, but promptly made plans for the erection of the new and larger mill, which was completed and put into operation within the same year. Mr. Evans finally withdrew from the business, in 1910, and the stock of the company is now held entirely by citizens of Trumbull County. The modern mill and powerhouse of the company were erected at a cost of $57,000, with a capacity for the production of 200 barrels of flour daily. In 1918 the modern equipment was amplified by remodeling the mill and installing various new types of machinery and appliances, with the result that the plant now produces corn meal and buckwheat flour on an equally large scale with the flour production, the capacity for corn meal output being 300 barrels daily. The company manufactures the highest grade of flour from winter and spring wheat, and its pure buckwheat flour likewise has gained high reputation and wide demand, the output of buckwheat flour, from grain grown locally, being 200 barrels daily. The conducting of the industry now requires a working capital of more than $300,000, an average of thirty employes being retained, with a pay roll of fully $40,000. The flour manufactured is largely sold locally and in the southern states, with a substantial trade with jobbers in the eastern states, and the scope and importance of the business are indicated by the statement that the gross sales for the fiscal year 1919 aggregate $1,700,000, with retail sales amounting to $190,000. For labor and grain the company places in circulation locally more than $100,000 annually. Nelson M. Richards, president and general manager of the company, is individually mentioned on other pages; Charles A. Williams, of Kent, is vice president of the company; and Oliver M. Richards, son of the president, is secretary and treasurer. From a small inception has been built up this large and prosperous industrial enterprise, and to the president of the company has in large measure been due this remarkable achievement, which attests his vital initiative and executive ability. All wheat used in the mill is of Ohio production, fully 25 per cent being secured from the territory immediately tributary, and virtually all buckwheat used is of local production. Each successive year has shown a substantial expansion in the business, the economic influence of which is specially large in a local sense.

JOHN S. CROSS, M. D. Numbered among the reliable physicians and surgeons of the Mahoning Valley, Dr. John S. Cross is engaged in a very successful practice of his profession at Youngstown, where he is recognized as one of the city's leading citizens. He was born in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, on April 16, 1873, a son of David and Mary (Young) Cross. The great-grandfather of Doctor Cross was a soldier of the American Revolution, as was one of his brothers, both of them being under the immediate command of General Washington. For his services this ancestor of Doctor Cross received a land grant from General Washington, and in order to take it up placed his family on a raft and floated down the Ohio River. One of the children dying on the trip, the little party landed at Vanport, Pennsylvania, to bury it, and decided to locate there, so took up 400 acres of land in that vicinity. Later on the family spread out into other sections of Pennsylvania, and finally came into Ohio.

David Cross, father of Doctor Cross, was a brick mason in young manhood, but later on in life became a farmer. He and his wife were Presbyterians and brought up their children in that faith. While he was a democrat himself, he taught his children to think for themselves and three of his seven sons became republicans, Doctor Cross being one of them. In addition to these seven sons, David Cross and his wife had a daughter, and of them all Doctor Cross is the youngest.

Doctor Cross attended Mount Jackson High School and the Northeastern Ohio Normal School at Canfield, Ohio, following which he became a student at the Grove City College and was graduated therefrom in 1898, having from boyhood planned to be a physician. Following his graduation he spent six years at North Jackson in active practice, and then located at Youngstown, where he has since remained, building up a large and important practice. Doctor Cross has taken an active part in public affairs and was elected coroner and served for some years. During his occupancy of that office he gained such a valuable experience in surgery that he has become an expert and is called into court upon many occasions to testify upon matters pertaining to this branch of his profession.

In 1900 Doctor Cross was united in marriage with Ella B. Hill, a daughter of David Hill. Doctor and Mrs. Cross became the parents of three daughters, namely: Anna Natalie and Juniata Virginia, who are living, and Margaret, who died at the age of eighteen years. Doctor Cross is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Mason and also belongs to the Mystic Shrine. He is an Odd Fellow. Professionally he belongs to the Mahoning Valley Medical Society, the Ohio State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. The family all belong to the Presbyterian Church. Doctor Cross has

not attained to his present prominence through luck, but because of his steadfast adherence to the plans made in his boyhood. Having set his goal, he worked steadily toward it and let nothing keep him from the road in which he had set his feet. Since entering upon the practice of his profession he has lived up to the highest ideals of his calling and has honorably gained the prestige which is now accorded him, not only by his fellow citizens of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley, but by the profession throughout the state.

Henry R. Glenn for the past five or six years has given all his time to the extension of his business, known as the Glenn Office Equipment Company, at Youngstown. Mr. Glenn had many years of experience in the accounting and office management department of several large railroads, industrial and commercial plants, has made a study of office and accounting systems, and not only represents some of the standard manufacturers of office equipment and supplies but gives the quality of personal service to his business, and his personal management has been an important asset in extending the business all over Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio.

Mr. Glenn was born over the state line in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, at West Middlesex, November 19, 1862, son of John A. and Harriet M. (Hanna) Glenn. His mother, who was related to the Mark Hanna family, was born in Ohio near the state line and is now living with her son, at the age of seventy-seven. John A. Glenn, who was born in Western Pennsylvania and died in 1913, at the age of seventy-two, was a blacksmith and machinist and in early life worked around the coal mines and later at blast furnaces. He was a Presbyterian and a republican. There were three children: Calvin, who was a mechanical engineer and died a number of years ago; Henry R.; and Herschel, in the grocery business at Youngstown.

Henry R. Glenn graduated from the West Middlesex High School and also attended Grove City College in his native county. He completed a good education largely through money earned by teaching school in Shenango Township of Mercer County. After those early experiences in school and as a teacher he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at the Middlesex Station, working as handy or utility man of the depot. In 1887 he became freight clerk at Niles, Ohio, for the Pennsylvania Company, eighteen months later going to the freight office at Youngstown as rate and bill clerk, and after a year joined the Erie Railroad at Youngstown, having charge of the accounts receivable, particularly the accounts of the big iron and steel plants. Mr. Glenn remained there until 1899, and then joined the Youngstown Dry Goods Company, and in 1903 was promoted to office manager of that concern. In 1907 he became collection manager for the General Fireproofing Company.

This was an unusual range of experience in handling business affairs of large corporations at Youngstown. While still with the Fireproofing Company he had made a study of the sale of office equipment, and since 1914 has given all his time to that work and has developed an organization representing and in touch with the leading manufacturers of office equipment, furniture, stationery and office supplies, and has a large and established clientele of customers throughout Mercer, Lawrence and Beaver counties, Pennsylvania, and Jefferson, Trumbull, Mahoning and Columbiana counties, Ohio.

In 1890 Mr. Glenn married Amelda E. Thompson, daughter of J. H. and Nancy L. Thompson. They are members of the Westminster Presbyterian Church of which Mr. Glenn is an elder. He is also active in the Kiwanis Club, the Chamber of Commerce, and is an independent republican in politics.

Walter S. Mackey. One of the public offices that is practically an unceasing responsibility and an opportunity of real and vital service is that of superintendent of the County Infirmary. That office in Trumbull County is filled by Walter S. Mackey, a man of wide experience in business administration and public affairs, and who has set many new standards and standards difficult to surpass in his management of this county institution.

Mr. Mackey was born in Vienna, Trumbull County, April 20, 1868. His parents were Comfort J. and Amanda E. (Bartholomew) Mackey, both natives of Vienna Township. The maternal grandparents, Levi and Susie Bartholomew, came from Cuyahoga County and were early settlers in Vienna, where her father, a wagon maker by trade, died at the age of ninety-one. Vienna Township is the home locality of the numerous Mackey family, who for years have held annual reunions there. At one of these reunions there were 360 descendants. Comfort Mackey spent all his life on the farm where he was born, and died at the age of sixty-nine. He was killed by falling from a hay mow. His wife, Amanda, died at the age of thirty-eight, when her son Walter S. was twelve years of age. Comfort Mackey subsequently married Lizzie Williams, daughter of Reuben Williams, of Braceville Township. She is now living, at the age of seventy-four, with a brother-in-law at Kent. Comfort Mackey, who had no children by his second marriage, was a very high type of successful farmer. At the time of his death he was a deacon in the Disciples Church at Howland. Walter S. was the older of two sons, his brother George remaining on the old homestead in Vienna.

Walter S. Mackey lived at home to the age of eighteen, acquiring his education in local schools. Taste and inclination made him take to the live-stock feature of farming. When he left home he entered the service of the James E. Brown & Brothers Stock Farm in Howland, having care of the horses and training them on the track on the farm. For a time he looked after the breeding of the famous Wilkes stock. He attended many races and became a noted driver. During his three years on that farm he had charge of the first herd of Holstein cattle in Trumbull County, and exhibited them at public fairs. In the absence of the owners he was given entire responsibility on the stock farm.

February 26, 1891, Mr. Mackey married Miss Mame M. Thompson, of Howland, daughter of Jonathan Thompson. Her father, who was killed at a railroad crossing, was a leading stockman, specializing in Shorthorn cattle, fine driving horses, and was

T. S. Mackey

a regular exhibitor at fairs. He made a practice of matching up teams, which he sold for fancy prices in Cleveland. He died January 11, 1900. Mrs. Mackey was born in Howland Township, and her mother, whose maiden name was Sarah Holcomb, is still living making her home with her daughters.

After his marriage Mr. Mackey farmed for a time in Howland and then removed to Warren, where he was employed three years, making improvements in the Perkins allotment. Another five years he spent with Greenwood & Company in their feed mill, and for eleven years was with the Harris Automatic Press Company, building printing and lithograph machinery. He was in the shops of this company.

For three years Mr. Mackey was an inspector of new roads for the State Highway Department in Trumbull County, and on May 15, 1918, came into his present responsibilities as superintendent of the County Farm, located three miles north of Warren. Mrs. Mackey is a matron of the farm. The farm comprises 386 acres, and under Mr. Mackey's management has been so handled as to make the institution in a large degree self-supporting. Besides the 108 inmates he has ten assistants, and keeps eighty head of cattle, ten registered Shorthorns, which have been exhibited at fairs, forty head of hogs, some of them thoroughbreds, and eight good horses for farm use. Last year the farm produced 1,260 bushels of wheat, besides large quantities of vegetables and fruit.

Besides this important public service Mr. Mackey was for fourteen years a special officer on the Warren police force. He and his wife have one daughter, Sarah Elizabeth, who graduated from the Warren High School and from the Kent Normal School and is a teacher of English in the First Street School of Warren.

Max A. Myerovich. As a business organization and business service the Myerovich Brothers, tailors, at 43 North Phelps Street, represent the acme of their profession, while as citizens and men of affairs Youngstown has had many reasons to be proud of their Americanism, their patriotic loyalty and public spirit.

The brothers, Louis J., Myron and Max A. Myerovich, were all born in Russia. Their father, Abraham Myerovich, was a cap maker and died in 1892, when Max was three years old. The mother died three years later. At that time Louis J. took charge of the little family. He was the first of the sons to seek freedom and opportunity in America. After six months in New York City he worked at the tailor's trade in Richmond, Virginia, and then came to Youngstown in 1911. Louis J. Myerovich was born in 1882, his brother Myron in 1886, and Max A. on September 25, 1889.

Max A. Myerovich joined his brother at Richmond in 1907, while Myron joined them in Youngstown in 1913. Their first establishment in this city was at 339 West Federal Street, and they moved to their present quarters on North Phelps Street in 1916. They are masters of their profession, and their patronage is made up of people of exclusive taste, demanding the very finest workmanship and quality.

Since early childhood Max Myerovich has been a student, and while his opportunities were limited he is known among his associates and friends as a man of scholarship and broad sympathies. He became proficient in the Hebrew and Russian languages, and after coming to this country acquired a thorough knowledge of English. He has the gifts of the orator, but his convincing powers are rather due to his wonderful earnestness and comprehensive knowledge of any subject which he discusses. He acquired his final citizenship papers in January, 1915, and all the brothers are thorough Americans in everything except birth. During the war Max Myerovich served as a member of many war work committees and as chairman of several of them.

As a boy his studious habits led him to closely observe Russian people and Russian institutions. While the Russian revolution was in progress he conceived the plan of sending a commission of Russian born but American citizens back to Russia, the commission to be composed of men whose early experiences gave them a thorough understanding of the popular side of Russian problems and conditions, and whose later experiences in America would enable them to speak with the voice of authority on the American ideals of freedom and democracy. Such a commission in the opinion of Mr. Myerovich would accomplish much more than a body made up of native Americans, most of them prominent, lacking in knowledge and insight into Russian conditions, and who would inevitably be regarded with suspicion and whose progress in Russian countries would be accompanied by display and a pomp and ceremony which of itself would render the mission fruitless. After developing his theory Mr. Myerovich corresponded with Colonel Roosevelt, Will Irwin, the writer, heads of various departments in Washington, and held personal conferences with many prominent men. His ideas received hearty approval, though up to the present time no official steps have been taken to perfect and carry out the plan.

Mr. Myerovich is chairman of the republican party in his precinct. He is a member of Temple Emanuel, is president for 1920 of the B'Nai B'Rith, is a member of the executive committee of the Zionist Organization of America, and chairman of its publicity committee. He is affiliated with Western Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, Youngstown Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Buechner Council, Royal and Select Masters, and is also a member of the Knights of Pythias. He is a charter member and director of the Kiwanis Club.

At Windsor, Ontario, Canada, Mr. Myerovich married Miss Clara Rudolph, daughter of Max Rudolph, of Cleveland. Their two children are Raymond and Eleanor.

Charles J. Little, who for fifty-four years has been a resident in Youngstown, Ohio, and for more than twenty years has been in independent business as a plumbing contractor in that city, has had a worthwhile business career, and has gained for himself a place among the responsible business men of the city. His record includes the peddling of newspapers as a boy; more than twenty years of steady and capable service to the Stambaugh-Thompson corporation and latterly as manager of the plumbing department of

that establishment; and a long period of successful independent business. He was one of the founders of the Youngstown Builders' Exchange, and for many years has been an active member of the local Chamber of Commerce.

He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, July 1, 1863, the son of Charles J. and Fannie (Ellis) Little. His parents were both of Irish nativity, his father, Charles J. Little, coming to America, and to Pittsburgh, when quite a young man. He was still comparatively a young man when he died in 1877. However, his wife, who was born in Ireland in 1830, lived a widowhood of forty-two years, her death not occurring until March, 1919, she being then within a year of nonagenarian age. The Little family removed from Pittsburgh to Youngstown in 1866, and has been of respectable record in that city since that year. Charles J. Little, Sr., was by trade a carpenter, and was associated in business with his brother-in-law, John Ellis. He was a republican in politics, and religiously was an Episcopalian, he and his wife having been members of St. John's Episcopal Church, Youngstown. Throughout the period of their residence in Youngstown Mr. and Mrs. Little lived on East Commerce Street, their home at first being located on the site where now stands the Fisher Dray office. Latterly they lived a little to the eastward of their first home on East Commerce Street.

Of the children of Charles J. and Fannie (Ellis) Little three still live. They are: John, who is associated with his brother Charles J. in business in Youngstown; Charles J., regarding whose life more is written herein; and Samuel E. Little, who is engaged in the wholesale plumbing supplies business in Boston, Mass.

Charles J. Little, Jr., was only three years old when his parents came to Youngstown to live, and the whole of his education was obtained in Youngstown schools; in fact, the whole of his life with the exception of the first three years has been spent in the city, and he has seen it develop from a place of but little consequence to a city of its prsent importance. He is to all intents and purposes a Youngstown man, and has had a full man's share in its development. He attended the Wood Street School, but was only fourteen years old when his father died. He was compelled to seek means of helping to contribute to the family income. His earliest efforts in this connection were by no means the least pleasurable, as during the time he peddled local newspapers on the streets of Youngstown he formed many good friendships, among his chums being James McAleer, who later became of note among baseball players. Responsibility for the upkeep of the family home devolved even more heavily upon him when his elder brother, William J. Little, was accidentally killed. But he appears to have been a boy of good courage and cheerfulness, and able to hold his own. After a couple of years as newsboy and errand boy he at sixteen years entered the employ of the Stambaugh-Thompson Company with the intention of learning the plumbing trade. He remained with that company for more than twenty years, eventually being appointed manager of the plumbing department. He held that capacity when, in 1898, he resolved to embark independently in business as a plumbing contractor in Youngstown. In that year he established himself in business on South Phelps Street, remaining in that location for eleven years, until 1909, when he removed to 28 West Wood Street, which has since been his business address. During the long period of successful business Mr. Little has supplied plumbing to many of the most prominent residents of the city, and has undertaken plumbing and heating contracts in the fitting of many of the largest buildings in Youngstown.

He has upon many occasions shown an active interest in the affairs of the city; was one of the organizers of the Builders' Exchange, in which organization he is still a member of the board of trustees; and for many years he has been a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

He married, in 1889, Anna, daughter of Emanuel Hippard, for many years a florist in Youngstown, and owner of the business latterly conducted by John Walker, to whom he sold his interest. Mrs. Little was born in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, and is the mother of one child, their son, Randall, who has grown to manhood and was, on January 1, 1920, admitted into business partnership by his father. Randall Little married Miss Irene Stanley of Youngstown, Ohio, and they have three children, Catherine Beatrice, Anna Frances, and Charles J.

George M. Moser, president of the Trumbull County Agricultural Society, of which he has been a director for fifteen years, is known and honored as one of the able and progressive exponents of farm industry in his native county, and his finely improved farm, in Lordstown Township, is situated four miles west of Niles and five miles south of Warren.

On the old homestead of the family, one mile north of his present farm, George M. Moser was born September 28, 1859, a son of John and Catherine (Weaver) Moser, the former of whom was born in Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, in 1824. The latter was a small child at the time of her parents' emigration from Wurtemberg, Germany, to America in 1837, forty-two days having been required to make the voyage on a sailing vessel of the type common to that period, and the family home having been established in Trumbull County, where the mother of Mrs. Moser died in 1872, aged seventy-two years, the father having previously passed away. John Moser was a lad of twelve years when his parents came to Trumbull County, his father, Philip Moser, likewise having been born in Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, a son of one of three brothers who came to America from France within a short time after the close of the War of the Revolution. One of the brothers, a bachelor, located at Pittsburgh, where he accumulated a large estate, which is still in litigation in an effort to recover it to his heirs. The other two brothers married, one settling in Lehigh County, Pennsylvania, and the other in New Jersey.

Upon coming with his family to Ohio Philip Moser became an early settler in what is now Jackson Township, Mahoning County, but later he came to Warren, Trumbull County. In the early years he was

Geo W. Moses

identified with the overland freighting of merchandise from Pittsburgh to this part of Ohio, and later he was in the employ of the Erie Railroad Company, he having been killed by a train at Leavittsburg, in 1873, when seventy-three years of age. Besides John he had three other sons: Gideon, who was a resident of Coldwater, Michigan, at the time of his death; David, who died on his farm northwest of Leavittsburg, Trumbull County, when past seventy years of age; and Owen, who died at Warren aged seventy-eight years, he having long conducted a restaurant in that city. His son Charles W. was formerly sheriff of Trumbull County, and another son, Delos, is chief of the Warren Fire Department. Comfort B. and Owen N. Moser, sons of David, mentioned above, are both deceased. Of the seven sisters of John Moser, brief record may consistently be entered: Catherine married Paul Reigert, and they moved to Geauga County; Rebecca married Henry Lapham, and they established their home near Port Huron, Michigan; Elizabeth, wife of Adam Schwab, died in Geauga County, Ohio; Lydia, who first married Jackson Rowe and after his death became the wife of Isaac Probst, died in the City of Warren; Miss Susan, now seventy years of age (1920), resides at Warren; Mary married Welcome Kaile, and they established their home near Port Huron, Michigan; and Rosanna, wife of Emery Hower, was a resident of Warren at the time of her death.

John Moser, as before stated, was twelve years old at the time of the family removal to Ohio, and as a young man he found employment as clerk in the old hotel conducted by William Newhart, on the site of the present Stone Block in the City of Warren, this being in the old stage-coach days. He was thus engaged until the time of his marriage, but in the meantime he had become the owner of a farm in Lordstown Township, where he established his home and where he continued as one of the substantial farmers and representative citizens of his community during the rest of his life, the farm being four miles south of Warren. Here he died in 1898, at the age of seventy-four years, and his widow passed away in 1917, aged seventy-three years. At one time John Moser was the owner of 325 acres of land, and he was one of the successful and enterprising farmers of the county. He served in various local offices, but had no ambition for political preferment, both he and his wife having been zealous communicants of the German Lutheran Church at Lordstown.

At the age of twenty-seven years John Moser was united in marriage to Miss Catherine Weaver, who was born and reared in Trumbull County, her father having died when she was a child. Of the six children of this union four attained to maturity: George M., of this review, is the eldest of the number; Alice is the wife of Jacob Hoffman, a retired farmer residing at Warren; Frances is the wife of Henry Barnsetter, and they own and reside upon the old home farm of her father; and Miss Olive is a successful and popular teacher in the centralized school at Lordstown, she having been engaged in teaching for more than thirty years.

George M. Moser was afforded the advantages of a well conducted select school at Lordstown, and continued to be associated with the work of his father's farm until he had attained to his legal majority. Then he became associated with his father in the purchase of his present fine farm of 200 acres, of which he assumed the active charge, in the meantime remaining at the parental home. He made good improvements on the place, and has been exceptionally successful as an alert and progressive agriculturist and stock grower, besides which he has been a dealer in livestock for the local market. His farm now comprises 125 acres, the remainder of the original 200 acres having been sold, and the county has found no more enterprising and advanced exponent of agricultural and livestock industry. He has taken deep interest in all things pertaining to the welfare and advancement of his home township and county, and after having served fifteen years as a director of the Trumbull County Agricultural Society he became its president, an office which he has held since 1916 and in which he has given splendid service in promotion of the success of the annual county fairs of the organization. For a long term of years he has been a director of the Lordstown Mutual Insurance Company, which was founded in 1868 and of which his father was a charter member, the company now having in force about 1,800 policies, representing an insurance business totaling about $4,000,000. The business of the company is largely confined to Trumbull and adjoining counties, and was organized and is maintained solely for mutual insurance protection. Mr. Moser has been for many years a member of the school board of his district, and in this capacity he assisted materially in the adoption of the present and valuable centralized school system, the opposition to the movement having been such that not until the proposition had been presented in four elections was its adoption secured. The strongest opponents now realize the full value of this noteworthy educational advance, and not a dissatisfied voter is to be found in the township in connection with the present school provisions. The eligibility and loyalty of Mr. Moser have further been recognized by his being retained several years in the office of township trustee, and in this position he was one of the earliest and staunchest supporters of the good roads movement. In the improvement of the first important road in his township he had the effective cooperation of A. G. McCorkle, a neighbor. In association with George E. Cryder, Mr. Moser effected the establishing of the first rural free mail delivery route in Lordstown Township in 1892. He was thus instrumental in establishing routes No. 1 and No. 2, the latter having never been changed since he defined its service, which extends to his own home. He also was influential in securing the local rural service of the Bell Telephone Company, and prior to this he had attempted to organize a local telephone company, a venture in which he failed to gain the requisite co-operation. He is a member of the advisory council of the Farmers' Bureau, and, as may well be understood, has been a leader in public sentiment and action in his township. In local affairs he is not constrained by partisan lines, but in national and state politics he gives his allegiance to the republican party. He has been affiliated with the Knights of Pythias for forty years, and is one of the

most loyal members of Eden Grange at Lordstown, of which he is past master. Both he and his wife hold membership in the Christian Church at Lordstown and are popular in the representative social life of their community.

May 15, 1889, recorded the marriage of Mr. Moser to Miss Ida M. McCorkle, who was born in North Jackson Township, Mahoning County, and is a daughter of Hyne and Elizabeth L. (Pew) McCorkle. Mr. McCorkle, a successful teacher in the public schools for a number of years in his earlier life, continued to reside on his farm in North Jackson Township until his death in September, 1908, at the venerable age of eighty-eight years, his wife having passed away two years previously, at the age of seventy-eight years. Their son Thomas P. has long been a popular teacher in the city schools of Warren; Austin J. owns and resides upon a part of the old home farm; John died at Warren when about sixty years of age; Olive is the widow of James Barnes and resides at Alliance, Stark County; Printhia became the wife of James Kibler, and both died in Geauga County; Angeline E. is the wife of Ernest J. Hurd, of Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio; and Emma, the wife of Lucius Rayen, is deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. Moser have two children: Olive C. is the wife of Oren E. Bordner, of North Canton, Stark County; and Ida May is the wife of Glenn O. Burnett, with whom she is now at the home of her parents.

David J. Goodridge. Occupying a place of note in the business life of the Mahoning Valley, David J. Goodridge, proprietor of the Quality Store in Youngstown, has achieved well merited success as a merchant, his enterprise, energetic efforts and well-known honesty of purpose having won him an extensive patronage, one of the chief factors in advancing his interests being his desire to please his many customers, regardless of class or condition. A native of Youngstown, he was born on West Federal Street August 29, 1878, a son of William Goodridge, who has been a resident of this city for half a century.

Born and bred in Wales, William Goodridge came to this country in early life, locating soon after his arrival, in Youngstown, and for a number of years thereafter was connected with the Cartwright plant as a puddler. Interested in agriculture, he subsequently purchased land on the Ohio Avenue extension, and has since developed a highly improved truck farm, which yields him a handsome yearly income. He married Diana Lewis, a native of Southern Ohio, and of their union eight children were born. Both he and his wife are consistent members of the Baptist Church.

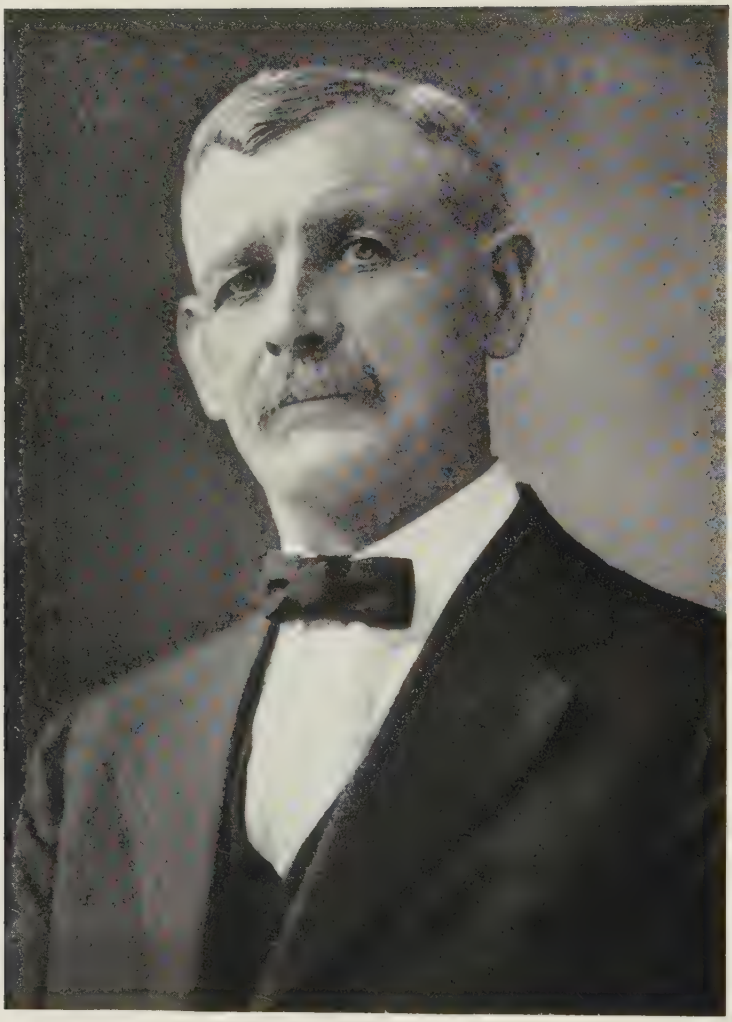
David J. Goodridge attended the Covington Street School and the Crab Creek School as a boy, but being the oldest child of the parental household had to give up his studies when young in order to help make a living for the family. Entering the employ of the Republic Company, he served as blacksmith and general utility man for a number of years. His health becoming impaired he spent two years recuperating, and at the same time spent all of his money, sickness being then, as now, an expensive luxury.

Having regained his former physical vigor, Mr. Goodridge, although a first class mechanic and with a decided liking for the work, made a radical change of occupation, entering the McCullough mercantile establishment on the Logan Avenue extension, where he obtained a practical knowledge of the business and a well earned experience in mercantile affairs. In 1909, with but limited means, he opened his present store on Thornton Avenue, becoming a competitor of his former employer, but still retaining his friendship and good will. Keeping a clean, well-stocked, up-to-date establishment, he has met with most satisfactory success in his undertakings, and is now one of the leading merchants of his vicinity.

Mr. Goodridge married in 1904 Sarah, daughter of L. Jenkins, and they have had three children, Howard, Sarah Elizabeth (deceased), and Donald. Religiously Mr. and Mrs. Goodridge are valued members of the Central Christian Church. Politically Mr. Goodridge is a sound republican. Fraternally he is a member of Western Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; of Youngstown Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; of Buechner Council, Royal and Select Masters; of Saint John's Commandery, Knights Templar; of Hiram Lodge of Perfection; of Lake Erie Consistory, thirty-second degree; and of Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Bert M. Summers, a prominent real estate operator and president of the Youngstown, Ohio, Real Estate Board, has come much to the fore of late years in Youngstown, both in connection with his business operations and in worth-while participation in public movements of consequence to the city. He has manifested a sincere interest in the city, much skill in town planning, and an intelligent understanding of causes bearing on city betterment. Generally, his active optimism, his energy and his readiness to participate personally in movements that promise good to some phase of the affairs of Youngstown have placed him definitely among the city builders, among men such as a community must rely on for continued advancement.

He is a native of Youngstown, born on Rayen Avenue, corner of Chapel Place, on February 14, 1880, the son of George M. and Elizabeth (Crumm) Summers. His father was of British birth, born in 1856, but his mother was a native of Halifax, Nova Scotia. George M. Summers was only fifteen years old when, in company with James Nutt, he came to America and into Ohio. He settled in Newburgh, Cuyahoga County, and began to work in the rolling mills. He remained connected with the iron and steel industry throughout his life, and as a roller found lucrative employment. Before coming to Youngstown he followed his trade in Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Providence, Rhode Island. He was well known in Youngstown, for some years being assistant superintendent of the Brown-Bonnell plant, and later superintendent of the Republic Iron and Steel plant, and he was a recognized authority on the manufacture of iron and steel. He was a self-made man, and typical of the successful American steel manufacturer. His



VanEmon. Marshall.

death in Youngstown in 1910 closed a life of definite and substantial achievement, a life marked by a commendable steadiness and a broad understanding of human nature, and above all marked by a sincere interest in his fellows. Had he so wished he might in all probability have been elected mayor of Youngstown, for in his active days he was very popular in the city. He was a republican, and especially interested in educational matters. For several years he was president of the Youngstown School Board, and many notable improvements were instituted during the period. He was a Mason, a member of St. John's Commandery, Knights Templar, and identified with the old Rayen body. Religiously he was an Episcopalian, and for years was one of the leading members of the local church. He was twice married, his first wife, Elizabeth Crumm, whom he married in Halifax, Nova Scotia, being the mother of five of his six children. She died in 1885, the children in order of birth being: Edith, who became the wife of Asa Van Baalen, a review of whose life will be found elsewhere in this edition; Percy, who has taken to literary occupations, and at present is a member of the staff of the Toledo Times; Clarence, who is in Cleveland; Bert M., regarding whose activities this article is especially written; and a daughter who died in infancy. The second wife of George M. Summers was Elizabeth, daughter of John Ellis, of Youngstown. She is still living, and in comfortable circumstances, on Woodbine Avenue, Youngstown. One child was born to the second marriage, a son, Earl, who is now a veteran of the great war, having seen much service in France in a motor cycle unit, with his uncle, Col. Richard T. Ellis. The latter, a brother of Mrs. Summers, has had a distinguished military career. He was in the regular army for twenty years, was a member of Governor McKinley's staff, saw service in the Philippines, and was with Major John A. Logan when that valiant soldier was killed during the Philippine campaign.

Bert M. Summers, son of George M. and Elizabeth (Crumm) Summers, attended the public schools of Youngstown, and eventually began to work under his father in the Brown-Bonnell mills. He was sixteen years old at that time, and in course of time became a roll turner. He remained connected with the steel industry for many years, advancing in responsibility, but eventually saw greater opportunity in real estate operations in his native city. Since he has been established as a real estate operator he has done much development work; has made a specialty of selling improved property; and has also been interested in developing a number of allotments. He with others developed the Ina Kennedy Land Company and the Youngstown City Company, and his standing among real estate operators in the vicinity may be inferred by the office, that of president, he holds in the Youngstown Real Estate Board.

In addition to his close interest in real estate development in Youngstown he has also manifested an active interest in the general advancement of the city, being an aggressive member of the local Chamber of Commerce. Socially he belongs to the Youngstown Club; fraternally he is a Mason, a member of the Western Star Lodge; politically he gives allegiance to the republican party; and prosperity and a liking for motoring have drawn him into membership in the Youngstown Automobile Club. An indication of his general character is contained in the fact that he is a member of the Young Men's Christian Association and an active member of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

He was only twenty-one years old when he married Kathrine, daughter of David Hughes, of Youngstown. Three children have been born to them: Robert H., who is a graduate of Rayen High School, Youngstown, and who although only seventeen years old, has matriculated at Brown University, Providence, Rhode Island; Kathrine Elizabeth and George R. The family is much esteemed by an increasing circle of friends in Youngstown.

Van Emon Marshall is the owner of a large and valuable landed estate in Trumbull County, is one of the representative exponents of agricultural industry in the county, and his fine farm is situated in Weathersfield Township. On the site of the McDonald Steel Mill near Girard, in this same township, Mr. Marshall was born October 24, 1850. He is a son of Isaac Houston and Rebecca (Van Emon) Marshall. On the same farm which figured as the birthplace of the subject of this review, his father was born in 1821, a son of Isaac Marshall, who was of Scotch-Irish lineage and a member of a family that was founded in Ohio in the first decade of the nineteenth century, records showing that John, the eldest son, was born in this state, and as he was eleven years older than his brother Isaac, it becomes evident that the parents were living in this state as early as 1810, settlement having been made on the old homestead farm, then but a forest wilderness, where Van Emon Marshall, as well as his father, was born. Isaac Marshall, Sr., here continued his activities as a pioneer farmer until his death, at the age of seventy-two years, in the late '50s. He had served in the War of 1812, and in one of the engagements of this conflict he had one of his thumbs shot off. His widow died at the age of eighty-two years, after they had reared their children to years of maturity: John, the eldest child, passed his entire life on the ancestral homestead in Weathersfield Township, where he died at the age of eighty-two years, his son, John C., being now a resident of Youngstown; Benjamin removed to Hancock County, Ohio, and there he died when somewhat more than eighty years of age; Isaac H., father of the subject of this review, was next in order of birth; Miles passed the closing years of his life at North Jackson, and passed the scriptural span of three score years and ten; Sally became the wife of John McLean and died at Oswego, Illinois, at a venerable age; Jane married George Christy, with whom she removed to Iowa, where she died when past eighty years of age; Betsy became the wife of Carson Justice, of New Bedford, Pennsylvania, and she likewise died at an advanced age; and Mary, wife of Elijah Hopkins, resided at Oswego, Illinois, and was the last surviving member of this family of children, she having celebrated the ninety-fifth anniversary of her birth in 1919. She died in February, 1920.

In Austintown Township, Mahoning County, about

the year 1848, Isaac Houston Marshall was united in marriage to Miss Rebecca Van Emon, daughter of Nicholas Van Emon, a pioneer settler in that township, where his daughter was born and reared, she having been one of twelve children, and after the death of the mother the father contracted a second marriage. He was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, and was a resident of Ohlton, Mahoning County, at the home of his daughter, Rebecca Marshall, at the time of his death, when seventy-three years of age. Rebecca Ann (Van Emon) Marshall was next to the youngest of the twelve children, not one of whom is living at the present time. Isaac H. Marshall passed away in December, 1906, in his eighty-sixth year, his wife having died in 1894, aged sixty-five years. He was long numbered among the leading farmers on the south side of the Mahoning River in Trumbull County, and was a man of sterling character, respected by all who knew him. Of the children, Van Emon, subject of this review, is the eldest; Jerusha Jane became the wife of A. E. Hartzell, of Girard, and died at the age of twenty-one years; Nettie M. is the wife of Perry Maurer, of Mineral Ridge, Trumbull County.

Van Emon Marshall was reared on the old home farm, and that he made good use of the educational advantages that were afforded him is clearly indicated by the fact that when eighteen years of age he became a successful teacher in the district schools. He continued to teach during twelve winter terms in various districts in Mahoning and Trumbull counties, and for a time he taught in the school district in which he now resides. He supplemented his own public-school training by attending for a short time a select school in the City of Oberlin. For two years he conducted a meat market in the City of Youngstown, and since that time he has given unfaltering allegiance to the basic industries of agriculture and stock-growing. In 1874 he married, and for several years rented land, and in 1883 purchased the Hiram Dunlap farm in Weathersfield Township, the place extending to the banks of the Mahoning River. He has made this one of the model farms of Trumbull County, and has also become the owner of two other well improved farms, on the south side of the river. One of these is the old Austin Fulk farm of ninety acres, and the other is the Sears farm of sixty acres. Both of these farms likewise front on the extension of South Main Street of the City of Warren, and both run back to the Mahoning River. He also owns three tracts, embracing 150 acres just outside the City of Hubbard. This property he bought in the winter of 1920. Mr. Marshall sold the old home farm of his father to the McDonald Steel Company, and he likewise sold an adjoining farm of seventy acres, all of which has since been platted into village lots. In his place on South Main Street are but nine acres, and this is one of the attractive places of the suburban section of Warren. Mr. Marshall was formerly vice president of the Warren Realty & Trust Company, and he is at the present time a stockholder in various local banking and manufacturing concerns. Though never desirous of political preferment he is found aligned as a loyal supporter of the principles of the republican party, and he and his wife are active members of the Presbyterian Church at Warren.

On the 22d of September, 1874, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Marshall to Miss Josephine McKee, daughter of John and Emeline (Beaston) McKee, of Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, where Mrs. Marshall was born in the commodious brick house erected by her father for the family home, the date of her nativity having been May 10, 1852. She is one of a family of eleven children, of whom eight attained to maturity and of whom five are living at the present time. The parents were born and reared at Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, and were young folk when they came to Ohio. Mr. McKee died in 1895, aged seventy-eight years, and his widow passed away in January, 1906, aged eighty-nine years. Of the eight children who reached mature years it may be recorded that Alexander was a resident of Warren at the time of his death, when seventy-eight years of age; John died in the same city, aged seventy-six years; Benjamin long conducted a meat market at Warren, and there he died at the age of seventy-four years; Emma, the widow of David Reel, resides at Youngstown; Warren is a prosperous farmer near Sheldon, Indiana; Josephine, wife of Van Emon Marshall, of this review, was next in order of birth; Alice V. is the widow of Sterritt Kirk and resides in the City of Cleveland; Alfred is a resident of Paynesville, this state.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall have two sons: John Houston Marshall, a graduate of Western Reserve University, is now associated with the Trumbull Realty & Investment Company at Warren. He married Miss Bessie Summers, of Cleveland, and they have three children, John Stanley, Josephine Ruth and Virginia May. Ralph Van Emon Marshall, the younger son, entered the United States Army when the nation became involved in the great World war, and he was in active service in France for one year, having been in service eighteen months. He was formerly secretary of the Warren Realty & Trust Company, and is now with the Trumbull Realty & Investment Company. The maiden name of his wife was Margery Difford.

Theophilus W. Bakody is proprietor of the liberally patronized tailoring establishment at 137 West Federal Street. Mr. Bakody has spent most of his life in Youngstown, and is a son of the late John Bakody, long a prominent character in the city.

John Bakody was born in Hungary, and as a young man learned watchmaking. After coming to America he conducted a jewelry store at Akron, and about 1870 settled in Youngstown. His store was located where the Wick Building now stands and later he moved to the Bissell Building. He was eighty-two years of age when he died in 1910. He had come to the United States without money, made his own way in the world, and gained not only an ample competence for himself and family but the thorough respect of his fellow men. He was a member of the Apostolic Christian Church. His widow is still living at the old homestead at the age of eighty.

Theophilus W. Bakody was one of eleven children, nine of whom are still living. He was born on West Avenue in Youngstown January 16, 1880, is a

R. A. Scott

graduate of the West Side School, and at the age of eighteen went to Chicago to learn the tailoring trade. He was in that city four years, and on returning to Youngstown was employed by C. W. Deibel two years. He then opened a shop of his own in the Knox Building, and remained there until that structure was destroyed by fire. Since then his establishment has been at 137 Federal Street. He enjoys the patronage of many of Youngstown's best citizens, and has their friendship as well.

He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, of Western Star Lodge of Masons and the Elks. In 1909 he married Miss Julia A. Byrne, daughter of Bernard O. Byrne. Mrs. Bakody was born in Allentown, Pennsylvania. Their two children are Elizabeth and John.

Joseph R. Edwards, whose individual record makes him a man of prominence in Youngstown business and politics, is a member of a family whose industry, skill, social qualities and culture have been valued factors and influences in the life of Youngstown for nearly forty years.

Mr. Edwards, who is secretary-treasurer of the Youngstown Sanitary Laundry Company, was born in Llanelly, South Wales, August 9, 1877, but his earliest childhood memories begin in Youngstown. His parents were William D. and Sarah (Phillips) Edwards. His father died in January, 1910, at the age of seventy-two. His mother is still living in Youngstown, and Mr. Edwards pays her a just and happy tribute when he says "she is eighty-two years of age, very young and very beautiful."

William D. Edwards in his native land worked in the mines and was a puddler in iron works. In 1880 he brought his family to the United States, and was employed at Youngstown at the Brown-Bonnell plant, and for more than a quarter of a century was with the Mahoning Valley plant. During most of that time he served as a puddler. He was a right thinking, upright man, took a deep interest in church affairs, always attended church and was never late, holding the post of deacon in the Welsh Congregational Church. Politically he was a republican.

There were nine children, eight of whom are still living, and their record deserves a few lines because of the high standard of accomplishment of each. William, now a resident of Cleveland, for many years was with the Brown-Bonnell plant and the Valley Mills. David W., spent thirty-two years with the Valley Mills, and is now employed in the Youngstown City Waterworks. Mary is the wife of D. R. Thomas, also an old timer in the Valley Mills and now engineer at the courthouse. Sarah J. is the wife of W. H. Loller, secretary of the Youngstown Automobile Club. The next two children, John and Margaret, are twins. John, a prominent leader in labor circles, was mayor of Granite City, Illinois, and lost his life there in an accident in 1902. Margaret is the wife of Dr. John Eynon, of Steubenville, Ohio. Catherine is the wife of Dan J. Jones, formerly a Youngstown official, now with the Brier Hill Steel Company. Elizabeth is the widow of W. H. Davis, who was assistant superintendent of the Hot Mills in the Granite City Tin Plate Company at Granite City, Illinois.

Joseph R. Edwards had not progressed far in boyhood years when he found his work and opportunity for usefulness. He left the Oak Street School at the age of thirteen, and was employed briefly by James Tippett and in the sporting goods store of Sam Ward. At seventeen he was on the payrolls of the Valley Mills, and held various positions, part of the time in the plate mills and finally as shipping clerk. Mr. Edwards in 1893 removed to Middletown, Indiana, and was with an independent tin plate company for a year and a half. He then returned to Youngstown as shipper in the shipping department of the Carnegie Steel Company, and after eighteen months went into the mills as a roll turner, a skilled occupation which he followed for thirteen years, five years at the Carnegie plant, one at the Brown-Bonnell and seven at the Youngstown Sheet and Tube plant.

For ten years Mr. Edwards diligently pursued the study of chemistry with a view to mastering a knowledge of steel processes and achieved much recognition as a technical expert. Also, with that love for music so characteristic if not universal among the Welsh people, he studied voice culture for ten years. He has long been one of the prominent leaders in musical activities at Youngstown. He was a member of the choir of the Rodef Sholem Congregation and also of the Westminster Church, and is the organizer of the Masonic quartet of Youngstown and has charge of the music of the Scottish Rite bodies.

After leaving the steel mills Mr. Edwards became deputy city auditor. He was in that post for four years, and was elected without opposition either in primaries or in the election, and was re-elected. He resigned in April, 1919, a most unusual step for a successful politician. At that time he took up his present duties as secretary-treasurer of the Youngstown Sanitary Laundry Company.

Mr. Edwards is a Knight Templar Mason, a Scottish Rite and Shriner, and is also affiliated with the Elks and St. David's Society. He is a member of the Elm Street Congregational Church, while his wife is a member of the Memorial Presbyterian Church. October 5, 1912, he married Mrs. Ona H. Waterman, daughter of Truman H. and Hannah Baldwin, of Attica, New York.

Robert A. Scott. While a native of Portage County, Robert A. Scott has spent most of his years either in Mahoning or Trumbull County, and his later associations have been with Newton Falls, where he has been working with other men of enterprise in giving the town its proper place among the commercial and industrial centers of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Scott, who recently resigned as mayor of Newton Falls, was born in Deerfield Township of Portage County October 30, 1852. His grandfather, Alexander Scott, came from Pennsylvania and settled in Portage County at a very early date, the community where he lived and died becoming known as Scott's Corners. He passed away at the age of ninety-seven. He was a noted horseman in his day, and was a well known drover to Pittsburg, and sometimes even crossed the Alleghenies with his stock to Washington. John Scott, father of Robert A., was born in Miflin County, Pennsylvania, in 1817, and grew up from boyhood in Ohio. About 1849

he married Jane Shephard, who was born in Milton Township of Mahoning County, daughter of Colville and Isabelle (Beck) Shephard. Her father was of Scotch ancestry and a native of New Jersey, and as a youth inherited some slaves, but gave them their freedom. Colville Shephard was a music master and acquired a large tract of land south of Pricetown. In 1869 John Scott acquired a portion of the Shephard farm, and added to it until he owned 358 acres. His wife died there January 15, 1877, and he lived on the old homestead until his death in 1901, aged eighty-four. His farming interests were conducted on a large scale. He was one of the prominent sheep men of the locality, breeding the Merino stock. The children of John Scott were five in number: Julia, widow of A. L. Reichard; Robert A.; Charles, a farmer in Cass County, Indiana; Calvin, a retired farmer at Newton Falls; and Mary, who spent her life at home and died unmarried at the age of fifty-two.

Robert A. Scott gained a good education, attending district schools, a select school and spending two years in Mount Union College under President Armstrong. He also had some experience as a teacher in intervals of his college career, and altogether passed about twenty years in school work. Part of the time he was in the Union School at Pricetown, and taught both in Mahoning and Trumbull counties. His ambition in those early years was to become a lawyer, and he studied law with the late A. J. Wolf of Youngstown. Reasons of health prevented him reaching the point of admission to the bar, and he found other duties and responsibilities. While living in Milton Township he served six or seven terms as a justice of the peace. When his father died, his sister Mary, who had been the housekeeper, went out to California, and in 1912 Robert Scott, who has remained a bachelor, left the homestead and removed to Newton Falls. Here in 1916 he was elected mayor and re-elected in 1918. In 1919 he was elected a justice of the peace, and resigned his office as mayor in July of that year. The one outstanding feature of his service as mayor was the restoration of an electric lighting system for the town, which had been without illumination for two years. Mr. Scott is a democrat, and in earlier years frequently attended county and state conventions. He has also been a worker in Masonry, and in May, 1883, became a member of Newton Falls Lodge No. 462. He is now next to the oldest member of this Lodge. Mr. Scott has always found much pleasure in books and study, and mathematics was his favorite work in school and for many years afterward. One of the old students who attended his classes was G. P. Gilmer, the well known Warren attorney. Mr. Scott is now a member of the firm Humes & Scott, handling general real estate and insurance.

John Walker. While vice president of the Walker Floral Company, John Walker is now practically retired from the floral business, in which his experience dates back more than forty-five years. Experience and individual ability and talent have made him one of the leading men in his art in the country. In 1919 the Walker Floral Company was incorporated, and at that time Mr. Walker gave or sold stock to his old time employes who had been with him since he started in the business, and most of the offices of the corporation are held by the stockholders.

Mr. Walker was born February 7, 1860, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, son of James and Rosa (Hadskey) Walker. The mother came from the north of Ireland to the United States when a young girl. John Walker had limited school advantages in Philadelphia. His father was a stone worker and expected the boy of twelve to carry the hod loaded with stone or brick. The boy went on strike, also left school, and not long afterward found a more congenial employment in the floral establishment of Ball Brothers in Philadelphia. Five and a half years later he entered the service of Robert Craig of Philadelphia, probably one of the best known florists of the United States. He was associated with the Craig Company twenty-three years, and filled practically every position in the establishment. In February, 1893, the Craigs entrusted him with the responsibilities of visiting the gardens and floral concerns of Europe for the purpose of studying and selecting plants to make up the Pennsylvania exhibit at the World's Fair in Chicago. While abroad Mr. Walker visited Paris, Marseilles, Ghent, Ostend, London and various points in Scotland and Ireland.

Mr. Walker became identified with Youngstown in 1900, in which year he bought a plant which had been established some years previously by E. Hippard, located on Logan Avenue in the Crab Creek District. The location had been chosen because of its convenience for shipping facilities, and the accessibilities of the waters from Crab Creek. These watering facilities are now useless, the manufacturing plants along the banks having poisoned the water so far as their usefulness for growing plants is concerned. In 1910 Mr. Walker extended his enterprise to the purchase of seventeen acres in Boardman Township, where in 1911 he erected 40,000 square feet of glass. This plant he sold to H. H. Cade in 1914. Mr. Walker sold the plant that was located on Logan Avenue in 1919, and the company is erecting a modern plant west of Hubbard, which will be the largest in eastern Ohio.

Mr. Walker was one of the charter members of the Society of American Florists, which was organized in Cincinnati, Ohio, and also of the Florists Telegraph Delivery, the object of which is to provide a credit and working arrangement by which customers can secure the delivery of flowers to any part of the United States on short notice. Mr. Walker's specialty has been cut flowers and tropical plants.

In 1882 he married Miss Mary E. Seaver. Their one son, Elmer, is connected with the McDonald plant of the Carnegie Steel Company. Mr. Walker is a Royal Arch Mason, a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of the Knights of the Golden Eagle. He is an independent republican.

Mahoning Paint and Oil Company. Youngstown itself is a youthful marvel among the industrial centers of America, and a business that grows rapidly in size and importance is only keeping in step with its environment. One of the more recent

Tom Walsh

cases of rapid growth and success among the city's industries is the Mahoning Paint and Oil Company.

This business was started by Alvin E. Rhodes some eight or ten years ago. Mr. Rhodes cared more about the essentials of the business than the outside appearances. His first shop was a building 30 by 30 feet at the old Youngstown Car Works, his office being an abandoned street car. On June 15, 1915, Roy F. Brandon became a valuable acquisition to the growing business as a partner. In 1916 the plant was moved to its present location, but in the past three years the demand has outstripped every effort and ability on the part of the partners and their capital. Very recently the capitalization has been increased to $100,000, to take care of the growing business. The company was incorporated in March, 1917, with Alvin E. Rhodes, president, and Roy F. Brandon, secretary-treasurer.

The original output was metallic paints and oils for factory use. Now the company handles a full line of high grade house paints, ready mixed and sold direct from factory to consumer, the product going all over the country. They also manufacture varnishes and one of their special trade mark products is "Dry-O-Lin." Business efficiency and thorough and harmonious team work on the part of the partners have contributed to the immense and rapid success of the organization.

Alvin E. Rhodes, the president, was born at Newcastle, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1872, son of Abram and Samantha Rhodes. His parents are still living. Abram Rhodes was a soldier in the famous Battery B of the Pennsylvania Light Artillery in the Civil war, and participated in the battles of Gettysburg and elsewhere. He is now eighty-two years of age, while his wife is seventy-six. They celebrated their golden wedding in October, 1919. Abram Rhodes is a member in the Presbyterian Church at Newcastle. Their three children are: J. A., of Newcastle; Lorena, wife of F. W. Wallace, of Newcastle; and Alvin E.

The early education of Mr. Rhodes was acquired in the public schools of Newcastle and at Grove City College. In college he specialized in chemistry. As a boy he learned something of mechanical trades from his father, who was a contractor. He also had a period of employment with the American Tin and Sheet Plate Company, and for five years was city clerk of Newcastle. He then engaged in contracting on his own account, and for several years he and his organization were busily engaged in constructing streets, laying paving, and handling all manner of concrete work. Before coming to Youngstown and founding the industry of which he is now the executive head, he was manager of a paint factory in Pittsburgh.

June 14, 1904, Mr. Rhodes married Miss Frances Durban. Her mother is Mrs. E. L. Durban of Newcastle. Their three children are Alvin Durban, Ellen Louise and Lillian Jane. The family are members of the Evergreen Presbyterian Church, Mr. Rhodes being department superintendent in the Sunday School, and politically he votes as a republican.

Roy F. Brandon, secretary and treasurer of the company, was also born on a farm near Newcastle, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1881. His parents, Robert W. and Martha (Frew) Brandon, lived for many years as farmers in Lawrence County. His father died in 1912, at the age of sixty-seven, and his mother in 1913. The Brandons were pioneers of Western Pennsylvania, and were strict United Presbyterians. Roy F. Brandon is one of six children: James A., a carpenter at Newcastle; R. A., a banker, coal and lumber dealer at Greensburg, Pennsylvania; Ella, wife of George Hanna, a worker in the steel mills at Newcastle; Emma, whose home is at Niagara Falls, Canada; Roy; and Albert I., who is proprietor and editor of the East Liberty Tribune in a suburb of Pittsburgh, the Tribune being a free paper with a circulation of 10,000 or better.

Roy F. Brandon received his education in country schools and in the City of Newcastle, and was employed for a time as clerk in the offices of the nail mill at Newcastle. For eight years he was in the stationery and news business in that city, and eventually became representative of the Oliver Typewriter Company, with headquarters at Pittsburgh. From there he came to Youngstown, and as a hustling young business man joined his energies with Mr. Rhodes in making a success of the paint and oil business. The company has membership in the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce and the Commercial Travelers' Association.

In 1904 Mr. Brandon married Lyn Daugherty, daughter of James Daugherty. Both are members of the Westminster Presbyterian Church. Mr. Brandon is a Knight Templar Mason at Newcastle and a member of the Mystic Shrine at Altoona, Pennsylvania.

Tom Walsh, secretary-treasurer of the Trumbull Tire & Rubber Company of Newton Falls, Ohio, a manufacturing industry of increasing consequence to that place, finding employment as it does for practically one-half of what its full population was a few years ago, is an organizer and business executive of proved ability, an ability demonstrated not only in industrial connections. He manifested commendable organizing ability on the battlefields of France during 1918, when as a Knights of Columbus secretary, in direction of the work of that organization with the Sixth Division of the American Expeditionary Forces in the Verdun-Sedan sectors, he created a service which brought much credit to the welfare organization he represented.

He is a native of Youngstown and comes of a family which had responsible part with pioneer efforts of iron and steel manufacturers in the Mahoning Valley. He was born on November 3, 1871, the son of Patrick J. Walsh, who was one of the original puddlers in the Cartright-McCurdy mills, which started with only five furnaces, and with which corporation Patrick J. Walsh was connected for more than thirty years. He is one of the few survivors of the early steel workers of the Mahoning Valley, and latterly he has lived in comfortable retirement.

Mr. Walsh has lived the greater part of his life in Youngstown, and reached business success in that place, as well as much popularity. In early manhood he was apprenticed to a local tailor, and eventually became independently established as such in Youngstown, where in course of time he and his brother, who was in business partnership with him, came into

enviable repute as custom tailors. Their business was of appreciable dimensions when, after this country went to war with Germany, Mr. Walsh felt constrained to set aside all personal interests and take service in the national cause. He was early identified with the Catholic organization, the Knights of Columbus, which took such a prominent part in welfare work among service men at the front and in home sectors, and he was one of those secretaries early sent to France. He was appointed as secretary in charge of Knights of Columbus welfare work with the Sixth Division of the American Expeditionary Forces, and as such took up temporary headquarters in the Verdun sector, near Garradamer. For the purposes of welfare work the Sixth Division was, by the Knights of Columbus executives, divided into six units of 5,000 men, each unit being served by a secretary, the sixth being under the supervision of Secretary Walsh. The Sixth Division saw some of the active fighting on the American front during the three or four months from the beginning of the Allied offensive on July 16, 1918, until the signing of the Armistice on November 11, 1918; and the troops as they advanced were accompanied by the welfare workers, the advance continuing by terrific fighting until the division had reached Stenay, near Sedan, where it rested on its arms on Armistice Day, later returning to its former station near Verdun. Soon afterward, the war being over, and his own private affairs then taking a greater weight in his considerations, Tom Walsh was released from service and returned home.

Subsequently he became active in the organization of the Akron Tire & Rubber Company; in fact he was primarily responsible for its successful promotion, the details of construction, promotion and sale of products devolving upon him. The extent to which the business has since been developed may be appreciated by the knowledge that the plant at Newton Falls, as at present operated, finds employment for 350 men. Such a plant is of much consequence to a village of the size of Newton Falls, Trumfull County, and the prospects of rapid expansion of the business is a factor of bright promise for that community; in fact it would be considered quite an appreciable manufacturing industry in a very much larger industrial center. The company is developing a wide market for its product, and not only in this country, for its foreign business is quite substantial and is increasing rapidly, indirectly aided, perhaps, by the fact that many foreign countries are now looking to the United States for high grade rubber tires.

Mr. Walsh is characteristically of active, aggressive constructive spirit; he has shown it since he has been connected with Newton Falls, in which he now resides. While primarily, of course, giving the affairs of the corporation with which he is so closely connected his first consideration, he is entering earnestly into other activities, civic and communal, in Newton Falls, and undoubtedly he will, as time goes on, take increasing part in its affairs. He has an optimistic outlook for Newton Falls, and as it grows hopes to assist in molding it into a clean, progressive town. He is very popular in Youngstown, and is rapidly reaching a good place among the active business leaders in Newton Falls, where some important enterprises of industrial character have been established during the last few years.

Mr. Walsh is married, his wife being Florence, daughter of John Healey, a well-known Youngstown grocer.

Alexander F. Scott, a contractor, plumber and real estate dealer at 1309 Belmont Avenue, is a member of a family which through several generations has been chiefly identified with constructive activities and business affairs in this section of Ohio.

The Scotts were pioneers in the Western Reserve. The great-great-grandfather of Alexander Scott on his mother's side was a Revolutionary soldier. His grandfather, Alexander Scott, came from Ireland, but was a Scotchman, and settled first in Mifflin County, Pennsylvania, and later at Scott Corners, Ohio, a community which took its name from him. He had much business ability and was a leader among the pioneers in his section of the state. He developed a large amount of land to farming purposes, and as a cattle dealer drove many herds over the mountains to market. In the early years of the nineteenth century he was also engaged in the freighting and transportation business between Pittsburgh and Cleveland. During the construction of the Erie Canal he had a contract for building a section of four miles of waterway. At the time of the War of 1812 he was in training, but was never called into service.

Alexander F. Scott was born in Portage County, Ohio, December 6, 1865, son of Alexander and Harriet (McKenzie) Scott. His father was born at Scott Corners, and became a farmer and contractor. Some of the interesting landmarks in the Youngstown District stood as substantial evidence of his skill. He constructed the old Spring Common bridge across Mahoning River at Youngstown, and many other bridges in this part of the state, including the Carson bridge, the first at Milton reservoir. He was a leader in democratic politics. He died in 1889, at the age of sixty-two, while his wife passed away in 1918, aged eighty-seven. Of their eight children seven are still living: Dassie, widow of Sam A. Church of Diamond, Ohio; Wilbert H., a steel worker at Youngstown, whose home is on North Avenue; R. P., who for years was a revenue collector for the United States Government in Nebraska and an extensive farmer and land owner; Alexander F.; Elbert, a hardware merchant at Bridgeport, Nebraska; Ensign D., who lives on the old homestead at Diamond; Sylvia, wife of Clark Rood, of Diamond.

Alexander Scott attended school at Palmyra Center and Diamond, and was about twenty years of age when he went to work in the coal mines there as a stationary engineer. He came to Youngstown in 1892, for two years was with the street railway company as engineer, and for nine years in the electrical department of the Ohio works. Since then he has been in the plumbing and contracting business, and has installed the plumbing work in a large number of homes and business blocks. He has also used his capital in building houses for sale. Mr. Scott is a member of the Builders' Exchange, and is affiliated with the Western Star Lodge of Masons and

Maccabees and is an active supporter of the democratic party. Mrs. Scott is a member of the First Christian Church.

In 1885 Mr. Scott married Rosa B. Lewis, daughter of William Lewis, of Diamond. They have had four children: Robert Ray, Eva Alice, Hattie Naomi and Rosel Vernon. The last two are deceased. The son, Robert, is a graduate of Hiram College, Ohio, and of Columbia University, New York, and was for a time connected with the University of California.

Paul J. Herbert. Three generations of the Herbert family have been well known in Youngstown and vicinity. An important transfer and storage business conducted by Paul J. Herbert was established by his father, the late William Herbert.

The Herbert family came from Wales about 1840. Rees Herbert for a number of years worked in the mines of the Mahoning Valley. He lived on a farm located just to the south of where the Tod house now stands. At that time the present location of the Republic Iron and Steel Company was a corn field.

William Herbert, son of Rees and Anne Herbert, was born on the Holmes Road near the county line November 26, 1854, attended the Wood Street School and at the age of fourteen was earning regular wages in the mills. He was a moulder at the mower and reaper plant. After following his trade for a time he engaged in the draying business, with headquarters on Spring Street between Wick Avenue and Bryson. His barn at that location was set on fire by tramps, and he lost all his equipment and capital. He next moved to the present location of the business on Elm Street near Custer, on ground formerly occupied by the visiting circuses. He engaged in a general draying business, and was active until his death on February 2, 1916. He was a member and trustee of the Plymouth Congregational Church, was a devout church man, and for forty years was affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Politically he was a republican. William Herbert married Anne Bowen, who was born in Wales, daughter of John R. Bowen, who came to the United States when his daughter was four years of age. John Bowen located on ground now occupied by the Walker greenhouses, and as a carpenter constructed many of the first homes in the Crab Creek District in what is now the City of Youngstown. William Herbert and wife had two children: Jennie, who died at the age of twenty-five, and Paul J.

Paul J. Herbert was born April 14, 1887, and is a graduate of the Elm Street School and the Rayen High School. At the age of eighteen he was helping his father in the growing transfer business, and for the past seven years has been its active manager. He maintains a large equipment of horses and wagons, motor trucks and other facilities, and has a large storage warehouse. Mr. Herbert is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Traffic Club, and is affiliated with the Lodge and Royal Arch Chapter of Masons, St. John's Commandery, Knights Templar, and also the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He and his family are members of the Plymouth Congregational Church.

June 27, 1912, Mr. Herbert married Miss Elizabeth Margaret Bulmer, daughter of William Bulmer. Her father for many years was connected with the Ohio works of the Carnegie Steel Company, being one of the very first employes of that plant. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert have two children, William Bulmer and Mary Louise.

Henry E. Coler is a Youngstown merchant who has been continuously in business at 705-707 West Rayen Avenue since 1901. Evidently he had the commercial talents well developed in him, for in spite of the fact that he began his career after leaving public school at wages of $2.00 a week and in face of the handicap of 95 per cent of failures credited to merchandising enterprises, he has gone steadily forward to his goal and today has one of the best patronized and best stocked grocery stores in the city. His original capital when he began merchandising was $1,000, and his first building was 18 by 36 feet, while his present establishment is a building 39 by 76 feet.

Mr. Coler is member of an old and prominent Mahoning County family and was born in Beaver Township February 8, 1876, son of Samuel A. and Celeste (Lower) Coler. His mother was born at Greenville, Pennsylvania, May 26, 1858. Samuel Coler was born in Mahoning County April 5, 1855, his father being also a native of Mahoning County, while his mother was born in Philadelphia. The Colers for many years have been substantial farming people in Beaver Township. The father of Samuel Coler was a volunteer soldier in the Civil war. The old Coler farm in Beaver Township is now owned by Anthony, a brother of Samuel Coler.

Samuel Coler was likewise a merchant and first entered business on the Boardman Township line at Woodworth, where he conducts a grocery store at the present time. He is a republican, has exercised considerable influence in local politics, is a Knight of Pythias, and with his wife is a member of the Reformed Church at North Lima. He is the father of two children, Henry E. and Park, the latter living on the home farm.

Henry E. Coler acquired his education in the schools of North Lima and at Woodworth, and following school days he had varied experience with different employers. He worked in a floral establishment at Calla, Ohio, later in the Jacob Leisch establishment at Poland, Ohio, and subsequently was with Wade Simon in his slaughtering plant, now a part of the Youngstown Provision and Packing Company. He left Simon to take employment with John Hitchcock at his present place of business. Later Herbert Hitchcock, brother of John, and Henry E. Coler formed a partnership, but after about a year Mr. Coler continued the business alone.

Mr. Coler is a Knight Templar, thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner, is affiliated with Youngstown Lodge No. 403, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, and is a trustee of the church and member of the church council of Grace English Lutheran Church. In Beaver Township October 6, 1898, he married Miss Mary Elsie Mentzer, who was born in Red Oak, Iowa, daughter of Ferdinand Mentzer. They have one daughter, Zeltha.

Jesse S. Hubler. If there is one landmark in the business record of South Avenue in Youngstown it is the name and activities of the Hubler family, who have been merchants there so long that few of even the oldest citizens cannot remember when they were not in business.

An active member of the present generation of the family is Jesse S. Hubler, whose business at 1002 South Avenue is a continuation of the pioneer family establishment.

Mr. Hubler was born in a log cabin at about the locality now represented by 900 South Avenue on March 4, 1868, son of Abram and Sarah J. Williamson Hubler. His mother, a daughter of Horace Williamson, is still living in the city at the age of eighty-one. Abram Hubler, who died in March, 1918, at the age of eighty-four, was descended through his mother from the Newberrys, a family that played a prominent part as soldiers in the Revolutionary war. For many years Abram Hubler worked as a puddler at the Brown-Bonnell mills, and later engaged in the grocery business on South Avenue. He was also in the real estate and insurance business, was a republican leader in Youngstown, and at one time a member of the Board of Health. As a young man he offered his services to his country during the Civil war, being rejected on account of poor health. The Hublers were pioneers in Mahoning County, Abram being born at Coitsville. He was a member of the Central Christian Church. There are now five sons and one daughter living. Frank E., the oldest, is in the engraving department of the Vindicator; Myron G. until recently was associated with his brother Jesse in the grocery business; Pyatt W. is chief bookkeeper of the Youngstown Waterworks Department; Alice is the wife of Horace Yates, of Youngstown; and Howard is in the art department of the Vindicator.

Jesse S. Hubler acquired his early education in the Flint Hill School, one of his teachers being a prominent early-day educator, Free Shear. He also attended school on Wayne Avenue and Front Street. At the age of sixteen he was helping his father and brother in the grocery store, and that has been his one steady work and business ever since. Mr. Hubler has had his troubles in the grocery trade. He has been through the strikes to which all steel cities are liable, has fed the strikers and their families, and carried them through their hard times. After several such periods of distress he has resolved to reform his methods. However, without disparaging his business success, it is to the credit of his soundness of heart and deep human sympathies that when the next time comes Mr. Hubler will act exactly as he has always done, feed the hungry and carry those who have no cash until work begins again.

Mr. Hubler is a republican and takes a deep interest in the welfare and development of Youngstown. In 1906 he married Alice M. Hubler, daughter of John Hubler, a distant relative. They have two sons, John and Frank. Mrs. Hubler is a member of the Central Christian Church.

Joseph L. Alcorn is a contractor and coal merchant at Youngstown, and has had an active part in the material improvement of the city in recent years. His father was also a contractor before him, a builder of roads and streets.

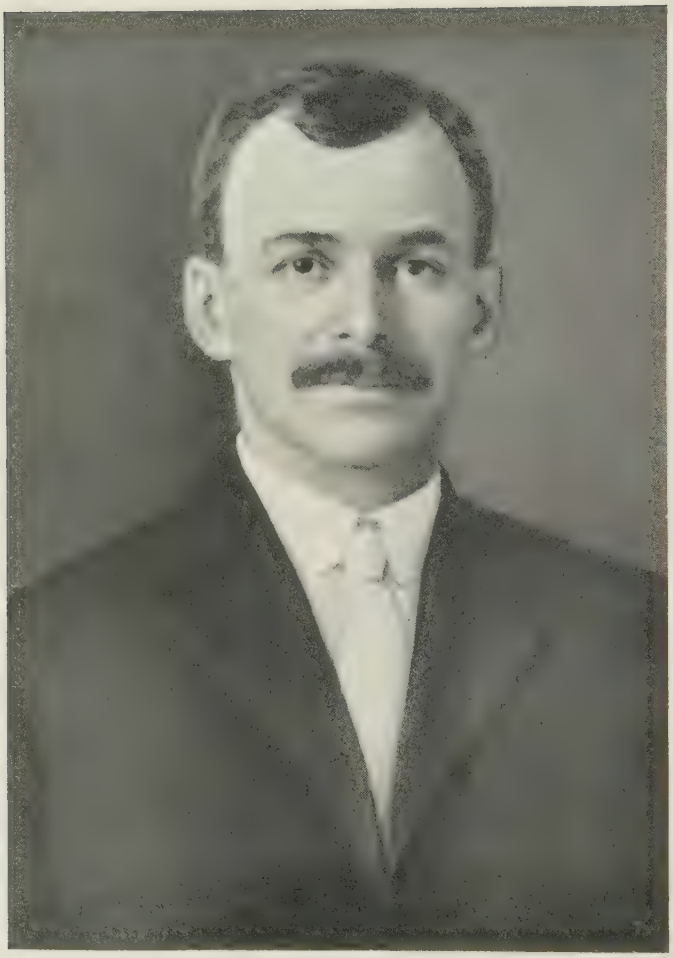
Mr. Alcorn was born on Williamson Avenue in Youngstown, September 4, 1877, son of John and Nancy McLain Alcorn, who were the parents of five sons and one daughter. The mother, at the age of eighty-six, is living with her son, the subject of this sketch. John Alcorn, who died in 1906, at the age of eighty-three, spent his boyhood near Beaver, Pennsylvania, was for a number of years a farmer, and had lived in Youngstown forty-three years. Here he followed the business of grading and street contractor, and built many roads over Mahoning County. He owned a number of teams and gave employment to many men. During the Civil war he was a member of the Home Guards, was a democrat in politics and a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

Joseph L. Alcorn was educated in the South Side School, and at the age of eighteen was making regular wages in the old pipe mill. Following that for a number of years he was employed as a salesman and window trimmer by the Central Store, Fordyce's and Livingston's stores. He then took up contracting, and in recent years has had a number of important paving contracts. His business as a coal merchant is conducted at the foot of Williamson Avenue.

Mr. Alcorn married Sarah Jane McFarland on January 6, 1904. Her father, John McFarland, was a veteran of the Civil war and for many years employed in blast furnaces. The five children of Mr. and Mrs. Alcorn are John, Elizabeth, William, Margaret and Robert. The family are members of Evergreen Presbyterian Church. Mr. Alcorn is affiliated with Western Star Lodge of Masons and the Knights of Pythias, and is a democrat.

Samuel A. Klingensmith. In any survey of the essential industries of the Mahoning Valley some mention should be made of the East Branch Mills at Newton Falls. These mills, whose proprietors are Klingensmith & Griffith, are not only worked to full capacity in supplying some of the vital necessities of life to the people of the valley, but they have an interesting history, running back more than eighty-five years. The original mill was patronized by many of the pioneers, who brought to it their grist for miles around.

Samuel A. Klingensmith is a member of the well known Klingensmith family of Leavittsburg, a son of John Klingensmith, whose life has been reviewed elsewhere, and was born in Lordstown Township September 1, 1870. He spent his life on the old homestead to the age of twenty-one, when he began working out on a farm twenty-one months, and then joined his brother Edward F. in the purchase of the old feed mill at Leavittsburg. While this was a small institution, grinding only feed, he there learned the trade of miller, having a natural mechanical genius which made his apprenticeship brief. Another brother, Frank, soon joined them and in 1908 they bought the present mill at Newton Falls. The mill site was then on the bank of the river, where the original structure, operated by water power, had been erected in 1834. These branch mills in eighty-five years have gone through many changes of ownership. For many years they were owned by the Lowry family, including David Lowry, father and



S. A. Klingensmith

son, and later by Lewis Lowry. Finally the water power was sold to the hydro-electric company, and at that time the mill was sold to be removed. The removal was made in May, 1908, to the present location on the railroad track. Some of the machinery of the old Porter mill was also bought from the Hydraulic Company, and was used in the remodeled East Branch Mills. This machinery was all later discarded, and Mr. Klingensmith made a thorough overhauling and left nothing undone in the way of the most modern equipment and machinery. The final equipment was installed in 1915. Mr. Klingensmith's brothers have remained at Leavittsburg, and he assumed all the responsibility of remodeling the mill and finally became sole owner. He knows his business not only as a miller, but as a mechanic and executive manager. The business having grown so as to demand assistance, Mr. Klingensmith was joined by Leroy B. Griffith on October 27, 1916, and since then the firm of Klingensmith & Griffith have handled the industry. Mr. Klingensmith has active charge of all the milling processes. This is a seventy-five barrel mill, and its output of Calla Lily flour is largely taken in exchange for wheat direct from the farmers. All the wheat ground at the East Branch Mills is locally grown, and can hardly be excelled for high grade flour. Besides flour the mills grind large quantities of stock feed, producing a large quantity each year, and the firm are dealers in grain and feeds, making every effort to supply the extensive demands of the local dairy interests by buying from outside mills. The plant and its operation now demands an investment of about $30,000, and the industry is therefore one of the valuable ones of the valley.

Mr. Klingensmith is a member of the village council of Newton Falls, and is fully alive to the future possibilities of this section. In 1910 he married Miss Ida Lipp. They are members of the Lutheran Church.

J. F. William Ritter. It has been the good fortune of Mr. Ritter and of Youngstown as well to have an important share in some of the larger constructive enterprises undertaken in this district within the last twenty or thirty years. Mr. Ritter's special genius seems to consist in planning and carrying out large projects, and much of his work in that line has been entirely unselfish, a matter of community benefit.

He is a native of Youngstown, having been born on Wood Street between Holmes and Elm on August 14, 1869. His parents were Eugene and Sarah (Heckenliply) Ritter. His grandparents were Charles and Jeanne (Gerard) Ritre, who came from the vicinity of Verdun, France, to the United States in 1848. In this country the spelling of the name was changed to conform with its pronunciation. Eugene Ritter was a child of two years when brought to the United States. He lived with a family in and around Buffalo, New York, and in Northeastern Ohio, and at the age of fifteen became a drummer boy in the Union army. For many years he followed the trade of molder in machine shops. He died in 1904, and his wife died within six months. She was born in North Lima, Ohio. Eugene Ritter was a member of the English Lutheran Church and was affiliated with Tod Post, Grand Army of the Republic, with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias. He and his wife had four children: Della, wife of R. D. Hopper, living on Willis Avenue in Youngstown; Ada, wife of Rev. J. L. Miller, of Youngstown; Carrie, wife of Oliver Good, of Mineral Springs Avenue; and J. F. William.

J. F. William Ritter received his early education in the Wood Street School and the Rayen High School. As an early experience he was clerk for the firm of Folsom & Thayer, and then after a course in accounting in a business school he served as accountant for the firms of Shaw & Semple, D. Theobald & Company.

Mr. Ritter had an important part to play as an associate of the W. H. Park Land Company, and during his connection with that concern built about sixty homes in the Wick Park District. Later he was secretary of the Lake Erie and Eastern Railway Company. The duty devolved upon him principally to secure the right of way of this company in Youngstown. It was a big task, requiring seven years for its performance. The Lake Erie & Eastern is now a part of the New York Central lines, and its tracks reach every industrial plant in Youngstown.

Mr. Ritter was responsible for the development of the Cohasset District of forty-five acres, an acreage formerly used by cabbage growers. This is one of the best examples of large scale development work in or around Youngstown. Mr. Ritter had the trees planted and the tract thoroughly beautified and improved, and built the first home on the land. This district is now rapidly becoming a site for beautiful homes. Mr. Ritter is trustee of a large fund left by the will of the late W. H. Park to be used for the benefit of the Youngstown Hospital and the Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Ritter is a trustee of the Westminster Presbyterian Church and a member of the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club. February 7, 1894, he married Harriet R. Woodford, of Vienna, Ohio. Their only child, Tod, died at the age of four years.

Harry Oster. Coming to the United States from a foreign land while yet a boy, Harry Oster, of Youngstown, a member of the well known firm of Oster Brothers, has made a wise use of his time, talents and opportunities since his arrival in this land of possibilities, as is clearly proven by the high position he holds in the business life of the city. A son of Moses and Mary Jane Oster, he was born May 24, 1872, in Bavaria, Germany.

Educated in Bavaria, Harry Oster attended the Gymnasium, or Latin School, until fifteen years of age. In 1911, with his brothers Lawrence and Philip, he established the firm of Oster Brothers Furniture Company in Birmingham, Alabama, and met with such success in the venture that in 1916 he came North and organized a company to carry on a like business in Youngstown, he becoming secretary and treasurer of the firm. Branching out in other directions, this company has recently organized a company to do business in Terre Haute, Indiana, where already a substantial trade has been established.

Mr. Oster married, in 1913, Frances Shawl, of

Marianna, Arkansas, and they have one child, Harry Oster, Jr., born in 1917.

George H. Jones. The Jones family of Warren, Ohio, has been in America for at least eight generations, and in the Mahoning Valley for three generations. The Mahoning Valley pioneer, Elam Jones, was born on the old Jones homestead on East Mountain, Barkhamsted, Litchfield County, Connecticut, September 29, 1774, son of Samuel Jones, a direct descendant of Benjamin Jones, the ancestor who came to America from Wales prior to 1700, settling at Enfield, Connecticut. In 1706 he removed to Somers, thus was the first settler in his township.

Elam Jones married Sarah Hyde, of Hartland, Hartford County, Connecticut, and they came to Trumbull County in 1805 and settled at Hartford. He taught school in Connecticut, and after coming to the Mahoning Valley did considerable surveying for the Connecticut Land Company, held many local offices and served in the War of 1812. He died December 2, 1851, but his wife, Sarah, survived until September 30, 1870, being in her ninety-fifth year at time of death.

Lucian Curtis Jones, son of Elam and Sarah (Hyde) Jones, was born at Hartford, Trumbull County, Ohio, December 25, 1822. He grew to manhood on the home farm and enjoyed such school privileges as the times afforded during his earlier years, later becoming a student in the Western Reserve Academy at Hudson, Ohio. During the several years he remained there he provided for himself by teaching and in other ways. Afterward he studied medicine at Hartford, then attended lectures at Columbian Medical College, Washington, District of Columbia, and at the same time began the reading of law in the office of a Washington attorney. Upon receiving his medical degree he entered upon the practice of medicine at Hartford, but continued only eighteen months. He then tried the mercantile business, but discovered that his talent did not lie in that direction. Then he returned to his law studies, and in 1854 was admitted to the bar and practiced at Hartford until 1862. In that year he and E. B. Taylor, of Ravenna, formed a law partnership and they established themselves at Warren.

The above partnership continued until 1876. During the next four years Mr. Jones was alone, but in May, 1860, Judge Thomas I. Gillmer became associated with him, under the firm name of Jones & Gillmer, which continued until 1886, when Judge Gillmer went on the Common Pleas bench. Mr. Jones was a strong republican in politics and was active in public affairs, holding positions of honor and trust. Before he had attained his majority he was elected justice of the peace at Hartford; was a draft commissioner during the Civil war; was elected a member of the Ohio State Senate in 1871 and re-elected in 1873. He was a most influential member of that body and was the father of a number of important bills which were enacted into laws. He held the office of register in bankruptcy from 1867 until the bankruptcy law of that date was repealed. He was the first city solicitor of Warren, at a period when Warren was passing from a town into a city, and he was responsible in a large degree for the inauguration of the extensive public improvements at that time.

In 1860 Senator Jones was united in marriage with Miss Sallie C. Stiles, daughter of Henry Stiles of Warren. Two daughters and one son were born to this union, namely: Mary Stiles Jones, deceased, Harriet Parker Jones and George Henry Jones. The death of the father of this family occurred April 26, 1892, and that of the mother in 1897.

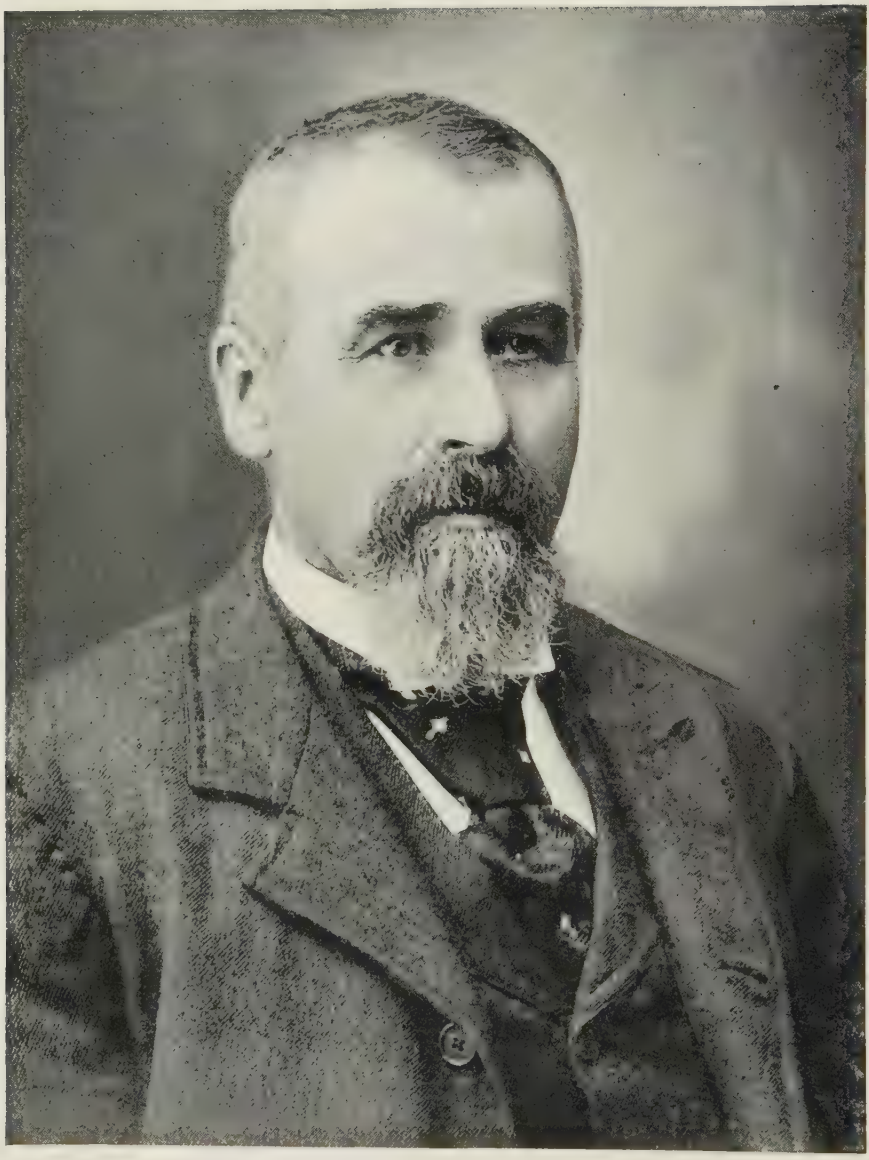
George Henry Jones was born at Warren, Ohio, November 14, 1872. After passing through the public schools he entered Phillips Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire, to take a preparatory course before entering Yale University, but the death of his father made necessary a change in his plans and he returned home to assume charge of family affairs. For several years he was with the First National Bank of Warren in a clerical capacity, William R. Stiles at that time being cashier. Later, when the family went to the West, he accompanied them, but subsequently returned to Warren.

While Mr. Jones gives the major part of his time to the affairs of the Peerless Electric Company of which he was elected president in 1917, he is also active in the management of a number of other important industries and corporations. He has been an active member of the board of directors of the Western Reserve National Bank for the last fifteen years, a member of the board of directors of the Warren Hardware Company and of the Western Reserve Furniture Company, and he is a trustee of the Warren Opera House Company, the Oakwood Cemetery Association and of the Dana Musical Institute, to all of which he gives more or less of his time.

Mr. Jones was united in marriage with Miss Alice Blanche Burnes, who is a daughter of Mrs. Georgiana T. Burnes, of Boston, Massachusetts.

John G. Gingery. The six years of his connection with the Brier Hill Steel Company, of which company he is general master mechanic, represents probably the longest continuous period of service with one organization on the part of Mr. Gingery. He is master of a number of departments in the iron and steel industry, and his services have been particularly valuable in construction work. Consequently he has helped install and build plants in many of the larger industrial centers, and he knows the business as few other men do.

Mr. Gingery was born in Hollidaysburg, Pennsylvania, May 12, 1865, son of John and Eliza (Hamilton) Gingery, also natives of Pennsylvania and now deceased. His father was a carpenter contractor. John G. Gingery acquired a common school education. When he was about nineteen he began a four years' apprenticeship in a machine shop at Hollidaysburg. Having learned a trade, he became a journeyman, working in various railroad shops. At Altoona he was connected with several shops, working on tools and specialties. For a time he was in the Shenandoah shops at Shenandoah, Virginia, for another brief interval was in the shops of his native town, and next became an erecting shop foreman for the M. A. Green High-Speed Engine Works at Altoona. He was also master mechanic for the Hollidaysburg Iron and Nail Company. Going to Pittsburgh, he had charge of one division for Booth



WILLIAM H. PORTERFIELD

& Flynn of street roller repairs, and also rebuilt the asphalt yard. His next experience was in the South, at Sheffield, Alabama, where he became master mechanic to the Sheffield Rolling Mills Company, and in that connection removed the rolling mill and iron works from Roanoke, Virginia, and rebuilt them at Sheffield. On his return North he joined the Cambria Steel Company at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, as assistant master mechanic of the blast furnaces one year, and then as master mechanic of the open hearth, blooming and plate mills. For another two years he did construction work for the Cambria Company. For about three months he was with the Westinghouse concern at East Pittsburgh, building marine type of engines. Again he went South, this time to Birmingham, Alabama, as master mechanic for blast furnaces for the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company. For this corporation he also had charge of the construction of the waterworks system and the construction of 280 by-product coke ovens. Next he was master mechanic of construction for steam and hydro-electric power plants on the Coosa River for the Alabama Power Company. For another brief interval he was with the Tennessee company in construction work, and from there came to Youngstown as master mechanic of coke oven construction for the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. The Brier Hill Steel Company also employed him in a similar capacity, and he was promoted to assistant general master mechanic of the company and in 1918 became general master mechanic, the office he fills today.

Probably the outstanding feature of his expert work is in the construction of coke ovens. In the thirty-five years of his experience he has done a great deal of work hardly to be enumerated in the above brief outline, including the operation of locomotive engines and the installing of mine hauling engines for hauling coal out of the mines with wire cables.

Mr. Gingery is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and a member of the Mystic Shrine. On February 20, 1891, he married Miss Anna Robens, of Hollidaysburg, Pennsylvania. They have four children: John Rudy, Davis R., Ward R. and Helen. All three sons volunteered in the National Army during the World war, but none of them got into the overseas service.

Frederick D. Wilkerson has been a resident of Youngstown for a quarter of a century, and during the greater part of that time has had an active and increasingly responsible part in the steel business centered in this city.

Mr. Wilkerson has spent most of his life in Ohio, but was born in Sedalia, Missouri, June 5, 1871, son of Burwell G. and Sarah E. (Doolittle) Wilkerson. His parents were Ohioans, and moved from Painesville, this state, to Missouri about 1865, living there the rest of their lives. Frederick D. Wilkerson had a public school education, attended Kenyon College in Ohio, and finished his college career in the University of Michigan. He was graduated in 1894, and was a member of the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. On coming to Youngstown in 1895 Mr. Wilkerson went to work in the time department of the Ohio Steel Company. He remained there, acquiring additional duties and responsibilities, until November, 1901. At that date he was made manager of properties for the Brier Hill Steel Company. He was also treasurer and manager of the Biwabik Mining Company until 1915, when he became general manager of mining for the Brier Hill Steel Company. His business activity continued uninterrupted until about three years ago, when ill health compelled him to retire from active participation.

Mr. Wilkerson is a republican, and a member of the Youngstown Country Club. January 29, 1904, he married Miss Grace G. Stambaugh, daughter of John Stambaugh, one of the prominent characters in the history of Youngstown.

William H. Porterfield. In the first few years of the nineteenth century, while the pioneers were clearing up some of the wilderness of Eastern Ohio, the Porterfield family came from Pennsylvania and made settlement in Hubbard Township. Some of the original land they took up is family property today. In the same locality where he was born William H. Porterfield has lived out his life of more than eighty years. He is a veteran of the Civil war, has filled various offices of trust and responsibility in the township, and has given his active attention to farming.

His present home is opposite the old place where he was born December 13, 1839. His parents were Robert and Hannah (McMurray) Porterfield, his mother being a kinsman of the same family as Doctor McMurray of Hubbard. Mr. Porterfield is a grandson of one of the Revolutionary soldiers whose last resting place is in Trumbull County. This patriot was William Porterfield, who was born October 31, 1759, in Eastern Pennsylvania, and died and was buried in Hubbard Township September 14, 1831. He married Mary Shannon, who was born May 16, 1766, and died October 7, 1838. They came to Ohio from Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, in 1804, and after spending one year in Liberty Township settled on land which is still known as the old Porterfield homestead. William Porterfield helped establish the Presbyterian Church at Hubbard. He and his wife had three sons, Robert, William and James. James died at the age of twenty-two. William, born October 12, 1802, removed to Knox County, Ohio, and later to Findlay, where he was a merchant, and finally moved out to Fremont, Nebraska, where he died. There was a daughter, Jane, who became the wife of William Bushnell, and both died of typhoid fever in 1828. Another daughter, Mary, became the wife of Kennedy Mills, lived in Brookfield Township, and spent their last days in Troy Center, Crawford County, Pennsylvania.

Robert Porterfield was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, May 12, 1799, and was about five years of age when brought to Ohio. His wife was born August 31, 1810. She died April 6, 1886, while Robert Porterfield died December 7, 1885. He spent his active life on the old farm, served a term as county coroner, and during the war was appointed to enroll the township for war services. He was a life-long member of the Presbyterian Church, and was superintendent of the first Sunday School of the church at Hubbard. Politically he was an

old-line whig and republican, and was deeply interested in the great political questions of his day and a frequent participator in the debates held in local schoolhouses on slavery and other burning questions. He was a delegate to various conventions of his party. The old home farm comprises 102 acres. The house standing there was built on another place and was brought by Robert Porterfield to its present site about 1850. Robert and Hannah Porterfield had the following family: William; Mary Ann, who was a well known local teacher and died at the age of thirty-five; James Melancthon was born December 11, 1844, and died August 7, 1910, spending his life on the homestead as a bachelor; Araminta Margaret and Hannah Matilda, the unmarried sisters who now occupy the homestead; and Charlotte Jane, who was a talented music teacher and was organist in the Presbyterian Church and died at the age of thirty-three.

Both William Porterfield and his brother, James M., enlisted together on April 27, 1864, in Company C of the 171st Ohio Infantry, under Col. Joel F. Asper. This regiment was the old 51st Regiment reorganized. He was captured at Keller's Bridge by John Morgan, but all the prisoners were paroled. His last work was guard duty at Johnson's Island. Mr. Porterfield joined Tylee Post at Hubbard, named for Lyman Tylee, who was killed at Stone River.

Mr. William Porterfield was educated in public schools, in Duff's Business College at Pittsburg, and spent eight years as a successful teacher in Hubbard and Liberty townships. When not teaching he was engaged in farming, and that eventually became his permanent pursuit. Mr. Porterfield has always been much interested in old documents of history, and has a number of old newspapers published in Trumbull County and running back into the '30s, especially interesting being a file of the Western Reserve Chronicle. Outside his home his chief interests have been the Presbyterian Church and Sunday school. He has been a member of the church for forty-eight years and is a former superintendent of the Sunday school.

April 18, 1889, he married Hannah R. Noble, who was born at Niles July 3, 1855, a daughter of J. R. and Elizabeth (Price) Noble. Her father was a cooper by trade and for many years was court crier at Warren. He removed to Doughton Station in 1871 and died in Hubbard Township in 1887. He was born in 1805. Mrs. Porterfield's mother was eighty-eight years of age at the time of her death. J. R. Noble was born in Connecticut, where his father, Judson Noble, settled when a boy with his father, Jonathan, on their immigration from England. About 1810 the Noble family came to Boardman Township, Mahoning County. J. R. Noble married for his first wife Mary Ann Robbins, of the old Josiah Robbins family of Niles. His second wife was Elizabeth Price, of Hubbard, daughter of Archibald Price, one of the pioneers of that township. Mrs. Porterfield died June 16, 1920.

In 1890, the year following their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Porterfield moved to the farm they occupied for thirty years. There are eighty-seven acres in the farm. This land had been bought by Mr. Porterfield and his brother in 1870, and they were associated together in its management for a number of years. He has since continued the oversight of the farm, and dairying has been a chief feature of his industry. Mr. Porterfield served one term as township trustee.

David Tod Moore. While his home for a number of years has been a farm at Marion Heights in Coitsville Township, the long and useful life of David Tod Moore has been lived in close touch with the best interests of the Mahoning Valley, and his work as a business man and public official has touched the affairs of the county at many points.

Mr. Moore is a member of a very historic family in the Mahoning Valley and was born here September 12, 1848. He is a grandson of John A. and Mary (Oram) Moore, whose old home was in Poland Township, comprising 200 acres. John A. Moore settled in Poland Township in 1803 from Washington County, Pennsylvania. Another settler in that year from Mahoning County was David Stewart, who also came from Pennsylvania. John A. Moore and David Stewart were both soldiers in the War of 1812. They participated in the march to Fort Defiance under General Harrison and Colonel Rayen. While at church one Sunday they were notified to be in readiness to start next morning.

William O. Moore, father of David Tod, was eighteen years of age when his father died, and he married Mary A. Stewart, who was born on the old Stewart farm in Mahoning County. William Moore died in 1874 and his widow in 1889. They were the parents of five children: Mrs. Sarah Jane McDonald, who is still living in Oregon; Benjamin Franklin, who died at his farm in Coitsville in October, 1916, his widow and son William J. still occupying that place; John A., who for many years engaged in agriculture pursuits in Coitsville Township; David Tod, whose farm home is part of his grandfather Stewart's original place; and Dr. William E., who for many years practiced medicine in Iowa and Nebraska, and died at Lincoln in the latter state.

David Tod Moore as a boy attended the Coitsville District schools. When he was about eighteen years of age he left home and during 1864-65 had some experience in one of the most famous oil towns of Western Pennsylvania, Pithole, twelve miles above Oil City. While there he ran an engine for dressing tools. He saw the big days of Pithole at its best, and was there at the time of the burning of the wells at Rouseville, when Mr. Rouse and sixteen others lost their lives. On returning from the oil fields Mr. Moore helped build the first furnace at Haselton for the C. H. Andrews Company. He also hauled stone for the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge at Haselton. Gradually he settled down into the pursuits of farming, and for sixteen years operated a threshing outfit. He was also proprietor of a saw mill supplying timber and lumber for some of the early furnaces and mills in the Mahoning Valley. His lumbering operations covered about eight years. All this time he made his home on his farm. This farm comprises about thirty-seven acres. At one time Mr. Moore did farming on a large scale, but in that business has met with some severe losses,

Judson Brewer

including the burning of a large barn. In the course of his life and its business affairs he has been a helpful factor and a witness in the remarkable development of the Mahoning Valley. He has seen Youngstown grow from almost nothing to one of the best industrial cities of Ohio.

For seven years he held the office of township trustee and was elected county commissioner for one term of three years. In politics he has been a democrat, though never strictly partisan. The fact that he was elected county commissioner on the democratic ticket in a strong republican community is evidence that his personal esteem stood higher in the opinion of the voters than his party affiliations. He is one of the oldest active advocates of good roads in Mahoning County. While he was on the Board of County Commissioners the Federal Street bridge was built and much other road and bridge work done. His associates on the board were Lewis Gluck, Frank White and John N. Davis. In later years he has acted as foreman and inspector for the highway department, and has performed some valuable service in seeing that road work was well done. During his term as commissioner the city limits of Youngstown were extended after a hard fought campaign, Mr. Moore being favorable to that extension. He has been a Methodist all his life, an Odd Fellow and is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

At the age of twenty-two he married Miss Martha Vail, sister of James Vail of Coitsville. Her father, William Vail, was born in Coitsville Township, son of Jacob Vail, and in early life was a blacksmith and in 1859 bought his farm in Coitsville Township, where Mrs. Moore was reared. William Vail married Elizabeth Got and Mrs. Moore was one of ten children. To Mr. and Mrs. Moore were born nine children. Mary E. is the wife of James Cavett, of Poland; Jessie M. is Mrs. H. W. Lindsay, wife of a Youngstown real estate man; David C. lives on the south side and is a foreman in the electrical department of the Sharon Steel Hoop Company; Arthur G. is foreman of the tube department of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company and lives near his father in Coitsville Township; Anna, also living near her father, is the wife of James D. Johnson, of the Sheet & Tube Company; Emeline is the wife of Frank Lee, in the pay office of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, and they also live near the Moore home. The oldest child, George, died at the age of eighteen, Myrtle died at the age of nine and Grover died at the age of twelve.

W. Marcus Wallace, division freight agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Western Lines at Youngstown, was born at this place December 29, 1853, a son of Robert Marcus and Sarah A. Wallace. His home has always been at Youngstown, where he received a public school education. When he was about sixteen years of age he began activities on his own account, and since 1871 has been continuously engaged in railroad work with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Mr. Wallace began as cashier in the freight depot and then was made an agent at Warren, but later, in 1881, entered the general freight department, where he served as freight solicitor, and since 1908 has been occupying his present position. Naturally he has a wide acquaintance, as the nature of his work brings him into contact with many people, and in this big acquaintance he numbers countless friends. He is a man of sound principle and good citizenship, and is generally regarded as one of Youngstown's useful and reliable residents.

Mr. Wallace was married February 28, 1885, to Miss Harriet E. Doughton, and they have one son, William W.

John Brenner. The late John Brenner, long one of the best known men of Youngstown, who for many years was connected with the Mahoning Cemetery, now known as the Oak Hill Cemetery, as superintendent, was born at Baden, Germany, on February 10, 1836. He was reared to early manhood in his native country, where he acquired an education. About 1855 he immigrated to the United States on board a sailing vessel which required six weeks to make the passage across the Atlantic. His first experience in the new land was a very unfortunate one, for he was robbed of practically all he possessed immediately after landing, but he managed to work his way from New York City to Philadelphia, thence to Rochester, New York, where he obtained steady employment in a nursery, with which he remained for a few years. John Brenner then came to Ohio to join his brother Conrad in Columbiana County, but after a short period with him, John Brenner located at Youngstown. After his settlement in this city he and John Manning engaged in a nursery and greenhouse business under the firm name of Brenner & Manning, and Mr. Brenner remained in it until 1865, when he became superintendent of the cemetery above referred to. Subsequently Mr. Brenner formed a partnership with George Enders for the conduct of a monument business. In 1880 Mr. Enders retired from the business, and Mr. Brenner continued it alone. Sometime later he became manager of the office force of Niedemeier & Restle, general contractors, and as such he contributed his services until his death, which took place on September 26, 1909. Upon his arrival at Youngstown he took out his naturalization papers, and from the date of his landing on American soil there was no question as to his loyalty to the land of his adoption. When President Lincoln made his first call for 100-day troops he volunteered as a member of Company A, Nineteenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was later honorably discharged. He then enlisted in Company D, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He was discharged as a corporal in 1865. He was married at Youngstown to Catherine Welk, and they became the parents of fifteen children, of whom Judson Brenner was the eldest, and they, like their parents, are among the best citizens of Youngstown.

Judson Brenner, the wise use of whose native powers and energies gained him distinction in commercial circles, and enabled him to make continuous advancement until he became a forceful factor in the manufacturing and business world, is the eldest of a family of fifteen children. He was born in Youngstown, Ohio, June 27, 1862. Here he attended

the public schools and graduated from the Rayen High School on June 20, 1881, in the first class graduated under the then new four years' course adopted the year previous. It was this "Class of '81" that organized the Rayen School Alumni, Mr. Brenner being elected its first president.

On November 10, 1883, he took the first civil service examination that was held in the United States. This examination was held in Cleveland, Ohio, under the direction of Civil Service Commissioner Judge L. D. Thoman, formerly from Youngstown. Mr. Brenner was the first of the class to hand in his papers. A short time thereafter he received notice of his selection to a place in the government service, but declined the appointment.

Mr. Brenner began his business career as a bookkeeper, in which capacity he served for eleven years, first in Beaver Falls and later in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. In January, 1894, he became associated with the DeKalb (wire) Fence Company of DeKalb, Illinois, as a traveling salesman, and in November of that year removed to DeKalb, becoming general sales manager for the company. At the same time he was elected secretary of the company. In 1896 he was elected treasurer of the Union (wire) Fence Company, after which he took general charge of both companies. Thereafter he advanced step by step until July, 1902, when he was made president and general manager of both the DeKalb Fence Company and the Union Fence Company. These companies were pioneers in the woven wire fence business, and the DeKalb Fence Company was the first to introduce woven wire fence to the public in this country through the trade.

In the capacity of president of his company he was one of the foremost representatives of industrial and trade interests in DeKalb.

Notably prompt, energetic and reliable, he formed his plans readily and was forceful in their execution. He was watchful of every indication pointing to success and wrought along modern business lines, keeping in touch with the trend of progress and improvement in manufacturing circles.

He remained with the companies mentioned in the capacity of president and general manager until 1909, his connection with them terminating only with their sale. He also figured in financial circles, being one of the organizers and a director of the Commercial Trust & Savings Bank of DeKalb. He was one of the organizers of the Belmont Park Cemetery this city, and is now its president. He is likewise largely interested in real estate both in the City of Chicago and in Canada.

Since 1909 Mr. Brenner has resided in this city, devoting himself to looking after his private interests and overseeing the Belmont Park Cemetery. Considering the fact that John Brenner was for seventeen years superintendent of Oak Hill Cemetery, it is interesting to note that his son, Judson Brenner, is president of the Belmont Park Cemetery. He has devoted much of his time and attention of recent years to the development of this "beautiful city of the dead."

In politics Mr. Brenner is a stalwart republican, unswerving in his allegiance to the party and its principles. He is a student of the issues of the day and has become thoroughly convinced that the platform and the policy of the party with which he affiliates are most conducive to good government and the welfare of the people. While residing in DeKalb he served as president of the Chamber of Commerce, president of the Board of Education, president of the Board of Health, chairman of the Board of Trustees of the City Hospital, and was never remiss in the duties of citizenship. Always laboring effectively and earnestly for the welfare and progress of the community in which he resided, he never sought the honor and reward of office in recognition of his public service. During the great World war he saw seven months service in the Tidewater District (Virginia) Y. M. C. A. as general auditor for that district.

In fraternal matters Mr. Brenner is more than ordinarily prominent, especially in Masonry, having attained the thirty-third degree in the Scottish Rite. He is past master of DeKalb Lodge No. 144, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; past high priest of DeKalb Chapter No. 52, Royal Arch Masons; past thrice illustrious master of DeKalb Council No. 80, Royal and Select Masters; past commander of Sycamore Commandery No. 15, Knights Templar; past worthy patron of Normal Chapter No. 357, Order Eastern Star; and a member of Van Rensselaer Lodge of Perfection; Chicago Council, Princes of Jerusalem; Gourgas Chapter, Roise Croix and Oriental Consistory, S. P. R. S. Moreover, he is a member of the Grand Council of the Order of High Priesthood; of Aryan Grotto No. 18, M. O. V. P. E. R.; Medina Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Royal Order of Scotland; past sovereign of St. John's Conclave (premier) No. 1, Red Cross, a member of the Grand Cross, and past grand sovereign of the Grand Imperial Council of the Red Cross of Constantine of the United States of America.

Mr. Brenner is also a numismatist of international reputation, having served two terms as president and two terms as chairman of the Board of Governors of the American Numismatic Association of the United States. His collections of coins and medals are known to every collector. It was because of his prominence as a numismatist that he was twice appointed by president Taft a member of the United States Assay Commission, and while a member of this commission was made chairman of the committee on revolutions. He is a life member of the Ohio State Archeological and Historical Society, and a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Youngstown Club.

The advantages and privileges which Mr. Brenner received in his youth were rather limited. He has, however, been a keen observer, and through observation and extensive travel has become a splendidly informed man, who keeps fully abreast of the times. Honesty, methods and the lessons impressed upon his mind in youth, were never forgotten, but were put into actual practice in business life. His fidelity and his capability soon won recognition, so that he early filled responsible positions with large concerns, and while in the employ of these he was marked as a man who could be relied upon, and has been found trustworthy at every test. He enjoys the unbounded

confidence of those who know him best, and in a business way his acquaintance extends to all parts of the United States. Socially he is prominent in his home city and wherever known. He is one in whom nature and culture have vied in making an interesting and entertaining gentleman, while the development of his powers with which nature endowed him has made him a conspicuous figure in business circles.

THOMAS J. MCVEY. The present mayor of East Youngstown, Hon. Thomas J. McVey, is demonstrating what a live, alert and fearless champion of the people can accomplish when he is placed in the executive chair of his community and handling the difficult problems with rare tact and efficiency. He was born in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, near the state line, and one mile east of Lowellville, Ohio, on May 31, 1862, a son of John and Isabella (Johnson) McVey. John McVey was born in County Antrim, Ireland, from whence, when twenty-four years of age, he came to the United States and for a time was a coal and ore miner, but subsequently bought the farm on which his son was born, and lived on it until 1867. In that year he moved into Ohio and bought a farm three miles west of his original one, which was on the river road between Lowellville and Struthers in Poland Township. A small portion of this farm is now included in Struthers, but the remainder is still in possession of the family. John McVey died on July 24, 1901, aged seventy-one years. His wife, who was born in 1838, survives him and is living at Youngstown. Although born in County Down, Ireland, she was practically reared in Scotland. Her parents, Robert and Jane Johnson, came to the United States and located on a farm in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, adjoining the one occupied by their son-in-law. The children born to John McVey and his wife were as follows: John E., who was an attorney at Youngstown, died in that city in November, 1905, his widow surviving him until 1916, when she died, leaving a daughter and son, Fanny Bell Allen, of New York City, and John A., a ranchman of Tucson, Arizona; Robert W., who is now a resident of Idaho Falls, Idaho, has three sons still living at Youngstown, John Ray, Emmit and Thomas M.; Thomas J., whose name heads this review; Jennie H., who married Daniel Davis, of the Ohio Steel Company, has two children, Charles and Isabelle, now Mrs. Leo Moore of Youngstown; Isabelle Frances, who married James S. Patterson, a steel manufacturer of Youngstown, has two children, Ella, and Isabel, now Mrs. Leslie Griffith of Youngstown; Charles Y., who is vice president of the Ohio State Telephone Company of Cleveland, Ohio; and one who died in childhood.

Thomas J. McVey remained on his father's farm until 1896, when he came to East Youngstown, being attracted here through his marriage with Althea J. Reed, a daughter of John H. and Samantha Reed, who owned a farm which lay along the river for one-half a mile, and back into the hill. Much of this 160 acres of land is now occupied by East Youngstown, although Mr. and Mrs. McVey still own twenty acres of the original tract. Mrs. Reed died in 1896, and Mr. and Mrs. McVey came here to assume the care of Mr. Reed, who only survived his wife until 1898, passing away at the age of eighty-one years.

In 1902 part of the Reed farm was platted, the Pennsylvania Railroad buying from the McVeys the right of way for a double track running from Beaver Falls to Ashtabula. Mr. McVey was in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad from 1902 until 1914, and during that period was able to secure the right of way from Lowellville, Ohio, to New Castle, Pennsylvania, for the Interurban Company, and was also instrumental in getting similar rights between Lowellville and Struthers, passing into that stretch through the old McVey homestead. Since 1902 Mr. and Mrs. McVey have lived in the old Reed residence, which stands on Wilson Avenue, the main street of East Youngstown, and is a very desirable property.

In 1918 Mr. McVey was elected mayor of East Youngstown, and under his masterful supervision some very necessary public improvements are making rapid progress, including street paving and sewers. It is his intention to keep the improvement up to the increase in population. Mr. McVey is a director of the Struthers Saving & Banking Company, a director of the Peoples Savings & Trust Company of East Youngstown, and has many diversified interests. His honor is not a politician, but a business man and proposes to see that his city gets the same administration of its affairs that would be given an industrial or commercial institution of similar importance. However, he votes the republican ticket and was elected on it. He and his wife have one son, Reed McVey, who is secretary and treasurer of the East Youngstown Supply Company, dealers in builders' supplies, coal and feed. He married Margaret Nash.

COL. GEORGE D. WICK. Many of the most important interests of the historic Wick family of the Mahoning Valley were conserved and promoted by the late Col. George D. Wick. For fully a quarter of a century Colonel Wick was a dominating figure in the commercial, financial and industrial affairs of the Youngstown District.

He was born at Youngstown, June 24, 1854, son of Paul and Susan (Bull) Wick, the former a native of Youngstown and the latter of Bridgeport, Connecticut. His grandfather was Henry Wick. Something should also be said concerning Paul Wick, who was one of the twelve children of Henry Wick. Paul Wick was educated in the old Youngstown Academy, was associated with his brother John as a coal operator, and later became identified with other members of the family in a large mercantile establishment in Cleveland. He is credited with being one of those who laid the foundation of the great iron industry in Youngstown. About 1866 he organized the firm of Wick Brothers & Company, a banking house whose history is properly told in the financial account of Youngstown. He was at the head of that business until his death on June 13, 1890. He married Susan Bull in 1846, and she died in Youngstown in 1852, the mother of six children. Paul Wick served many years in the city council and on the school board, and was a splendid example of Christian citizenship.

Col. George D. Wick was educated in the local

schools of Youngstown and graduated in 1876 from Williams College at Williamstown, Massachusetts. His first business experience was in Chicago with the firm Wick, Bonnell & Company, in which the late John M. Bonnell was a partner. For a time he was an iron merchant at Cleveland and on returning to Youngstown in 1882 became associated with the Trumbull Iron Company of Girard as president. He was also a partner with Mr. J. A. Campbell in the Pomeroy Iron Company. In 1892 he was made vice president of the Union Steel & Iron Company and in 1896 president of the Mahoning Valley Iron Company. He was one of the factors in the organization of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, which took over the interests of the Mahoning Valley Company. Colonel Wick became a vice president in the Republic Corporation. To him primarily was due the organization of the great business now known as the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company. He became its first president in 1901. He retired in 1903 on account of ill health, but after several years resumed his old place in business affairs. Another historic achievement associated with his name was the bringing of the Gary Iron & Steel Company to the Mahoning Valley. Along with Mr. Joseph G. Butler, Jr., he promoted the Youngstown Hotel Company. Other business associations were as a director in the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, the First National Bank, the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, the Gary Iron and Steel Company, the Federal Building Company and the Paul Wick estate. He was a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown County Club, the Union Club, and the Mayfield Country Club of Cleveland. A stanch republican, he accepted appointment in 1896 as aide de camp to Governor Asa Bushnell, with the rank of colonel and a staff officer of the State National Guard. He was an adviser to the state administration during the period of the Spanish-American war. He was also a member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity of Williams College.

Colonel Wick in search of health left America and sailed for Europe on February 14, 1912. Just two months later, on April 15th, he was one of the 1,500 who went down with the sinking of the Titanic, being one of the many prominent men who lost their lives in that great sea tragedy. His wife and daughter were among the 700 passengers saved.

Colonel Wick married for his first wife Mary Chamberlain of Cleveland. They were the parents of one daughter, Mary Natalie. In 1895 he married Mary Hitchcock, daughter of the late William J. Hitchcock of Youngstown. Mrs. Wick and her only son, George Jennings, survive.

M. H. Stauffer is a structural engineer, with a long, varied and expert experience in the fabrication of steel products. It was his ability and leadership that gave to Newton Falls one of its most important industries, and one which has done much to give that village importance among the industrial centers of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Stauffer was able to interest some of the moneyed men of the valley and organized, in August, 1919, the Ohio Structural Steel Company, capitalized at $75,000. All the capital is owned in the valley. The president is J. N. Heltzel, one of the prominent industrial executives at Warren. M. H. Stauffer is secretary and general manager of the company, and his brother, R. B. Stauffer, is its treasurer. This company took over a plant which had been established a number of years before as the Newton Falls Construction Company. James McMahan had been the superintendent of that former plant. The business was not altogether a financial success, but immediately took new life as the Ohio Structural Steel Company, and it now has orders booked far ahead. The plant has three acres of ground, with adequate railroad trackage, and about twenty-five men are employed at present. The special business is the manufacture of structural steel for factory and other building purposes.

Mr. Stauffer has been in this line of industry for eighteen years or more. For five years he was with the American Bridge Company in its plant at Ambridge, Pennsylvania, and for two years was superintendent of the Northwestern Steel Company at Vancouver, British Columbia. Before promoting the industry at Newton Falls he was chief engineer and shop manager of the Niles Forge and Manufacturing Company five years, where he had a force of between fifty-five and sixty men under him. Mr. Stauffer makes his home at Newton Falls, and sees a wonderful future for the village in its industrial outlook. He is affiliated with the Masonic Order at Niles. Mr. Stauffer married in Pennsylvania Viola Burns. She is a member of the Eastern Star and White Shrine at Youngstown.

Ike M. Hartzell. The chief service by which the name of Ike M. Hartzell is associated with the life and affairs of Youngstown is as a theatrical manager. He was one of the first to establish the motion picture in Youngstown, and has been successfully identified with the management of half a dozen local places of amusement and entertainment.

Mr. Hartzell, who is now owner of the Princess Theater, was born in Girard, Ohio, November 15, 1876, a son of Emanuel and Jennie Mayer Hartzell. His father is undoubtedly one of the most widely known and esteemed men in the Mahoning Valley.

Emanuel Hartzell was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, and came to the United States when a boy. He had many troubles and adversities to contend with, and, a stranger in a strange land, he finally acquired the capital sufficient to start a grocery store in Girard. That was the foundation of his considerable success. He has since been identified with many commercial enterprises, and in all of them his ability and enterprise have been substantially rewarded. Many years ago he was selling goods to the farming districts from a wagon. His first regular business at Girard was known as the Hartzell-Lambert Company, now the Hartzell-Ovens Company. Another successful enterprise is the Hartzell Clothing Store on Federal Street in Youngstown. For three years he also conducted a clothing establishment on Brier Hill, patronized chiefly by the steel workers.

His success in business has gone hand in hand with social activity and the character of a man of thorough benevolence and charity. For many years he has been identified with the Masons at Girard, and

W. H. Stauffer

for fifty years has been an Odd Fellow. He is the only living charter member of Girard Lodge of Odd Fellows, and recently was reminded of that fact when his fellow members presented him with a handsome gold medal. He was also one of the builders of Rodef Sholem Temple, is president of the B'nai B'rith in Youngstown, and has been a leader among the people of his faith. Recently the family had a portrait made showing twenty-seven persons, Emanuel and Jennie Hartzell, their six children, and nineteen grandchildren. The children are: Anna, wife of Michael Samuels, the Federal Street jeweler; Rose, wife of Louis Moyer, a Youngstown clothing manufacturer; Ike M.; Nate, manager of the Hartzell Brothers clothing establishment; Dr. Sol M., an eye, ear and nose specialist; and Edgar M., also a member of the Hartzell Brothers firm.

Ike M. Hartzell attended his first schools in Girard, also the Wood Street School and the Rayen High School in Youngstown and for a time studied medicine and dentistry in the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia. Abandoning the idea of a professional career, he turned his talents to the more congenial field of business. His first noteworthy undertaking was a grocery store at Market and Myrtle streets, conducted by the firm of Hartzell and Stearns for two years. Later Mr. Hartzell was in the clothing business at 277 West Federal Street, and for a year and a half was manager of Hartzell Brothers.

He left merchandising to make a business of furnishing amusement to the people of Youngstown. He has conducted many of the picture and comedy houses, including the Lyric, the Albin, Luna and Royal, and since June, 1911, has been the proprietor and manager of the Princess, one of the highest class and most popular houses in the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Hartzell is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and Elks and also the B'nai B'rith. On September 15, 1904, he married Blanche K. Kaufman, daughter of Abe and Rose Kaufman, of Richmond, Virginia. They have twin daughters, Helene and Jeannette.

George B. Benedict. The dominant feature of Youngstown's history has been industrial. The lives of its inhabitants have largely revolved around mills and factories. The products which have gone abroad have been mainly the commercial forms of iron and steel. In comparatively recent years, with wealth and prosperity established, there has also been a demand for the finer expression of civilized existence, manifested in the creative forms of the fine arts. This accounts for the presence of such men in Youngstown as George B. Benedict, whose entire life has been spent in the environment of art. A growing number of Youngstown people possessing the means and the cultivated tastes have resorted more and more to Mr. Benedict's services as an artist and decorator, and his establishment at 911 Elm Street is one of the few places in Eastern Ohio where the demands of a cultivated taste can be satisfied.

Mr. Benedict was born in Lorraine, France, forty years ago. He comes of a family of artists and musicians. His uncle, Gustav Manhainer, was at one time director of the opera at Vienna. Mr. Benedict's early education to the age of fifteen was acquired in Lorraine. Afterward he associated with art schools and artists in France, Germany, Italy and Greece and other countries. He began painting at the age of twelve and his individual talents have been improved by constant association with the highest forms of artistic expression.

Mr. Benedict came to the United States in 1902 and for several years was superintendent of a prominent firm of interior decorators in New York, one of the largest in the United States. Besides his own output he taught art to many of his subordinates. After coming to Youngstown Mr. Benedict was for a time connected with Rice and associates, and in 1919 opened his own establishment on Elm Street. His work is exemplified in many of the more beautiful homes of the Youngstown district, in some of the churches, and in addition to his profession he is proprietor of an art goods shop handling some of the high class wares, including rugs, paintings, lamps and other commodities that cannot usually be found outside the great cities.

Mr. Benedict affiliates with the Epworth Methodist Episcopal Church, and is a supporter of wholesome and clean politics. In 1904, in New York City, he married Miss Irene Jones.

Joseph E. Jones as a worker has been connected with the industrial life of Youngstown since boyhood, and is also prominent in state politics, being one of the supervisors of state elections.

Mr. Jones was born in May, 1877, son of Elias and Mary (Powell) Jones. His parents were born and married in Wales and were still young when they came to the United States and settled at Youngstown. Elias Jones for a number of years was with the coal mines in this district, and now in point of service is the oldest policeman in Youngstown, having served on the force thirty-five years. He and his wife are members of the Welsh Congregational Church, and he is a charter member of Hartford Masonic Lodge, and is also a member of the Knights of Pythias and a republican in politics. He and his wife had nine children, those now living being: Mrs. Charles H. Foaht, of Albert Lea, Minnesota; Elizabeth and Hannah, at home; Joseph E. Jones; and Dr. E. H. Jones, who is county coroner of Mahoning County. The deceased children were: Dr. Alexander H. Jones, a dentist, who went abroad, giving his professional services to the army, and died in France after the signing of the armistice; Margaret, who died in young womanhood; and Elias, who died many years ago.

Joseph E. Jones was educated at Youngstown and earned his first regular wages as a boy of ten in the Witchhazel coal mines. He continued to attend school to the age of fourteen, following which he clerked in grocery and clothing stores, and afterward went to work for Cartwright & McCurdy, his first employment being "dragging out" and afterward on the "rolls." He served an apprenticeship at the Ohio mills. Subsequently he became a manufacturers' agent, handling mill supplies, and is now salesman for the Austin Western Road Machinery Company of Chicago, Illinois.

A republican, honest elections for years have been his hobby, and it was interest in clean politics that

secured his appointment as deputy supervisor of state elections. He has served in that capacity since 1912, and was president of the board from 1913 to 1917. For three years he has served as chairman of the Republican County Committee. Mr. Jones is a member of Trinity Methodist Church, and is affiliated with Western Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Youngstown Lodge of Odd Fellows.

James E. Brown. One of the most notable enterprises of its kind for many years in Trumbull County was the fine stock farm of James E. Brown and brother. The brother, Albert Brown, is now deceased, and Mr. James E. Brown is living retired at 121 Porter Avenue in Warren.

The Brown ancestry is Scotch-Irish. For several generations they lived in County Tyrone, Ireland. In one branch of the family there is record of a daughter of the prominent Montgomery family marrying beneath her social station, and consequently she and her husband came to America and located in Pennsylvania. Just before the Revolutionary war her father died in Ireland, and her husband returned to get her property, but came back on account of the outbreak of the war.

The father of the Brown brothers was Ebenezer N. Brown, who was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, and was brought to Ohio by his father. His brothers were Montgomery, James, William and Samuel, all of whom grew up in Howland Township, and there was a sister, Jane, who married a Mr. Wallace and went West. James Brown conducted a hotel at Lowellville and died there. William also died at Lowellville. Samuel remained in Howland Township, and Montgomery went West, but finally returned and died at Cleveland. Samuel and Ebenezer both spent their last years in Howland and some of the original family lands are still owned by James E. Brown. He was still in his minority when his parents died. He acquired twenty-nine acres of the old farm from his brother Samuel, this tract being known as the Sam Brown Lot. The old home of Ebenezer Brown is now owned by the widow of Albert Brown.

Ebenezer N. Brown married Rachel Andrews, a sister of Austin Andrews and a cousin of Chauncey Andrews, the great capitalist of Youngstown. Ebenezer Brown was of a cautious, conservative disposition in business. Once Chauncey Andrews, who had been ruined twice financially, while taking dinner in the Brown home asked Ebenezer to take an interest in some coal properties, the plan being that Ebenezer should aid in paying for the drilling and would acquire a half interest. His reply was simply "I know my stock business." He possessed none of the speculative ability of his relative, Chauncey Andrews, though he consented to lend the latter money, Andrews giving as security a mortgage on an old hotel in Youngstown. That was the turning point in the career of Chauncey Andrews. He took in a Mr. Hitchcock, and from that time forward rapidly acquired wealth. Ebenezer Brown owned three farms, and was an extensive dealer in live stock, and was a very keen judge of this branch of business. He quit business just at the right time, before many of his contemporaries failed. His last home was a small place near his son, and he died at the age of eighty-two, while his widow survived him to the age of eighty-six. Ebenezer Brown was a republican, never held an office and was not a church member. He was buried in Howland.

His two sons were Albert, two years older than James E., who was born in Howland, July 31, 1850. Both inherited their father's disposition for live-stock and specialized in the growing and breeding of fine cattle and horses. They introduced the first herd of pure bred Holsteins to Trumbull County, securing their animals from the famous Heidekoeper herd at Meadville, Pennsylvania. Each of the Brown brothers had a fine farm, about two miles apart, one of them being north and the other south of Howland Corners. These farms were equipped with every facility required in their industry. They operated dairies, also had a factory for making cheese, subsequently sold their raw milk in Pittsburg, and still later Albert Brown operated a milk route at Niles while James had one at Warren. Albert Brown died April 3, 1919.

The Brown brothers married sisters, Mary and Viola Gilbert, daughters of Aldis Gilbert of Cortland. Mrs. Mary Brown is still living. Viola, the wife of James E. Brown, died in 1895. Her daughter Mabel died soon afterward at the age of seventeen, and following this bereavement Mr. Brown left the farm in the hands of a tenant and spent some years selling ranges. He finally returned to the farm and operated the dairy route in Warren, and after that sold milk wholesale. Eventually he disposed of the farm and returning to Warren built a double house, in which he still lives, renting the other half to his brother. Albert Brown was a stockholder in various banks, served two terms as a county commissioner, and was a deacon in the church. Both were republicans. James E. Brown still retains his membership in the Howland Christian Church.

Besides his farm cattle James E. Brown was a breeder and trainer of fine horses for fourteen years. He had a training track on the farm, and he took his string of horses to many fairs and races. He was a breeder of the famous Wilkes stock. Albert Brown was a great lover of oxen, and always had one or two yoke of oxen on his farm.

By his marriage to Viola Gilbert at the age of twenty-five James E. Brown had three daughters, Grace, Mabel and Alice. Grace is the wife of Homer C. Mackey, a well known rug merchant at Warren, and now in charge of the old Albert Brown farm. Mr. and Mrs. Mackey have one daughter, Alice. Alice Brown after her mother's death grew up in the home of her uncle, Albert Brown. She is the wife of Wallace Brown, and they live at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, where he is connected with the Carnegie Mills. They have one son, Lucian James.

James E. Brown married for his second wife Laura P. Smith, a daughter of E. O. Smith of Warren.

Herman Morris Hurd. As treasurer of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, Herman Morris Hurd occupies a position that makes him one of the most prominent men in his line in the country. Youngstown has been his home from his early youth, and

EBENEZER BROWN

in this city he has achieved his success and impressed his individuality upon its industrial life.

He was born at North Lewisburg, Ohio, March 20, 1874, and numbers among his ancestors the Morris family of New Jersey, of English descent and famous in the colonial days of the United States. His paternal grandmother bore the name of Morris, and she became the wife of John Hurd. The parents of Herman M. Hurd, Albert N. and Mary (Winter) Hurd, were among the pioneers of Champaign County, Ohio, and the paternal grandfather, John Hurd, lived near Urbana for many years and was one of the old stage drivers of that locality. Until he reached the age of sixteen years Herman M. Hurd lived in various locations in Ohio, for his father was a railroad man, connected for over fifty years with the Erie Railroad, and when the son was sixteen the family came to Youngstown. In the meantime this son had received an excellent practical education in the common branches and had graduated from the Creston High School, and on arrving in Youngstown he entered upon his business career as a clerk in the freight office of the Erie Railroad. Later he became an employe in the office of the superintendent of the Mahoning division and during these periods, having recognized the necessity of a better educational training, he attended night school at the Young Men's Christian Association. In 1894, when he had reached the age of twenty, Mr. Hurd was taken into the employ of the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, which was then but just entering the world of finance, and he served it in various capacities, including bookkeeper and teller, and remained with it until 1899, when he went to Chicago as assistant cashier of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, under John F. Taylor, the first treasurer of that corporation. This was also at a time when the Republic Iron & Steel Company was in its earliest stages of development, and Mr. Hurd has remained with it ever since, advancing in importance with the development of the corporation, and removing with it to Pittsburgh and then to Youngstown. From the office of assistant cashier he was promoted to cashier, assistant treasurer, and finally, in 1914, was made the treasurer of this, one of the largest organizations of its kind in the country. He is a member of the American Iron & Steel Institute, is a director of the Young Men's Christian Association, is president of the University Extension Society, is a member of the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club and a director in the former, and is a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

On the 12th of October, 1899, Mr. Hurd was married to Miss Ethel Humphrey, of Chicago, and they have two daughters, Catherine H. and Dorothy M.

Guy E. Norwood. As one who stands as a splendid type of the progressive and enterprising citizens who are making the State of Ohio one of the greatest in industrial circles in the Union, Guy E. Norwood, president of the Republic Rubber Company of Youngstown, is entitled to specific recognition in this history. He has realized a large and substantial success in the business world, and this represents the result of his own well-ordered endeavors, for he has been in a significant sense the architect of his own fortunes. He is a man of action rather than words. His mind is strongly analytical, and its scope is broad. He is eminently utilitarian, and energy of character, firmness of purpose and unswerving integrity are among his chief characteristics. He has for a number of years played a leading part in industrial affairs in his adopted state, and through his persistent efforts he has made for himself a place in connection with the productive energies and activities of life, so that his career offers both lesson and incentive.

Guy E. Norwood was born in Allegany, New York, on February 17, 1876, and is a son of Byron and Jennie E. (Hills) Norwood. He was reared in his native town, where he attended the public schools, later furthering his studies at Cook Academy at Montour Falls, New York. He then entered Cornell University at Ithaca, New York, where he specialized in mechanical engineering. His first employment was with the Eastman Kodak Company at Rochester, New York, with which he remained until 1901, when he became identified with the engineering department of the B. F. Goodrich Company of Akron, Ohio, where he remained until 1906, when he joined the Diamond Rubber Company, being placed in charge of the cost department of the manufacturing end of the business. Eventually he became a director and assistant treasurer of that company. That company was subsequently merged in the B. F. Goodrich Company, of which Mr. Norwood became, first, a director and assistant treasurer, then assistant treasurer and, finally, secretary. In 1917 he disposed of his holdings in that company in order to accept the presidency of the Republic Rubber Company of Youngstown, a position he has since occupied. To the interests of this company he has thrown his energies and abilities and it is only repeating a fact widely recognized by those familiar with his work here to say that the present success of this company is largely attributable directly to the stimulus of his leadership and the judicious and far-seeing business policy which he is exercising as the head of the directorate.

On the 10th of July, 1900, Mr. Norwood was married to Anna S. Heitzman, of Geneseo, New York, and they are the parents of a son, Robert.

Politically Mr. Norwood is an earnest supporter of the republican party, being of the progressive type of party man in his attitude towards public issues. Fraternally he is a member of the Masonic order, having attained the thirty-second degree of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and is also affiliated with the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Religiously he is a member of the Episcopal Church and, socially, he belongs to the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club. Though a resident of Youngstown but a comparatively short time, he has impressed the force of his personality upon those with whom he has come in contact, holding worthy prestige in industrial and business circles, where he wields a potent influence and is regarded as distinctively a man of affairs. Genial and agreeable in disposition, and easily approached, he is held in high esteem by all who know him.

William J. Flynn. There is perhaps no better illustration of the rewards of long, persistent, faithful and progressive service than that found in the

career of William J. Flynn, superintendent of the rolling mills of the Brier Hill Steel Company.

During the past thirty years Mr. Flynn has given his allegiance to just two corporations, one of them being the Brier Hill Company, where he has been in charge of the rolling mills for the past three years. The other was the Illinois Steel Corporation, in which it might be said he was reared, trained and with experience and special abilities made himself known among expert steel workers.

Mr. Flynn was born at Parkersburg, Illinois, September 1, 1877, one of the seven children of James and Anna (Lynch) Flynn. His parents were born in Ireland and were married at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin. James Flynn was in the contracting and railroad construction business, and that work necessarily required his residence in many parts of the United States. He and his wife were Catholics, and both are now deceased.

William J. Flynn spent most of his early youth at Valparaiso, Indiana, and was educated in Sts. Peter and Paul Academy in that city. He was the oldest of the children, and owing to a serious accident which made his father a cripple, William J. had ot start for himself at the age of fourteen.

Thus on August 28, 1891, he did his first day's work for the Illinois Steel Corporation at South Chicago, Illinois. He was with that corporation steadily for twenty-five years lacking only twenty-eight days. The first seven years, taking him to his majority, is accounted for by experience in three capacities, rail tester, hot bed inspector and final inspector in the finishing department. He was then transferred to the safety department. The Illinois company was a pioneer in the safety first movement. After four and a half years there he was transferred to the Bessemer department, where he was general foreman part of the time and was in one of the most responsible and hazardous departments of a steel mill. He operated the cupolas as the smelter melted the spiegel used to recarburize steel after it is blown in the vessels. That was his work for two and a half years. His next transfer took him to the 28-inch structural steel rolling mill, where structural material, consisting of various sizes of beams, channels, angles and squares, were rolled. During the three years of his employment in the Gary rolling mill he was guide tender and assistant roller to William H. Warren, present general manager of the Brier Hill Steel Company of Youngstown. When the new rolling mills were built at Gary he was transferred to them, the largest rail mills of the world, in the capacity of assistant superintendent, being assistant to William H. Warren. After three years as assistant he was superintendent of the rolling mills to succeed Mr. Warren, and held that office about five years.

Mr. Flynn came to Youngstown in August, 1916, where as superintendent of the rolling mills he is one of the expert force gathered to this plant under the congenial leadership of Mr. Warren.

July 31, 1901, Mr. Flynn married Miss Anna O'Connor, of South Chicago. Six children were born to their marriage: Anna Cecelia, deceased, William J. Jr., Thomas, Anna, James and Dorothy.

William Van Wye, member of a family that came to Trumbull County nearly ninety years ago, was born July 7, 1850, and died May 30, 1915. In 1873 he married Maria Elizabeth Bolin, daughter of the late James Bolin, of the Bolin Hill community in Trumbull County.

For about ten years William Van Wye lived on the old family homestead in Weathersfield Township, and then bought the Folsom farm near Warren. This property he sold in 1912 to the Trumbull Steel Company. For more than twenty years he had made his home in Warren, and was chiefly engaged in looking after his property interests. He was an excellent business man, a citizen of high standing, and well known socially and also was active in republican politics.

Mrs. Van Wye, who is living at Warren, had one daughter, Lizzie B. She died at the age of twenty-two, just at the threshold of a beautiful young womanhood, with talents and character that well justified the family in centering their fondest hopes upon her. Her death occurred November 25, 1896. She was talented in painting, had a broad and liberal education, and was exceedingly popular in her social set. Mrs. Van Wye since the death of her daughter and husband has given much of her time to the promotion of worthy causes, patriotic and charitable. She is active in the Methodist Church at Warren, and she and her friend, Mrs. Laura Harsh, presented the Warren Methodist Church with its fine pipe organ.

David Cowden Stewart, a prominent farmer of Trumbull County, lives in Liberty Township six miles north of Youngstown. His home is on the old Hayes farm, which was inherited by Mrs. Stewart. The record of the Stewart family is a long and honorable one in the old Western Reserve, the particular branch of the family to which David C. Stewart belongs having been chiefly identified with Vienna Township.

The history of the Hayes family begins with five Scotch-Irish brothers who crossed the ocean and made their first sojourn at Homestead, Pennsylvania. One of the brothers, Robert, bought from the Connecticut Land Company nearly a section of land, including that on which Mr. and Mrs. Stewart reside. Robert was killed in Pennsylvania and his sons John and William and daughter Jane came out to occupy that portion of the estate in Trumbull County. Jane married and secured the west end of the Robert Hayes farm, William getting the east end, now known as the Stambaugh and Burroughs farms, where William died when old, and John secured 160 acres on which he lived out his life. John Hayes was born December 18, 1785, on the banks of the Monongehala River in Western Pennsylvania, and died August 22, 1851. On March 6, 1810, he married Margaret Reed, who was born February 13, 1787, and died September 3, 1863, at Church Hill, two miles from the homestead, where both were members of the Presbyterian Church.

The children of John and Margaret Hayes were: James, who died unmarried at the age of fifty-two; Mary who died at the old home; Isaac Reed Hayes; Robert, who was a blacksmith and wagon maker and

William Can Ness

died at Beaver, Pennsylvania; Nancy Jane, who married John Tom and went to Floyd County, Iowa; John S., who died in young manhood; Samuel Martin, who died at Floyd, Iowa; Mathew, who died young; and William, who died in North Dakota.

Of this family Isaac Reed Hayes was the father of Mrs. Stewart. He was born November 27, 1817, and died October 27, 1895. He spent his life on the present Stewart homestead, going there in 1823, when six years of age. January 7, 1852, he married Sarah Jane McCalley, who was born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1824, and died July 19, 1884. Isaac Reed Hayes bought out the interests of the other heirs and late in life divided the place among his children, Mrs. Stewart acquiring the homestead and some of the land. Isaac R. Hayes was active in the Presbyterian Church. He had six children: John McCalley, who was a musical instrument dealer at Toledo, where he died; James Laughlin, who died in young manhood; Margaret Ann, Mrs. Stewart; William Edgar, who died in 1919, at Hiram, Ohio, where he was a farmer; Thomas Hunter, a merchant at Youngstown, where he died October 9, 1893; and Mary Amanda, who died at Church Hill, October 29, 1891, the wife of John McIntire.

David Cowden Stewart was born in Vienna Township of Trumbull County, February 3, 1861, son of Lowrey and Mary Ann (Cowden) Stewart. His father was born in the same locality and died at the age of fifty-five, his wife having passed away on a portion of the old Stewart homestead. David Cowden Stewart and Margaret Ann Hayes were married in 1891, and they have spent nearly thirty years at the old Hayes homestead. Mrs. Stewart was born here September 3, 1857, and solicitously looked after her father's comfort as long as he lived. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart have twin sons, Lowrey Alexander and Isaac Reed Hays Stewart. The former is a teller in the Mahoning National Bank at Youngstown, and by his marriage to Florence Vaughn has a son, David Vaughn. The younger son is unmarried and lives at home.

McClellan Horn has demonstrated his wisdom in having payed continuous allegiance to the fundamental industry under the discipline of which he was reared, and he is today numbered among the representative farmers and popular citizens of Lordstown Township, where his pleasant home is six miles south of Warren. On the old Beil farm, adjacent to his present home place, Mr. Horn was born, the date of his nativity having been December 21, 1861. He is a son of John and Susannah (Beil) Horn, both representative of sterling pioneer families of Trumbull County. John Horn was born in Lordstown Township, November 12, 1834, his father, Michael Horn, having come to this county from the eastern part of Pennsylvania, and having died in Lordstown Township when his son John was but five years old. He left also an older son, Levi, who removed to Iowa and who was a resident of Allamakee County, that state, at the time of his death. James K. Polk Horn, a half-brother of John, enlisted in the Twentieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry for service in the Civil war, and died while at home on a furlough. Of the sisters, Nancy became the wife of William Webster and died while still a young woman; Sarah's first husband was named Turnbull, and he was a resident of Fort Wayne, Indiana, at the time of his death, and later Mrs. Turnbull became the wife of William Webster, the widowed husband of her older sister; Susan became the wife of William P. Platt, and both died in Lordstown Township. John Horn was reared to manhood in Trumbull County, and as a young man he here married Miss Susannah Beil, daughter of John and Sally Beil, both of whom died on the old Beil homestead in Lordstown Township, where their grandson, McClellan Horn, of this review, was born. John Beil was seventy-five years of age at the time of his death, his wife having passed away about twelve years previously. After the death of her mother Susannah, then a young girl, took charge of the domestic affairs of the paternal home, and after her marriage she and her husband remained with her father until his death, when her husband purchased the place, a part of the old homestead being now owned by the subject of this review. Here John Horn continued his successful farm operations during the remainder of his active career and here he died June 28, 1904, at the age of seventy years, his wife having passed away July 17, 1901, in her sixtieth year. John Horn was a democrat in politics and was influential in community affairs, as indicated by his long period of service as township trustee. Of the four children McClellan, of this sketch, is the eldest; Carrie is the wife of Daniel Goldner and inherited a part of the old Beil farm, on which they reside; Ada and Ida were twins, the former being now a resident of North Jackson, this county, and Ida having remained, unmarried, at the old home until her death, at the age of forty-six years.

McClellan Horn is indebted to the public schools of his native county for his early education and was reared on the old Beil homestead, which represented his place of abode for thirty-five years, he having continued in active charge of the farm about six years after his marriage. He then, in 1896, purchased and removed to the Andrew Harshman farm of 120 acres, and here he has since continued operations, his farm now comprising 125 acres, including a part of the old Beil farm, which lies adjacent. The house on his farm was erected by Andrew Harshman, about sixty-five years ago, and is a sturdy structure of the old and enduring type of construction, when all work was done by hand, William Warner having been the carpenter who had charge of the erection of this fine old home. Mr. Horn is vigorous and progressive in his activities as an agriculturist and stock-grower, is a director of the Lordstown Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is an active member of the local Grange and is a democrat in politics. His wife is an active member of the United Brethren Church at East Lordstown, of which her parents were earnest members.

On the 20th of September, 1888, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. Horn to Miss Mary L. Flick, daughter of William and Amanda (Beal) Flick. William Flick was born in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and was nine years old when he came with his parents, Samuel and Mary Flick, to Trumbull County, where they settled on the farm now owned by John White, in Lordstown Township. There Samuel Flick died at the age of fifty-nine years, and on this old homestead occurred the marriage of

William Flick and Amanda Beal, the latter having been a daughter of Joseph and Mary (Harris) Beal, whose farm adjoined that of John Beil, maternal grandfather of the subject of this sketch. Amanda (Beal) Flick was born in Newton Township, this county, was eight years old when the family removed to the above mentioned farm, in Lordstown Township, where her parents continued to reside until their death, and she was twenty years of age at the time of her marriage. Within a short time after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. William Flick removed to Cedar County, Iowa, where they remained five years and where their daughter Mary L. (Mrs. Horn), was born June 13, 1861, she having been a child when her parents returned to Ohio, where, a few years later, her father bought a part of his father's old farm. Samuel Flick and Charles Ohl built the old Mill Creek Mill. Samuel Flick was a cattle dealer for many years. William Flick gave his time and attention to the old farm until he was well advanced in years, when he removed to Youngstown, Mahoning County, which continued to be his home until his death, December 28, 1905, his widow now maintaining her home at Warren. Of the children, Mary, wife of the subject of this review, is the eldest; Kate died in childhood; Charles is a resident of Montpelier, Ohio; Wallace is engaged in business as a contractor in the City of Cleveland; Albert resides at Boardman, Mahoning County; and Emma, who was the widow of Charles Lawrence, who resides at Warren and is the wife of Ira C. Fowler, of the Trumbull Steel Company. Mr. and Mrs. Horn have no children.

James Bolin. The Bolins were one of the earliest and for many years one of the most influential families at Niles, and they have continued to be identified with Trumbull County for more than a century. In Howland Township there is a community known as Bolin Hill, where the late James Bolin settled in 1861. He lived there until his death, more than forty years later, on August 3, 1903.

James Bolin was born on the present site of the High School at Niles December 7, 1819, son of John and Delilah (Williams) Bolin. His grandfather, Patrick Bolin, was a native of Ireland but came to America in time to participate in the Revolutionary war. John Bolin was a native of Pennsylvania and married for his first wife Miss Merriman, who died in Pennsylvania. John Bolin married for his second wife Delilah Williams, at that time the widow of Mr. McConnell. She had a son, Shelby McConnell, who went out to Minnesota and died at St. Cloud. John Bolin's first children were William and Mrs. Nellie Heaton. The latter died at New Lyme, Ohio. The son William Bolin was born near Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1807, and after his mother's death was reared by an aunt. He lived in Trumbull County for about twelve years as a farmer, and was married here to Rachael Dee. In 1848 he went to Green County, Wisconsin, subsequently to Olmstead County, Minnesota, and finally returned to Wisconsin and died at Neilsville in that state in 1876. His wife died in Wisconsin in 1880. Their son, William Irwin Bolin, who was born in Green County, Wisconsin, in 1851, came to Trumbull County in 1876, and for many years was a farmer, but is now retired and a resident of Warren. William Irwin Bolin married Olive Van Wye, who was born on the old Van Wye farm two miles south of Warren in 1856, daughter of John Van Wye.

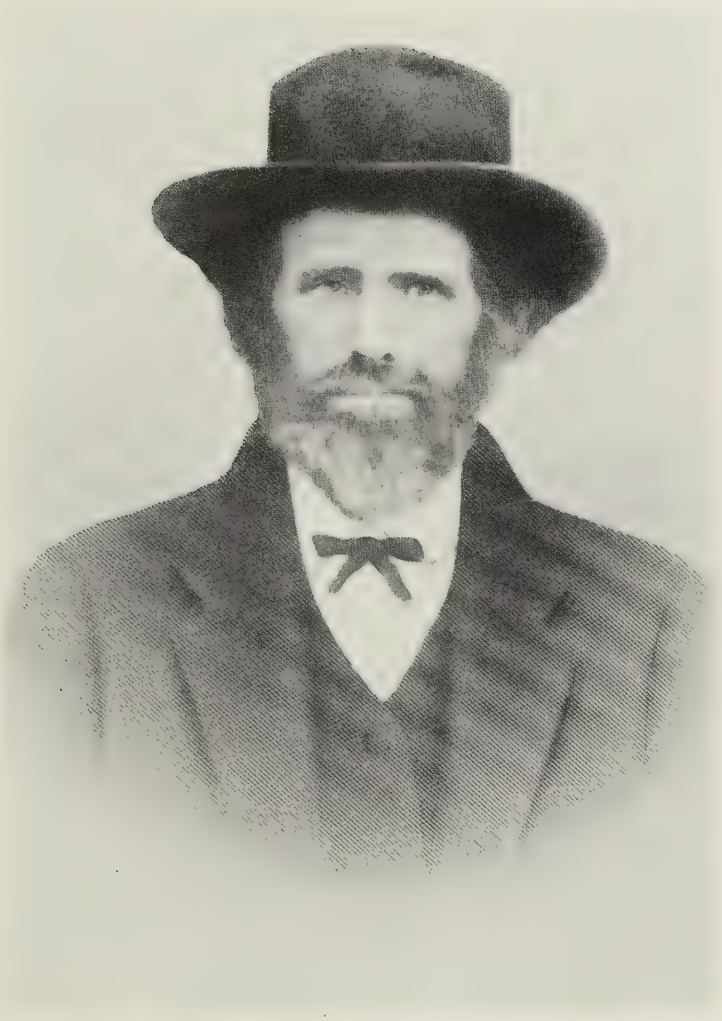
The children of John and Delilah Bolin were: James; John, who married Margaret Dempsey, lived for many years in Weathersfield Township but died at Niles at the age of seventy-four; Margaret, who became the wife of James Rowell and died at Syracuse, New York; Maria, who was one of the early teachers of William McKinley, and afterward married Oliver Kyle and lived at Niles, where she died at the age of eighty-four; and Enoch, who started overland for California in company with James Dempsey, and died of cholera in his eighteenth year.

James Bolin was a successful farmer in the Bolin Hill neighborhood. Some of the land that he originally cultivated is now built up with homes and other buildings, though the old homestead is still retained by his family. James Bolin married Elizabeth Drake, who was born at Pittsburg in 1818. When she was eight years of age she came to Niles in a wagon with her parents, James and Mary (Stanley) Drake. Her father for a time operated a grist mill but later settled on a farm northeast of Bolin Hill. The old Drake farm has since been platted. Mrs. James Bolin died July 14, 1913, when past ninety-five years of age. She had kept her intellectual faculties almost unimpaired, and was well read and especially noted for her knowledge of the Scripture. She was active in church work. James Bolin served as a member of the school board and was one of the leading horticulturists of his section. For many years a special reputation attached to the quality of the peaches which he raised.

The children of James Bolin and wife were Warren Stanley, and Candace Jane and Maria Elizabeth. It is not easy to render a proper tribute to the noble and self-sacrificing life of the daughter Candace Jane, whose years have been wholly devoted to her family. She remained with her mother as a companion and solace through her old age, and since her mother's death has lived with her sister, Mrs. Van Wye, in Warren. She also cared for her brother in his last illness.

Warren Stanley Bolin, who died in Howland Township in November, 1913, married for his first wife Anna Mann, and his second wife was Kittie McCorkle. He had a daughter, Nellie M., who died three years after her marriage to Fred Hyde. The two sons of W. S. Bolin are Ward C., who lives in Weathersfield Township and by his marriage to Ida Birmingham has three children, Nellie, Ross and Marian; and Frank, a resident of Niles, who married Ethel Chasser and has two children, Kittie and an infant daughter. The youngest of the children of James Bolin and wife, Maria Elizabeth, is the widow of William Van Wye and a resident of Warren.

Roy B. McConnell, who is serving as trustee of Braceville Township, Trumbull County, is here maintaining effectively the high prestige of the family name both as a citizen and as a successful and progressive farmer. On the old homestead farm which figures as the stage of his agricultural and live stock



JAMES BOLIN

enterprise at the present time, Roy Bernard McConnell was born on the 25th of October, 1875, a son of John O. and Ellen C. (Bronson) McConnell, whose marriage was solemnized May 5, 1867. John O. McConnell was born in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, September 27, 1835, and his wife was born in Southington Township, Trumbull County, February 4, 1845,—dates that denote that the respective families were founded in the Mahoning Valley in the pioneer period. Mrs. McConnell was a daughter of Sylvester and Lydia (Norwood) Bronson, the latter having been a child when her parents migrated from Connecticut and numbered themselves among the early settlers in Southington Township, Trumbull County, where they passed the residue of their lives, Mr. Bronson having died when about sixty years of age and his widow having attained to the venerable age of ninety-two years.

John O. McConnell was reared on a pioneer farm in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, and was a son of James and Hannah (Battles) McConnell, the former of whom was born June 11, 1795, and the latter on the 15th of September of the same years, their marriage having occurred in 1820. James McConnell came to Ohio when a young man, and he was one of the substantial farmers and representative citizens of Jackson Township, Mahoning County, at the time of his death, May 29, 1867, his first wife having passed away June 17, 1849. They became the parents of ten children, and of the seven sons the following brief record may be entered: William Boyd McConnell, who was born in 1821, was a farmer during his active career and was living retired at Garrettsville, Portage County, at the time of his death, in 1907; Beriah died at the age of twenty-three years; James, Jr., removed to Bluffton, Indiana, where he died in 1871, at the age of forty-five years; Hiram was a resident of Southington Township, Trumbull County, at the time of his death in 1875, aged forty-six years; Eber died in Indiana in 1900, aged sixty-nine years; John O., next in order of birth, was the father of the subject of this review; and Caleb was a resident of Missouri at the time of his death, he having removed to that state when a young man. After the death of his first wife James McConnell, Sr., contracted a second marriage.

John O. McConnell was reared on the old home farm in Mahoning County, as previously stated, and throughout his active life he continued to give his allegiance to the primary industries of agriculture and stock-growing. He subordinated all personal interests, however, to go forth in defense of the Union when the Civil war was precipitated, and he served during virtually the entire period of the conflict as a member of Company E, Second Ohio Cavalry with which he participated in many important engagements and with which he continued in active service until he received his honorable discharge, it having been his good fortune never to have been wounded or captured. In later years he vitalized the memories and association of his military career by his affiliation with the Grand Army of the Republic. On the 5th of May, 1867, was solemnized the marriage of Mr. McConnell to Miss Ellen C. Bronson, and in the following year they established their residence on the fine farm which is now under the active management and the ownership of their only son, whose name introduces this article. Here Mr. McConnell continued his energetic and well ordered operations as an agriculturist and stock-grower until 1911, when he retired and removed to the City of Warren, where he and his wife passed the remainder of their lives, his death having occurred March 15, 1914, and his widow having passed to the life eternal on the 17th of February, 1916, and both having been earnest members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. On his farm of 101 acres Mr. McConnell made the best of improvements, including the erection of the buildings that now mark the place as a model farm, the house having been erected in 1883 and the large barn in 1895. Mr. McConnell was one of those prominently interested in the co-operative cheese factory in his township, of which he was a stockholder, and for the products of which he was a successful salesman, it having been stated that if he found it impossible at any certain time to sell the cheese at wholesale he would calmly proceed to peddle the product at retail. He was one of the highly honored and influential citizens of his community, served in various township offices, including that of trustee, and while residing on the farm both he and his wife were influential members of the Methodist Church at Southington Center, three miles north of their farm. They are survived by three children: Cora is the wife of George Brewer, a machinist by vocation, and they reside in the City of Akron; Roy Bernard, of this sketch, was the next in order of birth; and Ina L., who has been a successful teacher in the district schools, is now giving efficient service as a teacher of domestic science, a work in which she takes the deepest interest.

Roy B. McConnell early began to lend his quota of aid in connection with the work of the home farm, and he places high value upon the experience which he thus gained in his boyhood and youth, the while he did not fail to profit also by the advantages afforded in the public schools of the locality. The old homestead has continuously been the scene of his farm enterprise during his independent career, as he had assumed active charge of operations even before his father's removal to Warren.

January 26, 1898, recorded the marriage of Mr. McConnell to Miss Leda McNeil, daughter of A. C. and Hattie (Shaw) McNeil, who came from the vicinity of Akron and established their home on a farm in Trumbull County when their daughter Leda was a child, their home being now at Bath, Summit County. Mr. and Mrs. McConnell have three children—Arthur, Arlo and Dorla, and the eldest son is a member of the class of 1920 in the high school at Braceville.

CHARLES L. SCHOONOVER, general manager of the Warren plant of the General Fire Extinguisher Company, has been identified with the industrial, civic and social affairs of the City of Warren for over twenty-five years, and during that time he has won a place among the forceful men of the community.

Mr. Schoonover was born at Akron, Ohio, August 11, 1869, and is descended from Summit County pioneers. His grandfather, Jacob Schoonover, a native of Connecticut, removed from Western New York to the vicinity of Akron, and was one of the early farmers there. Jonas Schoonover, father of

Charles L., was born in New York State in 1824, was a boy when his parents moved to Summit County, Ohio, and in early life was a farmer, but later he engaged in the insurance business at Akron, where he died August 5, 1887. His wife was Mary Russell, who was born in St. Lawrence County, New York, in 1837, and died at Akron, March 3, 1915.

Charles L. Schoonover spent his early life at Akron, graduating from the high school in 1887. His father's death occurring soon after young Schoonover left school, he was compelled to seek employment in his own behalf and as a means of assisting in the support of his widowed mother. His first opportunity was in the courthouse as an employe of O. W. Hale, then county clerk of Summit County. He was there about two years (1888 to 1890), for another two years he was bookkeeper for the Akron Building & Cabinet Company, of which Mr. Hale was treasurer, and on February 1, 1892, transferred his residence from Akron to Warren.

Mr. Schoonover came to Warren as bookkeeper for the Neracher Sprinkler Company, the original plant of the present General Fire Extinguisher Company at Warren. He remained as head bookkeeper for the company approximately fifteen years, and in 1904 was given the additional duties of department cashier. In 1913 Mr. Schoonover became assistant manager, and has been general manager of the Warren branch of the business since 1915. He is also a director in several other corporations, including the Trumbull Savings and Loan Company, the Valley City Mortgage & Loan Company, the Perkinswood Building Company, and is a director and secretary of the Golf Land Company. He is identified with the Warren Board of Trade, the local Lodge of Elks, and is a member of the Board of Trustees of Packard Park. Mr. Schoonover married Mary Clinite, daughter of C. I. Clinite of Warren.

The Estabrook Family, which since 1838 has had residence in Warren, Ohio, and has given to that city some men of consequence to its industrial and civic affairs, is one of the old colonial families of America, the Rev. Joseph Estabrook, American progenitor, having come from England to the Massachusetts colony in 1660. The Estabrooks are thus among the pioneers of American settlement, as well as among the pioneers of Warren, and the members of that family who are now prominent in Warren affairs (notably John Bushnell Estabrook, secretary and general manager of the Sunlight Electrical Company, and president of the Warren Rotary Club, and his brother, David Reed Estabrook, who formerly was general superintendent of the Warren plant of the Peerless Electric Company, later a city councilman, still later the director of public safety and latterly has been prominent in Warren real estate circles, being vice president of the Warren Real Estate Board), are of the eighth generation of American descent from that of their American grand-ancestor.

The Rev. Joseph Estabrook, who came from England with two brothers in 1660, was undoubtedly of good station in England, for he took a prominent place in the colony, the leaders of which were, in the main, men of genteel birth and superior education. He became a graduate of Harvard College, of the class of 1664, and he appears in the church records of Concord, Massachusetts, for the year 1667, as colleague with the Reverend Mr. Buckley. He remained in Concord, Massachusetts, until his death in 1711, and apparently undertook ministerial duties in that settlement for the greater part of his life.

His eldest son, Joseph Estabrook, was born in 1669, and married, in 1689, Millicent Woodhouse, who died in 1692. In the following year he married Hannah Loring, a widow, and settled in Hingham, Massachusetts, where he died in 1733. He was a man of consequence in that place, and was honored by election to many local offices.

His eldest son, Joseph Estabrook, born to the first marriage in 1690, was married in 1713 to Submit Loring, his step-sister. She died in 1718, and he married in 1719 Hannah Bowman. He also was prominent in the affairs of the town, and held several important offices. He died in 1740.

His youngest son, Ebenezer Estabrook, was born in September 21, 1740, and in 1759 married Ruth Reed. In 1760 he moved from Lexington, Massachusetts, to Holden in that state, where he lived for the remainder of his life.

His third son, James Estabrook, was born May 16, 1768; married December 15, 1795, Betsey Lovel, born July 28, 1775. He died in Holden, Massachusetts, in November, 1825.

Simon Reed Estabrook, second son of James and Betsey (Lovel) Estabrook, was born in Holden, Massachusetts, December 31, 1805. He married in 1828 Frances D., daughter of Philip Scarborough, of Brooklyn, Connecticut. She died in June, 1834, and he married in March, 1836, Mary Bushnell, born April 29, 1815, daughter of Gen. Andrews Bushnell of Hartford, Ohio. The record states that Simon Reed Estabrook "came to the Mahoning Valley (Ohio) from Connecticut in early pioneer days, making the journey in an ox cart, and settled at Hartford," but in what year he first came into Ohio is not clear, although it probably was at some time between the death of his first wife, in 1834, and his second marriage, in 1836. The record further states that "he moved to Warren (Ohio) in 1838, where he lived on a farm until he was killed by the cars," on July 7, 1871. His widow lived until October 20, 1879. The old Estabrook homestead in Hartford, Trumbull County, Ohio, is still standing, and in comparatively good state. The issue of Simon Reed Estabrook was: To his first wife, Frances D. Scarborough, a daughter, Frances Scarborough, born September 18, 1833; to his second wife, Mary Bushnell, six children, as follows: James Andrews, of whom further; Simon Reed, born October 5, 1839, and died January 3, 1841; David Bushnell, born July 21, 1843, and died October 16, 1867; Mary Bushnell, born August 17, 1847; Ellen Marion, born July 18, 1849; Frederick Abbott, born October 26, 1851, and was drowned June 1, 1865.

James Andrews Estabrook, eldest son of Simon Reed and Mary (Bushnell) Estabrook, was born in Hartford, Trumbull County, Ohio, on September 18, 1837. On June 26, 1867, he married Martha Matilda Aldridge, daughter of David and Hannah Aldridge. She was born in Warren, Ohio, in 1839, and her parents were early settlers in that place. James Andrews Estabrook was a resident in Warren from 1838 until comparatively recently, when he and his wife

J. B. Eldabrook

D. R. Estabrook

removed to Phoenix, Arizona, where they now live. Their children were: Edward Clayton, born in Warren, Ohio, June 13, 1868, and married Helen May Kirkpatrick December 28, 1892; Mary Frances, born in Warren, June 14, 1869, was married September 26, 1906, to Harry A. Diehl; Simon Reed Estabrook, born in Warren, Ohio, September 26, 1872, died on May 5, 1874; John Bushnell, whose life is reviewed below; David Reed, also of whom more follows; and Florence Mattie, who was born August 2, 1879, and died December 27, 1881.

John Bushnell Estabrook, son of James Andrews and Martha Matilda (Aldridge) Estabrook, was born on the Estabrook farm, situated about one and one-half miles from Warren, on May 11, 1874. Until he reached the age of eighteen years he lived on the home farm, attended the elementary school nearest to his home, and later he passed through the Warren High School, his parents having moved into the city. He also for about one year studied at Moody's School in Massachusetts. He was nineteen years of age when he began his business career, then finding employment as a helper in the pump room of the Warren Electric and Specialty Company. With that company he remained for six years, in somewhat similar capacity, at the end of which time he was transferred to the sales force of the company and traveling continuously in the interests of that company. In about 1900 he associated with others in acquiring the business and plant of the Oriental Electrical Manufacturing Company of Youngstown, which he and his associates operated in that city during that winter. The following spring the plant was removed to Ravenna, Ohio, and Mr. Estabrook removed to that place, remaining there for five years or until the business was sold to the National Lamp Company. He then, in 1905, returned to Warren. About that time the Warren Electric and Specialty Company, with which he formerly was connected, was also sold to the National Lamp Company, and the original owners of the former company organized another, the Peerless Electric Company, the chief purpose of which was stated to be the manufacture of fan motors and power motors. Mr. Estabrook was sought by both combinations of business men when he returned to Warren, and he became sales manager of the lamp division of the National Lamp Company, and also associated as salesman with the Peerless Electric Company, the connections continuing until 1910, when he closed his connection with the National Lamp Company so that he might devote his whole time to the expansion of the business of the Peerless Electric Company, of which he then became secretary and general manager. In those responsible capacities he continued to be identified with that company until July, 1917, when he organized the Sunlight Electrical Company, which purposed to enter extensively into the manufacture of carbon incandescent lamps. Of that company Mr. Estabrook eventually became secretary and general manager, and has since continued as such. The business has developed satisfactorily, and in the summer of 1919 the company expanded its scope of manufacture, and one of its present specialties is small power motors. John Estabrook has many other business interests, including that of director of the Park Hardware Company of Warren. He has entered to some extent into public administrative work, being especially interested in educational matters. In fact, he is particularly interested in all movements affecting the rising generation of the city. He has been a member of the Warren Board of Education, and is president of the Boy Scout Council. He also enters into the activities of the local Rotary Club, of which he is a former president. He is a man of strong religious conviction, and active church interest, is one of the leading members of the Warren Presbyterian Church, and is president of the Westminster Men's Organization of that church. Fraternally he is a Mason, a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Warren. His record in war work during the national stress of 1917-18 was creditable. He gave his time unstintingly and enthusiastically to the various campaigns launched to secure the funds wherewith to properly prosecute the war. He served on all the city and county committees for the Liberty Bond issues and Red Cross campaigns. In this, and in very many other ways, Mr. Estabrook has proved that he is a man of whole-hearted patriotism and sincere public spirit. He married Lucile Mathers, of Bucyrus, Ohio, daughter of the Rev. C. S. Mathers of the United Brethren Church. They have two children, Helen Charlotte and Margery Louise.

David Reed Estabrook, son of James Andrews and Martha Matilda (Aldridge) Estabrook, was born on North Tod Avenue, Warren, Ohio, June 28, 1876. He graduated from the Warren High School in 1895, and for twelve months thereafter was an undergraduate of the Ohio State University. He forsook the academic course at that time so that he might enter immediately upon the technical course at the Bliss Electrical School at Washington, District of Columbia, from which he graduated in 1898, in which year he entered the employ of the Peerless Electric Company, Warren, Ohio. When that company was incorporated as the Peerless Electric Company he was appointed electrical engineer of the company, holding that capacity for six years, efficient service during the period then bringing him the position of general superintendent of the plant, which responsibility he held until May, 1917, when he resigned to enter the real estate business in Warren. His operations have been important since that time, and his standing among the real estate men of the district may be inferred by his office of vice president of the Warren Real Estate Board. He is also a director of the Sunlight Electric Company and is a member of the Warren Board of Trade and of the Trumbull Club. He is well regarded in Warren, both as a business man and as a citizen. In 1917 he was elected a member of the Warren City Council from the Second Ward. In the latter part of 1918, however, he resigned his seat on the council to accept office under the city administration, and from then until January 1, 1920, was director of safety of the City of Warren, his administration being marked by an efficiency one would expect from an executive of his experience and reputation. Mr. Estabrook married on June 29, 1901, Frances Cornelia, daughter of Nelson H. Bailey, of Warren. The latter is a prominent citizen of Warren, and has served several terms as county commissioner. Mr. and Mrs. David R. Estabrook are the parents of three children: Dorothy Ruth, James Bailey and Virginia May.

William H. Barr will soon have been a resident of Youngstown thirty years. His residence has been accompanied by a high degree of usefulness and service at first in connection with the public school system, though he is best known as a bank official, being secretary and treasurer of the South Side Savings Bank.

Mr. Barr is of Canadian birth and parentage, born in County Frontenac, Ontario, June 17, 1870, son of Robert and Mary (Scott) Barr. His parents have spent all their lives in Canada. His mother is still living.

William H. Barr grew up on his father's farm, and did farm work as a variant to his attendance at the neighboring schools. He completed his education in the Sydenham High School and Business College.

On coming to Youngstown in 1892 Mr. Barr became instructor of commerce and penmanship in the public schools, and that was his work for seven years. Another seven year period was spent as credit manager for Leavitt Milroy Company, wholesale grocers. The South Side Savings Bank was organized in 1914 with Mr. Barr as secretary and treasurer, and in that official capacity he has had much to do with the steady growth and upbuilding of the institution. He is also secretary of the South Side Savings and Loan Company.

Mr. Barr is well known in Youngstown, and is actively affiliated with some of its prominent civic and social interests. He is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, is a Knight Templar Mason, and a member of Westminster Presbyterian Church. In September, 1899, he married Elizabeth Griffith, of Youngstown. Their four children are Gladys, William and Mary Louise, twins, and Robert.

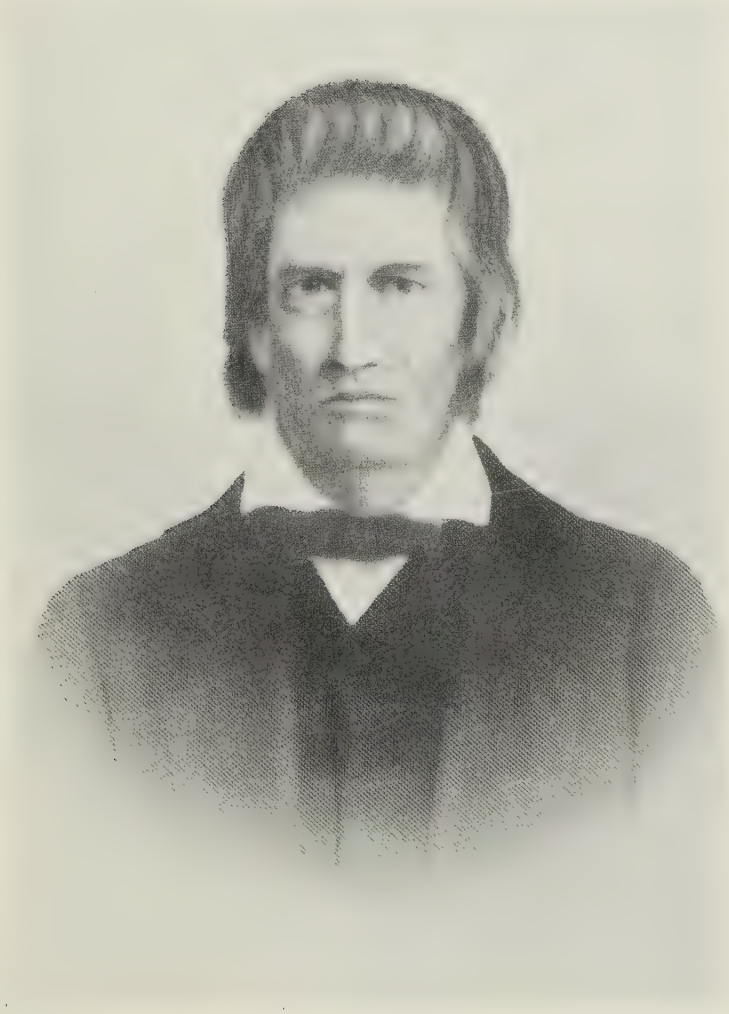
Charles H. Snodgrass, president, general manager and treasurer of the Home Building and Financing Company, is one of the well-balanced and sensible business men of Youngstown, who during his career has registered astounding achievements, for he belongs to the superior type of self-reliant and clear-brained operators of large interests. He was born and reared at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, his birth occurring on December 31, 1868. His parents, William J. and Margaret (MacKie) Snodgrass, both born in the United States, were of Scotch parentage.

About 1887, after completing his courses in the excellent public schools of his native city, Charles H. Snodgrass came to Youngstown to work in a men's furnishing store owned by his cousin, George H. Walker. Some fifteen years later, in association with James R. McAleer, who became nationally famous as a professional baseball player, Mr. Snodgrass bought the business with which he had been connected for so long, and continued it until 1910. In the meanwhile, during 1908, he had bought Mr. McAleer's interest in it, becoming the sole proprietor, and as such sold the business in 1910 to the present owners, the Scott Company. In 1911 Mr. Snodgrass completed his plans and founded the Home Building and Financing Company, of which he has since been president, general manager and treasurer. This company was organized for the purpose of building dwellings of the better class and selling them to desirable people on reasonable terms so as to enable those who want homes other than the cheap class usually placed on the market, to secure them, and at the same time be assured of neighbors to whom no reasonable objection could be made. The company is capitalized at $200,000, and in addition to Mr. Snodgrass the officials are: W. J. Roberts, secretary, and R. E. Cornelius, W. A. Beecher, W. H. Foster, Victor Olson, who with Mr. Snodgrass and Mr. Roberts, form the board of directors. All of these men are solid and reliable citizens, and the association is a strong one. The company owns its lumber yards and mills, and are thus assured of securing the highest class of material at reasonable rates. The houses erected by this company are well built and substantial dwellings, artistically designed and planned according to the most sanitary ideas.

On November 16, 1893, Mr. Snodgrass was married to Miss Jessie M. Murphy, a daughter of Henry Murphy, of Champion, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Snodgrass have one daughter, Mary Alice, who is the wife of James F. Hall, and a son, Charles Henry Snodgrass, Jr. During the winter months Mr. Snodgrass goes to Florida, where he hunts, fishes and enjoys a well-earned vacation. Fraternally he belongs to the Elks, and his social connections are with the Elks Club and the Youngstown Club. For some years he has been a forceful factor in the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. The First Christian Church of Youngstown holds his membership and benefits from his benefactions, which are many. Mr. Snodgrass is a man who has had a firm and abiding faith in the ultimate reward of the homely traits of honesty, direct diligence and unselfish loyalty to the task at hand, he has steadily advanced and deserves the prosperity to which he has attained.

Miss Maria E. Heaton, whose home is at 11 Monroe Street in Warren, is the granddaughter of that historic character in the iron and steel industry of the Mahoning Valley James Heaton, and his only direct living descendant.

The great-grandfather of James Heaton was Theophilus Heaton (though the family name was also spelled Eaton), a deputy governor of the British India Company and a merchant of wealth and influence in London until 1637, when he brought a Puritan colony to Boston. He had the commercial as well as the religious spirit, and in order to get away from the restrictive influences of the Massachusetts Colony in 1638 they settled on Long Island Sound, naming their town New Haven. Theophilus Heaton was governor of this colony until his death about twenty years later. The descendants of Theophilus Heaton were possessed of his spirit and eventually crossed the Alleghenies. There were four brothers who were identified with Trumbull County, James, Daniel, Reese and Isaac. James Heaton with his brother Daniel manufactured the first iron work of the Alleghenies. Kidney ore was found on the surface along Yellow Creek, wood was plentiful with which to make charcoal, so that the astute Heaton brothers built a crude furnace about 1802 and began the manufacture of iron. There is still standing in Struthers the lower part of this brick foundation. James Heaton early sold his interest in this Struthers plant to his brother Daniel, and with his brother Isaac settled in Howland in 1805. Isaac



JAMES HEATON

spent all his life in Howland. The brother Daniel Heaton was a man of exceptional character, was the first to take a firm stand for temperance in Weathersfield, and he represented Trumbull County in the State Senate in 1813 and was a member of the Lower House in 1820.

It was the intention of the Heatons to establish a commercial town in the wilderness of Trumbull County, and after a time James built a small furnace at the mouth of Mosquito Creek. Isaac helped in this enterprise. James built a cabin on Robbins Avenue, just beyond the bridge, in a spot which is called by the old residents Circleville, and it is still standing. After a time James sold his interest in the first furnace to some men of the neighborhood, and from that time on, although there were several sales made before much financial gain was had, that neighborhood has been the life of the iron manufacture of Ohio. The furnace erected by James and Isaac about 1812 was in more or less continuous operation until about 1850. In 1830 James Heaton leased the furnace to McKinley, Dempsey & Campbell, and in 1833 James Heaton's son Warren and Josiah Robbins bought the plant. In 1842 they leased it to McKinley & Reep, this McKinley being the father of William McKinley, the president.

James Heaton was as strong a man as Daniel but not so radical. He was powerful physically and employed all spare moments in reading. People wondered that he should be a whig when he was interested in the iron business. He acquired rights on Mosquito Creek, built a dam, a grist mill, cabin for his workmen and a saw mill. In 1807 he had a forge in operation. His first residence in Niles was a cabin in Circleville, and in 1818 he built a residence one mile east of Warren Avenue. This in 1835 he sold to Judge Ambrose Mason, who became postmaster of Niles in 1841.

Some account of the children of James Heaton should be preserved. The son Lewis lived at Niles, where he died in middle life, and his family are all now gone except a granddaughter, Millie Christiana, of Warren. The son Isaac moved to Youngstown, and his three children, Noble, George and Alice, went west to Illinois about 1850. The only daughter of James Heaton was Maria, who was the first white child born in Niles and about 1809, when a very small child, she christened her father's blast furnace, subsequently known as Maria Furnace. She became the wife of Josiah Robbins, and lived until her death, in 1835, in the fine old home built by her father, subsequently known as the Mason homestead.

Warren Heaton, son of James Heaton, spent his life at Niles, where he died in 1842, at the age of forty. He married Eliza McConnell, of Weathersfield Township, who died at the age of fifty-eight. They were the parents of four children: John, who died at Niles at the age of twenty-one; Julia; James, who moved to Warren and died at the age of thirty-five, leaving no family; and Maria E. Julia Heaton became the wife of Dr. John R. Woods of Warren, where she died at the age of fifty-four. Of her eight children only three reached adult years: James Heaton Woods, a Cleveland business man; Sally, who is now living in California; and May, who married Rolland Gilmer and died at Warren, leaving a daughter, Catherine, who is Mrs. Myron Somers of Warren.

Miss Maria Heaton has lived out most of her life in Warren and has found many active interests in community affairs. She is a charter member of the Political Equality Club, is a member of the Liberty Club, and has long been active in the Episcopal Church.

J. Howard Edwards. It would be no exaggeration to call Mr. Edwards one of the most influential citizens of the Mahoning Valley during the last two decades. This influence has been exercised through his varied and active associations as a newspaper man, political leader, public official. He comes of a literary family and began writing when only a boy. Mr. Edwards is now president and treasurer of the Edwards and Franklin Company, one of the largest establishments in Ohio as general printers, bookbinders, lithographers and steel engravers.

Mr. Edwards was born in Hubbard, Ohio, June 28, 1869, son of David J. and Jane (Evans) Edwards.

David J. Edwards, who was born in Monmouthshire, Wales, in May, 1842, was the son of Rev. John and Susan Edwards. It will serve the desires of many of the older residents of the Mahoning Valley to recall all that is possible concerning Rev. John Edwards and his son David J. Rev. John was a Welsh Congregational minister. He had educated himself, and in 1845 he brought his family to the United States, crossing the ocean on a sailing vessel. His first location was at Frostburg, Maryland, and later he moved to Johnstown, Pennsylvania, where he lived at the beginning of the Civil war. During the war he moved to what was known as Crab Creek in Youngstown Township, Mahoning County, where in connection with farming he was pastor of the church. He was a familiar figure in Welsh religious circles throughout Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania. Many men of prominence today were christened and married by him, and many received from him the last rites. He was patriarchal in appearance, but modest and unassuming in character. He died in May, 1895, and his widow in 1910.

David J. Edwards was only three years of age when brought to this country, and acquired an academic education. From Johnstown, Pennsylvania, he enlisted in the One Hundred and Thirty-third Pennsylvania Infantry and saw a great deal of hard fighting, being in the battles of Fredericksburg, Chancellor and others. At the outbreak of the war he was working as a druggist's clerk at Johnstown for C. T. Frazer, now on the Pennsylvania Supreme Bench. After the war David J. Edwards moved to Hubbard, Ohio, became a merchant and held the office of postmaster under Grant and Hayes. In 1875 he was elected to the State Legislature, and by re-election represented Trumbull County four years. In 1881 he was chosen chief clerk of the Ohio House of Representatives and re-elected two years later. During these eight years he became recognized as one of the best authorities on parliamentary practice in the state. The influences he wielded in public affairs were far greater than the responsibilities his official position would indicate. While in the

best sense a practical man, he had a literary mind and was a prolific writer in both English and Welsh. He often took the annual prize at the Eisteddfod, the Welsh public festival day. Among other activities he was owner and editor of the "YWasg" at Pittsburgh, a weekly Welsh newspaper.

His wife, Jane Evans, was a daughter of Elias and Margaret Evans, and was a small child when her parents came to the United States from Wales. The Evans family lived north of Youngstown in Trumbull County. Elias Evans became well known in Youngstown village. It was through his influence that Hon. Thomas H. Wilson, vice president of the First National Bank of Cleveland, and one of the foremost bankers of the United States, was influenced to come to Youngstown and was placed in the hands of Wick Brothers, thus starting him on the career in which Youngstown feels and claims so much interest.

From these brief facts it is evidenced that J. Howard Edwards grew up in an atmosphere calculated to bring out the best of his native talents. He attended public school to the age of thirteen, and then went to work as a newsboy. He was also employed as a general utility hand around printing offices. He did his first real newspaper work as weekly correspondent for the Warren Tribune. Subsequently he was correspondent for the Youngstown News-Register and the Daily News. From sixteen to eighteen he taught in country schools, at eighteen he came to Youngstown and has been a resident of this city ever since. He was reporter on the Vindicator and the Telegram, and for a time was city editor of the Vindicator. His activity in local politics led to his election in 1892 as city clerk, an office he held four years. Then for two years he was in the general insurance business. Buying an interest in the Youngstown Telegram, Mr. Edwards had charge of its editorial and business departments for six years. During this time the plant was moved from Federal Street to the Square. As editor of the Telegram Mr. Edwards penned the first editorial in Ohio demanding the election of Hon. M. A. Hanna to the United States Senate. From that time until Mr. Hanna's death Mr. Edwards was one of his warm and active supporters.

In 1899 Mr. Edwards was the unanimous nominee of the republican party of courts of Mahoning County. He was elected and served two terms. Then for three years he was private secretary of Hon. James Kennedy, Congressman, serving the greater part of his time in Washington.

About 1903 Mr. Edwards began giving his personal time to a printing business which he had previously bought. At the beginning it was little more than a job shop, but under his direction it has grown until the Edwards & Franklin Company is a complete modern establishment equipped with every facility and every department for printing and engraving, and with a business drawn from several states. The company has recently established another large plant in Cleveland.

December 14, 1894, Mr. Edwards married Miss Rachel Sims. Mrs. Edwards has for some years been quite active in the work of several charity organizations. Their two daughters, Jeanette L. and Helen L., are both recent graduates from Wellesley College. Mr. Edwards is a member of the Youngstown Club and Youngstown Country Club, is a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner, both he and his wife are members of the First Presbyterian Church.

John Rawlings Willoughby, M. D. A graduate in medicine eight years ago, Dr. Willoughby has practiced his profession with increasing prestige and skill, and has made a fine reputation for his work at Warren, which city has been his home since 1917.

Dr. Willoughby was born at Parsons, Pennsylvania, May 14, 1884, son of Henry and Eliza J. (Rawlings) Willoughby. His parents were born in England, the father in 1849, the mother in 1852, and both were young people when they came with their respective parents from England to the United States. For a period of forty years Henry Willoughby was engaged in merchandising at Parsons, Pennsylvania. He died in 1919 and his wife in 1905.

Many baseball fans knew John R. Willoughby when he was helping uphold the standards of his respective teams in the minor leagues of New York and Pennsylvania, and later with the Columbus team of the American Association. He has always been fond of the rugged sports of outdoors but particularly of baseball. He acquired a good literary education in the grammar and high schools of Parsons, Pennsylvania, also attended the Wyoming Seminary at Kingston, Pennsylvania, and while in school attracted attention by his proficiency at the national game. For several years he played professional baseball, and while at Columbus he began the study of medicine in the Starling Medical College, and was graduated in medicine and surgery in 1912. Doctor Willoughby practiced at Orville in Ashtabula County from the fall of 1912 until 1917, when he removed to Warren, where his abilities quickly brought him an extensive clientage. Doctor Willoughby is a member of the Trumbull County and the Ohio State Medical societies, and he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

September 27, 1912, he married Miss Pearl C. Jordan, who was born at Plains, Pennsylvania, daughter of Richard and Harriet (Hooper) Jordan. Doctor and Mrs. Willoughby have two sons, Robert Jordan and John Rawlings, Jr.

Frank Leish. Conspicuous among the live, wide-awake men who have been influential in advancing the business and financial interests of Youngstown is Frank Leish, who has been actively identified with many of the leading enterprises of the Mahoning Valley, and has invariably met with success in his undertakings. A native of Mahoning County, he was born in Canfield in 1874, of German ancestry on the paternal side of the house, his father, Anthony Leish, having been born in Germany.

While a small lad Anthony Leish was forced to labor hard for his living, being employed as a shepherd boy when but eight years old. Tiring of his work, he ran away from home, managed to beat his way across the ocean, and arriving in the United States made his way to Nebo, Ohio, where he had

Frank Leith.

W. H. Foster

friends or relatives. A bright, ambitious boy, he soon found remunerative employment, and in a comparatively short time was dealing in livestock, which he butchered and subsequently sold from the cart, building up quite a trade. Changing his occupation, he engaged in burning lime stone on quite an extensive scale and also engaged in the lightning rod business in Youngstown, and later established a foundry, and obtained possession by purchase of land adjoining the Front Street School, extending from Front Street to the river. Subsequently embarking in agricultural pursuits, he moved to a farm in Poland. Returning to Youngstown, he became senior member of the firm of Leish & Brownlee, which shipped the first dressed meat into this city, and which was afterward taken over by Armour & Company. Mr. Leish, who died at the comparatively early age of fifty-eight years, in 1886, was financially interested in various enterprises, but he was generous and charitable to a fault.

The maiden name of the wife of Anthony Leish was Margaret Sadler. She was born in Canfield, Ohio, and died in 1881, leaving six children, as follows: Jacob, residing in New Bedford, Pennsylvania; Emma, wife of Edward R. Ruhlman, of New Middletown, Ohio; Allie, wife of Fred Hornickle; Frank, with whom this sketch is chiefly concerned; Charles, of Bridgeport, Pennsylvania; and Albert, of New Middletown, Ohio.

Acquiring his preliminary education in Canfield, Frank Leish had for his teacher Judge Kennedy. Removing with the family to Youngstown, he completed his early studies at the Covington Street School, and soon after began learning the details of the meat business, being first in the employ of the Youngstown Provision Company, and later with the firm of Leish & Brownlee at 230 West Commerce Street. After the death of his father, Mr. Leish conducted a meat market in Lowellville for ten years, meeting with only fair success. Returning then to Youngstown, he assumed possession of the store located at 214-16-18 Boardman Street, and for awhile dealt in farm implements and hardware. He subsequently built the brick building now occupied by the Higby Sales Company, and in 1919 erected a row of brick business buildings adjoining his former place of business on the east. In 1920 he erected a commodious garage, sales room and gasoline station.

Gradually merging his hardware and implement business into the automobile business, Mr. Leish has been very successful as a salesman and manager, dealing with cars of various makes, including the Ford automobiles, and has also handled auto trucks to good advantage. In 1918 he organized the Independent Truck Company, of which he was treasurer, with headquarters on Wilson Avenue, until 1919. In connection with his other enterprises Mr. Leish has dealt extensively in residential property, and has built many handsome residences, including among others his own home, located at 3721 Market Street.

Mr. Leish married, August 25, 1918, Miss Alice McCoy, of Missouri, a woman of culture and refinement. Mr. and Mrs. Leish are identified by membership with the Presbyterian Church.

William H. Foster, American executive, was born October 4, 1866, in Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania, the son of David and Jane (Clark) Foster. He gained his education in the public schools of Elmira, New York, and at a comparatively early age entered upon business life as clerk in a shoe manufactory in that city. Being strongly attracted toward the steel business, Mr. Foster engaged himself in his spare time in selling wire nails and fencing. This activity brought him to the notice of the Salem Wire Nail Company, and they offered him the position of traveling salesman, which he accepted. After two years of this service the company sent him to Cincinnati as their southern sales manager.

Two years later he was sent to Chicago, and the duties of western sales manager were added to his former supervision of the south. In this position Mr. Foster served two years, and then resigned and removed to New York to become the eastern sales manager of the Falcon Iron and Nail Company of Niles, Ohio. Upon his election as secretary of this company he returned to Niles, and there remained until the company's business was purchased by one of the subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corporation.

Having become interested in a new process of galvanizing sheet iron and steel, Mr. Foster seized upon the opportunity offered for development of the invention, and formed the New Process Galvanizing Company of Niles, Ohio. The new company's enterprise was so successful that it was merged with the Youngstown (Ohio) Sheet & Tube Company, Mr. Foster being elected secretary and general manager of sales. He remained in this position until failing health forced his resignation, and in 1902 he retired to his farm to recuperate.

For a number of years Mr. Foster sought, and eventually found, renewed health in the great outdoors. But during this period he had by no means withdrawn wholly from business activity. One of the things he accomplished was the building of the plant of the Diamond Brick and Tile Company. He was elected president of this company, a position which he still holds. He was also president of the Independent Telephone Company of Seattle, Washington, until it was merged with the Pacific Bell Telephone Company.

In 1908, upon his return to the stir and stress of business life, Mr. Foster was elected secretary and treasurer of the General Fireproofing Company of Youngstown, Ohio, a concern with branches in all parts of the world. In 1910 he was elected vice president and general manager of the company, and two years later became its president, continuing, however, his controlling direction as general manager.

In addition to these responsibilities Mr. Foster is a director of the Mahoning National Bank, and also of the Realty Securities Company and the Warren Acreage and Investment Company.

Among his business associates Mr. Foster is ranked as a typical American "Captain of Industry"; a man of vision and progress, but a firm believer in advance along well-tried and conservative lines.

To his men he is the energetic and inspiring leader, a personality eloquent of genuine friendliness as well as of lofty and virile motives. It is his well-vindicated policy to develop his men by placing

responsibilities upon them, and at the same time arousing their confidence in their ability as well as their obligation to succeed.

Mr. Foster's chief outdoor recreation is golf, and he owns a proud collection of trophies won in many different parts of the country to prove his prowess. He holds memberships in the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Poland Country Club.

In 1892 Mr. Foster married Miss Josephine H. Orr. Their family consists of five children: Mrs. Lemuel T. Wick, Mr. Willard Foster, Miss Helen Foster, Miss Irene Foster and Miss Jane Foster. Their home is on Woodbine Avenue, Youngstown.

HARRY A. FROOM is one of the popular automobile men of Youngstown, handling the Oakland car, with a large and well equipped garage, repair shop and salesrooms at 2420 Hillman Street.

Mr. Froom made a success of business as a dairyman and milk distributor before he entered the automobile industry. He was born at New Castle, Pennsylvania, May 23, 1876, a son of William and Catharine (Hinkson) Froom. His father was a native of England and his mother of this country. The father died in 1911 at the age of seventy-three, and the mother in 1905, aged sixty-seven. William Froom was a builder by trade, and came to the United States at the age of sixteen. He worked in Jersey City and other points in the east, and afterward moved to New Castle, Pennsylvania. For twenty years he was a resident of Youngstown, and during that time handled many important contracts and did a great volume of business in cement construction. He was a member of the First Christian Church.

Harry A. Froom was educated in the public schools of Youngstown and vicinity and left school to go to work on the farm of David Loveland in Coitsville Township. After some experience as a farmer he began on a small scale as a retail milk producer and dealer. He did not restrict himself to a one-hand business, but built up an industry until at one time it delivered to 1,300 daily customers. He was also president of the Milk Dealers Association of Youngstown.

Mr. Froom has been in the automobile business since September, 1916, when he became one of the first four Ford dealers in Youngstown. Recently he has taken over the agency for the Oakland car. In his garage and repair shop he employs from eight to fifteen skilled men.

Mr. Froom is a member of the Automobile Club, the Youngstown Automobile Association, of which he is vice president and a director, and a member of the National Automobile Association. He is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce, is a Mason and Knight of Pythias and belongs to the First Christian Church. September 13, 1899, he married Mabel Jessop, daughter of Thomas Jessop, of Bozeman Township. They have two children, Eldon and Margaret.

ANDREW DAVID HOUSTON. The Houston family has been in Coitsville Township of Mahoning County since the year 1802. Some of the important work in developing the lands of that section in the early days was done by the Houston family. It is also important to note that some of the fine moral and liberalizing influences of the community proceeded from the people of this name. The old homestead around which much of the history of the family centers is three-quarters of a mile north of Lowellville, the old home standing on a sightly elevation in that locality.

The founder of the family was William Houston, who was born in May, 1757, while his parents were visiting in Scotland. As a youth he identified himself with the cause of the American patriots in the Revolutionary war, participated in many battles, was taken prisoner by the British, and for a year endured the hardships and confinement on the prison ship Dutton, and never fully recovered from the effects of that confinement. In 1802 he came from Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, to Ohio, bringing with him his wife, Jane, a daughter of Colonel David Watson of the Revolutionary army, three sons, six daughters, and two negro slaves, Andy and Sally. The latter soon attained their legal freedom and returned to their former home. William Houston bought a farm in section 9, Coitsville Township, Trumbull, now Mahoning County, and lived on it until his death in 1834. In fact he acquired extensive tracts of land adjoining the state line and extending over into Pennsylvania. In the new country he was early called to positions of public trust, and at the first election held in Coitsville Township in 1807 was elected a member of the board of trustees. He was for many years a justice of the peace, and was ruling elder in the Seceder Church at Deer Creek until his death. His wife, Jane, died in 1841, and both are buried in the Deer Creek graveyard. On the gravestone may be read the following epitaph: "In memory of William Houston who departed this life on December 28, 1834, aged seventy-seven years seven months, after devoting his early life in the defense of his country and his later years in the service of his God." His family consisted of three sons and six daughters, named John, Mary Loury, whose husband was killed in the War of 1812, David, Martha, Anna Walker, Jane Applegate, Margaret Monteith, William Houston and Elizabeth Robinson.

David, second son of William Houston, was born in 1788 and came to Ohio with his father in 1802, when about fifteen years old. He helped build the log house that was to be the home of the family and to clear the field for cultivation, since the entire country at that time was almost an unbroken forest. In 1809 he bought the old farm mentioned above in Poland Township, on Government Lot No. 79. This was unimproved land near the Village of Lowellville. He became owner of 1,000 acres around Lowellville, and some of that little city is built on property originally in his possession. His lands extended to the Mahoning River. There he built and planted and added to his possessions until he had a home surrounded with comforts and some of the refinements and conveniences of modern life. His great boast was that he had a good orchard of grafted apples, in contrast with most of the apples raised in the orchards of the neighborhood from natural or seedling trees. "Houstons Big Earlies"

H. G. Fromm

were known to all the boys for miles around. In those days it was the custom of the farmers of the region to carry their produce to Painsville or some port on the shore of Lake Erie and exchange it for fish and salt—salt being one of the necessaries that was hardest to get. David made many of these trips, sometimes by wagon, but often by sled in winter when great hardships were endured from cold and storms and the very bad roads. He was a man of great physical strength and endurance and strong practical mind, but his strongest characteristic was his deep and gentle piety. His house was the home of hospitality and good cheer, and he was a leader in the cause of education and all public advancement. He was well educated for his time and generation, and had a knowledge of literature such as few of his contemporaries possessed. He could repeat dozens of poems from memory, and his intellectual tastes went hand in hand with the bearing and dress of a gentleman. It is said that he had the best manners of any man in Mahoning County. In 1852 he assisted in the founding of Westminster College at New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, and his children were among the earliest students there. He offered the trustees of that institution a tract of land north of Lowellville and extending to the borough limits, but his offer was refused because of the presence of saloons in Lowellville. He was ruling elder, councillor and liberal supporter of the church of his choice, Seceder, afterward the United Presbyterian. He took an active interest in political affairs, was a stanch democrat, but was liberal in his views of the right of independent thought. Besides his service for many years as justice of the peace he was chosen to represent the county in the State Legislature for several terms, beginning in 1849. Late in the War of 1812 a company of volunteers was raised in Poland Township, of which David Houston was one, but when they reached the Straits of Mackinac it was found their services were not needed and they were sent home.

David Houston died May 1, 1870, in his home near Lowellville, and was buried in the cemetery of that town. He was three times married. His first wife, Amy Applegate, lived only seven weeks after her marriage, and his second wife, Jane Monteith, lived one year. His third wife was Margaret Cowden, who was the mother of his twelve children, five sons and seven daughters. Two of the sons, John and William, were Civil war soldiers, the former with a Missouri regiment and the latter as colonel of a Minnesota regiment. Colonel John died as a result of wounds received in the war, while William spent his last years at Mexico, Missouri.

One of the youngest of the twelve children was Andrew David Houston, who was born on the old homestead February 14, 1835. The brick house in which he was born was at that time quite new, having been erected by his father, and it is still standing after eighty-five years. The present home on the farm, also of brick, was erected by Andrew David Houston about the close of the Civil war. The latter was educated in public schools, in Wilmington College, and in Duff's Commercial School at Pittsburgh. He also took a course in surveying, and it was his ambition to make civil engineering his life work. The failing health of his father caused him to give up this career, and thereafter he devoted himself to the care of the farm and the interests of his father and three young sisters. He operated a place of about 300 acres, at one time was an extensive sheep raiser, and later handled mules. He was a very successful farmer, and also a very substantial citizen. He died September 2, 1902. Andrew David Houston married Penelope Schoyer, who died November 4, 1906.

Archer Lee Phelps, one of the leading attorneys of Warren, Ohio, for many years prosecuting attorney of Trumbull County, comes of a family which had a conspicuous part in the settlement of that section of Ohio. The Phelps family, which is one of the oldest of colonial New England families, and was of prominence in Connecticut before and after the Revolutionary war, was vitally interested in the development of Ohio, for one of the members of the family, Oliver Phelps, in 1795, with several associates, possibly also of the family, bought the tract of land in Ohio afterward known as the Western Reserve, embracing about 3,300,000 acres, and a few years later sent Simon Perkins, later known in Warren as General Simon Perkins, into the territory as their general agent.

The Phelps family was originally from England, some of the English generations having somewhat prominent record in English history. The family was apparently of good station, for prior to the seventeenth century scarcely any public record was kept of the commoner families. The Phelps home was in Tewkesbury, England, and during the Cromwellian wars one of the family was of historic note in the records of the commonwealth, being clerk of the court which tried King Charles I of England, and, as clerk, signing the death warrant of that unfortunate monarch. After the restoration he fled to Switzerland, where he lived and died in exile. Walter Phelps, United States minister to England, was of the same family, and most of the American families of the same patronymic are branches of the family of which William and George, brothers, are the progenitors. William is the grand-ancestor of the American generations of the line to which the Phelps family of Warren belong. William Phelps, with his brother George and another brother, came to America in the ship Mary and John, which brought Puritans to the number of 140 men, women and children under the lead of the Rev. John White. They landed at Nantasket June 11, 1630, and formed a settlement at Dorchester, Massachusetts, later raising it to the distinction of a borough, the locality now, however, being the sixteenth ward of the City of Boston. Later William Phelps joined an expedition into Connecticut, and was one of the founders of the Windsor colony in that state. The governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony appointed William Phelps a member of the General Court formed to govern the new colony. He died at Windsor, and there today may be seen the cellar of his dwelling. The line from William to Myron D. Phelps of Warren, father of Archer L., runs through John, of Norfolk, son of William; John, of Norfolk, son of John; Daniel, of Canaan, Connecticut, son of

John; Frederick, of Canaan, Connecticut, later of North Bloomfield, Trumbull County, Ohio, son of Daniel and father of Myron D.

Frederick Phelps was born in Canaan, Connecticut, in 1794. He wanted to enlist in the military forces of the republic at the outbreak of the War of 1812, but his father objected. However, the boy was of independent, self-reliant spirit, and his patriotic fervor outweighed his filial respect. He ran away from home and enlisted; and throughout the war with Britain was stationed on the Canadian border, in the neighborhood of Fort Niagara. It was while he was in military service that he met Europa Comstock, of Geneseo, New York, who later became his wife. They were married soon after his release from military service, and in about 1815 he and his wife journeyed in an ox-cart from New York State into Ohio, settling at Harpersfield, Ashtabula County, Ohio, but eventually settling at North Bloomfield, Trumbull County, Ohio.

Myron D. Phelps, son of Frederick and Europa (Comstock) Phelps, was born in North Bloomfield, Trumbull County, Ohio, in 1826, and eventually was connected with Warren. He was a saddler by trade, but was a man of pronounced business ability, and was identified with many enterprises of various lines. His wife, Elvira Ayers, was a native of Warren, Ohio, where she was born on June 29, 1833, and died in November, 1903. She was the daughter of William W. Ayers, who was born in Massachusetts, and in early manhood, about 1820, moved into Ohio, settled in Warren, Trumbull County, and for more than fifty years was one of the leading contractors of that district. He died in 1872. Mr. and Mrs. Myron D. Phelps were the parents of nine children, of whom seven are still living, Archer L. being the youngest.

Archer Lee Phelps, son of Myron D. and Elvira (Ayers) Phelps, attended the public schools of his native place, Bristolville, Trumbull County, Ohio, and in 1891 was graduated from the Bristolville High School. In 1893 he began to read law under John J. Sullivan, and with George D. Huber for one year, after which he enrolled as a law student at the Ohio State University. He was graduated therefrom with the class of 1897, and in that year was admitted to the Ohio legal bar. For a while thereafter he was professionally connected, as attorney and creditman, with a Van Wert City, Ohio, mercantile house. However, in 1900 he opened a law office in the City of Warren, in association with John M. Stull, the partnership existing until 1904. In 1903 Mr. Phelps was elected city solicitor of Warren, was re-elected two years later, and with an extension of time, served altogether five years, vacating the office on January 1, 1908. He then resumed private practice. As a professional man he has reached some distinction in the City of Warren, and has evidently held the public confidence by his professional conduct of important cases, for when he stood for election to the office of prosecuting attorney of Trumbull County in the fall of 1912 he was elected by a gratifying majority, and two years later was re-elected, vacating the office on January 1, 1917, since which time he has been in general and satisfactory practice. He has a definite and enviable place among the able attorneys of Trumbull County.

He is a man of good general standing in the city, and is interested in the management of several important local corporations, as well as being identified with some industrial enterprises. He was a director of the Peoples Saving Company of Warren, the Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company and the Masonic Temple Company.

Fraternally he is identified with the functioning of several local bodies of leading orders. He is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, is past commander of Warren Commandery No. 39, has eighteen degrees of Scottish Rite Masonry, and is a member of Al Koran Temple, Mystic Shrine, Cleveland, Ohio. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias, and to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Socially he belongs to the Masonic, Trumbull and Country clubs; and he is widely known among the people of Warren.

He married Ella Florence, youngest daughter of Judge Samuel B. Craig, deceased, who at one time was judge of the Probate Court of Trumbull County.

The Perkins Family of Warren has been in this section of Ohio for 124 years, and so closely is the name Perkins associated with the settlement and development of the Mahoning Valley that it is impossible to faithfully write the history of the Valley without extensive and merited reference to the family. General Simon Perkins, soldier and pioneer, who came into this part of the Western Reserve in the year 1798 and three years later established his permanent home in Warren, has a prominent place in the early records of this now important industrial center, while of his large family two of his sons, Jacob and Henry B., were in their days notable men of achievement, and the family of the present generation continues, to an appreciable extent, to carry on the work begun by its forefathers.

The Perkins family has been of creditable historical record not only in the history of the Mahoning Valley and Ohio, but in the earliest generations of American colonial settlement. The family is of record in colonial New England annals since 1631, and the name is frequently encountered in the important early settlement of New England. Its genealogy connects with many of the leading colonial families of America, and in its direct line the record is notable. The progenitor of the family in America was:

I. John Perkins, who was born in Newent, Gloucestershire, England, in 1590. He, with his family, crossed to America during the winter of 1630-31, sailing from the port of Bristol, England, in the ship Lyon, on December 1, 1630, and landing at Nantucket on February 5, 1631, after a stormy and perilous voyage of sixty-seven days. He died at Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1654.

II. "Sergeant" Jacob Perkins, son of John, was born in England in 1624; came with his parents to America in 1630-31, and to Ipswich, Massachusetts, in 1633. He died January 27, 1699.

III. Joseph Perkins, son of Sergeant Jacob, was born in Ipswich, Massachusetts, June 21, 1674; died

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at Norwich, Connecticut, September 6, 1726. He married Martha, daughter of Joseph and Dorothy Morgan, of Norwich, Connecticut. She was born at Preston, Connecticut, in 1680, and died in October, 1754.

IV. Joseph Perkins, son of Joseph and Martha (Morgan) Perkins, was born at Norwich, Connecticut, October 25, 1704. He died July 7, 1794. He married, first, Lydia Pierce; second, Mary Bushnell, daughter of Dr. Caleb Bushnell, of Norwich. Joseph Perkins was graduated from Yale College in 1727, his graduation becoming distinctive because it was the first of thirty-six of the same patronymic to have place on the graduating registers of Yale University between the year of his graduation, 1727, and 1855, which is as far as the record here available goes. Joseph Perkins after gaining the baccalaureate degree entered upon a study of medicine, and eventually became an eminent physician and surgeon of Norwich, Connecticut.

V. Simon Perkins, son of Joseph and Mary (Bushnell) Perkins, was born in Norwich, Connecticut, October 25, 1737, and died on September 4, 1778, from dysentery contracted while in active military command during the Revolutionary war, he having risen to the grade of captain of the line. He had married ten years prior to that, on February 25, 1768, Olive Douglass, of Plainfield, Connecticut, who died October 20, 1805.

VI. General Simon Perkins, son of Captain Simon and Olive (Douglass) Perkins, was born in Lisbon, Connecticut, September 17, 1771, and became the pioneer of the family in the Mahoning Valley of Ohio. On March 18, 1804, he married Nancy Bishop, who was also born in Lisbon, Connecticut, on January 24, 1780, daughter of Capt. Ezra Bishop. General Perkins died in Warren on November 19, 1844, and his widow died in the same city on April 24, 1862. A surveyor by profession, he was in 1795 engaged in surveying the wild lands of New York State in Tioga and contiguous counties, in which territory he remained for three years as the representative of non-resident land owners. Soon after the formation of the Erie Land Company the trustees of that company appointed General Perkins to act as their general agent; and in that capacity he came to the Western Reserve in 1798, that being his first trip into Ohio. In 1801 he settled permanently at Warren and thereafter, to the end of his life, he took especial interest in the development of this district. He continued to act as the sole agent of the Erie Land Company until the final settlement of its affairs in 1831. Some of his connections with Warren are unique: He was the first postmaster of Warren, having been appointed in 1801, and served until 1829. While holding that office he, in 1807, at the request of the then postmaster-general, surveyed a mail route between Cleveland and Detroit. In the fall of 1808 his efforts led to the treaty at Brownville, by which the Indians ceded land for a road through the Western Reserve to the Monroe River. In the same year he was commissioned brigadier-general of militia under Major-General Wadsworth, and after the surrender of Hull's army at Detroit he prepared for active service, in the aid of General Harrison. He left the service on February 28, 1813, and was offered a commission with the rank of colonel in the regular army by President Madison. He, however, did not accept, and for the remainder of his life he was engaged in civil operations, most of them important and in the main connected with the City of Warren. From 1826 to 1838 he was an active member of the Board of Canal Fund Commissioners of Ohio, and as head of that commission was entrusted with the arrangement and execution of the canal system of the state. He was one of the incorporators of the Western Reserve Bank of Warren, and had the distinction of being elected the first president of that historic bank in 1811.

VII. Hon. Henry Bishop Perkins, son of General Simon and Nancy (Bishop) Perkins, was born at Warren on March 10, 1824, and died in Warren on March 2, 1902. He was educated in the local schools and at Marietta (Ohio) College. After leaving college he went to Europe, with the view of broadening his general educational perspective, as was the custom in those days among the sons of wealthy people. When he returned home he assumed the management of his estate and financial interests bequeathed to him by his father. While his business interests required constant supervision by him, he yet found time for public affairs and gave freely of his time and means to further all worthy civic matters of the City of Warren. He did much to improve the facilities and to elevate the standard of education in the city, serving for fifteen years as president of the Board of Education. He was an enthusiastic supporter of agricultural societies of the county and state; served two terms as president of the Trumbull County Agricultural Society, was twice appointed to the Ohio State Board of Agriculture and for many years was a member of the board of trustees of the Ohio Agricultural and Mechanical College. He was a benefactor of many institutions of public importance to Warren, including the Warren Public Library, which he was instrumental in carrying through the darkest period of financial embarrassment in its history.

Mr. Perkins was prominent as a banker and financier not only at home but in the country at large. He became a member of the board of directors of the Original Western Reserve Bank in 1852, and when that old institution was absorbed by the First National Bank, Mr. Perkins was chosen that bank's first president, as his father, fifty-two years earlier, had been chosen the first president of the old bank, and he (Henry B.) continued at the head of the First National until his death. When the Civil war came on and the Federal Government was hard-pressed to finance the carrying on of war operations, Salmon P. Chase, then secretary of the treasury, sought and obtained the advice and co-operation of Mr. Perkins in planning and floating the first war loan.

For many years Mr. Perkins was one of the most prominent and valued members and supporters of the republican party, and he became one of the influential men in republican politics in Northeastern Ohio, and was frequently honored by his party with public positions. However, Mr. Perkins was without ambition, or even inclination, for a political career, but he fully appreciated the honor and accepted the position from a sense of duty he owed as a citizen.

In 1879 Governor Bishop appointed him a member of the commission to establish the boundary line between Ohio and Pennsylvania, and in the same year he was elected a member of the Ohio State Senate and was re-elected to that body in 1881; in 1880 he was elected presidential elector from his district, and in the ensuing electoral college he cast his vote for Benjamin Harrison for president, as his father before him had cast a similar vote in 1840 for Gen. William Henry Harrison; in 1893 he was appointed a trustee of the Cleveland State Hospital by President McKinley, then governor of Ohio.

VIII. Jacob Perkins, son of Gen. Simon and Nancy (Bishop) Perkins, was born at Warren, Ohio, on September 1, 1822, and died in the City of Havana, Cuba, on January 12, 1859. He was given the best of educational advantages and improved them, becoming one of the highly educated men of the Western Reserve. After studying at Burton (Ohio) Academy, he was prepared for college at the school of Isaac Webb at Middletown, Connecticut, and then entered Yale College, where he was graduated with the class of '42, as one of the honor men of his class. He delivered the philosophical oration at the end of his junior year, and while in college he was noted for his literary talent and oratorical ability. He was the second editor of the Yale Literary Magazine, and became one of the founders of Scroll and Key, one of the senior college societies.

Leaving college Mr. Perkins became associated in business with his father at Warren, and two years later, following the death of his father, he was made one of the executors of the large estate. He was one of the promotors of the building of the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad, assisted in securing, on February 22, 1848, a charter for that enterprise, and upon the organization of the company he was chosen its president and continued as its executive head until his death, and that the road was ultimately completed and placed in successful operation was due, in a great measure, to Mr. Perkins' faith in the enterprise and to his ability as an executive.

During his early career Mr. Perkins took an active interest in the great public issues of the day and he delivered on different occasions addresses which were regarded as among the most forceful efforts, both in argument and literary style, ever delivered in Ohio during his time. He was a strong advocate of anti-slavery, was outspoken and earnest in his denunciation of the continuance of the blacks in bondage, and he is today regarded as one of the leading anti-slavery men of the country. In 1851 he was elected a delegate to the Ohio Constitutional Convention, and while he was the youngest member of that body but one, and was of the minority, he was regarded as one of the ablest men who took part in the deliberations of that memorable convention. When the republican party was organized Mr. Perkins became an ardent supporter of its principles, and in 1856 he was elected a presidential elector from his district and he cast his vote for John C. Fremont for President.

The strenuous work which Mr. Perkins underwent in the promotion, organization and financing of the Cleveland and Mahoning Railroad undermined his health, and he was forced to retire from all participation in active business affairs and seek warmer latitudes in the hope of the recovery of his health or the prolongation of life, but his hopes and efforts in that direction were futile.

During his business and public life Mr. Perkins was associated with many of the most prominent men of Northeastern Ohio, among whom he formed strong ties of friendship, and all of whom accorded him unstinted praise as a man and citizen of the highest type—a man of strong personality, the highest ideals, and one who had his convictions and the courage to maintain and express them.

On October 24, 1850, Mr. Perkins was united in marriage with Elizabeth O. Tod, the daughter of Dr. J. I. Tod, of Milton, Trumbull County, Ohio, and to their union three children were born, Jacob Bishop Perkins of Cleveland being the only one now surviving.

Julius Kahn. In the growing use and distribution of Youngstown products over the world, probably no one man has contributed more distinctively than Julius Kahn, whose name and reputation in re-enforced concrete engineering give him a place today among those who enjoy international fame.

Mr. Kahn was born in Munstereiffel, Germany, March 8, 1874, son of Joseph and Rosalie Kahn, was brought to America when a child, was a student in the public schools of Detroit, and graduated from the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor with the degree Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in 1896. For over twenty years he has been active in engineering work. His earliest engagement was with the Engineer Corps of the United States Army on Government surveys. Since then his efforts have been particularly in engineering and architectural lines in the management of manufacturing industries.

While still pursuing his engineering studies Mr. Kahn became convinced of the almost unlimited possibilities of concrete as a commercial building material, provided its inherent weaknesses could be determined and overcome through proper reinforcement. The concrete age, it is interesting to note, covers a period of not over a quarter of a century and is practically coincident with Mr. Kahn's career as an engineer. During his early studies and experiments there was so little dependable data on record that it was necessary for him to begin at the bottom and develop through study and tests all facts bearing on the value of concrete as a universal building material. After several years of this study and experiment he was successful in tabulating his determinations covering stresses, bending movements, safe carrying limits, etc., and these tables have been accepted and adopted as standards by most of the states and large cities of the United States and by many of the foreign governments as well.

The direct result commercially of Mr. Kahn's studies is known as the "Kahn System of Reinforced Concrete," a system in which are developed and utilized the full value and strength of both the concrete and steel through the scientific distribution of the metal in the concrete. As a result of this co-operation or "blending" of metal and concrete, and the economy resulting from the distribution of the metal at just the various points in the concrete

where it is required, reinforced concrete has become one of the most valuable and economical of all building materials universally obtainable.

His first invention was called the "Kahn Bar." This is a metal bar made in various sizes, but always having more metal near the center of the bar where the greatest stresses in a concrete slab or beam are exerted, and having portions of the metal on the side of the bar so cut that when the bar is placed in the bottom of the concrete beam, those cut portions of metal are bent and extended upward into the concrete at the exact point where bending and breaking would occur, to carry those stresses directly to the heavy main bar. The commercial success of this invention was immediate and the Kahn Bars are now used very extensively all over the world.

Mr. Kahn has invented and developed many metal products which mark distinct advancement in the art of reinforced concrete. Without entering into technical descriptions, a few may be mentioned as follows. Hy-Rib is the product in which is combined rigid metal ribs with expanded metal between, thus providing a reinforcement for concrete floors, roofs, partitions, etc., without the necessity of using centering. Rib metal comprises a series of straight bars or ribs rigidly connected by cross members which accurately space and securely anchor the main bars in the concrete. Floretyles and Floredomes are made of plain or ribbed sheets of steel, formed in rectangular or oblong shapes. These forms are placed in rows with Kahn Bars between the rows. These spaces between the rows are then filled with concrete and the concrete is also spread over the top of the steel forms to a depth of an inch or two. The concrete, reinforced by Kahn Bars, carries the load directly to the supports, while the Floretyle acts as a filler, thus producing a light floor of great rigidity and economy, avoiding most of the tremendous dead weight of the solid concrete floors. Hy-Rib is used underneath the Floretyle so as to secure a flat ceiling for plastering. Kahn Mesh is an improved form of expanded metal, used particularly in the reinforcement of concrete roadways.

Tuscon steel buildings are made of heavy pressed steel standard units of uniform size, interchangeable, and assembled by a simple locking device. These can be taken down and removed from place to place as required, or one building may be continuously extended by adding more of the standard panels or units.

In 1903 Mr. Kahn formed a company to market his inventions. This company, known as the Tuscon Steel Company, has in a few years enjoyed an enormous growth, expanding from a company originally capitalized at $200,000 to one having at present a capitalization of $8,000,000, with forty-two branch offices and fourteen warehouses scattered through the United States and with sales representatives or offices in nearly every country in the world. This organization itself furnishes the best tangible evidence that Mr. Kahn's inventions have in very large measure accomplished the purposes for which he intended them. Mr. Kahn is a large stockholder in the Tuscon Steel Company, holds stock in many other local industries, and is a director in the Mahoning National Bank, the Morris Plan Bank, Chamber of Commerce and the Mahoning Valley Employers' Association. In politics he is normally a republican, and is a member of the Masonic order.

December 24, 1903, at New York, he married Miss Margaret Kohut, a daughter of Dr. Alexander Kohut. Her father, a native of Hungary, was a prominent Hebrew scholar and writer of some of the best known works in Hebrew literature. Mr. and Mrs. Kahn have three children: Margaret G., born in 1906; Katherine R., born in 1908; and Julius, Jr., born in 1912.

Arthur Edward Mace began his career as a professional musician, but more than a quarter of a century ago left that work and accepted employment on a piece work basis with a local industry at Warren, out of which has developed the present Warren industry known as the Trumbull Mazda Lamp Division, National Lamp Works of the General Electric Company. Of this local industry Mr. Mace is now general manager.

He was born at Sharon, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1873, son of Joseph and Catherine E. (Ditman) Mace, his father a native of London, England, and his mother of Niles, Ohio. His parents were married at Niles, lived at Sharon a few years, and spent their last days at Warren.

Arthur E. Mace attended the public schools at Warren and took a thorough course in music at the Dana Musical Institute in that city. As a professional musician he traveled a great deal for a year or two and was also located at Streeter, Illinois, for some time. In 1894, at the age of twenty-one, he returned to Warren and soon afterward was in the shops of the Warren Electric and Specialty Company, then recently organized, employed in inspecting lamps at a wage of seven cents an hour. Mr. Mace has the qualities that make the successful business man everywhere, his own capacities growing and expanding with the plant. He adapted himself to new circumstances, learned the business thoroughly, and when the original company organized the Economy Electric Company he was appointed its manager. Three years later the National Lamp Company bought the Warren plant, the Economy branch at that time being removed to Niles, where Mr. Mace remained as manager three years. The plant was then returned to Warren, and Mr. Mace was given new duties in charge of the sales department along with his responsibilities as manager. He also had charge of one of the Ravenna plants of the same corporation. The Ravenna plant was discontinued in 1913, and about the same time the sales department and factories at Warren were consolidated with the company's plant at Danvers, Massachusetts. Two months later Mr. Mace became general manager of what has since been known as the Trumbull Mazda Lamp Division.

Mrs. Mace was born in Donegal, Ireland, and was brought to the United States by her parents when eight years of age. They have two children, Muriel Marie and Arthur Edward, Jr.

James W. Morgan, although not yet in his thirties, has proved himself to be a business executive of definite ability, and at present is responsibly identified with many important Youngstown business enter-

prises. He is secretary-treasurer of the Youngstown Sand and Gravel Company, the Rajah Oil Company, the Carbon Brick Company and the Campbell Brothers Company. He is a man of superior education, which he obtained by his own efforts, and prior to entering business life was in the teaching profession.

He was born in Toledo, Ohio, April 23, 1892, the son of George E. and Estelle (Sweet) Morgan. His father was of English birth, born in Manchester, England, in 1859, but his mother was native-born, her birthplace being in the State of Indiana, just below Cincinnati. George E. Morgan has been engaged in steel manufacture practically since he came to America, and has been connected responsibly with many rolling mills, latterly with the Sharon Steel Hoop Company, the mills of which are at Youngstown and Newcastle, Pennsylvania.

James W. Morgan graduated from the Struthers High School, and resolved to qualify for an academic life. He was a school teacher in Struthers for five years, thus gaining the means wherewith he was able to take the course at the Ohio State University. He probably would have continued in the teaching profession had he not in 1917 become associated with Bruce Campbell of Struthers in some important business enterprises. In 1917 the Youngstown Sand and Gravel Company was incorporated, and in the following year the Rajah Oil Company, which is a Mahoning County producing company, refining its own product, received its charter of incorporation, of both of which companies Mr. Morgan became secretary-treasurer. He also holds like executive capacity in the Carbon Brick Company and the Campbell Brothers Company, and thus at a very early age has reached an enviable standing among business executives of the city.

He is a man of strong personality, and is an earnest church worker. By religious conviction a Methodist, he is treasurer of the Struthers Church. He is independent in politics, but although he follows national and local affairs closely has not given indication of a desire to enter actively into politics.

In 1916 Mr. Morgan married Mary Edna, daughter of D. H. Stewart, of Poland, Mahoning County. They have one child, a daughter, Mary E.

Dennis Ryan, the eldest son of Patrick Ryan, an extensive land holder and cattle dealer of Birdhill, County Tipperary, Ireland, was born there on December 25, 1828.

He was sent at an early age to the City of Limerick, where he was educated by the Christian Brothers. He supplemented a thorough training by mastering the Gaelic tongue, a rare feat in the early nineteenth century.

Mr. Ryan came to America in 1848 and located in Buffalo, where he was married in 1854 to Miss Margaret O'Brien. He shortly afterward became interested in the railroads which were then building westward and, with the McGuire Brothers of Akron, built the Mahoning Railroad from Cleveland to Youngstown. In 1857 he settled here on the Wick farm, which lay between Poland and South avenues, where he continued to reside until his death, December 7, 1886. He was ever active in civic affairs regardless of party lines. He was a man of the sternest integrity, ever living up to his own high standard of morality, which had a telling effect upon the neighborhood in which he lived so long. No man has left a cleaner record in Youngstown than Dennis Ryan. Mrs. Ryan outlived her husband nine years. They have left the following family: Patrick Ryan, of New York; Mrs. Mary Killian, Mrs. James E. Burke, Mrs. John F. Gillen, Mrs. John G. Conway and Sister M. Agnes, of the Ursuline Convent, Youngstown.

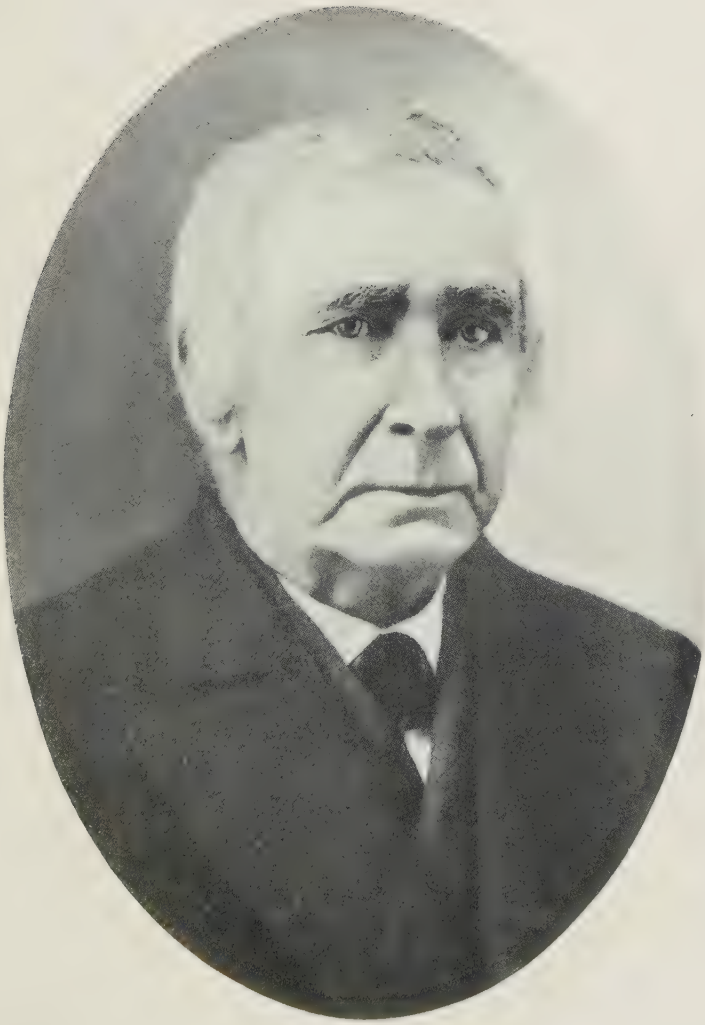
To mention but a part of Mr. Ryan's activities in the community and his neighborhood would take too much space, but one instance stands out indicating not only his generous spirit, but also, as conditions and community activities are today, his advanced thought many years ahead of his day. During the dark days of the panic of 1872 in this city he was a leader in helping the poor. Being engaged in farming, he staked out portions of his fields, which he allotted to poor families, mostly those of widows. These fields he not only ploughed and prepared for seeding, but actually sowed and planted. In this most generous act we see a forerunner of the present so-called community and war garden activities, which are but a repetition of the good work which he conceived and put into practice years ago.

He was fortunate in his early life in acquiring a solid and advanced education, not only in the English, but also the Gaelic (Irish), language. It was an inspiring sight to see him in his home reading aloud from the current literature for the entertainment and benefit of his friends and neighbors, who unfortunately were not so favored as he was. He could recite from memory a great many of the eloquent speeches delivered by Gratton, Curran, Burke and the illustrious Daniel O'Connell, whom he admired above all.

That Mr. Ryan was held in the highest esteem by his neighbors and the community at large is best attested by the reverence paid to his memory even to the present day, and scarcely anything dwelling on the city's past appears in the papers but mentions his name. The most recent of these was a contribution to the Sunday Vindicator from the pen of the Hon. William T. Gibson, in which he says of Mr. Ryan: "He was a gentleman true to his friends, a man that it was a pleasure to know. He was one of the men whose name, figure and kindliness cannot be forgotten. To have missed his acquaintance would have been to have something worth while left out of my life."

Lester Jay Clemons. While his business career has been comparatively brief, Lester Jay Clemons has had much more than an ordinary success as an architect and builder, and his business and profession may in many ways be counted a direct benefit to the growing prosperity and development of Youngstown.

Mr. Clemons was born on a farm in Boardman Township, Mahoning County, August 26, 1885, a son of George M. and Carrie M. (Heintzman) Clemons. His mother now resides at 2526 Oak Hill Avenue and is a member of St. Luke's Lutheran Church. His father, who was born in Boardman Township, a son of William Clemons, died on the



DENNIS RYAN

home farm October 26, 1899, at the age of forty-three. While living in the country he was a member of the Lutheran Church at New Buffalo. There were three children in the family. Paul is on a farm in Canfield. Esther, living with her mother, is employed as an accountant with the Federal Savings & Loan Company.

Lester Jay Clemons acquired a country school education, and before he left the farm had begun a course with the International Correspondence School at Scranton in architecture and building. In 1906, at the age of twenty-one, he went with the Carnegie Steel Company of Youngstown in the engineering department under Chief Engineer Hulst, and later with the present Chief Engineer Kling. After some time he was appointed superintendent of construction with the Republic Rubber Company, and had charge of the building of the original plant of that great corporation. Following these experiences Mr. Clemons became an independent contractor and has dealt in and developed much local real estate. As an architect and builder he has to his credit about 100 buildings of varied character and value in the city. He designed and built the Puritan Ice Cream Company's plant and was architect on the plant of the Youngstown Sanitary Milk Company. Mr. Clemons has done much committee work and otherwise been an active member of the Builders' Exchange, is secretary of the General Contractor and Master Carpenters' Association, a member of the Engineers' Club, the Automobile Club, and of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

April 26, 1911, he married Erma Hoffmeister, daughter of H. H. Hoffmeister. She was born in Mahoning County. They have one son, Myron Lester.

Herman V. Kling. A man of sterling ability and worth, Herman V. Kling, proprietor of Kling's Bakery, located at 1401 Market Street, Youngstown, never allows anything to escape his notice that might add to the value of his trade, or art, as it may well be termed, for the scientific, economical and satisfactory preparing and baking of bread, cakes, pastry and dainty confections is surely an accomplishment worthy of special classification. A son of the late Robert Kling, he was born February 14, 1887, in Youngstown, coming on the paternal side of German ancestry.

Robert Kling was born and educated in Germany, and as a young man immigrated to the United States. In 1881 he located in Youngstown, and with the exception of nine years spent in Toledo, Ohio, continued a resident of this city until his death in 1902. An industrious, faithful worker, he was for several years employed by the Deibels in the butcher business. He was a member of Saint Columba's Catholic Church, to which his wife and children belong. He married Bridget Connelly, who is a resident of Youngstown. Four sons and two daughters were born of their union, as follows: Herman V., the subject of this brief sketch; Martin, an electrician, is with the Mazda Lamp Company; Robert, a plumber, with the Kling & McLaughlin Company of this city, being a member of that well-known firm, and was in the United States service eighteen months during the World war, ranking as sergeant and being an instructor in a machine gun battalion; Albert, a graduate of the South High School, is with his brother Herman; Freda, a clerk in the store of her brother Herman; and Anna, a pupil in the South High School.

Herman V. Kling obtained his early education in the schools of Toledo, where the family lived nine years, and on returning to Youngstown, a lad of thirteen summers, he began learning the bakery business in the Lightbody establishment on Federal Street. Becoming proficient in the work, and liking it, he embarked in business on his own account in 1909 at the corner of Myrtle and Market streets, borrowing the money he put in, as he had none of his own, but plenty of credit. Succeeding in his operations from the first, Mr. Kling built up a fine local trade, and needing more commodious quarters assumed possession of his present bakery, which he purchased from Charles Larsen at 1401 Market Street, and in which he has installed the best approved modern equipments for carrying on his business, and to which he is constantly adding improvements, his aim being to give the best possible service to his many patrons. Aside from owning his business, Mr. Kling is a stockholder in the South Side Savings Bank.

While accumulating his own property, Mr. Kling has generously assisted his brothers and sisters in obtaining good educations, and later in getting good situations. He is a loyal member of Saint Patrick's Catholic Church, and belongs to the Knights of Columbus and to the Patricians.

John J. Callow has been in the contracting business for thirty years, starting before he was twenty-one years of age. His home and business headquarters have been at Youngstown since 1907. Mr. Callow is a good business man, but has never emphasized business to the extent of neglecting those other factors which elevate life above the plane of mere existence.

Mr. Callow was born a British subject on the Isle of Man, August 13, 1872, son of Daniel and Anne Jane Callow. His father is still living on the Isle of Man and has spent all his active career in some branch of the building business.

Educated in his native country, John J. Callow at the age of seventeen came to America and settled at Cleveland, where he was soon working at his trade of plasterer. As early as 1890 he took his first contract in Cleveland, and in that locality of Ohio did a thriving and increasing business for many years. Since moving to Youngstown in 1907 the instances of his work have multiplied to an imposing total. The results of his work as a contractor or sub-contractor are seen in the Reuben McMillin Library, South High School, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Ohio Hotel, City Building, Tod House, McKelvey Building, the McKinley, Rayen, Jefferson, Wood Street, Princeton and Garfield schools, the Youngstown Country Club, and the residences of J. A. Campbell, Richard Garlick, Joseph G. Butler, Jr., and the McKay home.

In 1892 Mr. Callow married Miss Ida Palmitier, daughter of H. J. and Phoebe Palmitier, of Cleveland. Four children have been born to their union, Mona, Bessie, John and Charles. The three young-

est children are at home. The oldest is the wife of C. B. Hess, an automobile man at Cleveland. The family are members of the Congregational Church, and Mr. Callow is affiliated with the Elks and the Chamber of Commerce.

His hobby is photography. He acquired his first outfit many years ago, and is familiar with all the photographic developments of the last quarter of a century. He has attained a high degree of artistic skill, and his collection of pictures taken and developed by himself is remarkable for beauty and perfection of landscape effect. His specialty is views upon the water. Mrs. Callow is the able assistant of her husband in his business, his chum in his amusements, and the marriage is one of those which approach the ideal.

E. Mason Wick. The biographer is glad to set forth herein the salient facts in the life record of one of the eminently successful and well-known business men of Youngstown, a man who has for years been closely identified with the varied interests of this community. His career has been a strenuous and varied one, and to him is due credit for giving additional prestige to the family name, an old and honored one, and adding to the brightness of an escutcheon which shines with peculiar luster in communities long noted for the high standing and distinguished achievements of its business and public men. In all that constitutes true manhood and good citizenship he has been a worthy example, and none stand higher than he in the esteem and confidence of the circles with which he is identified. He is regarded as a good business man, of sound judgment and keen foresight, who believes in pressing forward, keeping the wheels of the car of civilization ever moving up the steeps, and as a representative citizen of his community he is eminently entitled to specific mention in a work of this character.

E. Mason Wick is of pioneer ancestry. Just when his great-great-grandfather, William Wick, Sr., came to the Mahoning Valley is uncertain, but it was at a period when the country hereabouts was in a primitive condition. His son, William Wick, was the father of Lemuel Justice, James T., Daniel Johnston and Lois, the latter becoming the wife of a Mr. Parmelee. Lemuel Justice Wick was married to Mary Smith, and they had one son, Charles J., who was the father of Lemuel Thorne, Virginia, Dorothy and Mary. Of these, Virginia married a Mr. Ingels and Dorothy became the wife of a Mr. Curtis. Daniel Johnston Wick was married to Emeline C. Griffith, and they had four children, Ralph J., Frank J., Daniel J. and Caroline. Only two of these had issue. Ralph J. was married to Albina Mason and had an only son, E. Mason Wick, the immediate subject of this sketch, who was born in Youngstown on August 2, 1870. Frank J. Wick married Emma Powers and became the father of four children, Caroline, deceased, Powers, Frank J. and Louise. This branch of the Wick family, have been actively and successfully identified with the coal and iron interests, thus contributing in a definite way to the development, upbuilding and prosperity of the community. From this viewpoint alone they have been worthy citizens of a community noted for the high order of its citizenship. More than this, they have been exemplary and law-abiding in their private lives, thus contributing also to the moral stability of the social structure with which they have been identified.

E. Mason Wick was reared in his native city, where he has spent his entire life, and was educated in its public schools. For the first two years after leaving school he was associated with his father in the rolling mill business and for two years thereafter he was a teller in the First National Bank. The next six years were spent in the real estate business in connection with Caleb Wick, Jr., and it was this period that gave him the keen insight into realty matters that in a large measure affected his subsequent career. During the following twelve years Mr. Wick was connected with the Dollar Savings Bank and Trust Company, first as a teller and eventually becoming secretary and treasurer of that institution. In October, 1911, Mr. Wick organized the Real Estate Securities Company, of which he is and has been the only president and which under his direction has become one of the strong financial and realty concerns of the Mahoning Valley. Coincidental with this he has been vice president and treasurer of the Realty Security Company since its organization. He is also financially interested in other enterprises which have been connected with the active business life of Youngstown, being numbered among the leaders in business circles.

On October 12, 1905, Mr. Wick was married to Jane Todd, the daughter of Dr. J. F. Todd, of Chicago, and to them have been born two children, Francis Mason and Jane.

Religiously Mr. Wick and family are identified with the Presbyterian Church, while socially he is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Poland Country Club. He is a trustee of the Youngstown Hospital Association and of the Youngstown Council of the Boy Scouts of America, and is an active member of the Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Wick is a public-spirited man in all the term implies, being ever interested in enterprises tending to promote the general welfare and withholding his support from no movement for the good of the locality so long honored by his citizenship. Easily approached, obliging and straightforward in all the relations of life, he enjoys to a marked degree the confidence and good will of all who know him.

Bert A. Millikin. As president of the Youngstown Sanitary Milk Company, Bert A. Millikin is conspicuously identified with one of the most useful and important industries of which Youngstown can boast, for on a sufficient supply of pure, wholesome milk the life and health of coming generations largely depend, and the question of securing it is in no place of such a vital nature as in a large city, where thousands upon thousands of infants need it every day in the year. A native of Youngstown, he was born on the Thomas McDonald farm, near Lanterman's Falls, October 22, 1889, a son of George W. and Mary Jane (Creed) Millikin, the former of whom was born in Canada and the latter in England.

Coming from Canada to Ohio as a young man, George W. Millikin married in Bloomfield, Ohio,

Mason Vick

and subsequently rented the Manning farm, and met with such good success in its management that he later bought it, the property at the present time being widely known as the Thomas McDonald place. Although a general farmer, he made a specialty of breeding high grade cattle, turning his attention first to the raising of Herefords, afterward breeding Holstein cattle. He became very prominent in that branch of industry, exhibiting his pure-bred stock at state fairs in many states, invariably winning ribbons, and shipping choice cattle of both breeds to all parts of the Union. A prominent resident of Youngstown, he served as a member of the City Council. He died February 17, 1920.

A keen-witted, wide-awake young man, Bert A. Millikin embarked in the dairy business on his own account at the age of nineteen years, milking his own cows and driving his own wagon. As his business grew with wonderful rapidity, some help and more wagons were needed, and in order to enlarge his operations Mr. Millikin bought the property located on the corner of South Avenue and Williamson Street, and still holds title to it. In 1914 he wisely bought the business which had been previously established by Beard & Loveland, incorporating it for $30,000.

The business continued to grow under the supervision of Mr. Millikin, assuming such proportions that he has since organized the Youngstown Sanitary Milk Company, of which he is the president, and which is incorporated with a capital stock of $150,000, it being the largest and most highly approved firm of the kind in the Mahoning Valley. This company has recently erected a modernly constructed and equipped plant, and handles milk, cream, butter, cheese and ice cream, products which are in great demand, and ever bring the highest market prices.

Mr. Millikin married in 1912 Annetta B. Kuntz, a daughter of Solomon Kuntz, and they have one son, Howard A. Millikin. Fraternally Mr. Millikin is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; of the Knights of Pythias; of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and of the Order of United Commercial Travelers of America.

James C. Morgan began his career at Youngstown more than thirty years ago as a steel mill worker, but left that to engage in the laundry business. He is a practical expert in this field, acquired through long years of experience, and is now manager of the Myers Laundry and Dry Cleaning Carpet Company.

Mr. Morgan was born in Herefordshire, England, the original home of the famous Hereford cattle, on June 8, 1865, son of James and Jane Morgan. His mother is still living in England at the age of eighty-five. James Morgan was a prosperous miller and mill owner in England, and died in 1872, when his son James was only seven years of age.

The latter grew up in the rich agricultural and industrial district of Herefordshire, acquired his education there, and as a young man worked in the mines. On coming to the United States in 1887 he was employed in the lower mill of the Carnegie Steel Works at Youngstown at shearing and puddling. He was with that mill until he engaged in the laundry business with Thomas G. Thomas. They organized the Crystal Laundry Company at 31 North Holmes Street, subsequently moving to Pyatt Street. This was one of the early commercial laundries in Youngstown. The partners started out with limited capital and equipment, but when in 1917 they consolidated their plant with the Myers Laundry Company they had improved to the finest facilities and equipment to be found.

Mrs. Morgan, whose maiden name was Hester Waters, was born in Wales. They have two children, Walter and Jane, the former a high school student. The family are members of the Plymouth Congregational Church, of which Mr. Morgan is a trustee, and he is identified with the Kiwanis Club.

John Aulbach. A well known and highly respected citizen of Youngstown, John Aulbach has been identified with the mercantile interests of the city for upwards of thirty years, and since 1887 has occupied his present residence at the corner of Market and Hughes streets. When he bought the property, which is now in a thickly congested district, it was in a sparsely settled locality, and nearly surrounded by a deep ravine, which he has since filled in and highly improved in other ways. He was born October 8, 1859, near Meadville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, of German parentage.

Henry Aulbach, his father, was born in Germany, and there spent the days of his childhood and youth. Immigrating to the United States at the age of seventeen years, he located in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he followed the tanner's trade for a number of years. Forced by ill health to relinquish his trade, he turned his attention to agriculture, and was subsequently engaged in general farming in Crawford County, Pennsylvania, until his death, at the age of sixty-seven years. His wife, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Stine, was born in Germany, and at the age of fifteen years came alone to this country. They were married in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. She spent the remainder of her life of fifty-seven years in Pennsylvania, dying on the home farm. Two of their sons served in the Civil war, running away from home when very young to enlist, Henry being killed in the battle of Gettysburg, while Jacob was wounded in a hotly-contested engagement.

Brought up on the farm and educated in the rural schools, John Aulbach has practically made his own way in the world since a lad of nine years. Endowed by nature with rare musical talent, he became noted as a violinist, and as a young man played for many an entertainment. Soon after locating in Youngstown, in 1876, he became a puddler in different local mills, including the Cartwright, Warren and Brown-Bonnell. Enterprising and progressive, he opened a store on his newly-bought property in 1887, putting one of his employes in charge of the establishment, while he continued his work at the mills, making and saving money both as a workman and as a merchant. Successful in his efforts, Mr. Aulbach holds an honored position in the business world and in the social life of his community. He has served for a long time as secretary of the Amalgamated Association. Religiously he is an influential member of Saint Joseph's Catholic Church, and has reared his family in the same faith.

Mr. Aulbach married in 1886 Annie Scherman,

who was born on Prospect Street, Youngstown, and ten children were born into their home, namely: John W., a member of the Youngstown Police Force; Clara, who died aged two years; Henry, living at home; Clara, who died aged twenty-two years; Carl; Anna; Colette, a graduate of the local high school; Georgiette; Wendell, in the high school; and Dorothy E.

THOMAS H. WELLS. The late Thomas H. Wells was not only one of the very early residents of Youngstown, but also a pioneer of its industrial life, and a man whose initiative and public-spirit were called into play whenever the occasion demanded, so that he was connected with practically all of the constructive history of his period. Owing to the nature of his work, his influence was not confined to local territory, but was practically, in certain aspects, nation-wide, and his death inflicted a distinct loss to many people and concerns. He was born at Dublin, Ireland, December 12, 1814, and was a typical son of Erin, both in appearance and temperament. His family was an excellent one, possessing some means, and after he was given an ample training in civil engineering and architecture through his connections he obtained a governmental position at Dublin, but its possibilities did not satisfy the ambitions of the ardent young Irishman, and he decided to seek his fortune in the United States, then, as now, the Mecca of the foreign-born.

Upon his arrival in this country Thomas H. Wells immediately formed connections with the Pennsylvania Railroad, with headquarters at Newark, New Jersey, and when the road was extended to New Brunswick, New Jersey, Mr. Wells was appointed to make the original survey from Trenton, New Jersey, to New York City, New York. He was also selected to design the new station for the railroad at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and other stations along the Pennsylvania Lines. After a somewhat strenuous period, during which he worked at both his professions, Mr. Wells came West to Youngstown and established himself, in a modest way, as a merchant, his store being on East Federal Street, but he later transferred his stock to West Federal Street, finally moving to the Merchants Block, which he erected and owned.

A man of much more than average business acumen, Mr. Wells developed with Youngstown, and participated in the expansion of many of its natural resources, notably the coal industry, becoming the owner and operator of the mines at Mineral Ridge and other points in the neighborhood. Mr. Wells was one of the largest stockholders of the Youngstown Rolling Mill Company, now the Carnegie Union Works of the United States Steel Corporation, and was also interested in some of the other standard business concerns of the city. He erected a number of the business houses and blocks of Youngstown, and led practically all of the movements calculated to bring outside capital to the city for legitimate investment. As he seldom if ever made a bad investment, it was but natural that his wealth should increase, and at one time he paid the heaviest personal property tax of anyone in the city.

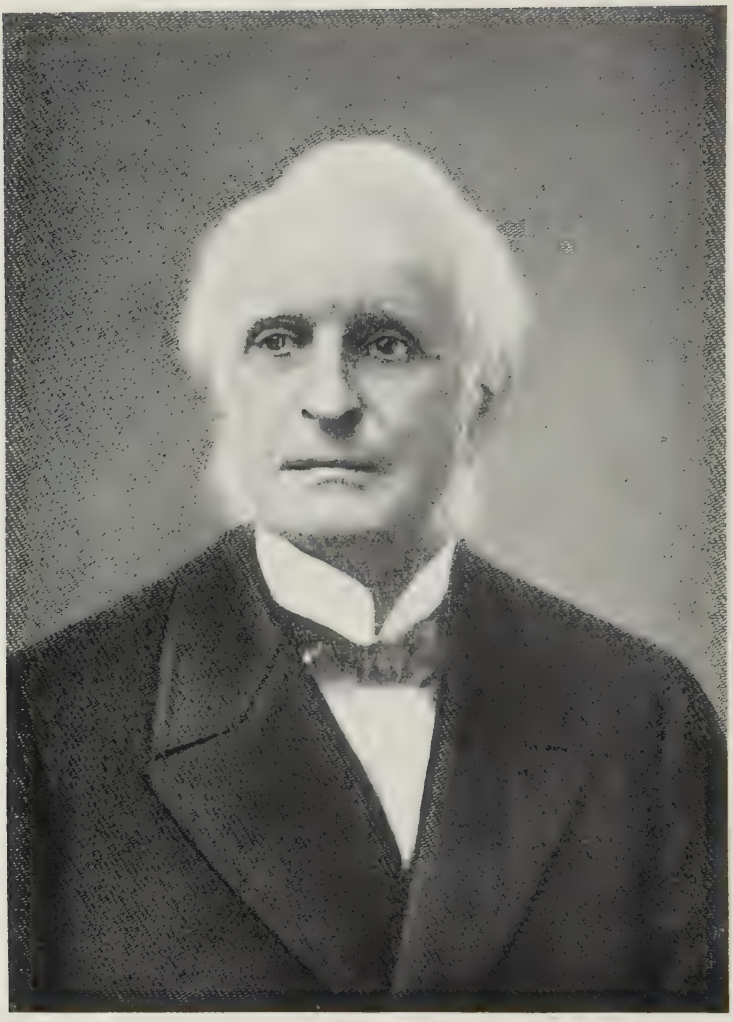
Mr. Wells was spared to his family and community for a much longer period than is accorded to the average man, for he lived to attain to the age of ninety-one years, dying on September 1, 1905. Although he was a man of great wealth, he never lost the simple sincerity which characterized him, and gave to everyone with whom he maintained association a fair deal and generous attention. He was respected as much for his fine character as for his notable business achievements, and although the majority of his earlier associates had passed away before him, he had made new friends, and by them was sincerely mourned when his place was vacant.

In 1878 Mr. Wells was united in marriage with Miss Grace Jewett, of Greenville, Pennsylvania. Together they united with the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown, and from then on Mr. Wells contributed to its support with a lavish generosity. Mrs. Wells died suddenly in 1891, after having borne her husband four children, as follows: Mary, who is the wife of Richard Garlick, of Youngstown; Thomas H., Jr., who died in childhood; Grace, who was the widow of William Seigfried, is again married; and Thomas H., Jr. II, who is the youngest.

Thomas H. Wells II, was born in Youngstown, Ohio, July 29, 1889, and after attending the public schools of this city he became a student of Hotchkiss Preparatory School at Lakeville, Connecticut. His business career began with his service in a brokerage business in New York City in 1909, where he remained for four years, leaving it to return to Youngstown. After a year spent in operating in realty, Mr. Wells has been occupied in looking after his father's estate, which of course is a very extensive one. On September 21, 1917, he enlisted for service during the great war, and entered the army camp at Camp Sherman, and was made a corporal. On June 4, 1918, he sailed on the Canaroonshire, an English transport, for France, where he landed some fourteen days later. Mr. Wells was in five different divisions, the Eighty-Third, Twenty-Seventh, Ninetieth, Seventy-Seventh and the Thirty-Second, and participated in the engagements on the Verdun front and those of the Argonne Forest. He was with the first ammunition train of the American service to enter Germany, being at that time regimental supply sergeant, and had an opportunity of seeing much of the devastation of the war. After the signing of the armistice he returned to the United States and landed here in June, 1919, receiving his discharge at Camp Upton on June 29, 1919, after which he returned to Youngstown.

Mr. Wells was united in marriage on December 6, 1910, at Youngstown, to Miss Stasia W. Welch, a daughter of Philip Welch of Youngstown. Mr. Wells is a valued member of the Youngstown Club, and a young man of fine character and high aspirations. Like so many of the young men of his time, Mr. Wells has had an illuminating experience and in the years to come will find that his after life has been made the richer and better because of his period of self-sacrificing service for his own government and the cause of humanity.

FRED H. MARQUARD is a mechanical engineer whose experience in his profession has brought him a thorough knowledge of the gas and electrical business,



Thomas H. Wells

and in recent years he has used his experience as the foundation for an important local industry at Youngstown, the Marquard Furnace Company at 119 East Boardman Street.

He established this business in 1915. He and his associates are interested in the basic patents for the High Efficiency gas furnaces. They also do an extensive business installing the Mahoning, Wright, Seheible and various other makes of furnace, also the Humphrey Automatic Water Heater and Radiant-fires.

Mr. Marquard was born in Cleveland January 11, 1885, and the family are noted not only for their proficiency in various technical arts, but in athletic circles. Fred H. Marquard played baseball as soon as he was going to school. He was the oldest of five children. His next younger brother is Richard W. Marquard, but better known to every baseball fan as "Rube" Marquard, one of the greatest stars in the baseball world during the past decade. The third son is Frank and the youngest is Herbert, both of whom were semi-professional ball players. Herbert is now chief tester of the White Motor Company. The only daughter is Hattie, wife of Alfred Kruse.

These children were born to Ferdinand and Lena (Heise) Marquard. The former was a native of Alsace-Lorraine, and was only a few months old when his father, Ferdinand, came to Cleveland. Ferdinand, Jr., became a steel worker and engineer, and is a thorough expert in the iron and steel industry, and for a number of years was employed as electrical engineer by the Standard Parts Company and the Otis Steel Company of Cleveland. He is now fifty-five years of age, and partly retired, spending his winters in Florida. His wife died in 1905, at the age of thirty-nine. She was only nineteen years of age when her son Fred was born.

Fred Marquard attended the Cleveland High School and took his course in mechanical engineering at Western Reserve University. For one year he was employed by the Macbeth Iron Company, following which he became superintendent of the lighting department of the East Ohio Gas Company of Cleveland. This corporation sent him to Youngstown, and on resigning from that corporation he established the Marquard Furnace Company. Mr. Marquard has been a Mason since he was twenty-one years of age and is affiliated with Bigelow Lodge No. 243, Free and Accepted Masons, at Cleveland. Politically he is independent. On June 10, 1910, he married Emma J. Graff, daughter of L. J. Graff. Their two children are Richard M. and Doris Lucile. The family are members of the Westminster Presbyterian Church.

Earl G. Sigle. For a long period of years the name Sigle has been associated in the minds of Youngstown citizens with the forest and greenhouse business, and while that is no longer the family industry Mr. Earl G. Sigle has turned his business energies to good account in utilizing some of the space formerly occupied by his greenhouse as a means of real estate development and improvement.

Earl G. Sigel was born at Youngstown, December 27, 1880, a son of Charles A. and Alma (Osborne) Sigle. Charles Sigle was born at Stuttgart, Germany, and was nine years of age when his parents came overseas and located on a farm near Canfield, Ohio. He grew to manhood on that farm, but after his marriage engaged in the meat business at Canfield. Finally he moved to Youngstown, buying 150 feet of ground at what is now 1311 Market Street, then an out of the way district with very few houses. Here he set up a meat shop, but later began in an experimental way growing plants under glass, and finally had all his land covered with greenhouses. He continued as a florist for twenty years, until his son Earl succeeded him. Charles Sigle was born in April, 1845, and is still living at 1311 Market Street. He has always been a democrat in political affiliations, is a Mason, and he and his wife are members of the Baptist Church. She was born in 1862. Charles Sigle during the Civil war was a member of the Minute Men organization, formed to protect the state against the invasion of General Morgan and his raiders. Charles Sigle and wife had three children: Clyde, a resident of Youngstown; Earl G.; and Goldie B., wife of Norman Heindel.

Earl G. Sigle attended the South Side School and the Rayen High School, and his first employment after school was weighing iron at the Brown-Bonnell plant. He also acquired much knowledge and experience working with his father in the greenhouses and eventually took over the business and for fifteen years conducted a very prosperous establishment. For five years his business was on Market Street. He then bought five acres of what is now 3502 Market Street, and put 15,000 square feet under glass, making a specialty of potted plants. This five acres of land is now a residence section of the city, known as Ravenwood Manor. Mr. Sigle built the Earlmar Apartment House, containing twenty-eight apartments, where he lives, and has had much to do with real estate development and promotion. In 1914 he became local representative for the Haynes car, and he now conducts a model garage at Market and McKinney streets.

Mr. Sigle married Marillie B. Brown, daughter of R. W. E. Brown of Orangeville, Ohio, on January 26, 1910. They are members of the Baptist Church.

Thomas L. Davis. The work and the character of Thomas L. Davis throughout his thirty-eight years of residence in Youngstown have always been dominated by the quality of strength and solidity. To say that he is one of the solid citizens of Youngstown is only to express briefly the esteem paid him by his business associates and friends.

Ever since coming to Youngstown Mr. Davis has been a building contractor, and is now senior member of the firm T. L. Davis & Son. His partner is James P. Davis.

Mr. Davis was born at Wrexham in Northern Wales, December 4, 1857. His native city was the birthplace and also the burial place of Elihu Yale, founder of the great American institution of learning, Yale University. Every year it is the custom of some Yale graduate to make a pilgrimage to Wrexham to place flowers on the grave of "old Eli."

There was something stimulating as well as depressing about the environment in which Thomas L. Davis spent his youthful years. His parents, James and Harriet Davis, who lived out their lives in Wales,

were very poor people, but like the great majority of their fellow countrymen very religious. Thomas Davis learned to read and write at Sunday school. While that was about all the formal school instruction he ever had, he has put those arts to constant exercise, and through them achieved a more than ordinary education. In his home at Youngstown today he enjoys delightful hours in his library of solid and valuable books.

It was a personal experience with an old legal custom that survived much longer in England and Wales than in the new country of America that furnished the basic incident as a result of which Thomas L. Davis came to the United States. One day an officer of the law came to his father's home and took away a solitary piece of bacon found there as a means of satisfying a security debt. That action seemed a terrible thing to the young man, an indictment against his country and its laws that immediately determined him to seek a land where opportunity for the honest and hard working was wide, and where law and custom would not permit food being taken from the poor for debt.

While at Liverpool Thomas L. Davis learned the stone mason's trade, and followed it four years before coming to America. His Sunday school teacher secured him a position on an American bound steamship in 1879, with the understanding that he was to learn the trade of marine engineer. When he reached the American shore at Portland, Maine, he concluded that he had no taste for ocean life, and satisfied his desire to live in America by simply remaining on this side of the Atlantic. From Portland, Maine, where he resumed work at his trade as a stone mason, he went to Portland, Connecticut, and later to Middletown. In 1882 he became a resident of Youngstown. He was a journeyman at his trade until 1884, when he formed a partnership with Michael McGinty. This association lasted six years, and after that Mr. Davis was in business for himself until his son James was old enough to join him. In various parts of the city and industrial districts the practical work of Mr. Davis as a contractor might be pointed out. He has to his credit the construction of seven churches in Youngstown, besides schoolhouses, business blocks and residences. He became one of the charter members of the Builders Exchange, serving many years as a director and for the past six years as its treasurer.

For twenty-seven years, consecutive except for two years, Mr. Davis has been a member of the Republican County Committee. He has exercised other influences for good citizenship and in the moral life of the community. He and his family are members of St. John's Episcopal Church, though formerly he was affiliated with the Wesleyan Methodists. He was a prominent factor in the building of the Emma Street Mission, he and David Morris being the builders of that Mission, and for many years Mr. Davis has been a teacher in the Mission Sunday School. For one year he was teacher of a class the youngest member of which was over seventy years old. He belongs to the Humane Society, is a member of Western Star Lodge of Masons, St. David's Society, and the Druid's Society in Pittsburgh. While he can claim over forty years of American residence he has gone back to his old home in Wales five or six times.

While Mr. Davis is still an active business man, he enjoys the satisfaction that comes from seeing his children grown up and most of them established in homes of their own and in stations of usefulness. Mr. Davis married at Liverpool, Miriam Louise Peel. They became the parents of six children. The oldest is Harriet, who is the widow of William Crow, and for the past ten years has been employed in the auditor's office of Mahoning County. The second is James P., junior member of the firm T. L. Davis & Son. William P., the second son, now engaged in the office fixture business in Cleveland, made a notable record as a soldier during the World war. He was a sergeant in the famous Thirty-Seventh Division, and was on the fighting front both in Belgium and France, including the great battle of the Argonne, and was both wounded and gassed. Edith, the fourth child, is the wife of J. Dean Herritt, who was a Young Men's Christian Association worker in France and now lives in St. Paul. Louise is the wife of Clarence Shindledecker, linotype operator in the office of the Youngstown Telegram. Isabel, the youngest, is employed in the engineering department of the Truscon Company of Youngstown.

Alfred Rea Hughes. The Mahoning Valley is the home of a number of men whose achievements in business and whose worth as citizens have reflected great credit upon the valley and have earned for them personal mention in the written history of the community; for they are striving not only to get and to have something for themselves, but to give something of themselves for the benefit of the present and future generations. One of these men is Alfred R. Hughes of Warren, founder of the Warren City Tank and Boiler Company, who for a quarter of a century has been both a successful business man and a valued citizen of Warren; one who has cheerfully responded to all calls made upon him for his time and means in aid of worthy public movements.

Mr. Hughes is a native of England, but with the exception of his first ten years he has spent his entire life in the Mahoning Valley. He was born July 24, 1862, at Coalbrookdale, Shropshire, England, and was a boy of ten years when he came with the family to Niles, Ohio, in 1872. He attended the public schools of Niles, and became a "bread-winner" at the age of twelve years by going to work in the drug store of Doctor McKinley at Niles. When Doctor McKinley gave up his drug business to assume the duties of the office of sheriff of Trumbull County, young Hughes became a salesman in the dry goods store of Louis Gephart at Niles, where he continued for eight years, leaving Mr. Gephart to accept a position as billing clerk with the Erie Railroad. Still later he went into the office of Reeves' Brothers Boiler Works at Niles, and remained with that firm for a period of eight and a half years, during which time he filled various positions, from that of time-keeper to assistant manager of the works. The Reeves Brothers removed their plant to Alliance, Ohio, in 1893, and urged Mr. Hughes to go with them. However, by that time Mr. Hughes had visions of an independent career with an organization of his own, and was possessed of ample

Charles E. Hughes

faith in himself to attempt the realization of his ambition.

So, in 1893 Mr. Hughes came to Warren and laid the foundation for what is now one of the large and most important industrial plants in the Mahoning Valley, and one of the largest plants in its line in the entire country—The Warren City Tank & Boiler Company. This enterprise, seemingly, was started at a most unpropitious time, as the country was still suffering from the effects of the money panic of 1893. But under the skillful management of Mr. Hughes the infant industry was able to progress, and soon was employing about thirty-five workmen. However, it was not long before Mr. Hughes became aware of the fact that the growth of this enterprise was going to be retarded for want of capital and credit. Finding it impossible at that time to borrow money in Warren, Mr. Hughes went to Cleveland, and there consummated arrangements whereby the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company extended to him an immediate and continuous large credit, which credit enabled Mr. Hughes to accept large contracts with full assurance that he would be able to secure the necessary material for their fulfillment. This arrangement with the Cleveland Company continued until that concern went out of the steel-plate business, by which time the credit of Mr. Hughes' company had been firmly established and its future assured. The growth of the Warren City Tank and Boiler Company has been consistent and uniform from a small concern employing thirty-five workmen into a splendid organization which now employs a force of between 450 and 500 men in its Warren shops, while its erecting crews, numbering upwards of 1,500 men, are engaged in constructing work turned out by the home plant at points all over the United States, Canada, Cuba and Mexico, and the corporation, familiarly known to the trade as "The Warren City," has a reputation for its products and methods exceeded by very few of its competitors. The success of the Warren City Tank and Boiler Company has resulted from natural causes, important among which are its products and its organization, Mr. Hughes having been most fortunate in the selection of the proper men to co-operate with him in the building up of the institution and in the wise administration of its affairs. Close co-operation exists not only in the company's offices but in its shops, and by wise management the relation between the offices and the shops has always been very cordial. The personnel of the company at the present time is as follows: Alfred R. Hughes, president; W. F. Edwards, vice president; B. W. Edwards, secretary-treasurer; D. J. O'Rourke, general superintendent; B. H. Seiple, assistant superintendent.

Aside from the making of tanks and boilers Mr. Hughes is very active in the civic and social affairs of Warren. He was vice president of the Warren City Hospital from its organization in 1906 until May, 1918, since which time he has been president of the institution; he is a trustee of Warren Public Library and deeply interested in its work and success. Especially was Mr. Hughes active during the period of the great war, when in a great measure he subordinated his business and private interests to the welfare of his country; and to his efforts, as much as to those of any other one man, the glorious record of Trumbull County in war-work was made possible. In June, 1917, Mr. Hughes was elected chairman of the Red Cross War Fund of Trumbull County, which fund, contributed by the towns of the county (not including Niles, Mineral Ridge, Girard and Hubbard, whose funds were placed in the Youngstown organization) amounted to over $65,000. Of this fund Mr. Hughes remained chairman until February, 1920, by which time all the funds had been used for the purposes for which they were contributed. In May, 1918, Mr. Hughes was elected president of the Trumbull County War Chest Association, representing a fund of over $317,000, contributed for war purposes by the towns of the county with the exception of Niles, Mineral Ridge, Girard and Hubbard, which towns placed their funds in the Youngstown War Chest, and at this writing (June, 1920), he is still active president of the association.

Mr. Hughes is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons; Warren Council No. 58, Royal and Select Masters; Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons; Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and a life member of Al Koran Temple Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Cleveland. He is also a member of Warren Lodge of Elks No. 295, and of the following clubs: Masonic and Trumbull Country clubs of Warren, Tulsa Country Club of Tulsa, Oklahoma, and Cleveland Athletic Club of Cleveland. He is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Warren, and is a life-long member of the republican party, though he has never held or sought public office of any kind, political or otherwise.

Mr. Hughes for many years has been a member of the Warren Board of Trade, and also of the Chamber of Commerce of Cleveland. For several years he was a director of the Western Reserve National Bank. He took the duties of that office with characteristic seriousness, and eventually resigned because his other duties prevented him from regularly attending the board meetings.

At Niles, Ohio, on September 4, 1888, Mr. Hughes was united in marriage with Miss Jennie Edwards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Fletcher Edwards of Niles. They have the following children: Raymond Edward Hughes, born October 22, 1893; and Margaret Elizabeth Hughes, born September 2, 1906.

Charles Y. Farrell is one of several brothers who have made names for themselves in industrial circles in Youngstown. The oldest of twelve children, he had only a proportionate share in the modest circumstances of the family, and not only learned to look out for himself, but also at an early age bore some of the responsibilities of keeping up the home. He was therefore a worker when most boys of his age were in school. In the attainment of his present responsible position he has exemplified the resourcefulness of an American youth, and has really achieved success without the intervention of luck to any extent. Years ago when he became conscious of the handicap imposed by lack of education he set himself to the task of educating himself, and at night and every leisure interval he has studied text books and pursued some special line leading to better equipment for his work. His career has been one of much self denial, and he

has thoroughly deserved all the success that has come to him.

Mr. Farrell was born at Lisbon, Ohio, November 25, 1881, son of John and Ella (Young) Farrell. His parents were also born at Lisbon. His grandfather, James Farrell, was an early settler in Ohio and lived at Sandusky. The Young family was also of Ohio pioneer stock. When Charles Y. Farrell was two years of age his parents moved to Youngstown, and his father died in September, 1909. He was educated in the grammar schools and the Rayen High School, and at the age of seventeen became a clerk and office boy in a drug store at $2.50 a week. The next year he worked in a haberdashery at $3.50 a week. His next employment was as clerk in the superintendent's office of the Erie Railroad and then he was a laborer in the steel mills, at first with the South Sharon Steel Company and then with the Ohio Works of the Carnegie Steel Company, where he was employed as recorder on ingot scales. While there he employed all his leisure time in special study in higher accounting, mathematics and secretarial duties. He then resumed service with the Erie Railroad Company, working up through the different grades until he became chief accountant. Concluding that there was no real future in the railroad business, Mr. Farrell in March, 1907, identified himself with the corporation where his work has been most progressive and most appreciated.

With the General Fireproofing Company he has remained steadily except for one year, beginning on distribution pay roll work, then was in charge of one of the cost divisions, and for six months had charge of the San Francisco office of the corporation. When that office was closed he remained on the coast for about a year as general auditor of a large concern in a similar line of business. Returning to Youngstown, he was assigned first to special litigation work, then became cashier, then assistant treasurer, then assistant secretary and treasurer, with direct charge of the accounting, cost, order and traffic departments. In March, 1915, he was promoted to purchasing agent, and since 1919 has held the office of director of purchases and supplies.

Mr. Farrell is a member of the Youngstown Country Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the Memorial Presbyterian Church, and politically is a republican. July 5, 1905, he married Mae Gravell, of Youngstown.

George W. Carson, president of the Carson Piano Company at 5 Hippodrome Arcade, is one of the successful men of Youngstown, who has built up a large enterprise from small beginnings. Mr. Carson was born in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on a farm now covered by the waters of Milton Lake, from whence comes Youngstown's water supply, on May 22, 1869. He is a son of George W. and Melissa (Wilcox) Carson, and grandson of John Carson. In 1810 John Carson came to the Mahoning Valley from Pennsylvania and located in the woods, from which he cleared a farm. Active in the work of the Disciple Church, he was a heavy contributor to the founding of Hiram College, and was a warm, personal friend of James A. Garfield at the time the future President was connected with that institution of learning.

George W. Carson, father of George W. Carson of this review, was an educator and farmer. He attended Hiram College for three years, completing his course there when only nineteen years of age, and went with James A. Garfield to enlist in the service of his country at the outbreak of the war between the North and the South, in the same regiment as Mr. Garfield, being assigned to the secret service. Mr. Carson was at Gettysburg, Cumberland Gap and other engagements, and while in the service contracted a disability that caused his death in 1869, before the birth of his namesake son. His widow survived him until 1882, when she passed away, being then thirty-five years of age.

The younger George W. Carson attended the rural schools of Berlin Township, and later had the advantage of three years at Mount Union College, following which he spent a short time in the pine woods of Texas for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railroad. Later he was employed by the State of Texas as a special officer, better known as a ranger or state guard. Upon his return to Ohio he settled at Alliance and developed into a successful piano salesman, spent seven years in that city and then went to Canton, Ohio, and still later to Mobile, Alabama. Mr. Carson was then sent to Youngstown as a salesman for the Scott and Jones Company, and also represented other piano companies. He then organized his present company, which has been a success from the start. The original location was at the corner of Boardman and Hazel streets, removal being made to the present store in February, 1917. At one time the company had a branch house at Salem, Ohio, but now the business is concentrated at Youngstown. There are a number of salesmen on the road covering a wide territory, and Mr. Carson is not only the president of the company, but its general manager as well.

In 1890 Mr. Carson was married to Miss Nellie Finch, of Alliance, Ohio, who died in June, 1917, leaving one son, George W. III, who is now attending school. In 1919 Mr. Carson was married to Minerva J. Morrow, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Mr. Carson is a deacon in the Christian Church, and his wife belongs to the Reformed Church. In his political faith Mr. Carson is a democrat, but aside from exercising his right of suffrage he has not taken part in public matters. He belongs to the Kiwanis Club and the Chamber of Commerce, and is active in both organizations.

George Frank Konold. The Konold family has been prominent in the industrial affairs of Pittsburgh for half a century or more, and during the last decade George F. Konold has extended the family interests to Warren, where he has been the practical genius in establishing and building up the Warren Tool & Forge Company.

A very interesting fact is that the Konolds have been identified with iron forging through generation after generation, extending as far back as the sixteenth century. For several centuries the Konolds were prominent in that industry at Frankfort, Germany. Frankfort was the birthplace of Christ

Geo. F. Konold

Konold, who when fourteen years of age was brought to the United States. During the residence of the Konold family at Collinsville, Connecticut, he first worked with the Collinsville Axe Company. He possessed all the expert skill of the family as a worker in iron. In 1868 he moved to Pittsburgh, where he became one of the organizers of the Kloman & Berkly Company, tool makers. In 1874, following the great panic of the preceding year, this company failed, but subsequently was reorganized as the Iron City Tool Works, with Christ Konold as superintendent. He remained in that post of responsibility with the company until November, 1888. Christ Konold married Mary Hoveler, who was also born at Frankfort, Germany, and was brought to this country when a girl. She died in 1880.

Their son, George Frank Konold, was born at East Douglas, Massachusetts, June 25, 1864, and from the age of four was at Evergreen, a Pittsburgh suburb, where he attended village schools. At the age of fifteen he was on duty in the plant of the Iron City Tool Works, at first as a helper, then as a hammersmith, and by practical experience acquired a knowledge of every branch of the forge industry. At the time of his father's death in 1888 he was twenty-four years of age, and well equipped and qualified to become his father's successor as superintendent of the plant. That post he filled for twenty-three years.

It was in 1911 that Mr. Konold became identified with the industrial affairs of the City of Warren. He and his brother M. J. Konold, and J. D. Robertson of Pittsburgh organized in that year the Warren Tool and Forge Company. Ground was broken in December of the same year, and the plant was completed and equipped with machinery of Mr. Konold's special design and the first shipment of products was made in June, 1912. Mr. Konold is the practical man of the concern, has his residence in Warren and gives the closest personal supervision to the operations of the industry. He is treasurer and general manager of the company. The president is Mr. Robertson and the vice president is M. J. Konold, both of whom reside at Pittsburgh, where they have other extensive business interests.

Mr. Konold is also president and treasurer of the American Block and Manufacturing Company of Warren, is a director in the Malleable Iron Company of Warren, and a director in the Tri-State Foundry and Machine Company of Wellsburg, West Virginia.

For years he has been a well known figure in the iron and steel industry, is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, and at Warren is actively associated with the Board of Trade, is a member of the advisory board of the Old Colony Club, and is affiliated with the Trumbull Country Club, Warren Rotary Club, and a member of the executive board of the Boy Scouts. He is a life member and past master of Corinthian Lodge of Masons at Pittsburgh, and is also affiliated with Warren Commandery of Knights Templar and Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland.

Mr. Konold is happily married and two of his sons were in uniform during the World war. He married in 1889 Hannah I. Saints. She was born at Allegheny City, now part of Greater Pittsburgh, daughter of William H. and Mary J. (Reynolds) Saints. Her father was a prominent business man and manufacturer of Pittsburgh. The oldest of the three sons of Mr. and Mrs. Konold is George F., Jr., who was born at Pittsburgh, February 2, 1892. He graduated from the Aspinwall High School in Pennsylvania and the Western Reserve University, class of '14, degree of A. B., and in 1917 left his official position as secretary of the Warren Tool & Forge Company, which he had held since 1914, and became a private in the Signal Corps of the United States Army. He attended an officers training school and was commissioned a second lieutenant, but the armistice was signed before he was sent overseas. He is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and Warren Lodge of Elks. His wife was Elizabeth Miller, daughter of Edward G. Miller, manager of the Warren and Niles Telephone Company. They have a daughter Elizabeth Hannah, born October 22, 1919.

The second son, William Saints Konold, born June 1, 1898, left school to enlist in the United States Marine Corps in 1917, and was on active duty for a year and a half on board the battleship Arizona. He is now preparing for college at Saltsburg, Pennsylvania. The youngest son, John Reynolds, was born February 2, 1900, is a graduate of the Warren High School, and is now pursuing a scientific and technical course in the Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland.

HOWARD F. WOLFCALE. Though organized in 1916, the Service Supply Company is one of the most familiar business organizations at Youngstown, and in a space of a few years has become one of the largest concerns handling builders' supplies and coal.

This business, whose plant is at 217 Oak Hill Avenue, has from the first been under the management of Howard F. Wolfcale, who is also secretary and treasurer of the company. The president is E. L. Flad.

Mr. Wolfcale was born in Youngstown, June 28, 1883, son of William and Rebecca (Crum) Wolfcale. His father was born at Youngstown in 1859, and he and his wife are still living here, both active members of the First Christian Church. William Wolfcale has had an active part in local business affairs, formerly having been associated in the lumber business. He is now employed as a pattern maker at the Youngstown foundry. His wife was born in Jackson County, Ohio, and from there her people moved to Indiana and later to Youngstown. William Wolfcale and wife had five children: Howard F.; Charles, connected with the Cadillac Motor Company of Detroit; Delbert, with the Republic Iron and Steel Company; Mabel, wife of Lawrence Eyster; and Ward, a steel worker.

Howard F. Wolfcale acquired his early education at Austintown through the eighth grade, and after leaving school lost no time in getting into real work. For a time he was under L. A. Treat in the engineering department of the Carnegie Steel Company, and for sixteen years was employed on construction at the Ohio Works. For a year he did contracting in cement, road building, sidewalks and paving. Following that in 1916 he became active in the organization of the Service Supply Company. In the

month of August, 1919, this company handled 451 cars of building supplies, coal and other material. One feature of their plant on Oak Hill Avenue is the finest gravity tipple recently installed in Ohio. It is located along the Lake Erie and Eastern tracks, the tipple containing seven bins, each with a capacity for ten cars of coal, the combined capacity being 3,500 tons.

Mr. Wolfcale is a member of the Ohio Builders Exchange, the Youngstown Credit Association, the Mahoning Valley Credit Association and the Youngstown Builders Exchange. In 1907 he married Emily Torrence, daughter of James Torrence, an old timer in the steel industry of Youngstown. Mrs. Wolfcale is a member of the St. John's Church. They have one daughter, Blanche.

William H. Vahey. Many Youngstown people have known William H. Vahey for a quarter of a century or more. They perhaps remember the time when he was down at the bottom of the ladder struggling and working to secure a foothold and earn an honest living. It was in those days of obscure struggle that William H. Vahey laid the foundation of the Vahey Oil Company, a prosperous corporation of which he is president.

He was born at Port Deposit, Maryland, in 1869, a son of Thomas and Katharine (Noon) Vahey. His parents were natives of Ireland and his father was for some years an iron worker in the mills at Youngstown. William H. Vahey secured his education in St. Colomba's parochial school. He refused further school advantages at the age of twelve and went to work in the rolling mills, picking coke out of the cinders. He was paid 30 cents a day for that work. Eventually he was advanced to the rank of puddler, one of the skilled occupations and commanding a high rate of pay at that time.

In 1893 came the financial panic and the general prostration of all the basic industries of the Mahoning Valley. An unmarried man had the greatest difficulty in finding work that would keep him alive. William H. Vahey when unable to secure employment from others created a job of his own. He borrowed $100 from his brother Thomas J. A gold watch which he greatly prized as a gift from his mother he pawned to Sam Phau for a wagon. He paid $10 and used his credit for the rest of the price of a horse and borrowed a set of harness. With this equipment he started his present oil business. He began peddling oil, and did the hardest kind of work developing a trade. When the roads were so bad that he could not get his wagon over them, he carried oil by hand to his customers. He paid his debts. When the trade in oil was slow he peddled produce. He was constantly at work, his mind was constantly filled with ideas, and through all his struggle he built up a reputation for square dealing and in spite of competition succeeded beyond his most sanguine expectations. He was not afraid of hard work, and in the early days he not only drove his own wagon but unloaded cars, and every night he went to bed physically weary.

When after some years he incorporated his business he had two trucks and two wagons, and all that was necessary to secure capital to incorporate was an intimation to some of his friends, when he was supplied abundantly. At the present time the business employs seven trucks and one wagon, and there is a large plant 160 by 200 feet, on Rayen Avenue, and also one in Warren, Ohio. The company maintains nine filling stations, and was the first organization to install curb filling stations in Youngstown. They also do a wholesale business over all of Ohio, and the volume of trade during the past year exceeded $1,000,000. Mr. Vahey is president, J. L. Marsh, vice president and general manager, and E. C. Woods is secretary. The company erected its first tank in 1912 and now has five tanks in Youngstown and four in Warren. Mr. Vahey is also interested in a number of other enterprises and is connected with companies producing oil in Butler County, Pennsylvania, and recently organized the Youngstown Oil Company, an Ohio Corporation operating in Ohio, Kentucky and Texas. He has leased a large tract of land in the Texas oil field for development purposes.

James M. Bane has shown marked circumspection and progressiveness in his real estate operations in Trumbull County, where he established his residence in the spring of 1908. He laid out and developed an important addition to the City of Warren, and is now giving his attention to similar enterprise at Newton Falls, where he maintains his home. His activities have been potent in the furtherance of civic and material advancement, and he is one of the liberal and public-spirited men of Trumbull County.

Mr. Bane was born in Monongalia County, West Virginia, on the 21st of March, 1880, and was there reared to the sturdy discipline of the farm, the while he profited fully by the advantages offered by the public school. He continued his residence in his native state until he came to Ohio and settled on a farm two miles south of Warren. Within the ensuing four years he had sold this property, in small tracts, and he then purchased land one mile south of that city, which tract of seventy-five acres he platted as Banes Subdivision of Warren, the addition extending from Tod Avenue to Highland Avenue. He improved the property, upon which he himself erected several houses, and he still retains possession of a portion of this subdivision. In 1918, with a clear conception of possibilities and demands, Mr. Bane purchased the Peter Butts farm of twenty-five acres, lying partly within the corporate limits of Newton Falls, the house on the place being in the village. Here he established his home and instituted development work on this tract, besides which he became associated with Warren W. Klingerman, of the Albert Nichols tract of forty acres, with the old residence on the place situated within the village limits. The first tract, as duly platted into village lots, was added to Newton Falls under the title of Newton Heights in July, 1918, and all lots have now been sold, with several houses already erected and others in course of erection at the time of this writing. The exploitation of the second tract is being carried forward with equal discrimination and success, and the two enterprises have been of marked value in furthering the progress and general attractiveness of the fine little City of Newton Falls. Mr. Bane was one of the organizers of the recently incorporated building and

Mary E Bane J. M. Bane

loan association at Newton Falls, and is a member of its board of directors.

Mr. Bane is a republican in politics, is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, in which he has passed all of the official chairs, besides having been a representative to the Grand Lodge, and both he and his wife are active in the affairs of the Methodist Episcopal Church, he being a member of its official board.

In October, 1903, Mr. Bane wedded Miss Mary E. Lee, of Noble County, Ohio, and the first of their children, Harold, died in childhood. The five children who lend vitality to the home circle are Chester, William, Eva, James and Audrey.

Edward W. Rosenberger is manager of the interests of the H. W. Johns-Manville Company in the Youngstown district. In an industrial and commercial organization whose business is world wide Mr. Rosenberger has climbed by successive steps in less than eleven years from a clerkship to a leading executive responsibility.

He was born on a farm near Leipsic in Putnam County, Ohio, October 4, 1885, son of Jacob B. and Anna M. (Weaver) Rosenberger. His parents were also natives of Putnam County. His father died in 1898, at the age of forty-four, and his mother in 1893, at the age of thirty-two. Jacob B. Rosenberger during his brief life was a successful farmer and especially interested in raising fine live stock. In other ways he was a man of prominence in Putnam County. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Protestant Church. In earlier years they were of the Dunkard religious faith. Of their six children three are still living: Charles L., who conducts the old homestead farm in Putnam County; Dr. H. C., a physician at Cleveland; and Edward W.

Edward W. Rosenberger attended Crawfis College, taking a preparatory course, and for two years was a country school teacher. For one term he attended the Tri-State Normal College at Angola, Indiana, and later was a pupil in the Ohio State Business College at Ottawa, Ohio. For one year he was engaged in Young Men's Christian Association work at Cleveland, and then entered the purchasing department of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad. About two years later Mr. Rosenberger formed his first connection with the Johns-Manville Company in a clerical capacity. Six months later, in 1908, he was transferred to Youngstown, as representative of the corporation and has had active charge of its business affairs here ever since. He has a territory comprising ten counties in Northeastern Ohio, and the business of the company in this district has reached an enormous and imposing total during the past ten years.

Mr. Rosenberger is a member of the Youngstown Engineering Club, the Builders Exchange and Chamber of Commerce, the Youngstown Country Club and the Rotary Club.

October 12, 1911, he married Margaret M. McCarthy, daughter of James McCarthy of Youngstown. Their two children are Alice Jane and Edward W., Jr.

Frank P. Whiteside. Actively identified with one of the leading industries of this section of the country, Frank P. Whiteside, of Youngstown, is ever busily employed, being manager of the factory branch of the Kelley-Springfield Tire Company, the Youngstown district, of which he has control, being composed of four Ohio counties, Mahoning, Trumbull, Columbiana and Ashtabula, and of six Pennsylvania counties, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer, Venango, Forest and Erie. Having had eighteen years experience with the automobile trade, beginning his work in Charles Gaither's repair shop at the west end of Wood Street, Mr. Whiteside is familiar with motors from A to Z, knowing them up side down and inside out, and knows how to make the parts.

A native of Youngstown, Frank P. Whiteside was born April 13, 1884, his birthplace having been at the corner of Rayen Avenue and Walnut Street. His father was a practising dentist, Dr. T. H. Whiteside, of whom a sketch appears elsewhere in this volume. Acquiring his elementary education in the Wood and Covington Street schools, he entered the Maryland Nautical Academy, where he took a special course in marine engineering, ship architecture and navigation, graduating therefrom with the class of 1904.

Returning home, Mr. Whiteside embarked in the automobile business, and having become somewhat familiar with its details while in the employ of Mr. Gaither, as above mentioned, opened a machine shop on his own account. He subsequently invented a casting machine, which he manufactured for three years, selling them in great numbers during that time. Then, in company with Emile Renner, John Kuntz and Henry Kuntz, Mr. Whiteside organized the City Garage Company, with which he was associated for three years, being located at the corner of Phelps and Front streets. Inventing then a furniture hand truck, he had it patented, and it was afterward manufactured by Homer S. Williams. Mr. Whiteside later took the agency for the Puncture Proof Tire, and handled it successfully until accepting his present responsible position as manager of the manufacturing branch of the Kelley-Springfield Tire Company.

Mr. Whiteside married, December 4, 1913, Miss Edith MacDonald, of Morristown, and into the household thus established three children have made their advent, Thomas Scott, Edith E. and Wilmah Jeanne. Mr. Whiteside is a member of the Youngstown Automobile Club, of the Chamber of Commerce, and has served as vice president of the Kiwanis Club. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian Church, and are liberal contributors towards its support.

Michael Ferrando is a talented young lawyer of Youngstown, and has made good use of his opportunities since entering practice three years ago.

He is a son of Anthony and Gabriele (Marquette) Ferrando, both of whom were born in the Province of Campobasso, Italy. Anthony Ferrando came to the United States when a boy, and for a time worked in the mines near Hubbard, later becoming a farmer in that vicinity. He had done well by his family and was rapidly acquiring a competency when overtaken by death at the age of forty-five. He was a republican, a member of the Catholic Church at Hubbard, and was a leader among his people in that community. His wife came to America at the age of four years, and after his death she became the wife of Marco Antonelli of Youngstown. She died December 4,

1917, at the age of forty-eight. Anthony Ferrando had the following children: Philip, who was a member of the Youngstown police force at the time of his death in February, 1919; Martha, wife of Henry Sammartino, a jeweler on East Federal Street; Michael; Joseph, who was killed by an insane man when six years of age; Cassie, a graduate of the dental department of the University of Pittsburgh and practicing that profession.

Michael Ferrando was born February 12, 1889, and acquired a liberal education. Graduating from the Rayen High School of Youngstown in 1910, he entered Miami University, received his A. B. degree in 1913, and finished his law course in the Cincinnati Law School in 1916. He located for the general practice of law in Youngstown, where he has built up a very creditable practice. His offices are at 820-21 Home Savings & Loan Building. He is a member of the Greek letter fraternity Phi Alpha Delta. Mr. Ferrando resides at Hubbard. He is a republican in politics. June 17, 1915, he married Lena, daughter of Ambrose Wespiser, of Oxford, Ohio.

JOHN NICHOLAS HELTZEL. While his name has been identified with the citizenship of Warren less than a decade, there has grown up in the city, largely as a result of his original genius and executive ability, a large and important industry bearing Mr. Heltzel's name, known as the Heltzel Steel Form & Iron Company, of which he is president and treasurer.

Mr. Heltzel, who possesses the singular combination of inventive talents with constructive business energy, was born on the old Heltzel farm near Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, July 14, 1882. He is a descendant of Nicholas Heltzel, who coming from Germany bought the land now included in the Heltzel homestead, and the old parchment deed, signed by King George of England, is still in the family's possession, as well as the land itself. Jacob Heltzel's History of Adams County, Pennsylvania, states that the old Heltzel home on that farm was built from brick brought over from England, which brick was carted from Philadelphia to the farm, a distance of 104 miles. The old house is still occupied. The farm, seven miles out from Gettysburg, was in the zone of the famous battle of Gettysburg during the Civil war. A description of the deed to the Heltzel homestead contained in a recent issue of a Hanover, Pennsylvania, newspaper, subscribed by William Heltzel, son of Nicholas, states that the writing in the old deed is in most beautiful black ink and legible; the corner and boundary lines are taken from oak trees, streams and rocks; and the deed itself is about two feet long. The Western Maryland Railway and the Lincoln Highway pass through the farm.

Mr. Heltzel's grandfather, Nicholas Heltzel, was born on that farm. He was a man of prominence in his section of Pennsylvania and served two terms in the Pennsylvania Legislature, refusing a third re-election. His wife, a Miss Nepley, was of Scotch-Irish and English stock, and was descended from a titled English family.

Charles Heltzel, son of Nicholas F., was born on the Heltzel farm. He married Elizabeth Felty, a native of Abbottstown, Adams County, Pennsylvania, and daughter of George Felty, a native of the same county. Charles Heltzel and wife are now living at York, Pennsylvania. Charles, the father, was a newspaper man until he retired from active business some years ago.

John Nicholas Heltzel lived on the ancestral farm to the age of eight years, and after that in Abbottstown, where he attended public schools to the age of sixteen. The family then removed to York, where he went to work as an apprentice boilermaker at wages of $2.50 a week. After completing his apprenticeship he went to Baltimore, and while pursuing a course in mechanical engineering at the Maryland Institute he supported himself and earned wages at his regular trade. He was employed in different plants and also in the shipyards at Baltimore until he finished his engineering education.

At the age of twenty-two years Mr. Heltzel was a writer on engineering subjects, contributing articles to technical periodicals, and his work on locomotive boilers was highly commended by W. H. Wood, an engineer of international note and a recognized authority on modern engineering, in a letter to Mr. Heltzel for Mr. Wood written in long hand.

At Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, he had charge of the laying out and development of all plate work in the new mills of the Harrisburg Pipe & Pipe Bending Company, continuing there until the mills were completed. He was next engineer in charge of boilers in the plants of the United States Leather Company, these plants being scattered at different points throughout the country. His next employment was with the Pittsburgh Industrial Iron Works as superintendent, and following that he was assistant general foreman boilermaker of the Erie Railroad, Meadville, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Heltzel on leaving the railway company bought a half interest in the Streator Boiler Company at Streator, Illinois. While there he invented steel forms for various types of concrete construction, and with a practical demonstration of their value and vision of the importance of his invention he sold his interest in the boiler company and gave that company the manufacturing rights on his patented forms in western states for the life of the patent. He then started out to look up a location for establishing a plant for the manufacture of his forms for the eastern market. This investigation was continued for several months and carried him to many of the industrial centers of the East. The City of Warren presented to him the most convincing arguments as a site for his proposed industry, and incidentally he became assured of the wonderful industrial future for the entire Mahoning Valley. In October, 1913, Mr. Heltzel bought the plant of the Vulcan Furnace Company, recently built, and during the early months of 1914 equipped the plant with the necessary machinery and began business under the name Heltzel Steel Form & Iron Works. The business began on a sure foundation and by 1915 the accumulation of orders made it necessary to increase the size of the plant. During that year Mr. Heltzel bought the form business, including the machinery and the other interests controlled by the Streator Boiler Company, handling the western territory, and concentrated all the equipment at Warren. Further additions were made to the machinery equipment in 1915 and also some minor

J. H. Kelly

improvements in the plant technique. In 1916 the Heltzel Steel Form & Iron Company was incorporated with the personnel of its executives as follows: J. N. Heltzel, president and treasurer; F. O. Heltzel, vice president and M. C. Boyd, secretary. W. E. Calderwood later succeeded Mr. Boyd as secretary.

With the entrance of America into the war almost the entire organization was turned over to Government work. At the beginning about half of the plant's capacity was devoted to the manufacture of steel forms used to facilitate the rapid construction of Government work. In order to render a maximum service to the Government the rest of the plant was devoted to the fabrication of ship work for the Emergency Fleet Corporation. The plant also manufactured for the Government gun slides and loading platforms for sixteen-inch guns, and constructed steel tanks for the navy department.

In order to increase the output of war materials the company bought the plant of the Newton Falls Construction Company, and this was operated as the Heltzel Steel Form & Iron Company until after the signing of the armistice. With the disposal of the final contracts for Government work, and owing to the inconvenience of operating two plants, the company determined to sell the one at Newton Falls. Its purchaser was Mr. John Heltzel in person, who at once organized and incorporated the Ohio Structural Steel Company, of which he is president; and this has continued as a highly successful business.

While the facilities of the Heltzel Steel Form and Iron Company were increased 100 per cent in 1917, a similar duplication had to be made as a result of tremendous increase of business by 1919. At present the plant covers three acres of ground and 125 skilled men comprise the labor pay roll. Besides making the steel forms the company manufactures steel tanks, stacks and general plate construction. The products are shipped to the Atlantic on the East and the Pacific on the West, and the output is generally used by practically all important contractors in concrete construction work both in the United States and Canada.

Mr. Heltzel is also vice president, and a director of the Columbian Home Building Company, the company building the new home for the Knights of Columbus at Warren. Besides looking after his industrial plant he served on different committees in charge of war work, including Liberty Loan committees, Welfare organizations, Savings Stamps, and was identified with the splendid work done by the Warren Automobile Club. He was especially active in raising funds for the prosecution of the war activities of the Knights of Columbus. He is treasurer of the Warren Council of the Knights of Columbus, a member of the Warren Rotary Club, Warren Board of Trade, Ohio Manufacturers Association and National Association of Manufacturers, and he and his family are members of St. Mary's Parish. Mr. Heltzel is also financially interested in the Hotel Warner. Mr. Heltzel has never used tobacco or intoxicating liquors.

He married Miss Mabel Coffman, of Erie, Pennsylvania, daughter of Hart and Sarah (Heintz) Coffman. They are the parents of four children, John Nicholas, Jr., Carl, Paul and Mary.

Frank Parmelee Wick. Industrially the foundation of Youngstown is the coal and iron business, and with both branches of that great industry Frank Parmelee Wick was closely identified through almost his entire lifetime.

Mr. Wick was born in Youngstown, November 3, 1847, a son of Daniel Johnson and Emeline (Griffith) Wick. While he lingered long enough in the public schools to acquire a substantial education, he was doing for himself at the early age of thirteen. He had practically every phase of experience in coal mining and iron milling. From the coal mines he was made superintendent of the Mahoning Valley Mill, but later resumed business as a coal operator and was associated with a number of capitalists and with enterprises that were then vital in the history and progress of the Youngstown district.

Mr. Wick died October 30, 1900, at the comparatively early age of fifty-three. He was a strong republican in politics but never held office.

December 10, 1874, he married Miss Emma E. Powers, daughter of Milton and Lucy (Silliman) Powers. Her grandfather, Abraham Powers, was a Scotch-Irishman who founded his family in Eastern Ohio in earliest pioneer times, settling in the deep woods that then covered the site of Youngstown and clearing a farm from the wilderness. His agricultural efforts were carried on on land that subsequently became the site of some of the steel and iron plants of Youngstown.

Frank P. Wick and wife had five children: Caroline, born October 10, 1876, and died at the age of 2½ years; Milton Powers, born November 11, 1878, who is employed in the Carnegie plant of the United States Steel Corporation of Youngstown, Ohio, as is also his brother, Frank J.; Frank Johnson, born November 5, 1880; Ella Louise, born October 13, 1883, now secretary of the Youngstown Chapter of the Red Cross, and served overseas in the base hospital for two years; and Lucy, born June 10, 1889, and died March 3, 1903.

James L. Wick, Jr. Possessing many of the striking business abilities associated with the family name James L. Wick, Jr., while interested in Youngstown's basic industry, iron and steel, has been chiefly identified with the ice industry, and has been the virtual head of that business in the Mahoning Valley for a number of years. At one time he served as president of the Middle State Ice Producers' Exchange.

He was born at Youngstown January 28, 1883. The story of his father, for whom he was named, is given appropriate space on other pages of this publication.

Mr. Wick was reared and educated in Youngstown, and after leaving the Rayen High School entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Boston, where he was graduated as a mechanical engineer in 1906. He is therefore not only a practical business man, but one of thorough technical training and experience. For one year after leaving college he served as assistant to the master mechanic, and another as assistant to the chief engineer for the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. He left that industry to become manager of the Crystal Ice

& Storage Company, and has been one of the leading officials in that organization for the past ten years, serving as secretary and treasurer. On July 1, 1918, he again resumed work with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company as special agent. On May 1, 1919, he became a partner and is now secretary of the Falcon Bronze Company.

Mr. Wick has served as president of the Youngstown Council of the Boy Scouts of America, of which he is now vice president. He is also former president of the Youngstown Association of Credit Men, a former director of the Chamber of Commerce, a member of the Rotary Club and Youngstown Club, and is now a trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association and secretary of the sinking fund commission of the Youngstown City School District. Mr. Wick is also a member of the American Iron & Steel Institute and the Youngstown Engineers' Club. In 1908 he married Clare Mary Dryer, of Terre Haute, Indiana. They have two children, Warner Arms and Mary.

JOHN P. O'ROURKE. An amply financed and ably managed business house of Youngstown is the Peoples Furniture Company, the vice president of which is John P. O'Rourke, formerly sergeant in Company C, Forty-seventh United States Infantry, that helped turn the tide of battle at St. Mihiel and Argonne Woods, France, during the darkest days of the great war. In addition to being a brave and sacrificing soldier Mr. O'Rourke has many business triumphs to his credit.

John P. O'Rourke was born at Niles, Ohio, March 29, 1893, a son of James J. and Catherine (O'Connell) O'Rourke, the latter of whom died May 10, 1906. The mother of Mr. O'Rourke was born at Niles, but the father was born in Canada. He lives at Niles, where he is assistant superintendent of the Warren City Tank & Boiler Works.

In the parochial and public schools at Niles John P. O'Rourke obtained his education, and after passing through the high school supplemented his acquirements by a business course in a commercial college at Youngstown, from which he was graduated in 1914. He immediately entered the employ of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, where he continued until he entered military service, and after a short period of training was sent with the American Expeditionary Force to France. As noted above, Sergeant O'Rourke went through what history will always call "A baptismal of fire," during which comrades fell all around him to rise no more, while he was carried from the field with three machine gun bullets in his body. He received his honorable discharge May 23, 1919.

After a period of recuperation Mr. O'Rourke felt ready to resume business, and identified himself with the Peoples Furniture Company as office man and salesman. In September, 1919, in recognition of his business qualities of a high order, he became vice president of the company and a member of the Board of Directors. The business is in a prosperous condition, and under Mr. O'Rourke's progressive leadership undoubtedly will further expand.

On May 22, 1918, Mr. O'Rourke was united in marriage to Miss Mary Lyden, who is a daughter of William G. and Bridget E. (Burke) Lyden, the latter of whom survives and lives at Youngstown. The father of Mrs. O'Rourke died at Youngstown in 1915, where he had lived for forty years, being a pioneer mill man. Mrs. O'Rourke is a capable business woman, and in September, 1919, was elected secretary and treasurer of the Peoples Furniture Company. She is a graduate of the Immaculate Conception College at Youngstown. Both Mr. and Mrs. O'Rourke are faithful members of the Roman Catholic Church, and Mr. O'Rourke belongs to the Knights of Columbus. They are very highly esteemed both in business and social circles.

PAUL H. MCELEVEY, who is secretary and assistant trust officer of the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, has enjoyed some very active and confidential associations with local industries and financial corporations of Youngstown, where he has lived the greater part of his life.

Mr. McElevey was born at New Castle, Pennsylvania, February 25, 1872, son of Gustavus H. and Sarah J. (Bonnell) McElevey. His mother was the oldest daughter of William Bonnell, the pioneer iron manufacturer of the Mahoning Valley, and whose career is adequately sketched on other pages. Gustavus H. McElevey was an architect by profession, and in the earlier part of his career did much important building work in Philadelphia. On account of ill health he abandoned the architectural profession, and going West became a coal operator in the great bituminous district at Brazil, Indiana, where he lived until his death in 1878. His widow and her four children soon afterward removed to Youngstown, where she lived until her death in 1913.

Paul H. McElevey was about seven years of age when he came to Youngstown and finished his education here in the public schools. He also attended a preparatory school one year. His first banking experience was employment as a collector in the Mahoning Bank. Later he became shipping clerk for the old Youngstown Rolling Mill, now the upper mill of the Carnegie Company. Following that he was bookkeeper of the old Second National Bank, and for two years was associated with the Port Royal Coal Company at the American Sault in Upper Michigan.

On his return to Youngstown in 1900 Mr. McElevey entered the service of the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, with which he remained ten years. He then joined the Wick Brothers Trust Company which was absorbed about a year later by the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, and this brought Mr. McElevey back to the service of the latter corporation, which he is now serving as secretary and assistant trust officer.

Mr. McElevey is a member of the Youngstown and the Youngstown Country clubs, and is a member of the First Presbyterian Church. Politically he is a republican. July 26, 1919, he married Mrs. Eva (Little) Carpenter.

CHARLES F. WALKER. The late Charles F. Walker, who died at his home in Youngstown November 3, 1919, had exemplified during a long and active career a life of service in varying business capacities. He

possessed the ability to do anything he undertook well, and he also enjoyed the esteem and confidence of a large circle of friends.

Mr. Walker, who lived in Youngstown from 1862, was born in Upper Phalanx, Portage County, Ohio, June 3, 1848, son of John B. and Ellen (Whiteley) Walker. His parents were both born in Yorkshire, England, and came to the United States when young people. They were married in Illinois. John B. Walker was a master in all branches of woolen manufacture. As a youth he had learned the weaver's trade. He lived at Newton Falls, Phalanx, Leavittsburg, and in the early sixties came to Youngstown. He operated the old woolen mill on the canal, about the present site of the Baltimore and Ohio freight depot. Subsequently he moved this plant to Girard, Ohio, where it was operated under his management for some time. John B. Walker was an excellent business man, and also exemplified many personal traits that endeared him to his community. He was a great student of co-operation, and possessing an even temper was never known to quarrel. He died while on a business trip to Akron, Ohio, and was survived by his widow a number of years. They were the parents of seven children, and the five to reach mature years were Eli B., Charles F., William A., Mary E., wife of William P. Prindle, and Samuel B.

Charles F. Walker acquired his education in the public schools of Youngstown, including the Rayen High School, and lived at home and worked in his father's woolen mill until about twenty-four years of age. Then followed a varied experience as clerk in a dry goods store and shoe store, as shipping clerk for the Erie Railroad at the Brown-Bonnell plant, and for three years as a railway mail clerk. For about two or three years he was engaged in the limestone business at Moravia, Pennsylvania, and on returning to Youngstown he became cashier for the Home Gas Fuel Company. For about ten years he was a salesman for the Ohio Powder Company. During the later years of his life, from May, 1901, Mr. Walker gave most of his time to his duties as business agent for the Wick estate, being manager of the Federal Building at Youngstown, and also collector for the Wick Building. He was known to all his associates in business as a man of sterling integrity, and possessed a genial and hearty disposition. He was affiliated with Western Star Lodge No. 21, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and Youngstown Lodge No. 55, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

November 15, 1872, Mr. Walker married Miss Leulu McElhaney, daughter of Samuel McElhaney, a prominent old time resident of Youngstown. Mrs. Walker is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and has given her time unselfishly to philanthropic work and to the general good of her community.

THOMAS E. ANTONELLI is one of the prominent and popular younger members of the Youngstown bar, and has been in active practice for four years, a time sufficient to demonstrate his thorough talents and abilities.

Mr. Antonelli, who is one of the best educated young men in Youngstown, was born in this city August 14, 1890, son of Marco and Giovina Antonelli. Marco Antonelli was one of the first Italians to locate in Youngstown, and has always been a leader of his fellow countrymen in this vicinity. He was born in Italy in 1857 and came to Youngstown in 1873. His first employment here was in the Brown-Bonnell steel plant, in which he rose to the position of foreman. Later he was in the grocery business, finally in the Foreign Exchange Bank, and is now living retired with an ample competency. He has shown splendid business ability, and in many ways has guided and counselled his fellow countrymen to their good and for the good of the community. He is a liberal in his views, has been a leader in the republican party, and a thorough believer in education. He has given his own children the best advantages to be had, and also well educated the children of his second wife by a former husband. Marco Antonelli was possessed only of a good spirit and physical strength when he came to America. He returned to Italy for his bride and she lived at Youngstown until her death on January 4, 1896. In 1898 he married Gabriele Ferrando, who died in 1917. His four children by his first marriage were: Christina, wife of Gelsie Passarelli, a Youngstown business man; Josephine, wife of Carman Milano, formerly in business for himself, now associated with the Republic Rubber Works; Rocco M., a physician and surgeon at Akron, Ohio, who for one year was night surgeon at Speers Memorial Hospital in Dayton; and Thomas E.

Thomas E. Antonelli first attended the Front Street School, graduated from the Rayen High School in 1910, and took his college work in Miami University, where he completed the four years' course in three years and received his A. B. degree in 1913. Mr. Antonelli entered the Yale University Law School, and graduated LL. B. in 1916. One of his instructors at Yale was former President Taft.

Mr. Antonelli married September 5, 1918, Mary Adovasio, daughter of Louis Adovasio, a prominent Youngstown business man whose name is mentioned elsewhere. They have one son, Edward Marcus. Mr. Antonelli is an Elk, and with his family is a member of the Lady of Mount Carmel Catholic Church. Mr. Antonelli has been an instructor in the Young Men's Christian Association (night) Law School for one year. He is a great believer in education, law and order, and has wielded an influence for good in the Italian colony of Youngstown.

FRANK W. POWERS. The Powers family was one of the earliest to establish homes in the Youngstown District, and through the individual representatives of several generations it has been a family of striking commercial ability and of the soundest achievement in local industrial and public affairs.

The founder of the family in Ohio was Abraham Powers, who was intimately associated with the founder of Youngstown, John Young, in making the preliminary surveys for the town, and he is also credited with building the original grist mill in the Mahoning Valley. While engaged in those pioneer enterprises he retained his home in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, but became a resident of Youngstown in 1801, locating on the Salts Spring Road.

A grandson of this interesting pioneer character

was Milton Powers, who was born at Powers Hill, now West Mahoning Avenue, October 14, 1811. For many years he was a substantial farmer and stock raiser, and his business affairs in the buying and shipping of livestock extended over the mountains to Eastern markets. He was a well known "drover," and was regularly engaged in the business of taking his horses and cattle by the overland roads to market before the era of railroads. He also operated a mine on the old Powers homestead, known as the Powers Coal Company. He died at Powers Hill December 25, 1885. February 14, 1841, he married Lucy Silliman, daughter of Abijah and Naomi Silliman, who came from Connecticut to the Western Reserve about 1810. Mrs. Milton Powers died March 3, 1893.

Frank W. Powers, one of the eleven children of Milton Powers, was born at the family homestead in Youngstown June 8, 1860, and after getting his education in the public schools became actively associated in the coal industry with the old Valley Mill and later with the Hubbard Mill. He operated the old Leadville Coal Mine, which had been practically abandoned, and made this a paying proposition. The last fifteen years of his life he was devoted to the coal business. For a number of years he was a local representative for one of the largest coal companies of Western Pennsylvania and Ohio. As a real estate man he handled largely the property of the Powers estate, much of it without a change of title from the original acquisition from the Government until sold by him. Mr. Powers was a prominent republican and a member of an old Presbyterian family. He was a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club, Chamber of Commerce and was deeply interested in everything that pertained to the advancement of his home city.

June 29, 1882, he married Miss Lida M. Ward, who was born and reared at Niles, Ohio, daughter of Duncan and Pamelia Medbury Ward. Mrs. Powers' maternal grandfather was Asel Medbury, one of the pioneer settlers of the Mahoning Valley. To the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Powers were born three children: Charles, Helen and Laura.

Harry Levinson was born February 14, 1881, in England, being a son of Wolfe and Sarah Levinson. His father coming from abroad, settled in Philadelphia with his family when Harry Levinson was eleven years of age, and it was here that Mr. Levinson obtained his first business experience. Seven years later the family located in Columbus, and about this period Harry Levinson started out to gain the broad experience of worldly contact, eventually joining the Forepaugh-Sells Circus as publicity man. Five years later he became identified with the Grand Opera House at Youngstown in publicity work, and finally assumed the managership of the original Dome Theater.

Subsequently Mr. Levinson developed a business project for a chain of motion picture theaters, but owing to the failure of associates to consummate arrangements, he was without position and finances. However, the trait of making the best of all circumstances, a dominant characteristic of Mr. Levinson, asserted itself and securing two diamonds in a chamois bag, he began a new career as jeweler.

He opened his first business headquarters in a small office space on the second floor at 101 West Federal Street, and a few months later engaged a front office of his own, which proved to be the foundation of his later brilliant success, advancing step by step until 1916, when he opened his first jewelry store at 27 North Phelps Street.

Dame fortune, ever gracious in her recognition of merit, continued to smile upon Mr. Levinson, and four years later his business growth necessitated more adequate quarters and he opened his present store at 102 West Federal Street, which jewelry store is now recognized as comparing favorably with the most noted jewelry stores of the country. Mr. Levinson is now known nationally as a prominent jeweler, as a connoisseur and authority upon precious stones, and more especially diamonds.

Public-spirited and a citizen with tremendous civic pride, he early became identified with all progressive municipal movements, and notwithstanding his ever increasing business success he never disassociated himself from community needs and was a conspicuous figure in all things calculated to make Youngstown a better city. He has been a dominant figure in the success of all the large financial campaigns in Youngstown, having eminently contributed to the success of the campaigns for such institutions as the Young Men's Christian Association, Young Women's Christian Association, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Red Cross, and during the war he was prominently identified with every Liberty Loan drive.

Mr. Levinson is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and a past director, and has been a member of many important committees of that body. He is a director of the Children's Service Bureau, an executive member of the Soldiers' Memorial Committee, a member of the War Chest Council, a member of the Community Corporation Council, a director of the Red Cross, vice president of the Youngstown Association of Boy Scouts of America, a trustee of the Rodef Sholem Congregation, and is a recognized leader in Jewish activities in Youngstown.

On March 19, 1903, Mr. Levinson married Miss Blanche Liebman, great-granddaughter of Jacob Spiegle, the first Hebrew settler in Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. Levinson have one son, Ritter, born in 1904.

William W. McKeown. The riches of a lovable character and a gifted personality were the source of the great community esteem which came to William W. McKeown through his active life to inspire the deep and loving memory for his name. Probably no man ever enjoyed more thoroughly the pleasures of fellowship and friendship than Mr. McKeown. It was this happy gift and his own charming personality that made his business as a pioneer druggist secondary to the importance of his store as almost a social and club center of the city.

For many years he was head of the well known drug firm of Manning & McKeown. Mr. McKeown was born at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, May 17, 1836, and died at Youngstown August 16, 1904. He had lived in Northeastern Ohio from the age of seven, and became a resident of Youngstown when about twenty years of age. He was first employed as a clerk in the drug store of M. T. Jewell, but one

Hon. Jeremiah Trask

year later entered the services of Dr. John Manning in a similar capacity. In 1863 he and Henry Manning formed the drug partnership of Manning & McKeown, but eventually he became sole owner of the business.

This drug store, on West Federal Street, was the favorite resort for many of the prominent men in professional and business life, and its social atmosphere was more appreciated than that of many clubs. Mr. McKeown himself was the wit and soul of the goodly company that assembled there. He loved to have his friends about him, and many were drawn to his store by the irresistible quality of his cheerfulness and humor. He possessed an unswerving honor, and his life was marked by upright conduct in relations with his fellow citizens and public spirit for the good of the community. As would be expected of a man of his type, he was extremely considerate of others, and had a sympathy that made him constantly generous in relieving the suffering and troubles of others. For all his devotion to business and his friends he was essentially a home man, and had few outside interests beyond his store and his home. He was a republican in politics.

For a number of years he conducted the Opera House in Youngstown. The community owes to him the influence which brought to Youngstown the Thomas Orchestra at the height of its fame as a musical organization. In former years whenever a picture was painted on the easel of a local artist or a famous picture sent here for exposition, the work was usually placed in the windows of the Manning & McKeown store. T. J. Nichol, artist, had his studio above the store. Orchardson, an English artist, and Crawford, the best portrait artist probably this country ever produced, held exhibitions in the store.

October 14, 1858, Mr. McKeown married Miss Adeline Powers, daughter of John Wesley and Miranda (Gee) Powers. They had a family of six children: William W., Jr., who married Helen Hartzell and has one child, William W.; Robert Burns; Myra; Ella, deceased, who married John Aubrey Wright, and had two children, Adeline Ford and John Aubrey, Jr.; Maud, who married Bernard L. Lee, deceased, had one child, Eleanor McKeown; and Theodora, who is single.

Robert J. Nicholson is a member of the firm Nicholson & Warnock, both able lawyers, and constituting a firm handling some of the most important practice in the Mahoning Valley. Mr. Nicholson had a very thorough and varied training in business affairs before he took up the profession of law, and that experience had much to do with his success in his profession.

Mr. Nicholson was born at Brookville, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, January 21, 1878, and was named for his grandfather. The Nicholson family has lived for a century and a half in Western Pennsylvania. His great-grandparents were Robert and Elizabeth Nicholson, both natives of Westmoreland County, where Robert was born in 1782. Robert J. Nicholson, grandfather of the Youngstown lawyer, was born in Westmoreland County February 6, 1823, and for many years was actively engaged in the lumber business. He represented his district in the Pennsylvania Legislature during 1856-57. When the Civil war came on he became a first lieutenant in Company B of the One Hundred and Fifth Pennsylvania Infantry, and was quartermaster of his regiment and acting brigade quartermaster. His oldest son, Barton A. was killed in the second battle of Bull Run. Robert J. Nicholson of Youngstown is a son of James D. and Sadie (Schubert) Nicholson. His father was also in the lumber business at Brookville, Pennsylvania, where he died in 1912.

Robert J. Nicholson lived in Brookville until he was about twelve years of age, when he entered the high school at Warren, Pennsylvania, and continued until graduating. On coming to Youngstown in 1897 he was employed in a clerical capacity for the old Brown-Bonnell Iron Company in the office at the foot of Champion Street. In 1902 he removed to Mansfield, Ohio, as secretary to James A. Leonard, former superintendent of the city schools of Youngstown and then superintendent of the Mansfield Reformatory. After eighteen months Mr. Nicholson went to Chicago as private secretary to John C. Stubbs, then traffic director of the Harriman Railroad.

After nearly ten years of experience in confidential business relationship Mr. Nicholson returned to Youngstown in 1906 and began the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1911, and at first was a member of the firm Hine, Kennedy and Manchester. In 1914 he was appointed first county assistant prosecutor, and on leaving those duties in 1917 became a member of the firm Nicholson & Warnock.

Mr. Nicholson is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is a member of the Odd Fellows Club, is a republican, and a member of the Brown Memorial Methodist Church.

September 21, 1905, he married Miss Barbara Henderson, daughter of William and Justina (McKenzie) Henderson. They have one daughter, Jane.

The Hughes Family. For nearly forty years the Hughes family has been identified with the growth and development of the Mahoning Valley, and the family industry and character has been impressed upon the community so as to justify some brief record of the worthy people of that name.

In 1881 Roland Stanley and Catherine (Jones) Hughes located at Girard and a year later moved to Youngstown. Roland S. Hughes was a merchant tailor and enjoyed many congenial business associations with the people of Youngstown for a number of years. He and his wife had the following children: Catherine, born September 21, 1876, at Alliance, Ohio, is now Mrs. Albert Dye, of Michigan; John, born October 8, 1878, is a resident of Youngstown; Evan, born December 20, 1890, is an electrician at Youngstown; Ella, born February 21, 1892, is the wife of Joseph Humphrey, of Youngstown.

The family are members of the Elm Street Congregational Church. Politically they have usually acted and voted as republicans. Mrs. Catherine Hughes is a daughter of John and Ellen (Jones) Jones. Her parents spent all their lives in Wales, where her father was a farmer and stock raiser. John Jones and wife had the following children: Evan E., who became a Pittsburgh contractor and died three years ago and is buried at Youngstown; Robert, a farmer in Wales; Catherine, who came

to the United States in April, 1872, and first lived at Pittsburgh; Richard, a mason contractor at Pittsburgh; William, a resident of Chicago; Ellen, who died in Wales; John and Owen, twins, both deceased; and Margaret, deceased.

Mrs. Hughes has been the witness of many remarkable developments in the Mahoning Valley since she came here, and is esteemed as one of the real pioneer women of Youngstown.

John Henry Chalmer Lyon, whose home is at Poland, has been an active member of the Youngstown bar for the past fourteen years, and in that time he has achieved a distinctive reputation over the Mahoning Valley as a jury trial lawyer.

Mr. Lyon was born at Clarkson in Columbiana County December 10, 1878, son of Marcena and Hannah (Lewis) Lyon. One of his brothers is Arthur M. Lyon of Struthers, and another brother, H. O. Lyon, is well known in Youngstown business life. His grandfather, John Lyon, was a first cousin of the famous General Lyon, the hero of the battle of Wilson's Creek in the Civil war. Through his mother Mr. Lyon is connected with another line of interesting ancestry, leading to the Young family. Philip Young was the last surviving Revolutionary soldier at Mount Jackson, Pennsylvania, where he was buried. A sister of Philip Young married a Mr. Lewis, and their children were Philip, Clark, Robert, John, James Lewis, Beckie, wife of William Pitzer; Jane, wife of Peter Hipple; Christiana, wife of John Brown; and Hannah and Catherine, both of whom married brothers of the name of Ghost, but they died in comparatively young age. Mr. Lewis was a builder of stone bridges on the Pennsylvania Railroad from Pittsburg to Lucas, Ohio. He was at one time an associate contractor with the father of Mark Hanna. Philip Young, the Revolutionary soldier, was a relative of John Young, founder of Youngstown. The Mr. Lewis who married Miss Young was a cousin of Merriweather Lewis of the Lewis and Clark expedition. He expected to join that expedition, but sickness intervened and prevented. He had settled at Beaver Point, Pennsylvania, where he lost his lands through defective title. All the Lewis sons were soldiers in the Civil war. The only survivor is Stephen Lewis, now of Oklahoma, who recently attended a national G. A. R. encampment. He had enlisted at Clarkson in Columbiana County. He was captured, but on the way to Andersonville made his escape and was from fifteen to twenty days in getting back to the Union lines. The house he built in 1856 is the present home of the grandmother of J. H. C. Lyon. Her name was Elizabeth Thomas, and she is now ninety-six years of age. Her present family name is Altdoerffer, and some reference to this remarkable woman is found in a sketch under that name. Stephen Lewis, who was a great-uncle of the Youngstown lawyer, at one time owned the canal boat Declaration, which he operated on the canal to Youngstown.

John H. C. Lyon grew up at New Waterford, Ohio, attended Mount Hope College and the Northeast Ohio Normal College at Canfield, and at the age of sixteen began a career as teacher. For several years he was in school work, and for two years was principal of the Canfield village schools. He was principal of the second ward schools at Alliance. He began the study of law in the office of J. F. Johnson at New Waterford, and subsequently attended the law school of the Ohio Normal University at Ada. Mr. Lyon was admitted to the bar in June, 1906, and for a time practiced with his brother Everett L. at Palestine. On December 10, 1906, he came to Youngstown, and began his career with hardly enough capital to pay his board. While serving his novitiate and establishing a reputation he had a partnership with David G. Jenkins and Clyde Osborn, which was continued until Jenkins was nominated for city solicitor. Mr. Lyon for a time lived in an attic at Struthers, and ate his meals at Cable's restaurant, getting two sandwiches for 9 cents. About that time his brother Walter I. Lyon was admitted to the bar and joined him. They practiced with Mr. Henderson, and when Henderson was elected prosecuting attorney in 1912 Walter became his assistant. Beginning in 1913, Mr. Lyon was in the firm of Lyon & Hammond, his partner being G. F. Hammond for three years. His present law partnership is Lyon, Matthews, Wall & Miller, his associates being I. G. Matthews, Clinton J. Wall and Ralph Miller.

While his is a general practice Mr. Lyon has had much experience in municipal law and particularly has shown his ability in jury trials. A case that attracted wide attention was his defense of Begola, tried for the murder of B. O. Shulman, a Youngstown lawyer. The case was bitterly fought and Mr. Lyon got his client off with a verdict for manslaughter on defense of temporary insanity.

Mr. Lyon has always been active in politics. As a student of political, economic and social issues he became attracted to the wonderful program of the progressive party in 1912, and did his first stump speaking in that campaign. He has since taken part in republican campaigns, working side by side with Hiram Johnson, Roosevelt and other leaders, and in 1916 spoke with a party of notables, including Governor Willis, Mr. Hughes and Vice President Fairbanks. He was a member of the State Republican Central Committee in 1912, but when the split came, resigned with nine others. He was for thirteen years attorney for the City of Struthers, but resigned in February, 1920. During that period he devoted much time and effort to the interests of the city. For nine years he was attorney for Lowellville, for two years was attorney for East Youngstown, and for five or six years was attorney for Poland, serving as attorney for several at the same time. Mr. Lyon is affiliated with the Masons, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and Elks, and is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

June 1, 1910, he married Lucille C. Strong, daughter of Ashley E. and Anna (Malmsberry) Strong, of North Benton, Ohio. They have one child, Ashley Marcena, born October 11, 1913.

Robert McClelland Winter, secretary of the Youngstown Real Estate Board, gives to that organization not only the service of a widely experienced real estate man, but an advertising spe-

cialist, former newspaper publisher and editor, and a man with a real gift of publicity and literary attractiveness.

Mr. Winter was born at New Bedford, Pennsylvania, April 23, 1867, a son of Rev. T. W. and Mary (Woods) Winter. His father, who was a minister of the United Presbyterian Church, was born in Xenia, Ohio, in 1824, and was educated in Franklin College and in a theological seminary. He was active in the ministry for half a century, beginning in 1848. He was an associate and personal friend of the senior Doctor Frazier, well known as a historical character in the Mahoning Valley in pioneer times. Rev. T. W. Winter died at New Castle, Pennsylvania, April 15, 1901. During the Civil war he was a member of the Reserves, but was never called to active duty. He married a daughter of Dr. Robert McClelland, of Mount Jackson, Pennsylvania, and sister of the late Adjutant General McClelland of Pennsylvania, a member of the Loyal Legion, who by will passed his honors and membership in the Loyal Legion to his namesake, Robert McClelland Winter, and the latter prizes very highly his associate companionship in the Loyal Legion. Mrs. T. W. Winter was born September 25, 1840, and is still living at New Castle, Pennsylvania. She is the mother of three children: Robert McClelland, the subject of this article; Elizabeth, who lives with her mother; and Wallace W., who died February 5, 1912, at the age of forty-three.

Robert McClelland Winter acquired his primary education at Jamestown, Pennsylvania, under Doctor Abbott, and spent three years in Oberlin College. He did his first practical newspaper work at Omaha, in which city he spent two years. He was with the World Herald when W. J. Bryan was city editor. He was also connected with the Omaha Bee. Another year he was in Denver on the Rocky Mountain News, and for three years was editor of the New Castle News in Pennsylvania. For eighteen months Mr. Winter was editor of the Marion (Ohio) Transcript, and during that time came very close to the late Senator Hanna, and had some part in the Bushnell-Foraker controversy which is well remembered in Ohio politics. For two years Mr. Winter was assistant to George W. Dunn, manager of the Daily Citizen at Columbus.

Mr. Winter acquired his early real estate experience with the Union Realty Company of Pittsburgh, a company that subsequently developed into the Iron City Trust Company, a $2,000,000 corporation. Mr. Winter was manager of its savings department from 1902 to 1906. Following this he was publicity manager of the Land Trust Company until 1909, and then took charge of the publicity campaign and other interests of the Florida Association. It was the Florida Association that developed St. Petersburg and Pinillas Park on Pinillas Peninsula in Florida, selling 1,000 ten-acre farms on the peninsula. Mr. Winter for some time was located at Detroit as manager of publicity and director of sales for the Webster-Oliver-Streeter Company. On January 1, 1918, Mr. Winter came to Youngstown, and has been busily engaged in real estate and advertising work. He is author of a number of advertising pamphlets and booklets which stand as the finest example of advertising art. Besides his literary ability he has a real genius for organization and promotion work. He has used his influence effectively toward securing better housing conditions in the Youngstown industrial district. Mr. Winter is a republican, a Mason and a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

December 9, 1909, he married Edna May, daughter of Samuel K. Dunkle, superintendent of the Wheeling & Benwood Railroad, a subsidiary of the National Tube Company.

James M. Modarelli is a well known Youngstown lawyer and has many diversified interests in the city. He is also prominent in business, being president of the McGuffey Realty Company and president of the Youngstown Wire and Iron Company.

Though a resident of Ohio nearly all his life he was born in the Village of Colbraro, Province of Potenza, Italy, May 8, 1889. About six months after his birth, in December, his parents, Joseph and Louisa (Carbone) Modarelli, set out for America. Joseph Modarelli for twenty-nine years was a hard working employe of A. M. Byers & Company in the Girard Iron plant. He and his wife are faithful members of the Catholic Church. Their six children are: Anthony, a chemist with the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company; Patrick, a clerk with A. M. Byers & Company; Mary, wife of Stephen S. Sferra, who is in the socket shop of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube plant; Isabella and Joseph, Jr., at home.

James M. Modarelli was a leader in his studies and among his fellow students of the Girard High School, being manager of both the baseball and football teams. He learned the trade of barber and followed it several years. A speech by W. J. Bryan awoke in him aspirations and ambitions for a larger and broader career of usefulness. He was supplied with books of an historical nature by Doctor Williams, and has been a constant reader and student ever since. Work at his trade enabled him to enroll as a student in the University of Michigan, and he earned much of his college expenses as a barber. He received the well-earned degree LL. B. from the law department in 1911, and for the past eight years has enjoyed a steadily increasing practice at Youngstown. He has done much corporation and commercial law work, and has also represented the interests of many of his fellow countrymen.

October 3, 1912, he married Mary Mango, daughter of Gaetano Mango. They have one son, James M., Jr., and a daughter, Lucile Marie. Gaetano Mango is a successful contractor, and was a member of the firm which completed the notable piece of re-enforced concrete construction known as the Milton Dam. His home is at Niles, Ohio, the birthplace of Mrs. Modarelli. Mr. Modarelli and family are members of Mount Carmel Catholic Church at Niles. He is a member of the Elks and Knights of Columbus.

William E. Beadling, a resident of Youngstown for the past twelve years, and at present secretary and a director of the Valley Investment Company, was born at McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania, July 24, 1888. He is one of ten children, of whom nine are

still living, born to the marriage of James H. Beadling and Martha Doubt. Thomas Beadling, the father of James H., was a native of England, and immigrated to the United States as a young man, becoming a miner in the Pennsylvania coal fields. He was married in this country to Ann McIntosh who was a native of Scotland, but had lived in England prior to coming to America.

James H. Beadling was reared in Pennsylvania and from early manhood was identified with railroad work, having been a locomotive engineer on the Pennsylvania & Lake Erie and Monongahela railroads. He is still connected with the latter line and is one of its most trusted employes. William E. Beadling spent his first seventeen years at McKee's Rocks. When sixteen years old he left the grammar school and for a time was engaged in office work for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He then took a business course in the Southwestern State Normal School at California, Pennsylvania, following which he spent a short time in the service of the Monongahela Railroad Company and was also employed elsewhere. In 1908 he came to Youngstown, where he was employed in a minor capacity by the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, later entering the blast furnace department. In February, 1910, he accepted an office position with the Valley Investment Company, with which he has been identified to the present time. He is vice president and a director of the Youngstown Sanitary Laundry Company and a director of the Mahoning Valley Mortgage Company, and is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. He holds membership in the Youngstown Club, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Phi Sigma Phi fraternity.

Mr. Beadling was married July 10, 1915, to Florence A. Stoffel, a native of Pittsburgh, and they are the parents of two children: Dorothy Wilma and Mary Bernice. Mr. and Mrs. Beadling are members of the Third Reformed Church.

Sebring Family. Sebring, the youngest community in Mahoning County, has a history so interwoven with that of the Sebring family that a story of one is not complete without a story of the other.

The Sebring brothers were born and raised in or near East Liverpool, Ohio, which has been the pottery center of Ohio and the United States for two-thirds of a century. It was in 1854 that George Sebring, their father, who had spent his earlier life in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, established his home in East Liverpool.

In 1856 he married Elizabeth Larkins, a woman of some remarkable and admirable characteristics. It was from their mother that the Sebring brothers inherited much of the energy and will power which have made them successful. They were the parents of ten children. The boys were Oliver H., George E., Frank A., Joseph (died 1889), Ellsworth H., Charles (died in childhood), Fred E. and William (died 1904). The girls were Eva (Mrs. John H. Norris) and Emma (Mrs. Charles Albright, now Mrs. James Barclay).

Living in East Liverpool, it was only natural that the brothers early became identified with the trade of potters. In time George became foreman in the plant of Knowles, Taylor and Knowles, and Oliver and Joseph were employed as journeymen potters in the same factory. Frank and Ellsworth became engaged in the grocery business. They were all ambitious and soon conceived the idea of combining their skill and energy in a business all their own, which they decided should be a manufacturing business.

Thus it happened that in 1887 the five older brothers, in company with S. J. Cripps, bought the small three kiln Agner and Foutts plant on Second Street, and from that time on East Liverpool was entertained and her admiration aroused by the struggles and achievements of the hustling Sebring boys. Many are the stories told by the old timers of the startling innovations and ingenious schemes they originated to keep afloat financially. Each brother was in charge of a department of the pottery and worked at his trade at the bench along with the hired employes. It very commonly happened that there would be only funds enough on pay day to pay off the help, and the brothers would go home to their families without pay envelopes. For a long time hardly money enough for the necessities of life were drawn by the brothers, almost every cent earned going back into the business.

A fire in October, 1890, destroyed the plant, but by strenuous efforts it was rebuilt. Many, many nights the midnight oil burned as the brothers met together to work out their plans for the future. It was by such harsh self-sacrifice and unceasing toil that success was finally achieved.

When success came it came abundantly. In the '90s, in addition to the much enlarged original pottery, a new plant called the French China Company was built and operated until the removal to Sebring. Later the plants of the Ohio China Company and the East Palestine Pottery Company were built by the Sebrings at East Palestine, Ohio, and operated by George and Fred respectively until the new town of Sebring claimed all their attention. Joe Sebring died in 1889, but the forces were increased later by the addition of the two younger brothers, Fred and William. The latter brother was killed in 1904 as a result of being struck by a train.

East Liverpool was so crowded and so hemmed in by hills that the brothers began to look afield for a location offering opportunities for the larger expansion they could see coming. Many localities in Ohio and Pennsylvania were looked over, but finally the choice settled on a spot in northwestern Mahoning County that exactly answered their requirements —four miles from Alliance, Ohio, on the main trunk line of the great Pennsylvania Railroad system.

In 1900 the brothers acquired 1,000 acres of land, comprising some twenty farms. The older farmers in Smith Township remember well the excitement of the occasion when it was learned that a new town was to be established on the site that had been so quietly purchased. Some of the farmers who had sold were so angry that for years afterward they would not drive through Sebring but would make a detour to avoid it. But today this old feeling has disappeared and the utmost cordiality exists between the townspeople and the farmers of the township.

On the land selected a townsite was soon laid out,

and work begun on the factories, stores and homes. The building of new towns is usually associated with the big West, but the people of Eastern Ohio in that year beheld a city of splendid homes, substantial business blocks, handsome public buildings and immense factories spring up as if by magic where but a few months before had been only grainfields and orchards. It was not a boom town proposition, but an enterprise carefully planned by men of business acumen and indomitable will and energy.

Today, with its miles of paved streets, electric system, interurban trolley service, gas system, waterworks and sewers, it is an up to date and attractive industrial city far in advance of other places of the same age and population. It already has a child and namesake in the town of Sebring, Florida, founded in 1911 by George E. Sebring and his son H. Orvel Sebring.

There are now five large and prosperous potteries in Sebring, beside two affiliated plants in Niles and Salem, all engaged in the manufacture of semi-porcelain dinnerware. The first plant built was the Oliver China Company (1900). For years this business was conducted by George Sebring, but in 1911 it was purchased and changed to the E. H. Sebring China Company, with E. H. Sebring and John M. Horton at the head.

The next factory erected was the Sebring Pottery Company (1901). Frank A. Sebring managed this concern until his son Charles L. assumed the managership.

The French China Company's building was finished in 1912 and the affairs of that company have been managed ever since by Oliver H. Sebring, together with his son Burt H.

In 1903 the Limoges China Company constructed their factory. Fred E. Sebring was at its head until 1909, when Charles Albright (husband of Emma Sebring) took charge. Mr. Albright met his death in an automobile-trolley car accident in 1910, following which William I. Gahris (a son-in-law of F. A. Sebring) was put in charge of the business. This company has the distinction of being the first general-ware plant in America to use the continuous tunnel kiln, a radical improvement over the old system of intermittent kilns.

The Saxon China Company was organized in 1911 by Fred E. Sebring, who remained in control until 1917, when a change in ownership occurred and Ray Y. Cliff (a son-in-law of Oliver H. Sebring) was made manager.

Two cooperage factories serve the various potteries in Sebring and vicinity. They are the Sebring Cooperage Company and the Columbiana Cooperage Company, and they make barrels and boxes of all kinds for the packing of pottery products.

A sixth clay-working plant is the Gem Clay Forming Company, manufacturing porcelain electric fixtures.

The Strong Manufacturing Company, making enameled kitchenware and lighting reflectors, removed from Bellaire to Sebring in 1911, erecting a modern plant. They employ 300 people, with a yearly production worth $1,500,000.

The youngest industry is the Sebring Tire & Rubber Company, who manufacture automoblie tires under the management of John Hotchkiss.

From the above it will be seen that Sebring is today a highly developed industrial community. It has a payroll amounting to $60,000 a week, with a population of about 4,000 people. The population is not really a correct measure of the town's industrial standing, for the payroll would justify a population of 10,000. A large number of those who carn their living in Sebring have their homes in Alliance, Beloit, Damascus and other nearby towns.

Sebring is situated on the main line of the Pennsylvania system from New York to Chicago and through Alliance has access to the best through train service in the country going east, west north or south without change. It is also an important point on the Stark Electric Interurban Road, through which it has direct communication with every larger city in Eastern Ohio. Sebring also has a second class postoffice and free mail delivery, a service which probably no other community of like size can boast. Miles of paved streets, sanitary sewers with modern disposal plant, natural gas, electric lighting, two telephone systems, comfortable homes, owned by the workers, in fact all the conveniences of modern life, coupled with an intelligent, well paid and contented citizenry make Sebring one of the most pleasant industrial spots in Ohio.

FRANK A. SEBRING. Of the men who bear the name Sebring and have had a part in the building up of the great business of that family and the founding and development of the community of Sebring, no one is better known than is Frank A. Sebring. He is a splendid example of the family traits which have made the name Sebring a synonym for success in industrial and business life.

Frank Sebring was born on July 20, 1865, at Vanport. When he was one year old his parents moved to East Liverpool, Ohio, where his boyhood was spent and his education secured in the public schools, after finishing which he attended a normal school. When he was seventeen years old he accepted a position at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, as manager of a shoe store, and remained in that capacity for two years. He then returned to East Liverpool and entered into a partnership with his brothers in a grocery business under the name of Sebring Brothers. He and his brother Ellsworth had the active management of the business, and conducted it so successfully as to make possible the later ventures of the brothers.

It was while this enterprise was at its height that the brothers decided to get into something bigger, and entered upon the pottery enterprise described in the story of the Sebring family preceding this sketch. When the new pottery was started Frank Sebring became the head of the concern and managed the office and sales end of the business. The original Sebring Pottery Company incorporation has never been changed, and he has been at its head as president from the beginning until very recently, when he voluntarily gave up the position, which is now filled by his son Charles.

When the East Palestine Pottery Company's plant was leased by the Sebring brothers, Mr. Sebring co-

operated with his brother George E. in the active management of that concern from 1894 to 1899. In 1901 he and Mr. E. J. Owen built the Owen China Company at Minerva, Ohio, which plant has since passed into other hands.

In 1903, after the removal to Sebring, Mr. Sebring organized the Limoges China Company, of which he has been the controlling factor ever since, and the president until succeeded by his son-in-law, W. I. Gahris. He is also the organizer and principal stockholder in two other potteries, the Tritt China Company of Niles, Ohio, and the Salem China Company of Salem, Ohio, of which latter company his younger son, Frank H., is president. The combined output of the potteries controlled by Mr. Sebring will amount in value to at least $3,500,000 each year. While Mr. Sebring does not now enter actively into the management of these industries he holds the position of chairman of the Board of Directors in each of them.

He was married in 1884 to Emma Harbison, of Pittsburgh, and they are parents of six children: Charles L., Helen L. (deceased), Frank H., Ruth G., Nina E. and Marjorie. They all reside in Sebring except Frank H., whose home is in Alliance. In 1917 this latter son was married to Margaret Ramsey, of Alliance, and they are the parents of one son, Willis Ramsey.

Mr. Sebring is counted one of the most progressive as well as one of the most successful potters in America. He has devoted much of his time to the development of new processes and machines, and the pottery industry is indebted to him for several radical improvements for the better and cheaper manufacture of dinnerware. The installation of the Dressler tunnel kilns at the plant of the Limoges China Company was the result of the courageous pioneering of Mr. Sebring, who was willing to risk his capital in a venture, which if successful, would mean a tremendous advance in the business of potting.

Of late years Mr. Sebring has interested himself in the town of Sebring, Florida, realizing the great possibilities in Florida land. Sebring, Florida, is located in DeSoto County, which is considered the best citrus belt in the state. The town was built in 1912 by George Sebring and H. Orvel Sebring, who purchased 20,000 acres of citrus land, on which there are today nearly 500,000 fruit trees. Mr. Frank Sebring has taken over a considerable portion of the Sebring holdings, and is applying his energy and ability to making Sebring one of the great winter resorts of Florida. The town now has a winter population of four or five thousand people, attracted by splendid hotels, medicinal water, a golf course, beautiful lakes and many other natural attractions.

Mr. Sebring is a thirty-second degree Mason and a member of Al Koran Shrine in Cleveland. He is a member of the Methodist Church, and has always taken an active interest in philanthropic, educational and community betterment undertakings.

Oliver H. Sebring, oldest brother of the famous Sebring family and prominent in all the achievements covered by the name Sebring, was born at East Liverpool, Ohio, on July 14, 1857, and is in the prime of his life today.

He attended public school until about fourteen years of age, when he went to work in the old Baggott pottery in East Liverpool. His job for the first two years was driving a one-horse wagon, and his wages amounted to $1.00 a week, a magnificent sum to him at that time. Later he was taken into the pottery and put to work at running molds, for which his wages were $2.50 per week. After two years in the shop he was promoted to the pressing department, in which he finally became a journeyman presser, and remained at that work for fifteen years, when he went into partnership with his brothers in their own enterprise, as told elsewhere in this book.

In 1880 Mr. Sebring was married to Matilda Hume, who was born at East Liverpool, Ohio, a daughter of William and Emma (Danks) Hume. They have five children, all living: Anna, wife of William L. Murphy, cashier of the Citizens Banking Company of Sebring; Burt H., who is vice president and treasurer of the French China Company; Pearl, wife of Homer J. Taylor, president of the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles Company in East Liverpool; Hazel, wife of Ray Y. Cliff, treasurer and general manager of the Saxon China Company of Sebring; and Wilda, his youngest daughter.

In 1899, two years before the time when all the Sebring interests were removed to Sebring, Mr. Sebring and his brother Ellsworth H. organized the French China Company and built a plant at East Liverpool. Just as their plans were completed the seven brothers decided to amalgamate all their interests under one firm name, operating each plant for the holding company. This plan was continued after the removal to Sebring, but in 1903 the interests were again divided, the brothers taking over the different plants to be run independently and on a competitive basis.

Oliver and Ellsworth conducted the French China Company jointly until 1911, when the interests of Ellsworth were purchased by Oliver and his family, who today are in control of the company. The French China plant is a modern plant of twenty-three kilns, employing three hundred people.

Mr. Sebring has ever since the founding of Sebring been a leader in the industrial life of the community. He is a large land owner and has built hundreds of modern houses for the use of the workers in the potteries, besides erecting several creditable business buildings.

Today Mr. Sebring is president and largest stockholder of the French China Company, the Saxon China Company, the Strong Manufacturing Company, the Sebring Cooperage Company and the Citizens Banking Company. The concerns named above employ more than one thousand people, with an annual payroll of over a million dollars, and a total output valued at $3,500,000. The Citizens Banking Company is one of the strongest banking institutions in this section, and has assets running well over a million dollars.

Oliver Sebring is a typical example of a live wire business man. He is energetic and forceful, and unusually successful in the development of his various business interests. His three major business

occupations, potting, steel enamelling and banking, each receive his painstaking attention, and their great growth under his guidance reflects his organizing and managing ability.

JOHN M. HORTON, general manager of the E. H. Sebring China Company of Sebring, Mahoning County, Ohio, has for many years taken a leading part in the affairs of that community. The manufacturing company with which he is identified is one of the conspicuous factors in the prosperity of Sebring, and Mr. Horton's direction of that plant is maintaining that prosperity.

He was born in Burslem, England, on January 20, 1873, the son of John and Ann Horton. Burslem is the center of the famous Staffordshire pottery district, and it was only to be expected that the father should have been identified with that industry. John Horton, Sr., was an expert potter in England, and when he brought his family to America in 1879 he went directly to a pottery center, East Liverpool, Ohio, and there followed his trade.

John M. Horton was only six years old when his parents brought him to America. After passing through the public schools of East Liverpool, Ohio, he began to learn the potter's trade; and in association with his father he passed through every department. He was a responsible official of the Sebring Company at East Liverpool, and when the Sebrings built their first plant at Sebring, which plant is now operated by the E. H. Sebring China Company, Mr. Horton was sent as one of the departmental managers. In the course of time he took more comprehensive responsibility, and in 1911 he and E. H. Sebring acquired the plant and business from its owner, George E. Sebring. He became general manager, and has since held that position.

Politically Mr. Horton is a republican, although he has not shown any inclination to enter actively into political life. His efforts have been devoted to the development of his company and of the Village of Sebring. He has been a councilman, and a member of the Christian Church, and is a good supporter of the local church of that denomination. Fraternally he is a Mason of thirty-second degree, and has been prominently identified with the functioning of the local body of that order, and for the last four years has been worshipful master of Sebring Lodge No. 626.

In 1898 he married Mollie Dailey, of East Liverpool, Ohio, and to them has been born one child, Leland J., now a lad of seventeen years and a high school student. Mrs. Horton has been a leading church worker, and has interested herself actively in affairs pertaining to the foreign missionary movements. During the great war both showed wholehearted patriotism, entering earnestly into the various home movements of war purpose. Both have good place in the community in which they have made their home for so many years.

W. I. GAHRIS. The first general ware pottery in America to use the Dressler Tunnel Kilns was the Limoges China Company of Sebring, Ohio. This revolutionary step required courage and capital, both of which were possessed by that concern. Experts have said the tunnel kiln could not be used successfully—the Limoges experiment proved it could. The head of the Limoges China Company, which took this momentous step, is Willard I. Gahris, the subject of this sketch.

He was born in Tiffin, Ohio, on October 3, 1881. He was educated in the public schools of Tiffin and at Heidelberg University. After leaving school he identified himself with the slate industry, in the sales end of which he was very successful.

On April 2, 1909, he was married to Helen Laurie Sebring, the capable daughter of Frank A. Sebring, of Sebring, Ohio. Shortly afterward Mr. Gahris made Sebring his home, becoming attached to the manufacturing departments of the Sebring Pottery Company. He made such rapid strides in mastering the executive details of the pottery business that in 1911 he was made president of the Limoges China Company, to fill the vacancy caused by the tragic death of Charles Albright. His success in that position has been very noticeable. The company has grown in size of plant and output, and today occupies a prominent position in the industry, both because of its general progress and because of the fact, as mentioned above, that it is the first general ware pottery in America to use the tunnel kiln in place of the old style intermittent kiln.

Mrs. Gahris (Helen Sebring), the daughter of Frank A. Sebring, was born in East Liverpool, Ohio, and educated at Harcourt Seminary, Gambier, Ohio; Washington Seminary, Washington, District of Columbia; and Lasell Seminary of Boston, Massachusetts. As stated above, she was married to Mr. Gahris in 1909. Their only child, Gretchen Sebring Gahris, was born on September 13, 1913. Mrs. Gahris died suddenly on August 26, 1919, leaving a large circle of friends to mourn her untimely death.

Mr. Gahris is a Mason of high degree, being a member of the Salem Commandery, of the Consistory at Cleveland, and of Al Koran Shrine at Cleveland. He is popular socially and as an employer, and is held in the highest regard in the community and the industry.

ELLSWORTH H. SEBRING, one of the founders of the City of Sebring, Mahoning County, was born in Meigs County, Ohio, July 3, 1861. At the age of three years he removed with his parents to East Liverpool, where he was a student in the public schools until fifteen years of age. At that age he followed the example of his older brothers and entered a local pottery, spending four years at the trade of presser in the clay shop. When nineteen years old he engaged in the grocery business, together with his brother Frank, under the name of Sebring Brothers. This was the first cash grocery ever conducted in that vicinity and was very much of a success. At this time the older brothers presented to them a proposition for a partnership for entry into the pottery manufacturing field. They accepted, with the resulting history as told in another part of this volume.

In the late nineties Ellsworth and his oldest brother Oliver joined together for the purpose of erecting a new plant to be called the French China Company.

When completed, however, a new working plan was agreed upon whereby all the interests of the brothers were pooled under one company, each plant being operated for the interests of all. This arrangement lasted until 1903, when it was agreed that independent and competitive management would be better.

Accordingly a division was made, and Ellsworth and Oliver once more took independent charge and control of the French China Company, which they made an exceedingly prosperous concern. In 1911 Ellsworth sold all his interest to Oliver and his family.

At this time George Sebring and his son Orvel, who had been conducting the Oliver China Company, desired to transfer all their attention to their Florida interests, so the Oliver China plant was purchased by Ellsworth and reorganized as the E. H. Sebring China Company. It is conducted as such today, Mr. Sebring having associated with him his son Kenneth C. and John M. Horton.

Mr. Sebring was married in 1881 to Lida Hancock, who died in 1887, leaving one daughter, Elsie Winnifred, now Mrs. George E. Clarke, of Sebring. Mr. Sebring married for his second wife, Edna F. Coyle, of Steubenville, Ohio. Their children are: Kenneth C., Thelma, Elizabeth, Kathryn, Margaret and Doris.

Charles L. Sebring, president and general manager of the Sebring Pottery Company, is one of the younger generation of Sebrings, who in a little more than thirty years have made this section of Ohio one of the great centers of the pottery industry in America.

Mr. Sebring, who was born in Pittsburgh on July 9, 1885, is the oldest child of Frank A. Sebring, one of the leading spirits in all the remarkable accomplishments of the Sebring family. His early boyhood was spent in East Liverpool, Ohio, and he was just entering young manhood when the Sebrings removed all their interests to the new town of Sebring, Ohio. He attended Mount Union College and also Wooster University after finishing his public school education.

In 1904, at the age of nineteen, he entered the pottery operated by his father, the same plant of which he is now the active head. A practical apprenticeship was served in the shop itself, which gave him a thorough knowledge of the technical processes of the manufacture of chinaware. His progress was rapid, and he soon became known through the industry as a potter and business man of ability. He has been exceptionally zealous in the development of new ideas and inventions for the betterment of the art of potting and has investigated all phases of the industry in this country and in England and continental Europe in order to gain first hand knowledge of the most advanced methods in use. His high standing in the industry is indicated by the fact that in 1919 he was honored with the influential office of president of the United States Potters' Association.

Mr. Sebring was married in 1905 to Jessie Morgan, the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. C. L. Morgan of Alliance. She died in 1906, leaving him one daughter, Evelyn. In 1911 Mr. Sebring married Conradine Uran, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Uran of Alliance. They have two children, Josephine and Barbara Lee.

Mr. Sebring is a trustee of Mount Union College and a thirty-second degree Mason and Shriner. He is a golfer of no mean ability, taking part in many tournaments in various parts of the country. Mr. Sebring is a public-spirited citizen who stands high in his community and section, and socially he is popular to a gratifying degree.

William B. Curtis. One of the most reliable and progressive of the younger business men of Youngstown, who stands high in native ability and as a man of broad business and financial judgment, is William B. Curtis, president and treasurer of the Steelduct Company. While his career has been comparatively short, it has been one in which he has secured experience in diversified lines, all tending to contribute to the equipment which is gaining him success in his present undertaking.

Mr. Curtis was born at Washington, D. C., August 28, 1884, a son of William T. S. and Mary Alida (Barnard) Curtis, a review of the family being found elsewhere in this work in the sketch of Myron S. Curtis. Reared in his native city and at Chevy Chase, Montgomery County, Maryland, to which place his parents removed when he was a boy, William B. Curtis attended the public schools and Columbia Preparatory School at the national capital. Later he pursued a course at Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, New York, and George Washington University, Washington, District of Columbia, where he specialized in engineering, and with this preparation entered upon his career in the employ of the Columbia Cotton Oil and Provision Corporation at Relee, Virginia, as chemist and assistant superintendent. Later he became assistant branch manager of the United Motor Washington Company. In 1911 Mr. Curtis came to Youngstown, and for three years served in the blast furnace department of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, first as a stove man, then trestle foreman, later stockhouse foreman and finally as blower. He was then transferred to the down-town city office, where for about a year he acted in the capacity of advertising manager. Next entering the sales department, he continued to be identified therewith until September 15, 1919, with the exception of the period that he served in the army.

On May 28, 1917, Mr. Curtis took the examination at Frankfort Arsenal for the Officers' Reserve Corps, and August 1, 1917, was commissioned first lieutenant. He was called to active duty September 17th following, at the office of the chief of ordnance at Washington, District of Columbia, was commissioned captain January 8, 1918, and continued on duty until finally discharged January 2, 1919. Captain Curtis was instrumental in the organization of the Steelduct Company, which was created primarily for the selling of rigid steel conduit. This company was incorporated October 21, 1919, with an authorized capital under the laws of the State of Ohio for $100,000, the officers being: William B. Curtis, president and treasurer; John A. Logan, vice president and secre-

Charles L. Sebring.

tary; and William B. Curtis, John A. Logan, Paul Wick, Lloyd Booth and J. H. Fitch, Jr., directors.

Captain Curtis is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Young Men's Christian Association and the Theta Delta Chi college fraternity. He has numerous civic connections and is known as a valuable citizen who supports stanchly constructive and developing movements. With his family he attends the First Presbyterian Church. On April 11, 1916, he married Miss Dorothy Wick, daughter of Charles J. and Sallie (Thorn) Wick, and to this union there has been born one daughter, Sallie Wick Curtis.

John B. Morgan is one of the thoroughly capable lawyers of the Youngstown bar, and his professional career both in Youngstown and in his home town of Leetonia has brought him the substantial honors of a lawyer who pursues his career with singleness of purpose and with unqualified good citizenship.

Mr. Morgan was born on a farm near Leetonia in Columbiana County, April 6, 1869, son of William and Frances A. (Stoffer) Morgan. His grandfather, John Morgan, was one of the early settlers in Columbiana County. The Morgan family as a rule have been agriculturists.

One of two children, John B. Morgan spent his early life on a farm, graduated from the Leetonia High School, and spent three years in Mount Union College. He also taught school for a portion of two years. He pursued his law studies in the office of Charles N. Snyder at Leetonia. He was admitted to the bar October 5, 1892, and at once began practice in his native town. Twenty years later, on September 1, 1912, he opened an office in Youngstown, and here as in his native community has found abundant opportunities for his talents. He has always practiced alone, has never made a specialty of any line of law work, and from his youth, when he worked for his education, has never had outside assistance, but has depended upon his own energies to bring him success.

While in Leetonia he took an active part in politics, though never as a seeker for office. From 1908 to 1912 he was chairman of the Republican County Central Committee. During the war he was chairman of the Legal Advisory Draft Board No. 3 in Youngstown. Mr. Morgan is affiliated with Youngstown Lodge of Masons and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and is a member of the Chamber of Commerce. He enjoys the dignity of the office of secretary of the Mahoning County Bar Association and the Mahoning County Law Library Association. He is also a member of the Ohio State Bar Association.

June 6, 1900, he married Miss Alice A. Aiken, of Leetonia. They have two daughters, Dorothy and Katherine. Mrs. Morgan is a member of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

Walter E. Meub has given his active services to the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company for more than ten years, and has enjoyed regular promotion in the honors and responsibilities of that great corporation until recently he was made secretary of the company.

Mr. Meub was born at Warren, Ohio, June 15, 1884. His father, Henry Meub, a native of Germany, came with his parents to the United States at the age of twelve years. The family left Germany and came to America while the Franco-Prussian war was in progress. Henry Meub became a shoemaker, for many years followed his occupation and business at Warren, but is now living in California. He married Caroline Smith, who died October 6, 1901.

One of four children, Walter E. Meub, grew up at Warren and finished his education with three years at high school. His business career began with the opening of the twentieth century, and the first eight years were spent with the Erie Railroad Company. He began at the age of seventeen handling freight, and successively worked as clerk, cashier, ticket agent and yardmaster until he left the Erie in 1909 and joined the working force in the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company.

His first duties with this corporation were as clerk, then cost clerk, then in the order and sales department, was for over four years chief clerk in the auditing department, and in January, 1917, was elected secretary to the president. He is still secretary to the president of the corporation, and since January, 1920, has been also secretary of the company. Mr. Meub is secretary of the Buckeye Land Company, of the Buckeye Coal Company and of the Youngstown Steel Products Company, all subsidiary organizations of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company.

He is one of the active and progressive young business men and citizens of Youngstown, a member of the Chamber of Commerce, is a Knight Templar and Scottish Rite Mason, member of Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland, and belongs to the Youngstown Club. In religion he is affiliated with the Methodist Episcopal Church. September 15, 1916, Mr. Meub married Edna M. Smith, of Youngstown, daughter of William and Emma (Shelar) Smith, a family that formerly lived at Niles. Mr. and Mrs. Meub have one son, Walter E., Jr.

Henry K. Wick. In his time the late Henry K. Wick was one of the greatest coal operators in the country, and with home at Youngstown and one of the most notable figures in the family of that name in the Mahoning Valley his interests were practically nation wide. He was distinguished not only by greatness and ability but by a genuine philanthropy, and many engaging personal qualities that made his friendship esteemed both at home and abroad.

Only a few words are required to place him in the Wick family genealogy. His grandfather, Henry Wick, was born on Long Island in 1771, and came to Youngstown in 1801 from Washington County, Pennsylvania. He was one of the pioneer merchants of the Mahoning Valley. The father of Henry K. Wick was Col. Caleb Wick, who was born in Pennsylvania in 1795 and died in Youngstown in 1865. Colonel Wick was intimately identified with the early history of the iron industry of the Mahoning Valley.

Henry Kirtland Wick was born at Youngstown,

August 31, 1840, one of the ten children of Colonel Caleb and Maria Adelia (Griffith) Wick. He was reared and educated in Youngstown, and in 1856, at the age of sixteen, entered the old Mahoning County Bank. From that time until his death, nearly sixty years later, he pursued an active business career and for nearly half a century was especially prominent in the coal and iron industry. In 1884 he opened an office in Buffalo under the name H. K. Wick & Company, and Buffalo was the headquarters of this organization, one of the largest coal producing and handling concerns in the country. Mr. Wick and his associates developed and worked out some of the most productive mines in the Allegheny region. He also owned large timber and coal interests in the South.

While coal was his main business, he did a pioneer work in iron manufacture. About thirty-five years before his death he became associated with a Russian, a former employe of the Brown-Bonnell plant at Youngstown, who possessed the secret of making Russian plannished sheet iron. Mr. Wick made a personal trip to Russia to study the method, and later built a mill at Niles, where the first plannished product was produced in America. Later he sold his interests in this industry. He was also a pioneer in the rubber industry and inspired the formation of the Republic Rubber Company of Youngstown, becoming its first president. He was also an original stockholder in the Sheet & Tube Company, was a director of the P. Y. & A. Railroad Company and the Youngstown Dry Goods Company.

Mr. Wick loved to mingle with his fellow men, and was a splendid entertainer. He owned a beautiful residence in Youngstown, also a country place where much of his generous hospitality was extended. He was a generous patron of local institutions, including the Memorial Presbyterian Church and the Mahoning Institute of Art.

A special tribute was paid by one of the local papers to his public-spirited generosity in the following editorial: "The late H. K. Wick is the first of the group of rich men of Youngstown to do anything for the city in which he made his fortune at all in proportion to his wealth. Mr. Wick's will not only makes provision for an art center unequaled in any minor city in the country, but there is no doubt that he has made ample provision for its maintenance and expansion to meet the community needs as the city grows.

"If possible even better than the gift to art is the noble park of four hundred acres which will always be easily accessible from all parts of the city, and if the present rate of growth is maintained will soon be a recreation center well within the city limits, for which tens of thousands of people will always be grateful to the giver and for which they will hold his memory in highest regard, humanly speaking, for all time to come."

Henry K. Wick died March 16, 1916. He was twice married. He is survived by his widow. May 16, 1900, he married Mrs. Mellicent R. Clarke, daughter of Daniel Talcott Hunt and widow of Archibald Clarke, both prominent at Rochester, New York. Mrs. Wick by her first marriage had two sons, Talcott Hunt Clarke and Archibald Clarke. Her son Talcott received a major's commission in the World war, being commander in the motor convoy service, and while still on duty died at Detroit, December 5, 1918. He left a widow, formerly Miss Helen Hudson Aldrich, of New York City, and four daughters, Helen, Harriet, Elizabeth and Mellicent. Archibald Clarke married Miss Ruth Coleman, and they have three children, Coleman Wick, Jean and Genevra, and this family resides at Youngstown.

William B. Pollock, a pioneer pig iron manufacturer and blast furnace builder in the Mahoning Valley, was born at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1832, son of Thomas and Susanna (Morrow) Pollock. He was of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and the fourth to bear that name in this country.

He attended the common schools of Pittsburgh until he was thirteen years of age, when he moved to Poland, Ohio, where his father had preceded him to install steam operated machinery in the grist mill of that village, which was the first to adopt steam power in that section of the country. After installing the machinery, which was shipped from Pittsburgh, his father was engaged to operate it, and liking the place, later in the year 1845 moved the family to Poland to reside permanently.

While living at Poland he attended the old Poland Academy, and out of school helped his father at the grist mill. He had a strong mechanical bent, and at this early age perfected and improved a slide-valve engine which attracted the attention of men from many sections. Among them was Mr. Garrison, of the old Garrison Foundry of Pittsburgh, and the original builder of the engine in operation at the Poland Grist Mill, who was impressed both with the invention and the inventor, and expressed a desire to take the boy to Pittsburgh for further advancement in his studies, which offer was refused by the family because of his youth. However, Mr. Garrison adopted the boy's invention and its special characteristics are still used by leading engine builders.

While attending the Poland Academy he became acquainted with the late William McKinley, and theirs was a friendship which lasted until the death of the President.

In 1850 he moved to Youngstown, finding employment under his uncle William Pollock as engineer at the Brier Hill Iron & Coal Company, but soon after left that company and for a long period of years he was closely associated in the erection of blast furnaces in Northeastern Ohio, Western Pennsylvania and various other sections of the country. He designed and built and superintended the first blast furnace erected in the cities of Chicago and St. Louis, including the first furnace erected by Jones & Laughlin at Pittsburgh. During this period he invented many improvements of value in the operation of blast furnaces, which tended to increased capacity and economy of operation, among which was a patented cast iron hot blast stove which is used to this day in some parts of the United States and European countries.

The nature of his business required extensive traveling, and he had visited every state and territory in the Union. Being well studied in chemistry, particularly iron ore, he was brought in contact with other minerals, and for a year was asso-

Wm. B. Pollock.

Porter Pollock

ciated with Governor Grant of Colorado, in the smelting of silver ore at Leadville, where silver had just been discovered, and which place was reached by stage from Denver.

Coming to Youngstown when it was little more than a village, Mr. Pollock not only witnessed its remarkable development, but was himself a materially active, honored factor in this advance, growth and development.

He was a thorough student, and after his retirement from active business in 1885, devoted much time to study, being widely read in the best literature.

On December 25, 1860, he married Alice Kirk Jones, daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Clark) Jones, pioneers of the city, and she survives him, living at the family residence established on Elm Street in 1875. There were four children of whom one, Porter Pollock, survives.

In 1882 he was elected to the State Legislature, but declined a reelection on account of his business, although urged by his friends in all the political parties, as attested by the newspaper publications of the period.

In 1863 he established the firm of William B. Pollock & Company at Youngstown, Ohio. This, however, was in the nature of a side line to his regular business of operating blast furnaces, the entire responsibility of operating being placed in the hands of his brother, Robert A. Pollock, and William Pelen, a practical plate worker brought from Pittsburgh.

The William B. Pollock Company is still one of the industries of the valley. Its president is Porter Pollock, a son of William B. Pollock and Alice (Jones) Pollock.

William Browning Pollock died at his home in Youngstown on January 7, 1914, after a short illness and at the age of eighty-two years.

Porter Pollock was born in Youngstown, Ohio, February 8, 1864, attended the public schools, and entered the William B. Pollock Company in 1883. He is a director in a number of corporations, including the First National Bank and the Dollar Savings & Trust Company.

In 1897 he married Miss Mary Wick, daughter of Paul Wick. Their two children are Mary Wick Pollock and William Browning Pollock. The family are Presbyterians.

William Struthers, who was a nephew of the Thomas Struthers for whom the Town of Struthers was named, spent a long and active life in the Mahoning Valley, his chief business interest being centered in farming and lumbering.

He was born in Coitsville Township of Mahoning County, January 16, 1830, and died August 2, 1892. He was one of the nine children of John and Sarah (Duff) Struthers.

At the time of the Civil war he was living at Pittsburgh and enlisted in a Pennsylvania regiment, serving for a time in the Army of the Potomac and later under General Thomas in Tennessee. He was in many battles, but was never wounded. Three of his brothers and two of his brothers-in-law were also soldiers in the same war.

William Struthers, while never aspiring to political honors, was a strong republican and a man of much influence in political and civic affairs. He possessed strong convictions and had a wonderful faculty for logic. His performances in the old debating societies led his friends to predict a highly successful career for him as a lawyer had he chosen that profession. He and his wife were Presbyterians. His wife died November 11, 1903. They were the parents of three children: Earl; Minnie, Mrs. Charles Summers; and Helen, wife of Charles S. Thomas, of Youngstown.

Jesse A. Hilliard. Possibly there is no more widely known organization in the whole insurance field than that operating under the name of the Prudential Life Insurance Company, the financial standing of which may well be illustrated by its trade mark, the rock of Gibraltar. It is a familiar and even a reverenced name in city, town, hamlet and remote places of this vast country wherever men and women have recognized the prudence of providing in either small or large way for the inevitable future. Honorable fulfillment of all obligations light its background, and promise of future like security is one of its foundation stones. Connected with an organization of this stability one might expect to find able men of business acumen and unquestioned integrity, and such is the case. Mention may be made of Jesse A. Hilliard, who has been identified with this company throughout the best period of his business life, an interval of twenty years, and who is now superintendent and district manager of the Youngstown District.

Mr. Hilliard was born at Watersonville, Pennsylvania, February 4, 1875, and is a son of Herman and Mary Hilliard. He attended the public schools of Kittanning, Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, until old enough to be self-supporting, then entered the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Works at Ford City in that state, where he learned the trade of polisher, afterward working in other capacities in various plate glass plants. Possessed of inherited mechanical talent, he then learned the plumbing trade at Kittanning, at which he worked for a time and then went into the soft drink manufacturing business in that city. Circumstances led to his then becoming an employe of the Prudential Life Insurance Company, and seemingly here he found a business in which he could engage with interest and even enthusiasm. The company has not been slow to recognize his ability and many promotions have followed his early days when he began as a solicitor and collector. He has been entrusted with many responsibilities and has had the satisfaction of knowing that his devotion to the company has been recognized and appreciated. Perhaps no superintendent in the company is considered more efficient, for he has proved a remarkable organizer and builder up of business. Prior to coming to Youngstown in 1919 he had charge of various districts, including Tarentum, Butler, Dubois and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Lafayette, Indiana.

In 1905 Mr. Hilliard was united in marriage to Miss Bertha Miller, who is a daughter of Isaac and Sarah Miller, residents of Kittanning, and they have four children, namely: Beulah, who is the wife of Wesley Ferry, of Corning, New York, and Sarah, Herman and Meriam. Mr. and Mrs. Hilliard are

members of the South Side Methodist Protestant Church. Fraternally he belongs to the Knights of Malta, and politically is a republican. Personally he is genial and in marked degree possesses the courteous manner that is an asset of his profession.

William Frederick Maag. Germany has contributed some of her best citizens to the United States —men who have here entered into the spirit of our institutions, and have not only gained pecuniary independence for themselves, but have also been a distinct acquisition to our population. In taking up this review of the life of the worthy gentleman whose name appears above attention is called to one who by a life of earnest and consecutive endeavor won for himself the sincere respect of all who have come into contact with him. For many years he has been a potent factor in the public and civic life of Youngstown and Mahoning County, where no name stands higher in the estimation of the people, and his career is eminently worthy of being preserved on the pages of the history of the city and county of his adoption.

William Frederick Maag, publisher of the Youngstown Vindicator, was born in Ebingen, Wurtemberg, Germany, February 28, 1850, and is a son of Johannes and Catharine Maag, both of whom passed their lives in their native land. At the age of fourteen years William F. Maag began serving a four years' apprenticeship at the printing trade, but at the age of seventeen years, before the completion of apprenticeship, he left his native land and came to the United States. His first location was in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where for a time he worked on the Daily Herald. His next employment was at Watertown, that state, and then for four years he was a resident of Fort Wayne, Indiana, where he was employed on the Indiana Staats Zeitung. In 1875 Mr. Maag came to Youngstown, and has remained a citizen of this city ever since. For about forty-two years he published the Weekly Rundschau, a German periodical, and in 1887 he bought the Youngstown Vindicator, with which he has ever since been identified. This was conducted as a weekly publication only one year under his management, since which time it has been issued as a daily. Under his management the Vindicator has become one of the leading newspapers of Ohio, wielding a potent influence for the best things in life and being characterized by a firm and unyielding stand for loyalty, cleanliness in politics and civic righteousness. It has taken advanced ground on many of the great issues of the times, and has always supported movements calculated to enhance the general welfare of the people. In 1912 Mr. Maag was elected a presidential elector during Wilson's first campaign.

As a democrat he was elected to the State Legislature in 1901, and during the session with which he was identified he was a member of the committee on railroads and public printing. In local affairs he has been active, exerting himself in behalf of worthy charitable and benevolent movements, most notable of which is the Glenwood Children's Home, of which charitable institution he has been a trustee since its organization. In addition to his business connection with the Vindicator he is treasurer of the Youngstown Arc Engraving Company.

Politically Mr. Maag gives his political support to the democratic party, and has been active in local public affairs. He is of that type of German born citizens who have been a credit to the land of their adoption. During the recent World war he rendered effective service as a member of Draft Board No. 1, and in many ways contributed to the American war interests. Fraternally he is an appreciative member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has attained the Knights Templar degree and the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite, and he is also a member of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

While living in Fort Wayne Mr. Maag was married to Elizabeth DuCasse, of Watertown, Wisconsin, who died in 1909, and the fruits of that union are the three children living: Alma, who is the wife of William O. Brown, manager of the Vindicator; William F., Jr., editor of the Vindicator; and Arthur DuCasse, who is editor of the Sunday Vindicator; and the three deceased children are: Eda Irene, who died aged twenty-six years; Mathilde, who died aged nine years; and Carl, who died when seven years.

Strong and forceful in his relations with his fellow men, Mr. Maag has not only made his presence felt, but he has also gained the good will and commendation of his associates and the general public, ever retaining his reputation among men for integrity and high character, and never losing that dignity which is the birthright of a gentleman.

Hon. James Kennedy, lawyer and former congressman from Youngstown, representing the Eighteenth District, is one of a group of Kennedys who have been constructive factors in the industrial life of the Mahoning Valley for over half a century. The constructive faculty is also a dominant characteristic of Mr. James Kennedy. It has been exemplified in his work as a lawyer and as a public leader. Among those to whom the public naturally look for advice and guidance Mr. Kennedy is one of the comparatively few who appear to have anything like a comprehensive understanding and grasp of the tremendous problems and issues involved in American statesmanship. His ability to diagnose evils and propose remedies has brought the familiar charge of radicalism, though a careful examination of what he proposes is apparently more nearly akin to safe conservatism than the policies that receive the approbation of so many of the conventional politicians.

Mr. Kennedy was born on a farm in Poland Township of Mahoning County, September 3, 1853. His parents were Thomas Walker and Margaret (Truesdale) Kennedy, both people of strong intellectual powers and fine character, whose qualities have been transmitted to their sons, practically all of whom have gained distinction in some way or another. Thomas Walker Kennedy, though he lived on a farm, was a carpenter by trade, and was the pioneer blast furnace engineer of the Mahoning Valley. He built the Struthers and Haselton furnaces and the rolling mill at Sharon, and for years exercised a technical influence throughout the iron and steel district. Another interesting fact concerning his career is that he was a delegate from Poland Township to the first district convention of the republican party in 1856.

Wm. F. Haag

Thomas W. Kennedy died when about seventy-seven years of age.

Of the eight children of these parents the oldest living is Julian, who was born March 15, 1852, and was a draftsman under his father in the construction of the Struthers Furnace, was superintendent of blast furnaces in the Mahoning Valley and Western Pennsylvania for many years, and for the past thirty years has been a general consulting and contracting engineer, connected with nearly every important steel plant in the United States and Europe. His inventive genius is exemplified in many of the processes and mechanical equipment for the manufacture of iron and steel. It will be probably remembered by some of the older generations that Julian Kennedy won the world championship at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1876 in single scull oarsmanship, competed for by the colleges of the world.

James Kennedy is the second of this notable family. Hugh, the third, is vice president and general manager of the Rogers-Brown Iron Company of Buffalo. Rachel is the wife of John Becker and lives on the old homestead in Poland Township. Walter Kennedy, a mechanical engineer with home at Pittsburgh, at one time went to China and under the direction of Viceroy Chang operated and managed iron and steel mills in the Orient and produced the good steel rails in China. The next son is John Kennedy, general superintendent of the Rogers-Brown plant at Buffalo. Samuel A. Kennedy now retired, for many years was general superintendent of the Iroquois Iron Company of South Chicago. The youngest of the family is Thomas, now retired, who was an expert in the construction and management of blast furnaces.

Mr. James Kennedy was therefore the only son to depart from the traditional family lines and engage in one of the older professions. He was educated in the Poland Union Seminary, graduated in 1876 from Westminster College at New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, and was a student of law under Gen. Thomas Sanderson at Youngstown. Admitted to the bar in 1879, Mr. Kennedy has been an active member of the Youngstown bar for over forty years.

In the early years of his practice he served as a member of the city council. In 1902 he was elected by the old Eighteenth Congressional District, and for four consecutive terms represented that district at Washington from 1903 to 1911. He became one of the influential members of the majority in the House, served on the interstate commerce committee, and helped frame the bill under which the Panama Canal was built. He was also active in behalf of pure food laws and much other constructive legislation credited to the republican congresses of that date.

Mr. Kennedy is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Sons of the American Revolution and the United Presbyterian Church. He married Miss Phoebe Erwin. Their only daughter, Grace Margaret, is the wife of Richard Mitchell, of Buffalo, New York.

Bion W. Brockway, vice president and general manager of the Brockway-Williamson Realty Company, which of late years has developed much Youngstown real estate, is well known and well regarded in that city, having been a responsible resident therein for more than thirty years, for the greater part of which time he has been prominently identified with Youngstown business.

He was born in Painesville, Ohio, and for many years was a wholesale fruit merchant in Youngstown, his establishment having been located on the site where the courthouse now stands. It will be remembered that he later conducted a substantial wholesale business on the corner of Boardman and Phelps streets. In 1904 he began to invest in real estate, forming an association with W. P. Williamson, the two eventually, in 1914, incorporating their business under the name of the Brockway-Williamson Realty Company. More regarding the expansion of this firm will be found in the biography of Mr. Williamson written for this edition, but it may here be stated that the operations of the partners have brought about the development of many sections of Youngstown. The company has developed the Market Street district, Warren Avenue, East Evergreen Avenue and East Avondale, and has been interested in real estate in other sections. At the present time it is developing many large holdings, all of which have their effect upon the beauty of the city. Mr. Brockway is much interested in town planning, and for many years has shown a desire to co-operate in public movements having for their purpose the betterment of living conditions in the city.

He married Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander MacMaster, of Youngstown, and they have two children, daughters, Helen and Gladys.

Wesley B. Van Gorder. Since 1915 Wesley B. Van Gorder has been operating a general real estate business at Youngstown and has been connected with the development of the McKinley Heights Addition, an allotment between Niles and Girard, and with Jewel Heights Allotment at Hubbard, the McDonald Allotment at McDonald, Ohio, and others of importance. He operates under the name of the Van Gorder Realty Company and has offices at 221 Dollar Bank Building.

Wesley B. Van Gorder was born at Warren, Ohio, on July 26, 1876, a son of William P. and Elizabeth (Pinkard) Van Gorder, pioneers of the Mahoning Valley. William P. Van Gorder was captain of a canal boat and owner of a general store at Warren, and took an active part in business and politics in that community. With the exception of Wesley B. Van Gorder, the members of the family are all democrats. William P. Van Gorder and his wife are consistent members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Wesley B. Van Gorder attended the Warren High School, which graduated him at the age of sixteen years. Prior to this, when only twelve years of age, he, with an older brother, lived for several months on a pre-emption claim in the far West. At the termination of his school days Mr. Van Gorder went to Omaha, Nebraska, and later to Nome, Alaska. The trip to Nome was rich in experience, but a financial failure, and he took the position of waiter on the boat to secure his passage home. In speaking of his condition on that trip Mr. Van Gorder laughingly asserts that while he had enough to cover him, his supply of garments was not worth mentioning. However, in spite of the hardships he feels that this trip

was one of the best factors in the development of his character and does not in any way regret it.

Returning to Ohio, he took a position as yard clerk with the Erie Railroad at Youngstown, and was promoted to be yardmaster. Having connected himself with the Youngstown Young Men's Christian Association, he was made its religious secretary and served as such for seven years, and having made a number of acquaintances found out the demand that exists for suitable and comfortable residences at a reasonable price, and so in 1915 embarked in his present real estate business. In it he has found his life work, and his success, while almost phenomenal, is but the logical result of talents rightly applied. Mr. Van Gorder is a republican and was a member of the Mahoning County Central Committee of his party for fifteen years.

In 1901 Mr. Van Gorder was married to Margaret E. Lapp, a daughter of John Lapp. Mrs. Van Gorder is a native of Youngstown. Both she and Mr. Van Gorder belong to Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church of Youngstown. He is an Odd Fellow and also belongs to the Poland Country Club, the Poland Country Gun Club and the Automobile Club. As a member of the Chamber of Commerce and the Real Estate Board of Youngstown Mr. Van Gorder takes an active part in matters pertaining to the business life and expansion of the city, and is in every way a most desirable citizen.

Edwin R. Smith. The rapid growth of the City of Warren and the development of the Mahoning Valley, especially of the upper end of the valley, during the present decade is due primarily to the natural advantages of this favored section and to a number of men of vision, action and enterprise, with the courage of their convictions. Some of these men were born and reared in the valley, while others have but recently become citizens here and who are styled by the older residents as "newcomers," and it is generally conceded that the latter class has done its full share in the work of development.

One of the men who might be classed as a "newcomer" is Edwin R. Smith of Warren, but class him as you may the fact stands out that he is a vital force in the valley, and that by his efforts he has contributed more to its development and progress during his few years of citizenship than many men who have spent their entire lives in the community, and to those men his business operations have been a revelation. Mr. Smith is a native-born Ohioan, his birth having occurred on February 26, 1875, near Warsaw in Coshocton County. His parents, Ransom and Catherine (Snyder) Smith, were also natives of Coshocton County, and both were descended from old Ohio families, and the mother still resides at Dresden, Muskingum County. The father died February 22, 1920, being in his seventy-sixth year. The mother has reached her seventy-third year. Edwin R. was reared on the parental farm in Coshocton County, and was educated in the district schools, his educational advantages having been limited; however, what he lost for want of good school opportunities he made up with hard study at home at nights.

Mr. Smith left the farm when he was about twenty years of age to go to work as a laborer in the iron mills of Dresden. His development into a skilled workman was rapid, and he continued to work in different mills until 1898, in which year he became a locomotive fireman on the Pennsylvania Railroad. Four years later, however, he resumed mill work in the Dover, Ohio, plant of the American Sheet & Tin Plate Company. But it is inevitable that a man like Mr. Smith would not be contented in a subordinate position and that sooner or later his ambitions would lead him into other fields of endeavor where his inherent abilities would be given opportunity for achievements, worth-while achievements worthy of the man. By the year 1918 he had mapped out his future course, formulating after deep thought and investigation his plans and had selected his field of operation, so in that year he became a resident of Warren, and the city has been benefited by his coming. Here he entered the real estate business, at first buying only improved city property. His operations rapidly grew in scope and volume, and soon he was handling the developing of real estate outside of the city. His greatest project to the present time was the organization of the Newton Realty & Construction Company, with headquarters at Warren. Having become impressed with the natural advantages of Newton Falls and its environs, and realizing the future possibilities for industrial enterprise, in February, 1919, Mr. Smith began buying real estate in that location, and in the same year he organized this $500,000 corporation, purchased and platted 425 lots, laid pavements and sewers, and is building 400 modern six and seven room houses. He is general manager, secretary and treasurer and a director of the corporation.

Mr. Smith's operations as a promoter of enterprises in Warren and Newton Falls have resulted in great benefit to both communities. The Jonathan Warren Hotel Company, a $450,000 corporation, with its stock held by Warren people, was organized by Mr. Smith for the purpose of building a much needed modern hotel in Warren, and the Jonathan Warren Hotel is a six-story brick building with 150 up-to-date rooms. Mr. Smith is secretary, treasurer and a director of the company. He was one of the reorganizers and is a director of the First National Bank of Newton Falls, was a promoter of the Newton Falls Savings & Loan Association, and is a director of it. He was a promoter of the Newton Falls Theater, and was a promoter in the locating of the Newton Steel Works at that point.

Mr. Smith purchased the Newton Falls Herald, a weekly newspaper, and the Niles Daily News in order that he might have a voice in the moulding of public opinion in the valley, and not as a means of boosting his own interests, which fact has since been proven by the policies of these publications.

Mr. Smith is a member of the Warren Board of Trade and of the Trumbull Country Club, and worships at the First Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Della Stiffler, a daughter of John and Catherine (Hamersley) Stiffler of New Philadelphia, Ohio, and they have one son, Frank M., who was born on February 2, 1906.

E. R. Smith

JOHN R. TRUESDALE. A creditman of long experience, John R. Truesdale has developed and given to the Mahoning Valley and other sections of Ohio a highly valuable service as a mercantile agency.

Mr. Truesdale was born at Canfield, Ohio, May 3, 1877, a son of Jackson and Luceba (Ripley) Truesdale. Both his father and mother were descendants of Revolutionary ancestors. The founder of the family in the Mahoning Valley was John Truesdale, who came from Pennsylvania and was identified with this Ohio country when the land was raw and unimproved. His son Jackson Truesdale graduated from the Western Reserve Medical College, practiced medicine a few years, was elected and served two terms as county auditor of Mahoning County prior to the Civil war, and then engaged in general merchandising at Canfield. After about 1890 he retired and died in advanced years in July, 1910. His wife died about 1907. Of their two sons the older, William J., now deceased, was for several years a teacher at Cleveland, and was twice married, leaving one son, Benjamin Orton.

John R. Truesdale grew up at Canfield to the age of nineteen and completed his education with one year in the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware. From 1897 to 1907 he was a worker in the mills at Youngstown, and for five years a locomotive fireman with the Erie Railway. He then bought the Merchants Mercantile Company, a retail credit reporting concern, and has made that one of the leading and most reliable credit agencies in Eastern Ohio. As a credit man he has served several other organizations. From October, 1917, for two years he was secretary of the Ohio Grocers & Meat Dealers Association. For the past twelve years he has been secretary of the Youngstown Retail Grocers Association, and for three years has been secretary of the National Association of Mercantile Agencies. He is also secretary of the Youngstown Retail Credit Association.

Mr. Truesdale is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, the Rotary Club, and is a Knight Templar Mason and Shriner. March 11, 1903, he married Clara Rose Justice. They are members of the Brown Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church. Mrs. Truesdale is assistant secretary of the Realty Security Company.

EDWARD MOORE was a pioneer character of Youngstown, was the father of the late William G. Moore, one of the city's leading lawyers and business men, and the family is still represented in the city.

Edward Moore was born, reared and educated in Ireland, and remained there after his marriage until two of his children were born. He was a Protestant, and it is probable that religious matters had something to do with his coming to this country, though a factor of equal importance no doubt was a desire to secure the superior advantages of the new world. Early in the decade of the twenties of the nineteenth century he brought his family to the United States and for a short time lived in Western Pennsylvania. His attention was soon attracted to the Mahoning Valley, and in 1827 he bought what is known as the H. K. Wick property in Youngstown. He lived there for a time, later moved into the Town of Youngstown, and gradually acquired much real estate, bought and sold stock, and acquired a considerable fortune. He was a man of fine character, honest, upright and well qualified to meet the conditions of pioneering in the western world. He died in advanced years during the decade of the seventies.

William G. Moore, one of his sons, was born in Western Pennsylvania in June, 1823, and was an infant when brought to Youngstown. He grew up to sturdy manhood, and while without a collegiate training his practical judgment and keen observation more than made up for its lack. He took up the study of law, was admitted to the bar, and for several years diligently practiced. However, his thorough business ability soon led him to abandon his profession and devote himself to his private affairs. He acquired much property, was a recognized man of wealth in the community, and measured up to all the demands imposed upon good American citizenship.

William G. Moore married Leura Andrews, a sister of Chauncey Andrews. Of their marriage the only survivor is Miss Julia Moore, who lives on Park Avenue, opposite beautiful Wick Park in Youngstown.

HERBERT M. STEELE, vice president and general manager of the Newton Steel Company of Newton Falls, Ohio, and director of the Newton Realty Construction Company, of that place, has rapidly come into leading place among the steel manufacturers and officials of the Mahoning Valley. As an organizer his operations have proved to be of very great consequence to Newton Falls, which is rapidly being converted into an industrial center of much promise, the $2,000,000 steel plant which Mr. Steele and his associates have been instrumental in bringing into being representing a manufacturing plant such as would be considered of consequence to any community, and must be a very potent factor of encouragement to a place which but a few years ago was only a small village. The effect upon Newton Falls of the operations of the Newton Steel Plant has already been appreciable, and is shown in the development work of the Newton Realty Construction Company, which is rapidly adding block after block of steel-workers' dwellings.

As an organizer Mr. Steele had already demonstrated the stability of his proposals, and the thoroughness with which he stabilized such enterprises gave to those with whom he had business association a confidence in his ability as an executive and business builder. In business organization he has shown an efficiency and aptness such as points to a wide experience, and his endeavors have been characterized by an honesty of purpose and a power of concentration such as invariably lead to thoroughness and success. It must be encouraging to the people of Newton Falls to know that the new steel plant, which promises so much for that community, is under the management of Mr. Steele, a man of two decades of responsible connection with steel and tinplate manufacture, and that the affairs of the Newton Steel Plant are his first concern.

He was born in Quaker City, Ohio, on January 19, 1874, the son of J. C. Steele, who died in 1891, and who was in his day a widely-known attorney. Herbert M. attended the public schools in due course, and eventually graduated from the high school at Cambridge, Ohio, after which he entered business

life, his first employment being in the operating department of the Morton Tinplate Company, where he soon became familiar with the details of manufacture. From 1901 to 1917 he held responsible positions in the manufacturing departments of the American Sheet Steel Company and the American Sheet and Tinplate Company of Cambridge, Ohio, Muncie, Indiana, Canal Dover, Ohio, and Farrell, Pennsylvania. For three years his time was given almost exclusively to research work in connection with the operating departments of these important plants and with the industry in general; and in that connection he spent much time in visiting consumers, so that he might study their needs and how the plants could best fill them. He had early proved himself to be an executive of ability, and had advanced through the several managerial capacities to that of general manager, in which responsibility he gave increasing evidence of his thoroughness, his administrative ability and wide technical knowledge. He also manifested a broad and appreciative understanding of human nature, and a full recognition of the vital importance of confidence between employer and employe. He has the faculty of leadership, of being able to get the workman to understand that the greatest good would come to himself by aiming to do the best possible for his employer. The resultant profitable and harmonious operation of the plants has enhanced Mr. Steele's reputation as an able, tactful and appreciative manager. He probably has as many sincere friends among the employes as among the employers. In 1917 he resigned his connection with the American Sheet and Tinplate Company in order to take part in the organization of a tinplate manufacturing enterprise in Warren, Trumbull County. The outcome was the eventual establishment, in successful operation, of the Liberty Steel Company of that place, of which company he was vice president and general manager. In 1918 that company was absorbed by the Trumbull Steel Company of Warren, Ohio, to the substantial advantage of the original owners, which arrangement left Mr. Steele free to enter the organization of the larger project with which he has been chiefly identified, the Newton Steel Company, which now employs 800 men, more than was the total population of Newton Falls at the last census. As an incorporator Mr. Steele did good work; he was elected to the original board of directors, was chosen the first vice president and appointed general manager. The construction of the modern plant has been under his direction, and he is generally responsible for its successful operation. He attends closely to his business, and in almost all his actions has shown himself to be a business man of broad measure. He was an original director of the Newton Realty Construction Company, a corporation with an authorized capital of $500,000, which company acquired a large tract of land contiguous to its plant and set itself to the task of erecting modern homes in necessary number for the steel workers at the Newton Steel Plant.

It will therefore be appreciated that the business operations of Mr. Steele and his associates are of much importance to Newton Falls and that vicinity. The success of the plant is of principal importance to Mr. Steele, and while he is a man of good public spirit and under different circumstances might take more prominent part in public movements, he feels it necessary at present to devote his entire time and thought to the growing affairs of the new steel plant.

He resides in Warren, Trumbull County, with his wife, Mary (McKetrick) Steele, whom he married in 1916.

C. H. Kennedy. Undoubtedly the service that counts most in commercial affairs is that rendered with the full enthusiasm and energy of the individual in behalf of one institution or in one line of effort over a long period of years. For nearly forty years C. H. Kennedy has been identified with the Commercial National Bank of Youngstown. This has constituted practically his entire adult life. He has advanced from the lowest grades to the chief executive direction of the bank, which is noted as one of the soundest, most conservative and prosperous banking institutions of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Kennedy was born in Youngstown January 1, 1865, a son of Henderson G. and Esther E. (Stewart) Kennedy. His grandfather, James Kennedy, was a pioneer settler at Coitsville in Mahoning County, and on his farm there Henderson G. Kennedy was born and reared, and married the daughter of a neighboring farmer. Early in the Civil war Henderson G. Kennedy enlisted in an Ohio regiment, and served until, as a result of disease contracted in the army, he was taken to a hospital at Washington and died there.

C. H. Kennedy was the youngest of three children. He was educated in the grammar schools and the Rayen High School in Youngstown, and spent one year in the State University at Columbus. He entered the Commercial National Bank in 1881 as a collector. In subsequent years, on the basis of merit, he was promoted to teller, bookkeeper, assistant cashier, cashier, and since June 3, 1919, has held the post of president.

Mr. Kennedy is a member of the Youngstown and Youngstown Country Clubs, the Rotary Club, Chamber of Commerce, Elks Club and the First Presbyterian Church. In 1888 he married Edith M. Orr, daughter of John S. Orr of Youngstown. Their two children are Margaret M. and Sarah Katherine.

W. A. Thomas was born in Wales, June 8, 1865, his parents being Thomas B. Thomas and Margaret (Davies) Thomas, who came to America one year later and settled on a farm near Niles, where he spent his boyhood. He attended the public schools and, at the age of nineteen began his career as clerk in a dry goods store. He continued in the mercantile business for fifteen years, during which time he became a leading merchant in the City of Niles. Selling his store in 1899, he, in company with James Patterson and his brother, Thomas Thomas, organized the Niles Iron and Sheet Company, building a four mill sheet plant at Niles. Four years later the Thomas brothers acquired the interests of the others in the company and reorganized it under the name of the Niles Iron & Steel Company, Mr. Thomas becoming president of this concern. The plant was enlarged at the time by the erection of four additional mills and the installation of galvanizing and corrugated roofing depart-

ments. On January 30, 1909, the company was again reorganized and the name changed to the Thomas Steel Company, the capital being at the same time increased to $500,000 and four additional sheet mills being installed.

Three years later the Brier Hill Steel Company was organized and Mr. Thomas became its first president, a position which he filled continuously until he resigned on December 31, 1919. Under his management this company, which is described elsewhere, became one of the leading corporations of its kind in the country, and Mr. Thomas became widely recognized as an executive of great ability and untiring energy.

While his time has been largely devoted to the management of the Brier Hill Steel Company since its organization in 1912, Mr. Thomas is also connected with numerous other activities and still retains his interest in their direction. Among the enterprises in which he serves as a director are the following: The Niles Trust Company, the First National Bank of Youngstown, the Standard Boiler & Plate Iron Company, the Electric Alloy Steel Company and the Brier Hill Steel Company. He is a member of the Youngstown, Youngstown Country, Union, Duquesne and Bankers clubs, India House, Ohio Society, American Iron & Steel Institute, Annadale Golf and other clubs and organizations, and also of the First Presbyterian Church, Youngstown.

Mr. Thomas was married on July 23, 1890, to Miss Mary Bentley, daughter of A. J. Bentley, of Niles, Ohio, and they have four children, these being Mrs. Lloyd Booth, Margaret G., Wayne Bentley and Mary Jeannette. The Thomas home is one of the most charming residences on Logan Road, Youngstown.

Wade A. Taylor. During a period of three decades Wade A. Taylor has had a growing interest and intensive connection with the commercial life of the Mahoning Valley, chiefly centered at Niles, until recently he became located at Youngstown. Mr. Taylor is a banker, has been identified with the executive administration of several large industrial concerns, and is a fine type of the broad gauge business man and generous and public-spirited citizen.

He was born at Loudonville, Ashland County, Ohio, March 26, 1869. The earlier generations of his family on coming from England lived in Connecticut and Virginia. His parents were Adam A. and Priscilla (Wade) Taylor, now deceased. His father for many years was a flour miller in Ashland County.

The youngest of eight children, four of whom are still living, Wade A. Taylor spent the first sixteen years of his life at Loudonville. He had a public school education, completed his sophomore year at Wooster College, and for two years was employed in a grain office at Toledo.

Then, in 1890, he removed to Niles, and was put on the pay roll of the old First National Bank, which then was a new organization. He remained with that bank in different capacities until 1901. In 1895, with other associates, he bought a controlling interest, and from 1895 to 1901 served as its cashier.

In 1902 Mr. Taylor organized at Niles the Empire Iron & Steel Company and was its president until the business was sold to Jonathan Warner in 1906. The next important industrial concern with which his name and energies were identified was the Deforest Sheet & Tinplate Company, which he organized in 1909 and of which he continued president until 1917. He then retired from the chief executive office, but kept his interest in the business until it was sold to the Republic Iron and Steel Company in 1919. Mr. Taylor also helped organize the Dollar Savings Bank Company and is still president of that institution. These facts tell very briefly his association with the important developments that in recent years have marked the rising power of Niles as an industrial and commercial center.

Mr. Taylor has had his home at Youngstown since 1918. In 1917 he organized the Valley Iron Company of Youngstown, an export concern. Its affairs were liquidated in 1919, after the close of the war. In June, 1919, the American Zinc Products Company of Warren was purchased by Mr. Taylor and associates, and the offices have since been moved to Youngstown. Mr. Taylor is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club, the Niles Club, the Trumbull Country Club, the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. In 1892 he married Miss Mabel Strickland, and they have one daughter, Laura Priscilla. Mr. Taylor is a republican in politics.

Thomas B. Jones has given practically all his active life to the service of banking and other financial corporations in the Mahoning Valley. He is now treasurer of the Home Savings & Loan Company of Youngstown.

His father was the late James G. Jones, a native of Wales. At the age of fifteen he came to the United States with his parents, and soon afterward found employment in Eastern Ohio. He enlisted in a company raised at Weathersfield, and made an honorable record as a faithful soldier of the Union during the war. Subsequently he became active in public affairs, and died in September, 1878. He was one of the charter members of the Knights of Pythias Lodge at Coalsburg in Trumbull County. He married Mary Jones, also a native of Wales, who had come to this country at the age of thirteen.

Thomas B. Jones, who was one of a family of seven children, was born at Coalsburg in Trumbull County, December 14, 1878. From early childhood he lived with his parents at Cornersburg in Mahoning County, and received a public school education there. His real career began as a messenger in the Commercial National Bank. A few years later he became bookkeeper for the Mahoning National Bank, and for the past eighteen years, since 1902, all his service has been with the Home Savings & Loan Company. He began with that institution as teller, was promoted to assistant treasurer, and since 1910 has had the responsibilities of treasurer.

Mr. Jones is a Mason and Odd Fellow. He married in 1903 Della Jarvis, daughter of James and Mary (Ruggles) Jarvis. Their only daughter is Florence M.

Charles R. Hood. The prosperity and substantial welfare of a city or community are in a large measure due to the enterprise and wise foresight of its business men. It is the progressive, wide-awake men of affairs that make the real history of a community, and their influence in shaping and directing its varied

interests is difficult to determine. Charles R. Hood, the head of the Hood Electric Company of Youngstown, is one of the enterprising spirits who have contributed to the recent growth and prosperity of the city and community. With a mind capable of planning, he combines a will strong enough to execute his well formulated purposes, and his great energy, keen discrimination and perseverance have resulted in material success.

Charles R. Hood was born on November 12, 1883, and is the son of Charles A. and Carrie (Shurtleff) Hood. Charles A. Hood, who died on December 16, 1916, at the age of fifty-six years, was born and reared in Pennsylvania, whence he came to Youngstown in 1889. In his native state he had been engaged in the operation of a general country store, but after coming to Youngstown he became a member of the firm of Hood & St. Clair, and engaged in the lumber business, their plant being located on Watt Street. Later they moved to Decker Street, at which time the firm was reorganized under the new title of Hood, Beard & Company. In 1906 he organized the Electric Wiring Company, which was the nucleus of the present Hood Electric Company, now operated by his son, the subject of this sketch. Politically he was a stanch supporter of the republican party. He married Carrie Shurtleff, the daughter of Roswell Shurtleff, and she survives him, making her home in Youngstown. Their union was blessed by the birth of a son, Charles R., who has spent practically his entire life in Youngstown. He received his education at the Elm Street School and the Rayen High School. From his boyhood days he was deeply interested in everything pertaining to electricity and kept closely in touch with the latest developments in that science. He has been associated with the Hood Electric Company from its inception, first as secretary and later as president. This company has done a vast amount of contract work in all parts of the United States and enjoys a wide spread reputation because of the high quality of their work. However, of late they have reduced their territory to a radius of fifty miles from Youngstown, in which they have found all the work they can possibly attend to. Their work is found in many of the larger buildings here, including business blocks, schools, churches and private homes. They are equipped to do any work for which they may be called upon, and their record is one of which they have just reason to be proud.

Mr. Hood was married to May Hughes, the daughter of Isaac Hughes, and their union has been blessed by a daughter, Caroline. The family are members of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, while fraternally Mr. Hood is a member of the Fraternal Order of Eagles and the Loyal Order of Moose. He is also a member of the Builders Exchange. He is a man of absolute honesty, always on the advance and manages his business with a skill and prudence which comes of practical knowledge of every branch of the business. He is regarded as one of Youngstown's useful citizens and he has abundantly justified the high opinion which has been held of him by those who know him.

C. O. Brandel since 1910 has lived in Warren, Ohio, and has there been connected responsibly with important industries of that place. He holds the degree of Bachelor of Science of the University of Wisconsin, and for a time had professorial duties at that university. Since 1909 he has been connected with the General Electric Company, and in the following year took charge of the Warren Electric and Specialty Company, now known as the Peerless-Brilliant Lamp Division of the General Electric Company. So that his association with Warren affairs has been continuous since 1910.

He was born in Jefferson, Wisconsin, July 17, 1884, the son of the Rev. John C. and Elizabeth (Robish) Brandel. The latter was a native of Wisconsin. The former was born in Germany, but he lived in the United States continuously from his second year and was a naturalized citizen. For forty-two years John C. Brandel was in the ministry, and was active almost until his death, which occurred on October 13, 1919.

C. O. Brandel was educated in the public schools of Wisconsin, and having decided to qualify for a business or engineering career he entered the school of engineering of the University of Wisconsin, graduating with the class of 1908, with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electric Engineering. For one year after graduation he remained at the university as instructor in the school of engineering. In June, 1909, he went to Cleveland to take up a satisfactory appointment in the engineering department of the National Lamp Works. In September, 1910, he was sent to Warren, Ohio, to take a supervising position with the Warren Electric and Specialty Company, a subsidiary of the National Lamp Works. On January 1, 1911, he was appointed manager of the company, and in that capacity has remained at Warren ever since, being now general manager of the enlarged business, which since 1912 has been known as the Peerless-Brilliant Lamp Division of the General Electric Company.

Mr. Brandel has come into contact and cooperation with the leaders of Warren's industrial affairs, and has shown a ready spirit of cooperation in public projects affecting the city. He takes an active interest in the endeavors of the Warren Board of Trade, and also of the Warren Rotary Club.

In 1914 Mr. Brandel married Elizabeth N., daughter of O. H. Thomas. The home of the Thomas family was at Frankfort, Kentucky, prior to the removal to Louisville, that state, when Mr. Thomas became connected with the Louisville and Nashville Railway Company. Mr. and Mrs. Brandel have made many good friends in Warren and they have entered much into community life. They are members of the First Presbyterian Church.

Ensign Yager, who died March 2, 1920, was an enterprising, energetic and prosperous citizen of Youngstown. A son of Edwin Yager, he was born January 3, 1868, in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, and was there reared to man's estate. His paternal grandfather, David Yager, for many years engaged in general farming in Canfield Township, spent the closing years of his life in Kansas.

Edwin Yager spent the entire period of his comparatively brief life in Canfield Township, his birth occurring in 1837 and his death in 1876. He was a

C. O. Brandes

Rev Edward Mears

faithful member of the German Lutheran Church, and as a man and a citizen was held in high respect. He married Maria Brobst, who survived him many long years, passing away in 1911, at an advanced age. She belonged to a family noted for its longevity, her grandfather, Henry Brobst, who migrated with his wife from Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, to Mahoning County, was ninety years old when he died, while his wife attained the venerable age of ninety-three years. The Brobst family were prominent in the affairs of the German Reformed Church, and among its most active members.

Ensign Yager, the only son of the parental household, had one sister, Clara, who married John Crum, a native of Four Mile Run, Austintown Township, Mahoning County. Having completed his early education in the Canfield High School, Ensign obtained a minor position in the mercantile establishment of J. H. Fitch, receiving for his first year's work not only his board but the munificent sum of $75 to cover his personal expenses, including the purchase of his clothing. Desirous of bettering his financial condition he started in the meat business on his own account in 1885, opening a shop on Himrod Avenue. From the first he handled first class products, buying all of his live stock, and doing his own butchering, his slaughtering plant at first having been located on the lot now occupied by the Rhodes Distilled Water Plant, and later on Hazel Street, from there moving to 31 North Phelps Street. Disposing of his meat market, Mr. Yager embarked in the garage business, and for the last seven years was very successful in handling the Auburn car, his annual sales comparing very favorably with those of any other automobile dealer in the city.

In 1899 Mr. Yager was united in marriage with Miss Minnie Lane, a native of Ohio. Fraternally Mr. Yager was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and of the Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has taken the thirty-second degree; he is also a member of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Cleveland. He belonged to St. John's Episcopal Church, as does also his widow and they were liberal contributors towards its support.

J. Howard Parker has spent all his life in Youngstown, and in point of service is one of the oldest officials of the First National Bank of that city.

He is a son of the late William Parker, whose useful and kindly life has been sketched elsewhere. J. Howard Parker was born in Youngstown, September 23, 1873, and attended the grammar and the Rayen High Schools. He was sixteen years of age when he was taken into the First National Bank as a messenger boy. In subsequent years he was given increasing responsibilities in other positions and in 1911 stepped into his present duties as cashier of the bank. He has held that office now for eight years.

Mr. Parker is affiliated with the Masonic and Elks orders, is a member of the Youngstown Club, Chamber of Commerce, Poland Country Club, is active in the Plymouth Congregational Church, with which his father was so long identified, and in politics is a republican.

September 24, 1898, he married Miss Matie E. Streeter, daughter of J. H. Streeter of Youngstown. Their two children are William Horace and John H., Jr.

Father Edward Mears for forty-two years has been pastor of St. Columba's Catholic Church, the mother church of a score of prosperous parishes in the Mahoning Valley. On May 6, 1919, the new St. Columba's Church was consecrated by the bishop of Cleveland, Rt. Rev. John P. Farrelly, and on the following day very appropriately was celebrated also in the presence of the bishop a solemn high jubilee mass marking the fiftieth year of Father Mears' priesthood.

Edward Mears was born at Balina, County Mayo, Ireland, July 18, 1844, and came to America in 1853 with his parents, Patrick and Hannah Mears. The family settled at Toledo, where Father Mears in 1857, at the age of thirteen, began his collegiate education and in 1859 enrolled as a student in Notre Dame University in Indiana. He was at Notre Dame until 1862, and in 1866 entered the Theological Seminary at Cleveland. He was ordained March 7, 1869, by Bishop Amadeus Rappe of the Cleveland diocese. Father Mears celebrated his first mass in St. John's Cathedral. One of his altar boys was James E. Burke, for many years a parishioner of St. Columba's and a neighbor of Father Mears today, living on West Wood Street. His first appointment as a priest was at the Cleveland Cathedral, and he was transferred from there to the parish of Bellevue and Clyde, later to Crestline, and just before coming to Youngstown was at St. Augustine's parish in Cleveland and secretary to Bishop Gilmour. In July, 1877, he succeeded Rev. P. H. Brown as the pastor of St. Columba's, thus opening up to him a work which has been greatly prospered and blessed in forty odd years. At that time Youngstown had only three Catholic churches, while today more than twenty testify to the sturdy growth of the Catholic faith in the valley.

Many eminent men, not only in his own church, but in official station, deemed it a privilege to congratulate Father Mears on the occasion of his jubilee. Later members of his parish gathered together many of his tributes and published them in a handsome book dedicated to Father Mears "For Remembrance." It is fitting that a few of the expressions of personal esteem contained in that book should be quoted here.

The first is from Judge John J. Clarke, a justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, who said: "I cannot, however, refrain from expressing to you (Rev. R. P. Gibbons of Youngstown) something of the high esteem in which, non-Catholic though I am, I have long held Father Mears. I am happy to think that he has been my personal friend now for more than thirty years. I remember him first as a young man, going modestly about among the members of his flock by night and by day, ministering to the sick, encouraging the heavy laden, comforting the dying—just as he has been doing all through the many years since. His devotion to duty has always been unstinted and unselfish. It is a wise and beautiful custom, this of your church, to make of these jubilee periods occasions for giving expression while they still live to the reverence and love and honor which you feel for men who have lived unselfish lives of service."

Still another came from the general headquarters of the American Expeditionary Forces, written by Maj.-Gen. James W. McAndrew, who said: "It has been my privilege and my happiness to have known Father Mears intimately for more than thirty-five years. Even when a young man I appreciated his nobility of character, his absolute unselfishness in all his relations with his fellow men, and his whole-souled devotion to his life's work, that of a priest of God. With the passing of the years, and with my own broadening vision of the world and of its peoples, my admiration and my love for him have steadily deepened. I need not dwell here on the traits that have endeared him to all who know him, even to those who are not of his faith. Father Mears' charity and christianity are not bounded by sect or creed but embrace all those with whom he comes in contact. An American in the very best sense of the word, his sturdy patriotism has ever been an incentive to all about him. He has done well his part in the support of our beloved country and its cherished institutions in times of stress or of calm."

Another honor of his golden jubilee was the conferring by Duquesne University of the Holy Ghost at Pittsburgh of the degree Doctor of Laws, conferred by virtue of services enumerated in the following language: "In admiration of his noble qualities of mind and heart; of his high ideals of the priestly character as manifested in his own life and influencing the lives of the clergy with whom he came in contact; of his having lovingly erected in St. Columba's Church a magnificent temple to the glory of God, and through the generous co-operation of his people liquidated the debts contracted in its construction and decoration; of his having zealously ministered to the members of a model congregation from the days of their infancy; of his having been largely instrumental in the founding of a hospital for the relief and cure of corporal and spiritual ills; of his having consistently encouraged Catholic education in an admirably organized parochial school and academy; and of his having effectively fostered the ambition of youth to aspire to activities in the learned professions, especially in sacerdotal, religious and missionary spheres."

In conclusion should be noted briefly some of the history of the church at Youngstown, with particular reference to Father Mears' activities of forty years. During the early years of the nineteenth century the Catholics at Youngstown were occasionally visited by traveling missionary priests from other localities. Youngstown became a mission attached to a parish in Columbiana County in 1835. The first steps toward the building of a church were taken in 1849 by Father Magann, but the church was not completed until 1853. Prior to that date mass was said in the homes of some of the early pioneers of the faith. The first church stood on the site of old St. Columba's, at the corner of Wood and Hazel streets. The first resident pastor of Youngstown was Father William O'Connor, who came in 1858. He was followed by the distinguished Rev. Eugene M. O'Callaghan, who left a deep impression on his time and his associates and in the early years of his ministry had the entire territory between Cleveland and the Pennsylvania state line for his field of labor. In 1863 he laid the cornerstone of old St. Columba's, still standing after fifty years as a monument to his rugged character. Father O'Callaghan began the erection of the present parochial school at the corner of Elm Street and Rayen Avenue in 1871. In that year he was succeeded as pastor by Rev. W. J. Gibbons, who a year later was succeeded by Father Patrick H. Brown, the immediate predecessor of Father Mears.

When Father Mears assumed the pastorate he faced an enormous debt, but his business ability and untiring zeal soon cleared away the financial embarrassment of the parish. In 1889, in recognition of service and worth, he was made irremovable rector by Bishop Richard Gilmour of Cleveland. And as old St. Columba's stands as a monument to Father O'Callaghan, so the beautiful new St. Columba's is the monument in lines of architecture to Father Mears. During his pastorate he was also influential in securing the remodeling of the parish school building, the erection of the Ursuline convent and the establishment of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, and these material achievements, together with that steady influence for good radiating from his personal character, fully justify the enthusiasm of his many admirers and friends.

HUGH ALEXANDER MANCHESTER. It was the inner character more than the material achievments, important though they were, that gave to the late Hugh Alexander Manchester his significant position in Mahoning County.

The Manchesters were among the first families of the Mahoning Valley. The American ancestry goes back to Thomas Manchester, who came to this country in 1638, and was identified with the original settlement of Rhode Island. A later descendant, Isaac Manchester, in the closing years of the eighteenth century came west and established a home in Washington County, Pennsylvania. His son Benjamin married Nancy Doddridge, and about 1804 came to Mahoning County. He was a soldier in the War of 1812. His son Isaac Manchester was born in Canfield Township, December 20, 1810, and married Ellen Wilson. She was of Scotch-Irish ancestry, but all the previous generations of the Manchester family had preserved the purity of their English blood.

The late Hugh Alexander Manchester was the oldest son of Isaac and Ellen (Wilson) Manchester, and was born on the old homestead in Canfield Township, March 5, 1837. He acquired a good education, though his advantages were those of the common schools. At the age of eighteen he began teaching, farming in the summer, and successive years brought him steadily increasing responsibilities and honors in his community. In 1867 he was first elected to the office of justice of the peace, was a county school examiner, and for twenty-three years clerk of the county board. He organized and served as cashier of the Farmers National Bank at Canfield from its inception in 1887 until 1907. He was elected to the Legislature in 1899, and in 1902 became mayor of Canfield.

Mr. Manchester died at his old home in Canfield, October 24, 1919. An old friend after his death wrote a tribute to his life and character from which the following paragraphs are extracted:

"In the passing of H. A. Manchester to his long

H. A. Manchester

home, Mahoning County loses one of its oldest and best known citizens. He was an active participant in much of the primitive work of this section of Ohio, upon which the happiness and general welfare of posterity largely depended. Like many other strong characters, it was in the country, in the field of agriculture, where his tutelage began. Successful as an agriculturist, he never lost his interest in that occupation. In the business and commercial world his name was a synonym of honor and integrity. As a banker he inspired confidence in the institution which he represented. His methods of business were always just, safe and conservative.

"By nature he possessed a legal turn of mind, which was matured by a large experience in the field of jurisprudence. His legal decisions were invariably correct and documents emanating from his pen were masterpieces of thought and diction. He served the people of this county at the state capital as a legislator with ability, and all his constituents felt that their best interests were safe and secure in his hands. It was as an educator that I first knew him, out of which grew that friendly relation which was always helpful. Through his liberal education he possessed that broadness of vision which rose beyond the mist and fog in public duty and in private thinking. He had a long and successful experience as a teacher in the public schools and for more than twenty years was a member of the Mahoning County Board of School Examiners. As a member of the Board of Trustees of the North-Eastern Ohio Normal College he was untiring in his efforts to make this institution what it was."

Mr. Manchester was one of the four original trustees of the Glenwood Children's Home and was next to the last survivor. He was a very active member of the Presbyterian Church, was a Knight Templar Mason and Odd Fellow, and in all the varied relations of a busy life he acquired hosts of friends, who especially respected him for his sterling integrity and high mindedness.

November 8, 1859, Mr. Manchester married Rose A. Squire, who died April 16, 1918, after their marriage companionship had continued for nearly half a century. Their children were: Mary E., who died in 1888; Laura E., Mrs. E. P. Tanner, of Canfield, in whose home Mr. Manchester died; Fannie C., wife of Ellis Bowman, of Ellsworth; Isaac Asher, who operates the old homestead farm; William Charles, a lawyer of Detroit, Michigan; and Curtis A. and Leroy Manchester, Youngstown lawyers.

Isaac Asher Manchester was born July 22, 1867, on the old homestead and in the house where he now lives and has spent all his life in Canfield. He attended the Canfield district schools and normal college and read law under A. J. Woolf, but never applied for admission to the bar, instead taking up agriculture and remaining with it. His farm contains 206 acres devoted to general agriculture. Mr. Manchester is a Mason and past master of Argus Lodge No. 545, at Canfield. He has been an elder in the Presbyterian Church for some time, was trustee of his township for many years and justice of the peace until the work became irksome. He was interested in the hardware business for three years and was assistant cashier of the Farmers National Bank at Canfield.

Isaac A. Manchester married, June 15, 1899, Stella May Stuart, a native of Canfield and daughter of Hugh and Chenie W. Stuart, farmers of Canfield and of Irish descent.

Curtis A. and Leroy A. Manchester. The character of a community is determined in a large measure by the lives of a comparatively few of its members. If its moral and intellectual status be good, if in a social way it is a pleasant place in which to reside, if its reputation for the integrity of its citizens has extended into other localities, it will be found that the standards set by the leading men have been high and their influence such as to mould the characters and shape the lives of those with whom they mingle. In placing in the front rank of such men the gentlemen whose names appear at the head of this paragraph, justice is rendered a biographical fact universally recognized throughout the locality long honored by their citizenship. Able and successful members of the legal profession, they have contributed much to the civic and moral advancement of the community, while their admirable qualities of head and heart have won for them the esteem and confidence of the circles in which they move.

Curtis A. and Leroy A. Manchester are descended from sterling old Colonial stock, the family being of English origin. Thomas Manchester, the first American progenitor, came to this country in 1638, and with a number of others formed the first settlement of Rhode Island on Narragansett Bay. His son Thomas married a Miss Woods, also of English descent, and they had one son, named William, who like his parents, lived and died in Rhode Island. John Manchester, a son of William, fought with the colonies against the mother country during the war for Independence. He was married to a Miss Crandell and both died in Rhode Island. Their son Isaac unwillingly aided the British in the Revolutionary war, for when about fifteen years of age he was captured and was forced to haul wood to the British soldiers' camps. He married a Miss Taylor, who bore him twelve children, some of whom in 1797 left for the West in covered wagons, with the intention of establishing their future homes. The first of the family to make this trip was Isaac Manchester, who, crossing the Alleghany Mountains, located in the fertile valley of what is now Independence Township, Washington County, Pennsylvania. He there engaged in farming and fruit growing, becoming a man of means and of considerable importance in that community. He died in 1851, leaving many descendants.

Benjamin Manchester, a son of Isaac, married Nancy Doddridge and about the year 1804 came to what was then Trumbull, but is now a part of Mahoning County, Ohio, where he established his home. She died in 1813 from an epidemic of what was then called bloody flux, which greatly decimated the population of the township. He served in the second war with England in 1812 and was well fitted for the rugged duties and the dangers of frontier life. To him and his first wife were born four children, the third in order of birth being Isaac, who was born in

Canfield Township on December 20, 1810. With the exception of four years he passed his entire life in his native township. His wife, whose maiden name was Ellen Wilson, was of Scotch-Irish extraction, and it is noteworthy that this was the first admixture of other than pure English blood in the family.

Hugh Alexander Manchester, the eldest son of Isaac and Ellen (Wilson) Manchester, was born on the old homestead in Canfield Township on March 5, 1837, and died October 24, 1919. He was there reared and secured his educational training in the common schools. At the age of eighteen years he began teaching public school during the winter months, devoting his summers to working on the farm, continuing this program of labor about thirty years and acquiring a most excellent reputation as an able and conscientious educator. In 1867 he was elected a justice of the peace; was also made county school examiner, and for twenty-three years served as clerk of the county board. In 1887 he became cashier of the Farmers National Bank at Canfield, serving until 1907, when he resigned. He took a deep interest in public affairs and was elected to the seventy-fourth General Assembly of Ohio in 1899. In 1902 he was elected mayor of Canfield. Religiously he was a member of the Presbyterian Church and fraternally was affiliated with the Masonic order, in which he attained the degree of a Knight Templar, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

On November 8, 1859, Hugh A. Manchester was married to Rose A. Squire, and to them there were born the following children: Mary E., who died in 1888; Laura E., the wife of E. P. Tanner; Fanny C., the wife of Ellis Bowman; Isaac Asher, who lives on and operates the old home farm; William Charles, a lawyer in Detroit, Michigan; Curtis A. and Leroy Alexander, the immediate subjects of this sketch. Hugh Manchester's protracted residence in this county has made his name widely and favorably known. His life and the history of this locality for a long period of years were pretty much one and the same thing, and he lived to see and take a part in the later-day growth of the community. He was universally recognized as a splendid citizen, of lofty character, sturdy integrity and unswerving honesty.

Curtis A. Manchester was born November 6, 1876, on the old family homestead near Canfield, and there he was reared. After attending the common schools he completed his studies at the Northeastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1896. During the ensuing three years he was engaged in teaching school in Mahoning County, after which, having determined to take up the practice of law as his life work, he entered the law department of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, where he was graduated in 1902. Immediately afterward he was admitted to the bar of Ohio and, locating in Youngstown, became a member of the law firm of Hine & Kennedy, now Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford. He has devoted himself indefatigably to the demands of his profession and has attained a place of relative distinction, having been connected with much of the important litigation in the local courts. He is a democrat in his political views and at the present time is a member of the Board of Education of the City of Youngstown. He and his wife are members of the First Presbyterian Church, while socially he is a member of the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club.

On June 10, 1903, Mr. Manchester was married to Leona Eckis, and they are the parents of two living children, namely: Hugh Wallace, born on March 25, 1905, and Curtis A., Jr., born on October 5, 1912.

Leroy Alexander Manchester was born on May 6, 1883, and remained on the home farm near Canfield until eighteen years old. He attended the common schools and was a student in the Northeastern Ohio Normal College, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1902. He then entered the law department of the University of Michigan, where he was graduated in 1905. For a year thereafter he was associated with a brother, William C., in the practice of law at Detroit, Michigan, but at the end of that period he came to Youngstown and was admitted to the law firm of Arree, Wilson & Harrington. Since September 1, 1907, he has been a member of what was then the firm of Hine, Kennedy, Robinson & Manchester, now Hine, Kennedy, Manchester, Conroy & Ford, one of the best known and most successful law firms in the Mahoning Valley. On December 1, 1917, Mr. Manchester became general attorney for the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, which position he still occupies.

Politically Mr. Manchester gives his support to the republican party and in religion is a Presbyterian. In the Masonic order he has attained the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite and is also a member of the Ancient Arabic Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Socially he is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Rotary Club.

On August 4, 1909, Leroy Manchester was married to Josephine Schaaf, the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. J. C. Schaaf, of Canfield, and to them has been born a daughter, Flora Rosanna.

As representatives of an honored family which has been closely identified with the Mahoning Valley for more than a century, the subjects of this review have ably sustained the family escutcheon and have proven worthy descendants of their forebears. Not only have they honored the profession to which they belong, but as private citizens they have contributed their quota to the upbuilding of Youngstown and the maintaining of a high standard of morals and education. They are popular members of society and enjoy to a marked degree the confidence and esteem of the entire community.

Henry A. Butler, a son of Joseph G. Butler, Jr., and Harriet Voorhees Ingersoll Butler, was born at Youngstown October 8, 1872. He attended the public schools, graduating from the Rayen High School in 1893, and in the autumn of the same year he entered Harvard University, from which he graduated in 1897, being the first native of Mahoning County to receive a degree from that institution. During his high school years he traveled extensively in Europe, spending eighteen months as a student in Berlin.

His business career began as paymaster and purchasing agent of the Youngstown Steel Company. Several years later he became superintendent of the

Henry A. Butler

Shenango Furnace Company at Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, and still later assistant to the general superintendent of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company. In 1913 he was appointed manager of the order department of the latter company, a position he filled until Ocober, 1918, when he obtained a leave of absence in order to enlist for Red Cross work in France.

Upon his arrival in Paris in October, 1918, Mr. Butler was placed in charge of the Home Service Section of the American Red Cross in France, with the rank of captain in that organization. In this capacity he rendered exceptional service, reorganizing many departments and introducing methods that greatly improved the efficiency of the large force under that section. His work abroad gave him opportunity to visit the French, Belgian, English and American fronts during the closing days of the war, as well as to render splendid service to the soldiers in France and their relatives and dependents in America. It also enabled him to view the great conflict in a manner not possible to those whose activities were confined to a single organization or a single front.

Mr. Butler returned to America during the summer of 1919, after the special work in which he was engaged was practically completed. He then resigned his position with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company in order to devote his attention to his other business interests. He is president of the Valley Investment Company, president of the Mahoning Valley Mortgage Company, and a director of the Bessemer Limestone Company and the Portage Silica Company.

He is also actively interested in all movements of a public character in his native city, being vice president of the Youngstown Board of Education, a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club, the Poland Country Club, the Harvard Club of Youngstown, the Elks Club, the American Iron & Steel Institute, the Memorial Presbyterian Church and other social and business organizations. He is a trustee of the Youngstown Young Men's Christian Association and a director of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Butler was married October 18, 1900, to Miss Sarah Grace Heath, daughter of Elisha and Mary (Cochran) Heath. He resides on Wick Avenue, Youngstown, with his family, which consists of his wife, one son, Joseph Green Butler, III, and one daughter Mary Grace Butler.

Clarence J. Strouss, secretary and treasurer of the Strouss-Hirshberg Company, is the son of the old merchant, Isaac Strouss, and has inherited many of the qualities which have made his father successful and respected. He was born at Youngstown, Ohio, September 4, 1886, and was reared in this city, which has always been his home.

After completing the course at the Wood Street Grammar School, Mr. Strouss attended the Rayen High School, and was graduated therefrom in 1902. The year following he attended the military school of Mount Pleasant Academy at Ossining-on-the-Hudson. Graduated there in 1903, he entered the Strouss-Hirshberg store and has been identified with the business ever since, working up through various positions to his present office.

Mr. Strouss is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, of which he has been a vice president and a member of the board of directors; and belongs also to the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks and the Rodef Sholem Temple, of which latter he served a number of years as a member of the board of trustees. On October 23, 1916, Mr. Strouss was united in marriage with Miss Elaine A. August, of St. Joseph, Missouri, and they are the parents of one son, Clarence J., Jr.

Judge William Shaw Anderson, who is in his second term as judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Mahoning County, has achieved practically every dignity, honor and success in the legal profession, and has been active as a lawyer for nearly half a century.

Judge Anderson was born in the Village of Jackson in Mahoning County December 31, 1848, son of David and Hannah (Shaw) Anderson. Judge Anderson now makes his summer home on the farm in Jackson Township which came into the possession of his father in 1863. An old stone house stood on the land, built fully a hundred years ago. Tradition and local history say that this old house was in frequent use as a station on the underground railway during ante-bellum times, where many an escaped slave found refuge on his way to Canada.

David Anderson was born in the north of Ireland, and came alone to the United States when a boy of fifteen years. He landed at Philadelphia, and for a time worked in the building trades and as a teamster. From Philadelphia he moved to Brookfield, Ohio, and formed a partnership with Jonathan Wick, conducting a small store. Later David Anderson moved to Jackson and was active in business until his death on March 4, 1890, at the age of seventy-three. He was a merchant, farmer and cattle raiser, and during the war was intensely interested in the success of the Union cause. He was a republican, was always in politics though not as a candidate, merely to help his friends and because he loved a political fight. In Mahoning County he accumulated 900 acres of land. However, as a result of his willingness to go security on the notes of friends he was called upon so heavily that eventually his financial prosperity was seriously embarrassed. Two days before his death he called his oldest son, Judge Anderson, to his bedside and asked that the old farm place be saved when sold by the sheriff. Judge Anderson responding to the request bought 475 acres of the old homestead. This is widely known as Oak Grove Farm. It has since been increased to 600 acres, and Judge Anderson has found a great deal of pleasure in its ownership. In order to fulfill the request of his dying father, Judge Anderson had to go heavily into debt, but he paid for the land largely from the proceeds of his then flourishing law practice.

David Anderson was a Presbyterian and took an active part in the building of the church of that denomination at Jackson. His wife was a daughter of Dr. William Shaw, a prominent physician of Newcastle, Pennsylvania. She died in 1879, at the age of fifty-six. David Anderson and wife had four

children: Judge William S.; Elizabeth; Margaret, who at the time of her death was the widow of Charles Phillips of Austin Township; and D. F. Anderson.

William S. Anderson grew up on his father's farm, attended schools at Jackson, Canfield and Poland, and lived on the farm until 1869, the year he was admitted to the bar. He had read law with Hutchins & Glidden at Warren, then one of the ablest law firms in Ohio. He began practice at Canfield in 1870, and when the county seat was removed from Canfield to Youngstown in 1876 he followed it, and has been a resident of Youngstown nearly forty-five years. His first partner was Judge L. W. King, which continued until the election of Judge King to the bench. He was also in practice with A. J. Wolfe, and for twenty-two years was associated with A. W. Jones. Finally his son William N. Anderson became his partner.

Judge Anderson since becoming a lawyer has played a very small part in politics. He was never a candidate for office until he was chosen to his present place of honor and responsibility as judge of the Common Pleas Court in 1912. He was re-elected for a second term in 1918.

In 1868, before his admission to the bar, Judge Anderson married Louise M. Shields, daughter of Andrew Shields of Boardman Township. Judge and Mrs. Anderson had five children. The son, Eddie, died at the age of seventeen. The son William Noble Anderson, who died September 10, 1915, was for several years one of the leading lawyers and men of affairs of Youngstown. He was a graduate of Hudson Academy, and after reading law with his father was admitted to the bar in 1894. The three living children of Judge Anderson are Blanche, Randall H. and Anna. Randall H. Anderson has served in the State Legislature and is now managing the Oak Grove Farm, specializing it in dairy and fine stock. The daughter Anna is the wife of F. R. Hahn.

Judge and Mrs. Anderson are members of the Memorial Presbyterian Church, of which he is one of the deacons. He is a republican. Judge Anderson was comparatively a poor man at the time of his marriage. His father had made his own way in the world and expected his sons to do likewise. Judge Anderson first came into prominence as a lawyer in the criminal branch of practice. He has been attorney on the defense in 109 homicide cases in Western Pennsylvania, and has also assisted in many prosecutions. In later years he was equally successful in civil practice.

GEORGE F. ALDERDICE. A due measure of success invariably results from clearly defined purpose and consecutive efforts in the affairs of life, but in following out the career of one who has gained success by his own efforts, there comes into view the intrinsic individuality which has made such accomplishment possible. Such attributes are evidently possessed by George F. Alderdice, who during all his mature years has been closely identified with the iron and steel industry, and who has left the impress of his personality on every position which he has occupied. The success which has come to him is not the sequence of a lucky stroke, but is simply the outcome of hard, persistent and consecutive toil and study. It has been said of Mr. Alderdice that he knows as much, or more, concerning the steel industry as any other man in the Mahoning Valley, a compliment well merited. And it is equally true that he has been a very important factor in the operations of the steel companies here in recent years, and is therefore justly entitled to specific mention in a work of the character of the one in hand.

George F. Alderdice was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on January 18, 1876, and is a son of Samuel and Essie (Ker) Alderdice, the latter of whom was of Scotch parentage. Samuel Alderdice was born in Ireland, of English-Scotch parentage, and came to the United States shortly after the close of the Civil war, locating at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he spent the remainder of his days, his death occurring in 1917.

There was nothing monotonous about the early years of George Alderdice's life. He attended school, and excelled in mathematics; but he had a great desire to be at some kind of work. He had an instinctive liking for the iron industry and was persistent in his determination to work. He secured employment in the mechanical department of the Carnegie Steel Company, Upper Union Works, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. His next step was to obtain employment in the operating department of the Park Steel Company. With the all-absorbing desire to learn all there was to learn about the steel industry, he lost no opportunity to accumulate knowledge along that line, and it was not long until that fact became known to his associates and his superiors. He was transferred to the general offices of the company, which was a tactful appointment, as it gave him the opportunity to learn the commercial side of the steel business. Next, Mr. Alderdice was made manager of the general office. About that time thirteen steel companies were merged into one, under the name of the Crucible Steel Company, among them being the Park Brothers, but the latter continued to maintain their old offices, of which Mr. Alderdice continued as manager at the mill on Thirtieth Street, Pittsburgh. Eventually he was transferred to the general offices of the Amalgamated Companies and put in charge as assistant to the general auditor. Here he introduced new methods that soon became copied by a number of other big corporations. Later he was transferred to the sales department as assistant to the general sales manager, where he remained for nine years, or a total of fourteen years with the Crucible Steel Company.

In 1910 Mr. Alderdice left the Crucible Steel Company and became associated with the Republic Iron and Steel Company as assistant to the vice president, being located at Pittsburgh. Later for eighteen months he was at St. Louis as manager of that district, and at the end of that period he returned to Pittsburgh as assistant general manager of sales for the Republic Company. About 1913 he came with the latter company to Youngstown, but in 1915 he allied himself with the Brier Hill Steel Company as assistant to the president. A few months later he was made first vice president and director of that company, and still holds those positions. He is also vice president and director of the Biwabik Mining Company, is a director of the Brier Hill Coke Com-

Jno. F. Aldendice

pany, is a director and president of the Brier Hill Steel Company of Chicago and of the Brier Hill Steel Company of New York, and vice president of the Brier Hill Steamship Company, all of the last named corporations being subsidiary to the Brier Hill Steel Company. He is also a director of the Youngstown Steel Car Company and the Powell Pressed Steel Company of Youngstown, Ohio.

Fraternally Mr. Alderdice is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has attained to the degree of a Knight Templar and of the Ancient Arabic Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Socially he is a member of the Duquesne Club, Pittsburgh; the Bankers Club and the India House, New York City; the Youngstown Club, of which he is president, the Youngstown Country Club, the Ohio Society of New York, while his religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown, of which he is a trustee. Aside from his steel industry interests he is a stockholder and director of the Mahoning National Bank.

Mr. Alderdice was married to Winona Barbara Crawford, of Pittsburgh, and they are the parents of two sons, William Howard and George Frederick, Jr. Viewing his life in its perspective, none can fail to have an appreciation of Mr. Alderdice's accomplishments at a time when such powers as his are at a premium. The qualities of keen discrimination, sound judgment and executive ability have entered very largely into his make-up and have been contributing elements to the material success which has come to him.

Walter F. MacQueen has been one of the busy lawyers of Niles for the past ten years, and at different times has done his part as a working member of several organizations and business enterprises in the city.

Mr. MacQueen was born on a farm near Wellsville, Ohio, January 6, 1887. His father is John F. MacQueen, one of the best known citizens of Wellsville. Many of his years have been spent at farming, though he has also followed school teaching and the newspaper business, and for a number of years past has served as auditor of the city.

The early life of Walter F. MacQueen was spent at Wellsville. He graduated from the high school in 1905, then for two years was a clerk in the American Sheet & Tin Plate Company, and prepared for his profession in the law department of Western Reserve University at Cleveland. He graduated in 1910 with the degree of LL. B., and since early in 1911 has been engaged in a general practice at Niles. He is now serving his third term as solicitor of the city, and is a director in several local industries and financial institutions.

Mr. MacQueen is a director of the Niles Chamber of Commerce, is a Royal Arch Mason and a republican. He is also a member of the Trumbull County and State Bar associations, and the Niles Club.

June 18, 1914, he married Martha Mae Stephenson, daughter of R. L. Stephenson. They have one son, James Robert.

Herbert Grant Downs, representing the fourth generation of his family in Trumbull County, has built up a highly prosperous and artistic business as a photographer and conducts one of the leading photographic studios in Warren.

Mr. Downs was born in Warren, Ohio, October 11, 1893. His paternal grandfather, Samuel Downs, was a boy of three or four years when he came over the Alleghany Mountains with his parents in 1814, the family settling in Bloomfield Township, Trumbull County. After his marriage Samuel moved to Hardscrabble, Trumbull County, where his son Lewis H., grandfather of Herbert G., the eldest of seven children, was born in 1835. Lewis H. married Salome Fuller Lewis, who was born in 1838, and later in life they came to Warren and settled in what is now the William Coale farm in Parkman Street. Lewis H. was a pattern maker by trade, and he and his wife died in Warren, the former in 1914, the latter in 1917.

Fred B. Downs, son of Lewis H. and father of Herbert G., was born in Warren on March 4, 1869. He served an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade with the Trumbull Manufacturing Company, and for seven years traveled as an erecting engineer for the Harris Automatic Press Company. He married Ada Thayer, who was born on July 1, 1870, the daughter of Solon C. and Adelia (Penneman) Thayer, both of whom are still living. Solon C. Thayer is still active as a consulting architect at Rochester, Pennsylvania.

The children born to Fred B. Downs and wife are as follows: Lucy May, now a student at Phillips University at Enid, Oklahoma; Herbert G.; Mina Arline, wife of Levi B. Springer, of Warren; Blanche Salome and Gertrude Adelia.

Herbert G. Downs was educated in the public schools of Warren. At the end of his third year in high school he went to work in the drafting department of the Harris Automatic Press Company, remaining there two years. This was followed by two and a half years of other experience in the sales department of the Sterling office of the National Electric Lamp Association of Warren. He left that company in July, 1915, and in the following month took up the profession of photography, for which his special talents and inclination peculiarly fit him, opening his first studio at 22½ Main Street. In April, 1917, he moved his studio to his present location at 5½ East Market Street.

September 11, 1916, Mr. Downs married Hilda A. Faunce. She was born in Columbus, Ohio, May 1, 1896, daughter of Fred A. and Sarah Electa (Adams) Faunce. Her father was born in Greene Township, Trumbull County, and her mother in Warren. The two children of Mr. and Mrs. Downs are Herbert Mont, born January 15, 1918, and Eleanor Lucile, born April 17, 1920.

Hon. John H. Clarke. Youngstown naturally feels a deep interest in the career and achievements of Justice John H. Clarke because of the residence in the city for seventeen years of his young manhood. He first gained prominence as an Ohio lawyer while at Youngstown, and while here he made the beginning in a career which has brought him to his present distinction as an associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Justice Clarke, the son of John and Melissa

(Hessin) Clarke, was born at Lisbon, Ohio, September 18, 1857. His father was a noted lawyer and a prominent democrat of Northeastern Ohio. John H. Clarke is a graduate of Western Reserve University, taking honors in the class of 1877. That university bestowed upon him the Master of Arts degree in 1880 and that of LL. D. in 1916.

Admitted to the bar in 1878, he practiced at Lisbon for two years, and his active membership in the Mahoning County bar dated from 1880 to 1897. While living at Youngstown in addition to his practice as a lawyer he wrote editorials for the Youngstown Vindicator, and eventually he and four others bought that paper and began the publication of a daily edition. His work and influence is seen today in the fact that the Vindicator is the leading democratic paper of Northeastern Ohio. From 1897 to 1914 Justice Clarke practiced law at Cleveland and for thirteen years was general counsel for the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad Company. He was a member of the law firm of Williamson, Cushing & Clarke for several years, and subsequently practiced without any partnership connections. During those years he became a recognized leader of the Cleveland and Ohio bar and enjoyed a very extensive practice.

In public affairs Justice Clarke always ranked as a progressive, and frequently entertained views in advance of his time, many of which he has had the satisfaction of seeing incorporated later on in the laws and practices of the state and nation. In 1892 he served as chairman of the Congressional Convention of the Eighteenth District, and was tendered a unanimous nomination to Congress, which he declined. In 1894 at the State Convention at Columbus he made an argument favoring the election of United States senators by the people, which arrested the attention of the country. He was also a pioneer in advocating the publication of expenditures of candidates for office, a reform finally brought about under federal and state law, and he was the first candidate for an important office in Ohio to publish a statement of his campaign expenses. Justice Clarke was nominated by the Ohio State Convention for United States senator in 1903, and made a notable campaign against the incumbent, the late M. A. Hanna. He was a delegate at large to the National Convention at Baltimore in 1912, when Woodrow Wilson was nominated for president. In 1914 he was appointed United States district judge for the Northern District of Ohio, and served from 1914 to 1916, when by choice of the President he was called to the Supreme Court as an associate justice, and took the oath of office on August 1st of that year.

While living at Youngstown Justice Clarke served as president of the Board of Trustees of the Youngstown Public Library from 1892 to 1897, and from 1903 to 1906 served as a trustee of the Cleveland Public Library. He was chairman of the committee in charge of the short ballot movement in Ohio, was vice president for Ohio of the Anti-Imperialist League, and served as president of the Perry's Victory Centennial Commission of Ohio. While Justice Clarke has spent much of his life in close association with practical men of affairs, he has always maintained a deep and abiding interest in literature and the arts. He is a member of the University and Union clubs of Cleveland and of the University clubs of New York and Washington.

ALBERT H. SEIPLE is one of the oldest executive officials in the service of the Warren City Tank & Boiler Company, having spent more than a quarter of a century as assistant superintendent of the plant.

He was born at Niles, October 11, 1871, son of Adam H. and Emma (Smith) Seiple. His father was born in Pennsylvania and his mother in West Virginia. The family were early settlers at Niles, where Albert H. Seiple grew up, attended public schools, and completed his education with a course in the M. J. Caton Business College at Cleveland. Soon afterward, in 1888, he entered the service of a Mahoning Valley industry as timekeeper for the Reeves Brothers Boiler Works at Niles. Subsequently he was shipping clerk for that firm, but in 1894 came to Warren, and continuously since that year has been assistant superintendent of the Warren City Tank and Boiler Company. While his official title has not changed, the industry has grown and expanded until his responsibilities are vastly greater than when he began.

Mr. Seiple married Anna Harvey, of Niles. They have five children, Adelbert, Harvey, Irene, Theodore and Roberta.

ROSCOE SCOTT WINNAGLE. One of the younger members of the Trumbull County bar is Roscoe Scott Winnagle, of Warren, who has been successful both as an attorney and as a business man. Like many of the worth-while citizens of the present-day Warren, Mr. Winnagle is comparatively a new-comer in the community, but it is generally conceded that the "new-comers" to the city have in many instances given greater impetus to its growth and development during the present decade than have many of those who have lived here all their lives.

Roscoe Scott Winnagle was born in Bazetta Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, on February 4, 1881, a son of Byron R. and Eunice M. (Hall) Winnagle. Byron R. Winnagle was born in New York State in 1840, and his parents were also natives of that state. He was a successful farmer of Bazetta Township, Trumbull County, for many years and died in that township in 1907. His wife was born in Fowler Township, Trumbull County, in 1841, and is descended direct from the Mayflower Pilgrims. The Halls came into Trumbull County at a very early date. Mrs. Winnagle survives her husband and lives at Warren.

The boyhood days of Roscoe Scott Winnagle were spent on the home farm in Bazetta Township. He attended the district schools and spent one year in the Warren High School, and then entered Hiram College, working his way through college by teaching public school every other year until 1905. In 1905 he went to Kansas and entered the law department of the University of Kansas at Lawrence, and was graduated therefrom in 1906 with the degree of Doctor of Laws, and that same year was admitted to the Kansas bar. It was his intention to enter into practice in Kansas, but the illness of his brother and death of his father in 1907, changed his plans and he returned home. Later he re-entered Hiram College

Roscoe Wimagle

and was graduated from that institution in 1909 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1911 he was admitted to practice in the State of Ohio, and in that same year established himself in a general practice at Warren. In 1918 Mr. Winnagle was admitted to practice in the Federal courts.

Aside from the law, Mr. Winnagle is otherwise prominent, being interested in real estate, and is president of the Home Lumber Company of Warren, which he assisted in incorporating. He is a member of the Trumbull County Bar Association and of the Warren Board of Trade. Fraternally he is an Odd Fellow and Knight of Pythias. The Trumbull Country Club holds his membership. He is active as a member of the Central Christian Church of Warren.

Mr. Winnagle was married to Grace A. Marvin, a daughter of David D. and Alicia A. Marvin of Trumbull County, extensive farmers, and Mrs. Winnagle was born on the homestead of her parents. Mr. and Mrs. Winnagle have a son, Homer Lee, who was born April 30, 1914. Mr. Winnagle is an able attorney, and an authority on public questions, and is oftentimes called into counsel with his fellow citizens upon matters of moment to the community.

George Washington Alloway. In one of the most exacting of all callings the subject of this sketch has attained distinction, being recognized as one of the most successful educators in the Mahoning Valley. He is a well educated, symmetrically developed man, his work in the educational field having brought him prominently to the notice of the public, the result of which has been a continued demand for his services in a position where a high standard of professional excellence is required. He is a gentleman of scholarly tastes and studious habits, keeps abreast of the times in advanced educational methods, and his general knowledge is broad and comprehensive.

George W. Alloway, one of the veteran teachers of Youngstown and now the principal of the Haselton and Roosevelt schools, is a native son of the old Keystone state, having been born in Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, on May 20, 1855, and is a son of Eli and Mary (Horton) Alloway. The Horton family came from England, as Pilgrims, in 1623 and settled on Long Island. One of the descendants of this family, and the grandfather of Mary Horton, was disguised as an Indian and took part in the historic tea party in Boston Harbor. Eli Alloway, father of the subject of this sketch, was a native of Huntingdon County, Pennsylvania, and spent his entire life there, dying in 1867, when thirty-five years of age. He was a mining contractor. After his death his widow became the wife of Joseph Ramsey, of Saxton, Pennsylvania, and she now resides there, at the age of eighty-eight years. She is the mother of seven children, one son and six daughters.

After his father's death, George W. Alloway was reared by his father's uncle, John Alloway of New Grenada, Pennsylvania, and secured about four months' schooling each year in the district school of his neighborhood. When not in school his time was mostly spent in the work of the farm. However, he was ambitious to learn and lost no opportunity that presented itself to add to his stock of knowledge, so that at the age of seventeen years he became a teacher in the country schools of Huntingdon, Fulton and Mifflin counties. Some time afterward James A. Leonard, a young man of Huntingdon County, who had taught school in Youngstown, induced Mr. Alloway to come to this place. That was in 1880, and his first school was at Brier Hill. While teaching he pursued the required studies and passed the examinations which enabled him to graduate from the Northeastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield ten years later, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

Mr. Alloway has been a teacher in the schools of Youngstown for thirty-nine years. He was principal at Brier Hill, Oak Street, and now serves as principal of the two schools, Haselton and Roosevelt. During all these years his service to the schools has been of such a character as has entitled him to deservedly conspicuous attention. No one is more entitled to the thoughful consideration of a free and enlightened people than he who shapes and directs the minds of the young, adds to the value of their intellectual treasures and moulds their characters. Mr. Alloway's record has been replete with duty faithfully performed, and his career as a teacher has always been characterized by a keen desire to not only aid the students under him in mastering their textbooks but in getting also the right perspective of what life really means of its possibilities, privileges and responsibilities. Thus he has had the pleasure of seeing many who have sat under his guidance go out into the world and become not only good wage earners, but also leaders in thought and action in the leading professions and vocations. Mr. Alloway's hobby, if such it might be called, is patriotic songs, of which he is a great lover and student, and he has himself composed several very meritorious songs of that nature. He is a lover of Nature, and many of his classes are favored by trips through the woods and fields of the neighborhood under his guidance. Every year, at Idora Park, he is the central figure at a dinner given by the alumni of his schools.

In 1882 Mr. Alloway was married to Jennie E. Morrison, who was born in Decatur, Illinois, the daughter of Henry and A. A. Morrison, and whose death occurred on January 4, 1919. Two children born to them are living, Raymond E. and Nellie E., the latter the wife of Chauncey E. Hayes, a farmer of Cortland, Ohio. Raymond E., who is now engaged in the practice of law in Detroit, attended the public schools of Youngstown, graduating from the Rayen High School, after which he was a student in and graduated from the Detroit Law School. He worked as an electrician and as office clerk to pay his way through school. Early in the World war he volunteered his services, and served at various camps, receiving a lieutenant's commission. He served as judge advocate at Camp Funston, and was also located at Camp Custer and Camp Lee.

Fraternally George W. Alloway is a member of Western Star Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. He is an active member of the Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, being secretary of its official board and recording steward of the church, as well as teacher of the Stambaugh class in the Sunday school. His long and useful life as one

of the world's workers has been one of devotion, almost consecration, to the noble profession of which he is so worthy a representative, and well does he merit a place of honor in every history touching upon the lives and deeds of those who have given the best of their powers and talents for the aiding and betterment of their kind.

GEORGE O. BRUCE. While he had some youthful experiences in other lines, for twenty-one years Mr. Bruce has concentrated his energies upon the insurance field, and has made the Bruce Agency Company at Youngstown one of the most adequate organizations to any general insurance service in this section of Ohio.

Mr. Bruce was born at Sharon, Pennsylvania, April 22, 1881. His parents, George Ovens and Annie (Paul) Bruce, were born near Edinburg, Scotland, grew up and married there, and his father was a stone mason contractor. In 1880 the parents came to the United States, living at Sharon, Pennsylvania, for a time, and later going to Brookfield, Ohio, and about 1889 to Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and finally to Pittsburgh, where the father died. The widowed mother is still living.

The third in a family of five sons, George O. Bruce acquired his early education at Brookfield, Ohio, in Westmoreland County, and in the old Eighth Ward School in Allegheny. The advantages that came from school ceased when he was about fourteen years of age, and soon afterward with his mother he moved to the vicinity of Vienna in Trumbull County, and after two years went to Warren. He worked in a glove factory at Warren, and for a time was employed in his native city of Sharon by the Morgan Engineering Company of Boston, which at that time was erecting a cantilever crane for the South Sharon Steel Company.

In 1899 Mr. Bruce became a local representative at Youngstown for the Prudential Life Insurance Company. After a brief experience he became satisfied that he had found his real vocation, and the business he wrote for the company was of such satisfactory volume that in 1906 they made him state manager for Indiana, with headquarters at Indianapolis. In 1907 Mr. Bruce removed to Cleveland to become a special agent in charge of the Life and Accident Department of the Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford. In the fall of 1908 he returned to Youngstown and became associated with John H. Middleton, then county clerk of Mahoning County, and Charles Foster, son of Lemuel T. Foster, one of the best known pioneers of the city. These men organized the firm of Bruce, Foster and Middleton, general insurance. Mr. Foster never took an active part in the firm, and his interest was subsequently sold to William Bence. In 1911 the Bruce-Middleton Company was incorporated to conduct a general insurance agency and a real estate business. At that time the late David Tod became a stockholder and director in the company. Mr. Bruce in 1915 secured the controlling interest, at which time F. A. Parmelee became secretary of the company, and continued as such one year. Mr. Parmelee retired in 1916, and on the 30th of September of that year articles of incorporation were amended and the name changed to the Bruce Agency Company. Mr. Bruce is president, treasurer and general manager of this company, which maintains offices in the Stambaugh Building, and has every facility for the handling of general insurance.

Mr. Bruce has a number of other affiliations with social and other organizations, including the Youngstown Club; Youngstown Country Club; Youngstown Chamber of Commerce; Hillman Lodge No. 481, Free and Accepted Masons; the Order of Elks; Youngstown Rotary Club; Trumbull County Country Club; and is a non-resident member of the Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce. He is a Presbyterian and republican. October 17, 1907, he married Miss Mabelle Ewalt, of Youngstown. They have a son and daughter: Robert, born October 16, 1908, and Jean Louise, born April 25, 1915.

BERTRAM G. PARKER. A young man, full of the energy that invariably commands success in the industrial world, Bertram G. Parker is prominently associated with the promotion of the iron and steel interests of Mahoning County, as secretary and treasurer of the Youngstown Foundry and Machine Company holding a position of responsibility and trust. He was born in Youngstown October 7, 1880. His parents, John and Mary (Cook) Parker, came from Troy, New York, to Youngstown upwards of forty years ago, and here spent the remainder of their lives, his father having been a steel worker throughout his active career.

Having acquired a practical education in the common schools of Youngstown, Bertram G. Parker in 1896 entered the employ of the Youngstown Foundry & Machine Company as shipping clerk. His interest in the company, and his adaptability to any kind of work entrusted to him, won him rapid promotion from one department to another until in 1905 he was elected secretary and treasurer of the firm, positions that he has since ably and faithfully filled.

Mr. Parker married in September, 1902, Miss Daisy Shanks, of Youngstown, and into the household thus established three children have been born, Bertram, Howard and Barbara. Socially Mr. Parker is a member of the Rotary Club, the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club. During the World war he was team captain of the War Chest Committee, having charge of one-half of Youngstown. Religiously he is a valued member of the Presbyterian Church, in which he is an elder.

FRANK L. BROWN, who represents the old and prominent Brown family long associated with the Brown-Bonnell industries of the Mahoning Valley, is a well-known resident and business man of Pittsburgh.

He was born at Portsmouth, Ohio, August 6, 1878, and as a young man entered the service of the Brown-Bonnell Iron Company at Youngstown, with which he was identified from 1897 until 1899. From the latter date until 1911 he was connected with the Republic Iron & Steel Company of Youngstown and Pittsburgh, from 1911 to 1913 with the Standard Welding Company of Chicago, and since 1913 has been active in the Columbia Steel & Shafting Company of Pittsburgh, of which corporation he is vice president and general manager. This company is the largest producer in America of cold finished

J. W. Parkin

steels. He is also a director of the Pittsburgh Shafting Company of Detroit.

Mr. Brown is unmarried and lives at the Iroquois Apartments in Pittsburgh. He is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Society of Automotive Engineers, the Union Club of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association.

Samuel Patrick Mango, a well-known and successful attorney of Warren, was born at Niles, Ohio, on April 5, 1890, and is the son of Vincent and Rose (Bellitti) Mango. The parents are natives of Italy, the father coming to the United States in 1878, the mother coming over in 1887. For many years Vincent Mango was engaged in general contracting in the Mahoning Valley, and in association with Louis Adorasio he built the Milton dam.

Samuel P. Mango attended the Niles public schools, took the academic course at Baldwin-Wallace College, Ohio, and was graduated from the law department of the Ohio Northern University with the degree of LL. B., class of '13. He was admitted to the bar in 1913, and in that year entered the practice of law at Youngstown. In August, 1918, he entered practice at Warren, with offices in the Western Reserve Building, where he has since continued.

Mr. Mango is a member of the Trumbull County and Ohio State Bar associations; of Hebron Lodge No. 55, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Niles; and of the Youngstown Lodge of Elks. He is also a member of the Delta Theta Phi college fraternity. Mr. Mango married Alice M., daughter of Edwin Osborne, deceased, of Youngstown.

Joseph W. Parkin is one of the older business men of Youngstown, where he has had his home since 1878. He has supplied the city with one of its indispensable services, the local transportation and handling of commodities on the streets and between shop and store, railway stations and factories. Mr. Parkin personally developed and created an important business in this line, and with the exception of two years, while he was a retail grocer on North Avenue, he has been identified with the draying industry for thirty years.

Mr. Parkin started the local transportation business with a one-horse express wagon. He made other acquisitions, began hiring men to help him, and at one time his equipment was measured by thirty-five head of horses. A notable change in the business was compelled by the introduction of motor trucks. At the present time his establishment operates a fleet of five trucks, and he still retains six head of horses.

Mr. Parkin was born at Bradys Bend, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1857, son of John and Alice (Trice) Parkin. His father, a merchant tailor, moved to Youngstown with his family about 1878 and was in business on West Federal Street for many years. He and his wife are now deceased.

Joseph W. Parkin, one of the two survivors of seven children, grew up in his native state and to the age of fourteen attended country school. His father had a place of business in one of the cities of the oil region. Young Parkin was entrusted with the collection of a bad debt due his father and when he secured its payment the money was turned over to him. He used it as his original capital in his business career. He laid out his money in a stock of peanuts, and soon installed a peanut booth on one side of his father's store. He handled other similar commodities, and did a flourishing business considering his resources, though several times he suffered from fire, a destructive enemy in the mushroom oil towns of that period. Mr. Parkin relates how he introduced dice as a means of entertainment in his little store. His father burnt the dice in the open store, and read the boy a lesson he never forgot. From Pennsylvania Mr. Parkin came to Youngstown, the family driving overland and being four days on the journey. His first temporary employment in this city was hauling stone for James Caldwell from Brier Hill for the foundation of the first courthouse in Youngstown.

Mr. Parkin is a republican in politics, a member of the Northside Improvement Club and is a charter member of the Plymouth Congregational Church of which his family are also members. In 1882 he married Miss Sophia B. Butler, a daughter of Richard Butler. Their two daughters are Gertrude Elizabeth and Laura Belle. Both were liberally educated, the older being a graduate of the Rayen High School and the Kindergarten Training School of Oberlin College. Laura Belle, who is now the wife of Jay W. Hornberger, is a graduate of the Guilmont Piano and Organ School of New York City and is organist of the Westminster Presbyterian Church and the Jewish Synagogue at Youngstown.

George P. Bard. Among the men whose names are associated most prominently with the industrial life of the country is numbered George P. Bard, the president of the Petroleum Iron Works Company of Sharon, Ohio, a title in itself sufficient evidence of his business ability, for the men having charge of the conduct of large interests are almost without exception especially fitted for the positions they occupy.

George P. Bard was born in Rockford, Vermont, August 24, 1865, and is descended from an English family. He is a son of George I. and Jerusha G. (Parker) Bard, and his father was a Congregational minister. The son grew to years of maturity in the various places in which his father was located in his ministerial work, and completed his education at Dartmouth College, where he graduated in 1889 with the degree of B. S. During his college training Mr. Bard had specialized in civil engineering, and after his college days were over he took up the work as a vocation and spent two years as field engineer for the Norfolk & Western Railroad Company, followed by a similar period on the Pacific Coast as construction engineer for the South San Francisco Land & Development Company. Returning at the close of this period to the East, he became a draftsman in the Allentown, Pennsylvania, Rolling Mills, was later with the Riter-Conley Company of Pittsburgh as Eastern sales engineer for nine years, and at the close of that period became the president of the New Jersey Boiler Company at Boonton, New Jersey, where the first iron in the United States was manu-

factured. Mr. Bard spent five years at the head of this old eastern manufacturing concern, and in 1908 he was selected to open the New York office of the Petroleum Iron Works Company, and served the corporation as the New York sales manager for a number of years. In 1913 he was transferred to Youngstown, Ohio, to succeed C. J. McDowell, who was made sales manager for this company at Sharon, Pennsylvania. A few years afterward, in 1916, he was placed at the head of the Petroleum Iron Works Company in the office of president, and has since been a conspicuous factor in extending the business of the corporation and in making its influence felt in the country. Mr. Bard holds membership in the American Society of Civil Engineers, is a member of the executive committee of the governing board of the National Steel Fabricators' Association and is a member of the Youngstown Country Club. In political matters he supports the principles of the republican party, and is a protestant in his religious affiliations.

Mr. Bard was married on the 25th of March, 1896, to Miss Jessie F. Joslin, of Walpole, New Hampshire. One son has been born to them, Robert J. Bard, now employed in the field erection department of the Petroleum Iron Works Company.

Gilbert Beckwith Hall. The large and well equipped music and musical merchandise stores in Warren at 34-36 Main Street and at 8 Franklin Street, give little hint of the modest scale on which Gilbert B. Hall began the business over twenty-two years ago.

Mr. Hall, who is one of the leading business men of Trumbull County, was born on the Hall farm in Gustavus Township of that county September 10, 1866, son of Sylvester G. and Joanna (Beckwith) Hall. His father, who was born in Connecticut in 1829, was a boy when he accompanied his parents to the Western Reserve. The family settled on a farm in Gustavus Township, Trumbull County, and Sylvester was reared and educated there, attending country school, and for a time taught school and became well-known as a teacher, and then bought land and for many years was actively identified with the progressive agricultural element in Trumbull County. He became known all over the Mahoning Valley as a dealer in horses, and also as an agent for farm machinery and implements. He sold and put up the first one-wheel Allen mowing machine in Trumbull County. His fellow citizens also honored him with several township offices. Joanna Beckwith, his wife, was also a native of Connecticut, daughter of Elijah Beckwith, who settled in New Line Township, Ashtabula County, in pioneer days, the family coming from Connecticut in an ox-cart. Joanna Beckwith was also a country school teacher. She was left a widow, and six years after the death of Sylvester Hall became the wife of Dwight Roberts, of Gustavus Township.

Gilbert Beckwith Hall lived with his mother and stepfather to the age of fourteen, and then left home and thenceforth made his own way in the world. He acquired a limited country school education, and various occupations gave him a living during his youth. He laid the foundation for his present business as an agent for sewing machines, organs and pianos, and finally, in 1898, established a small store for musical merchandise at Warren. He has kept that business growing until it is now one of the largest establishments of its kind in the Mahoning Valley, occupying double store room.

Mr. Hall is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, the Elks, the Knights of the Maccabees, the Modern Woodmen of America, and is a member of the First Presbyterian Church. In 1886 he married Miss Jessie Shafer, daughter of Jeremiah Shafer, of Champion Township, Trumbull County. Mr. and Mrs. Hall have three children: Hazel, the oldest, is the wife of William J. Cox, of Warren, and they have one son, William J., Jr. Ernest has gained distinction as an aviator in the Government service. He was one of the chief instructors in the Aviation Corps from the beginning of the World war, and in March, 1920, was still in the Government service at the aviation field at Wichita Falls, Texas. The other son, Wade, associated with his father in the music business, married Margaret Fisher, daughter of Rev. E. J. Fisher, of Warren. They have one daughter, Marie Jeane.

John Inberg, M. D., is the founder and active head of the Quimby-Hill Hospital, the only hospital in the City of Warren under private management. Associated with him are a number of the leading physicians and surgeons of Warren, and the splendid service accomplished by the hospital since it was opened is a distinctive tribute to the wisdom of Doctor Inberg in providing for the institution.

Doctor Inberg comes of a family of physicians and surgeons. His father, grandfather and great-grandfather earned honored names in that profession in their native country of Finland. Dr. John Inberg was born at Whittis, Finland, January 23, 1879. His father, the late Dr. Carl Emil Inberg, held the Royal Degree of medicine and surgery in Finland, and was a successful practitioner in that country. He was born in 1837 and died July 4, 1894. He married Ida Rosen, whose father, Bondani Rosen, was for many years a postmaster in the Government service in Finland. Mrs. Ida Inberg is still living, making her home in Helsingfors.

Dr. John Inberg was liberally educated, attending grammar school, the Lyceum at Helsingfors and taking a classical education in the Imperial University of Finland. In 1902, at the age of twenty-three, he came to the United States, and for several months was employed in the copper mines of upper Minnesota. The same fall, however, he entered Valparaiso University, pursued his studies for two years, and for two years was a student of medicine in the Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery, and completed his medical work in the Bennett Medical College of the same city, graduating M. D. with the class of 1906. While attending medical school he worked for the Wells-Fargo Express Company at Chicago for four years, thereby earning the money to defray his expenses while in college. For a year he was an interne in the Jefferson Park Hospital of Chicago, and began his professional career at Monessen, Pennsylvania, where he remained until coming to Warren in April, 1918.

At Warren Dr. Inberg has enjoyed a growing

private practice in medicine and surgery, but most of his time has been given to the hospital. June 6, 1918, he opened the Quimby-Hill Hospital, having acquired for that purpose the old Quimby residence at 201 West Market Street. This old home has been thoroughly remodeled and refitted, and meets the most exacting standards of a modern hospital. It contains eighteen rooms, four private rooms and the rest wards. The hospital is essentially devoted to surgical cases. The staff numbers sixteen of the leading physicians and surgeons of Warren. Though he has been identified with the city only two years Doctor Inberg ranks high both as a citizen and professional man of Warren, and has given the city one of its most important institutions. Doctor Inberg is a member of the American Medical Association, the Ohio Medical Society and the Trumbull County Medical Society. He is also a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Warren.

John Carlo Guarnieri. The many tributes of respect and esteem paid at the time of his death were only a just merit to the long and active business career and civic usefulness of the late John Carlo Guarnieri, of Warren. He was one of the most successful and honored Italian merchants and highly esteemed men of the city.

He was born at Neirone, near Genoa, Italy, January 11, 1857, oldest of the children of John Carlo Guarnieri, and was the first of the family to come to America. Reaching New York at the age of twenty-one, he went direct to Cleveland, where he was in business for a short time, and where he married Natalina Roscaco, who was born at Gattorna, Italy, December 25, 1863, and came with her parents direct to Cleveland at the age of thirteen.

Some time after his marriage Mr. Guarnieri removed to Warren and engaged in the fruit business in a modest way on the present site of the Second National Bank Building. Subsequently he established another fruit store where the Western Reserve National Bank now stands. When building construction began on that building he removed to 11 Main Street, and also continued his other store until 1900. He then bought a storeroom on North Park Avenue, and later moved his business to the Franklin Block at 108 East Market. With his son James he built an ice cream factory, and the John Guarnieri Ice Cream Company was incorporated. It was a heavy loss to the elder Guarnieri when his son James, his active associate in business, died in May, 1915, at the age of thirty-one. At that time the Main Street store was sold, but the other business establishment was continued until January, 1919, when it, too, was sold and in the following April the family disposed of the ice cream factory. Mr. Guarnieri died in 1917, and since 1919 the family has had no active commercial connections. Mr. Guarnieri was a charter member of Warren Council, Knights of Columbus, and a very active member of St. Mary's parish.

Of Mr. and Mrs. Guarnieri's children the oldest, Kathryn T., was born at Cleveland, was educated in the Warren public schools and Dana Institute, and spent several years abroad as a student of music. She possesses a voice of rare charm, thoroughly cultivated, and for the past ten years her art has been much appreciated in many cities. Since 1919 she has held the position of voice director in the faculty of the Dana Musical Institute. The second child was James, also born at Cleveland, who was educated in the Warren public schools and by private study, and at an early age began business with his father, and developed splendid qualifications, both as a business man and citizen. His death occurred May 12, 1915. The third child was Teresa, who died in infancy. Lyda, the fourth, was educated in the public schools of Warren and died at the age of twenty-one. The fifth was Isabella, educated in public schools at Warren and married John Jones Griffith, formerly of Pittsburgh, now of Warren. The sixth child, John, Jr., was educated in the public schools of Warren, in St. Jerome's Academy and Assumption College in Canada, and in 1917, at the age of nineteen, enlisted in the United States Navy. He died at the Great Lakes Training Station, September 24, 1918, being one of the first victims of the influenza epidemic. The youngest child, Salvini, graduated from the Warren High School with the class of 1918 and is now a student of art in the Carnegie Institute of Technology at Pittsburgh.

Fred Lambert Geiger. About the oldest contracting business handling good roads construction with headquarters at Warren is that built up by Fred Lambert Geiger. While Mr. Geiger's organization and capital have been extensively devoted to road building, he has also done a great volume of business within recent years in street paving and excavation work, all directly an index of the remarkable growth and expansion of the City of Warren.

Mr. Geiger was born in Jackson County, Michigan, December 30, 1868, and is a brother of Daniel A. Geiger of Warren, whose career is elsewhere reviewed. Mr. Geiger spent his early life in Michigan, Ohio and Pennsylvania, the family on moving from Michigan locating at West Farmington in Trumbull County, moving to Cortland in the same county, thence to Union City, Pennsylvania, and in 1883 to Warren.

Mr. Geiger began his education at Cortland, attended public school at Warren, and graduated from the commercial department of Mount Union College in 1891.

The first four years after leaving college he was with the Western Reserve National Bank of Warren, then spent seven years with the Warren Water Company, and for a time was connected with the office of the county engineer. He began contracting in 1906, and in the past fourteen years has steadily increased his equipment, his force of men, and has the capital and other resources for the handling of the largest contracts within his line. Among more important highways which he has built are the old State Road, the Parkman Road, the Palmyra Road, and the Leavittsburg Road to Braceville. At Warren his paving contracts include Park Avenue, Atlantic Street, Belmont Street, Adams Street, Tod Avenue, Buckeye Street, Mulberry Street, Hunter Street, Logan Avenue, First Street, North Elm Street, Niles Avenue and the Perkins Road (now in course of building). He performed the excavation work for the Western Reserve Building, the Braden, Wick and March blocks, the City Market House, Ohio Lamp

Works, Mahoning Lamp Works, the Jonathan Warner Hotel, the large business and office block at the corner of Park and Porter Avenue, and many lesser buildings.

Mr. Geiger is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, Rotary Club and Christ Episcopal Church. February 18, 1908, he married Mabel C. Holloway, daughter of J. W. and Cora (Bennett) Holloway. They have one daughter, Katherine Irene.

JOSEPH BUCHHEIT. While twelve years is not a long time in the history of nations or individuals, it has been sufficient to enable the enterprise of Joseph Buchheit to achieve an imposing aggregate of work as a builder and contractor in the Youngstown district.

The imposing extent of his present business relations presents a striking contrast with the first years he spent in the Mahoning Valley. Joseph Buchheit was born in one of the Rhine provinces of Germany, March 22, 1876, son of Bernhart and Mary Buchheit. His people were honest and self-respecting farmers, though they never attained a high degree of material fortune. During his early life on the farm Joseph Buchheit attended school and received other instruction and influences which have materially helped him in later years.

At the age of seventeen he left Germany with an uncle, Nicholas Wagoner. When Mr. Wagoner established his home on a farm near Niles the nephew worked for him a time. Later Mr. Buchheit began learning the brick and stone mason's trade with Christ Mauser. Seven or eight years as a wage worker preceded his modest entrance into the field of contracting.

Since then in twelve years many notable buildings in Youngstown and adjoining territory may be properly credited to Mr. Buchheit's personal energy and the work of the organization he has built up. A few of these should be mentioned, including the W. G. Thomas residence, the Logan residence, the Monroe School, Adams School, Tod School, an addition to the South Side Avenue School, the schools of Hubbard, East Youngstown and Struthers, Rodef Sholem Temple, church of Sts. Peter and Paul, Kay Building at Spring Common, Tod Building on Federal Street, Youngstown Carriage Works, Sanitary Mattress Plant and many others. A contract recently completed was the stone and brick work of the Washington School, and also the Lincoln School.

Mr. Buchheit's success has been due not only to an extraordinary amount of business energy but his constant effort and study to familiarize himself with all the technical processes involved in building construction. He was an expert mechanic before he took his first contract, and has a practical familiarity with nearly all the trades involved in building construction. Mr. Buchheit and family enjoy one of the beautiful homes of Youngstown on Catalina Avenue. He is a republican in politics and his family are members of St. Joseph's Catholic Church.

In 1899 he married Mary Wilhelm, a native of Youngstown. Their family of children consists of Bernard, Carl, Angela, Marian, Earl, Alma and Margaret.

GEORGE GLOECKLE is a retired manufacturer and business man of Warren who became identified with that city nearly fifty years ago, and in business and private affairs has exercised a worthy influence in the development of the community.

Mr. Gloeckle was born in the Kingdom of Wuertemberg, Germany, December 4, 1846, son of George and Dorothy Gloeckle, who spent all their lives in the old country. His father was a forester by occupation, and for nearly forty years was in the employ of the Wuertemberg Government.

After a common school education George Gloeckle served an apprenticeship at the shoemaker's trade. In 1866, in his twentieth year, he came to America, and his first employment was in a shoe shop at Oil City, Pennsylvania. In July, 1867, he removed to Russell, near Warren, Pennsylvania, was married and then for several years was in business for himself.

Mr. Gloeckle came to Warren, Ohio, in the spring of 1872 and established a manufacturing plant on Main Street. Here he employed from six to ten shoemakers, and did a large business making boots and shoes. His manufacturing business flourished until the widespread introduction of machinery for shoemaking, and he then discontinued his factory operations and entered the retail boot and shoe business. He conducted one of the old and reliable concerns of that kind at Warren until 1895, when he sold out to W. B. Stone & Company. Following that for five years he was a retail grocer, and then turned his business ability and much of his capital to the development of an important Warren industry, the wholesale rubber business. He became one of the stockholders and general manager of the Warren Rubber Company, and continued active in that corporation until 1918. While he resigned as manager he still continues as a member of the board of directors.

Mr. Gloeckle married at Russell, Pennsylvania, Jennie B. Moll. She is a native of that town and her parents, John and Margaret Moll, died there. They were natives of Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Gloeckle have two daughters: Carrie D., widow of Irving E. Hershey, of Cleveland, who died in February, 1919, is now living with her parents, and her two daughters, Esther Leonora and Linnie Eleanor, are also with their grandparents. The other daughter, Matilda, is the wife of Jay Bookwalter, a Warren attorney. Mr. Gloeckle is affiliated with Independence Lodge No. 90, Knights of Pythias, and with the United Commercial Travelers, and his family are members of the Methodist Church.

CHARLES MYERS. Two facts might be mentioned as especially noteworthy in the career of Charles Myers of Warren. One is that he is vice president of the Vautrot-Myers Jewelry Company, one of the leading firms of its kind in Trumbull County. The other is that he gave up a relatively high wage as a mill worker to learn the jewelry business as an apprentice. The latter fact is indicative of his character, showing his independence and his willingness to take a chance.

Mr. Myers was born in Warren, June 4, 1872, son of Frederick and Catherine (Buckstiner) Myers. His father, who was born in Germany in 1834, came to the United States in 1855. After a number of

Joseph Buchheit

years as a farmer in Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, he became a brick manufacturer at Warren, where he died in 1906. His wife, Catherine Buckstiner, was born in Germany in 1833, and came as a young woman to the United States. She was married in Trumbull County and died at Warren in 1897.

A life-long resident of Warren, Charles Myers was reared and educated in the city and as a boy he did some of the strenuous manual labor in his father's brick yard. Later he went into the Warren Tube Works, and was a puddler in the Warren Rolling Mills. Being unable to look forward with complacency to a life time role as a mill hand, he abandoned a position which was then averaging him $5 a day, a very high wage for that time, and began an apprenticeship at watchmaking with the firm of Vautrot & Siddell. The arrangement was that he should receive $1 a week the first year, $2 the second year and $4 for the third year. He rapidly mastered the technical craft of watchmaking, and also promoted himself to larger responsibilities in the firm, which in time put him in charge of the buying and selling department in addition to the watch department. Upon the death of Mr. Siddell he was admitted to partnership with Mr. Jules Vautrot, and subsequently the business was incorporated as the Vautrot-Myers Company, with Mr. Myers as vice president.

Mr. Myers is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, Mahoning Lodge of Odd Fellows, Independent Lodge No. 90 of the Knights of Pythias, and is a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Myers married Miss Elsie Watson, daughter of Richard and Anna (Brown) Watson of Warren. They have one son, Leslie Watson Myers, born in 1907.

William W. Heron, well-known in Warren, Ohio, as secretary of the Warren Acreage Investment Company and of the Perkinswood Building Company, is an executive of commendable record, and has shown marked energy and much business ability. He has been in responsible business in the Mahoning Valley since 1912, when he came from Cleveland to assume the management of a machine shop and foundry at Mineral Ridge, four years later reorganizing that business, which took the name of the Ohio Steel Products Company.

He was born in Cleveland, Ohio, on January 27, 1875, the son of Christopher and Lydia F. (Slocum) Heron. The Heron family is of Scottish origin. Christopher Heron was born in Toronto, Canada, the son of Samuel Heron, a native of Albany, New York, and son of Andrew Heron, who came from Scotland to Canada, where he settled. Christopher Heron was in his boyhood when his father, Samuel Heron, came back to the United States. The family settled in Mechanicsville, near Albany, New York, and there Samuel Heron, whose business had always been that of a printer and publisher, became editor of the Freeholder, a weekly political paper, and later of The Hudson River Chronicle. His son Christopher was associated with his father in this literary work until the outbreak of the Civil war, when he volunteered and became a member of the Fifth Regiment of the New York Volunteer Cavalry. He was actively in the field for three years and ten months, and by merit in action gained rapid promotion, rising from the grade of trooper to that of captain and acting major. Some time after he had been honorably discharged from the army he settled in Cleveland, Ohio, and in that city became well established as a printer. He was married in 1867 to Lydia F. Slocum, daughter of Aaron Slocum, of Northville, New York, whose lineage connects with the English family of that name.

William W. Heron was educated in the public schools of Cleveland. In 1890 he left Cleveland, and for the next eighteen months lived in Denver and other western cities. Returning to Cleveland he gained his business experience in the offices of the Chase Machine Company and the Cleveland Ship Building Company, now known as the American Ship Building Company. From the drafting department he went to the office and later he became cashier for Denison Prior & Company, of Cleveland, and remained with that company for six years. In 1906 he and others organized the first exclusive souvenir postcard store in Cleveland, possibly the first in America. Their establishment, which was located in the Colonial Arcade, became a wholesale concern of considerable business. Two years later, however, Mr. Heron was elected secretary of the Advance Lumber Company of Cleveland, one of the principal owners of which company was Abner Grant Webb. He proved himself a capable executive, and in 1912, came to the Mahoning Valley to take charge of an engineering plant and foundry at Mineral Ridge, with which Mr. Webb was also connected, continuing until the reconstruction of that business four years later. Mr. Heron resigned the above connection to engage in real estate operations in Warren. He has since that time been secretary of the Warren Acreage Investment Company and of the Perkinswood Building Company, and as a member of the Warren Real Estate Board has taken his place among the leading real estate men of the vicinity.

He has always been interested in church work, and has been a member of the First Presbyterian Church since he took up residence in Warren. He has actively assisted in choir work, and also on the concert platform. He is a lover of music, and uses his talent in the best possible way.

He married Blanche E., daughter of Samuel and Helen (Ellsworth) Luster, of East Cleveland, to whom have been born his three children: Philip Ellsworth, William Slocum and Malcolm Luster.

Arthur Henry Ready had a struggling boyhood, earned his way as a farm laborer and mill worker for a number of years, but eventually became established in business at Warren, and has multiplied his interests and connections with the larger life and affairs of the Mahoning Valley.

He was born at Chardon, Geauga County, Ohio, October 31, 1861. His parents, Michael and Margaret (Dalton) Ready, were both born in Ireland. The grandfathers, Arthur Ready and Edward Dalton, spent all their lives in Ireland. Michael Ready was

early orphaned, and at the age of eleven accompanied an older brother to America, their location being at Painesville, Ohio. Margaret Dalton was left an orphan at the age of nine years, and also came to America with her brother, who likewise settled at Painesville. In that city Michael Ready and Margaret Dalton were reared and married, and soon afterward moved to Chardon. A number of years later they returned to Painesville, where both of them spent their last years. Michael Ready was in early life a farmer, but the last fifteen years of his life was connected with the Painesville Gas Works. He died in 1875. Arthur Henry at that time was fourteen years of age. The widowed mother then took her eight children to East Claridon in Geauga County, kept a hotel for a time, then removed with her family to Youngstown and six months later to Warren, where she is still living.

Arthur Henry Ready remained in East Claridon when his mother left that town, and for two years was employed on the farm of Senator I. U. Hathaway and another two years on a farm at Middlefield in Geauga County. While working on the farm he managed to attend district schools in the winter seasons, and made good use of his limited opportunities to secure a substantial education.

Mr. Ready first came to Warren in 1879, and was an employe of the Warren Rolling Mill. For about sixteen years he was a worker in the iron and steel industries in the Mahoning Valley and also at Troy, New York.

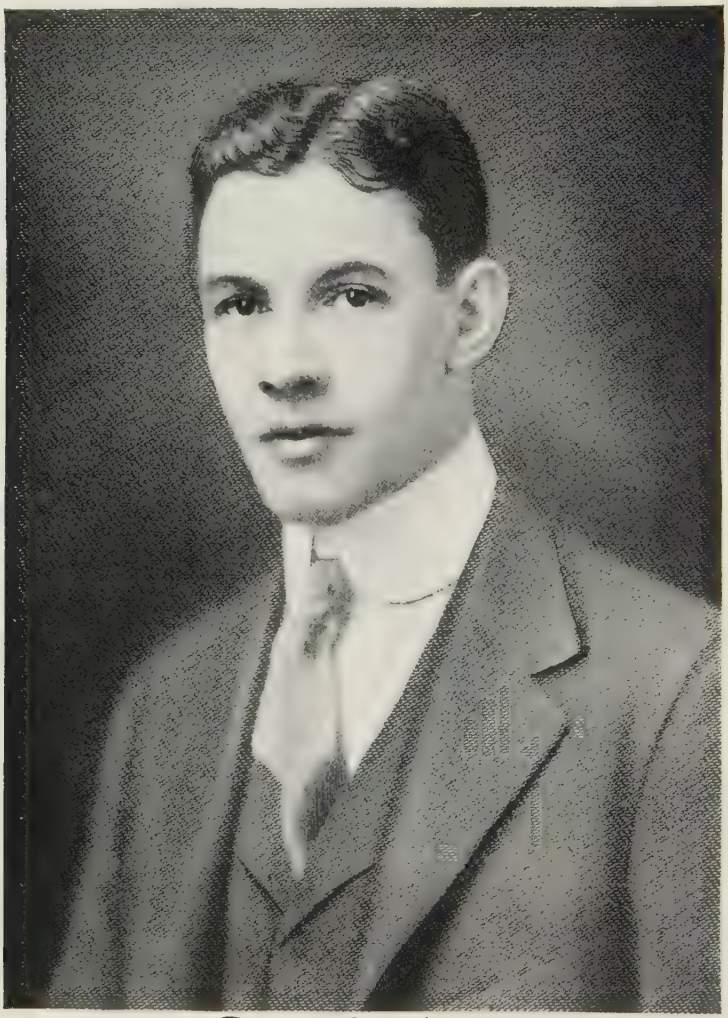
While at Troy he married Amelia L. Bean, a native of that city and daughter of Franklin and Agatha (Dibble) Bean. After leaving Troy Mr. Ready returned to Ohio, was a mill worker at Cleveland two years, and then located permanently at Warren. After one year in the mills he bought a small farm. The land comprising that place is now within the corporation limits, and when Warren began its rapid expansion and required many new home and industrial sites he platted his farm as A. H. Ready's Allotment and much of it has already been sold. Many years ago Mr. Ready engaged in the sawmill business, and operated mills in several Northern Ohio counties. For several years he was an exporter of rough lumber and logs to Europe. He also took many contracts to supply piling for dock and harbor construction around the Great Lakes. In partnership with James V. Waldeck he was extensively engaged in contracting for the construction of good roads in the Mahoning Valley. They constructed many miles of modern highways at Youngstown, Niles, Girard, Portland and Warren. During all these years Mr. Ready has continued the operation of saw mills, and still has one plant running every season. Since 1914 his chief business at Warren has been builders' supplies and coal, and he is a member of the Warren Builders Exchange and the Ohio Builders Supply Association and a member of the Warren Board of Trade, of which he is a director. He has been a member of the Warren Automobile Club since it was organized. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Elks, the Maccabees and the United Commercial Travelers, and is a member of the board of trustees of the Second Christian Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Ready became the parents of six children: Viola, wife of Joseph Viney, of Bloomfield, Ohio; Hazel, wife of Ward Van Wye of Warren; Arthur E., a contractor at Warren, who married Alice Dunlap; Minnie, an elocutionist and now assisting her father as a stenographer; Harry E., manager of the A. H. Ready Company, who married Helen Kerr; and Josie A., who is attending the Warren High School.

Coridon Edwin Stephens. Since establishing himself as a lawyer at Warren in 1913 Mr. Stephens has not only had abundant work in the routine of his profession, but has enjoyed many favorable and influential connections with civic and business affairs.

Mr. Stephens was born in Venango County, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1883, son of James Shively and Sarah Ellen (Ohl) Stephens. His paternal grandparents were George Washington and Sarah (O'Neil) Stephens, natives of Pennsylvania and of Scotch-Irish ancestry. James S. Stephens, who was born in Venango County, March 3, 1859, is well and favorably known in practically every district where petroleum oil has been produced in this country. As an oil well driller, his experience has comprehended practically every great field of operations in the United States. He learned the business as a youth in Western Pennsylvania, has operated in Ohio and Indiana, and at present his principal work is in the Mid-Continent field in Oklahoma, where during 1920 he was engaged in drilling in one of the most productive fields in that territory. In 1878, while he was drilling an oil well in Mecca Township of Trumbull County, he met his wife, Ellen Ohl, who was born in that township, a daughter of David Ohl, an early settler of Trumbull County.

Coridon Edwin Stephens acquired his early education in Pennsylvania, attending country schools, the grade schools of Emlenton, and graduating from the common schools of Cooperstown. His high school work was taken at Cortland, Ohio, where after the four year course completed in three years he graduated in 1903. After that he taught school in Mecca Township, and following a summer course at Mount Union College in 1904 he was principal of the grammar school at Vernon, Ohio, during the next fall and winter. In the fall of 1905 he re-entered Mount Union College, and took the regular course, graduating Ph. B. in 1909. The same year he began the study of law in Western Reserve University at Cleveland, where he graduated with the LL. B. degree in 1912. He was admitted to the Ohio bar in June of that year, and for six months prior to his graduation had been employed in a Cleveland law office. Mr. Stephens began his professional work at Warren on January 16, 1913. From September, 1913, to November 13, 1919, he was secretary of the Merchants League at Warren. He was also the first secretary of the Warren Automobile Club, and is now secretary-treasurer of the Warren Real Estate Board, and is secretary of the Trumbull Land Company. He is now in his second term as chief deputy of the deputy state supervisors of elections for Trumbull County. He is also the legally qualified examiner of titles under the Torrens Land Law. For four years he served as secretary of the Republican Executive Committee of Trumbull County, being chairman of the committee the last two years. Mr. Stephens is a member of the Beta Iota Chapter of the Sigma



Paul Hick

Nu at Mount Vernon College, and was a member of the Delta Zeta Chapter of the same fraternity at Western Reserve and also a member of the law fraternity Phi Alpha Delta. He is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, is also a chapter and council degree Mason, a member of Commandery No. 39 of the Knights Templar and Mahoning Lodge No. 29, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Trumbull Encampment of that order and Warren Lodge of Elks. He is a member of the Masonic Club at Warren, the Warren Board of Trade and the Warren Real Estate Board.

August 18, 1917, Mr. Stephens married Mary Amelia Hapgood. She is a native of Kansas. Her father, George W. Hapgood, for many years was a member of the Hapgood & Van Gorder Drug Company of Warren, but is now retired from active business. Mr. and Mrs. Stephens are members of the Warren First Methodist Episcopal Church. They have two daughters, Ruth Adaline, born July 18, 1918; and Mary Amelia, born July 18, 1919.

Paul Wick is a son of Myron C. and Elizabeth (Bonnell) Wick, a grandson of Paul and Susan A. (Ball) Wick and a great-grandson of Henry and Hannah (Baldwin) Wick. This brief statement indicates his relationship with one of the oldest and most prominent families of Eastern Ohio, the complete story of the family and many of the individuals therein being told on other pages.

Individually Paul Wick at the age of thirty has achieved a leading place in the industrial and financial affairs of his native district. He is vice president of the Falcon Steel Company of Niles, but resides at Youngstown, where he was born November 30, 1890. He acquired a primary education in his native city, spent five years in the Hill School at Pottstown, Pennsylvania, graduating in 1909, and then entered Yale University and graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1912.

Only a brief interval separated his university career and his working association with the industries of the Mahoning Valley. In October, 1912, he entered the Trumbull Steel Company at Warren, and was with that concern until June 1, 1919, at which time he was assistant general manager of sales. In June, 1919, he helped organize the Falcon Steel Company at Niles, and besides being vice president of that business is a director of the First National Bank, of the Dollar Savings and Trust Company at Youngstown, and the Second National Bank of Warren.

For nearly two years Mr. Wick was in the service of his country during the World war. November 22, 1917, he enlisted in the United States Naval Reserve as a seaman, second class. Most of the time he spent at Norfolk, Virginia. He was commissioned ensign July 10, 1918, and after that until the signing of the armistice was on a submarine chaser. After the signing of the armistice he was transferred with his boat to the Naval Proving Grounds on the Potomac River.

Mr. Wick is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Youngstown and Niles Chambers of Commerce. He and his wife are members of the First Presbyterian Church at Youngstown. April 29, 1915, he married Almira Arms, daughter of Myron I. Arms of Youngstown. Their three children are Paul Myron, born February 9, 1916, William Arms, born June 27, 1918, and Peter Arms, born May 17, 1920.

William Ritezel. The late William Ritezel of Warren was long one of the best-known newspaper men of the Mahoning Valley, and indeed of Ohio. He was born at Claysville, Washington County, Pennsylvania, on July 11, 1828, and died at Warren, Ohio, on January 3, 1901. He was a son of John Ritezel, a native of Washington County, Pennsylvania, of German stock, who in 1831 was commissioned a lieutenant in the First Brigade, Tenth Regiment, Fourteenth Division of the militia of Washington and Greene counties by the governor of Pennsylvania. John Ritezel married Martha Hodgens, who was born in County Armagh, Ireland, of Scotch-Irish ancestors.

William Ritezel went into the office of the Washington, Pennsylvania, Examiner in 1845 and served an apprenticeship of four years at the printer's trade. By 1851 he was one of the owners of that newspaper and also of the Washington, Pennsylvania, Review. Four years later he disposed of his newspaper interests in Pennsylvania and purchased the Trumbull Democrat of Warren, Ohio, in partnership with James Mills. Six months later, however, he became sole owner of the Democrat. He supported through his paper President Lincoln's opposition to secession and disunion, and as the Western Reserve newspaper of Warren also was a supporter of the President in those and other issues of the day it was deemed advisable to merge the two papers, which merger was consummated in February, 1861, Mr. Ritezel continuing editor of the consolidated papers. He was a supporter of the principles of the republican party from the time of Mr. Lincoln's inauguration, and was a prominent factor in that party, and by that party he was elected county treasurer in 1862 and re-elected in 1864; was elected to the Ohio Legislature in 1867 and re-elected in 1869; and while in Columbus he met and became intimate with many of the leading men of the state. He and James A. Garfield became fast friends while the latter was still a professor at Hiram College, and when Mr. Garfield was a candidate for the presidency he had no more staunch and unyielding supporter than Mr. Ritezel. He was likewise a warm friend of William McKinley, and as a delegate from his district to the national republican convention at Minneapolis, Minnesota, in 1896, he was an ardent and influential supporter of McKinley for the presidential nomination.

Mr. Ritezel married Annie E. White, of Washington, Pennsylvania, who died in March, 1879.

Franklin Moore Ritezel, son of William and Annie E. (White) Ritezel, was born at Washington, Pennsylvania, on February 15, 1853. His education was acquired in the public schools of Warren, Ohio, and Allegheny College at Meadville, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1875, and he began his editorial career on the staff of the Daily Beacon of Akron, Ohio, returning to Warren in 1877 to become a member of the firm of William Ritezel & Company,

owners and publishers of the Western Reserve Chronicle.

Mr. Ritezel was instrumental in establishing the Warren Daily Chronicle, and following the death of his father he became editor of the paper, and still holds that office. The Chronicle firm publishes the weekly and daily papers. In political life he has been and continues very active and prominent. He was virtually at the head of the republican party in Trumbull County in the presidential campaign of 1896, and his organization and efforts resulted in Trumbull County giving William McKinley the largest majority of any county in Ohio. In 1892 he was elected postmaster of Warren, and served in that office for four years. There were nine applicants for the position, and it was mutually agreed by the candidates that an election be held and the recommendation of the majority of the voters of the City of Warren determine the appointment. In the two days' contest Mr. Ritezel was overwhelmingly successful. In 1896 Mr. Ritezel was chosen by Governor Bushnell as one of seven members of the Ohio Centennial Commission, of which he was later appointed secretary. Associated with him were such well-known men as R. F. Dawes of Marietta; Samuel Maths of Cleveland; Guy G. Major of Toledo; Frank T. Huffman of Dayton; and Ralph Peters of Cincinnati. Mr. Ritezel served as assistant sergeant-at-arms of the national republican convention held at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and also of the national republican convention held at Chicago, Illinois, in 1916.

At the time of the declaration of war between the United States and Spain Mr. Ritezel enlisted a company of volunteers and was elected by the company its captain, and commissioned as such by Governor Bushnell. The company was unattached to any command and participated in no active service outside of the state. At the re-organization of the Ohio National Guard at the close of the above mentioned war Mr. Ritezel was commissioned captain in the Fifth Regiment, Ohio National Guard, and in 1899 was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel and assigned to the Division Staff, Ohio National Guard, Maj.-Gen. Charles Dick commanding. He holds a life commission as lieutenant-colonel, and until the great war served as chief signal officer of the Division of Ohio.

For forty years Mr. Ritezel has been a member of Independence Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Warren, which he served for five years as grand trustee, one year as special grand chancellor and ten years as captain of the Pythian Military Company. He is also a member of the Warren Lodge of Elks, and is a Knight Templar in the Masonic fraternity.

In 1879 Mr. Ritezel was married to Isabella Graeter, a daughter of Augustus and Sarah (Hoffman) Graeter, early residents of Warren. Mr. and Mrs. Ritezel became the parents of the following children: William A., who is city editor of the Daily Chronicle, served as a corporal with the American Expeditionary Force during the great war; Fred G., who is associate editor of the Chronicle, served on the Mexican border.

During all of his career Mr. Ritezel has shown himself earnest and purposeful in everything he has entered into, and all who have the honor of his acquaintance feel that his presence and association act as a mental tonic and a bracing inspiration. An authority on public questions and a student of politics, Mr. Ritezel has the distinction of possessing a practical experience and an intimate friendship with so many of the leading men of his times that he is able to shape the policies of his newspapers so as to render a service to the general public not easily discounted, and has worthily filled the place left vacant by his honored father.

Curtis L. Bailey, secretary, treasurer and general manager of the Park Hardware Company at Warren, and one of the alert business men of the city, was born at Bailey's Corners, named for the family, in Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, December 14, 1860. His parental grandfather, Isaac Bailey, together with his brothers, came from Pennsylvania to the Mahoning Valley in pioneer days, settling on the farm at Bailey's Corners on which in 1840 was born Samuel E. Bailey, father of Curtis L. Bailey.

Samuel E. Bailey learned the harnessmaking trade, and in 1867 removed the family to Vineland, New Jersey. Ten years later he returned to Trumbull County and located at Newton Falls, where he continued in the harness business until he retired from active business. The maternal grandfather, Anthony Luke, came across the mountains of Pennsylvania on foot when a boy of fourteen years and settled at Warren, where he was in business for a number of years as a shoemaker. The mother of Curtis L. Bailey was born at Warren in 1844, and she died there in 1884.

Curtis L. Bailey was reared on a farm until he was eight years old. He attended the district schools and the Newton Falls High School and Mount Union College, and following the completion of his collegiate course he became a clerk, in 1884, in a hardware store at Newton Falls. Three years later he purchased the store, but in 1896 sold it and became a clerk for the S. W. Park Hardware Company at Warren. During the ensuing period he became so valuable an adjunct to the business that when Mr. Park retired from the company in 1906 Mr. Bailey reorganized and incorporated it into the Park Hardware Company, of which Mr. Bailey has since been secretary, treasurer and general manager. To show in a few words the success of this company under Mr. Bailey's management, it may be stated that at the time of the re-organization the annual volume of business amounted to $100,000, and in 1919 it had reached $300,000.

In addition to his interest in the above named company Mr. Bailey is a member of the board of directors of the Trumbull Savings & Loan Company, belongs to the Warren Board of Trade, and is otherwise active in the business life of the community. He is a Mason and Odd Fellow, and belongs to the Masonic Club. During the World war Mr. Bailey rendered a valuable service to his country by acting as a member of the Trumbull County Draft Board.

Curtis L. Bailey was married to Eva Kistler, who was born at Newton Falls, Ohio, a daughter of Samuel Kistler, who also was born at Newton Falls, the son of pioneer parents. Mr. and Mrs. Bailey have had the following children born to them: Curtis L., Jr., now in the gas engine business at Lansing, Michigan, married Martha Bransfield, of Warren, and they

A. Burch Smith

have three children, Eva, Eleanor and Frances; and Frances, who married George Carlisle, of Warren. They reside at Detroit, Michigan, where Mr. Carlisle is engineer of standards for the Packard Automobile Company. Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle have two sons, George, Jr., and Curtis L. Mr. Bailey is a hard-working, hard-headed man of affairs, deeply immersed in intensely practical matters, but at the same time he has found time to be a valuable private citizen, doing far-reaching work for his community and his country when the need arose, and he will continue to render the same quality of service for this is the nature of the man.

JOHN LYNN SMITH. The late John L. Smith was long identified with the business and civic life of Warren, and was prominent alike in the public life of the city and county. He was born at Port Patrick, Scotland, on August 31, 1841, the son of Johnson and Susan Smith. In 1845 the parents moved to Grimsby, England, where the father was a contractor on Government docks; he was later killed at New Holland. Johnson and Susan Smith were the parents of the following children: James, Johnson, Hugh, William, John L., Thomas, and a daughter, the latter dying in the old country. All the above children are now deceased. Hugh Smith preceded the widow and the other children to the United States and located at New Orleans. The widow and four sons came to this country in 1853 and located in Cleveland, Ohio.

John L. Smith grew up in Cleveland and in his young days followed the occupation of a gardner until he learned the trade of stone cutter. On August 31, 1862, he enlisted at Warren, Ohio, in Company C, Nineteenth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He was at the battle of Stone River, and was one of three men of whom special mention was made for bravery in that battle. On September 19, at the battle of Chickamauga, he was captured and was confined in Libby and other prisons, finally escaping from Danville prison with other prisoners, was re-captured in the Blue Ridge Mountains, bucked and gagged, and returned to Danville. From there he was taken to Andersonville prison and he experienced all of the horrors of that prison for seven months. Upon the approach of General Sherman's army he was removed to Florence, South Carolina, where he was paroled on December 9, 1864, and returned to his home on furlough. He rejoined his regiment early in 1865, and was finally discharged, the war having ended.

Returning from the army Mr. Smith located in Warren and engaged in contracting and building, and continued successfully in that line until 1885, when he retired from active business.

Mr. Smith served as chief of the Volunteer Fire Department of Warren for over twenty years; he served as mayor of the city through two terms; he was a member of the City Council for four years, and was a member of the Board of Commissioners of Trumbull County for eight years. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Independent Order Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, and Royal Arcanum. His death occurred on November 25, 1899.

On March 25, 1869, Mr. Smith was united in marriage with Caroline G. Tovey, who was born in England, the daughter of George Tovey, who brought his family to this country and settled in Cleveland when Mrs. Smith was a girl. She died at Warren in 1892.

The biography of Al-Bert C. Smith, son of the late John Lynn Smith, follows:

AL-BERT CLARENCE SMITH. One of the prominent men of Warren is Al-Bert C. Smith, who for nearly thirty years has been active in the business, civic and social affairs of Warren, and has won a place among the popular and worth-while citizens of the community.

Mr. Smith was born in Warren on February 19, 1870, the son of the late John Lynn Smith. He attended the Warren public schools and studied civil engineering at Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland. At college he was very active and prominent in athletics. He was playing-manager of the 1893 baseball team, and he was largely instrumental in placing college athletics on a sound financial footing for the first time in the history of Case. He organized and financed the equipment of Case's first gymnasium. The last class field day in which he participated, in 1893, saw his individual achievement honored with three first and one second prizes. Returning to Warren in the spring of 1893, Mr. Smith was appointed assistant city engineer, and held that post for six years. In 1899 he became construction engineer in charge of the Ohio and Pennsylvania district of the New Castle Asphalt Block Company, and gave his time to that industry for eight years.

In 1908, at the urgent request of the Warren City Board of Public Service, Mr. Smith accepted the appointment of city engineer, and remained active head of that department until February, 1913, when he resigned and with his brother William T. organized the Smith Engineering and Construction Company. The chief feature of this business is municipal engineering and construction.

Both as an official and private citizen A. C. Smith has rendered many distinguishing services to Warren. When the city determined to install the Tungsten Lighting System to Mr. Smith was delegated the task of making all the technical plans, including the placing and distribution of the lighting units, and providing for the ornamental system in the business district. Warren was the first city in the world to install an entire system of Tungsten street lighting, and the perfection of the service is largely a personal credit due Mr. Smith. For several years Warren has had the reputation of being one of the best-lighted cities in the country, and its system has been patterned after by many other municipalities.

In any public enterprise the people of Warren turn readily to Mr. Smith as a leader. During the World war he served as chairman of the Liberty Loan campaign parade committee, whose activities were responsible for the numerous elaborate and successful demonstrations during the war period which served to help stimulate the patriotic interest of the community. And as chairman of that committee, Mr. Smith had charge of the arrangements for the great parade held in honor of the home-coming of the soldier

boys, when over 5,000 people marched to the music of thirteen bands in welcoming the veterans home from overseas. He was assistant precinct chairman of the Liberty Loan drive and was president of the West Porter Avenue War Stamps Sales Club, it being the first club of the kind organized in Warren.

Mr. Smith is president of the Trumbull County Civil Engineers Club and is a certified member of both the Ohio Engineering Society and the American Association of Civil Engineers. He is a member of Independence Lodge No. 90, Knights of Pythias, and has been honored with election as chancellor commander of that lodge on two different occasions. He is president of the board of trustees of that lodge, and it is due to his efforts and foresight that the lodge is now considered one of the wealthiest Pythian lodges in the state. He holds also the rank of colonel in the Uniformed Rank as brigade engineer in the order. He is past exalted ruler of Warren Lodge No. 295, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, and Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, in Masonry. He is also a member of Warren Council No. 222, United Commercial Travelers, and of the Warren Board of Trade. He is also a member of the Warren Kiwanis Club.

Mr. Smith is a former president of the Giddings Republican Club and is prominent in republican politics, yet in 1919 he was honored by Mayor McBride, democrat, who selected Mr. Smith as one of the six members of the mayor's board of advisors.

On May 7, 1896, Mr. Smith was united in marriage with Ida May Warren, who was born in the City of Warren, Ohio, on January 15, 1875, the daughter of Robert and Elizabeth (Dennis) Warren, natives of England, who were well-known residents of Warren.

To Mr. and Mrs. Smith the following children have been born. Albert Clarence, Jr., born February 18, 1897, is a graduate of Case School, class of '20. In June, 1918, while a student at Case, he entered the Signal Enlisted Reserve Corps, which corps was provided by special act of Congress, the selection of its members being restricted to students having especial fitness for that particular service. In October, 1918, he was ordered to the Students Army Training Corps, from which he was honorably discharged following the armistice. Vera May, born April 19, 1898, was an art student in Pennsylvania Normal School at Indiana, Pennsylvania, and is now art instructor in the Warren public schools. Thelma Elizabeth, born November 25, 1901, is a student in Warren High School; Jean Warren, born October 9, 1903, a student in Warren Junior High School; Carolyn Warren, born September 15, 1905; Jack Warren, born June 30, 1909; and Hugh Junior, born February 17, 1913.

Mr. Smith's residence, at 108 Porter Avenue, is one of the beautiful homes in Warren. A commodious semi-bungalow, covered with ivy, set in a large, well-kept lawn dotted with flowers and shrubbery, the home and grounds present a most picturesque and pleasing picture. The home was completed in 1904, and is the first stucco house built in this city.

William Tovey Smith, of the Smith Engineering & Construction Company, and a well-known and popular citizen of Warren, was born in this city on November 1, 1875, and is a son of the late John Lynn Smith. He was educated in the Warren public schools, and as a school boy learned the fundamentals of electric engineering by working during mornings, nights and holidays with the Warren Electric Light & Power Company.

After leaving school young Smith was employed as an electrical engineer for a number of years in Warren, then went to Cleveland, where he was superintendent of the I. H. Moses Company, electrical engineers and contractors. While in Cleveland he installed the first electrical plant at the Ohio State Hospital at Newburg. After spending three years in Cleveland he returned to Warren and became chief electrician for the old New York & Ohio Electrical Company, and was subsequently with the Packard Electrical Company in the same capacity. Four years later he engaged in electrical engineering contracting on his own account, and in 1905 he became a general municipal contractor and handled large contracts for paving, sewerage and construction work. He was the first contractor in Warren to put his workmen on a nine-hour schedule, and still later on an eight-hour work-day. In 1913 he, with his brother Al-Bert C., organized the Smith Engineering & Construction Company.

Mr. Smith has for a number of years taken an active part in civic and social affairs, and has always been found willing to give his support to all public movements having for their object the promotion of the city and her welfare. When the United States entered the great war he, being over draft age, volunteered and applied for Government ship-yard work, but he was not called on. However, his patriotism found expression in local war work, and he took active part in the different campaigns for the raising of war funds. Especially was he active in the work in District No. 8, Precinct B, Ward No. 4 (his own), where a larger amount of liberty bonds was sold than in any other district in the city, notwithstanding that it is a workingman's district.

Mr. Smith is prominent in republican politics, and for a number of years he served as a member of the Trumbull County Central Committee and took active charge of the committee work in his district. He is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, of Warren Lodge of Elks No. 295, and is past worthy president of Warren Aerie of Eagles, No. 311. He was a member of the Warren City Volunteer Fire Department for two years, and is a member of the Camp, Sons of Veterans.

Mr. Smith married May L., daughter of Samuel and Julia Fenton, of Warren, and to their marriage the following children have been born: Georgene May, who graduated from Warren High School, class of 1919, and is a student at Oberlin College, class of '23; and William Aubrey, a student in the Warren High School, class of '21.

Joseph John Zipperer. One of the men who has reached an enviable position among his fellow citizens as an honorable and dependable merchant and public-spirited man is Joseph John Zipperer of Warren, and his personal popularity is recognized throughout the Mahoning Valley. He was born in the City of

Vienna, Austria, on March 1, 1871, a son of Alexander A. and Josephine (Rabas) Zipperer. The family sailed for the United States on June 1, 1871, landed at New York City, from whence they went to Eau Claire, Wisconsin, where they remained until 1883, and then removed to Ashland, Wisconsin. Alexander A. Zipperer was a flour and grist miller by trade, but at Ashland he was engaged, and very successfully, in the manufacture of mineral waters for sixteen years. He had a fine mineral spring on his property, from which he bottled the water which had such excellent medicinal qualities that a ready market was found for his output. From Ashland the family moved to South Bend, Indiana, where the father died in 1914. The mother survives and makes her home at Warren with her son.

Joseph John Zipperer began his business career at South Bend as a salesman in a hardware store, where he spent ten years. He then became a traveling salesman for the Michigan Stove Company of Detroit, his territory being the State of Ohio, with headquarters at Columbus. Among the cities he visited regularly was Warren, and desiring to leave the road and establish himself in a business of his own, and having faith in Warren's future, he, in 1908, bought a small hardware store, which he opened for business on January 1, 1909. In July, 1915, he disposed of his hardware business, and forming a business association with G. E. Besanceney of Newark, Ohio, he organized the Zipperer Furniture Company, opening the largest furniture house at Warren, which business is conducted by Mr. Zipperer, his partner being at the head of a store in the same line at Newark.

Mr. Zipperer is a man of affairs, and is a director of the Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company, of the Warren Board of Trade and of the Rotary Club. He is a member of the executive committee of the Warren Charity Association and is a leading member of the Warren Council of the Knights of Columbus, in which order he is a fourth degree knight. Mr. Zipperer is a member of the council of Saint Mary's Roman Catholic Church, and an official of the local organization of the Boy Scouts of America. During the World war he gave freely of his time to war work, and is serving as one of the seven members of the War Board of Trumbull County, which had charge of all of the war work. He was chairman of the Warren Merchants Committee, which had charge of all Red Cross, Young Men's Christian Association and other organized campaign work, and he was a member of the executive committee of the Warren Red Cross, as well as chairman of the Knights of Columbus campaign drive.

Mr. Zipperer was married to Mayme Keefe, a daughter of Bernard Keefe of Kankakee, Illinois. Mr. and Mrs. Zipperer have the following children: Clement S., Leo J. and Bernard E., and all of them are living. It would be difficult to find a better citizen anywhere than Mr. Zipperer, and he has won confidence and respect through his energy, his uprightness and his steadfast devotion to the best interests of the land in which he has been reared and the only one he has known.

William J. Kenealy. Keen-witted, clear-minded and well versed in legal lore, William J. Kenealy holds a noteworthy position among the active and successful attorneys of Youngstown, where he has spent his entire life, his birth having occurred in this city October 23, 1883.

Daniel Kenealy, his father, was born in Ireland, and as a lad came with a Mr. Struthers to Youngstown, locating here in 1854, and was thereafter engaged in milling until his death, at the early age of fifty-five years. His wife, whose maiden name was Bridget Shields, survived him, passing away in 1917, at the venerable age of four score and four years. Of the thirteen children born of their union ten are now living, the subject of this brief sketch being the youngest child of the parental household.

Acquiring his preliminary education in the Youngstown schools, William J. Kenealy, a bright and ambitious student, read law with E. H. Moore of this city, applying himself so faithfully to his studies that he was admitted to the Ohio Bar in 1910. Immediately entering upon his chosen profession, he met with encouraging success and in 1915 formed a partnership with David G. Jenkins, with whom he was associated until Mr. Jenkins was appointed judge. In 1919 Mr. Kenealy entered into partnership with Edmund Drake, and as head of the legal firm of Kenealy & Drake is carrying on a large and thriving business, his professional skill and ability having won him an extensive and profitable clientele.

In 1908 Mr. Kenealy was united in marriage with Miss Catherine McFadden, a daughter of John F. and Mary (Blanchard) McFadden, and they have two children, Ruth, born in 1911, and Virginia, born in 1915. Prominently identified in politics with the republican party, Mr. Kenealy served as Mr. Baldwin's secretary during the recent campaign. He was very active in war work, devoting his time during the draft to the questionnaires. Fraternally he is a member of Youngstown Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Joseph W. Van Wye, who is now living virtually retired on his fine farm in Weathersfield Township, Trumbull County, has the distinction of being one of the oldest native-born citizens of this township, his birth having here occurred April 16, 1837. His parents, Abram and Charity (Laird) Van Wye, were born and reared in Washington County, Pennsylvania, where their marriage was solemnized and whence they came to Trumbull County, Ohio, in 1834, accompanied by their children, seven of the number having been born in Pennsylvania and five more having been born after the removal of the family to Ohio. James, a brother of Abram, had come earlier to Trumbull County, but later he removed to Indiana, where he passed the remainder of his life. As the names clearly indicate, the Van Wye family is of staunch Holland Dutch lineage, and the Laird family is of Scotch origin. After the war of the Revolution representatives of the Van Wye family moved from Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, to Washington County, that state, where members of the family took part in the famous "Whiskey Rebellion" during the first presidential election of General George Washington. Members of the family had come to Ohio in the early period of its history, but, owing to Indian troubles incidental to the War of 1812, they returned to the Keystone state. Abram Van Wye established his home on a pioneer farm

on the Mahoning River, and he reclaimed his land from the virgin forest, his activities as a farmer having here continued until his death, in his fifty-eighth year, his widow passing away at the age of sixty years. The old homestead farm was that on which the subject of this review was born, and a portion of the property lies within the corporate limits of the City of Niles, so that upon the sale of a part of the tract in recent years it commanded a price of $1,000 an acre. A part of the old homestead is now owned by the widow and children of Abram Van Wye, a grandson of Abram. The old canal crossed this farm, as did also the first railroad to enter Niles, and Joseph W. well recalls the time, when he was a boy of about three years, that the first canal boat passed through the new canal, in 1839. He also witnessed the passing of the last boat through this early waterway in 1866, at which time he was still residing on the old home farm.

Concerning the twelve children of Abram and Charity (Laird) Van Wye brief record may consistently be given at this juncture: Charles continued to reside in Weathersfield Township until his death, at the age of sixty-six years, and his son Abram inherited the old homestead; John died in Howland Township, at the age of eighty-six years; Lydia, wife of Hiram Dunlap, was a resident of that Township at the time of her death; Mary Jane and her husband, John A. Hunter, both died in Trumbull County; Nancy became the wife of Theodore DeForest, and they were residents of the State of Virginia at the time of their death; Catherine died in girlhood; Amanda died in young womanhood; William, a member of the Seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry in the Civil war, was killed in an engagement at Ringgold, Georgia, November 27, 1863; Joseph W., of this review, was the next in order of birth; Darthula is the wife of Charles P. Moore, of Bristolville, Trumbull County; Almira died at the age of twenty-two years; Sabina H., the wife of Thomas Radcliffe, died at Warren in 1919.

Joseph W. Van Wye gained his early education in the common schools of his native county and was seventeen years of age at the time of his father's death. His eldest brother was nineteen years old at the time, and all of the brothers maintained a virtual partnership in the operation of the home farm until their ranks were broken by William's enlistment for service in the Civil war. After the death of his brother William Joseph W. took the latter's share in the farm, and he continued to be associated with his other brothers in its operation until he was thirty-two years of age. By purchasing the interests of the other heirs he and his brothers Charles and John came into full ownership of the farm, and at the age noted above Joseph W. sold his interest to his brother Charles and the latter's sons. He then made a trip through various western states, and upon his return to Trumbull County he purchased a farm just north of Niles, in Howland Township, but about a year later he sold this property, and in the spring of 1870 he purchased his present farm, eligibly situated near the city limits of Niles on the west, and four miles south of the county courthouse at Warren. The original purchase comprised 263 acres, but about eighty acres were sold for railroad use, both the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio railroads crossing the farm. The well improved place yields large annual crops of corn and hay, to the production of which special attention has been given, but other crops are raised in minor degree, as well as live stock. From the farm Mr. Van Wye has sold a very appreciable amount of valuable timber. One-half mile distant from the home place he owns another farm of sixty-three acres, improved with good buildings. He has never sought public office, but has served as a member of the School Board of his district, of which he was clerk for some time. He cast his first presidential vote at the first election of President Lincoln, and has continued his loyal alliance with the republican party since that time. He enlisted in the Civil war as a private in June, 1862, in Company B, Eighty-Fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was out four months in this service. He attends and supports the Methodist Episcopal Church at Niles.

December 22, 1877, recorded the marriage of Mr. Van Wye to Mrs. Ella K. (Troxell) Van Wye, widow of Elihu Van Wye, who died when a young man and who was a son of Charles Van Wye, thus having been a nephew of the subject of this review. Elihu D. is survived by one son, Fred, who married Anna Law, of Niles, their home being now in the City of Cleveland, and their four children being Harriet E. (wife of Willard Tucker), Joseph C., Frederick Herbert and William J. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Van Wye have two children: Almira E. is the wife of James W. Cox and they reside on her father's smaller farm, previously mentioned in this sketch; William Joseph, who has the active management of his father's home farm and occupies a portion of the spacious parental home, married Alta Beck, of Champion Township. William J. Van Wye is vice president of the Trumbull County Fair Association, and is actively identified with the local Farm Bureau, whose prime function is the improving of general farm conditions in the county.

Victor G. Lumbard. His technical knowledge of leather manufacture makes Mr. Lumbard a recognized authority both in this country and abroad. For years he has given his time to investigations covering every branch and process of leather making. His association with the Mahoning Valley industrial field is comparatively recent, and as general manager of the Ohio Leather Company at Girard he has been instrumental in the rebuilding of that institution.

Mr. Lumbard was born at Geneva, Illinois, May 23, 1868. He was liberally educated, and as a young man studied medicine. He was chiefly attracted, however, to the subject of chemistry, and before graduating as a physician he took up the technical study of leather and its manufacture.

His investigations have taken him to nearly all the great leather producing plants in the world, including England, Germany, France, Austria, Russia, China, Japan, Australia and South America. Many companies and business organizations have employed his expert services in an advisory capacity.

During the early part of 1914 Mr. Lumbard was in Germany. On July 29, 1914, the date of the outbreak of the World war, he was in Russia.

Mr. Lumbard became general manager of the Ohio Leather Company in January, 1917. Under his super-

vision the industry has been rebuilt and transformed and is now one of the best known leather plants in the world.

Lou Carey Van Ness, president of the Hubbard Banking Company, is a member of a family that for nearly a century has been identified with Trumbull County. They have been substantial farmers, good business men, and have impressed their influence upon many of the developments that have transformed the pioneer wilderness into one of the greatest industrial districts in America.

The founders of the family in Ohio were Peter and Susan (Mattison) Van Ness. Susan Mattison was born in Sussex County, New Jersey, in 1780, and was a granddaughter of John Hart, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Peter Van Ness was born at Fishing Creek in Lycoming County, Pennsylvania, in 1783. In 1790 he was taken to New Jersey, where he was reared to manhood and where in 1807 he married Susan Mattison. A few years later they moved to Muncy, Pennsylvania, and finally they came to Hubbard Township, Trumbull County. At that time Coalburg was a place of much more importance than at present, and Peter Van Ness became an employe in the old carding mill at that point. He then settled a mile north of Hubbard Village on the Gleason farm, along the stage road between Pittsburgh and Cleveland. For several years he made his house a tavern for the entertainment of passing traffic. On leaving that farm he removed to Jamestown, Pennsylvania, where he died about 1870, at the age of eighty-seven. Peter Van Ness and wife had six children: Catherine, who became the wife of John Lancaster and lived in Holmes County, Ohio; John, who was never heard of by his people after young manhood; Aaron M.; Sarah, who married Adelbert Chilson, and had seven children; Samuel, who moved to Iowa, where he died; and Robert, who died as a Pennsylvania farmer.

Aaron M. Van Ness, father of the Hubbard banker, was born at Trenton, New Jersey, in 1812, and from the age of two years lived in Trumbull County. While his parents were living at the old tavern he and a neighbor boy left home, and at Franklin, Pennsylvania, he learned the blacksmith's trade. He was employed as a tool sharpener during the building of the old Pennsylvania Canal. On returning to Hubbard he bought a farm near what is now Stop 44 on the interurban, a mile and a half northeast of Hubbard. While clearing his land he also set up a shop. His ambition to provide a home for his family and achieve success led him to over exertion, and he literally worked night and day, between the farm and the forge. He was worn out by the time he reached middle life, and his last years were spent as a semi-invalid. About 1898 he moved to Hubbard, and died April 20, 1900.

On February 28, 1833, Aaron M. Van Ness married Pamelia Price, who died leaving six children. On May 12, 1859, he married Sally Ann Price, a sister of his first wife. She was born in Hubbard Township November 29, 1830, and is now in her ninety-first year, living with her son Lou.

Her grandparents were Samuel and Mary (Stinson) Price. The former was born in New Jersey August 5, 1750, and died December 20, 1827, in Hubbard. In company with other New Jersey colonists he came to Ohio in 1807 and acquired 400 acres of land, part of which is now covered by the yards of the New York Central at Coalburg. He was buried in the northwest corner of the old North Cemetery. The children of Samuel Price and wife were: James Stinson; Archibald, who lived and died in Brookfield Township of Trumbull County; Sally, David, Betsey, John, Susan, Jacob and Richard.

James Stinson Price, father of Mrs. Aaron M. Van Ness, was born at Trenton, New Jersey, November 7, 1783, and spent the greatest part of his life on the old Price farm in Hubbard Township, where he died when past seventy. His first wife was Betsy Clark, who was the mother of two children: Polly, who lived in Vienna Township and whose first husband was Stephen Burnett and the second Abel Truesdale; and Clark, who never married and died in Hubbard Township. James S. Price married for his second wife Sally Duer, and by that union there were the following children: Pamelia, first wife of A. M. Van Ness; Euphema, who married Lawrence Hager and lived in Hubbard Township; Eli, whose farm was at Stop 46, where he died; Jonathan, who died on a farm adjoining that of his father; Stinson, a tailor who went to Bedford, Pennsylvania, where he died; John Duer Armstrong Price, who lived on part of the old Price farm; and Sally Ann Van Ness.

As noted above A. M. Van Ness by his first marriage had six children: Stephen H. was a farmer in Hubbard Township and died April 13, 1879, at the age of forty-five; Charlotte is the widow of R. W. Jewell and lives at Stop 46; Susan Eveline is a dressmaker and lives with her sister; Peter, who died in childhood; James Stinson, who died in childhood; and Jasper Price, who died at the age of twenty-two. Mrs. Sally Ann Van Ness had three children: James Eli, who began his career as an insurance man at Warren and afterwards was a drug salesman in Chicago, leaving that city when his health failed, and he died at Hubbard July 12, 1910; Wilbur Augustus, who died in childhood; and Lou Carey, now the only survivor of his mother's family.

Lou Carey Van Ness was born at Hubbard September 1, 1866, acquired a good education in the local schools, and would probably have devoted the greater part of his life to agriculture had not an injury obliged him to give up that vocation. In November, 1892, he entered the Hubbard Banking Company as bookkeeper, and in January, 1899, was elected assistant cashier and in 1904 became cashier. He was at that post of duty for five years, and resigned in 1909 to handle his important real estate interests in Hubbard. Three years later he was recalled to a post of responsibility in the banking company as vice president, succeeding E. C. Gething. In May, 1920, at the time of the death of S. G. March, Mr. Van Ness succeeded to the presidency of the bank.

For the past ten years Mr. Van Ness has been a constructive factor in the development of real estate in and around Hubbard, and has used his capital and enterprise to provide some of the housing facilities required by the rapidly increasing industrial

population. He owns the old homestead at Stop 44, and for several years past has been platting portions of it, building homes and selling them on the installment plan to employes of the different nearby manufacturing plants. At Hubbard he is engaged in a similar service, and has erected more than twenty homes. A demand for homes in this section comes from many workers in the industries of Youngstown and Sharon.

Mr. Van Ness has never sought the honors of politics, and has rather concerned himself with making his private business work for the good of the community. He has filled such honorary offices as member of the Board of Public Works and member of the School Board. He is an independent democrat, and for many years has been an active member and official of the Baptist Church.

June 5, 1890, Mr. Van Ness married Miss Mary Emily Kerr, youngest daughter of Samuel L. and Sarah J. Kerr. The Kerr family is an old and prominent one of Trumbull County.

Mrs. Van Ness' grandfather was David Goble Kerr, a son of William Hampton Kerr. David G. Kerr was born November 5, 1786, and in 1807 married Sarah Lain. About 1825 they came to Ohio by wagon, traveling in company with other neighbors from New Jersey, and they settled and lived on the old Kerr farm. Samuel L. Kerr, father of Mrs. Van Ness, was born in Sussex County, New Jersey, January 8, 1821, and grew up in the homestead in Trumbull County and was a practical farmer until he removed to Hubbard as president of the Hubbard Banking Company, an office he filled until his death. He died October 31, 1900, having returned to the old homestead after the death of his wife. December 21, 1854, Samuel L. Kerr married Sarah Jane Jewell, who was born February 17, 1831, in Hubbard Township, and died November 17, 1899. Their three children were: Albert Jewell, who lives on the old Kerr farm; Alice Louise, wife of William Burnett, of Youngstown; and Mary Emily Van Ness.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Ness have two children: Alice H., born October 14, 1891, and Leonard K., born September 6, 1901. Alice is the wife of Raymond H. Tracy, of Hubbard, and they have three children, Virginia, Robert L. and Paul W. Mr. Tracy is a graduate and post-graduate of Harvard University, was formerly in the real estate business and with the Hubbard Banking Company, and is now connected with the City Savings Bank of Youngstown. The son, Leonard K., graduated from the Hubbard High School in 1919 and is now completing his education in Dennison University at Granville, Ohio.

Lloyd Booth, the elder, who died in August, 1901, might by every valid reason be associated with that group of men who laid the foundation of the present eminence of Youngstown as a great industrial center. On the foundation of an expert skill as a machinist he developed the technical judgment and executive ability to manage men and direct a large institution, and for over thirty years was one of the leading manufacturers of Youngstown.

Born near Albany, New York, May 10, 1834, son of Arza and Phoebe (Beardslee) Booth, he spent his early life on his father's farm, was educated in Albany, and learned the machinist's trade there. For a time he was a master mechanic with the Erie railroad shops at Susquehanna, Pennsylvania. Later he moved to Knoxville, Tennessee, and for a time was locomotive engineer on the East Tennessee & Georgia Railroad. Before coming to Youngstown his home was at Meadville, Pennsylvania, where he was a partner in the firm of Dick, Fisk & Company, manufacturers of engines and oil well equipment.

When he came to Youngstown in April, 1867, Mr. Booth bought a small foundry and machine shop. His skill and knowledge made him technically familiar with every detail of the plant, and as a keen judge of men he rapidly selected subordinates and gave the business a reputation for reliable work by no means confined to the immediate locality. As good judgment dictated he expanded the industry, and eventually it was conducted as Lloyd Booth & Company, and afterwards incorporated as the Lloyd Booth Company. Mr. Booth in 1901 sold the plant to the United Engineering & Foundry Company, but died soon after, thus relieving himself of the cares and responsibilities of business and had little opportunity to enjoy the richly deserved leisure he contemplated.

Lloyd Booth was also a director of the Mahoning National Bank and was a thirty-second degree Mason. While his friends admired his business judgment and the ability that had enabled him to achieve a striking success from small beginnings, they also esteemed his keen sense of humor, his companionableness, the zest he took in a good joke. He was also accustomed to the outdoor life, taking great pleasure in hunting and fishing.

At Susquehanna, Pennsylvania, November 18, 1858, he married Nan C. Gilbert. They were the parents of three children, Charles H.; Gilbert B., who died May 5, 1896; and Grace B., who is the wife of John T. Harrington and has one daughter, Florence.

Charles H. Booth, who for many years was actively associated with his father's business and with other important concerns in the Mahoning Valley, was born at Knoxville, Tennessee, January 17, 1861, and has lived in Youngstown since he was six years of age. He attended the public schools, and finished his education with two years in the Western Reserve College at Hudson, Ohio. After college he became his father's bookkeeper and eventually became vice president of the United Engineering and Foundry Company and general manager of the Lloyd Booth Branch at Youngstown. While in recent years he has relaxed somewhat his strenuous business effort, he is still vitally interested in a number of important concerns. He is a vice president and director of the First National Bank, the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, a director of the General Fireproofing Company, the Ohio Leather Company, the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, the Realty Security Company and the Real Estate Securities Company. He contributed materially to the splendid record made by Youngstown during the World war, and in that period was chairman of the Mahoning Chapter of the Red Cross.

June 15, 1887, Charles H. Booth married Harriet Arms, daughter of Myron I. Arms of Youngstown. The two children born to their marriage were Lloyd and Jane Arms.

Lloyd Booth

Lloyd Booth, a grandson of Lloyd Booth the elder, is now president and treasurer of the Falcon Steel Company at Niles, and a director of the Mahoning National Bank of Youngstown and the Second National Bank at Warren. During the war he was a disbursing officer of the aircraft production department. He married Miss Lauretta Thomas, daughter of W. A. Thomas, president of the Brier Hill Steel Company. They have two children, Lloyd and Mary Bentley.

James McMurray, M. D. It was not until he had rounded out forty years of consecutive practice and service in his home community of Hubbard that Doctor Murray gave up the active cares of his profession. He is one of the oldest medical men in the Mahoning Valley, and the people of Hubbard Township especially appreciate his personal abilities, professional skill and his long continued, unselfish devotion to their welfare.

Doctor McMurray, who belongs to an old Ohio family, was born at Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1848. His grandfather, John McMurray, was born in County Derry, Ireland, and on coming to America first located at Winchester, Virginia, and settled in Ohio just before the War of 1812, in which he served as a private. He was a farmer near Seceder Corners in Liberty Township of Trumbull County, and also helped organize the first Presbyterian Church of Youngstown and was one of its first elders. He died at Youngstown December 31, 1871, at the age of eighty-five.

Dr. James McMurray is the son of a physician, Dr. Jesse McMurray, who was born in Liberty Township September 6, 1820. In 1844 he removed across the state line to Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, and he also rendered forty years of professional service before his death in 1887, at the age of sixty-seven. Dr. Jesse McMurray married Cynthia Clark, of Pennsylvania, who died at Sharpsville at the age of eighty-three. Their three children were James and two daughters, one of whom died unmarried, and the other is Florence, widow of Joseph M. Kimble of Sharpsville.

James McMurray spent his boyhood days at Sharpsville, and from the schools of that locality entered the State Normal at Edinboro and pursued his medical course in the Ohio Medical College at Cincinnati, graduating with the class of 1875. He had formed the acquaintance of Doctor McGaughey at Hubbard, and that old-time physician died soon after Doctor McMurray graduated in medicine, and the latter succeeded to his office and residence. He still lives at the old McGaughey home. Through youth and middle age and with seasoned abilities he continued his work in this community, never seeking any outside interests or diversions until 1916, when he withdrew to enjoy a well-earned leisure. He is a member of the Trumbull County Medical Society. Doctor McMurray is a Presbyterian and has never interested himself in politics.

In 1880 he married Margaret Hall, who was born at Pulaski, Pennsylvania, in June, 1843, and as a child was brought to Hubbard and grew up on a farm on the Youngstown Road. Mrs. McMurray represents a family of distinction. Her parents were Isaac Gillespie and Catherine (Campbell) Hall. Her father was born in County Armagh, Ireland, October 9, 1798, and her mother in County Tyrone, February 14, 1809. They were married July 12, 1826, and in 1870 they left their farm and retired to Hubbard, where the father died May 26, 1873, and the mother on December 18, 1890. An uncle of Mrs. McMurray was Leonard Gillespie, who for sixty years was a surgeon in the British Navy, and became physician general of the fleet commanded by the great Admiral Nelson. In 1805 he was advanced to that position, and was on the Admiral's flagship, the Victory. A letter written in 1805 on board that vessel while cruising in the Mediterranean to his sister in Ireland tells lucidly events of the cruise and life on board. He was a special guest at the funeral of the Admiral at St. Paul's, London. Leonard Gillespie died at Paris in 1842, at the age of eighty-four, and his grave in the renowned Pere la Chaise Cemetery is marked by an appropriate monument erected by the British Government. One of Mrs. McMurray's brothers graduated from Westminster College in Pennsylvania, also from Allegheny College, and was long a prominent minister and leader in the Presbyterian Church. His first charge was at Newton Falls in the Mahoning Valley, and from 1876 until 1890 he was pastor at Lima, Ohio, and at one time served as moderator of the Synod of Ohio.

Mrs. McMurray has always been deeply interested in church and its latest activities. Doctor and Mrs. McMurray have one daughter, Sarah Emily, who lives at home and for a number of years has been prominent in the social, literary and patriotic affairs of Hubbard. She is a graduate of the Rayen High School at Youngstown, of Western Reserve University with the class of 1904, and for a time was a teacher in the Hubbard High School. She is president of the Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church, and also president of the Westminster Guild.

Calvin R. Stewart. For a long period of years the community of Hubbard has felt a justifiable pride in the business institution and service conducted and rendered by Calvin R. Stewart as an undertaker. The business is now known as C. R. Stewart & Sons, and comprises also a large and well stocked furniture store. Undertaking has been almost a family profession of the Stewarts. One member of the family in pioneer days was an undertaker by virtue of the fact that he was a cabinet maker, two occupations closely associated in years when the principal office of the undertaker was to furnish a casket, made by hand and to order.

Calvin R. Stewart was born in Hubbard Village July 8, 1855, a son of Lowry A. and Lorena (Clingan) Stewart. His father was born in Vienna Township of Trumbull County, son of David and Mary (Sinclair) Stewart. The grandparents as a young married couple came from Center County, Pennsylvania, about 1818 and settled on land where Vienna and Hubbard townships corner, spending the rest of their days in that locality, where David Stewart died at the age of fifty-six and his wife at seventy-two. The chief owner of their old farm is now Calvin R. Stewart. They were the parents of two sons: Lowry and Robert Sinclair, and three daughters, Rosanna, who died in young womanhood, Mary Jane, who died

unmarried at the age of thirty-five, and Sarah, who died aged seventy-two, the wife of Henderson Boyd, of Liberty Township. Robert Sinclair never married, and spent his life quietly on the home farm, dying at the age of fifty-six.

Lowry Stewart about 1853 married Lorena Clingan at Hubbard. She was a daughter of Jehiel and Maria (Tylee) Clingan. Maria Tylee was a daughter of Hubbard Township's leading pioneer, Samuel Tylee, who was the personal agent for the original purchaser of the lands in Hubbard Township from the Connecticut Land Company. Samuel Tylee and his family reached the township in 1801 and justly claimed distinction as the first settlers. Their cabins stood a little north of the present Corners of the village. Samuel Tylee in many ways was influential in the affairs and development of the country. He was the first justice of the peace in the township, and proved very careful in business and a man of much integrity. He was the principal patron of one of the earliest pioneer schools and he built the first frame house in the township. One of his grandsons was the noted soldier and statesman General Cyrus Bussey. Samuel Tylee was also chiefly instrumental in securing the establishment of the first Masonic Lodge in Trumbull County. He died in 1845. His first wife was Anna Sanford, who was the mother of ten children, and his second wife was Elizabeth Ayers. Lorena Clingan, granddaughter of Samuel Tylee, was born at Hubbard and died in 1856, at the age of twenty-three. Her only child was Calvin R. Stewart. After the death of his wife Lowry Stewart returned to the old farm, and married for his second wife Mary Ann Cowden, of Coitsville. He died in 1882, at the old homestead, at the age of fifty-six, his second wife surviving him. Lowry Stewart was the cabinet maker and pioneer undertaker previously referred to. He had a shop on his farm and made caskets to suit the requirements, usually doing the work after the death of the party to use the casket. By his second marriage he had six children: Ella, Mrs. Charles Malin, of Youngstown; David Cowden, a farmer at Sodom, Liberty Township; Houston E., a farmer and real estate man at Sharon; Emma Jane, who died at the age of twenty-five, the wife of Frank Coller; James, who died at eighteen; and Lillian, who lives at Hubbard, wife of William Wolf, an employe of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company.

Calvin R. Stewart at the death of his mother when he was a year old was taken by his grandmother Stewart and grew up on the old homestead with his grandmother, uncles and aunts. Besides helping in the work of the farm he acquired a liberal education, finishing in the Poland Union Seminary. At the age of eighteen he began teaching, and gave his winters to that vocation for fifteen years. He taught in the local schools of Liberty and Brookfield Townships, and his last year was spent at Hubbard as one of the ten teachers in the graded schools. In the meantime he was in the grocery and hardware business and was postmaster at Brookfield Center for two years. Mr. Stewart moved to Hubbard in 1892, and after one year as a teacher he established his present business and was the first regular undertaker in the town. Four years later he experimented by opening a small stock of furniture, displaying his goods in a small building in his own dooryard. He found the experiment profitable, and the business has grown and steadily developed. In 1917, for its accommodation, he erected a substantial brick block 34x96 feet, two stories in front and three stories in the rear, all now crowded, and the business is such that more space could be used. Mr. Stewart began his business career with only $400 or $500 invested, and went in debt for his first funeral car. At the present time a capital of more than $50,000 is required for the furniture and undertaking business. Besides one assistant he has three sons associated with him, the oldest son being a graduate and professional undertaker. Mr. Stewart still owns a two-thirds interest in the old Stewart homestead, and has platted an eight-acre tract as an allotment to Hubbard, known as the Stewart Plat.

Mr. Stewart has taken an active part in the famous school question in Hubbard, served five years on the Board of Education, and helped make the final settlement between the village and the township and was instrumental in the erection of the present handsome school. He began voting as a republican, and later concentrated his choice upon the prohibition ticket. He is an elder in the Liberty United Presbyterian Church at the place in earlier days known as Seceder Corners, and his grandparents were among the charter members of this church.

In 1882 Mr. Stewart married Ella J. Stewart, of Vienna Township, whose remote ancestors were the same as those of her husband. She died eighteen months after her marriage, and her only daughter died in infancy. In 1885 Mr. Stewart married Ella J. Mitcheltree, of Pulaski, Pennsylvania, and a descendant of that pioneer, Dr. John Mitcheltree, who was the first merchant and the first physician in Hubbard Township, his store being partly in Pennsylvania and partly in Ohio. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Stewart are: Earl S., who was educated in the Rayen High School, has been associated with his father in business since boyhood, and is a licensed embalmer. He is active in the Chamber of Commerce, and by his marriage to Della Hibler has two daughters, Ruth Marie and Bettie Jane. James L., the second son, who is clerk of the Board of Public Affairs, is also a member of the family partnership. He married Ruth Wills. Lawrence M., the third son, like his brother James is a graduate of Westminster College. Besides his business connection he is clerk of the Board of Education at Hubbard. He married Nora Kerr. The three daughters are Neva M., Lorena M. and Mabel H. The oldest child, Ella Grace, died in infancy. Neva is a graduate in music and is musical supervisor of the Hubbard schools. Lorena graduated from Westminster College and is a teacher in Hubbard. Mabel is a student in Westminster College. All the children will have been graduated in Westminster College when Mabel there completes her course.

Samuel Tylee, the first settler of Hubbard Township, has many descendants still living in this part of Ohio. He was agent for Nehemiah Hubbard, the original purchaser of the lands of the township from the Connecticut Land Company.

Samuel Tylee was born at Hartford, Connecticut, in 1766, of old Connecticut ancestry. In 1797 or

1798 he helped survey some of the lands of the Western Reserve for Mr. Hubbard. These lands were divided into 200-acre tracts. In 1801 he brought his family to the wilderness by way of wagons, and at once took an influential part in the development of the community in addition to acting as agent for Hubbard. His first cabin was at a salt spring just west of the present schoolhouse. In 1818 he erected the house still standing, and in which he lived until his death on September 11, 1845. This is the oldest house in the township. The nails were made by a blacksmith. He owned 150 or 160 acres where his first cabin was built, still another tract where the second house was erected, and owned several other farms in different parts of the township. One of these farms, on the Jacobs Road, was given by Hubbard to Mrs. Tylee as a reward for her braving the hardships of the wilderness. Samuel Tylee was one of the early sheep raisers in the early days and introduced the Merino from Vermont. As a justice of the peace he was known as Squire Tylee. He also went back to Connecticut to acquire a charter for the first Masonic Lodge at Warren.

His first wife was Anna Sanford, who died in 1813, and is buried in the old North Cemetery of Hubbard. Her sons to reach mature years were: Samuel, born in 1798 and died in 1875, having spent his life on his father's original farm; Sanford, born in 1803 and died in 1847, who lived on another of his father's farms; and William, who was born in 1807 and went out to Kansas, where he died. The daughters of the family were: Nancy, born in 1794, married Augustus Adams and died in advanced years in Trumbull County; Laura, born in 1795, married William Mitcheltree and died at the age of eighty-two, while her son Samuel Tylee Mitcheltree attained the age of eighty-nine and his wife, Mary Clark, died at the age of eighty-eight, a daughter of this last named couple, Miss Letitia Jane Micheltree, being still a resident of Hubbard and a practical nurse; Mary, who was born in 1800, married a Mr. Gray and died in 1823; Eliza born in 1805, first married Horace Mallery, from Vermont, and her second husband was George Hager, and she died at Hubbard in 1898; Julia, born in 1809, died in 1842; Hannah, born in 1811, lived to the age of ninety-one, and was the wife of Rev. Amos Bussey, a Methodist minister, her son Cyrus achieving great distinction as a general in the Civil war; and Maria, born in 1813, lived to the age of ninety and was the wife of Jehiel Clingan.

Samuel Tylee's second wife was Bettie Ayres. Her daughter Olive, born in 1818, married Jacob Barnheisel, and they went out to California around Cape Horn and spent their lives in the far West. Mrs. Elizabeth Tylee lived to advanced years in Hubbard Township. The family still preserves Samuel Tylee's old Bible, which was printed at Oxford, England, in 1752.

His son Samuel Tylee, who was born in 1798 and died in 1875, retained the old farm except for a few lots he sold, and lived out his life there. He married Harriet Giddings, a cousin of Joshua Giddings, who visited the Tylees when he came to Trumbull County. She was born in 1800 and died in 1854. The children of Samuel Tylee, grandchildren of the pioneer Samuel, were: Samuel, born June 8, 1828; Festus, who as a member of the One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Infantry died in the Atlanta campaign; Lyman, a member of the Nineteenth Ohio Infantry, was killed at Stone River January 2, 1863; Martha married Augustus Dilley and moved out to Kansas; Mary became the wife of Samuel Clark, and died when about seventy years of age in Medina County.

Samuel Tylee, in the third generation of that name in Trumbull County, married Nancy Jackson in 1857. She was born at Coitsville, Mahoning County, October 25, 1830, daughter of John and Jane (Johnson) Jackson. Her father was born in 1800 and died in 1868, and her mother died at the age of seventy-nine. Except for two years in Medina County Samuel Tylee made his home at Hubbard. For many years he was a driller testing for coal, and was employed in that capacity in all the important coal regions. In 1871 he suffered a stroke of paralysis and was an invalid for twenty-seven years, until his death on February 21, 1899. His widow is still living in Hubbard. Her children were: Charles J., born January 16, 1858, principal of the West Side School in Youngstown; Harlan, born May 6, 1860, died May 26, 1886; and Harry, who lives with his mother and is unmarried, was born September 22, 1868, and has devoted most of his years to farming the original tract of the pioneer Samuel Tylee.

Edward W. McClure. The office of mayor of Newton Falls, which he now holds, seems an appropriate honor for a man who has for years been engaged in all the public spirited movements affecting the improvement and development of the region in and around that town. Mr. McClure has spent a large part of his life cultivating the soil and operating farms, but all the time has been working and co-operating with other good men of his community in promoting good roads, better schools and better conditions in general.

Mr. McClure was born 2½ miles south of the village of Newton Falls in Newton Township July 23, 1867, son of Moses and Sarah (Weasner) McClure. His mother was a sister of Robert Weasner of Berlin Center. The grandfather, William McClure, came with his family from Donegal, Ireland, first settling in either Jackson or Poland Township in Mahoning County, and finally moving to Newton Township of Trumbull County, where he died at the age of eighty-four. Edward W. McClure was ten or twelve years old when his grandfather died. Moses McClure was four years of age when brought from Ireland, and as a boy he hoed fields of corn on land now included in the City of Youngstown. He made his first independent home about a mile from his father, and during Civil war times he moved to the place where Edward W. McClure was born. Moses McClure lived there until his death on June 5, 1894, at the age of sixty-two, and is still survived by his widow, who is a resident of Newton Falls. In their family were four sons: Frank P., a Newton Falls lawyer; Edward W.; Albert, a farmer in Braceville Township; Arthur, on the old homestead.

Edward W. McClure lived with his parents until he established a home of his own, was educated in district schools, and for two years operated the home farm. August 13, 1891, he married Nettie Ebert, daughter of W. J. and Harriet (Hoefflinger) Ebert.

Her parents still live on their farm northwest of Newton Falls. Mrs. McClure was born in Warren Township and is a graduate of the Newton Falls High School with the class of 1890.

After his marriage Mr. McClure lived on a farm owned by his father in Braceville Township for three years, then took charge of the homestead a year, and upon the death of his father he bought seventy-eight acres near the old farm. That place he sold twelve years later, and in January, 1907, came to his present home, the land bordering the river and partly within the corporation limits of Newton Falls. He had 52½ acres here, and for about ten years used it for general farming purposes. He sold most of the land to the Newton Falls Steel Company, and it is now platted and being developed for industrial and suburban purposes. At the present time Mr. McClure has completed another home within the city.

For several years he was a township trustee, and was one of the leaders at the beginning of the good roads movement, when $50,000 in bonds were voted for road construction and nine miles of highway built. He was appointed supervisor during the building program and continued for two years longer as road supervisor of the township. He had the satisfaction of seeing 6½ miles of modern highway constructed during his administration, and since then the program has been greatly enlarged. Mr. McClure is a democrat in a republican township. He had served four years as a member of the Newton Falls Council, up to January 1, 1920, when he took over the office of mayor. While in the council the electric lighting system was overhauled and remodeled. Mr. McClure has been a deacon and president of the Church Board of the Christian Church, is a Mason, and has been prominent in the Mahoning Valley Grange, being a member of Pomona Grange and acting twice as delegate to the State Grange. Mr. and Mrs. McClure had one daughter, Edna, who died April 17, 1919. She was the wife of Ira Hawley, of Portage County, and is survived by one son, Robert Leroy, who was born June 2, 1918.

J. W. Humes is the active head of the Newton Falls Real Estate Company, an organization whose records would reveal an interesting story of the rapid growth and development of this Trumbull County town during the past few years. Mr. Humes and his organization have been directly responsible for much of the new industrial enterprise and the general upbuilding of this community.

Mr. Humes was born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, May 6, 1866, and grew up as the son of a farmer and stock dealer. After leaving the farm he attended the Beaver Business College and for several years was engaged in the hotel business at Woodlawn, Pennsylvania. He moved to Newton Falls in 1913, and for two years conducted a restaurant. Then in 1913 he began writing insurance and dealing in real estate. At the beginning he barely paid expenses, but during the years 1917-18 handled more local property than had been sold for twenty years. Many local citizens believed that Newton Falls was retrograding rather than going ahead, and pointed out as evidence the numerous vacant houses. Mr. Humes helped fill up these with tenants and owners, and also worked effectively with the local Board of Trade in bringing to Newton Falls the plant of the Akron Maderite Tire & Rubber Company and was an active member of the committee to secure other industries. He has handled several allotments, and in recent years much of the property in which he has dealt has been his own. For the past three years he has also traded in and sold many farm properties. Altogether his business has far exceeded his expectations. More recently Mr. R. A. Scott has become interested as a partner in his business. They represent many of the standard insurance companies.

Mr. Humes is still on the Board of Trade, is a past master of his Masonic lodge and has also filled chairs in the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Knights of the Maccabees. In 1906, in Pennsylvania, he married Daisy Isabel Ong, and they have one daughter, Rosetta.

Lawrence Frandsen on coming to Youngstown several years ago brought with him a varied and successful experience as a builder and real estate operator, and his work in that line has brought him a most favorable position among the leading realtors of Youngstown.

Mr. Frandsen was born at Sandusky, Ohio, January 2, 1881, a son of Andrew and Eliza (Asmus) Frandsen. His mother was also born at Sandusky, but his father was a native of Denmark and came to the United States at the age of twelve years. For a number of years he did a large business as a building contractor at Sandusky, where he died in 1899, at the age of fifty-two.

Lawrence Frandsen acquired a public school education, also attended the Sandusky Business College, and took up his active career as a builder at the age of nineteen. The first year he built and sold two houses. The following year his business aggregated twenty houses, and the scope of his operations and the capital involved steadily expanded, eventually being merged into a general real estate business.

Mr. Frandsen in 1912 located at Akron, but the following year came to Youngstown. For the first two seasons he was a salesman for the Realty Security Company, but in 1915 engaged in business for himself. He has developed and sold many pieces of property in and around Youngstown and more recently has branched out into the handling of farm property. He now owns four fine farms in Mahoning County.

Mr. Frandsen married in 1906 Cora Lamb, member of one of the old time families of Sandusky. They have four children: Florence, Andrew, Roland and William. Mr. Frandsen is a republican, is affiliated with the Masonic Order at Sandusky, and with his family is a member of the Brown Memorial Church at Youngstown.

Alvin W. Hart, who was long and actively identified with industrial enterprises of broad scope and who has made an admirable record as a man of marked circumspection and ability in business affairs, is now living virtually retired at Newton Falls,

Lawrence Brandon

Mahoning County, where his capitalistic interests are such as to make ample demands upon his time and attention, besides which he is president of the local board of education. He is president of the Savings & Loan Association of Newton Falls, is a director of the First National Bank of Newton Falls, and is a stockholder in the Newton Realty & Construction Company and the Maderite Rubber Company.

Mr. Hart was born on a farm near Minerva, Carroll County, Ohio, December 27, 1859, and is a son of John and Susan (Mathias) Hart. John Hart was born in Fayette County, Pennsylvania, and was a child at the time of the family removal to Carroll County, Ohio, where he became a prosperous farmer and where for a number of years he also did a successful business as a carpenter and contractor. He died in 1915, at the age of eighty-one years, as one of the honored pioneer citizens of Carroll County, and his widow, who celebrated her eighty-first birthday anniversary in 1920, still resides at Minerva, that county. Lewis C., a younger son, resides at Palmyra, Portage County, and is superintendent of the Liberty Clay Products Company.

Alvin W. Hart remained on the home farm until he was twenty-seven years of age, and in the meanwhile he profited by the advantages afforded in the public schools of his native county. He learned the carpenter's trade under the effective direction of his father, and after leaving the farm he was for six years engaged in business as a contractor and builder at Minerva. He then went to Waynesburg, Stark County, and became associated with the Whittaker Fireproofing Company, manufacturers of fireproof clay products. With this company he continued his active alliance eighteen years, and as salesman of its products to the retailers in several states he built up for the company a large and profitable business. Within the period of his connection with this enterprise the business had increased fully tenfold, and in addition to becoming a stockholder of the company Mr. Hart was its vice president for ten years. In the autumn of 1910 he became treasurer and general manager of the Diamond Brick & Tile Company at Palmyra, Portage County, manufacturers of fireproof building products, tiling, etc. In this connection his initiative and administrative ability, reinforced by previous technical experience, came effectively into play, and within the ten years of his association with the business he was a prime factor in furthering its success, about forty men having been employed at the plant. At the expiration of the period mentioned the plant and business were sold to the Liberty Clay Products Company. In the prosperous enterprise Mr. Hart had gained control of more than one-half of the capital stock, and he realized a substantial return when the business was sold for $50,000. It was at this juncture, in 1910, that Mr. Hart established his home at Newton Falls, where he has since lived practically retired and where he is well known for his civic loyalty and progressiveness. During two years he has been a member of the School Board and was made its president on the 1st of January, 1920. Within the period of his service have been perfected the plans and financial reinforcement resulting in the construction of the fine and essentially modern new school building at Newton Falls, the same being so designed as to serve as a general community building, with a large auditorium equipped for public use as well as school purposes. Mr. Hart has been one of the active and influential members of the Newton Falls Board of Trade from the time of its organization, and he takes vital interest in all things touching the social and material welfare of his home community. He is president of the board of trustees of the Christian Church at Newton Falls, as well as president of its Berean class. He is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Masonic fraternity, including the Order of the Eastern Star, in which latter his wife is now treasurer of the chapter at Newton Falls. In Masonry his local affiliation is with Newton Falls Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and he holds membership in the Chapter of Royal Arch Masons at Carrollton, while his chivalric affiliation is with the Commandery of Knights Templar in the City of Canton, Stark County. Early in 1920 Mr. Hart became one of the organizers of the Newton Falls Building & Loan Association, of which he is president, and for six years he was a member of the municipal board of public service. In national affairs he is a republican, but in local politics he is not hedged in by strict partisan lines.

At the age of twenty-four years Mr. Hart was united in marriage to Miss Della Iddings, of Minerva, Stark County, and she died eight years later, the three children of this union being Olive, Elizabeth and Florence. June 30, 1903, recorded the marriage of Mr. Hart to Miss Alice O. Nims, of Dorset, Ashtabula County, and they have one son, Donald Arthur. Of the children of the first marriage Olive became the wife of Arthur J. Derringer, and she died when twenty-two years of age; Elizabeth is the wife of Robert A. Campbell, associated with the Frazer Brick Company of Ginger, Texas; and Florence is the wife of Clyde Gipson, connected with the Liberty Clay Products Company at Diamond, Ohio.

Frank E. Beck, a successful farmer in Warren Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, for the greater part of his life, and latterly a resident of Newton Falls, Trumbull County, to which town he removed from his farm in 1919 so that he might take life less strenuously henceforward, has had life-long association with the Mahoning Valley. Three generations of the Beck family have had residence in Warren Township, and he himself has lived his whole life in Trumbull County. The Beck family, originally from Wurtemberg, Germany, is classed among the early settlers in the Mahoning Valley, and is of good record in Warren Township. Henry Beck, father of Frank E., was an enterprising farmer in that township, owned an extensive acreage, prospering also as a cooper, and eventually retired to the City of Warren, where he died about 1909. Frank E. Beck, who still owns altogether about 107 acres of good farming land in Lordstown Township, has an enviable standing among agriculturists of the section, and since he has taken up residence in Newton Falls he has shown much interest in the public affairs of the latter community. In fact, throughout his busy, productive life he has manifested a commendable public spirit and a fellow-feeling which has drawn him in-

terestedly into co-operation with others in movements of civic or communal interest, and into actions which have stamped him as a reliable, helpful neighbor. He has never striven for public office, his public interest being free from ulterior motives, but he has consented to take the responsibilities of the township trusteeship, and at times has closely associated himself with educational movements of importance.

He was born in Warren Township, Trumbull County, on the old Beck homestead, which is situated about two miles to the southward of Leavittsburg, on May 13, 1862, the son of Henry and Catherine (Clink) Beck, both of whom were born in Germany. Henry Beck was born in Appigen, Wurtemberg, and was thirteen years old when he came with his parents to America, the family then coming to Ohio and settling in Warren Township, Trumbull County. Henry had four brothers, Stephen, Philip, Charles and Jacob, but all are now dead. Four remained near their parents in Ohio for the greater part of their lives, but Stephen early went to Kansas, where he died. They were all men of useful trades, Jacob and Henry being coopers and farmers, and Charles, a wagonmaker. Charles eventually went into Indiana, where he died. He was the youngest of the five brothers, and survived them all, his death not occurring until about two years ago, he being in octogenarian age at that time.

Henry, father of Frank E., married in Warren Township, his wife, like himself, having also crossed the ocean from Germany in childhood. He began independent farming on a forty-acre tract, adding additional acreage as he prospered until ultimately he owned about 200 acres of good farming land. Until about 1878 he had an abundance of timber, and with commendable enterprise operated a cooperage on his farm, making flour barrels, butter firkins and such like articles, his enterprise finding employment for one or two additional men. Eventually he retired from farming and other business and moved into the City of Warren, where he died about 1909, he being then eighty-five years old. His wife was about five or six years his junior, but she also lived until she was eighty-five years old. Earlier in life Henry Beck had been township trustee, and he and his wife were sincere church people, attending the Lutheran Church at Lordstown for many years. They were the parents of twelve children, and succeeded in rearing ten to maturity. The ten children were: Samuel, who went into Indiana, and there died at the age of thirty-one years; Emma, who married Levi Toot, of Warren; Matilda, who now lives in Warren, and is the widow of Austin Packard; Addie, who died in young womanhood; Frank E., of Newton Falls, regarding whose life more is written below; Alfred, who is a carpenter, and lives in Warren; Charles, who is in the real estate business at McKeesport, Pennsylvania; Harmon, who is a machinist at Warren; Clara, who married Edmund Bettiker, a farmer of Warren Township; George, who was in commercial life, an insurance agent, in Cleveland, Ohio, where he died when about thirty years old.

Frank E. was educated in the township schools, and after leaving school took energetically to farming. When he had about reached his majority he and his brother Alfred took over the farming properties of their father, and with their sister Addie as housekeeper conducted the farm as partners for eight or ten years. Frank E. was about thirty years old when he married, and about that time he purchased one of the farms outright from his father, which farm of 107 acres he still owns, and farmed independently for more than twenty-five years. It was in 1892 that Frank E. Beck married Mary Sutton, daughter of William and Susan (Strock) Sutton, her mother being the daughter of George Strock and the first wife of William Sutton, whose second wife was Anna Strock, daughter of Aaron Strock, son of George, and grandson of Joseph Strock, the pioneer settler of that family in the Mahoning Valley. The association of the last-named with the earliest days of development in the Mahoning Valley is the subject of an article specially written for this edition of Ohio history, and further reference will be found in the sketch regarding Warren A. Lawrence, the present county commissioner. Mary Sutton was born in the new house on the Sutton farm in Newton Township on December 18, 1866, and in due course attended the district school, eventually entering the teaching profession, and for seven or eight years taught in the district schools of Trumbull County. She taught in the Beck district school, and so came to know Frank E. Beck, whom she eventually married. Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Beck lived the first nine years of their wedded life in the old Beck homestead in Warren Township, then acquiring the farm formerly owned by her uncle, Moses L. Strock, situated about two miles to the southward of Newton Falls, and adjoining the original George Strock farm now owned and occupied by Warren A. Lawrence. The farm of Moses L. Strock is about eighty acres in extent, and the Becks lived there until 1919, when they decided to move into Newton Falls. Many improvements were made to the old Strock farm by Frank E. Beck, who built a new barn, established a better water system, and installed good lighting and heating plants; and in addition Mr. Beck has laid much tile on that and on his other farm. The Beck farm is about seven miles distant from the Strock farm, and consequently Mr. Beck has for many years rented out the former, but he still gives personal attention to matters of improvements upon both farms.

Politically Mr. Beck is a democrat and in local public affairs has for many years been active. He has been township trustee, and has been an effective worker for better roads. He was a member of the board responsible for the building of the present School and Community Building. Generally he has shown himself to be a reliable, responsible and public-spirited citizen, a worker rather than a talker. Mr. and Mrs. Beck have one child, a daughter, Rilla M., who graduated in 1914 from the high school, and subsequently graduated in Domestic Arts from the Kent State Normal. She lives with her parents.

Edward F. and Frank Klingensmith, proprietors of the Leavittsburg Mills, are progressive men of the present generation of the Klingensmith family, which has been identified with the Mahoning Valley for over eighty years. They are sons of Mr. John Klingensmith, whose long life has been recited at length on other pages.

A flour mill is always an interesting as well as

valuable institution in any community. Historically the earliest development of the water power at Leavittsburg for milling purposes seems to have been carried out by a Mr. Baldwin, of the same family and possibly the same man who was so important a factor in the early industries of Youngstown. The first mill was sold to Baxter and Kirk, who in 1871 disposed of the property to Malachi Powell and a Mr. Tower, of Littsburg. The business was continued by the Powell-Tower Company with Mr. Powell in charge. At that time the dam was considerably higher upstream than at present. Mr. Tower was found dead in his office at Pittsburgh, and his property became involved, the mill being sold by a receiver to Johnson Brothers of Leavittsburg, who owned it when the stone buhr mill was burned about 1889. However, the Johnsons were owners merely, the operation being in the hands of other parties. Malachi Powell, whose interests in the property was absorbed at the death of his old partner, became miller for the Johnsons and thus continued until he died at the age of seventy-five.

It was in 1893 that the Klingensmith brothers bought the power plant, and in 1900 they erected the present fifty-barrel roller mill. They sold the power plant in 1908, and the mill was then removed to its present site on the Erie Railway.

The Leavittsburg mills are chiefly known through their quality brand of flour marketed under the trade mark "White Swan." This flour is in wide demand, and the output is always bought up a long time in advance of manufacture. The mill also operates to full capacity as a feed mill.

Edward F. Klingensmith was born on the Klingensmith farm along the Mahoning River March 11, 1866. Frank Klingensmith, his partner, was born June 11, 1874. Edward Klingensmith learned the milling business by practical apprenticeship and has full charge of the machinery and technical processes, while the sales, deliveries and other outside work are handled by Frank. Edward Klingensmith married in 1894 Minnie Toot, who died October 6, 1919, the mother of two children, Florence and Elmer. Frank Klingensmith married in 1900 Miss Louisa Bates. They have two children, Melvin and Esther. The brothers are active members and Edward is secretary of the Emanuel Lutheran Church at Warren.

Herbert Bate, of Newton Falls, Trumbull County, Ohio, vice president and assistant manager of the Cleveland Cut Flower Company, the greenhouses of which are at Newton Falls, to which they add much in beauty and not a little in business, is an enterprising and public-spirited business man. Since he has resided and conducted business in Newton Falls he has made many friends, and has shown a generous and sincere interest in the affairs of that community.

He is a florist of much experience, is an enthusiastic student of and experimentalist in floriculture, and in his business is contributing to the welfare of Newton Falls, which needs an industry such as he has developed, for the neighborhood is rapidly being converted into a busy manufacturing center, with all the less beauteous adjuncts that seem of necessity to be a part of industrial progress in some lines. The throbbing of rolling mills, the belching of smoke day and night from the stacks of busy furnaces, seem to have nothing in common with the beautiful colors and exquisite fragrance of flowers, but if such beauty and inspiration can be introduced into the dull matter-of-fact life of an industrial center it must have an elevating effect upon that community. Although the majority of the product of the Cleveland Cut Flower Company's greenhouses at Newton Falls is sent to Cleveland, and many other towns in Ohio and Pennsylvania, it must bring some degree of moral good to the home place, and it is a good industry to have. Mr. Bate is giving his time very closely to the development of the business, and has exhibited an expert professional knowledge. He and his brother W. G. Bate have had good success in their enterprise during the seventeen years the Newton Falls plant has been operated, and have shown an appreciative understanding of the finer qualities of human nature, qualities that find expression in a demand for flowers.

Mr. Bate has shown his general interest in the affairs of Newton Falls by taking part in civic responsibilities. For two years he was a member of the village council, and in many other ways he has contributed to the advancement and well-being of the community, in the future of which he appears to have great faith. He has taken his place well among the enterprising, optimistic business men of that community, which is going ahead so rapidly.

He was born in Cleveland, Ohio, and he married Amelia Flick, of that city. They have one child, a son, Roger. Both Mr. and Mrs. Bate enter actively into social, church and communal life of Newton Falls, and are both generally well regarded by those with whom they have become acquainted. Mr. Bate is a member of the Masonic and Independent Order of Odd Fellow lodges, is a life member of the Society of American Florists and a member of the Board of Trade.

John Klingensmith. For nearly eighty years the Klingensmiths have constituted a family of resourceful industry and good character in Trumbull County, and Mr. John Klingensmith, whose home is a mile and a half northwest of Leavittsburg in Warren Township, has himself lived in this section of the Mahoning Valley for seventy-six years. While some of his children have become business men, his own life has been devoted to the industry of the soil.

His present farm is along the banks of the Mahoning River. He was born not very far away, on the line between Warren and Lordstown townships, five miles southwest of Warren, January 7, 1844. His parents were Jacob and Wilhelmina (Greiner) Klingensmith. The grandfather, Samuel Klingensmith, in the early days owned and operated a sawmill on some land called "The Donation" near Greenville, Pennsylvania, and he spent his last days in that community. Jacob Klingensmith was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, May 5, 1817, and died December 31, 1860. In 1843 he married Wilhelmina Greiner, who was born in Wuertemberg, Germany, November 6, 1815. She was a child when her parents, Samuel and Barbara Greiner, came to the United States. The Greiners lived on a tract of forty-nine acres, and that little farm was given by Mrs. Barbara Greiner to her daughter Wilhelmina

and the mother spent her last years with a son, William, at Unity, Ohio. Jacob Klingensmith and wife immediately after their marriage took charge of the Greiner place and developed there a good farm of 126 acres. Jacob Klingensmith died December 31, 1860, and his wife survived him over a quarter of a century, passing away October 2, 1886. They were the parents of six children: Rosana, widow of Louis Failes, at East Palestine; John; Samuel on the old homestead; William, who was a baker at Newton Falls and died in 1915; Louisa, Mrs. Caleb Gepinger, at Newton Falls; and Mary, Mrs. Emanuel Yarian, of New Springfield.

John Klingensmith was sixteen years of age at his father's death, and he immediately did the duty required of him, taking charge of the farm for his mother and working to good purpose in its management. He continued those responsibilities and in June, 1864, before he was twenty-one years of age, married Regina Groh, whose companionship was destined to be his chief source of comfort and inspiration for half a century. Regina Groh had come to this country from Germany four years before her marriage, and made her home with a brother near Greenville, Pennsylvania.

After his marriage John Klingensmith spent seven years on a small farm in Lordstown Township, and in 1872 acquired his present place along the Mahoning River. The John Klingensmith farm contains 130 acres, and its owner has done much to improve its productiveness and has supplied it with a fine group of buildings, including a basement bank barn. He also owns a seventy-seven-acre farm south of Leavittsburg, operated by his son. Mrs. Klingensmith was widely known all over this country district as a butter marker without peer. She supplied a large list of private customers, and some of them had been her regular patrons for over thirty years. Mrs. Klingensmith died in November, 1914. In the previous June they had celebrated their golden wedding anniversary, and of the many guests on hand to felicitate the couple two had been present at their marriage fifty years before, one being Mr. Klingensmith's sister Rosana, while the other was the bridesmaid, Mrs. Leah (Busch) Powley, of Greenville, Pennsylvania. Mr. John Klingensmith and family are all members of the Warren Lutheran Church. The old St. John's Church of that denomination was organized in 1849, his parents being among the charter members. That church building stands on part of the old Klingensmith farm. Its first pastor was Rev. Mr. Becker, who served the community untiringly for fifty years, until he was superannuated. John Klingensmith and wife reared a large family, and were able to do a good part by each one of them in getting started in the world. A brief record of the children is as follows: Edward A.; Minnie S., wife of E. E. Williams, living on an adjoining farm; Henry, who is a farmer near Leavittsburg; Samuel, a mill operator at Newton Falls; Frank J., in the milling business at Leavittsburg; William D., who operates the homestead; Anna, Mrs. William Blott, of Weathersfield Township; and Nettie Ellen, wife of Leonard Bacher, whose home is south of Leavittsburg.

William D. Klingensmith, who has spent all his life on his father's farm, was born there May 25, 1874. Besides general farming he has established the nucleus of a fine herd of pure bred Guernsey cattle, and is making that an important feature of his business. He is a member of the township school board and otherwise interested in community affairs. May 5, 1908, he married Alberta Yarian, a daughter of Hiram Yarian, and a niece of Emanuel Yarian, mentioned in preceding paragraphs. William D. Klingensmith and wife have three children, Alvin and Alta, twins, and Clarence.

William H. Kilcawley, secretary of the Standard Slag Company, is one of the representative men of his line at Youngstown, and very active in the company he assisted in organizing. He was born at Painesville, Ohio, on May 10, 1879, a son of Thomas and Joanna (Brown) Kilcawley, the former of whom is now deceased.

Growing up in his native city, William E. Kilcawley received his educational training in the grammar and high schools there and in a business college at Cleveland, Ohio. Having thus thoroughly grounded himself in the fundamental essentials, he began his career in business life as a clerk in a store, but after a short experience became timekeeper for the Fairport Warehouse & Elevator Company of Painesville, Ohio. Succeeding this he became timekeeper and bookkeeper for the T. M. Campbell Construction Company, and continued with it until 1906, when he became bookkeeper for the France Stone Company at Bloomville, rising to be office manager of the company, and still later was made its general manager. In 1914 Mr. Kilcawley assisted in organizing the Standard Slag Company, of which he was elected secretary and treasurer, and since 1916 he has been a resident of Youngstown. This company is one of the prime factors in this industry at Youngstown. Mr. Kilcawley is president of the Virginia Slag Corporation of Clifton Forge, Virginia, secretary and treasurer of the Seiple-Wolfe Construction Company of Youngstown, Ohio, and secretary and treasurer of the Smith Construction Company, also of Youngstown, Ohio. Mr. Kilcawley has more than borne his part in establishing his concern in its present position.

In September, 1907, he was united in marriage with Miss Mattie W. Martin, of Bloomville. Mr. and Mrs. Kilcawley have one daughter, Anna. In his social connections Mr. Kilcawley maintains membership with the Youngstown Club. While his business duties keep him well occupied, he still finds time to be interested in those movements which have for their object the boosting of Youngstown and the expansion of its industrial life, and is recognized as a potent influence in his community.

Harry B. Johnson, a merchant at Leavittsburg, and a trustee of his home township, is member of an old and prominent family of the Mahoning Valley.

His mother's maiden name was Eleanor Isabel Burnett. The Burnetts were not only early comers but were long of substantial resources and fine character in old Trumbull County. Samuel and Isabel (Mathews) Burnett established their home on a farm at Mineral Ridge in Trumbull County, subsequently moving to the vicinity of Newton Falls, where she died in middle life, and where Samuel Burnett

W. H. Kilcawley

passed away in old age. Their son James was born at Kent, Ohio, September 11, 1820, and married Elizabeth Lightburn, a daughter of Joseph and Eleanor (Kyle) Lightburn of Austintown Township. The father of Eleanor Kyle was Joshua Kyle, whose vocation was that of a farmer and whose ownership extended to some 900 acres, most of which is now included in the beautiful Mill Creek Park of Youngstown. Another daughter of Joseph and Eleanor Lightburn was Lavina, who married Luther Mathews, of Braceville Township, and whose son Lutie now resides in Warren. In 1873 James Burnett bought a 200-acre farm near Leavittsburg. His daughter Lavina Catherine married Sebeski Elwell, and they remained on the old home in Braceville Township. Mr. Elwell and his wife died during the same week in 1910. James Burnett died at the age of seventy-nine, his widow surviving him six years into her eighty-fourth year.

Eleanor Isabel Burnett was born November 20, 1847, and was married in 1879 to Reuben Johnson. They have two sons, James Victor and Harry B., both now partners in the mercantile business at Leavittsburg. The old Burnett farm near Leavittsburg has undergone a number of changes during the last fifteen or twenty years. Much of the land has been sold, and the old farm buildings were burned. Mrs. Isabel Johnson still retains a part of the land, and she and her son James Victor live together, while Harry B. Johnson has a neat home nearby.

Harry B. Johnson was born at Leavittsburg, April 30, 1881, and for several years he and his brother operated a dairy on the homestead. With the loss of the buildings, they turned their enterprise in another direction, and in November, 1917, opened a stock of groceries at Leavittsburg, where they have had a steadily increasing patronage and enlargement of their capital resources.

Harry B. Johnson married in 1914 Cora Pearson, of Kent, Ohio. They have three young children, Mary Jane, Aileen and Robert Burnett. Harry Johnson is now serving his third term as trustee of the township, and officially and as a private citizen has been instrumental in promoting the building of good roads and other measures of economic and social advantage to the community. He is a republican, has served as central committeeman, and practically ever since reaching his majority has been a member of the local election board. He is one of the live and progressive men of the community and is a Knight Templar Mason.

Frank A. Roberts has been one of the active business men of the Kinsman locality for over twenty years. He started with an exceedingly modest capital, a mechanical trade being his chief asset, and has seen his affairs prosper and has always endeavored to make his individual influence count in the welfare of the community. He is also a trustee of Kinsman Township.

Mr. Roberts' place of business is at Farmdale Post Office, which is the name of the railway station for the old Kinsman community, being a mile and a half from Kinsman Village. Mr. Roberts in 1899 established a blacksmith and wagon shop there and in 1903 bought the hardware store of D. T. Root, who had been in business for about ten years. Three years later Mr. Roberts moved to his present location, the site of his old blacksmith shop, and has enlarged his property and adapted it to a steadily increasing stock. His original merchandise had a value of about $3,000, while he now carries about $20,000 in hardware and kindred goods. The first year his business amounted to about $5,000, and it has steadily grown to a volume of about $30,000. Mr. Roberts on January 1, 1920, established the F. A. Roberts & Company, his partner being Mr. Walter C. Jewell.

Mr. Roberts possessed only $150 when he identified himself with the Kinsman locality at the age of twenty-one. For fourteen years he served a practical apprenticeship under his father at the horseshoeing trade. His father was the late Lorenzo W. Roberts, who was a farmer but also had a blacksmith shop on his farm. Lorenzo Roberts came to the Kinsman locality during the '50s, was born in 1833 and died at the old home farm in 1905. He was the father of five children: James W., who is common pleas judge at Jefferson, Ohio; Harriet, who lives at Kinsman; Frank A.; Perry M., a carpenter at Geneva, Ohio; and Arba L., a blacksmith at Kinsman.

Frank A. Roberts was born August 24, 1867, and for four years lived with his parents in Pennsylvania. Mr. Roberts is a stanch advocate of good roads, and when he was elected township trustee it was as an avowed advocate of such improvements. The township issued bonds to the value of $90,000 to provide modern highways, and some opposition developing, Mr. Roberts several years later was chosen for a second time as trustee, largely as a majority approval of the policies he stood for. As a young man he also served as constable and is a republican in politics. He is affiliated with the Masonic Order at Kinsman and served as a trustee of the Masonic Building, the Masonic quarters being on the second floor of a brick block in Kinsman Village. He has filled all the chairs in the Blue Lodge and has been a delegate to the Grand Lodge. He is also a Royal Arch Mason, and a chapter of that order has recently been organized at Kinsman. At the age of thirty Mr. Roberts married Martha Brockway, of Pennsylvania.

Addison E. Butts. While most of his life has been spent in the agricultural activities in the region around Newton Falls, where the family have lived for several generations, Addison E. Butts in later years has made his home in Newton Falls, and has found a number of active interests to occupy his time there.

He was born at Lordstown in Trumbull County, August 2, 1851, son of J. R. and Susan (Hoffman) Butts. The farm where Mr. Butts carried on agricultural operations is a mile north of Newton Falls, and he still owns the property. He grew up on it from boyhood, and from that home attended the local schools. Mr. Butts is a director of the banks of Newton Falls, and for several terms has served as a member of the Board of Education and as township trustee.

November 25, 1875, he married Edna Porter, daughter of Dr. James F. Porter, whose individual story appears on other pages. Mrs. Butts was born December 29, 1848, and died May 4, 1919. Mr.

Butts now makes his home in the fine residence of Doctor Porter at Newton Falls. He is the father of four daughters: Ethel Porter; Alice Minerva, who has been a teacher in the local schools for twenty years; Lillian Edna; and Althea Elizabeth, wife of Lewis B. Root, of Newton Falls. Mr. and Mrs. Root have one son, Norman Porter Root, who was born in 1917.

James F. Porter, M. D. The community of Newton Falls has many interesting and grateful memories associated with the late Dr. James F. Porter, who practiced medicine there for many years, and had other interests and associations that brought him into close co-operation with the leading men of the village.

Doctor Porter was born at Fallfield, near Meadville, Pennsylvania, February 1, 1813. His father, Francis Porter, was born in County Donegal, Ireland, in 1769, and as a youth learned the trade of saddler. In 1791 he came to America, married Ruth Cook in Philadelphia in 1803, and in the same year walked across the country to Crawford County, Pennsylvania, where he bought some wild land on the Little Sandy. The same fall he and his wife rode horseback to take possession of their new home in the wilderness. Francis Porter in the War of 1812 served as a lieutenant with the American forces at Erie. His business interests were chiefly as a stock drover, and in the early days before the building of railways he took many herds of cattle, horses and sheep over the mountains to eastern markets. He died in 1860, when past ninety years of age. When his oldest daughter died the average age of his seven children was nearly eighty.

A prominent character of this family in Ohio was William Porter, a brother of James F. In 1827 he took the management of a store at Youngstown for a Mr. Hezlip, who owned several such establishments. William Porter made a number of trips over the mountains to Philadelphia and New York to buy goods. Later he became a lawyer, and in 1838 was chosen an associate judge of Mahoning County, filling that office until 1846. A democrat, he was a delegate to the Baltimore convention that nominated Van Buren, and later to the national convention that put Buchanan at the head of the ticket in 1856. During the war he became what was known as a war democrat, and was called to Washington to advise as to appointments of postmasters and United States marshals. He voted for Lincoln in 1864, and ever afterward continued an ardent republican. In 1896 he was carried to the polls in order to cast his vote for McKinley. William Porter was appointed postmaster at Milton in 1851. This village was later called Pricetown. He died at Bristol, Ohio. He married in 1832 Ann Smith, who died March 25, 1885.

Dr. James F. Porter began his studies with the idea of entering the ministry, but after joining his brother William in Ohio he took up the study of medicine with Doctor Bronson. He began his practice at Southington, and many times he recalled for the entertainment of his family and friends his first case, which was an attack of itch. He moved to North Jackson, where he lived until 1850, and then came to Newton Falls, where he was associated with Dr. Bronson. He also secured a farm a short distance away, but maintained an office in the village. He carried the arduous burdens of a country doctor for many years, and having satisfied his modest ambition for a competence, he sought to relieve himself of his profession. About that time he bought the Newton Falls Mills, including his home, now occupied by his son-in-law A. E. Butts. He put his sons in charge of the mills and eventually they became the sole property of his son Hiram, who sold the plant and the power to the Hydro-Electric Company. But Doctor Porter never escaped altogether from the cares of a physician. He was constantly being called into consultation by other doctors, and he was an intimate and cordial friend of such other local citizens as Doctor Rice, Barney Allen, William Reed, Andy Scott and many others. At one time Barney Allen called Doctor Porter for professional service, and remarked: "Bill Green has a new hearse and three or four of us old chaps are in a race to see which will get the first ride." However, Allen did not secure that honor, living several years longer. When he died according to his request a band led the funeral and free transportation was given to all who cared to attend. When Doctor Porter attended Allen a second time he admonished his patient to arrange his affairs, and with a humorous banter that was characteristic of him Allen said that he had already planted a monument in the mill pond by setting out a number of water lilies brought from Garrettsville. These lilies still abound in the old mill pond, and old friends sometimes refer to them as Barney Allen's monument.

A long and useful life was vouchsafed to Doctor Porter, who lived past his ninety-first birthday, dying May 6, 1904. He had served as postmaster of Jackson in 1840, and Governor Foraker gave him a commission as a notary public. By his first marriage his children were: Colwell, who was a Union soldier and was killed in service at Cynthania, Kentucky; Elizabeth, who died in young womanhood; Hiram, owner of the old mill property, as above noted, and who died at Newton Falls; Edna, who was the wife of A. E. Butts of Newton Falls; William, twin brother of Edna, who died at the age of thirty; and Charles, who died at the age of eighteen. Doctor Porter married for his second wife Lucy Austin Potter, who survived him several years.

Mrs. Lucy Diana Early, widow of Andrew Early, who lived a worthy life of industrious effort and useful public endeavor and was one of the leading residents of Coitsville Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, is a well preserved woman, mentally lucid and physically strong, bearing in mind her venerable age, ninety-five years. She was married seventy-eight years ago, December 15, 1842, has been a widow for thirty-nine years, since February 7, 1881, and has lived practically her whole life within a radius of ten miles of her present home on Early Road in Coitsville Township, east of Youngstown, that road having been named in honor of her husband. Mrs. Early is an entertaining conversationalist, engaging in her manner and very interesting when in reminiscent mood, for her recollection goes back clearly to the pioneer days within the county.

She was born at Hubbard, within six miles of her present home, January 23, 1825, the daughter of

Smith and Sarah (Huff) Burnett, her ancestry in both paternal and maternal lineage connecting with colonial America. The Burnett family has been resident in America since 1660, when three brothers of the name crossed from Wales and settled in New Jersey. The great-grandson of the progenitor in America of the line to which Mrs. Lucy Diana (Burnett) Early belongs was Edmund, grandfather of Mrs. Early. He was born January 1, 1755, in Sussex County, New Jersey, and is of honorable record as a soldier on the American side during the Revolutionary war. He married Sarah Smith, and in civilian life was a blacksmith. About the year 1800 he settled on Braddocks Fields, near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. In the following year he came into Ohio and acquired a large tract of wild land in the Western Reserve. His tract was located in Hubbard Township, Trumbull County, and there for the remainder of his life he applied himself resolutely to pioneering work, his family of ten children having been reared during the greater part of their childhood under the rigorous conditions which surrounded the average pioneer family. Of the ten children of Edmund and Sarah (Smith) Burnett, Smith Burnett was the sixth born.

Smith Burnett was born December 28, 1793, and died December 19, 1846. He married Sarah Huff, who came of another old American family, of German antecedents. She was born in Virginia, October 11, 1796, and died September 6, 1872. They became the parents of twelve children, all of whom reached maturity and two of whom are still living; Lucy Diana, widow of Andrew Early, and Louisa, who married Charles Fowler, of Girard, Trumbull County, Ohio. Smith Burnett was a man of good reputation and of much influence in his community. For eleven years he was a justice of the peace, and was much respected for his judicial impartiality and integrity. He took much interest in the affairs of his district, and during the greater part of his life affiliated with the democratic party in politics. He was a good farmer, industrious and thorough. He has the distinction of having owned the first threshing machine operated in the district, using four horses and a straw piler, which had to be cleared by hand. During his early days of farming he had only hand scythes for the cutting of grain and mowing of hay. Many other interesting reminiscences of pioneer life and conditions in her youth are often told to her friends by Mrs. Early.

Andrew Early was born May 22, 1819, on the farm his widow still occupies, and in a dwelling only a few rods from the present family residence in Coitsville Township. His parents were Thomas and Jane (Breaden) Early, the former a weaver by trade and reputed to have been a skilled workman. Thomas Early was born in Ireland in 1779 and early in life came to this country with his wife and two children. He must have been industrious, for he owned several hundred acres of land in Coitsville Township, and kept adding to his acreage until he owned more than a mile of land. When his sons grew to manhood he was therefore able to give each a farm of substantial extent. His children were: Margaret, who married James Mackey and lived near Youngstown, Ohio; James, who died on the passage to America and was buried at sea; Thomas, who lived near Alliance, Ohio; William, who died at the age of sixteen; Elizabeth, who married David Bailey; Ann, who married John McMurran; John, who removed to near Winterset, Madison County, Iowa; Jane, who married George Gray; Minerva, who married John Milligan; Maria, who became the second wife of John Milligan; Jeremiah, who went to California but eventually returned and died June 30, 1870, at the home of his brother Andrew, who was the youngest of the family. Thomas Early died February 26, 1854, at the age of seventy-five years, Jane, his wife, having preceded him in death, dying October 28, 1838.

Andrew Early remained at home with his parents until he was twenty-two years old, and he then married Lucy Diana Burnett. He had been of material assistance to his father in the operation of the home farm from the time he had left school until he was more than twenty-two years old. At the time of his marriage his father gave him 100 acres, including the present home farm of Mrs. Early. At first they lived in a log house on the property, that somewhat primitive dwelling continuing as their home for about five or six years, by which time the husband was able to build the substantial and commodious house in which they afterward lived. Andrew Early in connection with his brother John was an extensive cattle dealer. He drove stock to Pittsburgh, and the partnership proved effective, the brother John spending his time in the neighborhood buying up stock, which Andrew would drive to Pittsburgh and there find a good market. He was well known in that section of Ohio, and in fact all the way to Pittsburgh, and had the confidence of farmers and cattle raisers and was known to be honest and reliable. Later in life he devoted his time mainly to the operation of his land, and was considered the leading agriculturist in the township; in fact, his farm assessment was the highest in the township.

He was an enterprising and public-spirited man, generous in his support of township affairs and an effective public worker. The laying of Early Road was brought from inception to successful completion mainly through his personal efforts and interest. The road passes through his property, and with commendable public spirit he donated the land necessary, his sisters also following his example in respect to adjoining and necessary land they owned. But before the road could be carried through it was essential to acquire right of way through the farm of a neighbor, who was obdurate and somewhat extortionate. Andrew Early personally bought out of his own resources the required tract, paying for it in gold. His widow had the honor of being the first to ride over Early Road when it was paved with brick, in 1915. Andrew Early was a staunch democrat, and was wont to give definite and emphatic expression to his opinions regarding political questions. He was a man of broad mind, was well read and generally well posted on matters of public interest. He was, however, essentially a man of domesticity. He loved his home circle, and throughout his life was a man of much influence in the community. Mr. and Mrs. Early were members of the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown, and throughout her life of seventy-eight years in Coitsville Township Mrs. Early has taken interested part, and in earlier years an active part, in church and social affairs. She, however, has

not taken kindly to the suffrage movement of recent years. Her life has been usefully lived in her own home, among her own friends, and in helpful work in her own community, and she has been content to leave matters of national politics and such like matters to her capable husband, who was better able to bear the brunt of political campaigning. Mr. and Mrs. Early became the parents of eight children, who in order of birth were: James A., who was an extensive dealer in live stock, his death occurring only a few years after that of his father. He married Jennie Hull, and died in Tennessee, October 17, 1884, and his wife is also now deceased. Their daughter, Maud A., is now the wife of Dr. M. A. Gochnour, chiropractor, of Portland, Oregon. Sarah E., the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Early, married Isaiah Dustman, of Akron, Ohio. Alice M. married Thomas Greer, of New Castle, Pennsylvania, and her death occurred on the 20th of June, 1908. Lucy Ann married Edwin Froggett, who was superintendent of the Youngstown furnaces for many years, but eventually retired to the Early farm in Coitsville Township, where they have since lived. They have no children. Florence Jane married Frank L. Decker, who now operates part of the old Early farm in Coitsville Township, and he has taken some part in the public affairs of the township, having served as superintendent of highways. Smith B., who lives in Youngstown, is a responsible county official, serving as road inspector for the county surveyor. He married Jennie Fellows, and they have two children, daughters, Blanche E. and Helen C. Louisa C. died in infancy. Addie B. is at home with her mother. For many years, however, she was in commercial life, having as bookkeeper been connected with many coal companies in Youngstown and Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Early has lived far beyond the life-span of the majority of the friends of her youth, but she has a host of friends of the next generation, who revere her for her many good qualities.

Carl G. Ohlson. While he is one of the more recent acquisitions of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, Carl G. Ohlson, superintendent of the roll turning department of this great plant, has demonstrated his ability and efficiency, as well as his great capacity for continued industry and his capability in the handling of men. He is a contribution to this country from Sweden, in which country he was born November 22, 1879, a son of Carl A. and Lina (Van Norstrand) Ohlson.

When Carl G. Ohlson was about six years of age his father, who had been a dry goods merchant at Norrkoping, died, and the lad completed his scholastic training at the Royal Technical School at Stockholm, where he specialized in mechanical engineering. In 1902 he came to the United States, only intending to make a visit, but opportunities opening up before him led him to take out his naturalization papers and become a full-fledged American citizen. On first coming to this country he found employment in the engineering department of the Bethlehem Steel Company at South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, and there worked under such men as Frederick Taylor, Carl G. Barth and Owen Leibert, all of whom have since attained distinction in the steel industry. He later was employed in a similar capacity under Julian Kennedy at Pittsburgh, and following this worked consecutively in the Homestead mills and the blooming mill and rail mill of the Pennsylvania Steel Company. He was next made chief draftsman in the construction of a blooming mill for the Harrisburg Pipe Bending Company at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and from that position went to Joliet, Illinois, as roll turner in the employ of the Illinois Steel Company, and was employed by this corporation at Joliet and South Chicago, Illinois, and Gary, Indiana. At Joliet he became assistant superintendent of the roll department. In November, 1915, he came to Youngstown, Ohio, to fill his present position as superintendent of the roll turning department, the duties of which he has since ably discharged. Mr. Ohlson is a Presbyterian in religion and a republican in his political allegiance.

On June 12, 1906, Mr. Ohlson was married to Miss Maude Curran Barlsy, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of two children: Dorothy Lina and Mary Elizabeth.

Austin Kirk Kimmel, who began his career as a tinner's apprentice, is known as a vigorous and enterprising business man who has seldom rested along the road of progress, and for the past ten years he has been president and chief owner of the Youngstown Furnace Company.

He is a product of the Mahoning Valley, and his people were pioneers in this section of Ohio. He was born at Coitsville, Mahoning County, Dec. 23, 1862, son of William and Jane (Kirk) Kimmel. William Kimmel was born on Struthers Hill, then a part of the farm belonging to his father, Tobias Kimmel, who was also born in this section of Ohio. In later years Tobias Kimmel lived in Struthers. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church. William Kimmel, who died in 1891, at the age of sixty-six, was a blacksmith and learned his trade in a shop on the hillside near the old cemetery on Wick Avenue. For a number of years he was employed in the Heimrod furnaces in the Mahoning Valley. Both he and his wife were active Methodists. Jane (Kirk) Kimmel, who survived her husband about ten years and died at the age of sixty-six, was a daughter of Rayen Kirk, of another pioneer family of the Mahoning Valley. The Rayen Kirk farm was just south of Hubbard about a mile.

Austin Kirk Kimmel received his early education in the grammar and high schools of Hubbard. A recent issue of the American Artisan and Hardware devotes a page to the career of Mr. Kimmel and emphasizes the fact that he is a product and graduate of the great school and university of traveling salesmenship, and has always been a practical man, learning his lessons by experience and always willing to profit from these lessons even at a loss to himself. In the words of this article "His life forms an instructive example to younger men who are still under the thrall of academic theories of business. It proves that there is no royal road to knowledge, but that the path to success can be straightened out at many a crooked bend by taking advantage of the experience of others. At the age of nineteen years,"

continues the article, "he entered the shop of H. W. Hescock at Hubbard for the purpose of learning the tinner's trade. During the three years which he spent in the shop, namely from 1881 to 1884, he applied himself with great energy and attention to the study of every detail of the tinsmith's craft. The result was that he picked up more knowledge in that comparatively brief time than the average mechanic acquires in twice the number of years. In 1884 he went to Kansas City for Zehner and Bartel Company of that city. After six years he returned to Hubbard and again became connected with H. W. Hescock & Company, with which firm he remained for three years.

"Until 1904 he served as traveling representative of the Perfection Furnace Company of Toledo, and the Auer Furnace Company of Cleveland. In 1904 he became associated with the Youngstown Furnace and Supply Company of Youngstown. In 1909 he bought out that firm and changed its name to the Youngstown Furnace Company, assuming the position of president." First as a traveling salesman and for the past ten years as chief executive, Mr. Kimmel has been a leading factor in the growth and upbuilding of this industry. The furnaces manufactured by his company have been installed to the number of 7,000 in Youngstown alone. The product is also shipped as far west as Denver and as far south as Birmingham.

Mr. Kimmel is a thirty-second degree Mason and Shriner, and his family are members of the Grace English Lutheran Church. In 1886 he married Jane L. Shelling, of Wheatland, Pennsylvania. They have two children: Bessie, wife of Clinton Porter, an electrician at the Republic plant; and J. C., who was given that brief initialed name, so his father explains, because the family was too poor to afford a larger and longer cognomen. J. C. Kimmel was secretary and treasurer of the Youngstown Furnace Company until entering the army. He saw twenty-two months of service, thirteen months overseas, and for a time was a military police at LeMans, France.

Henry R. Moore, who died August 8, 1919, was one of the responsible executive officials of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and was an Ohio business man whose service and personal character won him a host of admiring friends.

He was born at Warrensville, Ohio, in 1856, and had a high school education. In the busy years that followed he was a constant reader and was distinguished for his sound intellectual traits. His first employment was as office boy for John D. Rockefeller at Cleveland. He left the service of the great oil king to take a position paying more, and in 1872 began railroading. For several years he was clerk and contracting agent for the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway. From January, 1890, to July, 1899, he was general freight agent for the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railway.

At the time of his death Mr. Moore was traffic manager of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and had recently rounded out twenty years of consecutive service in that responsible position. He married Miss Harriet Burnham.

Mr. Moore is remembered as a man who was welcomed to the friendship and society of all classes. He was modest and quiet, but was a pleasant companion, and had in a high degree the faculty of making and retaining friends.

Albert W. Law. One of the ambitious young men of Youngstown who has participated in its growth during recent years, and who is destined to become one of the leading men in his line, is Albert W. Law, president of the Albert Law Iron & Monumental Company, and owner of all of its stock. He was born at Berlin, Germany, in 1879, a son of Frederick and Emma Law, both of whom died in Germany.

In 1900 Albert W. Law came to the United States, landing in New York City, where he remained for a short time and then went to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, taking a position as a mechanic with a concern which manufactured chandeliers. A year later he went to St. Paul, Minnesota, and worked for the Hersog Iron Company, first as a mechanic and later as foreman, having charge of 200 men. Here he remained for 2½ years, leaving St. Paul for Milwaukee, Wisconsin, to become superintendent of the A. F. Wagner Iron Company, holding that position for 2½ years. Mr. Law then came to Youngstown, Ohio, having in view the idea of founding a business of his own, and while he was making the preliminary investigations he took the position of superintendent of the Youngstown Wire & Iron Company, and held it for a year. Then, although he had but a small capital, he formed a partnership with William C. Hogan and ventured the establishing of a blacksmithing business, and two years later bought out his associate and continued alone for a year. He then incorporated the Albert Law Iron & Monumental Company, with a capital stock of $350,000, of which he was elected president. From the start he controlled the stock and at the termination of seven years bought in the entire outstanding stock, so that he is now the sole owner.

Possessing as he does financial ability of a very high order and a convincing manner, Mr. Law was able to interest all of the banks and the leading men of Youngstown in his project, which of itself is a sound testimonial to his high character and capabilities. His remarkable success has justified the confidence displayed in him by those who backed his undertaking, and they are watching his progress with much interest.

In 1912 Mr. Law was united in marriage with Miss Ella Rodland, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and they have three children, namely: Laveena, Margaret and Albert, Jr. Mr. Law belongs to Elwood City Lodge No. 599, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He is a supporter of the Lutheran Church.

In his business Mr. Law employs upward of seventy-five men making structural and monumental steel, and has furnished this material for practically all of the Youngstown school buildings, the city hospital, the Tod House and similar buildings. Energetic and forceful, he possesses a broad vision and also the practical experience which enables him to carry out his plans, no matter how much effort is involved. During all of the time he has been at Youngstown he has taken a deep interest in the city's advancement, and has never failed to do his part in the work of civic betterment. It is such men as

Mr. Law who prove the wisdom of our legislators in encouraging the better element of every country to immigrate here and to find expression, under our better laws, for their individuality. It would be difficult to find a better citizen or more highly respected man in Youngstown than this hard worker, enthusiastic booster and fine business developer.

ALEXANDER W. BEARD. The Beard family is an old and prominent one in Mahoning County, and for many years its activities have been chiefly associated with farming, livestock and dairying. At one time Alexander W. Beard was head of the organization chiefly responsible for milk production in and around Youngstown. He is a practical dairyman, having begun in a small way, and had the organizing ability that enabled him to handle and successfully supervise the work of many individual producers.

Mr. Beard, who is now practically retired from the dairy and creamery business, was born in Beaver Township of Mahoning County January 19, 1876, a son of George and Caroline (Neff) Beard.

The late George Sylvanus Beard, who died at Youngstown on January 18, 1919, was born in Beaver Township April 21, 1846, son of Jacob and Sophia (Leitsey) Beard. The Beards came to this country from near the Swiss border in Germany, and have lived in Mahoning County for fully a century. George S. Beard grew up on the old homestead, and farming and stock raising became his regular occupation. For a number of years he divided his attention between horses, cattle and sheep, and later became associated with his sons in the creamery business. He was a democrat in politics and a member of the Lutheran Church. He married in 1868 Caroline Neff, who was born in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, daughter of Martin and Catherine (Wilson) Neff. George Sylvanus Beard and wife had two sons, Burton A. and Alexander W., the latter now occupying the home farm.

Alexander W. Beard attended school in Canfield and later the Lutheran School in Greenville, Pennsylvania, and at the age of twenty, with $500 of borrowed capital, started a dairy business. His day's work began at 2 o'clock in the morning and after milking his cows he carried the product to Youngstown, ten miles away. The roads were so bad that six horses were needed to draw the wagon. Mr. Beard gradually engaged in the creamery industry, and at one time operated as many as eight creameries in Mahoning and Trumbull counties, these creameries being patronized by 500 farmers. Mr. Beard also organized the Youngstown Sanitary Milk Company on Market Street. In 1916 he organized the Puritan Ice Cream Company and served as its president and manager, and later was sole owner until he sold the establishment. Mr. Beard owns 1,000 acres of land in Beaver Township and is extensively interested in a cattle ranch in the Big Horn Valley, Wyoming, where the specialty is thoroughbred White Face or Hereford cattle. Mr. Beard has also built a number of houses in Youngstown, including the Caroline Apartment, named for his mother.

MARTIN A. RAUSCH. The welding of metals is one of the mechanic arts that has undergone the greatest improvement and development in recent years until it has now attained almost a state of perfection. The art can be seen at its best in the plant of the Youngstown Welding Company, one of the founders of which was Martin A. Rausch. Mr. Rausch during the past twenty years has gained an experience in every phase of the welding art, and was a widely known expert before he came to Youngstown.

He was born in Germany in 1876, but has lived in this country since he was three years of age. His parents, Christian and Catherine (Frommer) Rausch, brought their family to America and are now living at Deposit, a town not far from Binghamton, New York. Christian Rausch for many years worked as a blacksmith.

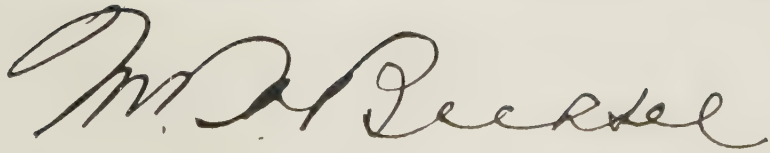
Martin A. Rausch grew up at Eaton, Pennsylvania, where he attended school to the age of sixteen and then began an apprenticeship as a boiler maker in the shops of the Lehigh Railway. After nine years at Eaton he was sent to Elizabeth, where he was employed in the shops one year, and next located at Collinwood, near Cleveland, and from there went to Moline, Illinois, and had charge of the shops of the Rock Island Railroad. While at Moline he attracted much attention for his expert knowledge of welding and began specializing in that art. His duties with the Rock Island road required his traveling over seventeen states of the Union.

After leaving the Rock Island he became president and manager of the Great Lakes Welding Company at Cleveland, and from there in 1913 came to Youngstown and formed a partnership with Walter McKay, who a few months previously had started the Youngstown Welding Company. This business during the past five years has greatly expanded and developed. The shop was one of those selected by the Government for the placing of war contracts. The company has all the appliances and machinery for perfect production and the performance of every phase of welding work. They also do an extensive repair business, and are manufacturers of transformer tanks and boxes of all sizes and shapes, boilers, stacks and other sheet metal work.

Mr. Rausch married in 1897 Miss Annie Snyder, a native of New Jersey. She died in 1905, the mother of three children. For his present wife Mr. Rausch married Annie Bock Hoaglund. They are members of the Belmont Avenue Methodist Church. He is affiliated with the Masonic Order and the Knights of Pythias, and during the World war was one of Youngstown's citizens who contributed so liberally to the quotas of the city for Liberty Bonds, Red Cross and other purposes.

MILTON WILLIAM BECHTEL, secretary, treasurer and general plant manager of the Borden Company, one of Warren's important industrial plants, has been closely identified with the manufacturing, civic and social affairs of this city for over fifteen years, and during that time he has won a place among the foremost men of the community.

Mr. Bechtel was born at Akron, Ohio, on October 7, 1870. He began his business career at the age of eighteen years as bookkeeper for the old Schumacher Milling Company (now the Quaker Oats Company), at Akron. Four years later he became bookkeeper for the Cleveland Foundry Com-



pany (now the Cleveland Metal Products Company), at Cleveland.

When the Borden Company was incorporated in 1905 Mr. Bechtel came to Warren to accept the position which he now holds with that concern. The Borden Company was established in 1900 by William A. Neracher, B. T. Borden and M. E. Murray, for the manufacture of hand pipe-threading tools. The company's first plant was in a small shop on South Park Avenue, where only three workmen were employed. At the present time the plant on Dana Avenue covers about 1½ acres of ground and employs nearly 300 workmen. Under its own patents the company makes a complete range of tools for cutting and threading pipes by hand, and its products find a market in all of the civilized countries of the world. The company has a capital and surplus of $500,000, and its executive officers are as follows: W. A. Neracher, president, A. F. Howe, vice president and general sales manager, and M. W. Bechtel, secretary, treasurer and general plant manager, the three forming also the board of directors, together with Alfred Fritzsche and T. A. Burke of Cleveland and S. S. Smith, Jr., of Warren.

Aside from the Borden Company, Mr. Bechtel has other local and important interests. He is a member of the board of directors of the Western Reserve National Bank, the Warren Building and Investment Company, the Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company, and the Trumbull Securities Company.

Mr. Bechtel is interested in civic matters and is always found ready when called on to lend his support to movements inaugurated to promote the best interests of the community. As city chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee of Warren he rendered efficient and enthusiastic service during the great war, and on many other occasions he has given evidence of his good citizenship.

Mr. Bechtel is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, the Warren Rotary Club and the Country Club, and belongs to Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Bechtel married Amelia, the daughter of Gotlieb Reutschler, of Akron, Ohio, and to them one daughter, Martha, has been born.

Morgan T. Whitehead. A man of good business capacity, public spirited and enterprising, Morgan T. Whitehead is officially connected with one of the leading industrial firms of Youngstown, being secretary and treasurer of the W. J. Scholl Company, plumbing and heating engineers, and also secretary of the Youngstown Civil Service Commission. A son of Robert Whitehead, he was born November 13, 1882, in Houtzdale, Pennsylvania, where his parents lived for a time.

A coal miner by occupation, Robert Whitehead spent a few years in the Pennsylvania mines, and on returning to Ohio settled in Youngstown, where he resided until his death, February 22, 1917, at the age of seventy-eight years, during the latter part of his life having been associated in business with his brother G. L. Whitehead. He was a republican in politics, a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Yeomen of America, and both he and his wife belonged to Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. He married Elizabeth Evans, a daughter of Owen Evans, Youngstown's first police chief, and of their union nine children were born, six of whom are now living, as follows: Mrs. John Hollingsworth, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Mrs. C. W. Martin, of Youngstown; Miss Amelia Whitehead, of Cleveland; Morgan T., subject of this sketch; Mrs. A. C. Seacrest, of Cleveland; and George L., who served in France as a member of the American Expeditionary Force, and is now a resident of Los Angeles, California.

Morgan T. Whitehead was educated in Youngstown, attending the Wood Street School. Active and industrious as a boy, he delivered newspapers, carried press dispatches for both the Vindicator and the Telegram, and for three years was messenger boy for the Western Union Telegraph Company. One serious error that he made while thus employed Mr. Whitehead will never forget. He delivered at the home of Joseph G. Butler, Jr., on the day that President McKinley was there a guest a copy of the Vindicator instead of the Telegram which he should have left.

Giving up work as a newsboy, Morgan T. Whitehead was with the Republic Iron and Steel Company until 1906, when he located in Denver, Colorado, where he served as assistant superintendent of the Western Iron Mills for two years and as foreman for one year. Then, after serving for eight months with the Continuous Wire Mill at Pueblo, Colorado, he returned to Youngstown to accept his present position as secretary and treasurer of the W. J. Scholl Company. In October, 1918, Mr. Whitehead went to France, where he was in the Young Men's Christian Association service for several months, being stationed at Saint Aignan, under the command of Col. Philip Mathews, and acting as divisional accountant until April, 1919, when he became assistant to Major W. W. Francis, auditor of disbursements at Coblenz, Germany. Returning home in September, 1919, Mr. Whitehead resumed his position with the plumbing company, and was made secretary of the Civil Service Commission, to which he had previously belonged.

On June 4, 1905, Mr. Whitehead married Mayme E. Scholl, daughter of W. J. Scholl, of whom further notice may be found elsewhere in this volume. Two children have been born of their union, William and Sallie. Fraternally Mr. Whitehead is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, is a thirty-second degree Mason, belonging to the Chapter and Commandery, and is a member of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Since boyhood he has been identified with the Young Men's Christian Association, and both he and his wife are active and worthy members of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

Harry W. Kerr. While nearly twenty years or practically half his lifetime have been spent in the service of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, Harry W. Kerr had written for himself an interesting chapter of experience and usefulness before he took up his duties as paymaster of this great corporation.

He was born at Mercer, Pennsylvania, January 31, 1879, son of Henry George and Mary Elizabeth (Cozan) Kerr. His father, a native of Ireland, of Scotch parentage, came to the United States as a boy and grew up at Mercer, Pennsylvania. He became a cobbler, and made boots and shoes by hand before that industry was practically monopolized by machinery.

Harry W. Kerr was only an infant when his father died, and his mother kept him at Mercer and gave him the advantage of the local schools until he was nine years of age. Then, in 1888, he went to Struthers, Ohio, to live with an uncle, John S. Struthers. While there he also attended school, and on mornings and evenings and Saturdays worked in a grocery store. That accounted for three years of his boyhood. At the age of twelve he became an apprentice telegraph operator in the local station of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Three years later he had completed his schooling and apprenticeship. His skill in handling the telegraph key and his faithfulness well qualified him for work as a telegraph operator. There was a bar to his regular employment, however, a law on the statute books of Ohio forbidding the employment of an operator at the early age of fourteen. An examination of the Acts of the Legislature about 1894 will disclose a special bill giving permission to young Kerr to be employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad as an operator on the grounds that his assistance was required to help support his widowed mother and her other children. There are few parallel cases probably where a boy of fourteen went on the force as a regular telegraph operator. That was his work until 1899.

In that year Mr. Kerr came to the Republic Iron & Steel Company of Youngstown as freight voucher clerk. In January, 1900, he was transferred to the Valley Mill as production and consumption clerk. He resigned in July, 1901, and on the 17th of the same month became paymaster for the Youngstown Iron, Sheet & Tube Company, and has continued in the same capacity with the same company and with its successor, the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, to the present time.

Mr. Kerr is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of St. John's Episcopal Church, is a director of the Youngstown Automobile Club, treasurer and director of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company Relief Association, and a member of the Board of Education of Struthers, Ohio. On October 14, 1902, he married Jeane Marion Hadley, of Youngstown. They have one son, Harry Hadley Kerr, born September 19, 1906.

William Double. Fifty-six years ago William Double was a young soldier doing duty with Sherman's army in the Atlanta campaign. He earned the lasting respect of his fellow countrymen during that war, and for over half a century has found many duties in civil life. He is now enjoying a comfortable retirement in an attractive rural home at 531 North Tod Avenue in Warren.

Mr. Double, who has been a resident of Trumbull County for the past seventeen years, is spending his last days not far from where his parents were pioneer settlers. Mr. Double was born in Wells County, Indiana, October 8, 1841. His parents, Isaac and Mary (Francis) Double, moved from Canton, Ohio, about 1835 and settled in the dense timber of Northeastern Indiana. Isaac Double did his part as a pioneer, clearing up a farm, and lived there until his death, at the age of seventy-seven, his widow surviving to almost eighty-five. Isaac Double was an active and influential citizen in his Indiana community. William Double, being the oldest son, had to bear a part in clearing up the homestead, but after he attained his majority his younger brothers took his place on the farm. At that time the Civil war was in progress and in 1864 he enlisted in Company F of the One Hundred and Thirtieth Indiana Infantry. He was in the army a year and ten months, receiving his honorable discharge at Charlotte, North Carolina, December 14, 1865. He was with Sherman in the Atlanta campaign in the early fall of 1864, and after the fall of Atlanta his regiment was sent back to pursue Hood until the latter's armies were broken up in the battles of Franklin and Nashville. The regiment then rejoined Sherman's victorious troops marching through the Carolinas, at Goldsboro, North Carolina, and at the close of hostilities the regiment was scattered to guard various places in North Carolina. Mr. Double was hit five times by bullets, though blood was drawn only twice, and he was never disabled for duty. The results of his army service and wounds did not appear until some years later, when they impaired his general health. At one time while acting as rear guard of a wagon train he saw a rebel about to shoot him from a fence corner. Making a sudden rush he drove his bayonet into the enemy's breast, though the latter discharged his gun at the same time, the bullet cutting the tip of Mr. Double's ear. He seized the gun, though the Confederate refused to surrender until two of Mr. Double's comrades came up, one placing his musket at the rebel's head. He then surrendered. After examination it was found that the bayonet missed his heart by a slight part of an inch. The wounded southerner was cared for and recovered, and some months later he and Mr. Double met at a railroad junction and they had a brief and friendly visit. Upon parting at the train, as the rebel was going home, he broke down and cried like a child, though his companions reproved him saying they would not be so chicken hearted as to cry over any "damned Yankee."

The war over Mr. Double returned to the Indiana homestead, and continued the business of farming near that place for thirty-seven years. In October, 1903, responding to the persistent urging of his daughter, he came to Warren to join her, and now lives on a little suburban farm of 15½ acres at the north end of Tod Avenue. He has rebuilt the house and erected a bank barn and has a valuable equipment for farming on a small scale.

Mr. Double was a charter member of the Grand Army Post at Ossian, Indiana, and is a member of the Post at Warren. On December 7, 1866, about a year after he came out of the army, Mr. Double married Miss Mary M. Mahnensmith. Though she was reared from the age of seven in Adams County, Indiana, not far from where the Double family lived, she also belongs to an old family of Trumbull County. She was born at "Soaptown" in Lordstown Township, a daughter of Peter and Abbie (Rupp-

recht) Mahnensmith. Her father was a farmer, shingle maker and broom maker. The oldest of Mr. and Mrs. Double's children is Susie J., who lives with her father and is a partner in his farm. She is the wife of James Whiteford, an engineer with a steam shovel outfit. Mr. and Mrs. Whiteford have two children: William, a student in Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware; and Mary in high school. Emma F. Double is a successful teacher, formerly was in the schools at Berea, Ohio, and for the past seven years has been in the Market Street School at Youngstown. Essie M. was a dressmaker at Fort Wayne, Indiana, but died in Colorado. Mabel is the wife of William Schout, of Cleveland, and has one son, James William Schout. Lockie B. is the wife of August Chenoweth, a hardware merchant at Warsaw, Indiana, and is the mother of one son, August, Jr. Mrs. Chenoweth before her marriage was also a teacher in the schools at Youngstown. The family are all active members of the United Brethren Church at Warren.

Frank W. Craft, who is now living retired in the City of Warren, Trumbull County, at 318 North Vine Street, has proved a valiant soul, in that he has proved himself undaunted by the physical infirmity of total deafness, with incidental speech deprivation, and he has been one of the world's productive workers, besides which he has stored his mind with a fine fund of information and knowledge through close attention to study and broad and comprehensive reading. Thus his physical handicap has not constrained him, and he has found life well worth the living, the while he has set an example well worthy of emulation.

Mr. Craft was born at Bellaire, Belmont County, Ohio, August 6, 1862, and is a son of Mahlon and Margaretta (Faris) Craft, both natives of St. Clairsville, that county, within whose borders the respective families were founded in the pioneer days. William and Rachel Craft, parents of Mahlon, were earnest birthright members of the Society of Friends, in consonance with the gentle faith of which religious body they lived their unassuming and worthy lives. For thirty-seven years Mahlon Craft was engaged in the jewelry business at Bellaire, and he then indulged his desire to retire and to establish his home within the confines of the historic old Western Reserve of Ohio. Accordingly, in February, 1886, he came with his family to Trumbull County and established his home at Warren, where he found excellent educational advantages for his children. Here he lived virtually retired until the close of his long and useful life. He passed away June 20, 1918, at the age of eighty-two years, and not long was he separated from the loved wife who had been his devoted companion for more than half a century, for she was summoned to the life eternal on the 24th of May, 1919, at the age of eighty years, their marriage having been solemnized in 1861. Both were devout members of the Central Christian Church at Warren. Mahlon Craft was a man of strong mental powers, was a deep student of the Bible, and though he was reared in the faith of the Society of Friends, his inquiring mind led him to study the tenets and practices of all Christian faiths in his efforts to decide which best represented the teachings of the Divine Master, and finally both he and his wife united with the Christian Church. He became firmly convinced that the doctrines of this church were most closely in accord with scriptural teachings, and he fortified himself in his opinions by wide and careful reading of religious and historical works, being tolerant in judgment until he had formed his convictions and then holding tenaciously to those convictions. He lived a "godly, righteous and sober life," and merited and received the confidence and respect of his fellow men. Mahlon and Margaretta Craft became the parents of six children: Nellie, who was graduated in the Cook County Normal School in the City of Chicago, and in historic old Hiram College, became a successful and popular normal teacher in the University of Utah, and she was thus serving at the time of her death, at the age of thirty-seven years. She was devoted to her profession and attained to high reputation therein, she having made numerous contributions to leading educational journals. Laura Faris Craft, also a graduate of Hiram College, became the wife of John S. Leedham, who was a leading photographist at Elwood City, Pennsylvania, and she likewise became a skilled artist in this line, as assistant in her husband's studio. She died at the age of forty-nine years, July 24, 1916, and is survived by one son, Wendell S. Della Pauline Craft was graduated from Hiram College and was for five years a popular teacher in the public schools of the City of Akron. She now resides in the City of Warren, and she conducted a prosperous business under the pleasing title of Craft's Needlecraft in past years, her sales of fine needlework having been specially large during the successive Christmas holiday seasons. Marguerite Craft is now the wife of James O. Newcomb, of Cleveland, Ohio, she likewise having been educated at Hiram College. Addah, the fourth child born, died in infancy.

Frank W. Craft, subject of this sketch, became totally deaf as a result of illness in early childhood, and thus has never learned articulate speech, though through having attended the Ohio State School for the Deaf, at Columbus, he received attention and advantages that enabled him to gain a really liberal education, to which he has materially added through his almost constant reading of the best in literature, as well as newspapers and current periodicals that have given him close touch with the questions and topics of the hour. For a number of years Mr. Craft conducted a successful market-gardening business on a well improved little farm near Warren, but he recently sold this property and is living practically retired at the time of this writing.

April 2, 1903, recorded the marriage of Mr. Craft to Miss Emeline G. Martig, who likewise is a deaf mute, and when she became doubly afflicted, through mental disorders, Mr. Craft's sister, Della P., unselfishly assumed the care of the three children, of whom the eldest is Paul Gilbert, now sixteen years of age (1920) and a student in the Warren High School; Dorothea May is twelve years of age; and Winifred Margaretta is seven years old.

John A. Anderson. While for a number of years past Mr. Anderson has been in business as an undertaker at Hubbard his business career has been one

of interesting variety. During nearly all his life he has been closely identified with agriculture either as a practical farmer or as a farm owner. His mills also cleared up and converted many tracts of standing timber into lumber, both in Eastern Ohio and Western Pennsylvania. He is a man well known for his business ability, his genial personality and his public-spirited citizenship.

From a time not long after the close of the Revolutionary war the Andersons as a family have had their chief seat over the Pennsylvania line in Lawrence and Mercer counties, though their interests have also extended into Trumbull and Mahoning counties in Ohio. John A. Anderson was born in Coitsville Township of Mahoning County, February 25, 1853. His parents were David and Rebecca (Robinson) Anderson. His grandfather, John Miller Anderson, was a son of parents who came from Ireland, of Scotch-Irish ancestry, and settled on the farm where John M. and David Anderson were born in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania. David Anderson soon after his marriage in 1845 came to Ohio, but in 1859 returned to Pennsylvania and became owner of the old homestead which had been acquired by his grandfather. The last two years of his life he lived with his son John A. in Hubbard, where he died at the age of eighty-seven. His working interests were always identified with farming. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church at New Bedford, Pennsylvania. His wife, Rebecca Robinson, died in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, in 1873, at the age of forty-four. He also survived the wife of his second marriage, Eleatha Gundy. His four children by his first marriage were Lizzie, Mrs. Irving Caldwell, of West Middlesex, Pennsylvania; John A.; Fred, who lived on the old Pennsylvania farm and died at the age of forty; and Lawrence, a carpenter at Hubbard.

John A. Anderson was six years of age when his parents returned to the Pennsylvania homestead, and he grew up there, having the advantages of the district schools, and remained at home to the age of twenty-one. At that time he married Sarah E. Bentley, of Mercer County, who had grown up in the same community as her husband. Her father was Hudson Bentley.

In 1890 Mr. Anderson bought the Joseph Mayers farm just east of Hubbard, containing 100 acres. He lived on that farm fourteen years. All that time and for a number of years previously he operated saw mills. He made a practice of buying tracts of standing timber and converting it into lumber. These mills he operated in Pennsylvania, in Coitsville Township and also in Hubbard Township. He supplied large quantities of timber for railroad car building. He built a house and barns and otherwise improved his farm, but in 1904 removed to Hubbard, where he engaged in the general undertaking business. He is a professional undertaker, having attended a school of embalming. His business has grown steadily and he has kept his facilities in the front rank, his equipment including automobile hearse and other equipment found in the best establishments of this kind.

Mr. Anderson has also worked loyally with other public-spirited citizens to establish local industries, and is a stockholder in several companies. For nine years he was a member of the Board of Public Affairs and is a director in the recently organized Chamber of Commerce. Politically he is a democrat, and is an elder and member of the session of the Presbyterian Church. He and his family enjoy the comforts of one of the neatest homes in Hubbard.

Four children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Anderson: Orrie, who lives in Hubbard, but whose business is in Sharon, where he is a foreman in the Carnegie Steel Company; Grace, wife of Ray Mathews, an automobile dealer at Hubbard; Charles, who is assistant cashier of the Hubbard Banking Company; and Dale, an undertaker at Butler, Pennsylvania, who died of the influenza in 1919, at the age of thirty-two.

Capt. Charles M. Reilly. A resident of Youngstown since 1866, Captain Reilly has had an honored and useful place in local citizenship, has been active in business and in public affairs, and is father of a large and interesting family.

He was born at Blair's Gap in Blair County, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1846, son of Cornelius and Margaret (Lynch) Reilly. His people were pioneer settlers in Central Pennsylvania. Captain Reilly was educated in the country schools of Blair and Cambria counties, and spent his early youth on a farm. He was not yet sixteen years of age when in July, 1862, he enlisted in the 42d Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He was a brave and dutiful soldier in the army of the Potomac three years, until July, 1865, when he was mustered out with the brevet rank of captain of volunteers.

About a year later, in 1866, Captain Reilly moved to Youngstown. Here for some years he was an iron maker and contractor in the mills, but is best known to the business men of the city as a real estate and insurance man. He engaged in that line of business with Rice and Haney, and continued active in real estate until a few years ago, when he retired.

Captain Reilly has always been a very ardent democrat, and for many years was active in the ranks of his party, serving as a loyal worker and chairman. He was a member of the City Council from 1880 to 1884, and during his second term was president of the council. He was also a member of the County Board of Elections, and was a member of the first board of City Commissioners in 1891-92. From 1893 to 1896 he filled the office of justice of the peace.

May 28, 1867, Captain Reilly married Emily Woods. She was born at Youngstown, September 10, 1847, daughter of William and Mary (Sheehy) Woods. Mary Sheehy was a daughter of Daniel Sheehy, one of the founders of Youngstown and one of its most interesting and forceful characters in pioneer times. Mary Sheehy was born in Youngstown in 1803.

To Captain and Mrs. Reilly were born twelve children, ten of whom are still living. The sons are William C., Carl W., Edgar J., Gallitzan I. and Albert A. The daughters are Mrs. C. W. Vogel, Mrs. P. B. Mulholland, Lucy M., Irma P. and Grace C. Reilly.

Albert A. Reilly, youngest surviving son of Captain and Mrs. Reilly, and a newspaperman by profession, was a valued assistant to J. G. Butler, Jr., in th

Albert G. Reidy

preparation of this "History of Youngstown and the Mahoning Valley," being one of the two men engaged by him to collaborate in the assembling of historical data.

JOHN WILSON FARRELLY. A resident of the Mahoning Valley for a quarter of a century, John Wilson Farrelly has employed his talents both in business and the public interests, for a number of years was a successful educator, and is the present postmaster of Hubbard.

Mr. Farrelly represents a distinguished family of Western Pennsylvania. He is a grandson of General David Mead, distinguished as the founder of Meadville, Pennsylvania. He was a soldier of the War of 1812 and had many abilities to qualify him for leadership among the people of Western Pennsylvania.

David Mead Farrelly, father of the Hubbard postmaster, was a son of Patrick Farrelly, who came from Ireland in 1795, first locating in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and later moving to Erie in the same state. He was one of the founders of Allegheny College at Meadville, and he died in 1826, while representing Erie District in Congress. He had been educated for the Catholic priesthood, but in Western Pennsylvania was a Mason and achieved distinction in his profession as a lawyer. At one time there were several attorneys of the name Farrelly in that section of the state. David Mead Farrelly graduated from Allegheny College in 1824, at the age of sixteen, and became a successful lawyer of Meadville. He was a delegate to the Pennsylvania Constitutional Convention in 1837. He died at the age of eighty-four, and two years prior to his death he had surveyed a large farm during the severe cold of winter. For many years he was vice president of the Alumni Society of Allegheny College.

John Wilson Farrelly was born at Meadville October 25, 1862, graduated from the Meadville High School, and for ten years was a successful teacher. He also took up salesmanship, and in 1896 moved to Youngstown as sales manager for a Pittsburgh house. Mr. Farrelly has lived in Hubbard since 1900. He served ten years on the local school board, nine years of that time as president, and was also the first chairman of the Trumbull County Board of Education, and impressed his influence upon the entire system of schools in the county. On January 1, 1920, he entered upon his duties as postmaster, and has already done a great deal to improve the service and the facilities of the local office. Three rural routes radiate from Hubbard, and the office also requires two assistants.

At the age of thirty Mr. Farrelly married Miss Elise E. Burns, of Meadville. Five children were born to their marriage: Lucile E., a teacher in Coitsville Township; Walter Mead, a student at New Wilmington, Pennsylvania; Sophia, in high school; Esther and Alice. The family are members of the Presbyterian Church.

ROLLIN C. STEESE has for many years been associated with the business life of Youngstown. The group of men and interests with which he has been connected have been in no small degree responsible for the great name Youngstown has in the industrial affairs of the nation.

Mr. Steese was born at Akron, Ohio, December 26, 1867. His business career began in 1886 with the Dayton Coal and Iron Company at Dayton, Tennessee, but appreciating the necessity of further education he resigned his position early in 1888 to take a special course at the Case School of Applied Science in Cleveland, Ohio. While attending this school he was also during vacation periods and other odd times in the employ of Mr. J. H. Cremer, chemist and metallurgist.

Mr. Steese came to Youngstown in 1890 as chemist for the Brier Hill Iron and Coal Company, which position he filled for one year, when he was promoted to that of general superintendent, an office whose responsibilities he discharged until the formation of the Brier Hill Steel Company in 1912. Upon the taking over by this company of the property of the Brier Hill Iron and Coal Company and other companies Mr. Steese was made its vice president and general manager, which position he filled until July, 1916, when he resigned from active business, devoting his time to his personal affairs.

Mr. Steese is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club. He is president of the North Heights Land Company, vice president of the Bessemer Limestone and Cement Company and a director in the Brier Hill Steel Company, the First National Bank, the Dollar Savings and Trust Company and the Realty Trust Company.

In 1894 he married Miss Lora Bucklin, of Youngstown. Their only child is Caroline C.

MICHAEL F. KANE. For a number of years Mr. Kane has enjoyed a solid and substantial position among Youngstown's business men and merchants, and more recently has found a new outlet for his enterprise at Niles, where he is a member of the firm of Kane & Caldwell, the Overland dealers for this territory.

Mr. Kane was born on Poland Avenue in Youngstown September 19, 1876. His parents, John and Mary (Berry) Kane, were born and married in Ireland, and set sail at once after their marriage for the United States. Their first residence was at Cleveland, and from there they moved to Youngstown. John Kane was an iron and steel worker. He was connected with the Brown-Bonnell and various other plants in the Mahoning Valley and is remembered as a skillful and efficient worker and an all around good citizen. He died in 1914. His widow is now living on Norwood Avenue in Youngstown and is an active member of St. Edwin's Catholic Church. Of ten children five are still living, four sons and one daughter.

In a lifetime of less than forty-five years Michael F. Kane has given at least thirty to work and serious responsibilities. At the age of fourteen, after completing his early education in St. Columba's parochial school, he went to work in the plant of the Brown-Bonnell Company at Youngstown. He has various assignments of duty fitted to his strength and growing experience, and part of the time was employed in making links and pins for railroad cars. He was not entirely satisfied to follow a career as a mill man, and welcomed the opportunity to take employment as a salesman in the Youngstown store of the

New Brothers, clothiers. Later he worked for Douglass & Graham, whose place of business was where the Scotch woolen mills are now. For twelve years Mr. Kane was an active member of the firm of Lenherd, Sheridan & Kane, with place of business at 247 Federal Street. Then, on November 18, 1919, the firm of Kane & Caldwell was organized to take over the business at Niles of John McKay Henderson. They now own and operate the Overland Garage, and have omitted no effort or expense to make the service unsurpassed for Overland owners and buyers.

Mr. Kane, while he has been a hard worker since boyhood, has also been a reader and has kept well informed on subjects of the time. He casts his vote independently, is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and his family worship in St. Patrick's Church. He married in 1902 Margaret Mullally. Their two children are Howard, now a student in the South High School, and Mabel, a student in St. Patrick's parochial school.

Mark W. Roe, consulting engineer and vice president of the Republic Rubber Company, is today one of the most widely known technical authorities on the rubber industry. His career has been noteworthy for its experience and achievements. Sheer force of will and hard work have carried him from the humble environment of a farm boy to a position where a report signed by him would command the respect of the ablest business men and financiers of the country.

Mr. Roe, who has been a resident of Youngstown since July, 1917, was born at Chester in Orange County, New York, January 27, 1873, son of Thomas H. and Mary Elizabeth (Cowdrey) Roe. His father was a farmer and was a member of the famous "Squirrel Hunters" Brigade in the Civil war. Both parents are now deceased.

Mark W. Roe grew up on a farm, had a country school education, and only after he had begun earning his own living did he have the opportunity to attend for one year a high school at Newburgh, New York. His special proficiency with mechanical tools caused him to remain in that school in the manual training department, and finally he completed his own studies and graduated in 1891. Not long afterward he passed a successful examination for the scholarship awarded under the auspices of the State Endowment Fund for Cornell University. In 1892 he enrolled as a student in this great technical school, and graduated in 1896 from the mechanical engineering course. For two years he remained an instructor of experimental engineering at Cornell. While there he also did special work in marine engineering and took courses on money, credits and banking in the School of Commerce.

After leaving the university Mr. Roe's first employment was as a draftsman with the Merrick Thread Company, Holyoke, Massachusetts, and he remained with the successor of that firm the American Thread Company. He was not yet satisfied with his equipment and training, and determined upon a systematic study of all the branches leading up to the profession of consulting engineer. To that end he accepted work with the Foster Engineering Company, manufacturers of governors, regulators and steam pipe work. He remained with that concern one year, and while in their plant had access to all kinds of machinery, engines and battleship construction. Following that Mr. Roe was in the service of the Stirling Boiler Company at Barberton, Ohio, three years, at first as chief draftsman and then as assistant superintendent. Another three years he spent as chief engineer with the Cochecho Cotton Mills at Dover, New Hampshire.

About that time Mr. Roe recognized the wonderful future in the rubber industry, and resigning from the cotton mills he accepted a position as assistant mechanical engineer, at a smaller salary, with the Diamond Rubber Company at Akron, chiefly with the end of securing the value of experience. He went to Akron in the spring of 1906, and remained with the firm after it was merged with the B. F. Goodrich Company, continuing with that corporation until 1915. In the meantime he had risen to the rank of chief and consulting engineer. Then for two years he was consulting engineer of the McGraw Tire and Rubber Company at East Palestine.

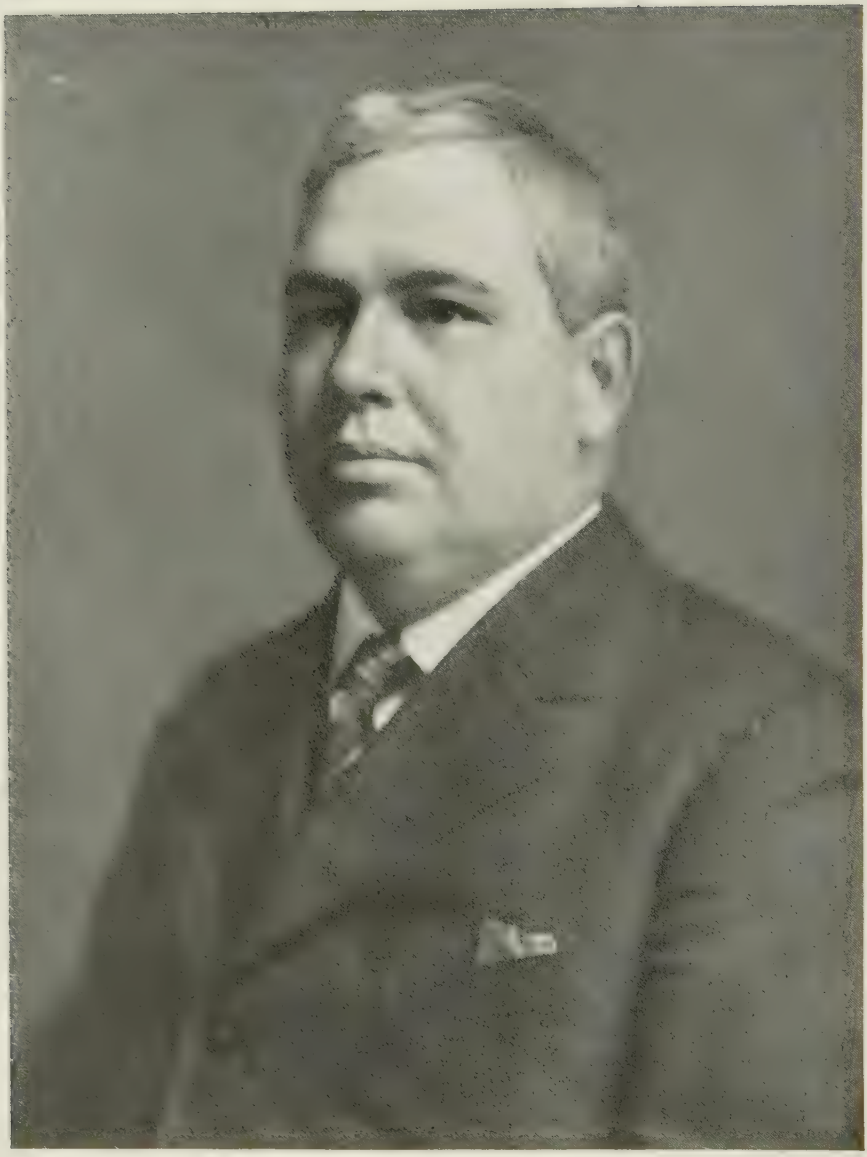
In 1917 Mr. Norwood became president of the Republic Rubber Company of Youngstown, and he immediately surrounded himself with a group of technical experts of the highest qualifications. It was through Mr. Norwood that Mr. Roe was induced to come to Youngstown and become vice president and consulting engineer.

Mr. Roe is a man of independent spirit, and his self-reliance was the quality that enabled him to work his way through college and acquire the finest opportunities of a technical training. While in Cornell University, in spite of the fact that he was working his own way and was absorbed in his studies, he was keenly interested in atheltics. For six years he was a member of the rowing crew of Cornell, and was one of the crew which represented Cornell in 1895 in England at the Henley Regatta. For four years he was the champion single sculler at the university.

He is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. He is also a Knight Templar and thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner. In 1901 he married Elizabeth Daugherty, of Akron. They have five children: Robert, Walter, Arthur, and Mark, Jr., and Mary, twins. The family attend the Episcopal Church.

Thomas G. McDonald is one of the oldest men in the service of the Carnegie Steel Company, having practically forty-five years of continuous service to his credit. For over a quarter of a century he has been at Youngstown, where since 1916 he has been consulting manager of the Carnegie Steel Company in the Youngstown District.

Mr. McDonald was born on a farm in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, November 11, 1848, son of Patrick and Christiana (Foster) McDonald. Patrick McDonald, who was born in the north of Ireland in 1823, was five years of age when his parents came to the United States and settled in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. The father of Patrick died several years later, and the boy grew up in the home of Robert Black in Allegheny County. He had limited opportunities and advantages as a youth, but was a hard working and honored citizen and farmer of



Joseph Smith

Allegheny County for many years. Christiana Foster was also a native of the north of Ireland, being a daughter of Richard Foster. Patrick McDonald was a Union soldier during the Civil war, enlisting as a member of Company E of the Fifth Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, and served to the end of the war. He and his wife spent their last years in Youngstown, and of their large family of fifteen children only two died before reaching middle age.

Thomas G. McDonald grew up on his father's farm, had a public school education and as a youth learned the carpenter's trade. He entered the steel works of the Carnegie Company at Braddock in 1875, and by 1889 had been promoted to night superintendent of the converting department. From Braddock he went to the Allegheny Bessemer Works at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, also as night superintendent, and from there in 1893 came to Youngstown to become general superintendent of the Ohio Works of the Carnegie Steel Company. In the Mahoning Valley he has long been recognized as a master of all the technical processes of iron and steel manufacture, and has also been a very popular and efficient manager and business executive.

Mr. McDonald has taken a special interest in the school problems of Youngstown, and in 1917 was elected a member of the School Board. He is a republican, and is affiliated with the Masonic order. November 27, 1878, he married Miss Elizabeth McClary, daughter of James McClary, of Braddockfields, Pennsylvania. Their five children are Edna, Irma, James Harlan, Louis and Isabel.

Joseph Smith has to his credit a quarter of a century's active membership in the Niles bar, and it is as a lawyer that he has performed his chief work and made his name most widely known and respected in the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Smith was born December 25, 1870, at Upper Mitten, Worcestershire, England. In 1879, at the age of nine years, he came with his parents, George and Alice (Wimbury) Smith, to the United States. His father was a steel mill worker and found his first regular employment and made his home at Troy, New York. Joseph Smith attended the public schools of that city.

His residence at Niles began in April, 1885. He continued his schooling here in the intervals of other employment and was graduated from the Niles High School in 1890. Soon after coming to Niles he worked for a time for the old Falcon Iron & Nail Company, his immediate superior being Jonathan Warner, labor boss, now president of the Trumbull Iron & Steel Company. Other working experience in and around this city gave him a practical knowledge of farming. After graduating from high school he served a year as yard clerk for the Erie Railroad. The succeeding year he was a student in the Ohio State University, and left there to take up the study of law in the office of C. H. Strock at Niles. Mr. Smith was admitted to the bar in June, 1895, and since that date has been actively employed in a growing professional business. For the most part he has been alone in practice, but at the present time is senior member of the firm Smith & Giffen. He has also been called upon to use his professional skill in public affairs, and for nine years has served as a justice of the peace and for eleven years was solicitor for the City of Niles.

Mr. Smith is a member of the Trumbull County Bar Association, is a republican, a Presbyterian, is a past master of Mahoning Lodge No. 394 Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, is a member of Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, and is also a Knight of Pythias. He is a member of the Niles Chamber of Commerce.

September 5, 1906, Mr. Smith married Miss Blanche Hofius, who died February 26, 1919. His second marriage occurred November 19, 1919, when Elizabeth M. Woods, of Warren, became his wife.

William N. Saxton is a former railroad man, for a number of years was in the grocery business at Youngstown, and is now manager of the used car department of the F. B. Smith Company, a well equipped establishment at 114 East Boardman Street, Youngstown. He was formerly the local agent at Youngstown for the Stutz car.

Mr. Saxton was born in Unionville, Lake County, Ohio, January 6, 1871, son of Luman and Emma Grobetta Saxton. His father was a native of Massachusetts, and is now living at Cooperstown, New York. He is descended from the same ancestor as Ida Saxton, who married William McKinley. Luman Saxton was married in New York State, his wife being a native of England, and she died about 1884, when a comparatively young woman. Luman Saxton learned the jeweler's trade at Geneva, Ohio, and followed his work in Unionville, later at Milford, Otsego County, New York, and for a number of years has conducted a jewelry store at Cooperstown. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Presbyterian Church. His five children are all living. William N. has a sister, Grace, wife of Vernon Adams, living in New Jersey, and a brother, Vernon, proprietor of a dry goods store at Fort Plain, New York.

William N. Saxton acquired his early education in Geneva, New York, and in 1890 left school to go to work for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. He was successively brakeman, conductor and yardmaster, and was in the railroad service for fourteen years. Part of the time he was yardmaster at Youngstown. In 1904 he left the railroad and opened a grocery and tea store at 509 Market Street. He gave up this business when he opened his garage at 114 East Boardman, which is now operated by the F. B. Smith Company. Mr. Saxton is a Knight Templar Mason and Shriner, and he and his wife are members of the First Baptist Church. June 27, 1900, he married Margaret Jones, daughter of Reese L. Jones, of Youngstown. Their daughter, Bessie, is now attending the South High School.

Alexander Dickson. The work and service rendered by the late Alexander Dickson as farmer, banker, county official and legislator were only incidental distinctions of a great and noble character and a life of enduring rectitude. He was a resident of the Mahoning Valley for over seventy years, and one of the most notable in a group of strong and able men who claimed Canfield as their home.

Alexander Dickson was born in County Down,

Ireland, April 26, 1836. The Dicksons were Scotch-Irish. In 1840 occurred an immigration from County Down which brought a number of the Dicksons to America. The father of Alexander Dickson was James Dickson. James Dickson, his wife, four sons, William, Robert, Samuel and Alexander, and two brothers of James, William and John, with their families, left County Down April 18th, taking passage at Liverpool ten days later, and on the 10th of June reached New York City. John and James Dickson started at once for Canfield, and James located in the southwest part of that township, in the neighborhood long known as Dublin. John Dickson settled in Ellsworth Township, where he died in his ninety-fifth year, while William Dickson subsequently followed the brothers and also became a resident of Ellsworth Township. James Dickson lived to the venerable age of ninety-four, and his wife also attained ripe old age. Their oldest son, William, became a Presbyterian minister, was for many years identified with the Canfield church and died at Youngstown at the age of about eighty. Alexander was the second son. Robert died in middle life, and Samuel, a farmer in Canfield, died in 1918. James, the only one of the five sons born in America, spent his life in Mahoning County, and at his death at the age of fifty-seven was superintendent of the County Infirmary.

Alexander Dickson grew up on his father's farm and made good use of the liberal advantages accorded to the sons of the leading families of this community. He attended the district schools, and also the Mahoning Academy in Canfield Village, two miles from the Dickson home. For several years he was a teacher, and at the age of twenty-four he was one of the first to respond to the call of Lincoln for volunteers and enlisted as a private in Company A of the One Hundred and Twenty-Fifth Ohio Infantry. His military service was one of distinction. He was present in every battle in which his regiment engaged, and remained until the colors were furled in victory in July, 1865. On the organization of his company he was elected second lieutenant on account of his fine figure and soldierly bearing, and later, on the merit of service and ability, was promoted to first lieutenant and finally to captain. The One Hundred and Twenty-Fifth Regiment was known as "Opdyck's Tigers," and the regimental historian says: "Captain Dickson has a good, strong face, a fine figure, makes no mistakes in drill, maintains the dignity becoming a wearer of shoulder straps with an easy grace that excites no envy, and commands the respect and has the good will of every member of the company."

The war over, he again resumed the role of teaching, but about two years later was married, and he then bought a farm in Milton Township, at what is now known as Dickson's Corners. He gave his undivided time to his farm until 1874, when he was elected treasurer of Mahoning County. His capable administration so impressed the people of the county that he was accorded the unusual honor of serving three full terms. He also represented the people of his county for two terms in the State Legislature, as a member of the Sixty-Sixth and Sixty-Seventh General Assemblies.

What is now known as the Dickson's homestead, just east of Canfield, was acquired by Mr. Alexander Dickson in 1883. At the organization of the Farmers National Bank of Canfield in 1887 he was unanimously elected president, and was re-elected every successive year, giving the bank the benefit of his judgment and character until his death. He also served as a director of the County Fair, and was one of the directors of the Northeastern Ohio Normal College. He was a member of Tod Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, and from early life through the mature years of manhood was one of the most earnest and active members of the Presbyterian Church of Canfield. For many consecutive years he was an elder, and was one of the largest subscribers to the fund of the new building.

The old family home in which he spent his last years is known as the Ensign Newton home, the house having been built by Eben Newton about 1860.

The late Hugh Manchester, who for twenty years was cashier of the bank while Mr. Dickson was president, paid the following tribute at the time of Mr. Dickson's death, which occurred May 8, 1912: "His earthly career is ended but he has left a good record worthy of imitation in many ways. He was honest, just and faithful, a good and loving husband, a kind and indulgent father, a useful, industrious and patriotic citizen, a man not of many words but full of good deeds, a good, kind neighbor and stanch friend of the writer of this brief tribute to his memory."

The wife of his youth and the companion of his old age is still living. In 1867 Mr. Dickson married Miss Serepta Johnston, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Osborn) Johnston. Her father was a native of Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and as a lad came to Ohio with his parents, John and Mary Johnston, who were pioneers in Milton Township. Samuel Johnston spent his married life in Jackson Township, but retired to Canfield, where he died two years later, at the age of eighty-seven. His widow survived him seventeen years, passing away at the age of ninety-four. Samuel Johnston was a tanner by trade, and made leather as a home industry on his farm. Mrs. Dickson has two brothers and one sister living: J. F. Johnston, of Youngstown; Stratton, of Buffalo; and Mrs. M. S. Kirk, of Canfield.

The only son of the late Alexander Dickson is Harry J. Dickson, who has spent his active career on the old farm, where he and his family reside with their mother. He married Elizabeth Evans, and their two children are Alexander Neil and Bessie Thelman.

In conclusion should be quoted the following editorial tribute from the Youngstown Vindicator:

"To many of our older citizens the death of Hon. Alexander Dickson came as a personal sorrow. For many years Mr. Dickson was distinctly one of the most important and most respected citizens of Mahoning County. His election to the General Assembly and three times treasurer of the county shows how instinctively the people turned to him when they had important public work to do or a great trust to be discharged.

"Mr. Dickson was a man of fine mind and high character, modest, unassuming, cordial and candid, and his popularity was not bounded by party lines. Al-

ways a republican, many of his best friends and stanchest supporters were in the democratic party.

"His passing takes away another of the group of strong men who made this county and valley so notable in the generation to which he belonged and which is now so rapidly giving place to younger men who can not do better than emulate such a life as this good and wise man lived."

CHARLES F. WINTER. The Village of Petersburg in Mahoning County for many years was an important center of trade and industry, and the chief institution to which it owed its importance was the enterprise of Winter Brothers, who about fifty years ago established a wagon and carriage making plant. Their average output for a number of years was a hundred buggies and wagons annually, and many families living about Petersburg derived their direct support from this industry. It was the advent and rapid popularity of the automobile that practically brought to an end the manufacture of carriages and wagons, and in recent years Winter Brothers have modified their plant into a repair shop for carriages and wagons and still continue the business. They are also the undertakers of the village. The partners are Charles Frederick and Gottlieb Winter, both of whom are veteran mechanics and old-time masters of the wagonmaking trade.

Charles Frederick Winter was born in Wuertemberg, Germany, October 21, 1849, oldest of the children of Adam F. and Veronica (Greiner) Winter. His father was born in 1798, and in Germany was a small farmer and also in the Government service looking after grain taxes. About 1853, when Charles was four years of age, the family came to America and settled in Mahoning County. Adam Winter acquired considerable wealth after coming to this country, but lost his fortune by being too generous in assisting a friend. He died at Petersburg at the age of seventy, and his widow survived him to a great old age. Their two sons were Charles Frederick and Gottlieb, and the only daughter was Louisa.

Charles Frederick Winter has spent practically all his life in the Petersburg community, and has been a resident of the town since 1856. He attended local schools and served an apprenticeship at the trade of wagon making. Since learning his trade he has been identified with Petersburg with the exception of eight months. He taught the trade to his brother Gottlieb, and they became partners in 1872. Charles Winter became the local undertaker in 1876. For many years he was secretary of the Lutheran Church of Petersburg, and has been a recognized leader in the republican party in his section of the county. In 1903 he was appointed postmaster at Petersburg by President Roosevelt, and served an unexpired term and a full term of four years.

October 27, 1870, Charles F. Winter married Mary S. Piatt. Her paternal ancestors were French Huguenots. Her great-grandfather was Capt. William Piatt, who was a participant in the historic expedition under the leadership of General St. Clair to subdue the Indians of the Northwest Territory, and was killed by the Indians in that expedition. Her grandfather, James Piatt, a native of New York, was one of the first pioneers of Indiana. Samuel A. D. Piatt, father of Mrs. Winter, married Catherine Smith, of a Virginia family. Mrs. Winter was born in Switzerland County, Indiana. To Mr. and Mrs. Winter were born eight children: Charles Piatt, born August 28, 1871, who operates an automobile paint shop at Seattle, Washington; John F., born August 14, 1873, is a dealer in electrical appliances at Suffolk, Virginia; Clarence C., an employe of the by-product department of the Republic Steel Company at Youngstown; Kate, who died at the age of five years; Edward Arthur, born December 14, 1880, mechanic foreman for the Shuler Automobile, Carriage and Repair Shop at Youngstown; Anna G., a former teacher, is the wife of Ross E. Liber, who has a machine and automobile shop at Homeworth, Ohio; William R., born November 4, 1887, proprietor of Winter's cash grocery at Petersburg; and Benjamin H., who died at the age of five years. The mother of these children, who was devoted to her home and an active participant in the Evangelical Lutheran Church, died February 2, 1912.

Gottlieb Winter became the father of five daughters and one son: Callie and Rena, both of whom died at the age of eighteen; Mrs. Carl Wendt, whose husband was formerly a teacher at Petersburg and is now an electrical engineer at Cleveland; Mrs. Alice Lee, formerly a teacher at Boardman, now lives with her parents at Petersburg; Grace is the wife of Harry Hoog, a farmer near Petersburg; and the only son, Paul F. Winter, was for three years a soldier in the United States Regular Army prior to the World war and is now connected with the Stambaugh Hardware Company of Youngstown.

HOMER C. KNOWLES represents in a prominent capacity, that of secretary and assistant treasurer, one of the important industrial corporations of the country, the Petroleum Iron Works Company of Sharon, Pennsylvania. Since 1914 his home has been at Youngstown.

Mr. Knowles was born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1876, one of the eight children, and all living at the present time, of Oscar W. and Emma (Brotherton) Knowles, who now reside at Washington, Pennsylvania. Homer C. Knowles was a lad of eight years when with his parents he moved to Washington, Pennsylvania, where as a boy he attended the public schools. When he had attained the age of fourteen he started out to make his own way in the world, and slowly and persistently he has won the race and made for himself a name and place in the world of industry. His first work was as office boy in an oil refinery establishment, and while thus engaged he studied telegraphy, and for six years was an operator for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was subsequently connected with the Western Union Telegraph Company, and later was with the Buckeye Pipe Line Company. In June, 1902, he was made timekeeper and general clerical helper for the Petroleum Iron Works Company, then located at Washington, Pennsylvania, and during the year 1907 represented this company for several months at Houston, Texas. At the close of that connection he returned East to Sharon, Pennsylvania, and since August, 1914, has resided in Youngstown. During a period of several years, from 1910 to 1916, Mr. Knowles was in the accounting department of the

Petroleum Iron Works Company, having had the entire charge of that department, and during his connection with this corporation he has also served in the capacities of assistant secretary and assistant treasurer, and since the first of April, 1916, has been the secretary and assistant treasurer of the company and also a member of its board of directors. The inflexible purpose of Mr. Knowles during all these years has ultimately gained for him the hopes, aims and prospects of his earlier life, and he is now connected in an important capacity with one of the largest industries of its kind in the East.

On the 15th of September, 1906, he was married to Miss Margaret B. Hughes, a daughter of Williams M. Hughes, of Washington, Pennsylvania, and they have three children, James H., Margaret Jane and Charles B. The family are affiliated with the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown.

Edward J. Lattau. Throughout his active career of nearly a quarter of a century Edward J. Lattau has been a merchant of Youngstown, and succeeded to a business established years ago by his father.

Mr. Lattau was born at Hubbard in Trumbull County, Ohio, February 6, 1875, son of Andrew and Frederica (Seifert) Lattau. His father was a native of Alsace-Lorraine and his mother of Germany, and both were brought to this country when young by their parents. The Lattau family located at Buffalo, New York, later moved to Wisconsin, and subsequently to Hubbard, Ohio, and from there to Youngstown. Andrew Lattau while living at Hubbard was a cattle dealer, and in Youngstown engaged in the grocery and meat market business. He married at Buffalo and died at Youngstown, December 1, 1916. His wife died December 27, 1904. In their church affiliation both were Catholics. Of their eight children four are living in Youngstown.

Edward J. Lattau, the only surviving son, was six years of age when brought to Youngstown, and received his education here in the public schools and in business college. He practically grew up in his father's store, and when his father retired he succeeded to the management and is proprietor of one of the highest class and best patronized retail groceries in the city.

Mr. Lattau is a democrat, but has given his time to business without aspirations for public office. However, for several years he served as a member of the Board of Education.

June 27, 1906, he married Miss Mary L. Woods, of Youngstown, daughter of John A. and Mary (Long) Woods. The mother of John A. Woods was a daughter of Daniel Sheehy, the historic character who was closely associated with John Young in the founding of Youngstown. Mrs. Lattau is a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and during the World war was very active in local Red Cross and other war auxiliary causes. Mr. and Mrs. Lattau are members of St. Joseph's Catholic Church.

George G. McKay is the founder and proprietor of one of the leading industries of Youngstown conducted under individual and personal management, the McKay Machine Shop at Rayen Avenue and Foster Street.

He has been a practical machinist for over thirty years. Mr. McKay was born in Nova Scotia, January 2, 1864, son of John and Mary Ann McKay, both of whom lived all their lives in Nova Scotia. George G. McKay acquired a common school education, and at the age of seventeen came to the United States and began an apprenticeship at the machinist's trade at Ashtabula, Ohio. He was apprenticed with the Phoenix Iron Works and remained in the service of that company until 1892. After that he was employed by the Dennison Manufacturing Company at Warren, and on January 1, 1893, started for himself in a small shop where the old laundry now stands in Youngstown. From there he moved to larger quarters at 476 West Federal Street, and thence to his present location at Rayen Avenue and Foster Street. Walter McKay, his brother, served an apprenticeship under him and later became his partner. The firm was McKay Brothers for several years, but Walter is now connected with the Youngstown Welding Company. In a quarter of a century Mr. McKay has kept his business to the front as a thoroughly reliable establishment, and he has done a great volume of important work and has filled many valuable contracts.

In 1887 he married Miss Lillian Way, of Ashtabula. They have one son, Robert. Mr. and Mrs. McKay are members of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, and he is affiliated with Hillman Lodge Free and Accepted Masons, Youngstown Chapter No. 93, Royal Arch Masons, Buechner Council No. 107, St. John's Commandery No. 20, Knights Templar, Hiram Lodge of Perfection, Youngstown Rose Croix, and Lake Erie Consistory of the Scottish Rite, thirty-second degree, at Cleveland, and also Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine, Cleveland, Ohio. He is a member of the Rotary Club, Chamber of Commerce and Automobile Club and in politics a republican.

Walter R. Lalley is one of the younger business men of Youngstown, and after discharging his patriotic duties with the aviation department of the military establishment he engaged in business by organizing the Diamond Realty & Leasing Company, of which he is president.

Mr. Lalley was born in Bridgeport, Connecticut, April 8, 1891, son of Frank E. and Mary Ann (Rov) Lalley. He is of French ancestry. He had a distant relative, John Lalley, who was an aide under Napoleon. The founder of the family in America was Thomas Lalley, who reached this country about 1784 and settled at Cambridge, Massachusetts. Most of the Lalleys have been merchants.

Walter R. Lalley is the only member of the family to identify himself with the Mahoning Valley. While his early life was spent in Bridgeport, his native city, he finished his education in Cornell University, graduating A. B. with the class of 1917. The following summer he came to Youngstown to gain a practical knowledge of the steel industry. This knowledge he acquired as a worker at the open hearth, soaking pit and rolling mill of the Brier Hill Steel Company. Soon afterward he gave up his civil status to enlist in the aviation section, and received his first training at Kelley Field in Texas. He was

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granted a second lieutenant's commission. He was sent to the Wilbur Wright field near Dayton, Ohio, as an instructor, and later was at the concentration camp at West Point, Mississippi, preparing for overseas duty, when the armistice was signed.

Mr. Lalley was discharged January 4, 1919, and returned to Youngstown, resuming his duties with the Brier Hill Steel Company. However, in May of the same year he organized the Diamond Realty & Leasing Company. The purpose of this organization is to sell real estate, handle leases, and perform a general service of building management and building construction. With Mr. Lalley as president the company has entered upon a very extensive program, and has made its work favorably known throughout the Youngstown district.

November 22, 1919, Mr. Lalley married Mrs. Pearl Lucile (Huber) Fitch.

MATHEW J. GRIMES. In every city of appreciable size the furniture business is one of recognized importance, and at Youngstown are men who have been identified with the manufacture and handling of furniture throughout their entire business lives. They are men to whom the grain and texture of the wood, the color and smoothness of the finish, and the artistic forms as well as the strength and utility of the finished products give as much pleasure as, perhaps, do music and other arts to those whose talents and training have been in other directions. In this connection reference may be made to Mathew J. Grimes, the president of the Henneberg-Grimes Furniture Company, and his wide furniture experience entitles him to a leading place in this commercial line.

Mathew J. Grimes was born in September, 1874, and was reared and educated in the City of Chicago, Illinois. He grew up in the furniture business, having practical training, and prior to coming to Youngstown in 1911 he had been with the Henneberg Furniture Company at Zanesville, and associated with Mr. Henneberg at Newark since 1904. After coming to Youngstown in 1911 the Henneberg-Grimes Furniture Company was organized, with Mr. Grimes president and Mr. Henneberg vice president. In 1912 Mr. Henneberg sold his interest to Mr. Grimes. Reorganization later took place and at present Mr. Grimes has P. A. Lyden and J. P. O'Rourke as fellow officials, the business being in a very prosperous condition. The products of this company may be accepted as standard in every particular.

In 1899 Mr. Grimes was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Eastberg, of Chicago, and they have had three children: Elizabeth, Dorothy and Stanley, but the last named, born in 1902, met an accidental death at Youngstown in September, 1918. While Mr. Grimes has never cared to be active in a political sense, he is a thoughtful, earnest, well balanced man and conscientiously performs the duties of a good citizen.

CHARLES W. MCCLURE. History and biography for the most part record the lives of only those who have attained military, political or literary distinction or who in any other career have passed through extraordinary vicissitudes of fortune. But the names of men who have distinguished themselves in their day and generation by the possession of those qualities of character which mainly contribute to the success of private life and to the public stability—of men who, without especially brilliant talents, have been exemplary in all their personal and social relations and enjoyed the respect, esteem and confidence of those around them—ought not to be allowed to perish, for all are benefited by the delineation of the traits of character which find scope and exercise in the common walks of life. Among the individuals of this class in Mahoning County was Charles W. McClure, vice president and general manager of the W. B. Pollock Company of Youngstown at the time of his death, in 1920. His life history was distinguished by the most substantial qualities of character, and his long and successful business career was marked with moderation and crowned with success.

Charles W. McClure was born at Chanute, Kansas, on September 10, 1869, and was a son of Zenas and Elizabeth (McQuistan) McClure. Zenas McClure was a native of Crawford County, Pennsylvania, where he followed farming pursuits. There he married, and with his wife and four children he moved to Kansas about the close of the Civil war. However, he was not satisfied with that section of the country and in about 1873 he returned East and located at Hadley, Pennsylvania, later removing to Ohio and finally locating at Youngstown, where he spent the remainder of his days, his death occurring in 1916. He was a man of splendid character, industrious and law abiding, and enjoyed to a marked degree the respect of those who knew him.

Charles W. McClure was practically reared in Youngstown and secured his educational training in the public schools of this city. At the age of about fifteen years he began working for William B. Pollock & Company in a clerical capacity, and for over thirty-five years he was identified continuously with this house, both under the old firm name and, later, as the William B. Pollock Company. Beginning as a bookkeeper, Mr. McClure was later advanced to the position of an estimator. Later he was appointed assistant general manager, then secretary, and from 1911 he was vice president and general manager of the concern, one of the large and important business enterprises of Youngstown. Mr. McClure had thus actually grown up with the business, with every detail of which he was intimately acquainted, and his successive promotions had been richly earned. He was also identified as a stockholder with the First National Bank, the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, the Brier Hill Steel Company, the New Falcon Steel Company and other local enterprises. He was thus found a loyal supporter of all movements or enterprises which are calculated to advance the city's best interests, materially or morally.

On October 31, 1893, Mr. McClure was united in marriage with Jessie J. Woodworth, of Youngstown, a daughter of Hon. L. B. Woodworth, the first congressman elected from this congressional district. To Mr. and Mrs. McClure there was born a son, Donald W.

Mr. McClure, with his wife, held membership in the First Presbyterian Church, and Mr. McClure was a trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association of Youngstown. He belonged to the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Youngs-

town Chamber of Commerce. His integrity had been of the most insistent and unswerving type, and no shadow rests on any portion of his career as an active business man and sterling citizen. He was a man of impressive personality, broad in his mental grasp of things and possessed to a marked degree the characteristics which ever beget esteem, confidence and friendship.

MASON EVANS. The biographies of the representative men of a community bring to light many hidden treasures of mind, character and courage, well calculated to arouse the pride of the community, and it is a source of regret that the people are not more familiar with the personal history of such men, in the ranks of whom may be found mechanics, teachers, lawyers, physicians, bankers and members of other vocations and professions. Mahoning County, Ohio, has been the home and scene of labor of many men who have not only led lives which should serve as a lesson and inspiration to those who follow them on to the stage of life's activities, but who have also been of commendable service in important avenues of usefulness in various lines. The well-known gentleman whose name forms the caption to these paragraphs is one of the useful actors in the world's work, a man of well rounded character, sincere, devoted and loyal, so that there are many salient points which render it consistent that specific reference should be made to him in a work of this character.

Mason Evans, for many years one of the most prominent and influential figures in the business and financial circles of Youngstown, is a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where his birth occurred on November 27, 1849. His parents were Owen and Sarah (Roe) Evans, the former of whom was of Welsh ancestry. The father lived the greater part of his life in Philadelphia, where his death occurred in 1849. Mason Evans was reared in his native city, receiving his elementary educational training in its public schools. Subsequently he became a student in the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated in 1869, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Having determined to devote his life to the legal profession, he began reading law under the instructions of Aaron Thompson, one of the foremost attorneys of the Philadelphia bar. In 1870 he was admitted to practice, but owing to failing health he was compelled to relinquish, temporarily, his plan of at once engaging in legal pursuits.

Having found it necessary to alter his plans for the future, Mr. Evans came to Youngstown, Ohio, and took employment as an engineer in the construction of the Hanesville & Youngstown (now the Baltimore & Ohio) Railroad, and it was not until 1874 that he engaged in the active practice of law in Youngstown. For a considerable period he was associated in the practice with Gen. Thomas W. Sanderson, under the firm name of Sanderson & Evans, and the firm enjoyed a large and remunerative practice, being one of the most prominent and successful law firms at the Mahoning County bar. In 1883 Mr. Evans quit the practice of law and became cashier of the Commercial National Bank, with which institution he has been connected continuously since. He has during the subsequent years enjoyed a well-deserved reputation as one of the ablest and soundest bankers in Northeastern Ohio. Upon the death of G. M. McKelvey, Mr. Evans succeeded to the presidency of the Commercial National Bank, a position which he later relinquished to become chairman of the board of directors. The Commercial National Bank is numbered among the strong financial institutions of Youngstown, its official personnel including a representative group of Youngstown's business and professional men. In the affairs of this bank Mr. Evans has injected his forceful personality in such measure that its success is but a reflection of his own character and makeup. In many other avenues his wise counsel and conservative judgment have had a beneficial effect. He is president of the Mahoning Water Company; was treasurer of the Youngstown Steel and Iron Company until that property was sold; was a member of the Youngstown Board of Education for twenty-six consecutive years, excepting four years, and has been a trustee of the Public Library for a number of years, serving a part of this time as president of the board. He is an active and influential member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club.

On June 8, 1876, Mason Evans was married to Lucy E. Grewig, the daughter of Frederick Grewig, who for many years was prominently identified with the iron industry of the Youngstown district. To this union the following named living children were born: Frederick G., Eunice, the wife of Dr. George B. Young, and Mason, Jr.

Fraternally Mr. Evans is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has attained the Knight Templar degree in the York Rite and the thirty-second degree in the Scottish Rite, and is also a member of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. The family are identified with the First Presbyterian Church, to which Mr. Evans is a liberal contributor. For nearly a half century the life history of Mr. Evans has been closely identified with the history of Youngstown, being intimately allied with its interests and upbuilding. He is of the highest type of progressive citizen, and his enterprise and ability have achieved results that have excited the admiration of those who know him. In every respect he merits the high esteem in which he is universally held, because of his public spirit, intellectual attainments, business achievements and exemplary character.

JOHN D. EDWARDS, of the Warren City Tank & Boiler Company, has been identified with that industry continuously since he was eighteen years of age.

He was born at Niles March 5, 1879, a member of one of the old and prominent families of Western Pennsylvania and the Mahoning Valley. He is a son of the late John F. and Nancy (Martin) Edwards, and a more complete account of the family in earlier generations is given on other pages of this publication.

John D. Edwards was educated in the public schools of Niles. Coming to Warren in 1897, he began as timekeeper with the Warren City Tank & Boiler Company, and has been an increasingly responsible factor in that organization ever since. He became purchasing agent, and now for a number of

A. L. Gluck

years past has been in charge of the estimating and cost department.

Mr. Edwards is a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons; of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and is a member of the First Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1901 he married Myrtle Ferguson, daughter of Oscar Ferguson of Niles. They have two sons, H. Donald and Alfred O.

ALBERT L. GLUCK. Well known in the business affairs of Youngstown for the active part he has played in advancing the mercantile interests of the city, Albert L. Gluck has met with well-merited success in his undertakings, and holds a high position among the trustworthy and respected members of his community. A native of Youngstown, he was born January 11, 1871, a son of Louis and Louisa Gluck, of Youngstown.

Left motherless at the tender age of three years, Albert L. Gluck obtained his early education in the common schools, and as a boy became familiar with agricultural pursuits, his first work having been on a farm. In 1894 he secured a position in the George H. Dingledy Lumber Yards, now known as the Sharp Lumber Company, beginning work in a minor position, and eventually becoming yard manager. Subsequently, in company with his brother George, he embarked in the grocery business, a venture which proved unsuccessful and after the company liquidated Mr. Gluck returned to the Dingledy Lumber Yards. Later he bought an interest in the hardware business established by his brother, George Gluck, and has since built up a very gratifying trade. October 1, 1919, he purchased his brother's interest, now being sole owner of the store, the business being one of importance and value. Mr. Gluck is one of the five men that organized the Retail Grocers' Association, and one of its most active and influential members. He assisted in the organization of the Lake Park Cemetery Association, of which he is a director and treasurer.

Mr. Gluck married, in 1895, Emma P., daughter of Ernest and Carrie (Smith) Kurz, and they have one son, Ernest L., with his father in business.

DANIEL J. O'ROURKE is one of the skilled and experienced industrial executives whose abilities and services were enrolled at the very foundation of one of Warren's leading establishments, the Warren City Tank & Boiler Company. He has been continuously shop superintendent of the plant, and has directed a constantly increasing force of men and facilities.

Mr. O'Rourke was born at Bristol, Quebec, Canada, May 24, 1861, son of John J. and Sarah (Daugherty) O'Rourke. When he was a small boy, his family moved to Niles, Ohio, and in that town of the Mahoning Valley he acquired his early education.

He started as a factor in the industrial life of the valley in a chain factory in Niles. Later for twenty-two years he was employed at the Reeves Brothers Boiler Works at Niles. Then, in 1893, he came with Alfred R. Hughes to Warren and entered the new business which Mr. Hughes had established and which is now the Warren City Tank & Boiler Company. Mr. O'Rourke took charge of the modest establishment as shop superintendent, and his service has been continuous in that capacity ever since.

In 1899 Mr. O'Rourke married Katherine Kelly. They have five children: Lawrence, Sarah, Marie, Brennan and Regina.

J. FRED HOHLOCH. In business at Youngstown for fifteen years as a contractor and builder, also as a wholesale dealer in all kinds of lumber and building materials, Mr. Hohloch has lent the facilities of his organization in the construction of many of the city's most prominent business blocks and factories. All over the Youngstown District are evidences of his enterprise.

Only a few of the more important contracts handled by him can be mentioned. Some of them are the Mahoning National Bank Building, the Dome Theater, the Deibel Block, the McGraw Tire and Rubber Company at Palestine, Ohio, the Diamond Portland Cement Company's factory at Middlebranch, Ohio, the Homer S. Williams Company Warehouse, the Pfau & Smith Store and Apartment House, the Rayen Apartments for Jacob Gottlieb, the A. Jones Apartments, the U. S. Grant School, the J. H. Gehring Block, the Dietrich Motor Car Company Building on Wick Avenue, the Home for Aged Women, the Grace Lutheran Church at East Palestine, the Centralized School at Freedom, Ohio.

Mr. Hohloch, whose business offices are in the Federal Building, was born in Germany July 27, 1875. His father died in Germany, and his mother is living in Youngstown, Ohio, at the age of sixty-eight. Before leaving his native land in 1892, J. Fred Hohloch had served an apprenticeship and had attended technical schools to learn the builders' trade, including work in brick, stone and wood. His first home in the United States was at Sharon, Pennsylvania, and from there he came to Youngstown. Here he was employed by several contracting firms, and in 1904 engaged in the building business on his own account. He had very little money on reaching this country, and his success he credits to the opportunities of the new world. Mr. Hohloch is a member of the Youngstown Builders' Exchange, is a Lutheran, and is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Elks.

In 1902 he married Miss Henrietta Brunswick, daughter of John Brunswick, an old resident of Hubbard. They have two daughters and one son, Lucinda Pauline, Laura L., and Fred J., Jr.

RALPH R. SHARMAN. A man of recognized talent and ability, Ralph R. Sharman of Youngstown, head of the Youngstown Printing Company, is a fine representative of the self-made men of our times, the high position he holds in the business and social circles of the city being due to the industry, energy and keenness of vision that enabled him to take advantage of every offered opportunity for advancing his material interests. A native of England, he was born April 3, 1867, in Northhamptonshire, a son of William and Dinah (Rollings) Sharman.

Brought up in his native land, Ralph R. Sharman acquired his elementary education in his native town, and later was graduated from the grammar school at

Wardington, Oxfordshire, England. Ambitious as a young man to better his fortune, his father, who was a farmer, gave him a sufficient sum of money to pay his way to either Australia or America. Deciding to come to the United States, he first located in Youngstown, Ohio, in 1887, and the following year drove a wagon for John O'Thomas, a building contractor, working from five o'clock in the morning until dark, and receiving as compensation nine dollars a week. In 1888 he joined the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and was afterward engaged in the real estate business with Reuben S. Baldwin, first in Youngstown and later in Baltimore, Maryland, where they built houses on the bonus plan. Returning to Youngstown in 1892, Mr. Sharman became advertising manager of The Telegram, subsequently becoming its general manager and secretary. During his incumbency the paper grew with surprising rapidity, its success being due to his executive ability.

The Telegram having been sold in April, 1906, Mr. Sharman retained the job printing and book binding department, subsequently incorporated the firm as the Youngstown Printing Company, a close corporation, of which he is president and general manager, Oliver W. Sharman, secretary, and A. J. Jacobs, treasurer. The block in which this concern is carrying on business is owned by Mr. Sharman and contains an especially well equipped, modern printing plant.

Mr. Sharman's father's farm in England almost adjoins the Sulgrave Manor farm, which is the ancestral home of George Washington, and it was due to Mr. Sharman's urging that J. G. Butler, Jr., visited that spot and afterward persuaded the United States Government to purchase the manor as a memorial to Washington.

From the beginning of the World war until the end Mr. Sharman was enlisting officer for the U. S. A. Officers' Training Camps, and for the British and Canadian armies. Largely through his efforts Youngstown supplied a great number of technical men who eventually became officers, the mills of this vicinity having previously attracted many men especially well fitted by education in technical branches.

Mr. Sharman married in 1890 Emma Vaughan, daughter of William Vaughan, a roller in one of the mills, and their only child, Mary G. Sharman, is married to Dr. C. M. Reed. Socially Mr. Sharman is a member of the Youngstown Club, and a member, a trustee and chairman of the Greens Committee of the Youngstown Country Club. His pet hobby is golf.

Jesse R. Munson. While he sold his farm and livestock about a year ago, it was his achievement as a stock breeder that gave special distinction to Jesse R. Munson of Vienna Township. Stockmen, especially dairymen, have long been familiar with the wonderful herd of Holstein cattle, representing some of the very best blood and the finest productive achievements of that breed in America, which was carefully developed and maintained on the Vienna Township farm.

The Munsons have been a prominent family of Vienna Township from the time of earliest settlement. It was founded here by Calvin Munson, a native of England, who married in his native country Sarah Hungerford. Coming to America, they settled in Connecticut, where Calvin followed his trade as a tanner and shoemaker. In 1804 he came to the Ohio Western Reserve and bought 146 acres of unimproved land. His first cabin by mistake was erected on another claim, and the building and his first clearing went for naught. On his own land after rectifying his mistake he built his home and improved the land and lived there until his death in about 1846. Calvin Munson is credited with putting up the first saw mill in Vienna Township. His farm was divided between his two sons. One of these sons was Rilman Munson, who was born at Waterbury, Connecticut, January 25, 1799, and was a small child when brought to Ohio. He married Betsey Sowers, who was born in Germany September 26, 1801, and was brought to America at the age of three years. Rilman Munson, who acquired the east half of the pioneer farm, followed the mason's trade and did a great deal of work at Warren. He died on the homestead in March, 1870, and his wife June 2, 1887.

Their son, the late William C. Munson, who died January 10, 1909, was born in Vienna Township October 6, 1826, being in his eighty-third year when he died. He attended some of the pioneer schools of Vienna Township, and at the age of seventeen was accepted as a partner by his father in erecting a mill. In 1845, at the age of nineteen, William C. Munson erected another mill on his own land. In 1864, having bought a tract of timber, he put up a steam mill, and continued to operate the mill and his farm until he retired in 1900. He was also interested in stock raising, and laid the foundation of the Holstein herd about forty years ago. While he raised a company to serve in the Civil war, he was compelled to remain at home to look after his parents, then in advanced years. He knew personally not only President William McKinley but his father, the senior McKinley.

May 13, 1851, William C. Munson married Elinor Mackey, a daughter of Andrew and Jane (Scott) Mackey. Her father was born in Ireland, and was one of the early farmer settlers of Trumbull County. Of the children of William C. Munson and wife, who died July 20, 1884, the oldest was John, who died January 13, 1909, just three days after his father. He had taken over the operation of the mill property when his father retired, and that mill has since been sold. He married for his first wife, Mary Goist, of the well-known family of that name in Vienna Township, and his second wife, Mary Ebert, is now living at Greenville, Pennsylvania. The second of the children is Elizabeth, wife of Wesley Meeker. Lavina is the wife of Lucius Greenwood, of Fowler Township. The next in age is Jesse R. Willis J. is now a department superintendent of the Goodyear Rubber Company at Akron.

Jesse R. Munson was born April 29, 1861, and all his life has been spent on the farm, though he also had some experience in the operation of his father's mills. He was well educated, and when just past eighteen he taught his first term of school, but

abandoned that occupation to take his place in the management of the farm. He proved a dutiful and affectionate son, and for eight years gave much of his time to looking after his father during a period of invalidism.

He has been proprietor of the farm since 1900. As noted above, his father brought in the first Holstein cattle to this part of Trumbull County in 1882, but the business first assumed important proportions under the management of Jesse Munson. He imported some of his foundation stock from herds in New York and also from the famous Heidekoeper herd of Meadville, Pennsylvania. For a number of years his herd consisted of about twenty-five registered animals, and many of them were exhibited at local fairs, the Ohio State Fair, the West Virginia State Fair and the Detroit Stock Exhibition, and carried off a goodly share of honors. Some especially valuable animals came from the Munson herd, and the records of the herd were especially high in sustained milk production. Mr. Munson gave practically all his time to this industry until September 11, 1919, when he disposed of his livestock, having previously sold his farm.

For nineteen years he served as a director of the County Fair Association, and was vice president for ten years, having charge of the privileges. For sixteen years he was a member of the Board of Education of the township, and has made the welfare of his community a matter of deep interest. The old Munson farm is six miles east of Warren. Mr. Jesse Munson, who has never married, was for six years township trustee, and during that time he started the good road building, constructing some of the main east and west thoroughfares. He is a republican in politics, and is a stockholder in the Western Reserve Bank of Warren.

Darius Woodford. Nine and a half miles east of Warren is one of the old homesteads of Trumbull County continuously occupied by members of one family since the first years of the nineteenth century. The present owners are Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pierson, Mrs. Pierson being a descendant of Darius Woodford, the pioneer.

Members of the Woodford family were the third group of people to settle in Vienna Township. The Woodfords were of stanch Puritan stock. Darius Woodford came from Hartford, Connecticut, making the journey on foot in 1801 to select land. He then went back to Connecticut, where he married Bethiah Bass, and in October, 1803, started with ox teams for Ohio. His brother, Isaac Woodford, had preceded him, though he came to occupy land selected by Darius. Isaac Woodford was long known as Deacon Woodford, and he and his family were stanch upholders of religion and other New England institutions in Vienna.

Accompanying Darius Woodford was Timothy Alderman. Almost on the site of the house now occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Pierson they built a log cabin, and in 1811 replaced it with a frame house, which in turn in 1879 gave way to a modern country home erected by the daughter of Darius, Mary, then Mrs. Samuel Strain. From the Connecticut Land Company Darius Woodford secured 800 acres, selling part of it to his brothers Isaac and Sylvester. All three brothers settled at Woodford's Corners, though Sylvester later removed to Sandusky. Isaac remained here and died in advanced years, and some of his original land is still occupied by his descendant W. I. Woodford. Darius Woodford showed the vitality of his New England ancestry and died March 28, 1866, at the age of eighty-seven. His wife, Bethiah, was even longer lived, surviving him twenty years and passing away at the age of ninety-three. She is described as a woman of true pioneer courage and resourcefulness, and was equal to any of the emergencies of the lonely and unprotected community in which she first lived. She and her husband were charter members of the Presbyterian Church. The first religious meeting was held either in the Woodford house or barn, and the society formally organized there. Darius Woodford eventually reduced his landed properties to about 450 acres, and cleared a large part of it.

Darius Woodford and wife had six children. Eliza, the oldest, finished her education in a school at Hartford, Connecticut, taught by Catherine Beecher and her famous sister Harriet Beecher Stowe. Eliza afterward taught school, and became the wife of J. J. Humison, and thus were united two of the very early families of Vienna Township. Eliza died in 1890, at the age of eighty years. The second daughter, Celarcia, married Dr. Nathaniel Hayes, the first practicing physician in Vienna, and she died in that township at the age of sixty-six. Sophronia, who died on her portion of the old homestead at the age of eighty-two, was the wife of Adam McClurg. The son, Henry, lived in Vienna and died at the age of fifty-four. The fifth child was Mary, and the youngest was Darius, Jr., who died unmarried at the age of twenty-one.

Mary Woodford spent most of her life on the old homestead. She married Samuel Strain, a native of Pennsylvania. She was devoted to the comfort of her parents during their advanced years. As noted above, she built the present house on the homestead, and she lived there until her death, at the age of eighty-three. Samuel Strain died at Brazil, Indiana. Mrs. Strain was an expert business woman, and showed her ability and management both in and outside the home.

The only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Strain was Mary, who on April 11, 1877, became the wife of Mr. C. A. Pierson. Her entire life has been spent on the land which her grandfather acquired more than a century ago. Mr. Pierson was born at New Lebanon, Pennsylvania, August 4, 1856. When he was nine years of age his mother died, and at the age of thirteen he joined his father, E. A. Pierson, then living in Ohio. E. A. Pierson later went West and died in Montana. C. A. Pierson at the age of fourteen entered Quilts & Andrews general store at Vienna, and remained with that firm fourteen years, until his marriage.

Mr. and Mrs. Pierson have retained the old farm intact and have improved it with new barns and other equipment, owning 150 acres, and another tract of forty acres near by. This homestead is a mile and a half east of Vienna Village on the Sharon-Warren Road. Mr. Pierson, while his energies have

been devoted to the farm, has also taken an active interest in public affairs, is a democrat, a Knight Templar Mason and a Maccabee. Mrs. Pierson has been a life-long member of the Presbyterian Church at Vienna.

Her family consists of a son, Wick Pierson, and a daughter, Olive. Wick Pierson, who received his education at Westminster College and in the Ohio Northern University at Ada, is a successful attorney and city collector at Girard. He married Mina Clawson, and they have one son, Wick Virginius. The daughter, Olive, is a graduate of Westminster College and was a teacher in Warren until her marriage to T. C. Cochran, an attorney at Mercer, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Cochran have four children: Wilson Henry, Charles Edward, Elizabeth Cornelia and Olive Amanda. Mr. Pierson was a district member and chairman of the draft board during the World war.

Charles R. Stewart for twenty years has been one of the successful farmers of Vienna Township, Trumbull County. He has seen his affairs prosper and has made the Truesdale farm, of which he is proprietor, one of the best country places in that part of the Mahoning Valley. The Truesdale farm is a half mile north of the Village of Vienna in the township of that name, eight miles north of Youngstown and eight miles east of Warren.

Some of this farm was part of the old Stewart estate, and at that site Charles R. Stewart was born December 22, 1871. He is a son of Robert J. and Eliza A. (Sigler) Stewart. His grandfather, John A. Stewart, came to Eastern Ohio with his parents when a boy and subsequently settled in the southeastern part of Vienna Township, where his son, Robert J., was born. Some years later the family moved to the farm where Charles R. Stewart was born. Robert J. Stewart, who died in 1916, at the age of sixty-seven, began teaching when only fourteen. From the duties of the schoolroom he went into the army as a member of the One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Infantry, and served until discharged two years later as a result of wounds received in battle. He then resumed teaching, an occupation he continued for several years. Eliza A. Sigler, who became his wife, was one of his former pupils. She was a sister of Doctor Sigler of Niles, and her father was one of the old residents of Vienna and Fowler townships. After his marriage Mr. Stewart continued teaching until he had the responsibility of providing for three children, and then took charge of his father's farm. He was an only child, and he cared for his father and mother during their declining years. The old Stewart farm contained about 100 acres. Robert Stewart identified himself with several township offices, and was a stanch republican like his father, who had lived in a time when he was classed as an abolitionist. Robert Stewart remained on the homestead until advanced years, and the last two years of his life were spent at the home of his son Charles. He survived his wife about four years. He was loyal to the family religion, the Presbyterian Church. Robert J. Stewart and wife had a large family of children: Frank L., who was connected with the steel industry at Niles, where he died in 1919; Samuel, who lives at McDonald; Walter, who for some years was a resident of California, but returned to Ohio and died at the old homestead in 1918, being survived by two children; William, who for a number of years clerked in Peck's store at Warren, where he fell through a skylight, was a cripple for thirteen years and died at the homestead at the age of forty; Mary became the wife of Ernest Greenwood, a coal merchant at Williamsport, Pennsylvania; Charles R. is next in age; Maude E. is the wife of a Warren real estate man, Carl Rice, son of Captain Rice; and Myrtle is the wife of Lew Brown, a prominent onion grower in Bloomfield Township, who produced from his land forty-five carloads in 1919, he having 105 acres devoted to onion growing.

Charles R. Stewart grew up on the farm, attended local schools, and for four years sold goods over the territory of Ohio and Pennsylvania. On January 1, 1901, he married Carrie Morgan, a daughter of William Morgan. She was born in Vienna Township twenty-one years before her marriage. Having married, Mr. Stewart bought the Truesdale place, and has managed his affairs with such success that he has increased his farm to 134 acres, fifty acres being part of the old Stewart homestead, while the rest is the old Truesdale property. This land was settled by the pioneer Truesdales, who came from Connecticut in early days. On the Truesdale farm is a handsome persimmon tree which is said to have grown from a stone or pit sent home from the South by a soldier son of the Truesdales. Under his ownership Mr. Stewart has erected new barns, rebuilt the house, and has perfected his equipment for dairying. He has thirty-seven head of registered cattle, chiefly Shorthorns, used for dairy purposes. He has also been a producer of beef, and for five years operated a meat wagon.

Mr. Stewart is a member of the Presbyterian Church, a republican, and has always been interested in township affairs. He is a Royal Arch Mason, being a member of Cortland Blue Lodge and the Chapter at Warren, is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias at Coalburg, and with the Knights of the Maccabees at Vienna. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart had no children of their own. An adopted daughter, Lena Carter, died of the influenza at the age of fifteen.

William R. Graham. While his duties for the past four or five years have been as trust officer of the Realty Guarantee and Trust Company, William R. Graham is a lawyer by profession and has been a member of the Youngstown bar continuously for thirty years.

He was born on a farm in Poland Township, Mahoning County, September 12, 1864. Shortly after his birth his parents, Robert and Elizabeth (Robinson) Graham, removed across the state line to Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, and he grew up on a farm there, acquiring his early education in the district schools. In 1886 he entered Grove City College and as a means of furthering his stay there taught one term of school. He was in Grove City College two years, and then entered the Northern Indiana Normal School at Valparaiso, where

W. L. Graham

he spent one year in a general course, one year in the law department, and finished his law preparation in the Cincinnati Law School. Graduating in June, 1889, he was admitted to the bar and on August 17, 1889, located at Youngstown. For many years he handled a growing general practice and his abilities enabled him to build up and hold a practice as an individual lawyer. From 1890 to 1896 he was in partnership with James B. Kennedy, who at that time was county prosecutor. His partnership brought him the substantial duties of assistant prosecutor. He has never sought office except within his profession. In the fall of 1901 he was elected prosecutor of Mahoning County, and re-elected three years later, serving six years. Outside of his routine duties his most noteworthy service in office was in perfecting the legal safeguards and advising the county officials during the construction of the present courthouse. The contracts, specifications, and all other details were wholly submitted to Mr. Graham for his approval.

Mr. Graham has been trust officer of the Realty Trust Company since November 1, 1915. He is a republican in politics, a member of the Tabernacle United Presbyterian Church and is affiliated with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. On June 26, 1894, he married Miss Helen E. Rice of Poland, Ohio.

Grant McMullin has to his credit an honorable and industrious career as a farmer, and has lived all his life in the locality familiar to his ancestors in Brookfield Township of Trumbull County.

The McMullins, history states, were the first permanent settlers in Brookfield Township. The head of the family was James McMullin, Sr., though that addition to his name is hardly distinctive since there have been James McMullins in practically every generation. However, the pioneer James came out of Pennsylvania and as land agent for the Connecticut Land Company transacted business for the company in Brookfield Township as early as 1796. Then or somewhat later he built a log house in the eastern part of the township, not far from the state line. He had seven sons, and his grandson, James, was the first white child born in the township. A son of the pioneer James was known as Capt. James McMullin. Captain James was the grandfather of Grant McMullin. He settled on the farm where his grandson now lives, 2½ miles west of Sharon, and conducted a blacksmith shop on the farm. He died when a little past middle life. His wife was Catherine Draper, and their children were: Benjamin; Martin, who remained in the township until advanced years, when he moved to Pennsylvania; Washington, who died in the township at the age of sixty; Jane, who married Mathew Christy and lived in Trumbull County; Hannah, who became the wife of Stephen Dunlap and also remained in the home county; and Kate, who married George Strubel, of Trumbull County.

Benjamin McMullin, father of Grant, was born at the old homestead in 1829, and had a long and useful life. He was very successful as a farmer, exercised good business judgment, and acquired land until he owned 460 acres, much of which was cleared during his active days. He was one of the extensive raisers of sheep and cattle. Benjamin McMullin married Fanny Wheeler, who was born in Erie County, Pennsylvania, a daughter of William Wheeler, and was brought to Trumbull County as a child. She was born in 1828 and died in 1915, at the advanced age of eighty-seven. Her married life was spent on the old homestead. Benjamin McMullin erected the present residence about 1875, and all the other buildings. He was the father of three children: Grant; Jessie, Mrs. F. M. McKay, of Brookfield; and Millie, wife of John Thomas, an old railroad employe living at Youngstown.

Grant McMullin was born September 2, 1868, while General Grant was making his first campaign for the presidency. As he grew up he received a good education and training as a practical farmer, and the increasing responsibilities added to him from year to year have satisfied his ambition for achievement. He has never married. As a farmer he has always been interested in good livestock, and has done much work for the community. He is a former township treasurer and trustee, and helped build some of the good highways of the township. His father was a rabid republican, and Mr. McMullin accepted the same political faith, and, like his father, is a member of the Church of the Disciples in Brookfield. He is also affiliated with the Order of Elks.

Homer C. White is a man of versatile accomplishments and abilities. For over forty years he has been a practical surveyor and civil engineer. The office of county surveyor of Trumbull County was filled by him consecutively for upwards of twenty years. He is also a farmer, and lives on a farm a mile and a half south of Niles in Weathersfield Township. He is also a skillful amateur photographer.

He was born August 9, 1853. The house in which he was born stood on the county line between Mahoning and Trumbull counties in Austintown Township. His grandparents were John and Elizabeth (Deneen) White. The family came originally from Ireland. John White was an early settler in what is now Mahoning County, grew up at Youngstown, and subsequently bought a wild tract of land from Joshua Stowe. That land is the present homestead of Homer C. White. He cleared away the timber and developed a farm of about seventy-eight acres. His first cabin home was built on a knoll close to the banks of Meander Creek, at the west end of the land. In later years he built a house on the road from Niles to Mineral Ridge, two miles south of the center of Niles. In that residence he spent his last years, and the old home is still standing. John White died prior to the Civil war, when about ninety years of age. Homer C. White has some recollections of his grandfather, one fact that impressed itself upon his memory being that his grandfather had not a hair on his head. John White was a soldier in the War of 1812, and for his services received a land grant which he placed in Iowa in Humboldt County, and that land was kept in the family until it was sold about twenty years ago. John White was a strong democrat, and all his sons followed him in this party allegiance except one. His wife also

lived to a good old age, and a brief record of their children is as follows: James, who moved to Geauga County, Ohio, and died at Middlefield in advanced years; Samuel, who served with an Ohio battery in the Civil war and lived and died on part of the old homestead; Joseph, who went out to Whitehall, Greene County, Illinois; John; Mary, who married David McClurg and lived in Vienna Township; Martha, widow of Ambrose Erwin, lived during his lifetime near the old homestead, but is now a resident of Warren; Louisa is the widow of Levi Hood, their home being near Ohlton, but she is now living in Los Angeles, California.

The father of Homer C. White was also named John. He was born in 1828, probably on the old homestead farm. He became a carpenter but eventually bought out the interests of the other heirs in the homestead, built a new house, and lived there until his death in 1875. His death was due to accidental injury. He married Adeline Weiss, who survived him to the age of eighty-two. She was the last survivor of the sixteen children in the family of Jacob and Elizabeth (Althouse) Weiss, who were early settlers in Mahoning County and were of Pennsylvania German ancestry. One son, Jacob Weiss, died at the age of ninety-two at Austintown. John White, Jr., was a republican, rendered some public service in his community, and always kept well informed on political and religious subjects, and had many gifts in discussion and argument. As a youth he heard Alexander Campbell preach, and was one of the loyal adherents of the Church of the Disciples. John and Adeline White had four children, the only son and oldest child being Homer C. The second, Mary Elizabeth, lived in Youngstown, where she died unmarried; Priscilla became the wife of Frank Lonnen, who for many years was chef for the Young Men's Christian Association of Youngstown; Addie Grace is unmarried and lives with her sister at Youngstown.

Homer C. White spent some of his early years in Austintown Township and moved here with the family to the homestead. He recalls that change in residence by the fact that President Lincoln was assassinated about that time. While his interests have been directed in other lines he has always kept the old farm intact and built the present house about forty years ago. The White farm, containing seventy-six acres, is now valuable for city extension, since it lies on the car line half way between Niles and Mineral Ridge. Mr. White was educated in the grammar and high schools at Niles, and also attended Bethany College in West Virginia, an institution founded by Alexander Campbell, and the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor. He took up the study of land surveying about 1874, and has ever since been engaged in a general line of civil engineering. Beginning in 1887, he was county surveyor for twenty years except for three years while city engineer of Warren. His professional services were also employed in county drainage work, and he was employed as the engineer for several road and drainage districts.

For a number of years he served as a central committeeman of the republican party. He is a member of the old Disciples Church at Mineral Ridge, of which his father was a prominent supporter. In 1878, at the age of twenty-six, Mr. White married Athaliah Hood, of Ohlton, daughter of John and Amanda (Siddall) Hood. Her father was a Civil war soldier of the Sixth Ohio Cavalry, and a farmer. Mr. and Mrs. White have three children. The son, Arthur, received an appointment in the civil service during the administration of President Roosevelt, and for the past thirteen years has been a member of the United States Marines. He is now a major in that famous organization and is on duty on the Island of Hayti. The daughter Lena Amanda is the wife of Robert Hughes, a Youngstown carpenter. Hazel is the wife of Howard Todd, a farmer at Leavittsburg in Trumbull County.

John L. McRoberts has lived a busy life at farming and in handling various interests in the City of Niles. His country home is almost adjoining the city, being a mile west of Niles.

This farm has many associations for his family. Mr. McRoberts was born there April 14, 1866. His parents were James and Laura (Draper) McRoberts. James McRoberts was born in County Down, Ireland, in 1832, and when about four years of age was brought to the United States by his parents, Andrew and Mary (McClure) McRoberts. The family located near the Village of Austintown, but later Andrew moved to New Castle, Pennsylvania, where he farmed until his death at the age of fifty.

James McRoberts grew up at Austintown, and in early life took up work as a railroad builder. He was foreman during the construction of the Erie Railroad, then known as the Atlantic and Great Western, from Youngstown to Kent, Ohio. While thus employed he lived at the Draper home, and thus met Laura Draper, and they were married at the homestead now occupied by their son John L. McRoberts, in the early '50s. James McRoberts formed a close friendship with the head of the Erie Railroad, Martin Kent, and he always kept up an interest in the reunions of the Erie employes. He continued railroad work for several years after his marriage.

The Drapers are an old pioneer family of the Western Reserve. Laura Draper was a daughter of Elihu and Rachel (Dunlap) Draper. Elihu was a son of Nathan Draper, who secured land from the Connecticut Land Company in 1812. His original holdings comprised about 200 acres. Some of it he gave to his grandson, his namesake, and the home place to his son Elihu. Both Nathan and Elihu lived here, and Elihu died in 1853. Recently a portion of this farm was incorporated in the City of Niles, though the tract has not been formally taken over at this writing. Mr. McRoberts still owns thirty-two acres of the old Draper place. Elihu Draper was buried on the farm, and his widow subsequently married Joseph Lewis and lived in Warren Township, near the City of Warren, where she died in old age. Her second husband died at the home of his son Doctor Lewis at Cleveland.

The children of Elihu Draper were: Nathan, Elihu, Warren, who is a veteran of the Civil war and is now living at the age of eighty years in Oklahoma City, William, who is also still living,

John, Hannah, who married James E. Burnett, Katie, wife of Charles Van Wye, and Laura.

James and Laura McRoberts bought the present farm. James McRoberts was a man of much initiative, especially on his farm and in business, and was also an advocate of progress in his community but could never reconcile his personal honesty with the methods of politicians and refused to hold office. He died honored and esteemed in the community January 4, 1913, at the age of eighty-one years. His wife, Laura, died about 1870. For his second wife he married Isabel (Arnold) White, of Weathersfield. She died in 1896. James McRoberts had four children: Ida, who died in middle life, at New Castle, Pennsylvania; Alice, widow of John Smith, living at Warren; John L.; and Mary, a teacher who died at the age of twenty-four.

For half a century John L. McRoberts has lived close to the scenes of his birthplace. He acquired a good education as he grew to manhood, and at the age of twenty-one, leaving home, experienced some of the adventures of the Far West, spending five years chiefly in Utah. Besides looking after his farm and handling his property he has been interested in business at Niles as a manufacturer of cement blocks and as a coal dealer.

At the age of thirty he married Margaret Joyce, who was born at Niles, a daughter of Patrick and Mary J. (Hake) Joyce. Her father was a roller in the mills for many years, and was killed in a runaway at Salt Springs in 1890, at the age of forty-seven, when his daughter Margaret was fifteen years of age. The latter's mother had died in 1888. Mr. and Mrs. McRoberts have two children, Wade Edward, who is a graduate of the Niles High School and is at home, and John, still a student.

James M. Dickson represented that sterling pioneer family of Dickson which was established in Poland Township as early as 1801 by John Dickson. The old Dickson farm is on the north side of Lowellville, and was occupied for many years by two brothers, James and George Dickson, the former of whom died in 1887 and the latter in 1890.

The children of James Dickson, Sr., were: John Andrew, was a Union soldier, at his first enlistment became a member of the Nineteenth Ohio Infantry and at the second of the One Hundred and Sixteenth Pennsylvania Regiment. He was wounded at Petersburg, Virginia, and his wounds shortened his life so that he died in 1876. Sarah, the second of the family, became the wife of William Cooper, of Coitsville, and in 1878 they removed to Iowa, but she died at Coitsville in 1890. Her husband died in Youngstown when past ninety. Anne M. became the wife of Robert McFarland. They lived on the old Dickson farm, later went to Iowa, and spent their last years in that state. Martha H. died unmarried as a young woman. Samuel E. was a druggist at Pittsburgh, where he died in 1890, and was a soldier of the Eighty-Fourth Ohio Regiment during the Civil war. He had been a partner with his brother John A. in the grocery business.

The next in age in the family was James M. Dickson, who was born October 15, 1847. He remained at home operating the farm, but also served a three years' apprenticeship as a carpenter and altogether followed his trade for fifty-two years. He developed an extensive contracting business at Lowellville and for thirty years in Hubbard.

At the age of twenty-three he married Margaret Moore, a daughter of James Moore, a neighbor. They were schoolmates together. She died in 1887, the mother of three children: James F., who married Mary Price and has two children, Clyde K. and James A.; Harry Clifton Dickson, a carpenter of Youngstown, who married Martha McComb and has a son, Paul McComb; and Amy Esther, who married William Sampson, a farmer in Liberty Township at Church Hill and has a son, Leonard.

March 12, 1890, James M. Dickson married Rebecca J. Wilson, a daughter of the late Allen Wilson. Since their marriage they have lived on the old Wilson farm in Hubbard Township. Their son, Allen Wilson Dickson, is secretary of the Builders' and Contractors' Association of Youngstown and lives at home with his parents. He is a graduate of the Rayen High School and of Westminster College.

The Wilson and Dickson families have long been identified with the United Presbyterian Church. Mr. and Mrs. Dickson attend the Cedar Corners Church, and he is an elder. He is also affiliated with the Grange.

Allen Wilson came to Youngstown when it was a small village, played a part in its industrial life, and later as a farmer in Trumbull County.

He was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, and came to the United States in 1844. Soon afterward, at Youngstown, he became an employe of Judge Rayen on the Rayen farm bordering Wood Street in the north part of the city. The first year he was paid $100 in cash for his services, and remained in the employ of Judge Rayen for nine years. He grew several crops of wheat and other products on land that has long been incorporated within the city limits.

While working for Judge Rayen he married Martha Caldwell, a sister of Henry and James Caldwell of Youngstown. He was also employed a year at the old Hemrod Furnace, and in 1854 moved to the home in Hubbard Township where his daughter, Mrs. Dickson, still lives. The farm here contained 109 acres, and is now owned by S. G. McClure, Mrs. Dickson retaining a small tract around her home. Allen Wilson lived on this farm and died April 23, 1905. His wife passed away October 15, 1890. Their only child was Rebecca J., now Mrs. James M. Dickson.

Robert William Jewell. The Jewells were among the earliest settlers of Hubbard Township, and in connection with the history of Trumbull County they have deeply impressed their character and influence upon all the changing developments of the century. Of this family the late Robert William Jewell spent many years of his life on a farm half way between Hubbard and Sharon, and his family still live there.

The old Jewell homestead that was situated in Brookfield Township was his birthplace, where he was born October 3, 1834. He was a son of William

and Mary (Morrow) Jewell. William Jewell was born twenty miles from Pittsburgh in 1798, and was seventeen years of age when he accompanied the family to Ohio in 1815. His father drove across the country with a yoke of oxen, while the wife came later on horseback, carrying a child in her arms. William Jewell spent all his mature life on the Jewell homestead and died in 1879, in his eighty-first year. He was one of seven sons and six daughters and was the only one to remain in this vicinity. One of his brothers, Clark, moved to Cincinnati, and his daughter married a member of the Hall family of the Hall Safe and Lock Company. Mrs. William Jewell died in 1871.

The only children of William Jewell to reach mature years were Robert William and Elizabeth. The latter became the wife of Calvin Harris and removed to Struthers, locating a mile from that village in Mahoning County. She and her husband died there. Robert William Jewell remained on the old homestead, and after his marriage he and his wife began housekeeping where Mrs. Jewell now lives. The farm at that location comprises seventy-two acres, and later Mr. Jewell acquired half of the old homestead. He bought the other heirs' interest, owning all of the old homestead of 120 acres, where his son A. M. now lives. The present house was built in 1876, and the old house on the farm is still standing. While Mr. Jewell was not an office seeker, when his fellow citizens called upon him to act on the school board and as road supervisor he rendered some very creditable service. He was a republican, and a trustee, deacon and active worker in the First Baptist Church at Hubbard. He had quarried most of the stone for the church parsonage on his own land and the old Jewell homestead.

November 6, 1856, Mr. Jewell married Charlotte Van Ness, who was born in Hubbard Township May 18, 1838, a member of the Van Ness family whose record is given in detail on other pages. Mr. and Mrs. Jewell became the parents of eight children: Freeman A.; Walter W., who spent his life at home and died May 12, 1894, in his thirty-fourth year; Aaron M., who lives on the original Jewell farm; Mary Elizabeth and Pamela Evaline, who died in childhood at about the same age; Lottie Lou, who lives in Youngstown; Ettie Albina and Nellie Grace, both at home.

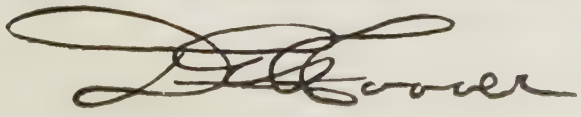
Freeman A. Jewell was well educated at Hubbard and began teaching at the age of nineteen. He taught in Hubbard and Brookfield Townships, and also was connected with the schools of Coalburg when that mining village was much more prosperous than it is today. From 1884 for twelve years Mr. Jewell was a professional photographer, spending seven years at Meadville and Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, and from 1891 for five years was located at Canton, Ohio. Giving up his profession he returned to the farm, and for some years past has been engaged in responsible duties with the Pennsylvania Tank Car Company, whose plant is only a short distance from his home. He also served four years on the Board of Elections and three years on the Hubbard Township Board of Education, and for four years was the first secretary of Hubbard Progressive Grange No. 1879. He is unmarried, and like others of the family is a Baptist.

Delbert Elias Hoover, M. D., of Warren, and one of the leading surgeons of the Mahoning Valley, was born in North Burton, Mahoning County, Ohio, August 7, 1871, the son of Dr. and Sarah (Miller) Hoover.

Doctor Hoover, Sr., was born in Limaville, Stark County, Ohio, the son of Elias Hoover, a native of Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania. Doctor Hoover, Sr., was graduated from Western Reserve Medical College, class of 1874, and with the degree of M. D. He entered general practice at North Benton in that year, subsequently removing to Alliance, Ohio, where he is still in active practice, having thus followed his profession for forty-six years. He is a veteran of the Civil war, having served as a private in an Ohio volunteer regiment. He married Sarah, daughter of Stephen Miller, a pioneer of the Mahoning Valley, and a direct descendant of the Governor Bradford family of Massachusetts. She was born in North Benton, Ohio, and died in Alliance, Ohio, in 1909.

Delbert E. Hoover attended the public schools and Mount Union College. He was desirous of teaching school, but his youth prevented and he entered the employ of the Morgan Engineering Company of Alliance. He eventually decided to qualify for the medical profession, and entered the medical department of Western Reserve University, where he was graduated with the M. D. degree in the class of 1895. Leaving college, he became interne at the Cleveland City Hospital, and in 1896 he entered general practice in Warren. He made a specialty of surgical work, and took extensive research work in that branch of medical science. In 1904 he took post-graduate courses at Freiburg, Germany, and at Vienna, Austria, and also spent some time in London. Returning to the United States he took a post-graduate course at Bellevue Hospital, New York City, and then resumed his private practice at Warren, and has continued it, with one important break, until the present. He has been surgeon to the Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company since 1897, and to the Erie Railway Company since 1903, and since 1916 has been chief of the surgical staff of the Warren City Hospital.

Doctor Hoover enlisted in the Medical Reserve Corps of the United States Army in 1916, being commissioned in the grade of first lieutenant at that time. In July, 1917, a few months after the United States entered the World war, Doctor Hoover was ordered to duty at Columbus, Ohio, where for a time he served as assistant to the chief surgeon. Later he was ordered to Fort Harrison for training, and after two months at that place he spent a similar period at Pittsburgh, after which he was ordered to Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, and assigned to surgical service. In December, 1917, he was promoted to the rank of captain. In April, 1918, he became chief genito-urinary surgeon in charge of the venerial camp at Jefferson Barracks, and three months later was commissioned major. In August, 1918, he was assigned to United States Base Hospital No. 131, and in September was ordered overseas. He arrived in Europe in October, 1918, and was assigned to the hospital center at Mars-sur-Allier, where he served



as assistant commanding officer and commanding officer until February, 1919, when he was ordered to Tours, as chief of surgical service at hospital center at Joue-les-Tours. There he remained until the center was broken up and ordered home, he returning with the unit, and was discharged from Camp Dix, New Jersey, on July 26, 1919, with the military rank of major. In September, 1919, Doctor Hoover resumed private practice in Warren.

He is a member of the Trumbull County and State Medical Societies, belongs to the American Medical Association, and is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. Socially he belongs to the Union and Athletic Clubs of Cleveland, and fraternally to the Masonic order, being a member of the Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, to Scioti Consistory, Scottish Rite, thirty-second degree, and to the Al Koran Temple, Mystic Shrine.

Elias Rees. While he was a practical miner and coal operator from early boyhood for many years, Elias Rees eventually was able to satisfy his ambition to become an independent farmer. Agriculture was his satisfying vocation until recently, when in response to the great demand consequent upon the increasing population he prepared to dispose of his farm and convert it into a site for homes.

The Rees farm is a mile west of the Village of Hubbard. While Elias Rees has lived in Trumbull County nearly all his life he was born at Merther in Glamorganshire, Wales, March 25, 1858. Welsh people form a large and substantial group of Mahoning Valley citizenship, and most of the older generation who came from that country were either coal miners or iron workers. Elias Rees is a son of A. and Rachel Rees. His father was a Welsh coal miner, and on settling in Ohio in 1858, the same year his son Elias was born, he became an employe of Chauncey Andrews, mining coal at Crab Creek. He was connected with the Crab Creek mines seven years, and then in 1865 moved to Hubbard Township. During the same year, while sinking a coal slope for Rice & Clark at Cedar Corners, a car ran wild down the slope, striking him and Thomas James, the latter being killed instantly, while Rees died eight hours later. His widow was left with the care and support of six small children. He had bought a farm, but it was burdened with a debt of $1,500. Mrs. Rachel Rees showed the fine qualities of her noble character when deprived of her husband's aid, She literally worked night and day, both in the fields and in the house, and in four years had paid off the debt. While her work and her will were the big factors in this triumph, she always acknowledged a great debt to the capable counsel and advice of William Slemmons. She died on the old homestead in 1901, at the age of seventy. Her second husband was William G. Williams, and she survived him. The six children of her first marriage were: Mary, wife of William J. Jones, of Sharon; Elias; John, a retired resident of Youngstown; Jane, who died at the age of eighteen; David, who was a miner and died at the age of forty-eight; and Rees A., who was killed in a powder mill explosion at the age of thirty-one. William G. Williams had four children by his first wife: William Williams, who was killed in a blast at the Coalburg mines; Anne, who married Nelson Holder and both are now deceased; Thomas, who lives at Youngstown; and Evan, who died at the age of twenty-three. The four children of the marriage of Mr. Williams and Mrs. Rees were: Benjamin, a member of the Youngstown police force; Elizabeth, who married William Donovan and died at the age of thirty-eight; Daniel, who died of typhoid at the age of eighteen; and Josiah, a foreman of the Republic Iron & Steel Company living at Hubbard.

Elias Rees was only eight years of age when he helped man the hand pumps in coal mines. Beginning with that as his initial experience he had every form of work and learned every phase of coal mining. For three years he was at the Niles shaft, and did his last work in that business at Cedar Corners, in the same mines where his father was killed. He took a contract to open the main shaft there and helped open several other mines and was also in charge of a shift. His career as a miner closed in 1884, after eighteen years. In that year he became a butcher and for twelve years supplied fresh meat to the coal mines and also ran a meat wagon to the Valley Mills on Crab Creek. This business he operated with profit, and from his savings bought a farm in Liberty Township, now included in the Henry Wick property. Having sold that in 1893 he bought his present place a mile west of Hubbard. This is the old C. F. Bates farm of 118 acres. Mr. Rees made his farm notable by the breeding of draft horses and Shetland ponies, and continued that profitable feature of his farm work for about sixteen years. Probably the last field crop has been gathered from the farm, since it is now in readiness for platting as a residence district.

At the age of twenty-two Mr. Rees married Mary Harriet Lewis. She died twelve years later, the mother of two children: Jane, wife of Erastus Eells, of Lisbon, Ohio; and Roger, cashier of the Truscon Steel Works at Youngstown. In 1894 Mr. Rees married Mrs. Mary (Jones) Lloyd, a native of Wales. Four children were born to their union: Elias, Jr., of Hubbard, a New York Central Railway employe; Rachel, bookkeeper in the First National Bank of Youngstown; Ezekiel and Sarah, both high school students at Hubbard.

Lewis Hutton. Though he served five years in the regular army during the Civil war period, Lewis Hutton has many active business interests today in his home town of Cortland, where he is mayor, president of the Cortland Savings & Banking Company, and has an office as an insurance and real estate man.

Mr. Hutton, who has lived in Trumbull County for nearly fifty years, was born near Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, August 8, 1845, son of Caleb and Elizabeth (Cooper) Hutton. The paternal grandparents were Lewis and Harriet Hutton, farming people of Chester County, Pennsylvania. The Huttons came originally from England. Elizabeth Cooper Hutton was the daughter of Phineas and Ann Cooper, also farmers of Chester County, and her grandfather, Thomas Cooper, served as a private in the Colonial troops in the Revolution. Caleb Hutton was a stone

mason by trade, and died when his son Lewis was four years of age. He was the father of six children: Mary A., who married Constantine Strong; Lewis; Lydia, the twin sister of Lewis, died in 1905 as Mrs. Jacob Greig; Evan, deceased; Caleb; and Philenia.

Lewis Hutton acquired his education at Avondale, Pennsylvania, and was sixteen years of age when he enlisted, August 18, 1861, in Company B of the Eighth Regiment of Regulars. He was in the army five years, and was in the Army of the Potomac during some of the greatest battles in the eastern theater of the war. He was wounded at Chancellorsville and at Gettysburg, and other battles in which he participated were Yorktown, Seven Oaks, the Seven Days' battle, the second battle of Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg, the Wilderness campaign, and was at Appomattox in April, 1865. In the fall following the close of the war he was sent to California, where he remained until his honorable discharge at San Francisco, August 18, 1866. After the war he learned the trade of miller, remained at Philadelphia about four years, and after traveling over Iowa and Missouri came to Trumbull County in 1871. A friend had visited at Cortland and through his influence Mr. Hutton became miller of the local mill. Except for a year spent at Saginaw, Michigan, he has lived in Trumbull County continuously since 1871. For six years he was miller and had an interest in a mill at North Bristol, Ohio, and then returned to Cortland and with M. C. Kennedy bought the local mill, operating it under the firm name of Hutton and Kennedy until it was burned in 1891. This was an old stone mill. The site was sold to N. M. Richards. For a time Mr. Hutton was also engaged in farming and then returned to the village, where he has had an active part in banking and other affairs. He was made president of the Cortland Savings & Banking Company to succeed M. A. Cowdrey at his death in June, 1920. He served as township trustee, as a member of the village council, for six years was county infirmary director, and was first elected mayor in 1907 for a two-year term. Then in 1913 he was again elected to that office, and has been regularly continued by the votes of his fellow citizens ever since. The public lighting of Cortland is supplied by the mill company. The village has ample fire protection, with truck and chemical engine, and the sidewalks are all stone and cement, while the streets are macadamized with a Tarvia surface. Mr. Hutton also has a position as a notary public. He is a republican in politics and for fifty years has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He has passed all the chairs in the local lodge. He is a member of the Burrow-Coburn Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. This Post was started in 1886 with forty members, but most of them have been mustered out by death until not more than four respond to roll call.

In 1875 Mr. Hutton married Ella O. Post, of Cortland, who was born in that Ohio village August 6, 1855, daughter of M. C. and Elvila Post. Her father was a miller by trade. Mrs. Hutton died in May, 1915, and was buried on Sunday, May 13th, the fortieth anniversary of their marriage. Three children were born to them, Olive O., born in 1881, is the wife of Frank Musser, a garage proprietor at Warren; Elvila E., born in 1888, is the wife of John Hartman, an automobile dealer and garage proprietor at Warren; and Lewis S., who is an electrical contractor at Warren.

John A. White finds in Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, a most atractive and productive stage for his vigorous activities as an agriculturist and stock grower, and his farm is eligibly situated six miles south of Warren and four and one-half miles west of Niles. He was born at Niles, this county, August 24, 1873, and is a son of Samuel and Laura (Battles) White, both of whom were born and reared in Weathersfield Township, this county, the birthplace of the father having been a farm two miles west of Niles. Samuel White passed his entire life in his native county, was for some time engaged in the teaming business at Niles, and was one of the substantial farmers of the county at the time of his death, when fifty-eight years of age, his widow being now a resident of Niles. She is a daughter of John and Mary (Levings) Battles, his father having been born on a farm near Mineral Ridge, this county, and the old homestead is still owned by the heirs of his brother Jacob, who died when about eighty-five years of age, at Niles. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Samuel White resided for a few years on the farm of the latter's father, adjacent to and now partly within the City of Niles. Mr. White was absent from this farm about fifteen years, and then returned to the place, of which he came into full ownership by buying the interests of all other heirs except his wife. He continued his activities on this farm until the time of his death, and seventy acres of the farm are now owned by his son Charles, who there resides. Of the three children, John A., of this review, is the eldest; Ella is the wife of Thomas H. Evans, and they reside near Niles; and Charles W., as previously noted, owns and resides on a part of the old home farm.

John A. White profited by the advantages of the public schools and remained on his father's farm until he was twenty-eight years of age, though he had married about three years previously. He purchased the Samuel Flick farm of eighty-six acres, and here he has since continued his successful activities as an agriculturist and stock grower, dairy farming and the raising of high-grade horses being made special features of his farm enterprise. Mr. White owned his grandfather Battles' farm for a number of years, but the Gursella Chemical Works is now located on that property. He is a staunch supporter of the principles of the democratic party, and while never a seeker of public office he takes satisfaction in according service as a member of the school board, of which position he is now incumbent. He is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, and he and his wife are members of the Christian Church.

November 16, 1898, recorded the marriage of Mr. White to Miss Olive Justice, who was born at Niles, January 16, 1876, a daughter of David and Jane (Cole) Justice, who removed to Milton Township when she was a child. Mrs. White was eleven years old at the time of her mother's death, and she assumed charge of the domestic affairs of the home,

in which capacity she showed marked energy and ability as a housewife. In her home her venerable father has resided for the past eighteen years. Mr. Justice was, for many years actively identified with lumbering interests in this section of the state. He dealt in timber, manufactured thousands of railroad ties and was a successful business man. Mr. and Mrs. White have three children, Laura, Sylvia and Alice, all of whom are attending school at the time of this writing, in 1920. Laura was graduated from the Lordstown High School and is now attending the normal school at Kent, Sylvia being a student in the high school at Lordstown.

Archie A. McCorkle has spent his active years as a farmer, rancher and live stock man. As a youth he was in the far Southwest, managing one of the great cattle outfits in the country in the days of the free range. Since then his business has been farming in the country of Eastern Ohio, where his people have lived for over a century, and he has one of the well equipped dairy farms at Lordstown.

The McCorkles were Scotch-Irish. Three brothers, William, John and Archibald, came from Ireland to the United States in 1799. Two of them, John and Archibald, after spending a short time near Philadelphia came to the Western Reserve of Ohio and settled in the timber near the present City of Youngstown. Their descendants are now widely dispersed over many states. John McCorkle married Isabella Montgomery, a native of Ireland, and they had children named William, Margaret, Sarah, Deborah, Archibald, John, Andrew and James.

Of these the line of the present family was carried through Archibald, who was born at Boardman in Mahoning County, March 9, 1809. Nearly all his early life was spent in the era of pioneer simplicity when railroads and modern facilities were unknown. After his marriage he bought a tract of timber land a half mile east of Center in Lordstown Township, erected a log house, and gave his time and labor to the clearing of the woods and the cultivation of the fields, while his good wife performed all the arts of the pioneer woman, making homespun clothing and cooking her meals at the fireplace. Archibald McCorkle had good business judgment, was a successful farmer, an expert in handling live stock and developed a good farm of 300 acres. He was killed by a falling tree on March 9, 1861. His wife was Mary Jones, a daughter of John Jones, and she was born in Austintown Township March 29, 1814, and died October 27, 1894. Their six children were: Seymour, who died at the age of forty-two; Martha, who died at the age of eighteen; Miranda, who died at the age of twenty-two; Almon G.; John Alva, who was educated at Hiram College, graduated in medicine from Michigan University, and for many years was president of the Brooklyn Hospital at Brooklyn, New York, where he died in 1916; and Samantha J., who became the wife of L. J. Longmore and died in 1917.

Almon Green McCorkle, one of the best known of the older residents of Lordstown Township, was born in that section of Trumbull County February 4, 1842, received his early education in local schools, in Lordstown Academy, and in a business college at Pittsburgh. He has been a man of many interests and activities. Beginning at the age of eighteen, he taught at Warren and later in the graded schools of Georgetown and North Jackson. He began his farming career by the purchase of a portion of the old homestead and eventually owned all of it. From 1886 to 1904 he had extensive interests as a rancher in Arizona, having gone to that section of the Southwest for the benefit of his health. He engaged in cattle raising on an extensive scale, and also operated an auxiliary ranch in Dakota Territory. He divided his time between his Western ranch and his Ohio farm, but since 1905 his years have been spent in Lordstown Township and for the past five years he has lived retired. He cast his first presidential vote for the democratic candidate in 1864, and has always been a democrat, though never inclined to hold office. He is a Mason, is affiliated with the Christian Church at Lordstown, and was one of the early advocates of good road improvements in his section. He served as a director of the Lordstown Mutual Fire Insurance Company, was active in the county fairs, and gave his support and influence to the centralized school system, which was established against a great deal of opposition, there being four votes taken on the subject before the plan was approved.

Almon G. McCorkle married Martha M. Leitch on November 15, 1865. She was born in County Donegal, Ireland, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Leitch. Mrs. A. G. McCorkle died April 19, 1912, at the age of seventy-two. She was the mother of five children: Lydia, born in 1867, lives at Fort Wayne, Indiana, widow of John M. Metts; Mary B., born in 1870, is the wife of Charles E. Rose, of Niles; Archie A.; Robert, born in 1879, is treasurer of the Niles Trust Company; and Charles, born in 1886, is a graduate of Cornell University and a practicing lawyer at Wichita, Kansas.

Archie A. McCorkle was born May 9, 1872, and was liberally educated, attending the Northeastern Ohio Normal College at Canfield and Hiram College. He grew up and lived on the home farm in Ohio until 1896, when he joined his father in the Arizona ranch. He was in the saddle as a cowboy and after two years was made manager. The outfit was one of the largest operating in that section of the Southwest, and at times had as high as 40,000 head of cattle on the range, with from twelve to forty men employed. Mr. McCorkle spent eight years in this interesting life of the far West. In 1904 he bought a farm in Brookfield Township of 211 acres, for three years had charge of his father's home place, and in 1914 came to his present farm, the old John Woodward farm at Lordstown. He has 200 acres, and has made dairying the prominent feature of his business. His interest goes beyond his private affairs to the various movements for the good of the community. He is an advocate of good roads, has served as township trustee, is a worker for better schools, is a member of the Grange, the Christian Church, and, like his father, a democrat in politics.

Mr. McCorkle married Miss Ruie Pardee, who was born in Portage County, Ohio, a daughter of Dwight and Minerva (Campbell) Pardee. Her mother was a daughter of Alexander and Rebecca (Yoximer) Campbell. Alexander Campbell was born

in Newton Township in 1803, on the farm now owned by his granddaughter, Mrs. McCorkle. Rebecca Yoximer was also born in the Mahoning Valley. Alexander Campbell was a very devout Baptist, and was widely known as a Bible student. Minerva Campbell was one of a family of twelve children, and she spent most of her life in Trumbull County, having come here from Portage when Ruie was a child. Dwight Pardee died in February, 1917, and Mrs. McCorkle's mother passed away July 10, 1918. Mrs. McCorkle was the only child of her parents and she taught school until her marriage. The four children of Mr. and Mrs. McCorkle are Thelma, Helen, Martha and John Alva.

Adolf Weiss. Progressive policies, large and well selected stocks, modern facilities and fair and honorable dealings have made the Weiss Department Store at Newton Falls one of the leading mercantile establishments of this part of Trumbull County, and the enterprise would be an honor to a place of much larger population. In the upbuilding of this substantial and prosperous business Adolf Weiss, the proprietor, has shown his initiative and administrative ability, and he is not only one of the representative merchants but also a liberal and popular citizen of Trumbull County.

Mr. Weiss was born in Hungary, December 26, 1866, and there he gained his early education, though he was still a boy when he assumed practical responsibilities. In reviewing his career it is found that when but fifteen years of age he arrived in the City of Cleveland, with a cash capital of $300, and that soon afterward he began selling merchandise, a phase of business enterprise in which he has continued to direct his energies to the present time and in connection with which he has won worthy success. As a youth, with but limited capital, he opened a men's furnishing store at Cleveland. In 1892 he purchased of one of his friends, Benjamin Haskins, the latter's small clothing and men's furnishing store at Newton Falls, the stock of goods in the establishment having been valued at about $3,000. Two years later Mr. Weiss added a department devoted to men's and boys' shoes, and after the lapse of an additional four years his progressiveness was further demonstrated in his adding select stocks of dry goods, millinery, carpets, rugs, wall paper, besides which his shoe department was enlarged to include shoes for women and children. He at this time utilized but one room in the building which he had purchased, but these quarters soon proved inadequate to meet the demands of the constantly expanding business, and in 1914 he remodeled the building, took in two more store rooms, and installed a modern plate-glass front. Each successive year has shown an expansion of trade and enlargement of stock, and still larger quarters are certain to be a requirement of the near future. Constant forward movement has been the policy of this enterprising merchant, whose trade extends throughout a wide territory tributary to Newton Falls. His success has been based on his policy of asking small margin of profit and making the volume of business justify this, and his patrons show appreciation of his efforts to please them and offer them full value received for their expenditures. Mr. Weiss is now one of the substantial men and influential and popular citizens of Newton Falls, and he is vice president of the local banking institution, of which he has been a director for several years. Within his period of service as a member of the village council the most important of the street improvements at Newton Falls were made, and he staunchly favored this and all other progressive measures. During his seven years as a member of the school board he was instrumental in helping to raise the local school to a high school of the first grade, with an effective educational system. For a number of years he was president of the Board of Trade. Mr. Weiss is a republican and is deeply interested in the Masonic fraternity and its history and teachings. He has not only served as worshipful master of the local lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, but has also represented the same in the Grand Lodge of the state.

He is most appreciative of the opportunities that have been afforded him in the land of his adoption, and is vitally loyal to American institutions. He and his wife hold active membership in Rodef Sholem Temple in Youngstown.

October 11, 1896, recorded the marriage of Mr. Weiss to Miss Jennie Goodman, of Cleveland, and they have four children: Benjamin M., who completed his academic education in the University of Pennsylvania, is now associated with his father's business; Lena A. is, in 1920, a senior at Swarthmore College, Pennsylvania; and Verna I. and Kathryn B. are the younger members of the cheery home circle. Lena A. Weiss is the author of the town slogan which was adopted by the Board of Trade as the most appropriate among all that were submitted for the committee's approval. The wording of this slogan is as follows: "Newton Falls, the spot where opportunity calls." This slogan is now used to advertise the advantages of Newton Falls as a manufacturing center.

William P. Barnum, who was twice elected judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Mahoning County, and is member of the law firm Moore, Barnum & Hammond, is not, as his service and honors would indicate, one of the older members of the legal profession in Youngstown, but is nevertheless one of the most gifted and successful.

Judge Barnum was born in Ashtabula County, Ohio, October 15, 1879, son of William P. and Nannie (Knowlton) Barnum. The Knowltons are an old and well known Western Reserve family. The Barnums came originally from England, where in early times the name was spelled Barnham. In America the family lived for a number of years in Connecticut, and later moved to Buffalo, New York. Fred G. Barnum became a pioneer settler in Ashtabula County, Ohio. William P. Barnum, Sr., was a confectioner by trade and followed that occupation in various localities, including Youngstown. While living in Alliance, Ohio, he was elected and served as mayor.

William P. Barnum, Jr., spent a number of years of his boyhood at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, where he attended public school, and was graduated from Geneva College in the classical course in 1901. He soon afterward located at Youngstown and read law

Johnston

in the office of Frank L. Baldwin and was admitted to the bar in December, 1902. Though he engaged in local practice he spent much of his time for several years traveling in the West, especially in Idaho and Washington, looking after some mining enterprises. Judge Barnum resumed practice in Youngstown in 1905 as a partner of D. F. and Emil J. Anderson. In 1909, at the age of thirty, he was elected judge of the Court of Common Pleas. His first term of seven years was so satisfactory that he was re-elected and continued in office until April 15, 1918, when he resigned to reconstruct and resume his private practice. He has since been a member of the firm Moore, Barnum & Hammond, one of the best legal organizations in Eastern Ohio.

Judge Barnum is a member of the County, State and American Bar associations. He is a Knight Templar and Scottish Rite Mason and Shriner, also a Knight of Pythias, is a republican, a member of the Christian Church, and belongs to the Poland Country Club. December 21, 1905, he married Miss Pearl Clapper, of Wooster, Ohio. They have one daughter, Dorothy.

John Stambaugh Ford. In an all too brief lifetime John Stambaugh Ford exemplified many of the fine virtues and personal and business qualities of his family line, including the Fords, Stambaughs and Tods. Much practical and constructive work of a business nature remained to his credit. His splendid vitality, his wholesouled participation in social events and community affairs, gained him a richness of esteem that has not been lost during the quarter of a century since his untimely death.

The late Mr. Ford was a son of Gen. James H. and Arabella (Stambaugh) Ford. His paternal grandmother was Julia Tod, a sister of Governor David Tod. His maternal grandparents were John and Sarah (Bower) Stambaugh. Gen. James H. Ford was a Union soldier and officer, and subsequently gained a high position in civil life. Concerning the Tod and Stambaugh families an ample account is given on other pages of this publication.

John Stambaugh Ford was born in the City of Omaha, Nebraska, September 5, 1856, and when he was about ten years of age his parents returned to Youngstown where he was educated in public schools. He began his business career as an employe of his uncle John Stambaugh. After a thorough training he became prominent in various enterprises in which he was a principal. He promoted and was one of the owners of the Youngstown Dry Goods Company. He was also president of the Opera House Company of Youngstown, and a stockholder in the Union Iron and Steel Company and the Falcon Iron & Nail Company.

Hand in hand with his business activities went a daily public spirit and charity none the less valuable because Mr. Ford himself possessed that rare modesty which endeavored to conceal charitable purposes and actions. He was a very prominent supporter of the Young Men's Christian Association. He was a republican and an active member of the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown.

After a brief vacation in the South with his family Mr. Ford was stricken with a fever and died at Ormond Beach, Florida, April 8, 1893. On June 8, 1887, six years before his death he married Miss Harriet Wick. He was survived by Mrs. Ford and their only child Helen Wick, who was born July 31, 1889. The daughter was liberally educated at home and in eastern schools and also by travel in Europe. Mrs. Ford and her daughter for a number of years gave much of their time to the Youngstown Young Women's Christian Association, and the beautiful building of that association stands partly as an expression of the cherished ideals of Mrs. Ford.

Mrs. Ford was born in 1861, a daughter of Paul and Susan A. (Bull) Wick. It is hardly necessary here to refer at length to the Wick family, whose history as pioneers of the Mahoning Valley is disclosed on other pages. Mrs. Ford's father was born in Mahoning County in 1824, and was a son of Henry Wick, who came from Washington County, Pennsylvania, to Youngstown in 1801 and was one of the first settlers of the city. Mrs. Ford was educated in the schools of Youngstown, a girls' school at Cleveland, and also by extensive travel abroad.

Robert Bentley, one of the most successful, active and interesting of the men who have builded the industries of the Mahoning Valley, was born August 30, 1854, at Youngstown, Ohio, his parents being Martyn and Mary (McCurdy) Bentley, both children of early pioneers in the Western Reserve. Mr. Bentley attended the public schools, graduated from Rayen High School and then entered the First National Bank, beginning his business career with this institution in 1873.

In 1879 he became actively interested in the iron industry through the organization of the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, in which enterprise he joined with Henry Wick, Thomas H. Wells, John C. Wick and others. Since that date he has been active in the management of the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, originally as secretary, but for many years as president, while at the same time acting in an executive or directorial capacity in many of the important enterprises in Youngstown, as well as in a number of outside corporations. At this time he is president of the Ohio Iron & Steel Company, the Carbon Limestone Company, the Interstate Limestone Company, the Ohio & Pennsylvania Belt Line Railroad Company, the Yale Land Company, the Holland Land Company, the Florence Land Company (Florence, South Carolina), vice president of the First National Bank of Youngstown, the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, the Ohio Leather Company, the Orient Coke Company, the Tidewater Coal Company, secretary of the Robert McCurdy Estate Company and the Robert McCurdy Company, director of the Crete Mining Company, the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, the Republic Rubber Company, the Tod-Stambaugh Company, the Delaware River Steel Company (Chester, Pennsylvania), the Wick Oil & Gas Company, and other corporations. He is a member of the advisory committee of the Sharon Steel Hoop Company.

Mr. Bentley has always taken great interest in public affairs, and few men have contributed so

liberally of their time and means toward movements for the public good. His contributions to charity and to the dissemination of education and religion have been large and unostentatious, only those in close touch with his affairs knowing of the greater portion of these. At this time he is president of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, vice president of the Community Service Company, a life director of the Youngstown City Hospital Association and trustee of the Young Men's Christian Association. During the war with Germany he was extremely active in all patriotic and welfare movements, and served as a member of the executive committee of the Mahoning War Chest Council, was actively interested in the Red Cross, and led in many other movements of similar character.

Mr. Bentley's father died at the untimely age of thirty-one years, and he, with three other children, was reared under the beneficent guidance of the mother, who was one of the most widely known and highly esteemed women of her generation in Youngstown. A characteristic of Mr. Bentley's life has been his unceasing devotion to this mother, and he has honored her memory by the presentation to the Young Women's Christian Association of a fine dormitory in her name.

Mr. Bentley is a member of the American Iron & Steel Institute, the Youngstown, and Youngstown Country clubs, and the Pee Dee Gun, Union, Duquesne, Navy League, Upper Saranac and other clubs. His handsome home in Youngstown and his summer establishment at Upper Saranac, New York, are shrines of hospitality and social enjoyment for his friends. His wife, to whom he was married October 16, 1895, was Miss Agusta Zug, of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and they have three sons, Robert Bentley, Jr.; Martin Zug Bentley and Richard McCurdy Bentley.

Charles W. Reihl. More and more the business men of the country are realizing the necessity for efficiency in their establishments, and recognize the fact that in no way can they better secure it than to have their accounts audited by an expert. The banking insitutions in recent years adopted the plan of occasionally calling in one of these men whose capabilities have been directed toward perfecting themselves in this line of work, and many other concerns are continuing in this line of work, until no establishment of any recognized position can afford to run the risk entailed by a neglect of so important a service. One of the men who has attained to a reputation for his accuracy and reliability is Charles W. Reihl, auditor for the First National Bank and the Dollar Savings & Trust Company of Youngstown.

Mr. Reihl was born at Mauch Chunk, Carbon County, Pennsylvania, on September 1, 1867, a son of John Reihl. The latter was a native of Germany, but left his home and country because he was not in sympathy with the governmental policy, and came to the United States in the later '30s. In Germany the name is spelled Reühl, but after coming to this country he Americanized it and afterward always wrote it Reihl. He was a tailor by trade and followed that calling and also engaged in merchandising, building up a reputation for dependability and upright dealing that gained him the respect of all with whom he came in contact. John Reihl married Charlotte Moffly, of French ancestry, whose forebears came to America before the Revolution, some of them fighting for this country in the Colonial army. After a long and useful life John Reihl died in 1883, and his passing was regarded as a distinct loss by his community.

Charles W. Reihl was twelve years old when his parents moved to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and he was given the advantages offered by the excellent public schools of that city. After completing his education Mr. Reihl went into the Manufacturers National Bank of Philadelphia, and for twenty-two years maintained connections with it, and in it gained a thorough knowledge of financial matters. Later he was employed by Marwick, Mitchell & Company, chartered accountants, to travel over many of the states of the Union and Canada as bank examiner and bank systemizer. In 1916 he came to Youngstown to take charge of the duties of his present position, and has since then made the city his permanent home. He is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce and is interested in the proper development of civic and commercial affairs.

In 1893 Mr. Reihl was united in marriage with Miss S. Anna Topley, and they have one living daughter, Alice, the wife of Ralph O. Dulany, who was aid de camp on the staff of General Fransworth during the late war, his rank being that of a first lieutenant.

Mr. Reihl is energetic and patriotic, and during the great war served his country and the banks with which he was connected, in caring for the many Liberty Loan subscriptions placed with those banks. He is regarded by the financial institutions with which he is connected, as well as the people of Youngstown generally, as one of the sound, conservative men of this region, and his judgment and advice are relied upon because of his long and wide experience as well as natural attainments and training.

George E. McNab. Among the strong and influential citizens of Youngstown, the record of whose lives has become an essential part of the history of this section, the gentleman whose name appears above has exerted a beneficial influence throughout the community where he resides. His chief characteristics are keenness of perception, a tireless energy, honesty of purpose and motive and every-day common sense, which have enabled him not only to advance his own interests, but also to largely contribute to the moral and material advancement of the community.

George E. McNab was born at Poland, Ohio, on September 12, 1854, and is the son of Latimer Boyd and Mary (Hahn) McNab, and a grandson of James McNab, a native of Scotland who in 1765 came to the United States, locating on a farm in Washington County, Pennsylvania, where he married Mary Latimer. In 1801 he moved to Poland, Ohio, where he devoted the remainder of his life to agriculture. He was numbered among the sturdy pioneers of that locality and bore his full share of

the burden of developing that locality and making of it a fit place for the splendid homes and families which followed in after years. His son Latimer (generally known as Boyd McNab), learned the trade of carpenter and erected many of the earlier buildings in that locality. He was a member of the famous "Squirrel Hunters" during the Civil war, and his eldest son, Charles W., also served in that war, as a member of Company E, Twenty-Third Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry. Latimer Boyd McNab and wife were the parents of five children, of whom but two are now living, George E. being the only resident of Mahoning County.

George E. McNab was reared under the paternal rooftree and secured his education in the public schools. He learned the trade of a garment cutter at West's Cutting Institute in New York City, and his first employer was John Boyle, the tailor, in Youngstown. Later he engaged in the tailoring business on his own account, and was so engaged for thirty years, enjoying a most excellent reputation because of his high grade work and the general satisfaction given to his customers. In 1910 Mr. McNab relinquished the tailoring business and engaged in the sale of life insurance, in which he has continued to the present time, his being one of the largest and best-known insurance agencies in Youngstown. He is the district agent of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company. He is an active member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce and of the Life Underwriters' Association of Youngstown.

On June 9, 1880, Mr. McNab was married to Emma W. Bell, and they have become the parents f four children, namely: Clarabel; Mary, the wife of C. J. Johnson; Helen and George E., Jr. The latter volunteered in the recent World war and entered the naval service as a second-class seaman, serving until the end of the war, when he was released on inactive duty as an ensign. He is now associated with his father in the insurance business. Mrs. McNab is the youngest daughter of the late Edwin Bell, one of the old-time manufacturers of Youngstown.

Mr. and Mrs. McNab are members of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. Fraternally Mr. McNab is an honored and appreciative member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he has attained to the highest and last degree in the order, that of an honorary thirty-third-degree member of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. At the age of twenty-one years he was made a Mason in Western Star Lodge, of which he has served as worshipful master. In the York Rite of Masonry he served as high priest of Youngstown Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and as eminent commander of St. John's Commandery of Knights Templar, while in the Scottish Rite he served ten years as the first master of the Lodge of Perfection. He is also a member of the Ancient Arabic Order of Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Earnest purpose and tireless energy, combined with mature judgment and every-day common sense, have been among his most prominent characteristics, and he has merited the respect and esteem which are accorded to him by all who know him.

LEWIS W. MORGAN. The late Lewis W. Morgan was one of the representative men of Ohio, whose excellent characteristics won him the confidence and respect of his neighbors. He was a pioneer of Trumbull County, developing there a homestead in the vicinity of Weathersfield, and his death occurred in the latter community on April 28, 1909, when he was ninety-one years of age. He was born on January 1, 1818, at Cym-Fellyn, Glamorganshire, South Wales. His experiences were many and varied, going far beyond those of the ordinary individual. During his youth and early manhood he worked in the mines of his native country, where he became inured to hard work, and where, in addition to inheritance, he built up a rugged constitution. At thirty years of age he sailed for America, and upon his arrival in this country came direct to Ohio and established a home at Tallmadge, Summit County, where he found employment in the coal mines operated by William Harris. The glowing reports of the discovery of gold on the Pacific Coast created in him a desire to seek his fortune in that then far distant country. In May, 1852, he made his start from Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio. The great plains of the West then teemed with buffalo, and while on a hunt on the North Platte River the horses were stolen by the Indians. Later the party was attacked by Pawnee Indians in Western Nebraska, but in spite of these setbacks the emigrants pursued their way and reached Placerville, California, on September 29, 1852. Mr. Morgan remained in California until 1854, and was reasonably successful and felt justified in returning home by way of the Isthmus of Panama. After his arrival home he was married to Elinor Owens, of Tallmadge, and buying a farm in its vicinity was there engaged in agricultural pursuits until in April, 1857, when he moved to a farm near Weathersfield, which was for many years the family home. Seven children were born to him and his wife, namely: Emma, who is deceased, David L., Benjamin, Owen, Evan L., Walter L. and Daniel L. They also had an adopted daughter, who became Mrs. Mary A. First. Mr. Morgan was a man of marked characteristics. He possessed a clear, clean mind, and to the last, a remarkable memory. When in a reminiscent mood he would entertain his children by recalling incidents of his varied experiences. Among other events he distinctly recalled the coronation of Queen Victoria. He was a member of a stock company which opened coal mines at Soddy, Tennessee, in the early '70s. In 1856 he voted for John C. Fremont, and ever afterward was a stanch republican, casting his last presidential ballot for William Howard Taft. Intellectually he never grew old or stagnated, and while the infirmities of age left an impress upon him physically, his reasoning faculties were unimpaired. He lived a strict, upright life and was a fitting example of the younger generations, passing away honored and respected for his neighborliness and his numerous sterling qualities.

Evan L. Morgan, son of Lewis W. Morgan, and one of the substantial men of Youngstown, is vice president and treasurer of the George L. Fordyce Company, one of the leading mercantile houses of the city. Mr. Morgan was born on his father's farm in Trumbull County, Ohio, on October 16, 1866. His mother was a daughter of Reverend Owens, a pioneer Baptist clergyman, and she was a lady of great

strength of character and many Christian virtues. She was born in Wales, but was brought to the United States by her parents in the '40s, and after they had landed at New Orleans, Louisiana, they came up the Ohio River to Pittsburg, Ohio, and thence by canal to Youngstown. She and her husband were married at Tallmadge, Summit County, Ohio, which was then the center of the mining activities of the state.

Evan L. Morgan was reared at Weathersfield and completed his educational training, begun in the public schools of that place, in a commercial college of Pittsburg, Ohio. For the subsequent four years he was a bookkeeper, and then for two years looked after his father's mining interests in Tennessee. Going West, he spent two years in Colorado, but returned to Ohio and located permanently in Youngstown in October, 1891. Here he associated himself with his present house, first as a member of its selling force, and later became one of the stockholders and officials. For some years he has been an active member of the Chamber of Commerce, and has always been a booster for Youngstown. He belongs to the Youngstown Country Club and at present is chairman of the Merchants Retail Board.

In 1903 Mr. Morgan was united in marriage with Anne O'Connor, and they have an adopted son, Joseph. Mr. Morgan is active in the affairs of Youngstown, planning and executing, and is regarded as a worthy son of a most worthy father.

BERNARD HIRSHBERG. Fealty to facts in the analyzation of the character of a citizen of the type of Bernard Hirshberg, a well known business man of Youngstown, is all that is required to make a biographical sketch interesting to those who have at heart the good name of the community, because it is the honorable reputation of the man of standing and affairs more than any other consideration that gives character and stability to the body politic. In the broad light which things of good report ever invite, the name and character of Mr. Hirshberg stand revealed and secure and, though of modest demeanor, with no ambition to distinguish himself in public position or as a leader of men, his career has been signally honorable and it may be studied with profit by the youth entering upon his life work.

Bernard Hirshberg was born in Hanover, Germany, on June 9, 1850, and is a son of Jonas and Elsie (Steinfeld) Hirshberg, the former of whom was a tradesman in his native community. His two oldest sons having come to the United States in order to escape compulsory military service and not wishing to live longer under a monarchical form of government, and having reported favorably on conditions in the United States, the parents and the other members of the family came to this country in 1862 and located in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. In that city the subject of this sketch received his education in the public schools, but in 1869 he came to Youngstown and entered the employ of D. Theobald & Company, with whom he remained until 1875. In that year, in partnership with Isaac Strouss, he bought a mercantile business. This business had been founded by A. Walbrun & Company, who were succeeded by D. Theobald & Company, and they by Messrs. Strouss and Hirshberg, who are now incorporated as the Strouss-Hirshberg Company. Mr. Hirshberg has been identified with this business continuously since his first connection and has seen the business grow to extensive proportions. He is also connected with various other important enterprises, being a stockholder in the Trumbull Iron Works of Warren, Ohio, an original stockholder in the Dollar Savings and Trust Company, and is now a stockholder in that and the First National Bank.

In local movements of public interest he has been active and influential in his support. For a number of years he has been treasurer of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society; is a trustee of the Reuben McMillan Public Library; was formerly a trustee of the Associated Charities, and is an active member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally he is a member of Hillman Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is the senior past master, having presided over the lodge in 1883-4.

In 1880 Mr. Hirshberg was married to Sabine Barbier, and they have a daughter, Elsie, who is the wife of Dr. S. M. Hartzell and the mother of two children, Bernard and Babette. Mr. Hirshberg is liberal in his benefactions and stands ever ready to support with his influence and means all measures for the material and moral welfare of the community in which he has so long resided. Among those who know him best he bears a reputation of a man who exercises sound judgment and who has pronounced views, keeping himself well informed on all matters pertaining to the public weal or woe and always exercising the duties of citizenship in a conscientious manner.

CHARLES B. WELLS, one of the executors and trustees of the estate of his uncle, Thomas H. Wells, is one of the substantial and highly respected men of Youngstown. He was born at Brooklyn, New York, January 1, 1862, a son of Lindsay J. and Eleanor (Bridges) Wells, natives of Dublin, Ireland, and England, respectively. They were married after coming to the United States. Lindsay J. Wells was a civil engineer and architect, and for nearly fifty years was chief engineer of Greenwood Cemetery of Brooklyn. His death occurred in September, 1898, and that of his wife in February, 1877.

Charles B. Wells was reared at Brooklyn and in New Jersey, and attended an academy of Newark, New Jersey. Coming to Ohio, for a time he was an accountant in the coal offices of Tod, Wells & Company of Mineral Ridge. Later he became manager of the mines, and held that position until the coal supply of the mines was exhausted, at which time he entered the employ of Henry Wick as accountant for the mines controlled by Mr. Wick. When the Ohio Steel Company was organized Mr. Wells became its cashier, and for fourteen years held that responsible position, and when it became the Ohio Works of the Carnegie Steel Company he was made auditor and still later chief clerk. In 1905 Mr. Wells assumed the duties and responsibilities attendant upon his being an executor and trustee of his uncle's estate, and his time has since been occupied with them.

On October 26, 1887, Mr. Wells was united in marriage with Miss Ella I. Jones, of Mineral Ridge,

Ralph Booth

Ohio, a daughter of David P. Jones and his wife Sophia (Holford) Jones. Mrs. Wells died January 21, 1919. Mr. and Mrs. Wells maintained their home at Niles, Ohio, but after her death he came to Youngstown. The work devolving upon Mr. Wells is of such a character as to demand the services of a careful, accurate and capable man of wide experience, and it would have been difficult to have found anyone better fitted for it than he.

Lloyd Booth, president of the Falcon Steel Company at Niles, is a son of Charles H. Booth and a grandson of the pioneer Lloyd Booth. The story of his grandfather and other members of the family is an appropriate record found on other pages of this publication.

Born November 30, 1888, and named in honor of his grandfather, Lloyd Booth grew up in his native city of Youngstown. He attended the Yale private school in Youngstown, later the Hackley School at Tarrytown, New York, and in 1908 entered Harvard University, where he pursued the classical course and graduated A. B. in 1912. A young man of liberal education and undoubted talents, he quickly found his place in the industrial affairs of the Mahoning Valley and in September, 1912, entered the service of the Trumbull Steel Company at Warren. He was in the operating department of that plant until 1914, and subsequently became assistant treasurer and treasurer of the Trumbull Steel Company, an office from which he resigned in June, 1919. In that month he helped organize the Falcon Steel Company at Niles, and has since given his energies to the executive duties of president. He is also a director of the Mahoning National Bank of Youngstown, the Second National Bank of Warren and the Niles Trust Company.

Mr. Booth had an interesting war experience. His first duties were in a civilian capacity attached to the aviation section of the Signal Corps. August 8, 1918, at Buffalo, he was commissioned second lieutenant, and remained in that city in charge of the Churchill Street Plant of the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation until his discharge February 5, 1919. His official work was as army approvals officer at the plant.

Mr. Booth is a member of the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club, the Harvard Club of New York, the Harvard Club of Boston and the Bankers Club of America at New York. He is also a member of the American Iron & Steel Institute and an associate member of the American Mining & Metallurgical Engineers of New York City. April 22, 1915, he married Lauretta Ingraham Thomas, daughter of W. A. Thomas of Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. Booth are members of the First Presbyterian Church. They have two children: Lloyd, born November 1, 1916, at Warren; and Mary Bentley, born February 26, 1918, at Youngstown. The family home is at 1350 Fifth Avenue, Youngstown.

Oscar E. Diser is one of the members of the legal profession at Youngstown who soon found recognition as an able, trustworthy attorney, one in whom clients could place implicit confidence and whom courts from highest to lowest would hear, and to whom they gave full weight of consideration, respect and accord, and he has never lost any of this prestige, but has added to it as the years have brought him other honors. He has been chosen upon several occasions to discharge the duties of important office, and in this has displayed the same thoroughgoing course he has always followed in his practice.

Oscar E. Diser was born in the southern part of Mahoning County, Ohio, August 21, 1886, and was there reared and primarily educated. He is a son of Darwin S. and Sarah (Smith) Diser, also natives of Mahoning County, and grandson of Daniel Diser. Daniel Diser was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, and was a carpenter by trade. At about the age of eighteen years he came to the United States and for a few years lived at Baltimore, Maryland. Later he came to Mahoning County and located in Springfield, where he passed the remainder of his life. Darwin S. Diser became a general contractor and erected buildings at Canton and Youngstown. He died in 1910, and is survived by his widow. They were the parents of one son and two daughters, namely: Oscar, whose name heads this review; Sylvia, who married Edgar Peters, a farmer of Mahoning County; and Ruth, who married C. A. Rukenbrod, present manager of the Crystal Ice Company of Youngstown.

Oscar E. Diser prepared for college at the Northeastern Ohio Normal College, which then had its home in the old courthouse of Mahoning County at Canfield. For two years he took a literary course at Mount Union College, Alliance, Ohio, and then, entering the law department of the Ohio Northern University at Ada, Ohio, took the full legal course. In order to defray his expenses Mr. Diser taught school for three terms, the last one as principal of the Springfield Township School. In December, 1907, Mr. Diser was admitted to the bar, and has the distinction of being the youngest man to be so admitted by the State of Ohio. Immediately thereafter Mr. Diser located at Youngstown and began a general practice. In 1914 he took A. W. Craver into partnership with him, and this association is still maintained. Mr. Diser has been very active in the republican party, and in 1912 was elected to represent his district in the State Assembly, but after serving his term refused the nomination for a second term. During the time he was a member of the Legislature he served on the judiciary committee. During 1915 and 1916 he was city solicitor of East Youngstown, and it was while he was in office that the riots occurred, in which he aided in restoring order where lawlessness had reigned, and otherwise brought decency and a higher and cleaner civilization in the city's affairs, which remain to this day.

On September 20, 1910, Mr. Diser was united in marriage with Miss Mabel L. Peters, a daughter of Obediah Peters, who was a justice of the peace in Springfield Township for thirty-five years, a United States gauger for some time, a county infirmary director for two terms, and was otherwise a man of prominence in Mahoning County. Mr. and Mrs. Diser have two children, Ross Edwin and Saxon Carolyn. Mr. Diser belongs to the Odd Fellows, Elks, Knights of Pythias and the Poland Country Club. He owns two farms, comprising 276 acres of land, and is much

interested in fruit growing and looking after his rural interests, in which he finds relaxation from the exacting demands of his legal practice. Mr. Diser has always wielded a strong influence, and is regarded as a builder of character, so that he commands the profound respect and admiration of all with whom he comes in contact.

Earl M. McBride. The growth and development of any community are largely dependent upon the exertions of those men who devote themselves to the exploitations of real estate. Without their energy, vim and progressive ideas no locality will move out of the conventional rut, outside money will not be attracted to it, and property will be worth a little less year by year. With the advent of an enterprising, experienced man well versed in the realty business, comes a growth that is a veritable miracle. Many years have passed, of course, since the initial work was done in this line at Youngstown, but the needs of the great metropolis of the Mahoning Valley have made necessary the constant expansion of the outlying territory, while a maintenance of property already built is extremely important, especially during the last couple of years when the shortage of building materials and men has brought about the positive necessity for conservation of the structures on hand. So it is that the work of the realty dealer is counted as being among the important factors in the life of Youngstown. One of the men whose name is associated with development along this line in no small degree is Earl M. McBride, who is also a fully accredited attorney-at-law, and so especially fitted to deal with the oftentimes complicated problems in which a legal knowledge is imperative.

Earl M. McBride was born at Alliance, Ohio, on April 20, 1886, a son of William and Jennie (O'Rellia) (Burnett) McBride, and grandson of James Madison McBride. The latter came from the vicinity of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to Alliance, Ohio, and died when his son William was a small child. Growing up at Alliance, William McBride early learned to be self-supporting, entering the mills of Sharon, Pennsylvania. In 1901 he came to Youngstown as a heater in the employ of the Republic Iron & Steel Company, and is still residing at Youngstown. As he was born in December, 1865, he is now fifty-five years of age. For many years he has been a consistent member of the Baptist Church.

Earl M. McBride is the only child of his parents, and he was reared at Sharon, to which place his parents moved when he was one year old. There he attended the public schools, and later became a student of the Ohio Northern University, where he took the legal course and was admitted to the bar in December, 1909, although he did not study law with any idea of practicing it, but only as an aid to other lines of endeavor. For four years prior to his studying law he was an employe of the Youngstown Ice Company and the Carnegie Steel Company, and then, in May, 1910, he embarked in his present business, which he has built up to very gratifying proportions. He belongs to the Youngstown Club, the Poland Country Club and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce.

On April 29, 1911, Mr. McBride was united in marriage with Miss Gertrude Wagstaff, a daughter of James W. Wagstaff, who has been connected with the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company since it was organized, and is one of its valued men. Both Mr. and Mrs. McBride are popular in a congenial circle of young married people, and their future is bright before them.

Robert W. Forcier, member of the stock brokerage firm of Dudley, Forcier, Taylor Company, is one of the alert and aggressive young business men of Youngstown, and one who is specially fitted for the work he is accomplishing. He was born at Birmingham, Connecticut, on July 15, 1878, a son of Eugene W. and Mary (Cunningham) Forcier, the latter being deceased, and grandson of John Cunningham, a veteran of the war between the states. The Forcier family is of French lineage, but for generations has been established in the United States.

Robert W. Forcier was taken by his parents to Meriden, Connecticut, when still a small lad, and there he was reared and educated in its public schools. At the age of nineteen years he came to Youngstown to take the position of choirmaster of Saint John's Episcopal Church, he having received special training in music. When George W. Dudley founded his stock brokerage business Mr. Forcier became one of his salesmen, and in time acquired an interest in it, the concern now being conducted under the name of the Dudley, Forcier, Taylor Company, and a large amount of important transactions are negotiated.

In 1904 Mr. Forcier was united in marriage with Miss Alice Trigg, of Youngstown, and they have one son, Robert W., Jr. Mr. Forcier belongs to the Youngstown Club and the Youngstown Country Club. The Episcopal Church has in him an earnest member and vestryman. In politics he is a republican, although as yet he has not cared to enter public life, contenting himself in giving a hearty support to those movements which he deems will work out for the betterment of his community. Mr. Forcier is a living contradiction of the idea that a musician cannot be practical. While he has talents bordering on genius for everything of a musical character, at the same time he is one of the most successful of stock brokers, and can handle deals involving large amounts of money as efficiently as anyone in this line of endeavor. Both he and Mrs. Forcier are very popular socially, and their delightful home is often the scene of pleasant gatherings of congenial people who appreciate the cordial hospitality offered them, and the high class musical treat always in store for the guests.

John Brenner. One of of the oldest and best known mercantile organizations in the City of Youngstown is the John Brenner Jewelry Company, which was established in 1877 and for the past thirteen years has been conducted under that corporate title.

The Brenners came to Youngstown in 1867. At that time the head of the family was Frederick Brenner, who had emigrated from Germany with his wife, Magdalene, and their children. Frederick Brenner was a gardener and was also a nail maker, being practiced in the art of making nails by hand measure

before the first machines were invented for that purpose. He followed nail making and gardening in Ohio.

John Brenner was one of the eight children of Frederick and Magdalene. He was born in Baden, Germany, fourteen years before his parents came to Youngstown. He acquired only a common school education, and in 1870, at the age of seventeen, began learning the jeweler's trade with John Bakody. He remained with Mr. Bakody until 1875, when he took charge of the store on Phelps Street owned by an uncle, John Brenner, after whom he was named. Then in 1877 he opened a repair shop for jewelry in a shoe store conducted by Thomas B. Jones. When Mr. Jones was elected a county commissioner he retired from the shoe business, and John Brenner then took over all the space of the store at 123 West Federal Street. In June, 1877, his brother Conrad began an apprenticeship as a jeweler, and was therefore ready to take an active share in the business when it was enlarged upon the retirement of Mr. Jones, who has been actively interested with the Brenner interests to the present time, being vice president of the John Brenner Jewelry Company. John Brenner has been in the jewelry business for forty-three years. The John Brenner jewelry business was organized under the laws of Ohio with a $20,000 capital stock on February 4, 1904. John Brenner has been the first and only president, and the secretary and treasurer was Carl Brenner.

Carl Brenner was born at Duehren, Baden, Germany, May 25, 1866, being the youngest of the eight children of Frederick and Magdalene Brenner, and was one year old when brought to the United States. He was educated in the public schools of Youngstown and graduated in 1887 from the New York School of Pharmacy. At Youngstown he was employed as a pharmacist by Max Averbeck at 14 West Federal Street and later by Wick C. Gans at 9 West Federal Street. Subsequently he became a partner in the firm of Gans & Brenner. The firm was dissolved in 1896 when Carl Brenner opened a store of his own at Oak Hill and Duquesne. His store contained the first sub-postoffice in the city. Carl Brenner sold out his business in 1902 and joined the jewelry interests of his brothers and was secretary and treasurer of the John Brenner Jewelry Company from 1904 until his death on January 17, 1915.

February 4, 1892, at Youngstown, he married Anna Louisa Truog, daughter of Peter and Elizabeth Truog, the former a pioneer meat dealer of Youngstown. They had four children: C. Raymond, E. Alberta, M. Dorothy and Howard T. Brenner.

Carl Brenner was succeeded by his son C. Raymond as secretary and treasurer of the John Brenner Jewelry Company. During the past fifteen years this business has had a splendid growth, resulting in the establishment of the firm in its present beautifully equipped and attractive quarters at 117 West Federal Street.

Mr. John Brenner was one of the prime movers in the building of the Masonic Temple at Youngstown. He and his active associates accomplished this achievement against many adverse conditions. Mr. Brenner had the honor of being the first president of the Masonic Temple Company, and held that position a number of years. He is a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason and affiliated with Al Koran Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Cleveland, and is also affiliated with Western Star Lodge. He has long been active on the various committees of the Chamber of Commerce, and for many years has been an elder in the First Reformed Church.

In 1879, John Brenner married Mary Wellendorf, of New Castle, Pennsylvania. They have one daughter, Irma, wife of B. Frank Thomas and the mother of two children, Margaret Louise and John Howard Thomas.

William Scott Bonnell. Probably no other industrial institution had a bigger part in the Youngstown of former years than the well known Brown-Bonnell plant. It was one of the pioneer iron and steel mills, and many prominent steel men here and elsewhere received much of their training in that industry. William Scott Bonnell is the son of one of the men who comprised the original company of Brown, Bonnell & Company. While he has long been interested in iron and steel, he has also had many other commercial interests and is one of the men who have supplied much of the enterprise to Youngstown in its modern epoch.

His father, William Bonnell, was born in Yorkshire, England, June 10, 1810, son of John and Elizabeth (Gomersal) Bonnell. His people were in modest circumstances, and as a youth he began an apprenticeship at the trade of wool dyer. Early in his career, on September 18, 1834, he married Sarah A. Scott, daughter of George and Sarah Scott of England. Three children were born to their marriage in England. William Bonnell, finding his income inadequate for his family, came to America to share in some of the opportunities which had been so glowingly described. After actually arriving in the country it was several years before he realized any of the good fortune he had been taught to expect. He located at Cincinnati early in 1841. Finding no work at his trade, he determined to become an iron worker, and in 1845 moved to New Castle, Pennsylvania. He had that ability which easily adapts itself to new lines, and quickly became interested in all the details of iron making. He was promoted to bookkeeper of the company, and soon had the confidence of men of money. During the winter of 1854-55 he with Joseph, Thomas and Richard Brown, all practical iron men, bought a small and unsuccessful plant at Youngstown which had been constructed in 1843, on the branch of the canal. That plant was the first property of the new company of Brown, Bonnell & Company. The total capacity at the beginning was only seven tons a day, but in later years it became one of the largest iron manufacturing plants in the country. The business was incorporated in 1875, with Joseph Brown, president; Henry O. Bonnell as treasurer, and William Scott Bonnell, secretary. William Bonnell had lived to see the business built up far beyond the utmost bounds of his expectations, and for twenty years he held an honored place in Youngstown's industrial circles. He died May 25, 1875. He was an earnest member and elder of the First Presbyterian Church at Youngstown. His wife,

who survived him until 1898, became the mother of eight children: Sarah Jane, who married G. H. McElevey; Eliza A., who married J. H. Bushnell; Henry O., who died January 16, 1893; William Scott; Caroline H., who became the wife of John C. Wick; Mary, who died at the age of three years; Elizabeth, who married Myron C. Wick; and Martyn.

William Scott Bonnell, the first of the children born in America, was born at Cincinnati, July 12, 1842, and was about three years of age when the family moved to New Castle, Pennsylvania. He also spent part of his youth at New Haven, Pennsylvania, and was twelve years of age when he came to Youngstown. He finished his education in the public schools and at the age of fourteen began clerking in the store of H. B. Wick & Company. He first became identified with Brown, Bonnell & Company as timekeeper in the iron mill, and enjoyed successive promotions until at the time of his father's death and the incorporation of the business he became secretary. After the Brown-Bonnell plant was sold in 1879 Mr. Bonnell and other associates bought the Valley Mill and he was secretary of that corporation for several years. For ten years he served as president of the Mahoning National Bank, and is still its vice president. Mr. Bonnell was for a long time interested as a stockholder and director in a number of local industrial concerns.

Politically he has given his vote to the republican party, is a member of the Youngstown Country Club, the Youngstown Club, the Poland Country Club and the Presbyterian Church. September 12, 1867, he married Lucretia H. Wick, daughter of Hugh Bryson and Lucretia (Winchell) Wick. Emily Cree, the oldest of their three children, is the wife of Perry Burnham Owen. The second child, Bessie, died in childhood. William Wick Bonnell, who died July 27, 1916, married Julia Ford Garlick and left one daughter, Sarah Cree.

John Meek Bonnell. Of all the industries of the Youngstown district perhaps none has had greater personal associations with a larger number of prominent iron and steel men than the Brown-Bonnell plant. The original mill was built on the banks of the canal in 1843, and for a number of years its operation was attended with no degree of success. About 1855 the mill became the property of William Bonnell, Thomas Brown and another practical iron worker, their partnership resulting in the firm of Brown, Bonnell & Company.

Thus more than sixty years ago the name Bonnell became prominent in the industrial life of Youngstown. A number of successful men of that name have contributed their energies to this city. One of them was the late John Meek Bonnell, a nephew of William Bonnell. For nearly thirty years he was closely connected with the iron and coal interests of Mahoning County. He was born November 12, 1848, at Bradford, Yorkshire, England, son of Joseph Fearnley and Alice Elizabeth (Duffill) Bonnell. As their oldest son he was in line for an inherited position and proprietorship of the saddlery and harness industry which for three centuries had been conducted by the Bonnell family successively from father to son at Bradford, England. Joseph Fearnley Bonnell was the active head of the business until his death on December 1, 1875. However, all of his three sons sought their business opportunities in the new world. These sons besides John Meek were Harry, long a prominent factor in the iron industry at Youngstown, and William F., an iron man at Cleveland.

John Meek Bonnell was well educated in England and in 1865 came to America and joined his uncle, William Bonnell, at Youngstown. While living with his uncle he worked as shipping clerk in the rolling mill of the Brown, Bonnell & Company. Later he was traveling representative for Cleveland, Brown & Company at Cleveland, and in 1875 became a member of the firm Bonnell, Botsford & Company. From 1878 to 1883 he conducted a branch office of the business in Chicago. Then returning to Youngstown he became associated with the Mahoning Valley Iron Company, but died about a year later, on November 2, 1884. His life was largely devoted to business. He was an agreeable man, well liked by his associates, was a keen lover of sports, particularly hunting, was active in Masonic circles and had attained the order of Christian Knighthood. At one time he was a member of the Youngstown City Council.

August 26, 1875, he married Emily Wick, a daughter of Hugh B. and Lucretia E. (Winchell) Wick, of the prominent family of that name in Mahoning County. Mr. and Mrs. Bonnell had three children: Joseph Fearnley, Hugh Wick and Caroline.

Joseph Fearnley Bonnell, who was named for his grandfather, was born at Youngstown November 21, 1876. He was liberally educated, preparing for college in the Phillips Exeter Academy and graduating from Yale University with the Ph. B. degree in 1897. For over twenty years he has devoted himself to the steel industry of the Mahoning Valley. He is a director of the Ohio Iron and Steel Company, the Northeast Ohio Real Estate Company, is vice president and treasurer of the H. B. Wick Land Company, and a director of the First National Bank and the Dollar Savings and Loan Company. Politically Mr. Bonnell is a republican and is a member of the First Presbyterian Church.

November 14, 1900, he married Anna Pollock, daughter of John S. Pollock. They have one daughter, Caroline.

Charles W. Danforth, a chemist and metallurgist by profession, and a member of the well known firm of C. W. Danforth Company, has been in the service of a number of steel and other industrial plants throughout the country for the past twenty years.

Mr. Danforth was born at Tyngsborough, Middlesex County, Massachusetts, August 12, 1878, son of George D. and Ella (Teague) Danforth. His father spent his active career as a lumber dealer and box manufacturer at Tyngsborough, and was very active in local affairs. He died at the age of seventy-two. There were three sons in the family. Joseph D., the oldest, was a graduate of Tufts College and has been a teacher in the Beverly High School of Massachusetts. The son Ellon T. enlisted in the United States Regular Army at the time of the Spanish-American war, and while in the Philippines contracted an illness that caused his death.

C. W. Danforth

Charles W. Danforth spent his school days in Tyngsborough, graduated from the Lowell High School in Massachusetts, attended the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Boston, and graduated with the S. B. degree from Tufts College in 1902. Throughout the greater part of his college career he had specialized in chemistry and metallurgy.

His first regular work in his profession was as chemist with the Pacific Cotton Mills at Lawrence, Massachusetts. Following that he was chemist at the Cleveland plant of the American Wire and Steel Company, was assistant chemist in the Carnegie mills at New Castle, Pennsylvania, chemist at Sharon with the Sharon Steel Hoop Company, was assistant chief chemist in the Steel Works at Gary, Indiana, was chemist for Charles C. Kawiwn & Company at Toronto, and for a time was with the Standard Chemical Company at Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, as assistant superintendent and then as superintendent of the radium plant.

Mr. Danforth came to Youngstown as assistant chemist at the Sheet and Tube Plant. He is one of a number of thoroughly equipped technical men in the industrial affairs of the Mahoning Valley. The junior member of the firm of C. W. Danforth Company is William P. Samuels, a native of New Castle, Pennsylvania, where he attended the common schools. His education was supplemented by a course at Scio College, later at Tufts College, and in 1912 he formed a partnership with Mr. Danforth.

In July, 1904, Mr. Danforth married Eliza Bowditch. They have a family of three sons and one daughter, Warren B., William D., George J. and Delisca. They are affiliated with the Unitarian Church. Mr. Danforth has his Masonic membership at Sharon, Pennsylvania.

James M. McKay. In almost all American communities there may be found quiet, retiring men, who never ask public favors, but who, nevertheless, become prominent in public affairs, exert a widely-felt influence in the community in which they live and help to construct and uphold the proper foundation upon which the social and political world is built. Such men do an incalculable amount of good by their efforts to ameliorate the condition of the human race in any way possible. They strive to eliminate evil in its many forms and leave to posterity a heritage of peace and plenty. Among the well known and honored citizens of Youngstown who by their consistent and constant support of only the best influences in their community have been instrumental in maintaining a high standard of citizenship and living and who have aided in a very definite degree in the advancement and prosperity of the community, the subject of this sketch occupies a conspicuous place.

James M. McKay was born on his father's farm in Trumbull County, about ten miles north of Youngstown, Ohio, on September 24, 1859. He is a son of Wyatt and Eliza (Montgomery) McKay, the former a native of Middlesex, Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and the latter a daugther of Robert Montgomery, who was a member of the second white family to locate in Brookfield Township, Trumbull County, in 1804. This old homestead is now owned by a member of the McKay family. The subject of this sketch received his elementary education in the local public schools of his home community and then became a student in the National Normal University at Lebanon, Ohio, where he was graduated in 1880, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Having determined upon the practice of law as his life work, Mr. McKay then applied himself to the reading of law in the office of a cousin, James H. Miller, in Toulon, Illinois, and later with Jones Murray at Youngstown, Ohio. In December, 1884, he was admitted to the bar and in March of the following year entered upon the practice of his profession in Youngstown. He took rank as a careful, painstaking and thoroughly reliable lawyer and became connected with many of the most important business interests. Eventually he became attorney for the Home Savings and Loan Company, with which he became very closely allied, and as the requirements of this position became more and more exacting, making constant and steady demands on his time and attention, he gradually withdrew from general practice and confined his attention entirely to the needs of that company, which is one of the strongest and most reliable institutions in its line in the United States. Mr. McKay is also a director of the Commercial National Bank.

Recently when the Home Savings & Loan Company moved into its handsome building a Youngstown newspaper paid Mr. McKay a well deserved tribute in the following words: "Too modest to acknowledge that a major portion of the credit for building a business institution even more imposing than the splendid temple in which it will be housed, McKay, nevertheless, is accorded full meed of honor and recognition by his business confreres and the entire community, to whom the new building seems as much a tangible monument to his energy and foresight as it is possible for one man's work to symbolize. For McKay's has been unquestionably the guiding hand that has directed the institution from its infancy until it now stands a giant among those of its kind in the world. He has had the aid of strong men and sagacious men, but it was because he chose first of all to surround himself with that type of business associates. The story of his life is written largely in the history of the Home Savings and Loan Company. There is another side, the intimate human side, which only his closest friends truly appreciate but which is revealed to the public only in a life of strict integrity and a devotion to the highest ideals of Christian citizenshp.

"McKay has never sought nor held public office. His life work, the development of the savings and loan idea, has led him to become an enthusiast on the subject of the more equal distribution of wealth, and he regards this slogan as the key of his institution's remarkable success, since all depositors share equally in the profits and there are no preferred stockholders."

While closely associated with the financial interests of Youngstown, Mr. McKay and family since 1910 have lived out in the country in Boardman Township, where he gets relaxation from business cares by operating the Cook's Corners farm. He has become deeply interested in agriculture and farming prob-

lems, and largely through him the Mahoning County Farm Bureau was organized in 1913, with Mr. McKay as first president. He had filled that office for seven years. He was also instrumental in organizing the Mahoning Supply Company, all of whose members are farmers. The company operates a flour and feed mill at North Jackson.

On January 29, 1885, Mr. McKay married Alice Rayl, of Wooster, Ohio. Of the three children born to them two survive. James R., a graduate of the Harvard Law School, where he was an honor student, having previously earned the same distinction in high school and college, is now practicing law at Youngstown and in recent years has relieved his father of the duties of official attorney for the Home Savings & Loan Company. The other son, Raymond C., is now completing his studies in medicine and is an interne in the City Hospital of Cleveland.

Mr. McKay is a member of the First Baptist Church and of the local Clan Macdonald Society. The latter affiliation is entirely consistent, from the historical fact that Mr. McKay's ancestors were adherents of "Bonnie Prince Charlie," and after the great battle in which the Prince lost all hope of attaining the crown, and through Flora Macdonald escaped, the McKays had to flee from their native land, many of them coming to America and establishing their homes. Because of his earnest life, high attainments, well rounded character and large influence, Mr. McKay enjoys the confidence and esteem of all who know him.

Thomas William Woodward. The active business life of Thomas William Woodward, secretary and assistant manager of the Block Gas Mantle Company of Youngstown, has been connected with an important phase in the development of this city, and is linked with the founding of important industries which have aided in stimulating the growth of the community, and been the base of some of its prestige as a manufacturing center. His is a career worthy of emulation, for he has risen through the practice of economy, combined with an effective industry, has seen his arduous efforts bear fruit, and has profited in proportion.

Thomas William Woodward was born at Youngstown July 16, 1878, a son of Jacob and Rachel Woodward, natives of England, who came at an early day to Youngstown and there spent the remainder of their lives. After being graduated from the Rayen High School of Youngstown Thomas W. Woodward entered at once upon a business career and in 1903 organized the Youngstown Transfer Company, of which he was manager and Ralph Cornelius, president. After he disposed of his interest in this concern Mr. Woodward in 1909 entered the employ of the Block Gas Mantle Company as bookkeeper, and became so conversant with all its details and proved so useful in the conduct of its affairs that in 1915 he was made its secretary and assistant manager, and has continued to hold these positions ever since.

In 1901 Mr. Woodward was united in marriage with Louise Lung, of Canton, Ohio, and they became the parents of four children, as follows: Thomas J., who was born in 1903; Louise, who was born in 1905; Harold, who was born in 1907; and Alfred, who was born in 1910. In political matters Mr. Woodward is a republican. Mrs. Woodward is active in Catholic Church circles. Mr. Woodward has never sought distinction outside of what he regarded was his legitimate sphere of action, only desiring that which resulted from a successful and honorable conduct of his business enterprises. His distinguishing characteristics may be said to be painstaking attention to detail, indomitable energy and faithfulness to duty, potent agencies for the advancement of business concerns and civic affairs.

George F. Carson claims Mahoning County as the place of his nativity, is now numbered among the progressive and successful exponents of farm industry in Newton Township, Trumbull County, and his high standing in the community is indicated by the fact that he is serving as township trustee at the time of this writing, in 1920.

Mr. Carson was born in Milton Township, this county, then Mahoning County, July 6, 1861, and the old farm which figured as the place of his nativity is now partly covered by the beautiful Lake Milton, an artificial body of water. He is a son of Leonidas and Rebecca E. (Weasner) Carson, and of the Weasner family ample record is made on other pages of this work. Leonidas Carson was born in Berlin Township, Mahoning County, October 20, 1835, a son of John and Lucy (Gross) Carson, well known members of sterling pioneer families of the county. John Carson was born and reared in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, and was a young man when he came with his father, John Carson, Sr., to Mahoning County, the father having rode the intervening distance and the son having made practically the entire trip on foot. The father took a tract of unimproved land along the banks of the Mahoning River, there improved a productive farm and there passed the remainder of his life, he having died at an advanced age. There also his wife died, and they had become the parents of seven sons and two daughters. John, Jr., settled in Berlin Township, and there became one of the substantial farmers of the county, he having been eighty-five years of age at the time of his death, and his wife, whose maiden name was Lucy Gross, having likewise passed the age of eighty years. Leonidas and his brother John were for two or three years associated in the work and management of a farm which their father gave them on the Mahoning River, and Leonidas then purchased his brother's interest in the property and assumed full control. A number of years later he purchased a farm of his brother George W., whose son, George W., Jr., is engaged in the piano business at Youngstown. About 1885 Leonidas Carson sold this second farm and removed with his family to Kansas, where he remained sixteen years as a resident of Harper County. There his wife died on the 19th of March, 1900, their marriage having been solemnized November 19, 1856, and within a short time after having thus lost his devoted companion he returned to Trumbull County, where he passed the ensuing six years in the home of his son, George F., of this review. He then married Mrs. Elizabeth Monensmith, who still survives him, and he passed the closing years of his life at Newton Falls, where

he died November 15, 1908. In Kansas he had served as superintendent of the Harper County poor farm, and had also been very successful as an apiarist, with an average of more than 100 colonies of bees. He was a republican in politics and was a member of the Christian Church, as was also his first wife and is likewise his second wife. No children were born of the second marriage. Leonidas and Rebecca E. (Weasner) Carson became the parents of six children: Lucy, the wife of Joseph Osborn, of Milton Township, died February 8, 1907, aged forty-nine years; Hannah S. is the wife of Henry M. Morris, of Anthony, Kansas; George F., of this sketch, was the next in order of birth; Mary L. is the wife of John Myers, of Berlin Township, Mahoning County; Ellen S. is the wife of Leonard Asper, of Anthony, Kansas; and Jessie C. is the wife of John Heck, likewise of Anthony, Kansas.

George F. Carson was reared to the sturdy discipline of the farm and gained his youthful education in the public schools of his native county. He continued to be here associated with his father in farm enterprise until the latter's removal to Kansas, and about the same time, October 29, 1885, he was united in marriage to Miss Lulu M. Lynn, daughter of Levi Lynn, of North Jackson, Mahoning County, and a sister of the late Herman H. Lynn, a justice of the peace, who died December 10, 1919. Mrs. Carson was born in Jackson Township, this county, September 8, 1864. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Carson spent a few months in Kansas, but the Sunflower state had no appeal that could permanently cause them to sever allegiance to Mahoning County, and after their return to this county they located on the old home farm of Mrs. Carson's widowed mother near North Jackson. After conducting operations on this farm for ten years, Mr. and Mrs. Carson removed to Trumbull County, and in 1889 established their home on their present fine farm, which comprises 108 acres and which is situated on the road between Lake Milton and Newton Falls. The farm is well improved, and by the installing of tile drainage system Mr. Carson has brought the place up to a high standard of productiveness. He brings to bear approved modern methods in all details of farm operations and in the livestock field he keeps the best type of Jersey cows.

Ready and liberal in his support of all progressive community enterprises, Mr. Carson has been a staunch champion of the good roads movement, and in this connection has been able to render excellent promotive service in his official capacity of township trustee, in which office he is serving his fifth consecutive term. His political allegiance is given to the republican party, he and his wife are active members of the Christian Church, and he is affiliated with the Masonic fraternity, the Knights of Pythias, the Knights of the Maccabees and the local grange of the Patrons of Husbandry. His wife is a member of the Order of the Eastern Star. They have one son, Paul L., who was born April 2, 1900. He was graduated from the high school and he is now attending historic old Hiram College. The attractive home of Mr. Carson is known for its cordial hospitality.

Willard C. Andrews was a native son of Trumbull County, which represented his home during virtually his entire life, though for a few years he conducted a drug store at Edinboro, Pennsylvania. In 1880 he engaged in the drug business at Cortland, Trumbull County, and here he continued as one of the representative business men and influential and honored citizens of the village until his death, which occurred December 2, 1915.

William Crandall Andrews was born in Fowler Township, Trumbull County, in July, 1854, a son of Asa Andrews, who eventually became one of the leading merchants in the City of Warren, this county, where he continued to reside until his death, at the patriarchal age of eighty-nine years. The subject of this memoir acquired his early education in the public schools at Warren, and there as a youth he learned the druggist's trade and became a reliable pharmacist. Finally he removed to Edinboro, Pennsylvania, where he continued in the retail drug business until 1880, when he returned to his native county and established himself in the same line of business at Cortland. His professional ability and honorable dealings enabled him to build up a substantial and representative trade, and he was one of the best known business men of the village at the time of his death, with a wide circle of friends in his native county. He gave close attention to business and was found actively engaged in supervising his well equipped store even on the day preceding his death, his sudden demise having been a shock to the community. His political opinions caused him to give allegiance to the republican party, and his civic loyalty was distinctly shown in his effective service as a member of the village council. Both he and his wife were zealous members of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Cortland, and he served for a number of years as a member of its official board. He was actively affiliated with the Masonic fraternity, in the local lodge of which he passed the official chairs, he having been treasurer of the lodge many years and having been the incumbent of this position at the time of his death.

As a young man Mr. Andrews married Miss Lucy Taylor, of Warren, this county, and she survived him by about three years, her death having occurred September 1, 1918. Through inheritance Mrs. Andrews came into possession of a most interesting historical relic—a bureau that had been owned by the great New England leader of the colonial days, Rev. Jonathan Edwards, who was one of her ancestors, and with signal liberality and good judgment, she provided in her will that this ancient piece of furniture should be given to the Smithsonian Institution in the City of Washington, where it is now preserved.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrews became the parents of five children, of whom four attained to adult age: Willard Crandall, Jr., the eldest of the children, is engaged in the drug business at Erie, Pennsylvania. Miss Louise Taylor Andrews, a skilled stenographer and bookkeeper, holds a responsible office position in the City of Warren. Rollin C., who succeeded to the ownership of his father's drug business, is more specifically mentioned in succeeding paragraphs. George died in 1905, at the age of fourteen years.

Rollin Cobb Andrews was born at Cortland, October 8, 1895, and after receiving the discipline of the public schools he pursued a course in the department of pharmacy of the University of Ohio, besides which he supplemented this by further study in the Cleveland College of Pharmacy. As a boy he began to assist in the work of his father's store, and thus he had gained much practical knowledge of the drug business even before he completed his professional course. His entire active career has been in connection with the business established by his father, and as the owner of the same he is well upholding the prestige of the family name.

Mr. Andrews married Miss Nina Corfman, who was born at Sycamore, Wyandot County, and whose father, Martin Corfman, is now engaged in the mercantile business at Cortland. Mr. and Mrs. Andrews have one child, Katherine Louise.

William T. Evans. While it is without store or postoffice, a little group of homes, ten or a dozen, in Weathersfield Township, a mile and a half south of Niles, has acquired the name Evansville, in honor of its chief resident, William T. Evans, who has had his home in that one locality for more than seventy years. Mr. Evans has always been a useful member of his community and in former years was rather actively associated with coal production and other industrial affairs of the valley.

Just across the road from his present home he was born January 25, 1849, a son of John Lester and Hannah (Ludwick) Evans. His parents had both been previously married, his father by his first marriage having four children: Susanna, who married Nathan King and moved to Guilford, Columbiana County; Mrs. Minerva Abrams, who lived in Virginia; Hannah, who became the wife of George Swiggin, of Niles; and George, who died in early life. Hannah Ludwig's first husband was a Mr. Hocker, and her three daughters were: Mary, who married Barton Fulk and both died at Girard; Jane, who married Samuel Bellard and died in Mahoning County; and Betty, who married John Crum and both died at Mineral Ridge. John L. Evans by his marriage to Mrs. Hocker had six children: John L., who was a railroad man, but lived on part of the old homestead and died at the age of seventy-five; Austin, who was an old-time furnace worker and also lived in the home community; Ellen, who married Luverne Eckman, of Mahoning County; while the three living children are William T.; Martha, Mrs. James Allen, of Youngstown; and Thomas, a resident of McKinley Heights.

John Lester Evans, always known by his friends as Lester, was an engineer by trade and a good friend of Joseph E. Butler, Chauncey Andrews, ex-Governor Tod. His services as an engineer made him a useful worker in coal mines and furnaces, and he was an exceedingly reliable mechanic. He was identified with some of the early industries of Mineral Ridge. Some of his old friends remember him in early life as a fighting man, always ready to take part in some of the rough and tumble elections that characterized his political campaigns. Later his character became more settled and he was an active member of the Disciples Church. He died in his eightieth year, while his wife passed away at the age of fifty-one. Their son John L. was a member of the Sixth Ohio Cavalry, and while scouting was captured and held a prisoner at Libby and Andersonville for nineteen months and thirteen days. In later years he frequently entertained his hearers recounting the sufferings of those southern prisons. He told how the prisoners captured a dog that had followed a party of visitors into the stockade, and cooked it and from their famine relished dog meat as a delicacy.

William T. Evans was reared and educated in the old home locality and as a youth dug coal out of the banks and also in the old Weathersfield shaft, where for three years he helped load twenty-five flat cars a day. For ten or twelve years he was a railroad man, a year or so as a conductor. In company with his brother Thomas as partner he did his contracting business loading ore at the Tod and Wells shaft. Mr. Evans for twenty-four years has been sexton of the Kerr or Meander Cemetery, a popular burying ground owned by the township.

September 1, 1869, Mr. Evans married Charlotte Lewis, daughter of William and Margaret (Lewis) Lewis. Her father died rather young and her mother in old age at Girard. Charlotte was born in Wales and was an infant when her parents came to the United States. Mr. and Mrs. Evans reared a family of eight children: Anna, who married William Davis, a furnace man at Youngstown; Margaret, wife of Thomas Welsh, a Baltimore & Ohio engineer living at Evanston; Daniel and Frederick, mill workers living at the old home; John, a farmer in Nebraska; Jennie, wife of Walter Verry, an employe of the Cleveland Plain Dealer; Minerva, wife of Harry Bowman, a street car man at Hagerstown, Maryland; and Benjamin, now living at home, a blacksmith by trade, who served for fifteen months in France.

Perry B. Owen, secretary and manager of the Union Safe Deposit Company at Youngstown, is one of the native born citizens of this community who have found success in the place of their birth. For more than twenty years his working interests were at Girard, but since 1908 he has been identified with his present company at Youngstown, and it has been here that his abilities have been recognized and that he has found his greatest measure of prestige and prosperity.

John Meredith Owen, his father, one of Youngstown's best known citizens from the time of his location in the city in 1864 until his death in 1899, was born in Newcastle-in-Emlyn, Wales, in 1826. When he was about ten years of age his parents moved to England, where he lived until he came to America. He was sent when fourteen to Shrewsbury, near his home in Pontesbury, to serve an apprenticeship of three years with his uncle, Lewis Meredith, a merchant of that historic old town. After his apprenticeship, with the exception of a year or two with his father, he was in his uncle's employ until he came to America, either traveling for the firm throughout England and Wales or having charge of one of the branch stores.

It was at the age of twenty-six that John M.

W. Bate Herbert Bate. Geo Bate

Owen made his first trip to America in a sailing vessel, which was blown out of its course and was nine Sundays on the sea. On reaching America he went to Philadelphia, where an aunt was living, and in that city made his home for several years.

Austin Allibone was then bringing out his Dictionary of American Authors, and the publishers, Childs & Peterson of Philadelphia, secured Mr. Owen to introduce the work. In this way he met many prominent men, especially the literary men of the fifties and early sixties—about whom it was a delight in his after years to hear him talk. The territory of his travel for this publishing house extended through the South and as far West as Mississippi.

Not long after his coming to this country his father came over with his wife and two daughters, the youngest of the family, and bought a farm in Palmyra, Ohio, where a cousin was living. While on a visit to his father John M. Owen met the young woman who afterward became his wife, Jane Evans, the daughter of David Evans, one of the early settlers of Portage County. After his marriage, tired of traveling, Mr. Owen bought a farm in Palmyra, where he lived a short time before coming to Youngstown, where he had bought a half interest in the store of John R. Thomas on the southwest corner of the Diamond. In the latter part of the sixties he went into the coal mining industry, a business that continued to absorb most of his energies until several years before his death. He opened and managed at different times mines in Brookfield, Austintown and at Port Royal, Pennsylvania. It was from John M. Owen that the Dollar Savings & Trust Company bought the land on which the bank is now located.

He died March 15, 1899, at the family home on Belmont Avenue, which is now the site of the St. Elizabeth Hospital. By his marriage he had six children, two of whom died in childhood. The remaining are Perry Burnham Owen, John Meredith Owen, Emma Jane Owen and Florence Catherine Owen, all residents of Youngstown.

Perry B. Owen, fourth in order of birth among the children, was born at Youngstown September 11, 1866, and grew up in his native city, being educated at the Rayen High School and later taking a commercial course in Duff's Business College at Pittsburgh. Shortly after leaving college he became identified with the Girard Iron Company of Girard, Ohio, and remained with that business until 1909, when he accepted the position of manager and assistant secretary of the Union Safe Deposit Company. Since 1911 he has been secretary and one of the directors of this well known institution. His associates and fellow citizens regard him as one of the capable and energetic business men of the city, where his business and financial connections are numerous and important.

Mr. Owen is a member of the Youngstown Club, the Youngstown Country Club and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. In his political allegiance he supports the republican party, and he and his wife are members of the First Presbyterian Church.

October 22, 1903, he married Miss Emily Bonnell, a daughter of W. Scott Bonnell of Youngstown.

W. G. Bate, president and general manager of the Cleveland Cut Flower Company of Newton Falls, Ohio, an enterprise of appreciable consequence to that place, representing as it does an investment of more than $250,000, is one of the most optimistic and effective public workers of that rapidly-growing industrial center. His place among the alert business men of that town is indicated by his office, that of president, in the Newton Falls Board of Trade and Improvement Association; and to his able work in its behalf is generally attributed the present high standing in educational excellence of the Newton Falls public schools. He and his brothers own a large acreage of Newton Falls land, which in all probability will ultimately be needed for building purposes. It came into the possession of the Bate brothers by no degree of speculation, but for the legitimate purposes of their floricultural enterprise.

Mr. Bate is a native of Cleveland, Ohio, and for about twenty years has been a florist, and an expert in floriculture for the greater part of that time. About 1900 the firm of Bate Brothers was established in Cleveland, and three years later that business was merged with that of the F. R. Williams Company of the same city, the consolidation taking corporate form under the firm name of the Cleveland Cut Flower Company, the operations of which in the intervening seventeen years, from 1903 to the present, 1920, have been extensive and lucrative. The company purchased a tract of 173 acres in Newton Falls in 1903, the village being in natural qualities recognized as advantageous to the company for nursery purposes. Two greenhouses, 15 by 400 feet, were erected in that year, and the output in cut flowers went to meet the demand of their wholesale trade. Mr. W. G. Bate took up residence in Newton Falls in that year, and soon gave indication that he was a man of energy and aggressiveness, and that his interest in the village would be a factor in its future growth. The nursery business developed rapidly, and additional glass was necessary from time to time, and as the plant now stands the ten large greenhouses of the company cover almost five acres of land. The company is able to supply cut flowers of most of the seasonal varieties, but its specialties, under glass, are roses and carnations. The company maintains a wholesale house in Cleveland, and the volume of business appears to be ever expanding. It has already grown to such dimensions as to far exceed the most optimistic hopes of the brothers in the early years of the enterprise, and its magnitude and continued success indicate that the brothers are business men of ability, as well as indefatigable workers. Very few businesses have been brought to firm establishment without hard work and constant attention by the principals, and such was probably the experience of the Bate brothers in the early years of the operation of their Newton Falls plant. But they were men able to put in such labor, and their general actions since they have lived in Newton Falls have gone to prove such a supposition. They are characteristically men of action, and Mr. W. G. Bate, in particular, has put vigor and hope into many a flagging local proposition. He has taken a leading part in most development projects in Newton Falls during the last dec-

ade or so, and his public endeavors have been generally appreciated. As president of the Newton Falls Board of Trade and Improvement Association he has been able to initiate some and to further many projects of consequence to the growing industrial center, and his fellow-townsmen have much confidence in him and in his recommendations. During the last four years Mr. Bate has been especially prominent in movements having for their object the betterment of school conditions and facilities in Newton Falls, and the standing of the town in matters of education at this time has been a matter publicly commented on by county authorities. To Mr. Bate's guidance and plannings during his four years as a member of the school board is generally attributed such a commendable state.

He and his brother have platted the allotment of Rose Park, which belongs to their company, and which is rapidly becoming a desirable residential section of Newton Falls; and they may themselves find satisfaction in realizing that their own efforts during the last seventeen years, in their own business enterprise, have been a prominent factor in the development that is coming to Newton Falls.

Personally and socially Mr. W. G. Bate is well regarded in the community. So also is his wife, who was Minnie B. Flick, of Cleveland. Both were active in the home phases of war work during the years of emergency. They have two children, Alfred and Irma. Mr. Bate is a member of the Masonic and Independent Order of Odd Fellows lodges, a life member of the Society of American Florists, and a director of the First National Bank.

Bert Allen Hart. With the rapid influx of new industries and population, the City of Warren has had to readjust itself from the status of a well balanced small city to that of a large and populous community within the last ten years. Obviously that transformation has entailed tremendous labors for those responsible for the handling of municipal affairs. One of the valued members of the City Council during this period of growth and development, during 1918-19, was Dr. Bert Allen Hart, who has been a resident of Warren for the past fifteen years, and a prominent professional man during that time.

He was elected a member of the City Council from the First Ward in 1917. During his term he served as chairman of the committee on streets and as a member of the committee on sewers. Both of these committees had to solve many pressing problems of improvements as well as a heavy routine of duties. Perhaps no City Council has ever been burdened with more vital issues than the one of which Doctor Hart was a member. Some of the larger questions involved was the inauguration of a complete sewer system, the building of pavements, the securing of a practical street railway franchise, the regulation of the speed of railway trains within the city limits. To all these and other measures Doctor Hart gave the closest study and all the benefits of his wide experience as a citizen, and he did that work from an unquestioned patriotism and with a single desire to place Warren on the plane of its new responsibilities and prosperity. However, at the end of one term, feeling that he had rendered all the service that might justly be required of him, he refused to be a candidate for re-election.

Doctor Hart, who has made a splendid record in his profession as a dentist, is a native of Ohio and represents prominent pioneer families of Stark and Carroll counties. His ancestry is Scotch-Irish on both sides, and his grandparents came to Ohio from Connecticut. His paternal grandfather, Hezekiah Hart, was born in Connecticut and settled in Stark County, near Minerva, in pioneer times. The maternal grandfather, William Brothers, came from Connecticut and likewise settled in Stark County.

John M. Hart, father of Doctor Hart, was born in Stark County, and enlisted in a three months' regiment at the beginning of the Civil war. At the expiration of that term he re-enlisted and served until the close of the struggle, with the Seventy-Fifth Ohio Infantry. After the war he went to Kansas, but returned to Minerva, Ohio, and married Miss Rebecca Brothers, who was born in Stark County and died in 1889. In 1876 John M. Hart returned to Kansas, and was a stockman and farmer in that state until his death in 1891.

Bert Allen Hart was born at Minerva, Ohio, January 29, 1875, and the next year accompanied his parents to Kansas, where he had a common and high school education. Returning to Ohio, he received his first instruction in dentistry at Minerva, and later completed a full course of study in the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery in Philadelphia, graduating with the degree D. D. S. with the class of 1896. For about 2½ years he practiced at Scranton, Pennsylvania, and for eight years at Pittsburgh. Since 1906 his home has been at Warren, where he has enjoyed the highest degree of professional success. He is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, and is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and various other branches of Masonry, including Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar; the Scottish Rite Consistory and Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Elks and Maccabees at Warren, and a member of the Warren Rotary Club, the Trumbull Country Club, the Masonic Club and the First Presbyterian Church.

Doctor Hart married Maude Ardine Bernhouse, of Malvern, Ohio. They have one daughter, Eleanor Rebecca.

Amos C. Lawton, the efficient engineer of the Newton Falls Water Works, is one of the most popular residents of that community. He has the reputation of being most thorough and reliable in his public trust, and has never yet failed in his public service responsibility, every fire alarm of the last twelve years in Newton Falls finding him at his post with a pressure at the fire hydrant of 120 pounds, that being but one indication of his characteristic faithfulness and reliability. He comes of a well-known Trumbull County family, the Lawtons having been resident in Braceville Township since early pioneer days.

Amos C. Lawton was born in Braceville Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, on July 26, 1860, the son of Sanford and Eveline (Richards) Lawton.

The Lawton family came into Ohio in the early part of the nineteenth century, the pioneer ancestor being Lewis Lawton, grandfather of Amos C. He settled in Braceville Township, Trumbull County, and there died in 1828, six years after the birth of his son. Sanford, father of Amos C. Sanford was reared in the home of a neighbor, Edward Oviatt, of Braceville Township, and he remained with him until he married Eveline Richards, who was born in Newton Falls, Trumbull County, and whose circumstances in early life were somewhat similar to those under which Sanford Lawton passed his boyhood. As a young girl she was orphaned, and grew to womanhood in the home of the Lane family of Newton Falls. When the Civil war came to dislocate all personal interest, Sanford Lawton, like so many other young patriots, left his wife and children to the providence of the nation and enlisted as a soldier in the Union army. His war record is very interesting, and demonstrates the fact that he was one of the stalwart and courageous soldiers of that time. He served altogether for three years and four months, in Company G of the Nineteenth Ohio Regiment, and with that unit served under General Sherman in the famous southern campaign, which ended in the march through Georgia to the sea, a march that brought devastation, starvation and irreparable ruin to the cause of the Confederate states. Mr. Lawton was unfortunate during that march, being captured by Confederate forces at Peach Tree Creek, near Atlanta. However, he was one of those strong spirited men who have little fear and much initiative, and he was not long a prisoner, escaping from the stockade with a comrade, Asa Stiles, an Illinois soldier. Eventually he reached safety and his own home again; but with the thoroughness of purpose of a true patriot he soon afterward left home again and reported for duty, and continued with his company until the end, when he received an honorable discharge. His company captain in early campaigning had been Franklin Stowe, of Braceville, for whom he had worked before the war in clearing a large tract of timber owned by Captain Stowe. The captain died in the service, and Mr. Lawton, with worthy loyalty to his old commander and former employer, went directly to his home after discharge and took up the work of clearing that tract of timber for the widow and her son. He continued in that work until he cleared the whole tract, after which he spent about five or six years on his own farm in Braceville. His end then came, he being fifty-one years old in the year of his death. Sanford Lawton's life was a worthy one, and marked by noteworthy self denial, unselfishness and loyalty. To him and his wife were born two children, both born before he entered military service. The children were Fanny and Amos C., Fanny being the elder by two years. She married Henry Chapman, of Braceville. Their mother, Eveline (Richards) Lawton, lived a long widowhood, her death not coming until she had passed her seventy-sixth year. Her last years were spent near her son Amos, who cared for her in her old age.

Amos C. was only thirteen years old when his father died, and the work of the home farm devolved chiefly upon him then. He remained with his mother and sister in Braceville until he was twenty-one years old, and then came to Newton Falls, where he learned the blacksmithing and toolmaking trade, with the Star Drilling Company, now of Akron, Ohio. He was in the employ of that company for six years, making a general line of oil-well drilling tools, and from that time has been an engineer practically all the while. For six years he was in Warren, in the employ of W. C. Stiles, having charge of the latter's ship timber cutting machinery, including a 150 horsepower boiler, after which for eight years he was at Delaware, Ohio, during the whole of that time drilling test wells for oil and water. He was experienced in such work, and later had charge of such experimental work in several counties of Ohio, succeeding in bringing in many good water wells. In November, 1908, he started the machinery of the Newton Falls Water Works, of which plant he has ever since had control. For twelve years he has not missed a fire alarm, such a record testifying well to his loyalty in work, for the ordinary tank pressure is seventy-five pounds, whereas in times of emergency the direct pressure at the fire hydrant must be 120 pounds. He has never failed to furnish that pressure. He is a man of comprehensive knowledge of and understanding of machinery. He constructed the original water plant at Newton Falls, and he has had charge of all extensions since that time. Some important changes are now being made, electric-driven machinery being installed to replace the old steam-driven machinery, which will not be dismantled, but retained for emergency.

Mr. Lawton is a man of cheerful disposition and likable nature; in fact, he is one of the most popular men in Newton Falls. He is honest, reliable and helpful; has the confidence of the people who have come to believe that he is on duty at the water plant for 365 days each year; and is ever ready to help in any way possible, whether the demand for help comes from the town-council or his next-door neighbor. He has much of his father's characteristic faithfulness and loyalty, and townsmen such as he are appreciated by the community in general.

He has been married for more than twenty years, his wedding of Ella Pardy, of Warren, having taken place on March 15, 1900.

Arthur G. Hall. One of the most interesting and valuable industries in the Mahoning Valley is the American Sintering Company. The original plant of this company is at Hubbard, while there is another at Youngstown. The headquarters of the corporation are in Chicago.

The manufactured product is known as "Sinter." As everyone knows, the furnaces throw off great quantities of heavy smoke and gasses, laden with fine particles of ore waste. The province of the American Sintering Company is to collect and save this waste, and by a special process is able to convert the waste into a material like coarse ashes, which is then resold to the furnaces as a high quality of ore. The process is an ingenious one, and effects a remarkable saving of a product that was formerly altogether wasted and lost.

The superintendent of the Hubbard plant is Arthur

G. Hall, who has under his supervision eighty employes. The output of the Hubbard plant is 12,000 tons per month.

The Halls are one of the oldest families of Hubbard Township. They came like so many other early settlers here from New Jersey, and Mr. Hall's grandfather, Jesse, was either born in Trumbull County or shortly before the family moved here. His mother died at the old Hall farm at the age of 102 years. That old homestead is still held by the family.

Arthur G. Hall was born at Hubbard September 27, 1881, son of Jesse A. and Mary I. (Flaugher) Hall. His father was born in the township, 2½ miles north of Hubbard, about 1850, and died at the age of fifty, having spent all his life in the township.

Arthur G. Hall attended the Hubbard schools and learned the machinist's trade with George McKay at Youngstown. His father had been superintendent of the old Hubbard Rolling Mill. After working with McKay for several years Mr. Hall returned to Hubbard in 1913 as machinist in charge of the machinery of the Hubbard plant of the Sintering Company. In 1918 he was made master mechanic, and since August 16, 1918, has been superintendent. He lives in Hubbard, is active in the Presbyterian Church and Sunday school and is one of the thoroughly public-spirited citizens of that locality.

In 1908 Mr. Hall married May Bannon, of Hubbard. Her father, Barney Bannon, was killed on the Erie Railroad in Youngstown. Mrs. Hall died in March, 1916, the mother of three children: Mary Frances, Mildred Ida and Arthur Bernard. The son died soon after his mother, at the age of two years. In 1918 Mr. Hall married Fay Garvin, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

G. H. Jedele. Railroad work was a part of the family tradition in the home where G. H. Jedele grew up, and it was therefore easy for him to exercise a choice among occupations and opportunities when he came toward manhood. His work as a railroad man has been notable for its efficiency and increasing responsibilities. Mr. Jedele, whose official headquarters are at Coalburg and whose home is at Youngstown, is trainmaster of the New York Central Railway in this section of the Mahoning Valley.

He was born at Manchester, Michigan, November 15, 1882. His father, Fred Jedele, is one of the veterans in the service of the New York Central, as a section foreman, and is still living at Manchester, having given thirty-six years to his work at that one location.

G. H. Jedele acquired his education in the schools of his native town, and in 1901, at the age of nineteen, became clerk in the roadmaster's office at Hillsdale, Michigan. He was advanced to chief clerk and in 1905 was transferred to Silver Creek, New York, as clerk to the roadmaster. Following that for two years he was foreman of an extra construction gang in Indiana and at Ashtabula, Ohio, and in 1907 he laid the rails out from Coalburg on the main line to Andover, Ohio. He was then called to the chief engineer's office at Cleveland, and in 1910 was made general foreman at Elyria and became assistant roadmaster there in 1913. He was roadmaster at Alliance from 1914 to 1916, and then trainmaster and track supervisor at Dunkirk, New York. Mr. Jedele on May 15, 1918, was sent to Youngstown as trainmaster on the Franklin Division, having supervision over the entire Franklin Division, including the Ashtabula line. His department, with Youngstown as the terminal, has a personnel of forty-six road trainmen, with 234 on the entire division. His official duties make him one of the leading railway executives in the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Jedele is a member of all the Masonic bodies, including Buffalo Consistory and the Shrine at Cleveland. At the age of thirty-four he married Carolyn Fisher, of Wilmington, Delaware.

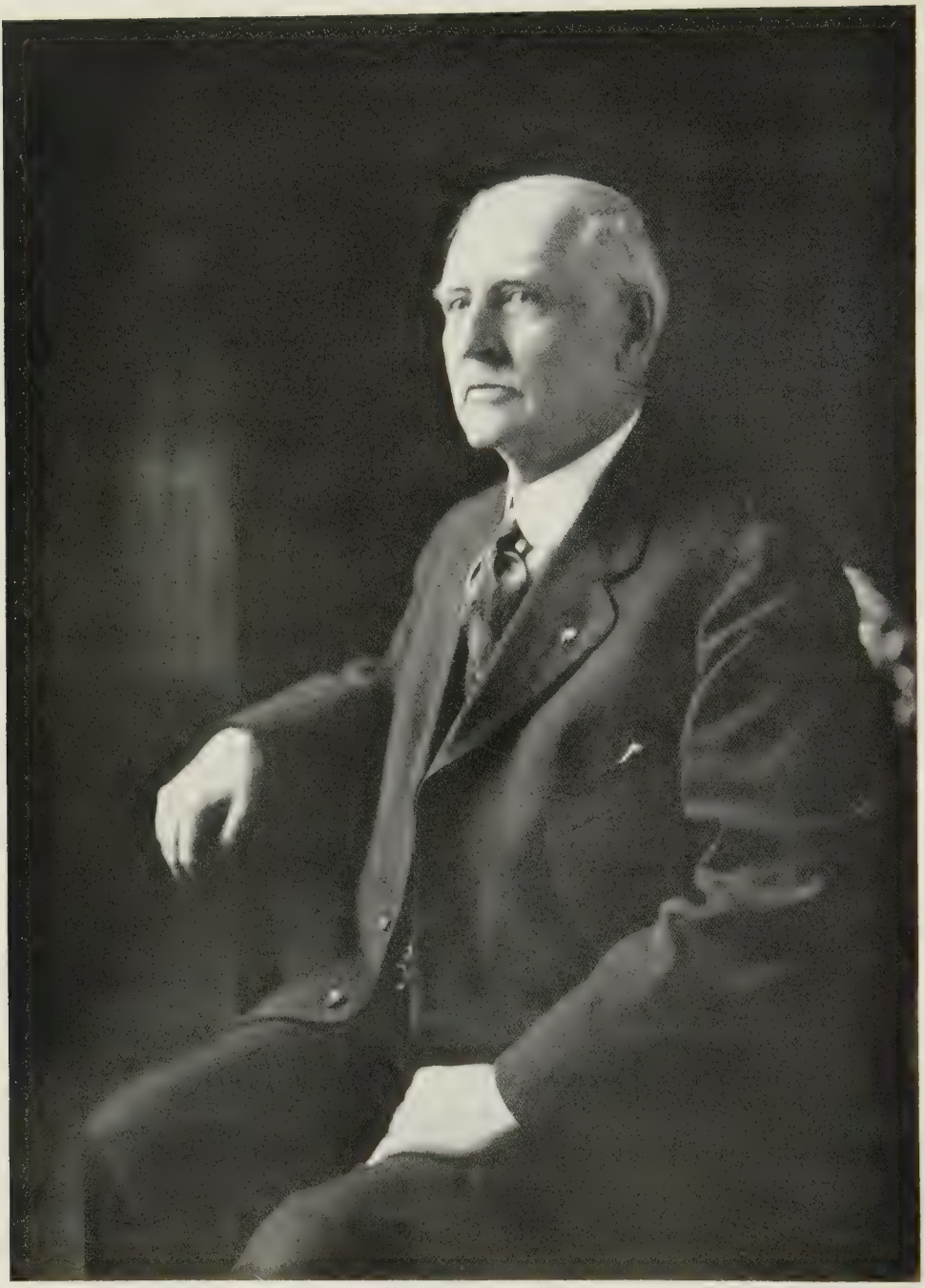
Robert B. McKeown for over a quarter of a century has been identified with the iron and steel plant at Hubbard, now the Hubbard branch of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company. He was formerly superintendent, but is now chief chemist. In the earlier days of the iron and steel industry it was not thought so necessary to employ an expert chemist, the technical decisions depending rather upon an expert practical judgment, which approximated more or less an exact science. Now in modern plants every blast is determined by chemical analysis.

Mr. McKeown was born in Youngstown January 7, 1866. His father, William W. McKeown, was an old time Youngstown druggist. He came to Ohio from Lancaster, Pennsylvania, was in North Lima for a time, and in the later fifties moved to Youngstown, where he was engaged in the drug business for forty-five years, until he retired. He died in 1904, at the age of sixty-five. For many years he was a member and clerk of the Board of Education.

Robert B. McKeown grew up in Youngstown and acquired a liberal education. He graduated from the Rayen High School with the class of 1885 and in 1889 received his classical degree from Williams College at Williamstown, Massachusetts. His first work as an industrial chemist came in May, 1892, with the Andrews & Hitchcock plant at Hubbard. He remained with the plant as chemist until January, 1900, when he was promoted to assistant superintendent under W. H. Hitchcock, a son of the old proprietor, and had all the practical duties of superintendent and eventually was promoted to that title and responsibility. In January, 1915, he chose to resume his former place as chief chemist in the laboratory, his health not permitting continued work as superintendent.

The plant was rebuilt during his supervision. The policy of the Andrews & Hitchcock firm was to depend on their own employes to build and construct rather than secure professional engineers, so that a wide range of work was demanded from him as superintendent. Mr. McKeown is unmarried and practically his one absorbing interest for nearly thirty years has been the Hubbard plant.

John Warren Draper. The chief business he has followed during his active life has been that of plumber, but John Warren Draper is also a man of interesting character because of his connection with one of the old homes of Howland Township. He lives today on a portion of the old Draper home-



Carroll F. Clapp

stead in that township, half way between Warren and Niles, 2¼ miles from the county seat and 2¾ miles from Niles.

On this farm he was born November 19, 1882, son of Silas Emery and Eliza (Rex) Draper. His grandparents were John and Laura (Burnett) Draper. John Draper, who was born at Niles, was the son of pioneer settlers who came from Connecticut. John was born in 1827, and in early life was a successful teacher for several years. Fifty-four years ago he acquired the land now included in the old Draper homestead above noted, in Howland Township. He lived there until his death in 1887, at the age of sixty. His widow continued to live at the old home until her death, June 16, 1914, at the age of seventy-four. Her mother died in her childhood and her father was Silas Burnett, a farmer of Howland Township who finally retired to Warren. Silas Burnett was three times married.

Silas Emery Draper was born at Niles September 26, 1854, being the only child of his parents, who, however, reared from childhood a girl, Ella (DeWolf) Draper, who is now Mrs. William Reedle, of Cleveland. Silas E. Draper was twelve years of age when his parents moved to the Howland Township farm in 1866, and he spent his life there, passing away December 11, 1918. The farm originally comprised 160 acres and was maintained as a fine body of agricultural land during the lifetime of Silas E. Draper. He spent his life in the house which was built by his father. He was never concerned with the cares of public office, voted as a republican, and was a member of the Central Christian Church of Warren. At the age of twenty he married Eliza Rex, who was born in Somersetshire, England, and was one year old when she came to America with her parents, Daniel and Mary Rex, who located in North Bloomfield Township, where they spent the rest of their lives, dying when past seventy. The children of Silas E. Draper and wife were: Laura, wife of Ed B. Rush, living on a part of the old homestead and the mother of Edwin Peter and Lida May; Hattie Rachel, who died at the age of twenty, a young woman who had been devoted to Sunday School and church; John Warren; and Ella Marie Turner, who lives on a portion of the old homestead and has three children, Dorothy Louise, Hazel Lucile and Emery Eugene.

John Warren Draper acquired a good education during his youth and left the farm to learn the plumber's trade. He had a shop for one year in Warren, and since then has made his business headquarters at the old homestead. About 15½ acres of the old farm are still held by members of the family. Mr. Draper is not only a very proficient mechanic in his own trade, but has a fundamental gift and genius for fine workmanship. His chief hobby is the making of telescopes, particularly the grinding and finishing of the lenses. He has constructed a ten-inch telescope, practically a perfect instrument for the size. While Mr. Draper has used his telescope to observe the celestial phenomena, he cares more about the mechanical features than astronomy as a science.

He is a republican, is a member of the Odd Fellows, and has been a team worker in the uniform rank of that order. October 7, 1911, he married Miss Bessie Haynes, who was born in West Virginia.

CARROLL FRANCIS CLAPP has been intimately associated with the history of the City of Warren during the past forty years, and his long residence has brought honor alike to the community and to himself.

Mr. Clapp is of the seventh and last generation of his direct family, which with his death will become extinct. His ancestor Roger Clapp came over from England in the year 1630, ten years after the landing of the Pilgrims. He brought with him the family coat of arms and motto. The former the family discarded after the signing of the Declaration of Independence, but to the latter, which is "do right, come what may," each generation of the family has held fast. Roger Clapp settled at Dorchester in the Massachusetts colony, and from there one of his sons went to the Connecticut colony, becoming a land owner at Tolland. Subsequently this Tolland property was traded to the Connecticut Land Company for land at Windsor, Ashtabula County, Ohio, and one branch of the Clapp family came west in 1813 to occupy the tract, becoming early pioneers in the Western Reserve.

Ichabod Clapp, son of Jonathan and father of Carroll F. Clapp, was born at Tolland, Connecticut, September 10, 1810, and was three years old when the family came to Ohio. After the death of his father Ichabod was bound out to a farmer in Geauga County until he would have attained his twenty-first year. By the old English custom then prevailing he as the only son inherited his father's estate, and upon reaching his majority took possession of the parental farm and continued to reside there until his death, January 17, 1891. December 31, 1834, he married Hannah McIntosh, who was born at Castleton, Vermont, August 17, 1815, a daughter of Major Duncan McIntosh, who came over from Scotland in 1765 and settled in Vermont. The majority of the descendants settled in Ohio as early as 1830. Mrs. Ichabod Clapp died January 14, 1878. A monument in Windsor Cemetery marks the last resting place of these pioneers, parents of the subject of this sketch.

Carroll Francis Clapp was born at the old Clapp homestead in Geauga County February 22, 1847. His early years were spent on a farm, his education was begun in the country schools and continued in the old Western Reserve Seminary at West Farmington and in Orwell Academy, both well known Ohio institutions. At the age of eighteen he became a school teacher, a vocation he followed for about eight years.

Mr. Clapp came to Warren in 1878 and engaged in the real estate business, opening the first real estate office in the city. He was also the first to list and advertise property for sale in the newspapers, then an innovation to Warren people. A year after coming here Mr. Clapp associated himself with John W. Taylor, and they were in business together for several years. After a time he also began handling insurance, and in 1910 incorporated the Clapp-Lewis Agency Company, real estate and insurance, an organization of which Mr. Clapp was president.

Aside from the above business he has been very active in other lines of endeavor, and is still identified with interests of importance both to himself and the city. He was president of the Trumbull Electric Railway Company when the gap in that road between Niles and Brier Hill was built, thus giving continuous street car service between Warren and Youngstown. He was secretary and treasurer of the Mahoning Park & Land Company. For several years he was president of the Second National Bank of Warren, retiring from the office and selling his stock at the expiration of the first charter of the bank. He was vice president of the Warren Paint Company, a business that was sold following the death of his brother Milo S., who was president of the company.

Mr. Clapp's activity in business and civic affairs constitutes an unusual record, but the fact that has brought him state and nation wide acquaintance and honor is his participation in the affairs of the Masonic order. He was made a Mason February 26, 1875, in Harts Grove Lodge No. 397, Free and Accepted Masons. When he took up his residence in Warren he affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, and passed all the chairs in that lodge. In 1888, at the request of the then Most Worshipful Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, he began visiting subordinate lodges and instructing the members in the work, and for four years was lecturer of the First District of the state. His acquaintance in Masonic circles broadened and soon extended to all parts of the state, which led to his being elected Most Worshipful Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio October 24, 1894, and he was unanimously reelected in 1895. He declined to serve a second term and is the only grand master who after a reelection has declined that honor from the Grand Lodge of Ohio. His declining, however, and reason for so doing has established a one-year term for grand masters of Ohio. He made many decisions and recommendations that have been of great value to the fraternity. As Most Worshipful Grand Master he dedicated the Ohio Masonic Home at Springfield, and in 1906 was chosen a trustee of the Home, while at the present time (1920) he is second vice president and chairman of the committee on admissions and discharges of the institute. He is a member of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar, and in 1904 was elected Right Eminent Grand Commander of the Grand Commandery of Ohio, and since that time has served as a member of the committee on Templar jurisprudence. In 1892 he received the degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite in the Valley of Cleveland, Lake Erie Consistory, of which he is a life member, and at Philadelphia September 19, 1899, he received the thirty-third and last degree of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite and was made an honorary member of the Supreme Council. He is a life member of Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland. Mr. Clapp is a member of the National Masonic Research Society and the Ohio Masonic Veterans Association, and a charter member of Warren Masonic Club and president of the Masonic Temple Company. Carroll F. Clapp Lodge No. 655, Free and Accepted Masons, of Warren, chartered in 1920, was named in honor of Mr. Clapp, a distinguished and graceful compliment to the man and his work, and an honor but seldom conferred on a man during his lifetime. This was the first Masonic lodge to have been instituted in Trumbull County during the last thirty-five years and was constituted November 6, 1920, with appropriate ceremonies, during which Mr. Clapp was given abundant testimony of the esteem and honor in which he is held by the fraternity.

December 25, 1871, Mr. Clapp married Augusta J. Morgan, daughter of Dr. Hiram Morgan, of Hart's Grove, Ohio. Mrs. Clapp was educated at Austinburg College in Ohio. Until her health failed she was active in the different women's organizations at Warren, and was very much interested in local historical and genealogical research, being regarded as an authority along these lines. Her death occurred October 9, 1920, and she was laid to rest in the family mausoleum in Oakwood Cemetery, Warren, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Clapp traveled extensively. In 1911 they toured Europe, spending a considerable time in England, Ireland and Scotland, and in France, and they also spent a winter in Mexico during the regime of President Diaz, who entertained them at the presidential palace, the president himself being a thirty-third degree Mason.

William A. Dalby is general yardmaster of the New York Central Railway with office headquarters at Coalburg. He has been advanced rapidly in responsibilities during his career as a railroad man, and has important duties in connection with the great and complicated transportation system of the Mahoning Valley.

Mr. Dalby was born in Hubbard Township February 6, 1883. His father, William L. Dalby, was born on an adjoining farm. After the death of his father, William L. Dalby lived and was raised in the home of Alexander Bell, the noted horseman, who far many years was a prominent figure at races and fair associations, both driving and training horses for the track. Alexander Bell was an uncle of Mr. Dalby, his mother's brother. Mr. Dalby finally left his farm and moved to Hubbard, where he engaged in the insurance and real estate business and is still living at Hubbard.

William A. Dalby, after getting his education, began railroading on March 17, 1903, as clerk in the yardmaster's office at Youngstown. He remained there until March 26, 1915, when he was promoted to general yardmaster, with the yards at Coalburg, Hubbard and Youngstown under his supervision. This is an office requiring his oversight and direction of 300 men, engaged in handling the enormous traffic in these yards.

Mr. Dalby is affiliated with the Elks at Youngstown. February 5, 1919, he married Miss Mayme Sullivan, of Hubbard. February 3, 1920, two days before the first anniversary of their wedding, she died of influenza and Mr. Dalby was also incapacited at the same time.

Isaac Hall Price. The spark of mechanical genius was implanted in Mr. Price, and through years of experience he has developed it to a valuable

service rendered in connection with several well known industries of Warren. He is now a member of the board of directors and general superintendent of the Warren Iron and Steel Company.

His early life was spent on a farm and he had little opportunity to train himself in mechanics until he was self-supporting, while working as a telegraph operator. He was born on a farm near Hubbard, Trumbull County, December 26, 1868, son of Isaac D. and Nancy Jane (Hall) Price, who also were born in Hubbard. His grandfathers Isaac Price and Jesse Hall were natives of the east and were pioneer settlers in the Mahoning Valley near Hubbard. Isaac D. Price spent his active life as a farmer and died at Hubbard July 3, 1917, at the age of eighty-three, survived by his widow.

Until he was about fourteen Isaac Hall Price lived with his parents on a farm in Brookville Township, and afterward on another farm in Braceville Township, Trumbull County. He acquired a common school education, and when he left home at the age of twenty he worked for two years in a stave mill. While at home he had acquired some proficiency in handling the telegraph instrument, and for fourteen years was employed as a telegraph operator at Cortland, Ohio, on the main line of the Erie Railway. In his leisure time he was constantly experimenting with machinery, and among other accomplishments he built two gas engines. On leaving the service of the Erie Railway in 1903, Mr. Price entered the employ of the Sterling Company of Warren as a machinist. Subsequently that company put him in the laboratory for about six months, then in the engineering department, and for two years he had charge of that department. He and Glenn C. Webster, manager of the Sterling Company, in 1906 engaged in the manufacture of hardware specialties, buying out the Dennison Manufacturing Company. After about three years in that industry Mr. Price for one year was superintendent of the Enterprise Electric Company, and in 1910 became associated with the Warren Iron & Steel Company, in the capacity of master mechanic, a position he has filled now for ten years. In 1919 he was also made a member of the Board of Directors of that corporation and he is now general superintendent.

Mr. Price is a member of the Warren Board of Trade, is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, and Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, and is a member of the Second Christian Church. He married Maude Benedict, daughter of Hiram and Olive (Bacon) Benedict, of Braceville.

Frank Forest Chamberlin, secretary-treasurer of the Warren Motor Truck Company of Warren, Ohio, was born at Eddyville, Iowa, June 25, 1868, son of George W. and Annie S. (Stratton) Chamberlin. His father, who was born near Springfield, Ohio, was a Union soldier in the Civil war. At the close of the war he removed to Eddyville, Iowa, engaged in the drug business for a few years, and after 1882 became a manufacturer at Council Bluffs, where he died in 1892. Annie S. Stratton was born at Jeffersonville, Indiana, daughter of Myron Stratton, who for many years was superintendent of the Baramore shipyards on the Ohio River at Jeffersonville. Frank F. Chamberlin is a nephew of the late Winfield S. Stratton, a brother of his mother. Winfield S. Stratton was one of the most conspicuous figures in the mining industry of the West, and a thousand stories are told concerning him. As a young man he went West from Indiana to Colorado, followed his trade as a carpenter in the winter, and spent his earnings as a prospector during the summer. He had many hardships, was frequently reduced to the necessity of borrowing money for the next meal, but finally discovered the Independent Mine at Cripple Creek, and promptly sold that property to an English syndicate for $10,000,000. Mrs. Annie S. Chamberlin died in 1894.

Frank F. Chamberlin was educated in the schools of Council Bluffs, and received his early business experience in the auditing department of the Union Pacific Railway at Omaha. After three years he went out to the Pacific Coast country, and during the next four years followed different lines of employment. It was on his return from the West that he entered the service of the Corn Products Refining Company at Chicago. In 1907 this corporation sent him to Warren as their local representative. Later Mr. Chamberlin engaged in the maple syrup business for himself as a manufacturer and broker, establishing the plant and business known as the Standard Maple Products Company. Since 1917 Mr. Chamberlin has given his business energies to the success of an important modern industry, the Warren Motor Truck Company, of which he is secretary and treasurer.

He is affiliated with the Warren Lodge of Elks and the Warren Golf Club. He married Mary Wallace, daughter of the late Capt. William Wallace of Warren.

Delos Metcalf Bell is one of the enterprising business men who have contributed much to Warren's rising prestige as a center of automobile manufacture. He is general manager of the Warren Motor Truck Company.

He was born at Warren May 13, 1884, a son of John W. and Ella (Metcalf) Bell. His grandfather, Reuben Bell, came into the Mahoning Valley at an early day, settling first in the vicinity of Youngstown and afterward at Warren. The maternal grandfather of Mr. Bell was Dr. Cyrus Metcalf, whose name is prominently identified with the profession of medicine in the Mahoning Valley. For many years he practiced at Bristol and later at Warren, and when he retired from his profession he removed to New York City, where he died. His daughter, Ella Metcalf Bell, was born at Bristol in Trumbull County and is still a resident of Warren. John W. Bell was born at Warren in 1846, and at the age of sixteen entered the United States Navy, and served throughout the remaining period of the Civil war. He was an artist by profession, making a specialty of landscape work. He was delegated to paint many places in Cleveland and New York City, and spent much of his time in those cities. He also maintained a studio in Warren, and died in that city November 11, 1895.

The life of Delos Metcalf Bell has been largely

spent at Warren, where he attended the public schools. At the age of eighteen he began an apprenticeship at the watch-making and jewelry business in the store of Vautrat & Myers of Warren. He was there several years, but in 1900 went to Cuba and spent five years with the quartermaster's department of the United States Army of Occupation on that island. After returning to Ohio Mr. Bell opened the Park Candy Shop at Niles, but after a year sold out and returned to Warren, where he became identified with the Standard Motor Company. Mr. Bell was one of the group of local business men who brought about the reorganization of this company into the Warren Motor Truck Company, and since that date he has been general manager of the corporation's affairs.

Fraternally he is affiliated with Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar; Cleveland Consistory of the Scottish Rite and Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine at Cleveland. He is also a member of Warren Lodge of Elks, the Trumbull Country Club and the Warren Board of Trade.

Mr. Bell married Miss Anna Wallace, daughter of the late Capt. William Wallace, banker and prominent citizen of Warren. They have one daughter, Elizabeth Ann, born—and the date is interesting, taken in connection with the date of her father's birth—on Friday, February 13, 1914.

Hon. George J. Carew was born at Meadville, Pennsylvania, November 10, 1867, his parents being Clement J. and Mary (Shay) Carew, both of Irish ancestry, although the former was born in St. Johns, Newfoundland, and the latter at Warren, Ohio. Clement J. Carew came to "the States" in 1863, residing first at Boston and later at Meadville, Pennsylvania. He was a cooper by occupation and in later years conducted a factory for the manufacture of products in that line, being engaged in that business until his death.

The son George J. Carew attended the public and parochial schools and then entered the government service in the capacity of a railway mail clerk. During fifteen years spent in that occupation he prepared himself for the bar by a diligent study of law and, in his studies enjoyed the counsel and assistance of Judge George F. Arrel of Youngstown. He was admitted to the bar of Crawford County, Pennsylvania, in 1898, and five years later began the practice of his profession in Youngstown, being associated with William A. Maline.

In 1914 he became city solicitor for the City of Youngstown. In 1917 he was appointed by Governor Cox as judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and in this capacity organized the Court of Domestic Relations, as judge of which he won the admiration and esteem of the public by his kindly personality, patience and conscientious discharge of his duties in connection with the delicate matters coming before that court. At the expiration of his term Judge Carew resumed the practice of law, in which profession he is widely known in Youngstown and surrounding cities. Both as a public official and as a private citizen he has always taken a deep interest in current affairs and has been active in all worthy movements in his community. He was chairman of the campaign which raised $115,000 for the Knights of Columbus war work fund during the World war, a member of the Mahoning War Chest Council, the executive committee of the Community Corporation, and an active participant in all movements of a patriotic or community nature during that period.

Judge Carew is a member of the Catholic Church and of the order of Knights of Columbus, of the Rotary Club, and the Elks. He was married on June 23, 1896, to Dora M. Foley, of Youngstown. They have four children living—Francis, a student in the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, and Mary Louise, Helen and Dorothy, at home.

Freeman Willard Calvin, successful farmer and orchardist of Green Township, comes of a family which has had prominent part in the development and affairs of Green Township since 1816. Many references to this family will be found in the present historical work, and especially in the sketch of Henry R. Calvin. The family name has been one of prominence in connection with development and progress in Mahoning County.

Freeman W. Calvin, who was born in Green Township, is the son of Philip Calvin, who was born on a farm adjoining that of Freeman W. The grandparents of Freeman W. were David and Lydia (Roller) Calvin, the former a son of Luther, and one of five brothers who settled in Green Township in about 1816. The five brothers, John, David, Philip, Luther, and Joshua Calvin, sons of Luther Calvin, came into Ohio from Virginia, having previously moved there from New Jersey. Four of the five brothers soon after coming into the Mahoning Valley in 1816 secured tracts of land, the fifth brother, John, going into Hancock County, Ohio. David acquired 100 acres, out of which he donated two acres to the purposes of the Locust Grove Baptist Church and Cemetery, of which church he was one of the organizers and for many years a member. He built a substantial residence on the southern part of his farm, and the dwelling is still in good habitable condition, and is owned by his granddaughter, Mrs. John Feicht. David lived to a good old age, being more than seventy years old when death came. His wife, Lydia Roller, however, died much earlier in life. Their children were: John, who died on the old homestead at the age of sixty-four years; Philip, of whom more is written later; Luther, who served in the Civil war and later lived in California, where he died; Jacob, a valiant Civil war patriot, died for the cause while in military service; Mary married P. D. Cook, their married life being passed in Green Township, where both ultimately died; Elsie Jane, who married Wess Moore, and also died near her birthplace; Sarah Ann, who married Joseph Stauffer and died in Michigan.

Philip Calvin, son of David and Lydia (Roller) Calvin and father of Freeman W., was born in Green Township, but in early life spent fourteen years in Hancock County, Ohio. Eventually he bought a farm about two miles to the southward of the old homestead in Green Township, his farm also being in that township. Upon that farm he lived until his death, which occurred when he was sixty-six years

A. M. Sweeney

old, and only five days after the decease of his wife, his end having been hastened by that supreme bereavement. They were the parents of nine children, of whom seven are still living. The children are: Annie, who married Alva Wilson, of Hancock County, Ohio; the second child, Alice, died in early girlhood; Freeman Willard, of whom more is written hereinafter; Harvey, a successful farmer of Green Township, Mahoning County; Henry, who is the subject of detailed reference elsewhere in this work; Bertha, who has part of the Calvin homestead in Green Township; Melville, who died at about one year of age; Oliver, in successful business in the City of Youngstown; and Carrie, who married Harvey Good, of Beaver Township.

Freeman Willard Calvin, son of Philip and Mary Mitchley Calvin, lived at home until he was twenty-four years old, when he married Irene Calvin, daughter of John R. Calvin, son of Philip Calvin, who was one of the five brothers to become pioneers of the Calvin family in Ohio. Her home was on a nearby farm, and at marriage Freeman W. and his wife took up residence on the farm upon which they have since lived, formerly that belonging to his uncle Luther, and the northern part of the original David Calvin homestead. Later Freeman's father, Philip, bought the property, and in course of time Freeman became the owner through his father. His farming and development of the land has been very creditable and, of course, profitable. He showed good enterprise in 1901 and 1902 when he planted a large apple orchard; and now he has an apple orchard that yields him usually about two thousand bushels of fruit yearly. He has other fruits, but his main fruit crop is from his apple orchard, which includes many of the leading varieties: York Imperial, Jonathan, Stamen Winesap, Stark, Black Ben Davis, The Bentley Sweet, and The Gate; and Mr. Calvin is known generally to patronizers of the Fair for his success as an exhibitor of fruit, particularly apples. He also exhibits at the Apple Show at Youngstown. In almost all phases of agriculture he is actively interested and holds membership in the County and State Horticultural societies, in the Farm Bureau and in the local Grange. His farm, which is of forty-nine acres, brings him a very satisfactory return each year, and is now a well improved property. The dwelling and barn were built by his uncle Luther, who occupied the farm for eleven years, but both house and barn have since been enlarged.

Mr. Freeman W. Calvin is a steady adherent to the republican party in local and national politics, but in the latter he is not active, although in local affairs he has taken close interest, but never to the extent of seeking or seeming to seek office. His time is, in general, sufficiently full with the affairs of his own farm. He and his wife, Irene Calvin, are the parents of three children: Oscar, who is connected with the Youngstown Rubber Works, and married Catherine Crumbacher; Harry, who was a soldier in the United States Army during the World war, serving for ten months with a heavy artillery unit; and Nellie, who is at home with her parents.

John R. Calvin, who was born in Green Township, March 4, 1826, and died on July 1, 1890, was a son of Philip, one of the five brothers Calvin who came into Ohio in 1816. His uncle David, grandfather of Freeman W. Calvin, lived on an adjoining farm in Green Township to that upon which he was born and which was owned by his father, Philip. John R. Calvin married Lavinia, daughter of Henry Roller, who came from Pennsylvania and settled in Green Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, where he married Caroline McCarter, also a native of Pennsylvania. Lavinia was born December 13, 1829, and died May 13, 1905. Of the children of Henry Roller, Lavinia was the only one to remain in Green Township, all her brothers moving to other places. Her brother Benton, moved to Marion County, Iowa; James went to Allen County, Indiana; and Jonas, to Cleveland. John R. Calvin's married life was spent on the farm, which, however, is not now in the family possession. He was a school teacher for several years, but always farmed more or less, although perhaps his main occupation may be said to have been lumber manufacturing, for he owned a saw mill and conducted it for many years. Fifteen children were born to John R. and Lavinia (Roller) Calvin, and thirteen reached manhood or womanhood and ten were living when the current data were compiled, in 1919. The fifteen children were: James, who for many years was well known in Mahoning County as a reliable physician, and died at the age of fifty-two years; Samantha, who married Martin Dressel, of Green Township; Emma, who married Noah Culp, of Green Township, and died at the age of twenty-eight years; Allen, who lives with his sister Irene, married Freeman W. Calvin, of Green Township; Laura, who died in infancy; Joseph, who also died in childhood; Harriet, who is unmarried, and who for more than twenty-five years has been a school teacher in Mahoning County; Benton, a retired farmer now residing in Columbiana; Sarah, who had only been in the teaching profession for two years when death came to her at the age of twenty-one years; Edward, who is a farmer in Green Township; Ella, who married Wallace Wonsettler, of Youngstown; John, who lives in Columbiana; Mary, who married Fred Harmon, of Greenford; Irene, who is the wife of Freeman W. Calvin; and Ira, who is in the coal business in Greenford.

Albert Matthew Sweeney, electrical engineer and general manager of the Ohio Division, National Lamp Works, General Electric Company, Warren, Ohio, holds prominent place in the industrial affairs of the city.

Mr. Sweeney was born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, on December 11, 1887, son of Hugh H. and Margaret (Barry) Sweeney, the former a native of Nova Scotia and the latter of Connecticut. His paternal grandfather, John Sweeney, was born in Ireland, spent several years as a ship carpenter in Nova Scotia, and was a California forty-niner. On returning to "the States" he located at Cambridge, Massachusetts, and lived out his life there. Hugh H. Sweeney, who with his wife is still living at Cam-

bridge, has for a number of years been in business as a teaming contractor.

Albert M. Sweeney attended the Cambridge graded schools and then became a student at Rindge Manual Training School of Cambridge. This was the pioneer technical manual training school in the country, and from it have been patterned all the technical high schools in America. His training there prepared him to enter the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, from which he graduated with the Bachelor of Science degree in 1910.

All the decade since he left the university Mr. Sweeney has spent with concerns manufacturing electric incandescent lamps. He first went with the National Electric Lamp Association at Cleveland and in 1911 was transferred to the Cleveland laboratories of that concern. There he remained with increasing responsibilities until 1919, in which year he came to Warren as assistant to F. C. March, then general manager of the Ohio Division, National Lamp Works. He came here as the result of an arrangement looking to the retirement of Mr. March, whose resignation had been made to take effect January 1, 1920, and when Mr. March retired Mr. Sweeney became his successor in the general management.

Mr. Sweeney is a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, the Illuminating Engineering Society of America, and is also a member of the Warren Board of Trade. He married Miss Irene Brothers, daughter of George and Eleanor (Bender) Brothers of Cleveland. Their twin sons, Richard A. and Robert G., were born December 8, 1916.

THOMAS C. WILLIAMS. A representative citizen in every sense of the word, Thomas C. Williams, of Niles, Ohio, is rendering a constructive service to his community, and is taking a prominent part in its industrial life as superintendent of the Empire Works of the Brier Hill Steel Company at Niles. He was born in Wales March 21, 1874, and when he was six years old he was brought to the United States by his parents, Rhys T. and Mary (James) Williams. Rhys T. Williams was a coal miner and worked for a time for the "Dreych," a Welsh newspaper, the only one in this country, published at Utica, New York. Following this he was engaged in the life insurance business in and about Wheeling, West Virginia, and Martin's Ferry, Ohio, the latter place being his home. Prior to this, however, he had been an official of coal mining concerns at Kingston, Pennsylvania, Jelico, Tennessee, and Lewiston, West Virginia, serving as superintendent at Kingston and Portsmouth. He was a great church worker, and almost wholly through his efforts the Congregational Church at Plymouth, Pennsylvania, was built. In Wales he was secretary of the Welsh singing festival of Wales, noted the world over. He died at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, August 19, 1915. Six children were born to him and his wife, five of whom are now living.

Thomas C. Williams was the second child in order of birth. From the age of ten until he was fifteen years old he worked in the various offices of his father, beginning as a mail carrier for the works at Kingston. He became a student at the Wheeling Business College, and remained in that institution for a year, when he began working in the mills as a matcher, and rose up to roughing. Leaving the mills, he entered the shipping department, and eventually became chief shipper of the Aetna Standard Mills at Bridgeport, Ohio. For two years he was assistant superintendent of the plate and jobbing mills of the same works, and then, in October, 1910, came to Niles, Ohio, as assistant superintendent of the Empire Works of the Brier Hill Steel Company. This position he filled until March 15, 1920, at which time he became superintendent of the works.

On December 27, 1910, Mr. Williams was married to Elizabeth Harris, a daughter of John Ruskin Harris of Bridgeport, Ohio. Mr. Williams is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In politics he is a republican. During the late war he was very active in promoting the various drives, and subscribed generously to all of them. He is a practical millman, and has risen to his present very responsible position through his own unaided efforts, and through merit and not on account of the exercise of any favoritism. While his business cares have been too many to permit of his entering politics, he has always taken an intelligent man's interest in civic affairs, and Niles has no better citizen than he.

MARTIN FRANCIS FLYNN, county recorder of Mahoning County, is not only an efficient and popular official, but a man with an interesting history. Starting out in a mechanical trade, he was the victim of an accident which disabled him for further service. He lost little time in making his career over and fitting himself for new avenues of usefulness. For a number of years he was an expert stenographer, and was court reporter before he was elected to his present office.

He was born at Youngstown November 21, 1887, son of Martin and Mary (Varley) Flynn. His parents were both natives of Ireland, were married in England and soon afterward came to the United States. The father, who died in 1912, at the age of fifty-four, was an iron and steel worker, and for many years connected with the Brown-Bonnell plant at Youngstown. The mother died in 1895, at the age of thirty-six. Both were active members of St. Columba's Catholic Church. In the family were six sons and two daughters, including: John, an engineer with the Pennsylvania Railway, living at Youngstown; Julia, wife of Stephen Higgins, of Youngstown; James F. was an employe of the Pennsylvania Railway and died at the age of thirty-four; Martin Francis; Edward, with the Goodyear Rubber Tire Company at Akron; Mary, wife of Fred Wilson, a machine shop foreman at Girard, Ohio; and William, connected with the Office Supply Company at the Home Savings and Loan Company Building.

Martin F. Flynn acquired his early education in the excellent schools of St. Columba's parish. From school he entered the service of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company. He was serving an apprenticeship as pipe fitter when in an accident he lost a leg, while his companion working by his side was killed. This accident helped make history in

the Youngstown district, since it was the immediate cause for the installation of safety appliances in the entire plant of the Sheet and Tube works. Mr. Flynn then entered the Youngstown Business School, making a specialty of shorthand and typewriting. His first regular employment in his new profession was as clerk in Judge M. B. Welsh's Justice Court. Three years later he entered the law office of Judge William S. Anderson & Son, and when Judge Anderson went on the Common Pleas bench Martin Flynn became his regular court stenographer. He filled that office four years, and in 1916 was elected county recorder. He is a republican in politics and a member of St. Patrick's Catholic Church. Mr. Flynn married Doris M. Brick in 1914. She is a daughter of T. J. Brick.

William Henry Baldwin was born in Youngstown, Ohio, July 16, 1851, the son of Timothy D. and Lucretia Kirtland (Manning) Baldwin. He was educated in the public schools and in the Rayen School of Youngstown, of which he was the first graduate, in 1867. He entered Western Reserve College, then at Hudson and now at Cleveland, Ohio, the same year, and graduated from it in 1871.

After some months in the office of the general manager of the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad at Erie, Pennsylvania, he began the study of law, but because of family circumstances became temporarily bookkeeper in the First National Bank of Youngstown in June, 1872. Although he had continued his study in connection with this work, rapid advancement in the bank caused him to give up the law, and he was made cashier in January, 1877, when Mr. Robert McCurdy became president. Mr. Baldwin was cashier of this bank for ten years, when he resigned to reorganize and manage the bolt factory established some years previously by Arms, Bell & Company. He was, a year later, elected vice president of the bank, and retained this connection with it until December, 1900, after his removal from Youngstown.

After destruction by fire of the Arms, Bell & Company plant, April 1, 1889, Mr. Baldwin visited Europe, inspecting the important steel plants of England, France, Germany, Sweden and Austria, incidentally spending much time in travel and remaining abroad until the end of that year. On his return he assumed the management of the Youngstown Rolling Mill Company, which he continued until, on July 1, 1890, that company was consolidated with the Trumbull Iron Company to form the Youngstown Iron & Steel Company, with which he was connected for the next two years. When, on July 1, 1892, the Union Iron & Steel Company was formed by the consolidation of the Youngstown Iron & Steel Company and Cartwright, McCurdy & Company, Mr. Baldwin became secretary of the new company.

Soon afterward the Ohio Steel Company was formed, and Mr. Baldwin became its secretary, continuing in the management in that capacity until the company was taken over by the National Steel Company, of which Mr. Baldwin was made secretary, in February, 1899. On the formation of the United States Steel Corporation, which absorbed the National Steel Company, he declined an important position with the new organization and spent a year in travel through the West and around the Mediterranean Sea. On his return he declined to engage in business and has since that time devoted his energies to matters relating to the public health and social welfare. He had much to do with the movement to erect a filtration plant in Youngstown, and has been actively connected with the general movement for the prevention and cure of tuberculosis. He has been a director and member of the executive committee of the National Tuberculosis Association for fourteen years, and was treasurer of that association for seven years. In this connection he has written many valuable papers and has been a delegate to many meetings at home and abroad, among the latter being the International Conference at Brussels in 1910 and the International Congress on Tuberculosis at Rome in 1912, where he was an official representative of the United States. He has also been a member of the advisory council of the Henry Phipps Institute since it became a part of the University of Pennsylvania in 1911.

In addition to his other activities Mr. Baldwin has been, since he published a book relating thereto in 1904, an earnest student of and an authority on the problem of family desertion and non-support in this country. Through his writings and addresses, and as a member of the Commissioners on Uniform State Laws, he has had much to do with securing uniformity and efficiency in the laws of the different states upon this important subject. His invaluable work in this direction was suggested by questions that came before the Associated Charities of Washington, of which Mr. Baldwin has since that time been one of the board of managers.

At the request of Mr. James R. Garfield, who was then commissioner of corporations, Mr. Baldwin in 1905 took charge of the investigation of the iron and steel industry of the country for the bureau, and spent several years in making a careful and accurate report of the costs, prices and profits over a period of five years for concerns representing three-quarters of the production of the country. Mr. Baldwin resigned, however, when delays in the completion and publication of the report made it apparent that the officials responsible were unwilling to make public the facts which had been developed in the investigation, and it was never printed.

While engaged on this work in Washington Mr. Baldwin was, in 1907, appointed by President Roosevelt a member of the President's Homes Commission, to study social and living conditions in the District of Columbia, and as chairman of one of its three committees he wrote the report relating to alley houses and insanitary dwellings. He also served as one of a committee of five appointed in 1913 by Attorney General McReynolds to revise the laws of the District relating to children.

In 1910 Mr. Baldwin was asked to take the chairmanship of a committee of twenty leading citizens of the District, of which the purpose was to do away with the evils due to the numerous loan sharks, with which the city had long been infested, by the passage of a law permitting small loans at reasonable rates. By severe and long continued efforts the citizens' committee obtained in 1913 a law prohibiting such

loans without a license under which, after much litigation, the loan sharks were driven out, and the payment to them by needy borrowers of the District of more than $500,000 illegal interest each year was stopped.

Mr. Baldwin has always taken a great interest in educational matters, and has been a trustee of Adelbert College of Western Reserve University since 1888. He was also appointed a trustee of the Rayen School in 1897, and although later no longer a resident of the city he gave such constant and faithful attention to the school that he was repeatedly reappointed, and served for eighteen years, till 1915.

He was president of the board of trustees for six years of this period, from 1904 to 1910, when he insisted on the acceptance of his resignation. During this time Mr. Baldwin worked very earnestly to defeat certain efforts which, owing to a misunderstanding of the legal possibilities, had been made to take the school out of the hands of the trustees.

In 1903, in memory of Mr. Baldwin's mother, Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin gave to the Free Kindergarten and Day Nursery Association a substantial brick building on a lot at the corner of Champion and Front streets, believing that they could perpetuate her influence in no better way than in this work for children. For fifteen years this building served its purpose well, but at the end of that time the association found itself unable to continue the work because of changes in local conditions, and returned the property to those who gave it.

After the war began Mr. Baldwin represented the District of Columbia at the National Defense Conference in May, 1917, and in June of that year was appointed by the District commissioners chairman of the District Council of Defense. This position, which he filled until the close of the war, involved much difficult work in connection with the pressure on housing conditions and other matters in the national capital during that important period.

From 1866 to 1907 Mr. Baldwin was a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Youngstown, in which he was elected an elder in 1894. Since then he has been a member of the Church of the Covenant in Washington, District of Columbia, in which he is also an elder and active in church work. He is president of the Phi Beta Kappa Association of the District, and a member of the Cosmos, University and Chevy-Chase clubs there, of the University Club of New York and of the Youngstown Club. Mr. Baldwin has always been a republican, but not a partisan, and has never sought nor held any public office.

He married on April 26, 1893, Miss Isabel Cort, of New York City. Their home is at the Hotel Gotham there, but much of their time is spent in their house in Washington during the winter and at Sugar Hill in the White Mountains in the summer.

Asa Giles Judd, LL. B., who for more than twenty years has been a prominent resident in Warren, is a man of superior intellect and marked versatility. He studied at the Universities of Wisconsin and Michigan; graduated at the latter with the class of 1886, as Bachelor of Law; was admitted to the bar of Michigan and subsequently to that of Illinois; was for a while associate in law practice with Judge Crabtree, a noted jurist of that period; became a successful farmer when sickness forbade him continuing to practice his profession; became a factor of consequence among scientific and progressive agriculturists of the State of Illinois, and initiated many movements of importance to that class; and generally showed that a man of ability in one sphere of activity can accomplish results just as successfully in another after having applied himself to the study of the necessary fundamentals. Since coming to Warren in 1898 Mr. Judd has been identified with the interests of the Griswold estate, of which he is managing trustee. Also he has come somewhat prominently to the fore as a real estate operator, owning Warren and Cleveland real estate. And his ability in public affairs and his marked interest have made him a valued resident. He has been a councilman, and has interested himself actively in the endeavors of the Warren Board of Trade. And he has also given unstintedly of his time to church organization work in connection with the First Baptist Church, of which he is a deacon and clerk. He was instrumental in the founding of the Men's Club of that organization, which club has been the means of establishing a Roumanian Mission Church on North Park Avenue, and the church after four years has sent sixteen of its members back to Roumania as missionaries.

Asa Giles Judd was born in Dixon, Illinois, the son of Wallace A. and Jerusha (Merriman) Judd, and is in direct descent from two of the oldest colonial New England families. The progenitor of the American branch of the Judd family was Deacon Thomas Judd, who came from England to America in 1633. The family was of good station in England, one of the direct ancestors of Deacon Thomas Judd having been at one time Lord Mayor of the City of London. Deacon Thomas Judd went from the Massachusetts colony with one of the expeditions into Connecticut in 1636, and was one of the original proprietors and settlers of Farmington, Connecticut, where he settled in about the year 1644. The descendants of Deacon Thomas Judd are numerously spread throughout the New England States, and the family during its many generations has given to the nation many distinguished men. The great-great-grandfather of Asa Giles was Oliver I, who was in direct line from Deacon Thomas. Oliver II was born in Massachusetts, and the family appears to have lived in Massachusetts for many generations thereafter. Wallace Arden Judd, father of Asa G., was born at West Otis, Massachusetts, September 30, 1821, and on October 11, 1847, married Jerusha Merriman, who was born at Southington, Connecticut, on January 9, 1820, and was a sister to the late Mrs. Giles O. Griswold, of Warren.

Nathaniel Merriman was born about February 13, 1613, in London, England. He came to America in 1632, at the age of nineteen years, and was one of the early settlers of New Haven, Connecticut, 1639. His was the fourth on list of thirty-eight names signing an agreement to found the Town of Wallingford in 1670. John M., his son, was born in February, 1659, at New Haven, Connecticut. Rev. John M., a Baptist minister, was born October 16, 1691, and at

the age of sixty moved to Southington, Connecticut, to live. He was among the first to join the Baptist denomination in Wallingford. John, son of Rev. John, was born at Wallingford, Connecticut, September 12, 1728, and died in Southington, April 12, 1801. Chauncey, son of John, was born April 24, 1752, in Southington. Anson Merriman, son of Chauncey, was born October 21, 1786. He married Jerusha Bacon and lived at Southington, Connecticut. He was a manufacturer of brass combs, buttons covered with silk, harnesses, brooms, etc., and was the first in New England, if not in the United States, to manufacture cement. The children of Anson Merriman were Joel B., Lydia, Lucetta, Maria and Jerusha. Maria married Giles O. Griswold of Warren, Ohio. Jerusha married Wallace A. Judd, of Otis, Massachusetts, and their children were Ella L., Frank W., Asa Giles and Homer A.

In 1851 Wallace A. Judd and wife went West and settled on a farm at Franklin Grove, Lee County, Illinois. A year later they removed to Dixon, the county seat of Lee County, where for many years Mr. Judd was engaged in the lumber and coal business, and in which city he died on January 16, 1910, aged eighty-nine years. Mrs. Judd died at Dixon on May 20, 1903, aged eighty-three years.

After a journey to the West and on the advice of his physician, Asa G. Judd gave up his professional work and sought out-door occupations. Deciding that agriculture offered him opportunity to both make a living and build up his health, he purchased a farm of 265 acres near Dixon and took up farming, although he never did a day's work on a farm until after he moved to his own farm. Soon he became convinced that to succeed in agriculture required the use of one's brains, so he studied the question as he would a law case. Being by nature observant and apt at learning, he made progress from almost the beginning, and in a few years he developed into a scientific farmer. His college training made it easier for him to grasp and master the science of the problems which confronted him on the farm, while his inclination made him an eager student, and before he had given up farming he had introduced into his own operations methods of farming which later became very general in that section. At the beginning he consulted his neighbors, took their advice and followed it, but improved on the advice—if they advised three pecks of seed to an acre he sowed four pecks; if they advised three kernels of corn to a hill he planted four. And soon his good neighbors and advisers began to observe and realize that the "kid-gloved farmer," as they good-naturedly designated Mr. Judd, had become a champion producer and was taking the prizes for largest and best production, and soon they were coming to him for advice on modern methods. After having been on the farm for a few years Mr. Judd leased from his father the adjoining farm of 150 acres which gave greater facilities. He also operated a dairy of 100 head of high-grade milch cows, and was the first dairyman in that section to introduce what is known as the "balanced ration" by the whole-grain method, by which method no part of the feed is ground.

While on the farm Mr. Judd interested himself in all movements having to do with agriculture, and was intensly interested in all advanced methods conducive to the welfare of the farm and farmers. He built the first mile of hard road in Lee County; he was made president of the defunct Farmers' Club, and under his guidance the membership of twelve retired farmers, when the club was reorganized, grew until the enrollment of active members was increased to 250; monthly meetings were inaugurated and club rooms established at Dixon. The club rooms were located on the ground floor of a business block in the center of the city, with all modern conveniences of a city club, including reading tables provided with current farmers' literature, writing stationery, blackboard daily market quotations, rest-room for the ladies and children, dining room, and windows for display advertising, all of which features were installed and developed by Mr. Judd. This club, known as the "Rock River Farmers' Club," was the first of its kind organized in the entire country. Mr. Judd delivered lectures on agricultural topics in every county in Illinois, and it was in a very large degree due to his efforts that the agricultural department of the University of Illinois was reorganized and the standard of instruction thereat considerably raised.

In 1898 Mr. Judd leased his farm and gave up farming in order that he might be free to give his time to the financial management of the interests of his uncle, the late Giles O. Griswold of Warren, who was at that time probably the largest independent manufacturer of linseed oil in the United States. When he left Dixon in that year for Warren, Mr. Judd was tendered a farewell banquet by the Rock River Farmers Club, at which one of the speakers, himself a large dairyman and farm owner, said: "Mr. Judd has done more in his fifteen years on the farm to advance improved farm methods than any other man or influence have done in the last fifty years."

Mr. Judd has been a citizen of Warren since 1898, but still owns his large farm near Dixon, which is operated by a tenant. The death of his uncle, Mr. Griswold, occurred in 1902, and by the provisions of his will Mr. Judd became one of three executors and trustees of the estate, and so continues.

Mr. Judd married Carrie Fuller, of Ottawa, La-Salle County, Illinois, the daughter of Ashbel and Almira (Harding) Fuller. Mr. Fuller was a native of Vermont and was an early settler of Illinois. Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Judd: Wallace Fuller and Eleanor A.

Wallace Fuller Judd was prepared for college at Wyoming (Pennsylvania) College, and was graduated from Princeton University with the degree of B. A., class of '12; was graduated in law from the University of Michigan, degree of LL. B., class of '15. He was for a time in the Chicago offices of the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York City, and later was manager of that company's Kansas City offices. An opportunity was extended to him to enter the employ of the law firm of Harrington, DeFord, Heim and Osborn, of Youngstown, which position he accepted. On October 1, 1917, he married Margaret Wylie, of Scranton, Pennsylvania, and they have one son, Wallace Wylie.

Eleanor A. Judd died at the age of two years and eight months.

James W. Holloway, one of the well known and popular citizens of Warren, was an old-time telegrapher, rose to official responsibilities in railroading, but for many years past has been identified with electrical manufacturing at Warren.

Through his mother he is connected with one of the oldest Trumbull County families. Mr. Holloway was born in Morristown, New Jersey, June 28, 1845. His father, Hugh W. Holloway, was born in the same state in 1817. The father of Hugh married the widow of Colonel Apthorp, an officer of the British army, son of Lord and Lady Apthorp of England. Hugh W. Holloway came to Trumbull County in 1838, was married, and later returned to Morristown, New Jersey, where he learned the making of daguerreotypes and also acquired all the knowledge and experience then regarded as essential to the practice of dentistry. In 1847, on returning to Ohio, he located at Warren, and was one of the pioneer daguerreotype artists of Trumbull County. His studio was on the southwest corner of Market Street and Park Avenue. Doubtless some of the early families of Trumbull County carefully cherished daguerreotypes made by this old artist. Subsequently he practiced dentistry, and died at Warren in 1861. His wife was Jane E. Headley, who was born in Mecca Township in Trumbull County in 1824 and died at Warren in 1906.

James W. Holloway was two years old when brought to Warren, was reared in and attended the common schools of the city, and his first regular employment was as a farm hand in Trumbull County. He began to learn telegraphy in 1865, and for nearly forty years was a telegrapher and railroad man. For many years he was connected with the New York Central Railway in New York State, and in 1900 resigned the responsibilities of superintendent of the River Division of that road. Then returning to Warren, Mr. Holloway turned his capital and enterprise to use in connection with the Warren Electrical Specialty Company, manufacturers of carbon electric lamps. Still later he became interested in the Peerless Electric Company of Warren, manufacturers of motors and fans, and he is still a director of that corporation.

While not a politician, Mr. Holloway has been deeply interested in the civic affairs of Warren. He served as president of the Warren City Council and vice mayor of the city for four years, and in the 1920 primaries was nominated on the republican ticket as candidate for state representative, the nomination being equivalent to election. Fraternally he is affiliated with Woodward Lodge No. 508, Free and Accepted Masons at Cleveland, Warren Council No. 58, Royal and Select Masters, Mahoning Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, and Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar. He is a member of the Masonic Club and the Warren Lodge of Elks. His father assisted in reviving Old Erie Lodge No. 3 of Masons at Warren. Mr. Holloway married Miss Cora A. Bennett, of Cleveland, daughter of J. D. Bennett of that city. She died in 1906, leaving two daughters: Mabel, wife of Fred L. Geiger, of Warren; and Catherine, wife of Charles Hoffman, of Warren. In 1910 Mr. Holloway married Angy D. Beery, daughter of Simon and Melvina Beery, of Urbana, Champaign County, Ohio.

Benjamin F. Lane. The home of Benjamin F. Lane at Warren on South Main Street is historic ground, being part of the original Lane homestead, much of which has been absorbed by the rapid growth of the city for industrial and residence purposes, though some is still in use producing fresh vegetables and other crops. The Lane family has lived on this land since the very beginning of civilization at Warren

It was in 1800, in the spring, that Henry Lane, Sr., headed a party that came to Trumbull County from Washington County, Pennsylvania. History states that it was the second party to locate at Warren. Of Henry Lane, Sr., Mrs. Upton, the historian of Trumbull County, says: "He was a remarkable man for his time; he had the respect of his associates, was elected to the Legislature (serving in 1816, 1818, 1819 and 1826) and materially aided in the development of Warren. His son Henry, set aside some land in 1800 for cemetery purposes. The first mill in Warren was built by Henry Lane and Charles Dally. In June, 1800, they began the construction of a dam across the Mahoning River, not finished and in use until 1802. He was a man of remarkable physical strength. It was said he could whip any man in the county, and that whenever anybody got a little too full of whiskey and offered to 'clean out' the crowd he always excluded Henry Lane." The children who came with him to Warren were Henry, Jr., Benjamin Asa, Catherine and Annie.

His son Benjamin married, in 1841, Hannah Cook, an Englishwoman. They were the parents of three children. Henry J., who for many years lived on the old homestead near Warren, but is now a resident of Kansas; Benjamin F. and Mary Salina, better known as Lina, who became the wife of Samuel Greiner, lumber dealer, and now lives in Youngstown.

Benjamin F. Lane has spent all of his life except eleven years in Lordstown on the old farm. He secured the south half of the homestead, comprising about eighty-seven acres. A portion of this is now owned by the Trumbull Steel Company, and some has been allotted and sold for residences. He still owns about half of the original tract. All of that part formerly owned by Henry J. Lane is incorporated in the city. For twenty years Mr. Lane has operated a market garden. He also owns about 320 acres in Lordstown about 2½ miles from Warren, and still gives his personal supervision to this property. Mr. Lane for many years dealt in livestock and supplied many of the local butchers with meat. He also did some real estate development, building a number of houses on his own property.

October 3, 1878, Mr. Lane married Mary Ackley, who was born in North Bloomfield Township September 29, 1853, a daughter of J. W. and Malinda (Russell) Ackley. She and a brother were the eleventh and twelfth of her parents' children, ten reaching mature age. J. W. Ackley was a son of Champion Ackley, said to have been a Revolutionary soldier and one of the first four men over the walls at the storming of Stony Point. This Revolutionary soldier died in New York and J. W. Ackley,

G. A. Prier

who was born May 30, 1808, at Avon, in Ontario County, that state, came to Bristol Township in Trumbull County about 1835. He died at Geneva, Ohio, June 19, 1902. October 6, 1828, he married Malinda Russell, who was born September 30, 1812, at Bear Lake in Chautauqua County, New York, and died April 3, 1897, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Lane, where she had lived for two years. J. W. Ackley was a shoemaker by trade and later a jeweler. The ten Ackley children to reach mature years were: DeWitt Clinton, a blacksmith who died in New Jersey; Walter Scott, a carpenter who died at Eustis, Florida; Harriet Hulda, whose first husband was W. T. Smith, and her second marriage with Edward Brakeman, is now a widow living at Naugatuck, Connecticut; Harrison Risley, a blacksmith who died at Harpersfield, Ohio, in 1901; Thaddeus, a jeweler at Warren; Delia Melissa, widow of John A. Mott, living at Geneva; Clara Angeline, wife of J. E. Crandall, a dentist at Geneva; Newton Joel, a jeweler at Los Angeles, California; Charles, a jeweler in Kentucky; and Mrs. Mary Lane, who for several years before her marriage was a teacher in Trumbull County.

Mr. and Mrs. Lane are the parents of four children. Lina M. is an artist living at Cleveland; Alice is employed in the office of a coal company at Cleveland; Mary is the wife of Walter Brown, a director in the Griswold Company at Warren; and Benjamin F. is a commercial salesman living at Warren.

Benjamin F. Lane, Sr., is a member of the Masonic order, and Mrs. Lane in past years was active in the Eastern Star, the Woman's Relief Corps and the Central Christian Church.

G. Herbert Prier. The remarkable growth of Warren during the last decade both as an industrial and business center and as a city of homes is attributable to a number of reasons, two of which are its natural advantages as an industrial site and to a coterie of her progressive citizens who have labored in season and out of season to bring about the present condition—a condition which makes of Warren one of the most progressive of the smaller cities of the country. Among this coterie of citizens is found G. Herbert Prier, who has been an important factor in the development of Warren from a city of 10,000 people in 1910 into a prosperous and growing community of 30,000 people in 1920.

Mr. Prier is not a native of the Buckeye State. However, he is descended from two old Ohio families, his grandparents have been early settlers of Summit County, while his parents, Hiram and Amanda (Boyer) Prier, were born in the City of Akron. Hiram Prier removed with his family to Missouri, and for twenty years was extensively engaged in farming in that state, with his residence at Clinton. Later in life he returned to Akron and died in that city in 1911. His widow and daughter now reside at Denver, Colorado.

G. Herbert Prier was born at Clinton, Missouri, April 26, 1877. He attended public schools in Missouri, took a course in an Akron business college, was graduated in 1913 from Sheldon's Business College in Chicago, and is still a student of big business.

Mr. Prier's first business venture came when he was in his twenty-first year, when in 1898 he established the Summit Academy at Akron, which was a high class terpsichorean school, which he developed into a popular feature of that city's best social life. His success in Akron resulted in his establishing similar academies both at Warren and Youngstown, which he simultaneously conducted with success during the period between 1903 and 1912.

Successful as he was in the above ventures, it was not until he had entered the field of real estate operations in Warren in 1912 that Mr. Prier found the business to which he is peculiarly adapted and in which he has had so remarkable a success and has been of so great a value to the City of Warren. In the above year he began his operations in real estate by holding a "Producers' Show," at which were exhibited, by the growers thereof, all kinds of garden and farm products, for which exhibition cash prizes were offered and given as premiums. This show gave Mr. Prier a wide acquaintance among the people of the community, who came to know him personally. So his real estate business, while at the beginning a very modest one, has grown with the passing years in variation and volume until Mr. Prier is at the head and the guiding genius of one of the largest organizations in its line in Warren, doing a general real estate, insurance, brokerage, investment and building and financing building propositions.

Mr. Prier has developed and placed on the market a number of very successful residential allotments of Warren, the more important ones being those of Bellevue, Belvedere, Grand View, Woodlawn, Summit Park, Mahoning Farms and Brookside Park, he being the sole owner of the last named property. The development of these allotments has greatly assisted in solving the housing problem which has confronted the City of Warren during its rapid expansion, he having himself built over 100 houses.

Mr. Prier has other important interests aside from real estate and building. He is a director of the Warren Guaranteed Mortgage Company, a director in the William Coale Development Company, and a director and member of the building committee of the Jonathan Warner Hotel Company, which company is erecting Warren's new and handsome hotel building on High Street. He is an ex-president of the Warren Real Estate Board, a member of the Warren Board of Trade and is identified with the City Planning Commission. He is an elder of First Presbyterian Church and is a member of the Warren Rotary Club and of the Country Club.

On September 3, 1901, Mr. Prier was united in marriage with Beatrice G., daughter of Walter B. and Malinda B. (Bildig) Sterling, of Akron, Ohio, and to them was born, on June 1, 1903, a daughter, Adelaide Lucile, who is a student at Casa De Rosa Girls' Collegiate School at Los Angeles, California.

Isaiah A. Rosenthal. As vice president of the Oster Brothers Furniture Company, which has headquarters in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and branches in different cities, Isaiah A. Rosenthal is officially connected with a live, wide-awake firm, and is doing his share in advancing its interests and assuring its present and future growth and prosperity. A native of

New York City, he was born May 25, 1874, a son of Abraham and Clara (Rindskopf) Rosenthal. His father, a retired cigar manufacturer, still lives in New York City, but his mother died in 1911.

Completing his early education in the upper grades of the schools of his native city, Isaiah A. Rosenthal began work in his father's cigar manufactory. Other lines of manufacturing appealing more to his tastes, he became identified with the woolen industry, acting first as treasurer for Holihan, Rephan & Company, in which he secured partnership in 1897. When that business was relinquished, Mr. Rosenthal returned to the cigar manufacturing, and continued in that industry until 1903, when he became associated with Oster Brothers, a well-known Chicago firm, which had established branches in various places. The company was subsequently incorporated, Lawrence Oster being made president; Mr. Rosenthal vice president; and Harry Oster secretary and treasurer. Due to the personal investigation of the president of the firm, a branch of the business was established at Nos. 216-18 East Federal Street, Youngstown, in September, 1916, a venture that has proven successful in every respect. The rapid development of East Youngstown has been largely due to the far-sightedness of the officers of this enterprising concern in providing furniture on easy terms to the new-comers of that district. Each branch of the company is a close corporation, acting independently, and invariably meeting with success.

Mr. Rosenthal married, November 2, 1898, Miss Agnes Frank, of New York City, and their only child, Frank, born April 15, 1901, is with the Brand & Oppenheim Company, cotton converters of New York. Fraternally Mr. Rosenthal is a Master Mason, belonging to Mount Nebo Lodge No. 257, Ancient Free and Accepted Order of Masons; and to New York Lodge No. 1, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Joseph Lewis Wheeler, head of the Youngstown Public Library System, was born at Dorchester, Massachusetts, March 16, 1884, a son of George Stevens Wheeler and Mary Jane (Druffin) Wheeler. Finishing grade school work he attended the Bridgewater, Massachusetts, and Providence, Rhode Island, Technical High Schools and entered Brown University, from which he was graduated in 1906 with the degree of Ph. B., winning the class of 1873 medal. In 1907 he received the M. A. degree at Brown University and, having decided to take up library work, completed a course at the New York State Library School in 1909.

Mr. Wheeler's enthusiasm for his chosen calling has never dimmed. He has been identified with the American Library Association since 1906, chairman of the bookbinding committee and member of the publicity committee of that organization since 1916, member of the council of the association for the term 1918-23, vice president of the Ohio Library Association in 1918, and president in 1919-20. In allied activities he is a member of the advisory committee of the Public Affairs Information Service, of the American Sociological Society and of the National Educational Association.

Mr. Wheeler began his library work as assistant in the Providence (Rhode Island) Public Library and the Brown University Library from 1902 to 1907. He was later assistant in the Washington (District of Columbia) Public Library from 1909 to 1911, librarian at Jacksonville, Florida, 1911-12, assistant librarian at Los Angeles, 1912-15, and director of the American Library Association exhibit at the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco in 1915. Since 1915 he has been in charge of the Youngstown Public Library System. Mr. Wheeler played an important part in the war service as assistant to the director of the American Library Association in charge of the large camp libraries and book selection from November, 1917, to June, 1918. He is the editor of a series of after-war reading courses published jointly by the United States Bureau of Education and the American Library Association, is a contributor to library magazines and compiler of numerous booklets. As chairman of the technical committee of the Special Libraries Association, 1919-21, he brought about the establishment of the industrial arts index.

In his five years' incumbency in Youngstown Mr. Wheeler has brought the Youngstown library system up to first rank. By the adoption of good publicity methods he has brought home to the people the value of their library and has earned for it support and approval never acknowledged before. Special attention has been given to extension of the book service and to the spread of technical knowledge through the use of library volumes, until book circulation in Youngstown has increased manyfold.

Fraternally Mr. Wheeler is a Rotarian, a Mason, member of the Phi Kappa Psi, Social Workers' Club and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. He was chairman of the Americanization Committee of the last named body in 1916-17.

Mr. Wheeler was married on October 20, 1910, to Miss Mabel Archibald of Washington, District of Columbia, and they are the parents of four interesting children. The Wheeler home is at 85 Bissell Avenue.

Michael Willo. In the cosmopolitan citizenship of Youngstown the people of Hungarian birth or descent have long played a prominent part. One of the early citizens of that nationality is Michael Willo, who came to Youngstown more than thirty years ago. Mr. Willo has long been prominent among the Hungarian population and he is also widely known as a business man and citizen among all classes of people.

He was born in Hungary, June 18, 1863, a son of Michael and Katharine Willo. These good people had four sons and two daughters who came to the United States. Michael was the first to seek his fortune in the New World. Largely through his influence and the means which he sent back home the others came over. His brothers John and Jacob afterwards returned to Europe. His sister Susan became the wife of Andrew Vozdok and at her death left seven children, in whose upbringing and education Michael Willo thereafter took an important part. His sister Anna is the wife of Joseph Reichichar of New Salem, Pennsylvania. His brother Paul

was an employe of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and accidentally lost his life in 1916.

Michael Willo received his education in the land of his birth. He landed in New York March 18, 1885. In search of work he first visited Passaic, New Jersey, then South Bethlehem and Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania, and on the 18th of July arrived in Youngstown. He did not know a soul in the town so far as he was aware. From the depot he walked to the Diamond Square and on the way observed a woman dressed in the garb of his people. He followed her to Kurz Alley with the hope of meeting some of his own countrymen. The first person he met in Kurz Alley was his own uncle, Michael Ondrysko. This uncle had left Hungary after Michael Willo started for America, and had come direct to Youngstown, thereby anticipating the arrival of his nephew, who was, of course, unaware of his uncle's presence.

For several years Michael Willo worked at the furnaces in the Andrews mill, and for four years was a pipe setter. He was rapidly familiarizing himself with American customs and institutions, was making himself useful to newcomers among his own people, and on October 11, 1889, he engaged in business for himself at 329 East Boardman and later at 355 East Boardman. The latter number has been the headquarters of his business for the past twenty-three years. In 1911, associated with John Beil, he opened a Foreign Exchange Bank and Steamship Agency on East Federal Street. Mr. Willo bought his partner's interest in the bank in 1914, though the steamship agency is still continued in their partnership.

Mr. Willo also is president of the Slovak Building & Loan Association. He has been interested in many financial undertakings, among them the platting of 200 acres for homes at Milton Dam as a member of the Federal Realty Company. He was the organizer of the Slovak Independent Political Club. He bought the ground for Sts. Cyril and Methodius Church, one of the very strong Catholic congregations of Youngstown. In public affairs, Mr. Willo is perhaps best known on account of his long service as court interpreter. He held that position for a number of years and made himself a favorite of all the officials of the court from judge down to bailiff.

February 8, 1889, Mr. Willo married Elizabeth Roth. The ceremony was performed in Cleveland by Father Stephen Furdek. Mrs. Willo is a daughter of Michael and Elizabeth Roth, is a native of Hungary and her father was a blacksmith. Mr. and Mrs. Willo have two living children: John A., a successful Youngstown attorney; and Mary, wife of Steve Slifka.

JOHN L. ABBOTT. Of the follower of any of the important trades no better recommendation is required than the credit of long employment under a reliable management. For eleven years John L. Abbott has been identified with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, and is regarded as having as practical a knowledge of the details of his business as any of the employes of the plant, where he occupies the position of general boiler foreman.

Mr. Abbott was born at Millerstown, Champaign County, Ohio, August 14, 1876, and is a son of David H. and Jennie (Jenkins) Abbott, both of whom were Ohioans by nativity, and a grandson of James Abbott, a farmer, who came to the Buckeye State at an early period in the history of the commonwealth and here passed the remainder of his life in agricultural operations. David H. Abbott was also a farmer and was a man of industry, practical ideas and intelligence, who would have probably made a success in life had not his career been cut short by death in 1881, when he was but thirty-one years of age.

John L. Abbott is one of two children. His father having died when he was less than six years old, he was reared by a merchant at Millerstown, John Loudenback, who had also reared his mother, who had been an orphan. His education was secured in the public schools of that place and in youth he assisted Mr. Loudenback in the conduct of the store. At the age of nineteen years, October 2, 1895, Mr. Abbott married Miss Amanda A. Brunner, a daughter of Daniel Brunner, a farmer of near Eris, Champaign County, Ohio. For a year following his marriage, Mr. Abbott operated an engine at Millerstown and for a time thereafter devoted himself to agricultural pursuits, but eventually went to Columbus, this state, and was employed at South Columbus by the old Columbus Carriage and Harness Company as tire setter. His next employment was by the Columbus Iron and Steel Company as oiler and pump tender for some years, and in September, 1909, he came to Youngstown, Ohio, as repair man on hydraulics and pumps, under J. M. Faris, who was then general master mechanic of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. He has ever since continued under Mr. Faris. His next step was operating stationary engines, and he then became assistant general boiler foreman. This position he held until August, 1919, when he was promoted to general boiler foreman, a capacity in which he has continued to act to the present time. Mr. Abbott has a likeable personality that has drawn to him and held numerous friends, and his management of his department is not only made efficient through his skill and executive capacity, but through a spirit of good will and fidelity which has grown about him.

Mr. Abbott is a thirty-second degree Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite and Knight Templar York Rite Mason, and a member of the Mystic Shrine. He and his wife are consistent members of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. To their marriage the following children have been born: Harold O.; Phyllis M., the wife of John Waddington; Glendon C., Leota P., John B., Catherine C., Margaret M., Eugene and Daniel D.

A. O. DETCHON. The Worthington-Detchon Company is a Pittsburgh organization actively engaged in subdividing and developing for residential and business purposes Mahoning Valley land owned by the Cyrus Detchon estate.

The Detchon family was first represented in Northern Ohio by Oswald and Ann (Carr) Detchon, who in 1800, soon after their marriage, came from Eng-

land to Ohio, settling in Mahoning County in pioneer days. Purchasing a half section of land in Boardman Township, between Cook's Corners and the center of the township, they labored with true pioneer grit and industry to clear and improve the homestead on which they reared their large family of seven sons and five daughters, all of whom married and settled in Mahoning or adjoining counties.

Solomon Detchon, the eighth son of Oswald and Ann Detchon, spent his entire life on the farm originally belonging to his parents. He married and reared three sons and three daughters, Cyrus Detchon being his eldest son.

Cyrus Detchon grew to manhood on the parental homestead, and chose farming for his life work. When ready to begin life for himself he looked about for a favorable location, and in 1864 bought from Chauncey Andrews 104 acres of land situated on the Youngstown and Poland Road, a quarter of a mile south of the Youngstown line, giving $6,000 for the tract. Youngstown was then in its infancy, its entire population not exceeding 3,000 souls. He improved a highly productive farm, on which he resided until his death in 1911. In 1917 his sons, Alfred O., Charles H. and Cyrus F., divided the parental estate into allotments, giving 706 lots, all of which, practically, have passed into other hands, the selling price having been $340,000, an immense sum compared with the original cost of the property.

It may be of interest to know that the Detchon family, one of the most numerous and well known of the pioneer families in Mahoning County at this time, originated in Brittany. After the revocation of the Edict of Nantes in 1685 the Detchon of whom the oldest record exists, being a Huguenot, fled from Brittany and settled in Northumberland County, England, where the family remained until 1800. In that year Oswald Detchon leased the family estate and removed to America with his wife, Ann (Carr) Detchon. Purchasing a quarter section lying between Cook's Corners and Boardman, here they built a cabin and began life in the new world. Oswald Detchon was a man of remarkable physical size, being six feet six inches tall and weighing 280 pounds. He was also a man of force and character and became a leader in the community. He died in 1836, aged seventy-five years, and his wife survived him three years. They reared eight children and lived to see many of their grandchildren. The lineal descendants of these two pioneers now number more than 350 and are scattered all over the United States, being prominent in Ohio and Indiana. Eight grandchildren of Oswald Detchon survive, these being Mrs. Eliza Baldwin, of Youngstown, aged eighty-eight; Elmira Detchon, of Poland, aged eighty-four; Mrs. Joseph Williamson, of Youngstown, aged eighty-five; Mrs. Martha Whaley, of Cincinnati, aged eighty-three; Mrs. Elizabeth Boohecker, of Alliance, aged eighty-four; Justice Detchon, of Youngstown, aged sixty-nine; Alfred Detchon, of Milton Township, Mahoning County, aged eighty-three; Dr. Samuel E. Detchon, of East Liverpool, aged seventy-two. Of these Alfred Detchon is head of the family, with fifty-three living direct descendants.

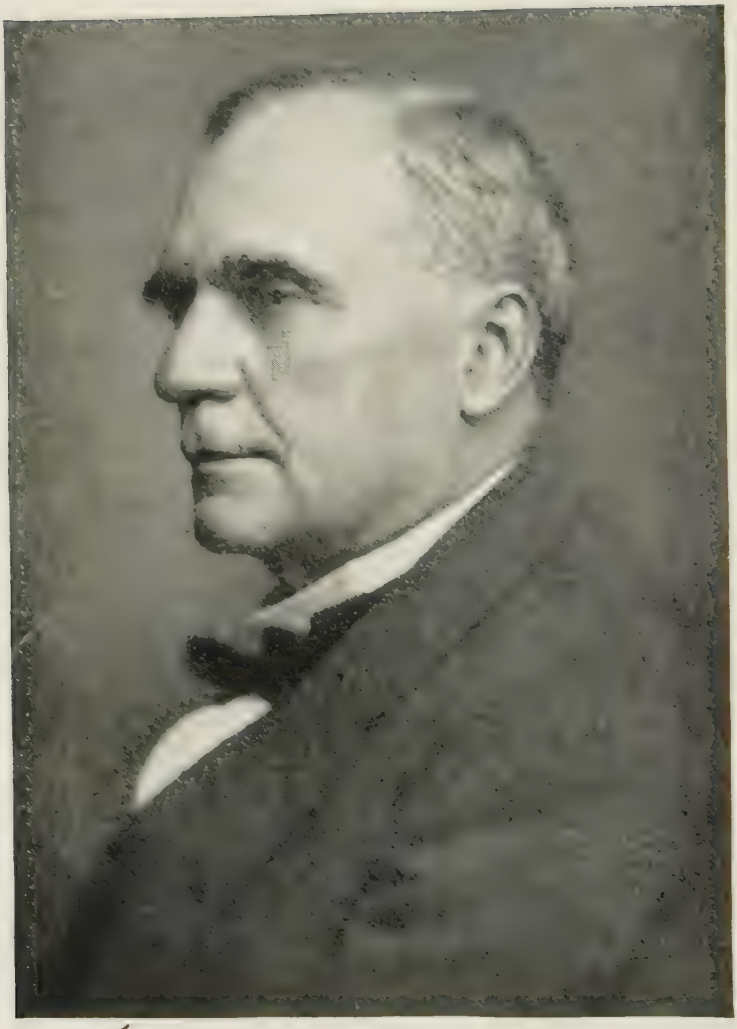
The family has been among the most progressive of the Mahoning County residents and its members are found prominent in all lines of activity. The military record it has established is without blemish and includes participation in every war since and including that of 1812, when Oswald Detchon enlisted as a soldier against his native land and made an honorable record. Thirteen of its members served abroad during the war with Germany, and of these two gaves their lives in the service.

Reference has been made elsewhere in this work to the fact that the Quakers are on record as the first group of people in this country to formally protest against human slavery. To Quakers also belongs the honor of conducting the first if not the only station on the celebrated "Underground Railway," by which route many slaves fleeing from bondage were assisted to reach Canada and freedom. These two Quakers were William and Mary Henry, and they lived during the '60s in an humble home on the south side of the Boardman Road, about 1,500 feet west of Cook's Corners. Here they had arranged an inside room with the door concealed from observation, and in this room they kept such slaves as made their way past the place northward until they could be assisted to the next "station" on the "Underground Railway."

For many years after these gentle but courageous people passed away their little house was unoccupied, and gradually there grew up a belief that it was haunted. This belief arose from stories told by neighbors of seeing spectral groups of colored people and hearing the sound of banjos. Doubtless the stories were imaginary enlargements of occasional glimpses the unsuspecting neighbors had of runaway slaves during the period when its occupants were lending their aid to the cause of freedom in spite of the fact that to do so they had to violate the written law. But whatever suspicion may attach to the ghost stories, there is no doubt as to the runaway slaves who found refuge with this quiet Quaker couple until they could be transported under cover of darkness to the next point of safety, which was fifteen miles away in Trumbull County.

George Collins. The Collins family is one of the old and honored ones of the Mahoning Valley and one of its distinguishing features is the close ties which bind its members together. At present four brothers, sons of the late George Collins, own and operate the family homestead in Coitsville Township, they never caring to divide their interests.

George Collins, now deceased, who for many years was one of the successful agriculturists of the county, was born near Ratho, Scotland, on March 24, 1824, and died on April 10, 1905. In June, 1866, he came to the United States, bringing with him his wife, Mary (Watson) Collins, to whom he had been married on June 29, 1860. She was born at Carhike, Scotland, on October 13, 1839, and died on the farm in Coitsville Township on August 19, 1919. Mr. and Mrs. Collins upon their arrival in this country joined Mr. and Mrs. Watson, who had come to Youngstown, Ohio, in 1859, from Canada, where William Watson spent several years. Mr. Collins and his father-in-law went into the business of manufacturing bricks at Brier Hill, and at one time had as



Charles Fillmore.

an associate in it the man who, as Governor Tod, later presided over the destinies of the state. Personal attachments were formed which were never broken, although at one time the friendship was badly bent on account of some trifling disagreement. However, time remedied this, and when Governor Tod passed away, George Collins mourned his death as a personal loss. This brick business was continued until the fall of 1864 when Mr. Watson moved to the McCurdy farm, on which large concrete works are now located, and here he was engaged in farming for the McCurdy family, and he retained the friendship of members of it until his death, as well as that of the McGuffeys, James Kay and the Murray family. After leaving the McCurdys, William Watson established the first dairy to furnish milk to the people of Youngstown. Still later he bought a farm on the Hubbard-Youngstown Road in Trumbull County, which was his permanent home, and here his wife died, and he returned to Canada and died in 1896, aged eighty years, leaving six children, namely: Mary Vallance, who became Mrs. George Collins; Robert Watson, who lives at Girard, Ohio; Janet, who is Mrs. John Davidson of Coitsville; William, who lived on the old farm in Trumbull County, was a dairyman, but died in 1916, and his son James now owns this farm, although he lives at Youngstown; Lydia, who died in 1909 at the age of fifty-four years at Youngstown, had been for years a trained nurse at Brooklyn, New York; and Mina, who is Mrs. Edward Haviland of Brooklyn, New York, was a teacher in the Youngstown graded and the Rayen High School. The parents of these children were Presbyterians. During the time he was engaged in farming, Mr. Watson was an exhibitor of sheep, hogs and shorthorn cattle.

George Collins rented a farm for a time in Mahoning County and then in 1882 bought the farm now conducted by his sons, adding to his original purchase until he owned 275 acres, which he devoted principally to dairying, delivering milk to Youngstown four miles away. The present buildings on the farm were erected since his death, the house going up in 1911. Mrs. Collins was a remarkable woman, and after her husband's death, she took charge of the farm and administered its affairs in capable fashion until her sons were old enough to relieve her. Both she and her husband belonged to the Second United Presbyterian Church of Youngstown. Mr. and Mrs. Collins had the following children: George, William, James, Alexander and Robert, all but William being in partnership in the conduct of the farm, he living in retirement at Girard, Ohio. Alexander Collins lives in a second house on the farm, and his wife bore the maiden name of Christina Frier. William Collins married Jeanie Ramage, but neither he nor his brother has any children. James and Robert Collins are unmarried. Robert Collins is now serving as township treasurer. These brothers are sound, reliable and practical men and farmers and stand exceedingly high in their community.

Charles Fillius. The late Judge Charles Fillius of Warren was one of the notable men of this part of Ohio, notable alike in his profession and as a citizen. He was born at Hudson, Ohio, on July 31, 1852, and died at his home in Warren on September 1, 1920. He was descended from a pioneer family of Summit County, his father, Philip Fillius, having settled at Hudson in 1826.

Judge Fillius received a common school and collegiate education. He was graduated from Hiram College with the A. B. degree in 1875, and for three years following his leaving college he was superintendent of the Canfield, Ohio, public schools and read law in the office of Judges Marvin and Grant in Akron.

Judge Fillius was admitted to the bar in December, 1878, and on January 1, 1879, opened a law office at Cuyahoga Falls, where he practiced his profession for nearly three years. In August, 1882, he located in Warren, and immediately became associated in practice with Judge George M. Tuttle as junior member of the firm of Tuttle & Fillius. In 1902 Judge Tuttle practically retired from practice. In 1909 Judge Fillius formed a partnership with his son George T., under the firm name of Fillius & Fillius, which became one of the strongest and most successful legal organizations in Northeastern Ohio, and which firm, under the same name, is continued with George T. as the senior member.

As an appreciation of the man and his achievements the following, printed by the Warren Tribune at the time of the death of Judge Fillius, is given:

"Judge Fillius was a landmark in this city and county, not because of his age, for he was yet in the prime of life, but because of his great abilities, because of what he had accomplished in and for the community and because of the high relationship that he bore to all. As a lawyer at the bar he stood at the top. He ever graced the profession that he loved so well. Law to him was not a means of livelihood only, it was a mission, a career, in which he felt he could be of the greatest help to the greatest number. He regarded the science of law as an artist looks upon his developing canvas or as the architect views the growing structure. He knew the law well and he ever upheld its noblest traditions.

"In politics Judge Fillius was a Democrat. He was a partisan but not a party man. He believed in the principles of his party but he did not believe that his party was always right or that all members of his party were always right or entitled to his support. He was independent in thought, as a man of his broad and catholic education would be. His friends and supporters knew no political lines, and his business and social relations were never influenced or affected thereby. But he was a democrat in a republican county and district, else any political honor within the gift of the people might have been his. He would have filled with dignity and great ability any office to which he might have aspired or for which he surely would have been urged had his party been in the majority.

"He was a great lawyer, a gifted orator and a good citizen; he was an accomplished scholar and a true friend; he had a great sense of humor and he loved the fellowship of his fellow men. The life of any social gathering or banquet, he gave much, but he seemed to have received more. That

was no mere affectation. It was the genuine development of his character, and in it perhaps laid one of the secrets of his great success.

"Judge Fillius was everywhere recognized as one of the leading lawyers of Northern Ohio. His reputation was not confined to his own city and county, but was known and respected in all of the courts of this section. The business of his firm was large and lucrative and grew with each succeeding year. The patrons that came to his office were the large and the small, the rich and the poor, the big corporation and the little business man, and all received the same kind, courteous, faithful service. He gave of his best to all, and he was uniformly successful.

"Judge Fillius had a great love for and a great pride in the city of Warren. Identified with its growth for so many years, supporting gladly every move and project for its improvement and betterment, he watched the fruition of his hopes and of his labor with genuine interest and real pleasure.

"Judge Fillius was perhaps the most able and the most sought-after public speaker in this city. His invitations to speak were numerous, and he always gladly responded when able to do so. He spoke to the little audience out in the country just as willingly and with as much interest and eloquence as he did to the larger hearing in the city. This was only characteristic of this man, who felt it his duty as well as his pleasure to do well and to the best of his ability whatsoever he was called upon to do. He was never a shirker or slacker in the scheme of life, and his whole career, his devotion to duty and his genuine and conscientious consideration of the rights of others have left a lasting impression upon the community.

"In the death of Judge Fillius every worthy man and every worthy undertaking have lost a good and true friend. His life, his good work, his right living, his appreciation of others, his remarkable success will have a talismanic influence upon all who knew him for many years to come.

"In his practice here Judge Fillius was very successful. His integrity was never questioned and he had the confidence of all the members of the Trumbull county bar. Some years ago he was appointed a judge of the Court of Appeals for this district to fill a vacancy. He served on the bench for the time appointed and then returned to his practice. As a judge he was highly regarded by the attorneys of the different counties of the district. On January 1, 1907, the Supreme Court of Ohio appointed Judge Fillius for a term of five years as a member of the Board of Examiners for applicants for admission to the bar.

"Judge Fillius was identified with many interests in Warren. He was vice president of the Western Reserve National bank; vice president of the Packard Electric company; a director of the Trumbull Public Service Company and a trustee of the City Hospital, the Warren Public Library and the Children's Home. He was always connected with any move for the upbuilding of the city. He was a trustee of Hiram College.

"When he was a student at Hiram College he joined the Christian Church."

Judge Fillius was a member of Central Christian Church, and was a member of Old Erie Lodge No. 3, Free and Accepted Masons, and of Warren Commandery No. 39, Knights Templar.

On May 12, 1881, Judge Fillius was united in marriage with Miss Mary Sutliff Tuttle, daughter of the late Judge George M. and Mrs. Julia (Sullivan) Tuttle, of Warren, and to their union was born George Tuttle Fillius.

George Tuttle Fillius. One of the prominent young lawyers of Trumbull County, George Tuttle Fillius has used his time and opportunities well during the decade since his admission to the bar. He is a son of Judge Charles Fillius of Warren, whose service as a member of the profession and the community is described elsewhere, and father and son are associated as the law firm of Fillius & Fillius.

George Tuttle Fillius, who was named for his maternal grandfather, the late Judge George M. Tuttle, was born in 1883 and acquired a liberal education before entering upon his chosen profession. He received his A. B. degree from Western Reserve University at Cleveland in 1904, and took his law course at Harvard Law School, graduating in 1909. He immediately returned to Warren and joined his father in practice, making the firm of Fillius & Fillius. Mr. Fillius married Helen Henning of Fargo, North Dakota.

Of special interest are his connections with some of the prominent industries and financial organizations of the valley. He is a director in the following: The Western Reserve National Bank of Warren, the First National Bank of Newton Falls, the Newton Steel Company of Newton Falls, the Packard Electric Company of Warren, the Peerless Electric Company of Warren, the Trumbull Public Service Company of Warren, the Warren Iron & Steel Company of Warren and the Trumbull Securities Company of Warren.

Belinda (Conner) Caldwell, widow of James Caldwell, who for many years was a successful and well-known hauling contractor and quarry owner in Youngstown, Ohio, has latterly lived in Coitsville Township, Mahoning County, her residence being rather more than two miles to the eastward of Youngstown Court House. She has very many friends in Youngstown and in Coitsville Township, and although she has latterly been almost confined to the house, she is not an invalid, and is still quite an interesting conversationalist, being a well-read woman of superior intellect. In earlier years she was a very capable teacher and a great walker.

She was born in Weathersfield Township, Trumbull County, July 19, 1841, the daughter of Michael and Mary (Wallace) Conner, who were both of Irish birth, Michael Conner having been born in Donegal, and his wife in Sligo. He immigrated to the United States in early manhood, and after a few years returned, in 1839, to marry Mary Wallace, both soon afterwards coming to America and settling in Ohio. They had known Caldwell Porter and William Porter of Austintown Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, when they were in Ireland, and that probably was their reason for settling in Austin-

town Township, for soon after their arrival Michael Conner took employment with the Porters on their Austintown farm. He also worked in Weathersfield Township, Trumbull County, where their daughter Belinda was born. Michael Conner should be classed with the pioneers, for he had some part in such work. He bought forty-one acres of land from the Early family, at $11 an acre, in 1845, that tract being entirely undeveloped, being in fact a dense area of virgin timber. He built a log house almost on the site of the present comfortable dwelling, and in that log house the family lived until 1869, a period of twenty-five years. In 1869 he built the house since occupied by the family. He and his son, or rather the eldest son, cleared the land of timber and gradually brought it into tillable condition. He would at times only be home at week-ends, and was characteristically a man of action and energy. He loved his home, and by his own industriousness made it comfortable. His vigorous habits and strong personality brought him into some local prominence in political movements. He was a staunch democrat, and took close interest in political matters. He died suddenly in 1886, expiring as he was in the act of crossing the road to his home. He had, however, reached beyond the average age, being in fact eighty years old in the year of his death. His wife, Mary (Wallace) Conner, lived a widowhood of seventeen years, her decease not occurring until 1902, in which year she was eighty-five years old. She had been in feeble health, physically, however, for some years prior to her demise. Michael and Mary (Wallace) Conner were the parents of twelve children, of whom Belinda was the eldest. Of the children, Louisa died at the age of thirteen years, and John, who remained a bachelor and remained at home to operate the home farm, died at the age of forty-one years. In fact, all the twelve children, with the exception of Belinda, Mrs. Caldwell, are now dead. Her brother, Charles R., a Civil war veteran, had a distinctive career. He was not yet sixteen years old when he enlisted in the United States Union army after the outbreak of hostilities, in 1861. He was a self-reliant young patriot, and no argument could shake his determination to enlist. He served for about two years, was dangerously wounded, gunshot shattering both legs, and making it necessary to amputate one. He was captured by the Confederate forces and held at Andersonville, a prisoner in hospital until exchanged for a very seriously wounded Confederate soldier. He was a man of commendable independence, and notwithstanding his infirm state planned to make his own way in life. He read law, and in course of time became a well-known pension attorney at Washington, District of Columbia, and had the satisfaction of securing pensions for many old comrades. Later, he for some years lived at Spokane, Washington. He died in his native place while on a visit to his old home. His one child, a daughter, now Mrs. Jessie Miller, has latterly lived at Los Angeles, California.

The twelve children of Michael and Mary (Wallace) Conner were, in order of birth: Belinda, of other mention herein; William George, who never married, and died in his old home at the age of sixty years, for a number of years had lived in California; Charles R., the Civil war veteran referred to more in detail, who was seventy-two years old when he died; Lewis M., who died in Texas in early manhood; James W., who died in infancy; Frank, who was seven years old when he died; Mary, who also died in infancy; Louisa, and John; and three who died at early age.

Belinda, eldest and only surviving child of Michael and Mary (Wallace) Conner, was well educated, attending the public schools of her home township, and afterwards for two years was a student under Professor Butler at Poland Seminary. After leaving the seminary she was appointed a teacher in the Coitsville Township schools. She followed that profession until she married, and altogether was a teacher for five or six years. In 1876 she was married to James Caldwell. He was of Irish birth, his native place having been in County Donegal, in the north of Ireland. He was, however, only ten years old when he was brought by his parents to America. His parents, Henry and Jane (Russell) Caldwell, settled at Briar Hill, Youngstown. James Caldwell died in 1915, he being then eighty years old, and only one member of the Caldwell family of his generation then survived him, notwithstanding that eleven children had been born to his parents, Henry and Jane (Russell) Caldwell. His brother Henry had died suddenly in 1909; his brother John had died in early life, at Briar Hill, Youngstown; and his brother William had died in 1854. A son of the last-named now lives at Pontiac, Michigan. Isabella, sister of James, survived him for four years, her death coming on March 17, 1919. She was then eighty-seven years old, and had lived a useful life, being an able business woman and a well-known and skillful dressmaker. She had served in that connection practically all the old families of the district, and was esteemed by a wide circle. Many later successful dressmakers owed their skill to her tuition, and she accumulated much means by her work. For very many years she had been an active church worker, and after her death it was learned that she had bequeathed to the Presbyetrian Church of Youngstown, of which she had for so many years been a member, the sum of $1,000. She made substantial bequests also to several women friends, including Martha Stephenson, Mary Colvin, Alice Jordan, Elmira Jordan and Mary Waugh. The bulk of her considerable estate, however, she bequeathed to the children of her niece, Jane Caldwell Henderson, of whom she was very fond. The children are Bruce P., Dorothy Virginia and Louise Caldwell, all of course grandchildren of James and Belinda (Conner) Caldwell.

James Caldwell was for many years a hauling contractor in Youngstown, his business being mainly in connection with the operation of the furnaces. He also operated a stone quarry at Mill Creek, extensively quarrying building stone for many years. He provided the stone and helped to erect the Soldiers' Monument on Public Square, Youngstown, which to that extent is a monument to his own unselfish public spirit. They lived on Glenwood Avenue, Youngstown, until the death of Mrs. Caldwell's mother, when, the property having become hers, they moved into the home of her deceased parents

in Coitsville Township. He was a man of strong, consistent character, a good Presbyterian, and for several years a deacon of the Youngstown Presbyterian Church. Generally he was esteemed in Youngstown by those who knew him, and had confidence in him as a man of honest principle and reliable character. Mrs. Caldwell was also in earlier years an active, earnest church worker, and has very many friends, both in Youngstown and Coitsville Township. James and Belinda (Conner) Caldwell were the parents of four children: Jane who married John Henderson, an enterprising and successful dealer in automobiles and auto supplies at Warren, Trumbull County, Ohio, and they have three children, Bruce P., Dorothy Virginia and Louise Caldwell; William W., who lived with his parents until his death, which occurred when he was twenty-nine years old; Lewis Henry, who is assistant superintendent of the iron works at Haselton, and succeeding well in life, married Catherine Kane, but there has been no issue; and Charles R., an engineer by profession, and connected with the Bessemer Mill at Youngstown, is unmarried, and lives with his mother, to whom he is a comfort in her old age.

JOHN A. WILLO. Scholarly in his attainments, possessing an exact and comprehensive knowledge of law, and having an especial aptitude for his profession, John A. Willo has won an honored position in the legal circles of Youngstown. A son of Michael Willo, he received superior educational advantages from youth up, no pains or expense being spared to fit him for his future career, his training having been in some of the best schools in the country.

After studying for six years at Canisius College, in Buffalo, New York, Mr. Willo spent one year at Holy Cross College, Worcester, Massachusetts, and subsequently took a course of study at Georgetown University, Washington, District of Columbia, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1914 he entered Columbia University, in New York City, which honored him with the degree of Doctor of Laws. Locating immediately in Youngstown, Mr. Willo has since been actively and successfully engaged in the practice of law, having won an extensive patronage. During the World war Mr. Willo organized the Slovak Patriotic League, of which he was made chairman, and for his services therein he received a personal letter of thanks from President Wilson.

Mr. Willo married, in 1912, Miss Veronica O'Brien, of Boston, Massachusetts.

THOMAS W. INGLIS. As president and treasurer of the Michigan Furniture Company, which is located at 220-22 East Federal Street, Thomas W. Inglis is a prominent factor in promoting the growth and development of the manufacturing and mercantile interests of Youngstown, and holds a position of note among its representative citizens. He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, June 4, 1878, a son of William J. Inglis.

William J. Inglis was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1850, where his father, Thomas W. Inglis, a china merchant, settled on coming to this country from England, his native land, and where he lived until his death, at the advanced age of eighty years. A bricklayer and contractor, he furnished the brick used in the construction of the Solomon and Reuben Building, and in other large buildings in Pittsburgh. He died while yet in manhood's prime, his death occurring in 1893, at the early age of forty-three years.

The maiden name of the wife of William J. Inglis was Henrietta Stuttler. She was born sixty-five years ago, at 42 Hooper Street, Pittsburgh, where she is now residing, a daughter of Abner Stuttler who came from the east ot Pittsburgh, crossing the mountains in a wagon in pioneer times. Abner Stuttler helped to build the first steamboat to navigate the Ohio River. His mother was twice married, her first husband having been a Mr. Hervey, who rang the Liberty Bell at Independence Hall, and after his death she became the wife of Abner Stuttler's father.

Of the union of William J. and Henrietta (Stuttler) Inglis, five children were born, as follows: Thomas W., of this brief sketch; Caroline, wife of Thomas Hodge, of Covington, Pennsylvania; George H., with the Duquesne Light Company, of Pittsburgh; Lottie, who died at the age of six years; and Fred, who died when but ten years old. The mother is a member of the Baptist Church, and belongs to the Daughters of the American Revolution, and other patriotic societies.

Having completed his early studies in the public schools of his native city, Thomas W. Inglis began his independent career as a clerk, serving for three years in that capacity in the Home-Ward department store, at Pittsburgh, after which he was with Kauffman Brothers for an equal length of time, and with C. L. Reno for eighteen months. Coming then to Youngstown, Mr. Inglis entered the employ of H. L. McIlroy, with whom he remained seventeen years. Establishing himself in business on his own account in 1913, he opened a furniture store at 428 East Federal Street, and managed it with most satisfactory pecuniary results until September, 1918, when he assumed possession of his present well-equipped establishment at 220 East Federal Street.

Mr. Inglis married, January 31, 1901, Charlotte, daughter of Edward Evens of Youngstown, a puddler at the Cartwright & McCurdy Mills. Mrs. Inglis is a graduate of the Covington Street School, and has been a very active and acceptable member of the Youngstown School Board. Mr. and Mrs. Inglis have one child, Esther J., a member of the class of 1920 in the Rayen High School.

SOL WEINBERGER. Industrious, thrifty, and eminently capable, Sol Weinberger, head of one of the larger wholesale and retail cigar and tobacco firms of Youngstown, has established a fine reputation for business intelligence and ability, his good judgment and wise management of affairs having won him decided success in his undertakings. A native of Western Hungary, he was born in Raszlowitz, March 25, 1866, a son of Moritz and Betty Weinberger, who came with their family to Youngstown in 1885, their son Sol, who was then located in this city, having sent for them to join him, and here enjoy the advantages and privileges of American life.

In 1880, an active youth of fourteen years, Sol Weinberger immigrated to the United States to visit his uncle, E. Mittler, a pioneer merchant of Youngstown, with whom he remained as a clerk for sixteen years. In 1896 Mr. Mittler disposed of his clothing store and embarked in the wholesale and retail cigar and tobacco business, admitting Mr. Weinberger as a partner. In 1897 Mr. Mittler sold his interest in the concern to Monroe Pollock, who became senior member of the firm of Pollock & Weinberger, which carried on a substantial trade for ten years. In 1907 the firm of Weinberger, Pollock & Daugherty was organized with a capital stock of $50,000, which has since been increased to $150,000, Mr. Weinberger being made president, Mr. Daugherty vice president, and Mr. Pollock secretary and treasurer. This well-known firm has built up a flourishing trade, employing a force of seventeen men, six of whom are commercial travelers, selling the company's products throughout the country.

Mr. Weinberger married, in 1906, Miss Helen Goldsmith, of Zanesville, Ohio, and they have one child, Mittler A., born in 1907.

The Darrow Garden Company of Struthers is a local industry whose products have a very wide and hearty appreciation at Youngstown and other modern cities of the Mahoning Valley. The business has a history of over thirty years, having been established in 1888 by D. R. Darrow. At that time it consisted only of a modest area devoted to the growing of vegetables for a limited local market.

The Darrow family has some interesting associations with the iron industry of the Mahoning Valley. D. R. Darrow was born at Coitsville October 4, 1841, son of Reuben and Elizabeth Darrow. His parents were natives of Connecticut and drove overland to the Western Reserve with wagon and ox team. Reuben Darrow was first employed by Robert Montgomery at Haselton but afterward made his home at Coitsville. About 1870 he secured the land including the site of the Darrow Garden Company. That land then extended to the banks of the Mahoning River. Reuben Darrow had been an iron miner when the local furnaces were supplied with ore from the immediately surrounding country. This ore was found in veins from a few inches to a foot or more in thickness. Reuben Darrow died in 1882 when past eighty years of age.

D. R. Darrow was about twenty years of age when the family moved to Struthers. As a young man he dug ore and hauled it to the Charles Howard furnace on the site of the present Republic Iron & Steel plant at Youngstown. Later the Struthers Iron Company was started with T. W. Kennedy as manager. This plant was a mile from the Darrow farm. Another furnace was also started at Lowellville with Mr. McCleary as manager. It was about 1880 that the local ore had to meet the competition of the cheap and abundant supply from the Lake Superior country, and in a few years local production declined to practically nothing. It was this situation that turned the Darrows from digging iron ore to raising vegetables. About thirty years ago the first glass house was constructed 25 by 50 feet, though its use primarily was designed for forcing plants in early spring ready for transplanting during the growing season. The company was incorporated in 1905 and during the past thirteen years it has enjoyed steady extension and growth. A large amount has been invested in hot house or greenhouse equipment, and the industry is an all season concern, specializing in vegetable crops grown under glass for early spring, fall and winter markets. The three chief crops are lettuce, tomatoes and cucumbers. At the present time the company has over three acres under glass. The demand has always outstripped the ability of local growers to supply, and there has seldom been a resort to market even as far away as Pittsburgh or Cleveland. The great bulk of the demand is from the retail grocery trade of Youngstown.

The president of the company is D. R. Darrow, R. H. Darrow is vice president and general manager and J. G. Darrow is secretary and treasurer. D. R. Darrow married Laura H. Beede of Ashtabula County, Ohio, and of a New Hampshire family. Their five children to reach mature years are: Charles R.; Vernice, wife of Charles Wilkins, a hardware merchant at Youngstown; Grace, a teacher in the Youngstown schools; Ralph H., who married Helen Bryson and has a daughter, Josephine, who is a graduate of high school and now a student in the Ohio State University; and James G., who married Ethelyn French and has two children, Dorothy and Robert.

D. R. Darrow has always been alive to the best interests of his community. He is a Methodist, in national affairs votes as a republican, but was one of the early and ardent prohibitionists in this community. The son Ralph H. has been for the past ten years township trustee and he and his brother James are members of the Presbyterian Church at Lowellville, and both are affiliated with the Masonic Order at Youngstown.

William G. Thomas found his lifework early as a railroad man, and has devoted himself seriously to his responsibilities and for that reason has earned an important place among the transportation interests of the Mahoning Valley. For the past twelve years he has been shop foreman of the New York Central car shops at Coalburg. Two years previously he had located at Coalburg as a car inspector, and when he was made foreman of the shop he had only one other man as assistant. While Coalburg has lost its prestige in some other respects, its importance has grown steadily as a railroad center, and at the present time Mr. Thomas has 250 men in the shops under his direct supervision.

Mr. Thomas was born in the same locality, at Doughton Station December 5, 1867. His father, William Thomas, was born in Wales, and came to the United States a young man with a practical training as a coal miner. He was employed in the coal mines at Coalburg for twelve or fifteen years and subsequently engaged in merchandising at this point. For many years he also held the office of postmaster, and altogether lived in that community for thirty-five years. About ten years ago he removed to Cleveland, where he died at the age of sixty-two. He was a man of much influence in the

republican party in his section of Trumbull County, was affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, and was a member of the Baptist Church.

William G. Thomas grew up and received his early education at Coalburg and at the age of nineteen became a locomotive fireman at Youngstown. Four years later he was promoted to engineer, and spent ten years on an engine before he began his work at Coalburg in the shops.

Mr. Thomas married Mary S. Williams, a niece of his father's old partner, T. J. Powell. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas lost their only child at the age of two years. Mrs. Thomas is a member of the Baptist Church, and Mr. Thomas is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias, the Foresters of America, the Lodge of Masons at Hartford, Ohio, and has attained the thirty-second degree in Scottish Rite Masonry. He usually spends his vacations on the lakes of Michigan and Pennsylvania.

Harry Z. Bixler. Twenty-five years ago Harry Z. Bixler completed an apprenticeship as a machinist in the railroad shops at Elkhart, Indiana. From that time to the present his life has been a busy one, and his ability and proficiency have earned him promotions to important roles in industrial affairs.

Mr. Bixler, who for a number of years was identified with the Brier Hill Steel Company as its chief engineer, was born at Kendallville, Indiana, September 2, 1874, son of William Wallace and Jennie (Tish) Bixler. His father in early manhood enlisted in the regular army, and while in the West at different posts did his share toward putting down some of the Indian uprisings of that period. Later he returned to Indiana and was a machinist for the Flint-Walling Company of Kendallville a number of years, and finally was locomotive engineer for the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad.

Harry Z. Bixler was three years of age when his parents moved to Elkhart, Indiana, a division point on the railroad served by his father. He was educated in public and night schools. He was still young when his father died, and as the oldest of the family he realized his responsibilities, and the rest of his education he received was incidental to work that would give him a livelihood. He was first employed as a blueprint boy in the offices of the Lake Shore Railroad. He remained in the drafting room two or three years, after which he served his machinist's apprenticeship in the railroad shops during this time taking advantage of the night school maintained by the railroad company. In 1898 he again entered the drawing room at the Cleveland terminal of the Lake Shore road. A few months later he made his first acquaintance with Youngstown in the capacity of draftsman for the Ohio Steel Company, later forming a part of the National Steel Company. For the past twenty years his service has been given entirely to the iron and steel industry. In 1900 he was sent to the New Castle works of the same company, and in September, 1901, he became engineer for the Cambridge Rolling Mill Company at Cambridge, Ohio. He again returned to Youngstown in 1902, this time as draftsman for the Republic Iron and Steel Company. With this corporation he rose to chief draftsman, then engineer with supervision over the Youngstown, Sharon and New Castle districts. He also had charge of the building of blast furnaces Nos. 2 and 3 at Hazelton, and the combination rail and sheet bar mills at the Bessemer works.

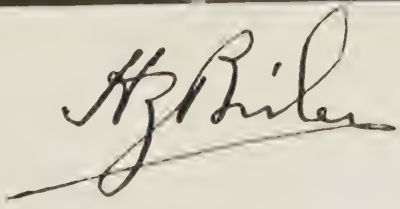
Mr. Bixler left the Republic Company in 1907, and in 1908 was engineer in charge of the design and construction of a blast furnace for the Hamilton Iron and Steel Company at Hamilton, Ohio. From there he went to Coatesville, Pennsylvania, as assistant engineer in the construction of blast furnaces Nos. 1 and 2 for the Worth Brothers Company, now the Midvale Steel Company.

Mr. Bixler's present residence at Youngstown dates back to September, 1910, when he became mechanical engineer for the Youngstown Steel Company. He remained with that company until the organization of the Brier Hill Steel Company, and afterward filled the responsible post of chief engineer with jurisdiction over all their plants. It was during his incumbency that the open hearth plant, rolling mills, "koppers" by-product coke and benzol recovery plants, Jeanette blast furnace and the 84th and 132 plate mills were constructed, all of which are of most modern design, containing many original engineering features for elimination of labor and economy of operation. Mr. Bixler resigned his position with Brier Hill Steel Company, and on February 1, 1920, became associated with several Youngstown men to build a mechanical puddling plant at Warren, Ohio. As yet the company has not been incorporated, therefore has no name.

Mr. Bixler is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, The Engineers Club of Youngstown district, the American Iron and Steel Institute and the Youngstown Country Club, and in politics is a republican. He is also a member of the Maccabees, Tent No. 3, of Elkhart, Indiana. November 27, 1901, he married Miss Catherine Connell of Youngstown. They have one son, George Wallace.

Abram James Garfield. Through persistent labor and unceasing industry Abram James Garfield has won his way to prestige in his chosen vocation. He entered upon his career with no particular advantages to aid him, and by making the most of ordinary opportunities has steadily advanced along the highway of success, until he finds himself today in the responsible position of master mechanic of the blast furnaces of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company.

Abram J. Garfield was born at Cleveland, Ohio, January 14, 1876, a son of Thomas C. and Mary E. (Brown) Garfield, the former a cousin of President James A. Garfield. Abram J. Garfield is one of four children, of whom one is deceased, and was reared in his native city where he attended the grammar and high schools and likewise took a course in a business college. His father was the owner and operator of a stone quarry and also operated extensively as a contractor and bridge builder. In the latter connection he frequently had miles of bridge building under contract, and it was in this connection that Abram J. Garfield received his business training. He rose to a foremanship in the employ of his father and was thoroughly familiar



with bridge building as a contractor, and at the age of twenty-three years came to Youngstown to become labor foreman for the Republic Iron & Steel Company. Within six months he became labor boss. In 1902 he entered the employ of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, as bogg rigger, and since that time has witnessed the kaleidoscopic changes that have occurred in the growth and development of that plant. He has witnessed and taken part in the expansions of this enterprise from two or three ordinary buildings to one of the great industrial plants of the country. From bogg rigger Mr. Garfield was promoted to master mechanic of blast furnaces in 1913, and this position he has continued to fill ever since. He is one of the company's highly valued men, who enjoys the confidence of his superiors and has the good will and loyalty of his subordinates.

Mr. Garfield was married April 10, 1900, to Miss Addie B. Davidson, of Cleveland, Ohio, and to them three children have been born, namely: Mary, Alice and Dorothy. Mrs. Garfield is a faithful and active member of the Presbyterian Church, and is identified with many of the charitable and philanthropic enterprises existing at Youngstown.

Joseph Barnard Kirk, respected resident in Canfield Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, and a successful farmer in that township, comes of a family which has had long connection with the Mahoning Valley settlement, and regarding which connection more will be found elsewhere in this edition of Mahoning Valley history. (See Kirk-Kirkpatrick.)

Joseph B. Kirk was born in Albany, Green Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, on June 20, 1858, the son of Archibald and Sarah (Ewing) Kirkpatrick, the former a native of Ireland, born in Dublin, capital of that country, and the latter, Sarah Ewing, being of the well-known Ewing family of Mahoning County, many of the scions of which are of record in this edition. The Kirkpatricks of the generation of Joseph Barnard Kirk have, it is believed with one exception, abbreviated the patronymic to the more American surname of Kirk, but Archibald Kirkpatrick retained his full family name until his death. About two years after the birth of Joseph B., Archibald Kirkpatrick moved to Canfield Township, to a section generally known locally as Dublin, the neighborhood and a school at that place being so named because of the fact that the settlers in that vicinity were men of Irish birth or antecedents, their families retaining much of their ancestral characteristics. There Archibald Kirkpatrick lived for the remainder of his life, and there his children were reared and were provided a good home by him. He died on June 10, 1898, having labored industriously to improve the farm almost to the year of his death. The last farm improvement he made was the building of the barn, which is still in use and adequate for the purposes of the farm, which is 130 acres in extent. Archibald Kirkpatrick also rebuilt the dwelling. At the time of his death he was sixty-eight years old, and his wife who lived two years after his death, was seventy-two years old when she died. They were both God-fearing neighborly people, members of the Presbyterian Church, and both had many true friends in Canfield Township. They were the parents of three children, all sons: Warren, who also resides in Canfield; Joseph B., regarding whom more follows; and Thomas E., who entered railroad service, and lives now in Elkhart, Indiana.

Joseph B. Kirk, who resides in Canfield Township about 1½ miles from Canfield Village, has lived in the township all his life with the exception of his first two years, and the nine years he spent in Youngstown after marriage. Until he was thirty years old he lived with his parents, attended the Canfield Township public school in his boyhood, and afterwards assisted his father in the operation of the home farm. He was thirty years old when he married, the wedding taking place on February 5, 1889, his wife being Mary E. Ewing, daughter of John Ewing, they being of a collateral line to that to which Sarah Ewing, mother of Joseph B. Kirk belonged, all of the pioneer Mahoning County family of that name. Mary E. Ewing is sister of Sam O. Ewing, whose life is reviewed elsewhere in this volume, and also of Judge Ewing of Youngstown. She was born in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, December 28, 1858, and in girlhood attended the old academy at Canfield. As a girl she was apt at her studies, and when sixteen years old began to teach, the first school to which she was appointed being the district school to the westward of Canfield. For six years she taught in district schools, mainly in Boardman Township, Mahoning County, and afterwards was a dressmaker, continuing in such occupations until she married Joseph B. Kirk. After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Kirk moved into Youngstown, and there for nine years lived, the husband during that period being in the employ of C. Schuman, of Youngstown, in the capacity of shipping clerk. Not being used to such confining indoor occupations, failing health compelled Mr. Kirk eventually to seek to recuperate his physical vigor in the more healthful labors of farming life. So in 1904, he purchased the farm in Canfield Township upon which he and his wife have since lived. The farm was then known as the Samuel Dickson farm, but was part of the original James Dickson farm. James Dickson's connection with pioneer work in the Mahoning Valley is elsewhere mentioned in this work. He was also of Irish birth, born also in Dublin, and was grandfather of Harry Dickson, a sketch concerning whom will be found in this edition. The farm was subsequently bought by Judge Ewing, who sold part to the Experiment Station authorities, and Joseph B. Kirk bought seventy acres. Mr. Kirk has followed general farming, to which his acreage is well adapted, and he maintains a dairy moderate in size. He is able to derive much benefit from the contiguous Experiment Station, both in matters relating to the modern developments of scientific farming, and in farm upkeep. He knows the values of chemical fertilizer, and has brought his farm into a high state of fertility. Mrs. Kirk also has taken much interest in one phase of farming and has had much success with prize poultry, specializing in Barred Rocks. Mr. Kirk breeds Duroc and Jersey swine.

Politically, Mr. Kirk is a republican, and while he has not keenly followed general political movements,

and has never sought political office, he as well as his wife and daughter, has taken good part in church and community work. During the war, Mr. and Mrs. Kirk were active workers for the allied cause, contributing also as much as they were able to the funded issues of the nation. Their daughter was a prominent Red Cross worker in the home sector. Mr. Kirk also, through his interest in the Farm Bureau of which he is an active member, did to some extent, in matters of increased production upon his own farm, contribute also to the plan of the Federal Department of Agriculture to bring to harvest substantial increase in foodstuffs, so as to sustain the famished allied countries until victory was won. The war was not won only by those patriots who were in military or naval uniform. For the first time in history whole nations were at war, and loyal Americans at home or abroad strove, in whatever capacity best fitted, to further the national aim, and it was through such individual contributions as those of Mr. Kirk and his family that the plan of the national administration was brought to a successful culmination. Emma Virginia Kirk, only child of Joseph B. and Mary E. (Ewing) Kirk, was especially active in war work, in connection with the local Red Cross. Miss Kirk is in the teaching profession and was a member of the staff of the centralized school at Austintown, in the fourth grade of which school she was a teacher until the present year. The school was about eight miles distant from her home, and she traveled to and from school in her car. She now teaches in Poland Village. She is a successful educator, well qualified for such work, having graduated from Canfield High School, and the State Normal College.

Wayne J. Barnum, claims attorney for the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company, is a skilled and thorough attorney and a man who has rendered valuable service to the company and the employes thereof.

Mr. Barnum was born at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, May 10, 1884, a son of William P. and Nannie L. (Knowlton) Barnum. A review of the Barnum family will be found in the sketch of Judge W. P. Barnum elsewhere in this work. Mr. Barnum was reared in his native city, where he was primarily educated in the public schools and duly graduated from the high school, and for several years was engaged in the wholesale ice cream business there. Later he came to Youngstown, where he entered upon the study of law in the Young Men's Christian Association Law School, being admitted to the bar in 1915. During the period in which he was pursuing his studies he served as chief adjustor of the legal department of the Mahoning Railway & Light Company, and when he was admitted to the bar entered private practice, to which he devoted his attention until he assumed charge of the legal department of the Industrial Relations Department of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Company May 1, 1917, at the inception of that department. But about the 1st of May, 1920, this branch of the company's interests was closed, and since then Mr. Barnum has served as the claims attorney for the company. He is a Royal Arch Mason in his fraternal affiliations and in politics is a republican. His religious connection is with the Christian Church.

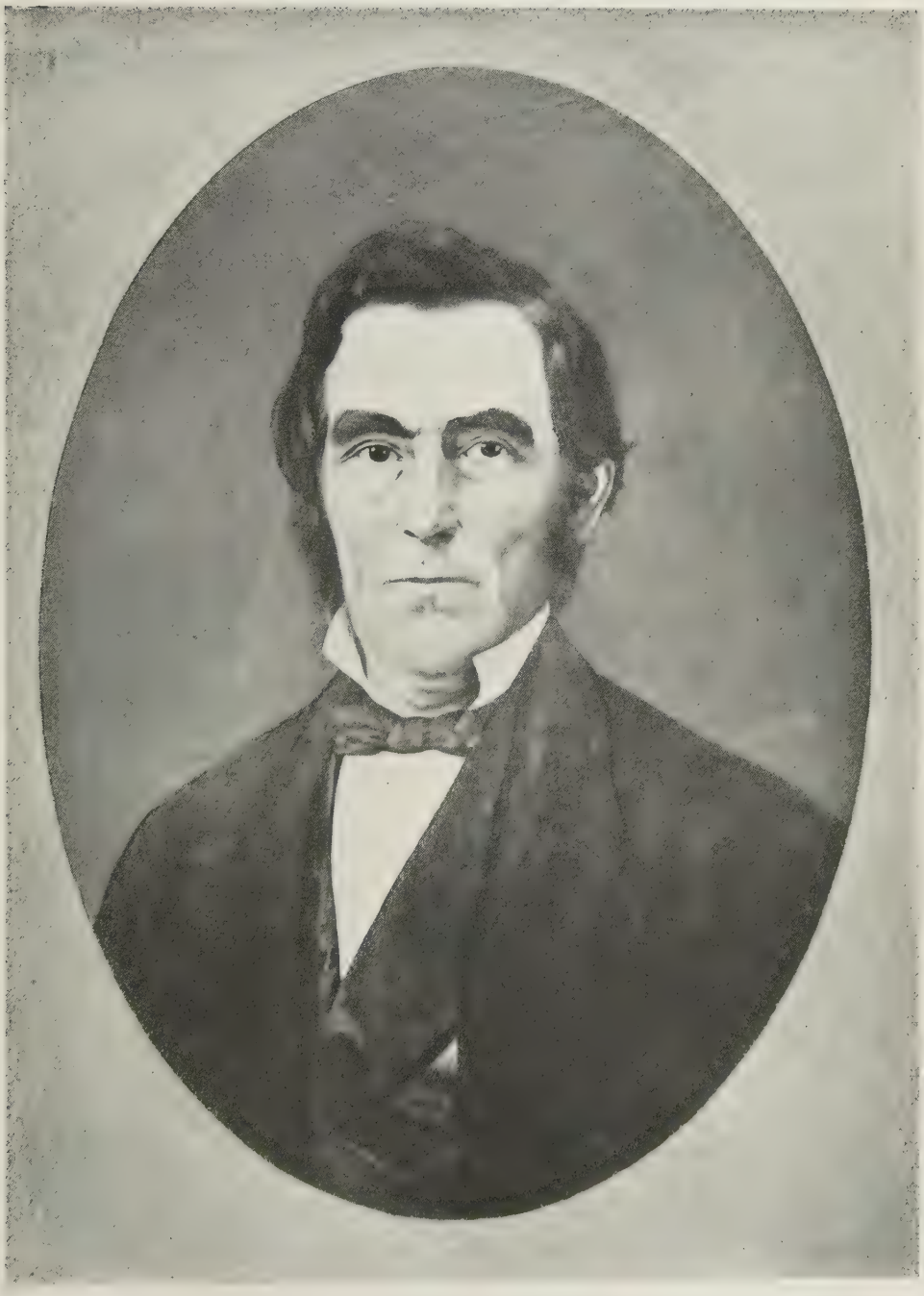
On September 24, 1903, Mr. Barnum was united in marriage with Edith M. Connors, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, and they have four children living, William Joseph, Ruth Esther, Robert Wayne and Jacques Payne.

John R. Rowe, who during the last few years has dealt extensively and successfully in Youngstown real estate, and has been actively identified with the Youngstown Real Estate Board, came to Youngstown in 1916, feeling that it was a city of promise. And he had good means of judging, for he had travelled extensively for Pittsburgh real estate operators.

He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1878, the son of Michael and Sadie (McCullough) Rowe, both of that city. The former was connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for thirty-five years, in Pittsburgh, where he died in March, 1913, aged fifty-three years. His widow removed to Chicago, where she still lives in comfortable circumstances. Michael Rowe was a devout Catholic, member of the Holy Rosary Church, Pittsburgh, and was known to a large circle of Pittsburgh people. He was especially active in local politics, and in the interests of the Democratic party served on many committees. He and his wife were the parents of many children, of whom John R., now of Youngstown, is the eldest.

John R. Rowe attended the elementary schools of Pittsburgh, and finished at Homewood School. At the age of fourteen years he began to work, entering the employ of the Standard Underground Cable Company, his particular work being the braiding of wire. Two years later, in 1894, he entered the employ of the Union Switch & Signal Company, remaining with that company for about one year, after which for two years he was employed in executive capacity by the Westinghouse Electrical Manufacturing Company. Two years later he entered the service of the City of Pittsburgh, and for eighteen years thereafter he remained connected with the municipal civil service in various capacities. He was at the outset connected with the police department, from which he was transferred to the Bureau of Surveys and Registry, and in the course of his work in that department gained a valuable insight into real estate values and operation. Eventually he became associated with the William E. Harmon Company, of Pittsburgh, as salesman with headquarters in Chicago. The business of this company was extensive, and concerned with the development and sale of real estate in many cities of the United States. In his capacity of salesman Mr. Rowe had to travel extensively, and became more expert in real estate matters. His business brought him to Youngstown, and the city with its many industrial activities of consequence impressed him so much that he, in 1916, resolved to settle therein and devote himself to real estate operations in it and its environs. He has had very good success in Youngstown since that year, developing property at Garden Heights particularly, and handling real estate opportunities in many other parts of the town and dis-

PHEBE LORD (MARVIN) SUTLIFF



LEVI SUTLIFF

trict. He is energetic and well-liked, has a good reputation for personal and business integrity, and has shown a readiness to enter properly and wholeheartedly into public duties.

Like his parents he is a sincere Catholic, a member of the Holy Rosary Church and a good supporter of Catholic and other charities.

In 1901, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, he married Mary, daughter of John Holley, of Pittsburgh. Since they have lived in Youngstown he and his wife have made many sincere friends, and have both shown a helpful interest in community life.

Henry Tod Richards, son of the late Samuel Allen Richards, whose career as one of the leading furnace men and iron manufacturers of the Mahoning Valley has been reviewed elsewhere, has also given his time to the technical and executive branches of the iron and steel industry.

He was born at Cleveland November 17, 1875, graduated from a Chicago high school, and at the age of nineteen entered the laboratory of the Hall Blast Furnace at Sharon, Pennsylvania. The same company, Runyon, Stubbs & Company, sent him to Struthers, and he remained there until he resigned as assistant superintendent of the Struthers Blast Furnace in 1910. He then became assistant superintendent of the Ohio Works of the Carnegie Steel Company at Youngstown, and in 1911 became superintendent of blast furnaces for Worth Brothers Company of Coatesville, Pennsylvania. Subsequently he was identified with the furnace industry at Warren, and more recently at Cleveland.

Mr. Richards is a republican and a member of the Presbyterian Church. At River Forest, Illinois, June 27, 1900, he married Sara Homer, daughter of George W. Homer of River Forest. They have two children, Florence and Samuel Allen Richards.

Phebe T. Sutliff. A member of one of the old families of culture and substantial worth in Trumbull County, Phebe T. Sutliff, while most of her years have been lived in Warren, has employed her resources as an educator and an influence proceeding from a very earnest character in helping to solve some of the present-day problems that perplex society in general and more or less her home community.

Miss Sutliff, one of the notable women of the Mahoning Valley, was born at Warren in 1859, daughter of the late Levi and Phebe Lord (Marvin) Sutliff. Of her father, who was born in Vernon Township of Trumbull County July 12, 1805, and died at Warren on March 25, 1864, Mrs. Upton in her history of Trumbull County said: "He belonged to a family of lawyers, being a brother of Milton and Calvin. Both his father and mother had unusual mental attainments. The getting of an education for young men of his time was exceedingly difficult. He did not study law until middle life. He was admitted to the bar in 1840. Six years later he removed to Warren, having had rural practice before that. He formed a partnership with Judge Birchard, but soon retired to care for his property interests. Although a lawyer, he is better known as a business man, as an anti-slavery agitator, and as a student." Miss Sutliff's mother was born in Bazetta Township of Trumbull County July 1, 1822, daughter of Captain Joseph Marvin, a native of Connecticut, who came into Ohio in an ox cart in 1821 and bought 1,000 acres of Trumbull County land. He married Temperance Miller.

Phebe Temperance Sutliff graduated from Vassar College with the A. B. degree and with the class of 1880, she being one of the honor girls of her class. Her life has been devoted to scholarship, particularly investigation of historical and economic problems. Later, in 1890, she received the Master of Arts degree from Cornell University, studied abroad during 1890-91 in the University of Zurich and the Swiss Polytechnic, and in 1895 was a student under one of the most eminent authorities on American Constitutional Law and History, Professor Von Holst, at the University of Chicago.

During 1885-86 Miss Sutliff was an instructor in Hiram College of Ohio, but her longest association and chief work as an educator was at Rockford, Illinois, where she was head of the department of history and English literature in the Rockford Seminary during 1887-89, and then after her post-graduate career returned to Rockford College and was head of the department of History and Economics from 1892 to 1896, from 1896 to 1901 head of the department of Modern European and United States History, and also president of the college.

During the World war and the reconstruction period she was well qualified for an important share in the responsibilities that devolved upon enlightened citizenship. She served as one of the "four minute men" in the Liberty Loan and Thrift Savings Stamp campaigns. With several other volunteer workers she started an evening school for foreigners, and continued it as a volunteer enterprise until the practical demonstration of its benefits caused the Board of Education to take it over and make it an integral part of the public school system. She gave several courses of lectures on the war and both spoke and wrote in favor of a "League to Enforce Peace." Miss Sutliff was president of the local Child Labor League as long as the organization was maintained. In 1920 she was appointed a member of the Ohio State Democratic Committee, and is one of the committee's campaign lecturers.

The breadth of her scholastic and civic interests is further indicated by her membership in the American Historical Association, American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Societe Academique d'Histoire Internationale, American Society for Judicial Settlement of International Disputes and the League to Enforce Peace. She is a Phi Beta Kappa. At the present time Miss Sutliff is Trumbull County chairman of the Historical Commission of Ohio.

Homer Horace Kirk, owner of the Maple Valley Farm in Jackson Township, Mahoning County, Ohio, and one of the representative and well to do agriculturists of that part of the county, comes of a family well known and of long residence in Mahoning County. There will be found in this current edition of the Mahoning Valley History many other references to the Kirk-Kirkpatrick family, which has been resident in Mahoning County for more than a century. Robert Kirkpatrick, progenitor in

America of the Scotch-Irish family to which Homer Horace Kirk belongs, was the first settler of Jackson Township and was born in County Down, Ireland. He came to Warren in the first decade of the nineteenth century and settled at Smith's Corners in Austintown Township. Buying his extensive land holdings in this township, Jackson, and Ellsworth from Judge Peas of Warren, agent of the Connecticut Land Company for the sale of the Western Reserve. He helped to clear the Courthouse Park in Warren, and made preparations to clear his tract of wild land at Smith's Corners, digging a well which is still in use and building a log cabin. His near neighbors were the Ewings, into which family he was destined soon to marry. Robert Kirkpatrick did not stay many months at Smith's Corners, for he was attracted by a section in Jackson Township, which was then an unbroken wilderness, and managed to trade his eighty-acre tract at Smith's Corners for 160 acres in Jackson Township on Meander Creek, the land bordering Austintown Township and being about 2½ miles westward from Smith's Corners, but the present road known as the Kirkpatrick Road was not surveyed until 1818. Part of the land is still in the possession of his grandson, Homer H., and the family has had the continuous occupation of the land since the year in which Robert Kirkpatrick first entered into possession of it, which must have been in or about 1807, for although record is not now available of the birth of Martin, eldest son of Robert and Catherine (Ewing) Kirkpatrick, their second son, Isaac, was born in Austintown Township in 1811, and Robert Kirkpatrick did not marry Catherine Ewing until he had built a cabin in 1807 on his Jackson Township property. In 1818 he built a substantial brick house. It is still in a good state of repair, and has been occupied steadily for over a century. The brick used were burned on the farm, the clay being first trampled by oxen, and it has stood the test of time. It has ben re-roofed two or three times, the last roof being of slate, and many modern conveniences have been added, but the house is to all intents and purposes the same as when built over a century ago. The contractor was a local mason named Butts, and the house contains five large rooms. The old-fashioned fireplace in connection with which is an oven, has been left as it originally was and is one of the attractions of the old house. Robert Kirkpatrick during his lifetime acquired much land in the Mahoning Valley. He bought 400 acres in Ellsworth Township at $1.25 an acre, and also a large tract in Austintown Township at the same price. The Village of Rosemont stands on part of the 400 acres Robert Kirkpatrick once owned. He died in Jackson Township, which throughout his married life was his home center, other lands being taken up more as investments. Both he and his wife lie buried in the Covenantry Cemetery, in the southwest corner of the farm he owned and the northwest corner which his brother-in-law John Ewing first owned joining his land on the south. To Robert and Catherine Ewing Kirkpatrick were born the following children: Martin; Isaac, who was born in Jackson Township in 1811, and married Eliza McAnlis, whom he met while employed near Enon Valley, Pennsylvania. Later he and his brother Martin settled on the 400 acres purchased by their father, the tract being about five miles distant from the old Kirkpatrick homestead. Martin's homestead is still in the possession of his son Gibson. Isaac spent the remainder of his life near Rosemont, and he like his father acquired much land all in Ellsworth Township. One farm of 100 acres given to his son Isaac Kirkpatrick II, was sold by him to John Moherman of Jackson at close of the Civil war, 1864, for $10,000 in gold. Josiah was the third son and the father of Homer Horace Kirk. Eleanor, whose husband John Wilson was probably of the same branch of the Wilson family to which President Wilson belongs, did not live to old age; she and her husband had three sons, David, Josiah, and James; who died more than forty years ago and who bore a striking resemblance to President Wilson, and to which they are distantly related. Martha married James McGeorge of New Galilee, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, where she eventually died, leaving a family of ten sons and daughters, and their descendants now number more than four score persons; of four generations, and are among the leading people of Beaver and adjoining counties of Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Josiah Kirkpatrick, third child of Robert and Catharine (Ewing) Kirkpatrick, was born in the log cabin on the parental farm in Jackson Township March 1, 1813, and upon that estate he lived all his life. There he grew to sturdy manhood, took the burden of its operation from his father, and eventually that farm was bequeathed to him. He was an enterprising, aggressive farmer, and bought and sold much land during his lifetime. He, however, centered his efforts on the home farm, and during the greater part of his life was a large stock raiser. He had special success in horse breeding, and was one of the prominent exhibitors at the county fairs. As a matter of fact, he was one of its original promoters, helping to carry it successfully through its early years when its site was the old court house at Canfield. He was a man of strong character and interested himself actively in political matters. Originally a whig, he became a leading republican and an outspoken abolitionist. Religiously in early manhood he belonged to the Reformed Presbyterian or Covenantors Church, but eventually transferred him membership to the Church of the Disciples of Christ, and was a charter member of the church of that denomination at North Jackson. He was influenced by the preaching of Alexander Campbell and John Henry, leading evangelists and founders of that denomination. For many years Josiah Kirkpatrick was an elder of the church, and although his home was five miles distant from the church at North Jackson it was more or less a social center for members of the church, and the pond used for the baptism of converts was located in Meander Creek near his home. Josiah Kirkpatrick and his wife were very hospitable and popular in the township. He married Belinda Dunlap and their nine children were: Catherine, who married Lewis Reel now deceased, and she lives at the old homestead with her brother Homer; Molly, widow of John Goist of Youngstown; Anna, who for many years was

a teacher in the Mahoning County schools, married Hiram M. Osborn of Canfield, whom she survives; Martha, who married Frank T. Miller and both are now deceased, Mrs. Miller dying November 8, 1918; Cynthia who married Warren Lynn and they live in Johnston Township, Trumbull County, Ohio; Calvin, who in 1887 went to Lordstown Township, Trumbull County, where he has since owned a good farm, and he married Sophia Fenstermacher; Warren, who died in infancy; Homer H.; and Ida, who married Edward Foulk, and they live in Youngstown.

Homer Horace Kirk, eighth child of Josiah and Belinda (Dunlap) Kirkpatrick, was born on the ancestral homestead in Jackson Township, in the house in which he still lives, September 21, 1857. His father and uncles held to the family patronymic but apparently most of the next generation of the Kirkpatrick family adopted the abbreviated Americanized surname of Kirk, by which Homer H. has been known during all his life as well as nearly all others of his generation. With the exception of five years, 1880 to 1885, he has lived in the brick house his grandfather built, during almost sixty years, and by his long, interested and helpful association in the affairs of Jackson Township, especially in its educational affairs, he has gained for himself a life record. He was well educated, attending the local schools and eventually taking a course at the Valparaiso, Indiana Normal School, and for ten years was a teacher in Jackson, Austintown and Canfield townships of Mahoning County. He began to teach when he was eighteen years old and after finishing the commercial course at the Valparaiso Normal he for a while was engaged in commercial life. Going to St. Paul, Minnesota, he there became a bookkeeper in the St. Paul Harvester Works, of which his cousin Robert Kirk was one of the principals. Other references are made in this work to the success in life of Robert Kirk, who became a prominent business man in St. Paul and the Northwest, the founder of McLister College and a man of notable record in much public work of consequence.

Homer H. Kirk did not stay long in St. Paul, returning to Mahoning County, Ohio, in 1884, to marry, and he immediately afterward took charge of the Kirkpatrick homestead in Jackson Township, which upon the death of his parent became his personal property. Since that year Mr. Kirk's time has been mainly given to agricultural affairs. He has proved himself to be a skillful farmer, an enterprising breeder, a man of business and a public spirited citizen. Much success has come to him in stock raising. He has raised superior herds of Jersey and Holstein cattle, and at one time was a well known breeder and exhibitor of Tamworth swine. Like his father he has taken an active interest in the affairs of the Mahoning County Agricultural Fair, for forty years has been an exhibitor, and has won some notable success as such. His property, the Maple Valley Farm, is a well improved homestead, and since he has been responsible for it has maintained it in a high state of fertility. It is well equipped and Mr. Kirk has benefited by the adoption of some of the best of the modern methods of scientific farming. He is prominent in almost all farming activities in the county, is a member of the Farm Bureau and of the local Grange, and he belongs to the Mahoning County Horticultural Society. He has catered to the Youngstown market, growing much green stuff, and in some years has dealt quite extensively in cattle and sheep, fattening on his own pasturage and buying direct at the Chicago markets. Fraternally he is a Mason, a member of Canfield Lodge. During the recent war he proved himself a loyal citizen, identifying himself with the local Red Cross Chapter and entering into much other work in his district. To the funded issues of the government and of government agencies for war purposes Mr. Kirk subscribed to the extent of his resources, and he is a man of the type that would instinctively have cooperated with the national administration and the department of agriculture in its endeavor during the period of world stress to induce American farmers to make extraordinary efforts to increase yield from American soil to relieve the world shortage. In general politics, however, Mr. Kirk has not actively participated. He nominally gave allegiance to the independent republican party, and in matters of good roads and other subjects affecting local conditions has shown a close interest, but in general politics he has not been active and has never sought public office. But in educational matters Mr. Kirk has an enviable record. His early experience as an educator gave him a closer insight into educational needs than he would otherwise have had, but his work and recommendations have shown an exhaustive study of matters of educational administration and much original, constructive thought. It is stated that Mr. Kirk was the promoter of the centralized school idea in Mahoning County townships. He still gives much thought to educational matters and sees many flaws in the present school system which he believes should be speedily remedied as they endanger the whole fabric of our free institutions. As he views the situation from enlightened observation and experience of nearly half a century the present system entails much unnecessary expense, and he probably will continue to battle for the right as he sees it and the elimination of evil practices that have rapidly grown up in the rural schools of Ohio. At one time he was president and secretary of the Farmers Institute of Mahoning County and was instrumental in securing Representative Clapp of Ashtabula County to address the North Western Farmers Institute held at North Jackson. Representative Clapp was the first speaker to address a Mahoning County audience and therefore has the distinction of originating the centralized idea of the schools of Mahoning County. He was author of the Centralized Enabling Act under which the Jackson Township schools were the first in Mahoning County to centralize. In general it will be seen that Mr. Kirk is among the leading and aggressive men of Jackson Township and Mahoning County, and is frank to express his disapproval of low, petty politics and graft and political activities have reached a low standard from the smallest unit of government to the federal government.

He has been twice married. His first wife whom he married in 1884 was Lottie A. Dean, a daughter of Austin and Jemima (Rowley) Dean, of Mecca

Township, Trumbull County. She died in 1889. She possessed many exemplary traits of character and was highly esteemed by all who knew her. In October, 1901, Mr. Kirk married Elizabeth Phillips, widow of John Phillips who was a farmer and livestock and meat dealer in North Jackson. Mr. Kirk considers himself doubly fortunate in securing for his second wife a woman of such high-minded and charitable characteristics, who while quiet and unassuming in manner is ever busy in doing good for others and helping those less fortunate than herself. She is a daughter of William Craver and one of her brothers, A. W. Craver, is well known and prominent in Youngstown and was twice elected mayor of that city. By her first marriage Mrs. Kirk had one child, Grace Phillips, who is now an employe of the water works department of the City of Youngstown. Mr. Kirk is a member of the Disciples Church while Mrs. Kirk is a member of the Reformed Church.

Homer H. Kirk is a man of strong character and aggressive, and naturally many people take issue with him and with his motives. He believes in public and private honesty and that everyone is entitled to a square deal, whatever their station in life, and most thoroughly believes that public graft as we see it today is the great blighting curse of this age and most seriously threatens the perpetuity of this republic and our free institutions. In his younger days he was a most formidable man in debate, and few persons were his equal in sarcasm of speech and debate and is fearless to stand for the right as he sees it, socially, politically or otherwise.

Matthew John Konold, vice president and sales manager of the Warren Tool and Forge Company, of Warren, Ohio, was born at Evergreen, Ross Township, Alleghany County, Pennsylvania, on January 31, 1875. He is the son of Christian Konold, and a brother of George F. Konold, Sr., of the Warren Tool and Forge Company, whose biography, which includes the Konold family data, may be found on another page of these volumes.

Mr. Konold was left an orphan when he was but a boy, his mother dying when he was four years old, his father when he was eleven. Following the death of his father he became a member of the family of his eldest brother, Frederick Konold, of Pittsburgh.

His first venture in life was made when he was thirteen years of age, at which time he became an apprentice at the trade of hammerman in the Iron City Tool Works at Pittsburgh, of which his brother, George F., was superintendent at the time. By the time he had reached his eighteenth year young Konold had completed his apprenticeship and was placed in charge of a hammer, and from that time, during the next four years he worked for the above company as a journeyman hammerman.

However, Mr. Konold was ambitious, and as his trade did not appear to him to offer the opportunity to advance him to the position in business to which he aspired he gave up his trade in 1896 and entered the office of the old Sligo Iron and Steel Works at Pittsburgh. But he again failed to find what he was looking for, and leaving the office of the Sligo Iron and Steel Works he became a member of the sales force of the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company. In the selling end he soon realized he had found that for which he had been looking, which fact has since been fully demonstrated. By 1903 he was determined to get into business on his own account and in that year he opened an office in Pittsburgh as an independent sales agent. Beginning in a small way with limited capital he gradually forged ahead, and it was not long until he was firmly established and was handling the products of a number of important iron and steel companies.

In the year 1911 James D. Robertson, George F. and Matthew J. Konold organized and built the Warren Tool and Forge Company. Matthew J. finding the location and securing the site for the plant. During this time Mr. Konold continued his sales office in Pittsburgh and from that point conducted the marketing of the products of the company until August, 1920, at which time the Warren Tool and Forge Company, having grown into the largest plant in its line in the United States, he removed his residence to Warren. He was also one of the organizers of the American Block Manufacturing Company, of Warren, of which he is also sales manager.

Mr. Konold is a member of the Zaradatha Lodge No. 448, Free and Accepted Masons, at Sharpburg, Pennsylvania; Pennsylvania Consistory Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. He is also a member of First Church of Christ, Scientist.

Mr. Konold married Mary Edna, daughter of William Saints (and sister of Mrs. George F. Konolds, Sr.) of Pittsburgh. Two daughters have been born to them: Mary Elizabeth and Catherine May.

James B. Detchon is a member of an old and prominent family of Mahoning County, in fact the Detchons were among the very first settlers in Boardman Township.

That township was named for Elijah Boardman, who came from Connecticut about 1798. About the same time Oswald Detchon also came to Ohio, largely through the influence of Elijah Boardman. Oswald Detchon was a native of England, where the Detchon family had been established as French Huguenot refugees. Oswald Detchon married Ann Carr, a member of an old and aristocratic family of England. They had twelve children in all, two of whom were buried at sea when the family were coming over. Oswald Detchon on coming to the Western Reserve bought about 400 acres. He was a member of a home guard company during the War of 1812, and lived in Boardman Township until his death in 1836. Besides farming he employed his mechanical skill in the construction of two-wheeled carts and plows. Several of his sons became heads of families, including Solomon, William, Elijah and Thomas.

His son Elijah married a Miss Kertner and had seven children. One of these was Oswald Detchon, who grew up on his father's farm, and spent his life in Boardman Township. He was a man of only ordinary education, stood above the ordinary in

stature and was highly prosperous in his business dealings as a farmer and livestock dealer. He married Sadie Squire, a native of New Castle, Pennsylvania. They had five children: May, wife of Charles G. Meek; James B.; Paul; Aubrey; and Zelda, who became the wife of Andrew Black.

James B. Detchon was born at the old homestead in Boardman Township July 7, 1870, and lived in that locality until early manhood. As a boy he attended the district schools, employed his leisure time at farming, and on coming to Youngstown worked two years for an uncle in the grocery business. Part of that time he drove a delivery wagon. Then for a similar time he was employed by the McElroy Furniture Company. With this training and with a very modest capital Mr. Detchon began the manufacture of mattresses. His first plant was on Watt Street in the old Andrews Building. At that time he had a partner, but some months later became sole proprietor. In 1910 he moved to Northwest and Tod avenues, where he utilized a brick building 50 by 105 feet, with three floors. The industry employed about twenty-one people, and had an annual business valued at about $150,000. Mr. Detchon continued this business until October, 1919, when he sold.

Mr. Detchon is a member of the Methodist Church, is affiliated with the Knights of Pythias and is a democratic voter. December 20, 1893, he married Miss Bessie McKinnie, of Youngstown. They have two sons, Randall and Carl.

David R. Ward. Prior to 1907, David R. Ward was a mechanical engineer of Newark, New Jersey, but in that year he came to Ohio and after a short period spent at Youngstown, connected himself with the Morgan Spring Company of Struthers. While with this concern Mr. Ward conceived the idea of inventing a special nail and after he had perfected his idea, he took out the necessary patents, and subsequently was granted other patents for improvements all worked out by him, and also for multiple blade centrifugal blowers which are largely in use in mines; a mechanical stoker used with powdered coal; an air or steam jet feed for steam boilers, but his compound heading nail machines are what yield the biggest returns and are regarded as his finest work.

These patents are manufactured and owned by The Ward Nail Company, which was organized at Youngstown in 1908, and removed to Struthers in 1910. The present output of the nails of special big head, assorted sizes, aggregate 25,000 kegs annually, and employment is given to from 25 to 30 employes. The wire used in the production of these nails is of the best quality and secured from the Youngstown Steel and Tube Company. The product of the Ward Nail Company is marketed direct to roofing manufacturers.

The Ward Nail Company was incorporated on August 4, 1908, with a capital stock of $100,000, with Bruce R. Campbell, president; David R. Ward, vice president and general manager; and Louis S. Baldwin, secretary and treasurer. The stock is owned locally, and the company is recognized as being one of the sound institutions of Mahoning County.

Mr. Ward is a director of the Struthers Chamber of Commerce, and has always taken the deepest interest in the progress of the village. Unlike so many inventors, Mr. Ward is a practical business man and has been able to profit by the product of his genius. His invention of these special nails as well as his other patents, show that he is a born, as well as trained mechanic. The value of them was recognized by men of capital and he had no difficulty in obtaining financial backing, and of placing them on the market.

Mr. Ward is married and has one son, Philip R., who after being graduated from the Struthers High School, became a student of the Ohio State University at Columbus. Fraternally Mr. Ward maintains membership in the Knights of Pythias, and is held in high esteem in his lodge as he is elsewhere for he is a man of such personality as to win and hold the confidence of all with whom he is brought in contact.

John R. Thomas. For over half a century the name Thomas has been a significant one in the industrial affairs of the Mahoning Valley, particularly at Niles. The family of that name have given life and vigor to several thriving manufacturing concerns in the valley.

The founder of the family was the late John R. Thomas. Born in Wales in 1834, he came to the United States in 1866, and for two years lived in California. Then, after revisiting Wales, he brought his family to the United States and established his home in Youngstown. In 1872 he founded the Niles Fire Brick Company, moving to that city in 1873, and Niles remained his home practically the rest of his life. He died at Niles in 1898.

John R. Thomas was a man of unusual force. His education was nearly altogether acquired at night schools, but he had a native intelligence, a tremendous energy and an ambition to master many subjects that combined in an unusual character. He was a natural mechanic, had a practical knowledge of blacksmithing, brick making and laying, stone masonry, and a working knowledge of numerous arts and crafts. He possessed a magnificent physique and appearance and an abundance of vitality and energy. He was one of the few men who brought his industries through the various panics with credit unimpaired. In 1878 he bought the William Ward furnace at Niles. This later became known as the Thomas furnace, and was subsequently sold to the National Steel Company. In the meantime Mr. Thomas had increased its capacity from 25 to 320 tons. While he continued the manufacture of fire brick, he was more widely known as a furnace man over Eastern Ohio. John R. Thomas was a Unitarian in religious belief, and was a strong advocate of temperance at a time when temperance was an unpopular topic. He married in Wales Margaret Morgan. She was born on the farm Brynlloi, which has an interesting history dating from the Reformation.

The children of John R. Thomas and wife were nine in number. Five are still living, the oldest being John M., president of the Thomas Furnace Company of Milwaukee. The second son is Thomas E.

Thomas, of Niles. W. Aubrey Thomas is president of the Jenifer Iron Company at Jenifer, Alabama. Margaretta is the wife of Dr. T. O. Clingan, of Niles, and Mary T. is Mrs. J. D. Waddell of Niles.

Thomas E. Thomas, who was born in Wales, June 19, 1861, has lived in the Mahoning Valley since 1868. He acquired a public school education, supplemented with two years at Mount Union College. At the age of fourteen he was doing regular work in the operating department of his father's brick plant at Niles. Brick making has been his business and profession ever since. He is one of the veterans of the industry in Ohio and is a practical master of every department of manufacture as well as a thorough executive. Other of his business interests that should be noted are his connection as vice president with the Niles Trust Company, treasurer of the Mahoning Valley Steel Company, vice president of the Thomas Furnace Company of Milwaukee and secretary and treasurer of the Jenifer Iron Company of Jenifer, Alabama.

Mr. Thomas is a Knight Templar Mason, a member of the Youngstown and Youngstown Country clubs, the Niles Chamber of Commerce and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce. He married Miss Adaline Robbins, daughter of Tilghman T. Robbins of Niles. They had one child, which died in infancy.

John H. Fitch, who died May 25, 1919, had more than a long and fruitful career in business affairs. He probably never handled any undertaking without some element of success from a strict business standpoint, but on the whole his enterprise was productive of general good to the community in which he lived. Before and since his death he has been recognized as one of Youngstown's most public-spirited citizens and philanthropists. He was the founder and for many years the guiding spirit in the John H. Fitch Company, one of the largest wholesale grocery and coffee houses in Ohio.

Mr. Fitch spent practically all his life in Mahoning County. He was born a mile west of Austintown Center, February 5, 1843, and was seventy-six years of age at the time of his death. His parents lived on a farm now owned by George Jordan. John H. Fitch had a rural environment during his youth, attended the township schools to the age of fifteen, and then served an apprenticeship in the store of Levi Crum at Austintown, beginning in the fall of 1851. The first year he was paid $5 a month. He remained with that establishment until he was twenty-two, and in 1865 embarked upon an independent career by the purchase of a half interest in the old store, the title of which became Crum & Fitch. As a youth he had busied himself with bookkeeping, waiting on the trade, looking after the horses, and never considered any useful work too small for his attention. By 1871 he had become sole owner of the Austintown business. In 1880 he sold a half interest to Joe Smith and Louis W. Raver, the firm becoming Fitch, Smith & Company. About that time he bought a half interest in the company store at Leetonia, and was interested in that three years.

Mr. Fitch came to Youngstown in 1885, and became associated with John T. McConnell in establishing a wholesale grocery business under the name Fitch & McConnell. They subsequently took in Samuel Phipp as a partner. In later years Mr. Phipp died and Mr. McConnell retired, leaving Mr. Fitch as head of the business. In October, 1885, the firm had bought out Bisman & Sweeney, a firm of wholesale grocers in the Parmelee Block on West Federal Street. Mr. Fitch became sole owner and head of the John H. Fitch Company in August, 1895, and the buisness was incorporated in 1901. Of the authorized capital of $300,000, $200,000 was paid in. Mr. Fitch served as president and general manager until about four years before his death and then retired. In the meantime he had made this one of the largest concerns of its kind in the state.

However, he had many other active business interests. He was president of the Youngstown Ice Company, the Youngstown Dry Goods Company, the Belmont Park Cemetery Association, was vice president of the Crystal Ice Company, a director of the First National Bank, of the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, and at one time was honored with the office of president of the Wholesale Grocers' Association of Ohio. Reared on a farm, he retained a kindly interest in agriculture all his days. He owned a valuable place of nearly 400 acres at Austintown, and in later years spent most of the summer months there. His business associates and fellow citizens knew him as a man of sterling integrity and great business ability. A short time before his death he gave a practical expression to his interest in the Young Men's Christian Association by presenting the association with a tract of land near East Liverpool and pledging a sum sufficient to maintain a boys' camp, "Camp Fitch," for five years. He also gave a school site to the centralized school building in his home town of Austintown. During 1899-1900 he was chairman of the Republican County Committee, and was affiliated with the Elks and the Odd Fellows and a member of the Youngstown Club.

June 21, 1866, Mr. Fitch married Miss Alice Packard, daughter of Dr. John A. and Caroline (Tibbit) Packard of Austintown. Mrs. Fitch, who survives her honored husband, became the mother of four children: Stella G., wife of Fred G. King; Minta M., wife of Rev. Walter S. Goode; Paul P., who died in 1918; and John H., Jr.

Samuel B. Clegg is the senior partner in the firm of Clegg Brothers, flour, feed and produce merchants of Youngstown. He has been actively identified with that line of business nearly forty years.

He was born in New York State in 1857, was reared and educated there, and when about twenty-one years of age came to Youngstown. His first employment was with the Pennsylvania Railroad, after which he was in the grocery business, and in 1882 became associated as a partner in the firm of J. B. Brownlee and Company. In 1888 he bought Mr. Brownlee's interests, and since then he and his brother Charles have been associated as Clegg Brothers.

Mr. S. B. Clegg has also been identified with other local business enterprises, including the Mahoning Builders Supply Company, the Charles Miller & Com-

J. H. Fitch

pany, stave manufacturers, and the Wilkins Leonard Hardware Company. He is a member of the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce, is a Mason, Knight of Pythias, an Elk, and has served as a member of the board of trustees of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church. S. B. Clegg married in 1880 Emma S. Caufield, of Youngstown. Their two children are George R. and Henrietta.

Charles R. Clegg, who is engaged in the flour, feed and produce business, is at the head of one of the largest industries of its kind in Youngstown. This city has known him for many years and claims him among her pioneers, for Youngstown contained but 15,000 inhabitants when he cast his lot with the young and growing town, and has witnessed and taken part in its development into one of the principal business centers of Ohio.

Charles R. Clegg was born in Davenport, New York, November 26, 1860, a son of Samuel and Anna (Jeffrey) Clegg, farming people of Otsego County, New York, and on the home place there this son grew to manhood's estate, assisting with its varied duties during the summer months and attending the neighboring district school during the winter months. But on attaining the age of twenty he left the old parental home, and coming to Youngstown became the foreman in the jobbing house of A. B. Brownlee & Company. In 1888, in partnership with his brother Samuel B., they purchased the Brownlee property, and from that time to the present have continued the business, dealing in flour, feed and produce. Thus for thirty-nine years Mr. Clegg has lived in Youngstown, engaged in the same business and in the same location, pursuing the even tenor of his way and confining his attention exclusively to his business interests. The Clegg brothers are exceptionally quiet, unassuming men, but in their unassuming way they represent the best of Youngstown citizenship. The name of Clegg Brothers, above all else, stands for commercial honesty.

Charles R. Clegg was married in 1891 to Grace B. Hultz, of Poland, Ohio, and their marriage has been blessed by the birth of one son, Charles Myron Clegg. He married Ruth Standish, of Providence, Rhode Island, and has become the father of two sons, Charles M. and Miles Standish.

Timothy D. Baldwin was born in Atwater, Ohio, of New England ancestry on March 3, 1827, and because of narrow circumstances at home began to earn his living at the age of sixteen by teaching school. He came to Youngstown in 1848 to be salesman in the "Iron Store" as the general store then conducted by the Youngstown Iron Company, which had built and was then operating the first rolling mill in the place, was called, and he married, in 1849, Lucretia Kirtland, daughter of Dr. Henry Manning, who was connected with the company.

His aptness for clerical work soon made him bookkeeper at the works, which he left after some years for a similar position with Arms and Murray at their store, and at the Eagle Furnace. While here he was, without solicitation on his part, elected county auditor, serving two terms from 1859 to 1863. As such he had charge of the enrollment for the draft throughout the county in the Civil war. The records of the office show the remarkable beauty of his old-fashioned penmanship, which was clear and graceful to the day of his death.

After returning to Youngstown he was in business for a while on the west side, and later had charge in New York city for some years of the American Sterling Company, which manufactured silver plated ware. In 1879 he bought an interest in the spike works near the Valley mill, and after it was merged with the Arms, Bell and Company, he was treasurer of the Lowell Milling Company until he retired in 1896. Mr. Baldwin was of a very modest disposition but he won the respect of all by his faithfulness and sterling honesty. His fairness in all the relations of life was never questioned.

He was a sincere Christian, and practiced the religion he professed as a member of the First Presbyterian Church for fifty-five years. His death occurred on October 21, 1903.

Dr. Henry Manning, for fifty-eight years identified with the development of the Mahoning Valley, was born at Lebanon, Connecticut, January 15, 1787, and after studying medicine came to Youngstown to again in 1843, he was a representative in the Legisla- served as surgeon on the staff of Col. Rayen, resuming his practice in Youngstown in 1813.

Along with his practice, he was interested not only in farming, but also in a drug store established in company with Col. C. B. Wick in 1815. In 1819, and begin practice in July, 1811. In the War of 1812 he ture, and served as state senator in 1824. In 1854, on the death of Judge Rayen, he was made president of the Mahoning County Bank, and it was due largely to his clear insight and courage that this bank became on June 2, 1863, the First National Bank of Youngstown, the third national bank organized in the United States. Because of his wide acquaintance, his courage and his common sense, Doctor Manning was a leader in the commercial and industrial enterprises of the town. He assisted in 1839 in the construction of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal, which furnished an outlet not only for the farm products of the district, but also for the pig iron which had been manufactured for some years, and for the block-coal which began to be mined in quantity two years later, and his name is the first mentioned of the twelve stockholders of the Youngstown Iron Company, which in 1846 built the first rolling mill in Youngstown. Perhaps the fact that only one of the twelve is said to have had any previous knowledge of the business accounts for the difficulties which this new enterprise encountered in its earlier years.

It is also interesting to learn from one of his letters that in 1833 he made an effort to have lead pipe making established in Youngstown, believing from his observation in his practice that a large demand would be found for this product.

He was a stockholder in the Cleveland and Mahoning Railway built in 1856, and later, as president of the two banks, did much to develop and encourage the coal and iron industries which were so greatly stimulated by the construction of the railroad.

Failing eye-sight compelled him to relinquish the

presidency of the bank in 1866, but he remained a director, and took a keen interest in all the affairs of the time until his death, which occurred on January 11, 1869.

He was an earnest, sincere, Christian man, an elder in the First Presbyterian Church, and references in his letters to incidents of his practice ascribe recovery to the blessing of God rather than to his own skill as a physician.

He married in 1814 Lucretia, daughter of Jared and Lois (Yale) Kirtland, who died in 1819, and (2nd) in 1821, Mary, daughter of Asa and Hannah (Lord) Bingham who died in 1846, and (3rd) Mrs. Catherine M. A. (Mitchell) Ruggles.